

UC Irvine

UC Irvine Electronic Theses and Dissertations

Title

Design, Synthesis, and Analysis of Potent Antifungal Azole Synergizer Small Molecules and Computational and Deep Learning Approaches for Chemical Reaction Prediction

Permalink

<https://escholarship.org/uc/item/5fp500q5>

Author

Mood, Aaron David

Publication Date

2019

Peer reviewed|Thesis/dissertation

UNIVERSITY OF CALIFORNIA,
IRVINE

Design, Synthesis, and Analysis of Potent Antifungal Azole Synergizer Small Molecules

and

Computational and Deep Learning Approaches for Chemical Reaction Prediction

DISSERTATION

submitted in partial satisfaction of the requirements
for the degree of

DOCTOR OF PHILOSOPHY

in Chemistry

by

Aaron David Mood

Dissertation Committee:
Professor David L. Van Vranken, Chair
Professor Christopher D. Vanderwal
Professor James S. Nowick

2019

Chapters 1 and 2 are reproduced in part with permission from Mood, A. D.; Premachandra, I. D. U. A.; Hiew, S.; Wang, F.; Scott, K. A.; Oldenhuis, N. J.; Liu, H.; Van Vranken, D. L. *ACS Med. Chem. Lett.* **2017**, 8, 168-173.

© 2017 American Chemical Society.

Chapter 4 is reproduced in part with permission from Foosee, D.; Mood, A.; Gutman, E.; Tavakoli, M.; Urban, G.; Liu, F.; Huynh, N.; Van Vranken D.; Baldi, P. *Mol. Syst. Des. Eng.* **2018**, 3, 442.

© 2018 The Royal Society of Chemistry.

All other materials © 2019 Aaron David Mood

DEDICATION

To

my wife, samuel, family and friends

in recognition of their unconditional love, support, and understanding.

“He is no fool who gives what he cannot keep to gain that which he cannot lose.”

- Jim Elliot

TABLE OF CONTENTS

	Page
LIST OF FIGURES	vi
LIST OF TABLES	ix
LIST OF SCHEMES	xi
ACKNOWLEDGMENTS	xii
CURRICULUM VITAE	xiv
ABSTRACT OF THE DISSERTATION	xvi
CHAPTER 1: Antifungal Drugs and Azole Synergizers	
Introduction	1
Ergosterol Biosynthesis in Fungi	1
Antifungal Drugs	4
Resistance in Fungi Towards Azoles	7
Two Methods to Combat Azole Resistance	11
Screens of Large Libraries of Small Molecules in Search of Antifungal Synergizers	12
Further Testing of Selected Lindquist and Schreiber Compounds	16
Conclusion	19
CHAPTER 2: Phthalazinone and Isoquinolone Azole Synergizers	
Introduction	20
Previous Phthalazinone and Isoquinolone Azole Synergizers	21
Results and Discussion	22
Chemistry	22

Structure Activity Relationships and Biological Evaluations	27
Conclusion	34
Experimental Section	35
General Experiment Procedure	35
Synthetic Procedures and Characterization	35
Biological evaluations	76
CHAPTER 3: Spiroindolinone Azole Synergizers	
Introduction	85
Previous Spiroindolinone Azole Synergizers	86
Further Biological Evaluations of Spiroindolinones	91
Results and Discussion	93
Chemistry	93
Structure Activity Relationships and Biological Evaluations	96
Conclusion	106
Experimental Section	107
General Experiment Procedure	107
Synthetic Procedures and Characterization	107
Biological evaluations	181
CHAPTER 4: Deep Learning for Chemical Reaction Prediction: Reaction Predictor	
Introduction	182
Rules Based Methods for Reaction Prediction	185
Machine Learning Methods for Reaction Prediction	189
Reaction Predictor	193

Reaction Predictor Development	196
Results and Discussion	209
Conclusion	229
CHAPTER 5: Prediction of Nucleophilicity and Electrophilicity using Methyl Cation Affinity and Methyl Anion Affinity	
Introduction	231
Reactivity Scales	233
Electrophilicity and Methyl Anion Affinity	235
Electrophilicity Results and Discussion	237
Electrophilicity Conclusion	247
Nucleophilicity and Methyl Cation Affinity	247
Nucleophilicity Results and Discussion	253
Nucleophilicity Conclusion	262
Computational Details and Methods	262
Tables of MAA, MAA*, Experimental E, and E* and MCA, MCA*, Experimental <i>Nu</i> , and <i>Nu</i> *	266
REFERENCES	277
APPENDIX A: NMR Spectra for Chapters 2 and 3	292
APPENDIX B: Energies and Coordinates of Calculated Molecules for Chapter 5	520

LIST OF FIGURES

	Page	
Figure 1-1	Cholesterol vs. Ergosterol Structure	2
Figure 1-2	Biosynthesis of Ergosterol	3
Figure 1-3	Common Antifungal Drugs and Their Targets	4
Figure 1-4	Summary of Fungal Resistance to Azoles	9
Figure 1-5	Nontoxic Analogues Tested by LaFleur	12
Figure 1-6a	Lindquist and Schreiber Screen	14
Figure 1-6b	Lindquist and Schreiber Follow-up Summary	16
Figure 1-7	Potent Down-Regulators	17
Figure 1-8	Potent Up-Regulators and Potent Enhancers	18
Figure 1-9	Synazo-1	19
Figure 2-1	Structures of Active Compounds, Lead Phthalazinone 2.1 (CID 22334057) and Representative Structure of Analogues Synthesized in this Study	21
Figure 2-2	Plots of Checkerboard Assays for Compounds 2.32 and 2.41	80
Figure 3-1	Potent Up-Regulators and Potent Enhancers	86
Figure 3-2	Spiroindolinone Synthesized by Premachandra and Coworkers with their Activities against HLY4123 with 0.25 µg/mL of Fluconazole	89
Figure 3-3	Activities of Spiroindolinones Against Resistant <i>C. albicans</i> and Resistant <i>C. glabrata</i> Strains	93
Figure 3-4	Example of a Spiroindolinone that has Two Different Rotamers	96
Figure 3-5	Spiroindolinone Activity	98
Figure 3-6	Analogues Tested for Cytotoxicity	106

Figure 4-1	Examples of Complex Transformations Requiring Chemistry that was not Represented in the Original Data Set.	199
Figure 4-2	Illustration of Combinatorial Reaction Generation	200
Figure 4-3	Training Examples of Atom Reactivity Extracted for the Source/sink Filtering Network	202
Figure 4-4	Siamese Architecture for Reaction Ranking	203
Figure 4-5	Examples of Intramolecular Reactions that can be Predicted by the System	206
Figure 4-6	Initially, Reaction Predictor Only Modeled Lithium to Include at Most One Bond	207
Figure 4-7	Reaction Predictor Can Predict this Intermolecular Prins Mechanistic Step because it can Model the Ti Atom in TiCl_4	207
Figure 4-8	Examples of Complex Transformations Requiring Multiple Reactant Equivalents	208
Figure 4-9	Tetrahedral Intermediates	212
Figure 4-10	Geometry Restrictions	214
Figure 4-11	Fluoride Deprotection of a BOC Protecting Group	215
Figure 4-12	Malonate Alkylation in Low Yield	216
Figure 4-13	Malonate Alkylation Plus Something Else	217
Figure 4-14	Carbodiimide Coupling	218
Figure 4-15	N-H Insertion Product	219
Figure 4-16	Azine Formation	219
Figure 4-17	Diazepam Products in an LCMS chromatogram	221
Figure 4-18	Amlodipine Degradation	223
Figure 4-19	Schematic of the LSTM Architecture Used for Source/sink Prediction	226
Figure 5-1	Source Rankings	232

Figure 5-2	Previous Correlations of MAA with Mayr E	236
Figure 5-3	The Test Set	238
Figure 5-4	Solvation Models Lead to Correlation of MAA with Mayr E	239
Figure 5-5	Correlation Between Experimental Parameters and Theory	241
Figure 5-6	Log scale E^* for the Canonical Electrophiles in Organic Chemistry	245
Figure 5-7	Equilibrium pK_a s Correlate Poorly ($R^2 = 0.33$) with Nucleophilicity	248
Figure 5-8	Broad Correlation of MCA with log-Scale Nucleophilicity Never Seemed Promising	250
Figure 5-9	Nucleophilicity Against the Mayr cation $(4\text{-MeOPh})_2\text{CH}^+$ Correlates Loosely with the Nucleophilicity Against Other Electrophiles	252
Figure 5-10	The Test Set	254
Figure 5-11	The line	257
Figure 5-12	Log-scale Nucleophilicities versus the Mayr Cation Calculated Assuming a Linear Correlation between Nu^* and MCA^*	261
Figure 5-13	Mayr E. vs. MAA vs. $1/(\text{HOMO-LUMO})$ 3D Graph	266

LIST OF TABLES

		Page
Table 2-1	Antifungal Activities for Phthalazinone and Isoquinolone Analogues Against <i>C. albicans</i> in the Presence of Fluconazole	28
Table 2-2	Strains Used in this Chapter	31
Table 2-3	Antifungal Activities of Analogues 2.32 and 2.41 against Resistant Isolates of <i>C. albicans</i> in the Presence of Fluconazole	32
Table 2-4	Antifungal Activities of Analogues 2.32 and 2.41 against <i>C. albicans</i> in the Presence of Isavuconazole	33
Table 2-5	Calculated Physiochemical Properties of Analogues 2.32 and 2.41	34
Table 2-6	Measured Fluconazole MIC ₅₀ Values for Resistant <i>C. albicans</i> Clinical Isolates	82
Table 2-7	Antifungal Activities of Analogues 2.32 and 2.41 Against Resistant Isolates of <i>C. albicans</i> in the Presence of Fluconazole	84
Table 4-1	Single-step Reaction Prediction Performance for Reaction Predictor	209
Table 4-2	MLP and LSTM Source/sink Prediction Accuracy on the Benchmark Data Set of 289 Reactions	228
Table 5-1	MAA and E Values Calculated at the B3LYP/6-311++G(3df,2dp)//B3LYP/6-31G(d,p) Level of Theory	266
Table 5-2	MAA* and E Values Calculated at the B3LYP/6-311++G(3df,2dp) COSMO (∞)//B3LYP/6-31G(d,p) Level of Theory	267
Table 5-3	MAA* and E Values Calculated at the B3LYP/6-311++G(3df,2dp) SMD(DMSO)//B3LYP/6-31G(d,p) Level of Theory	267
Table 5-4	MAA* and E Values Calculated at the PBE0(disp)/def2-TZVP COSMO (∞) Level of Theory	267
Table 5-5	MAA* and E* Values Calculated at the PBE0(disp)/def2-TZVP COSMO (∞) Level of Theory	269

Table 5-6	MCA* and <i>Nu</i> Values Calculated at the B3LYP/ 6-311++G(3df,2pd) SMD(DMSO)//B3LYP/6-31G(d,p) Level of Theory	271
Table 5-7	MCA and <i>Nu</i> Values Calculated at the PBE0(disp)/def2-TZVP Level of Theory	271
Table 5-8	MCA* and <i>Nu</i> Values Calculated at the PBE0(disp)/def2-TZVP COSMO (∞) Level of Theory	271
Table 5-9	MCA* and <i>Nu</i> * Values Calculated at the PBE0(disp)/def2-TZVP COSMO (∞) Level of Theory	274
Table 5-10	Accessible pK_a Values of Mayr Nucleophiles	275

LIST OF SCHEMES

	Page
Scheme 2-1 Synthesis of Isoquinolone Carboxylic Acids	23
Scheme 2-2 Synthesis of Homophthalic Acid Derivatives	24
Scheme 2-3 Synthesis of Phthalazinone Carboxylic Acid	25
Scheme 2-4 Synthesis of 2-Amino Acetamide Analogues	26
Scheme 2-5 Coupling of Carboxylic Acid and Amine Fragments	27
Scheme 2-6 Derivatization of Analogue 2.32 via Sonogashira Coupling	27
Scheme 3-1 Synthesis of Spiroindolinones	87
Scheme 3-2 Synthesis of Maleimides	94
Scheme 3-3 Synthesis of Isatins	95
Scheme 3-4 Synthesis of Spiroindolinones	96

ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

First and foremost I would like to thank Dave for all the work he has put in in helping me and making me a better chemist and scientist. He is one of the best advisors one could ask for. He has put in countless hours helping, training, and advising me for the future. He definitely goes out of his way and puts in the extra effort to help one succeed. That is something that is rare to find in this world. Thank you Chris and James for being on my thesis committee and teaching me chemistry in your respective classes.

I would also like to thank my fellow graduate students and undergraduate students in the Van Vranken lab. Thank you Stan, Gene, Vanessa, Thi, and Udara for helping me in the lab and getting started doing chemistry. I would especially like to thank the undergraduates that I mentored and who helped me in my research: Pauline, Marina, Frances, Patrick, Steven, Cassidy, and Marlon. You have all helped immensely. Thank you also to the other undergraduate students during my time in the Van Vranken Lab: Nancy, Daniel, Bill, Michelle, An, Kevin, and John.

Completing my research would not have been possible without help from Phil with NMR, John, Ben, Felix and Ben with Mass Spec, and Nate with the modeling facility. The chemistry department staff and faculty have all been very helpful throughout my journey at UCI. Thank you also to my collaborators Pierre, David, Amin, Haoping, Fuquiang, Yi Sun, and Lingmei Sun. The research in this dissertation would not have been possible without you.

My passion for chemistry began in high school because of my chemistry teacher Connie Grosse. I hope on my best day I will be half the teacher you were on your worst day.

Thank you also to Dr. Johnson for sparking my interest in Organic Chemistry while I was in college.

Lastly, I would like to thank my family and God for always being there. I especially would like to thank my wife for being there throughout this process. I know it has been long and hard but it is almost over. It will have been worth it.

CURRICULUM VITAE

Aaron David Mood

Education

- B.S. Biochemistry** 2011 – 2014
Biblical Studies Minor
Biola University, La Mirada, CA
- Ph.D. Organic Chemistry** 2014 – 2019
University of California at Irvine
- Postdoctoral Teaching Fellowship** (Beginning August 2019) 2019
Vanguard University, Costa Mesa, CA

Honors, Awards, and Fellowships

Biola University
• summa cum laude

University of California at Irvine
• NSF Research Traineeship Program Funded Fellow 2017 – 2019

Research Experience

University of California at Irvine

Graduate Research with Professor David Van Vranken

- Design and synthesis of synergistic antifungal compounds
- Computational/machine learning approaches to predictions of organic reaction mechanisms
- Design and Synthesis of anti-melanoma flavonoids
- Palladium-catalyzed synthetic transformations

Publications and Patents

University of California at Irvine

- Van Vranken, D. L.; Liu, H.; Premachandra, I. D. U. A.; Wang, F.-Q.; Chen, C.; Scott, K. A.; Lane, S. R.-A.; Mood, A. D.; Hiew, S. C. US Application No. 62/175,202: "Spiroindolinones and Therapeutic Uses Thereof", filed on 12 June 2016.
- Mood, A. D.; Premachandra, I. D. U. A.; Hiew, S.; Wang, F.; Scott, K. A.; Oldenhuis, N. J.; Liu, H.; Van Vranken, D. L. "Potent Antifungal Synergy of Phthalazinone and Isoquinolones with Azoles Against *Candida albicans*." *ACS Med. Chem. Lett.* **2017**, *8*, 168.
- Fooshee, D.; Mood, A.; Gutman, E.; Tavakoli, M.; Urban, G.; Liu, F.; Huynh, N.; Van Vranken D.; Baldi, P. "Deep Learning for Chemical Reaction Prediction." *Mol. Syst. Des. Eng.* **2018**, *3*, 442.

Presentations

Synthesis of Molecules that Exhibit Anti-Fungal Synergy with Fluconazole in the Pathogenic Yeast

Department of Chemistry, Graduate Research Symposium Poster Presentation
March 4, 2016

Potent Synergy of Fluconazole Against *C. albicans* by Phthalazinones and Isoquinolinones

Biola American Chemical Society club meeting
May 3, 2017

Spiroindolinone Synergizers of Azole Antifungal Drugs

Moving Molecules from the Academic Lab to the Clinic Symposium
May 25, 2017

Fast and Accurate Prediction of Chemical Reactions (Reaction Predictor)

Machine Learning and Physical Sciences Symposium
May 26, 2017

Fast and Accurate Prediction of Chemical Reactions

NASA Data Intensive Research and Education Center for STEM UCI Workshop
August 18, 2017

Deep Learning for Chemical Reaction Prediction

NSF NRT Annual Meeting Poster Presentation
September 27, 2018

Work and Teaching Experience

University of California at Irvine

2014 - 2019

Teaching Assistant

- Fall 2014: CHEM 1LD, General Chemistry Lab
- Winter 2015: CHEM 128L, Chemical Biology Laboratory
- Spring 2015: CHEM 51C, Organic Chemistry Lecture
- Summer 2015: UCI COSMOS laboratory program for gifted high school students
- Fall 2015: CHEM 51LD, Organic Chemistry Laboratory
- Summer 2016: UCI COSMOS laboratory program for gifted high school students
- Summer 2016: CHEM 51LB, Organic Chemistry Laboratory
- Winter 2017: CHEM 128L, Chemical Biology Laboratory

Mentor for Undergraduate Students

- Mentor for six undergraduate chemistry majors teaching them the skills, abilities, and knowledge necessary for research as well as giving career advice.

ABSTRACT OF THE DISSERTATION

Design, Synthesis, and Analysis of Potent Antifungal Azole Synergizer Small Molecules

and

Computational and Deep Learning Approaches for Chemical Reaction Prediction

By

Aaron David Mood

Doctor of Philosophy in Chemistry

University of California, Irvine, 2019

Professor David L. Van Vranken, Chair

The research described in this work consists of two distinct fields of study. The first part of the work describes the design, synthesis, and testing of small molecule azole synergizers, while the second part describes work on computational and machine learning methods towards reaction prediction.

Five isoquinolones and phthalazinones were previously shown to increase the activity of fluconazole against *Candida albicans*. A dozen analogues were synthesized and one compound, **2.41**, was shown to have activity at 1 nM against a susceptible strain of *C. albicans*. **2.41** was shown to be potent against resistant strains of *C. albicans* but lacked activity against a resistant strain of *C. glabrata*. Previously synthesized spiroindolinone azole synergizers were tested against resistant strains of *C. albicans* and *C. glabrata* in the presence of fluconazole. There was activity against both strains. Over fifty new spiroindolinones were synthesized and three, **3.61**, **3.78**, and **3.71**, were found to have activity at or below 100 nM against both resistant strains.

Reaction Predictor was a system developed by the Baldi lab in the early 2010's to use deep learning to predict reaction mechanisms. In collaboration with the Baldi lab, Reaction Predictor was improved in accuracy and performance through various ways including writing 1000's of training reactions, modifying the architecture and features of the neural net, and using simple chemistry rules. Reaction Predictor was able to achieve a 80% top-5 recovery rate on a separate, challenging benchmark set of reactions drawn from modern organic chemistry literature. Using pathway search, Reaction Predictor was able to identify plausible products from organic synthesis reactions as well as drug degradation.

Methyl anion affinity has previously been shown to correlate linearly with electrophilicity only within specific sets of functional groups. Using a solvation model in the calculation of methyl anion affinity was shown to give a correlation with electrophilicity over a broad class of charged and uncharged electrophiles. Methyl cation affinity calculated with a solvation model was shown to correlate with nucleophilicity over a broad class of charged and uncharged nucleophiles. Using these correlations we were able to estimate the span of electrophilicity and nucleophilicity in the universe.

Chapter 1: Antifungal Drugs and Azole Synergizers

Introduction

Fungal infections continue to be a major health concern in the United States as well as worldwide. Although there are many common fungal infections that are not life threatening, such as skin infections like ringworm, approximately 11.5 million people are infected with life threatening fungal infections every year. These are commonly systemic fungal infections. Annually, about 1.5 million of those infected people will die.¹ The incidence of fungal infections has been increasing worldwide.² Although healthy persons are susceptible to fungal infections, the highest mortality rates occur in people who have compromised immune systems. This includes HIV/AIDS, organ transplant, cancer, intensive care, and stem cell transplant patients, as well as others who take medications that weaken the immune system.³

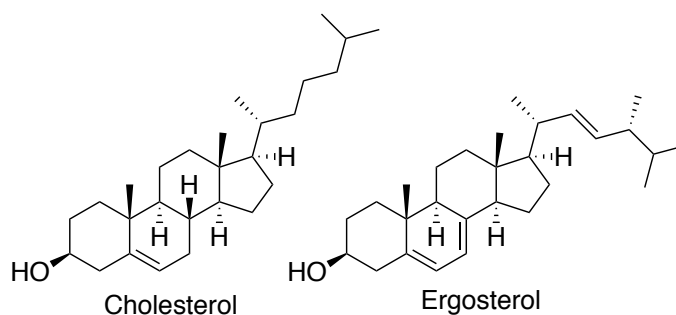
The genus *Candida* accounts for roughly 80% of major systemic fungal infections. Approximately 40% of those with invasive *candidiasis* will lead to death.^{4,5} *Candida albicans* and *Candida glabrata* are two of the most common fungal pathogens that cause *candidiasis*. Globally, *C. albicans* accounts for up to 70% of these fungal infections. *C. glabrata* is the second most invasive fungal species in the United States, UK, Northern Europe, and Australia.⁶

Ergosterol Biosynthesis in Fungi

Over the years there have been many drugs that have been developed against fungal infections (this will be discussed in more detail below).⁷ One of the most common modes of action for these drugs is the inhibition or disruption of ergosterol biosynthesis in fungi. Ergosterol is structurally similar to the molecule cholesterol in humans and also performs

similar functions (Figure 1-1). Ergosterol is a sterol that is essential for membrane fluidity and permeability and the function of some fungal integral membrane proteins.^{8,9,10} Without ergosterol the fungal cells will die.

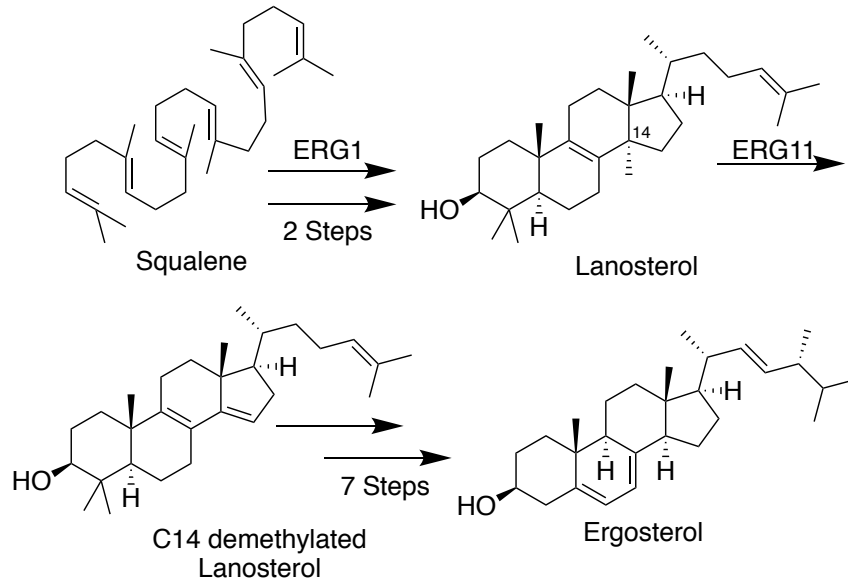
Figure 1-1: Cholesterol vs. Ergosterol Structure



Ergosterol is biosynthesized from squalene in ten enzymatic steps (Figure 1-2).¹¹ Squalene is a precursor to many sterol molecules, including ergosterol and cholesterol.¹² Squalene is converted into lanosterol beginning with the enzyme *ERG1* in the first of two steps. Lanosterol is then converted into ergosterol over eight steps beginning with the enzyme *ERG11*. The biosynthesis of cholesterol and ergosterol share some common intermediates and enzyme functions but the enzymes themselves are structurally different from one another.^{13,14,15} For example, the synthesis of ergosterol and cholesterol both contain the intermediate lanosterol. In both pathways lanosterol is demethylated at the C14 position. In fungal and human cells this is accomplished through a cytochrome P450 enzyme named *CYP51*. Although the function is the same throughout the various kingdoms of life, the amino acid sequences are only conserved at about 20-30% between the various kingdoms.¹⁶ The disruption in any of these enzymes will lower the production of ergosterol and lead to the death of fungal cells.

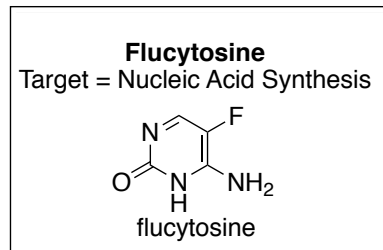
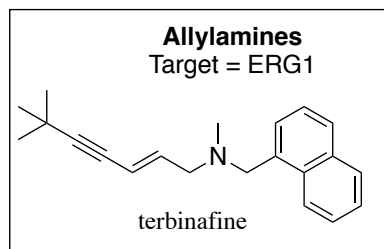
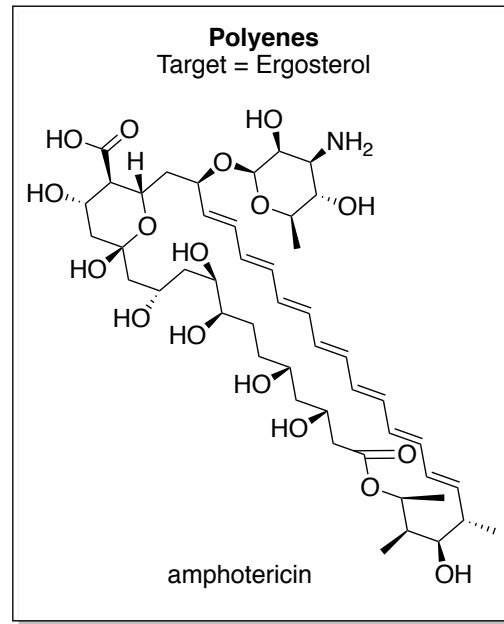
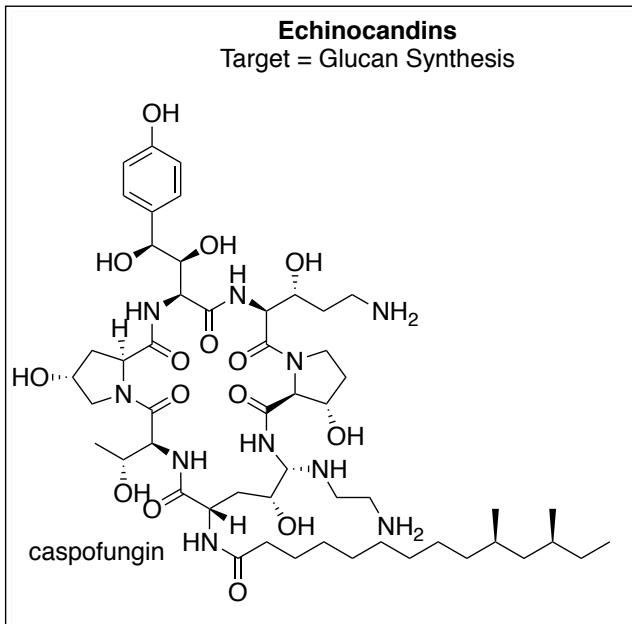
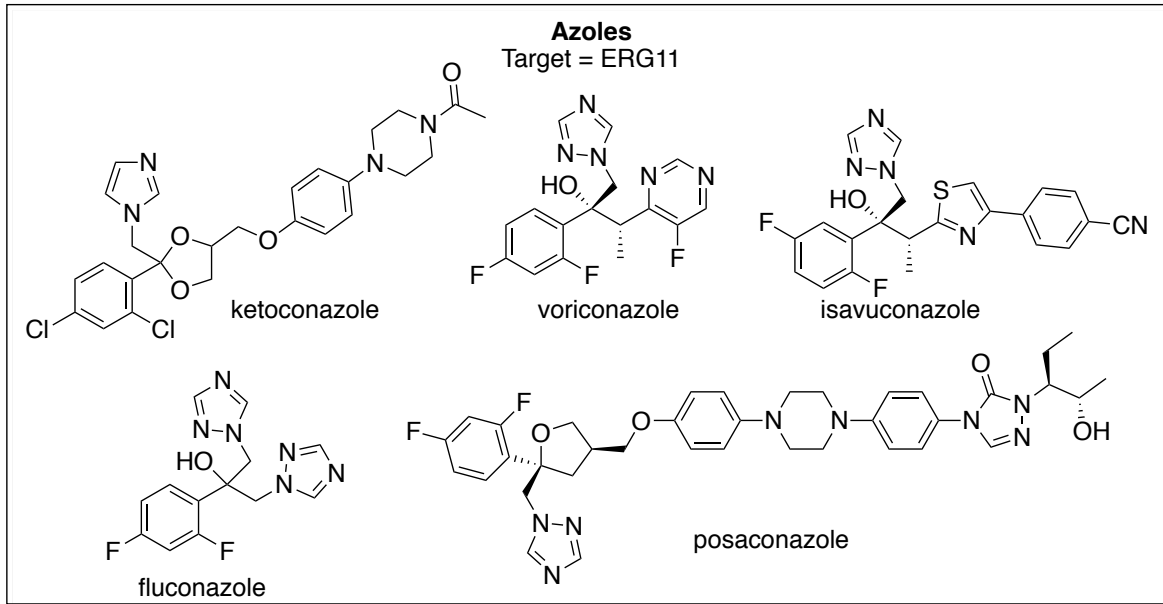
The biosynthesis of ergosterol is controlled by a transcription factor termed *UPC2*. This transcription factor acts through a classical negative feedback mechanism. At high concentrations of ergosterol, the sterol binds to *UPC2* and inhibits transcription. Low concentrations of ergosterol in the cell allow *UPC2* to promote transcription.¹¹

Figure 1-2: Biosynthesis of Ergosterol



Antifungal Drugs

Figure 1-3: Common Antifungal Drugs and Their Targets



Because of the high incidence of fungal infections and continual evolution of resistant strains, many drugs have been developed to treat fungal infections. The total value of the antifungal drug market was valued at 11.3 billion dollars in 2017. The increasing incidence of aspergillosis and candidiasis is a key component of this growing market. Potent antifungal drugs are lucrative.¹⁷ There are five main classes of antifungal drugs currently on the market: azoles, polyenes, allylamines, flucytosine, and echinocandins, (Figure 1-3). Azoles, polyenes, and allylamines all target ergosterol or the ergosterol biosynthesis pathway. The structural differences between fungal and human enzymes involved in sterol biosynthesis are the reason this pathway has been a common target of antifungal drugs. These drugs can inhibit fungal enzymes while not affecting human enzymes that carry out the same function.

The azole class of drugs leads the antifungal drug market in sales and is still the most common class of drugs as the first line defense against most *Candida* infections.^{18,19} The first generation of azole drugs included ketoconazole and miconazole in the 1970s and 1980s. The second generation of azoles, including fluconazole, was introduced in the 1990s.²⁰ Fluconazole is the most commonly used antifungal azole. It is still used as the first line defense against *C. albicans*. This is due to three reasons. Fluconazole is relatively inexpensive now that it is off patent, has low toxicity, and can be administered orally or intravenously. When first introduced, fluconazole greatly improved upon the safety, pharmacokinetics, and the spectrum of antifungal activity over the previous azoles. More recently, third generation azoles (voriconazole, posaconazole and isavuconazole) have been developed that have further improved upon safety, pharmacokinetics, and spectrum activity. Nevertheless, fluconazole still remains important, popular, and effective in the

treatment of *Candida* infections. Fluconazole resistance has become so prevalent that echinocandins are now recommended as the first-line drug for invasive candidiasis in non-neutropenic patients.²¹

Azoles bind to a protein in the ergosterol biosynthesis pathway previously mentioned, CYP51 14- α -demethylase, also known as *ERG11*. Azoles bind to the heme iron in the active site and prevent the substrate lanosterol from binding to *ERG11*. Because ergosterol is necessary for fungal membrane integrity, lower levels of ergosterol affect the morphology of the membrane and inhibit growth.^{22, 23} Azoles are selective for binding to fungal CYP51 compared to human CYP51,²⁴ but azole toxicity is often associated with off-target binding to other CYP enzymes.

Polyene antifungals and allylamine antifungals also interfere with ergosterol. Polyenes, typified by amphotericin, find wide use and have the broadest spectrum of any antifungal drugs.²⁵ Polyenes are primarily active antifungal drugs because they bind to ergosterol. This creates a polyene•ergosterol complex in the membrane of the fungal cells that leads to leakage of monovalent ions and other cellular contents.^{26,27,28} Polyenes are also active against fungal cells because they impair membrane permeability by releasing free radicals through various oxidation reactions in the cell.^{29, 30}

Allylamines such as terbinafine (sold as Lamisil®) target a different enzyme in the ergosterol biosynthesis than azoles. Allylamines target *ERG1*, which is a squalene epoxidase leading to inhibition and buildup of squalene in the cells.^{31,32} As inhibitors of ergosterol biosynthesis, allylamines are similar to azoles. Allylamines are one of the best choices in treating fungal skin infections because they accumulate in the skin much more than other antifungal drugs. This is most likely because of their lipophilicity.³³

Flucytosine is an antifungal drug that is almost always used in combination with other antifungal drugs because fungi tend to become resistant to them quickly when used as single agents.³⁴ When flucytosine enters a fungal cell it is converted to 5-fluorouracil by cytosine deaminase.³⁵ 5-Fluorouracil interferes with DNA and RNA synthesis and kills the fungal cells. 5-Fluorouracil does this by being incorporated into RNA strands that causes early chain termination.³⁶ As expected for agents that target nucleotide synthesis, flucytosine can lead to bone marrow toxicity.³⁷

The last main class of antifungal drugs is the echinocandins, typified by caspofungin and micafungin. Echinocandins have been successful drugs because of their broad-spectrum activity and low drug-drug interactions.³⁸ In addition to azoles, they are also commonly used for invasive candidiasis.³⁹ Echinocandins are potent antifungal drugs because they inhibit the synthesis of glucans. Echinocandins inhibit 1,3- β -glucan synthase unrelated to ergosterol, causing cell walls to weaken and the cell to lyse.⁴⁰ To date, echinocandin resistance has not emerged as a major problem.⁴¹

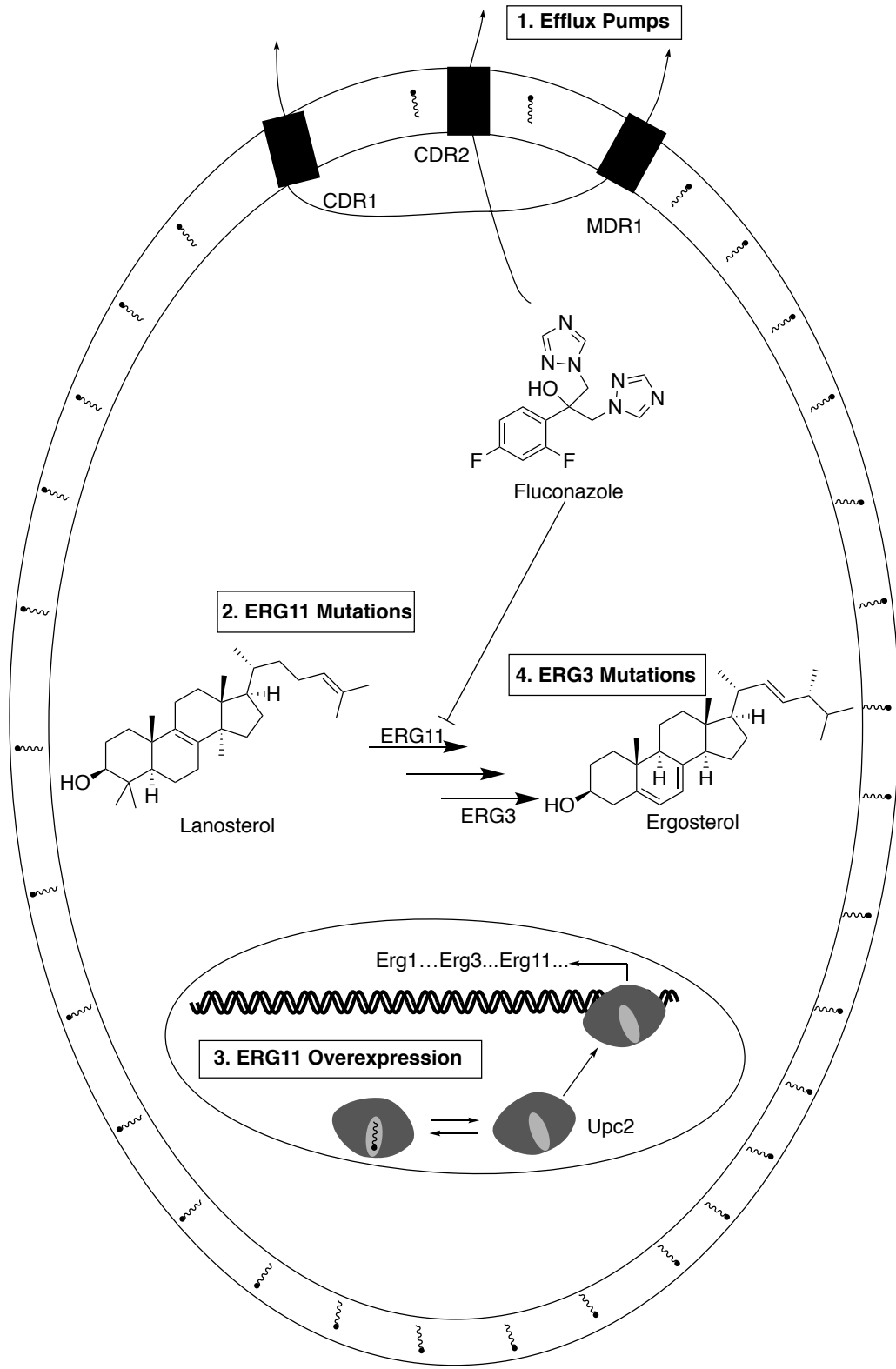
Resistance in Fungi Towards Azoles

The resistance of fungi to azole drugs had been extensively studied in *Candida* and is a growing public health problem. There are four main ways that fungal cells become resistant to azole drugs: (1) overexpression of efflux pumps, (2) *ERG11* mutations, (3) *ERG11* overexpression, and less commonly (4) *ERG3* mutations (Figure 1-4).⁴²

The first mode of resistance to azoles (and other antifungal drugs) is through the overexpression of efflux pumps sometimes over a thousand-fold over nominal expression levels.⁴³ These pumps are transmembrane proteins that can pump out different molecules, including azoles, outside of the cell. There are two main types of efflux pumps in fungal

cells: ATP-binding cassette (ABC) proteins and the major facilitator superfamily (MFS) proteins.⁴⁴ ABC proteins are the primary efflux pumps fungal cells use and utilize energy derived from the hydrolysis of ATP. MFS proteins are used less than ABC proteins and use a protein electrochemical gradient to pump molecules out of the cell. *Candida albicans* possesses 28 different kinds of ABC efflux pumps that can contribute to azole resistance. The two main ABC efflux pumps used are CDR1 and CDR2. CDR1 is believed to contribute more to fluconazole resistance than CDR2 compared to other azoles.^{45,46,47} *Candida albicans* possesses 96 different MFS proteins but only one is involved in azole resistance, MDR1. *Candida glabrata's* efflux pumps have been studied less than those in *C. albicans*, but the CDR1 and CDR2 are believed to be the main drivers of azole resistance in this species as well.⁴⁸

Figure 1-4: Summary of Fungal Resistance to Azoles



In addition to efflux overexpression, fungal cells can become resistant to azoles through ERG11 point mutations. Point mutations change one amino acid in the protein sequence of ERG11. Point mutations often exert little effect on the three-dimensional structure of a protein but sometimes the effects on structure, folding and/or aggregation can be drastic. If a point mutation prevents ERG11 from carrying out its proper function the fungal cell will die. Azole resistance occurs when a point mutation on ERG11 lowers the binding affinity of azoles but ergosterol is still produced normally or is slightly diminished. Of the roughly 160 amino acid mutations identified in ERG11, 10 are known to lead to fluconazole resistance in *Candida*.⁴⁹ Substitutions of R467K, I471T, G464S, S405F, and K143R are involved in azole resistance of *Candida albicans*.^{50,51,52} Point mutations in *Candida glabrata* have not been well studied.⁵³

In addition to overexpression of efflux pumps and ERG11 point mutations, a third mechanism of resistance towards azoles is ERG11 overexpression. ERG11 overexpression is driven by the UPC promoter. All fungal cells will increase ERG11 expression in the presence of azoles⁵⁴ but azole resistant fungi naturally overexpress ERG11 even when there is no azole in the cell.⁵⁵ ERG11 overexpression can be driven in two ways in *Candida albicans*. The first mechanism for overexpression is the formation of an isochromosome that duplicates the genes that produce ERG11.⁵⁶ The second mechanism for overexpression is mutation of the transcription factor UPC2 that results in an overexpression of ERG11.⁵⁷ Other *Candida* species overexpress ERG11 but the specific mechanism of action has not been studied well.

The last main azole-resistance mechanism in fungal cells is mutation of *ERG3*, although this form of resistance is much less common. Azoles are effective because, in

addition to depletion of the end-product ergosterol, azoles also lead to the accumulation of other toxic sterol intermediates in fungal cells.⁵⁸ Mutations in ERG3 can reduce accumulation of these toxic products.⁵⁹

Two Methods to Combat Azole Resistance

Because of the various resistance mechanisms described above, many efforts have been made to overcome azole resistance. The two main strategies to combat azole resistance is through the design of new azoles and the investigation of azole synergizers. Synergizers are molecules that are used in tandem with another drug that increase the efficacy of that drug.

The emergence of fluconazole resistance has led to the increasing use of echinocandins and the development of third-generation azoles (voriconazole, posaconazole, isavuconazole) with higher affinity for ERG11.⁶⁰ Of the third-generation drugs, posaconazole and voriconazole work against a broader range of fungal pathogens but are more expensive and have other disadvantages: posaconazole has a less flexible dosing and absorption profile than fluconazole; voriconazole may be ineffective against strains that have already developed resistance towards fluconazole.⁶¹ Newer azole drugs like albaconazole and fosravuconazole are still in development.

The development of improved azoles has been paralleled by the search for small molecules that enhance the antifungal effect of existing azoles,^{62,63,64,65,66} but the efforts have been met with limited success.^{67,68} A wide range of azole enhancers have been shown to exhibit antifungal synergy;⁶⁹ two approved drugs — flucytosine⁷⁰ and calcineurin inhibitors^{71,72,73,74,75} — have been shown to synergize with fluconazole at low concentrations (< 10 µg/mL) against strains of *C. albicans* but have limitations for general

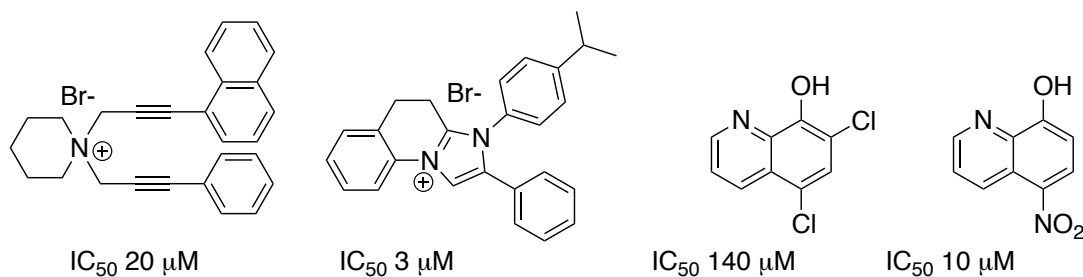
use. Against other species,⁷⁶ flucytosine instead antagonizes the effect of fluconazole, so the benefits of flucytosine-azole combinations are not clear.⁷⁷ Calcineurin inhibitors such as sirolimus and tacrolimus depend on human CYP enzymes for metabolic clearance; azole drugs like fluconazole exert off-target effects on these human CYP enzymes. Buildup of these calcineurin inhibitors in plasma increases risk of nephrotoxicity, and, as immunosuppressants, may increase rates of infection from other pathogenic fungal species.^{78,79,80} Given the limitations of these existing azole synergizers, new potent alternatives are needed.

Screens of Large Libraries of Small Molecules in Search of Antifungal Synergizers

One way to search for small molecules that enhance the antifungal effect of existing azoles (mentioned above) was to screen massive libraries of small molecules in tandem with azoles against fungi. Three different screening campaigns have been carried out to identify synergizers; LaFleur and coworkers,⁸¹ Spitzer and coworkers,⁸² and Lindquist and Schreiber at the broad institute.^{83,84}

LaFleur and coworkers screened a library of 120,000 compounds, to identify those that could enhance the activity of clotrimazole against *C. albicans* biofilms. They identified 19 compounds with synergistic activity against *C. albicans*, yet none had activity below 1 μM . Only 4 of the 19 compounds were nontoxic towards mammalian cells (Figure 1-5).

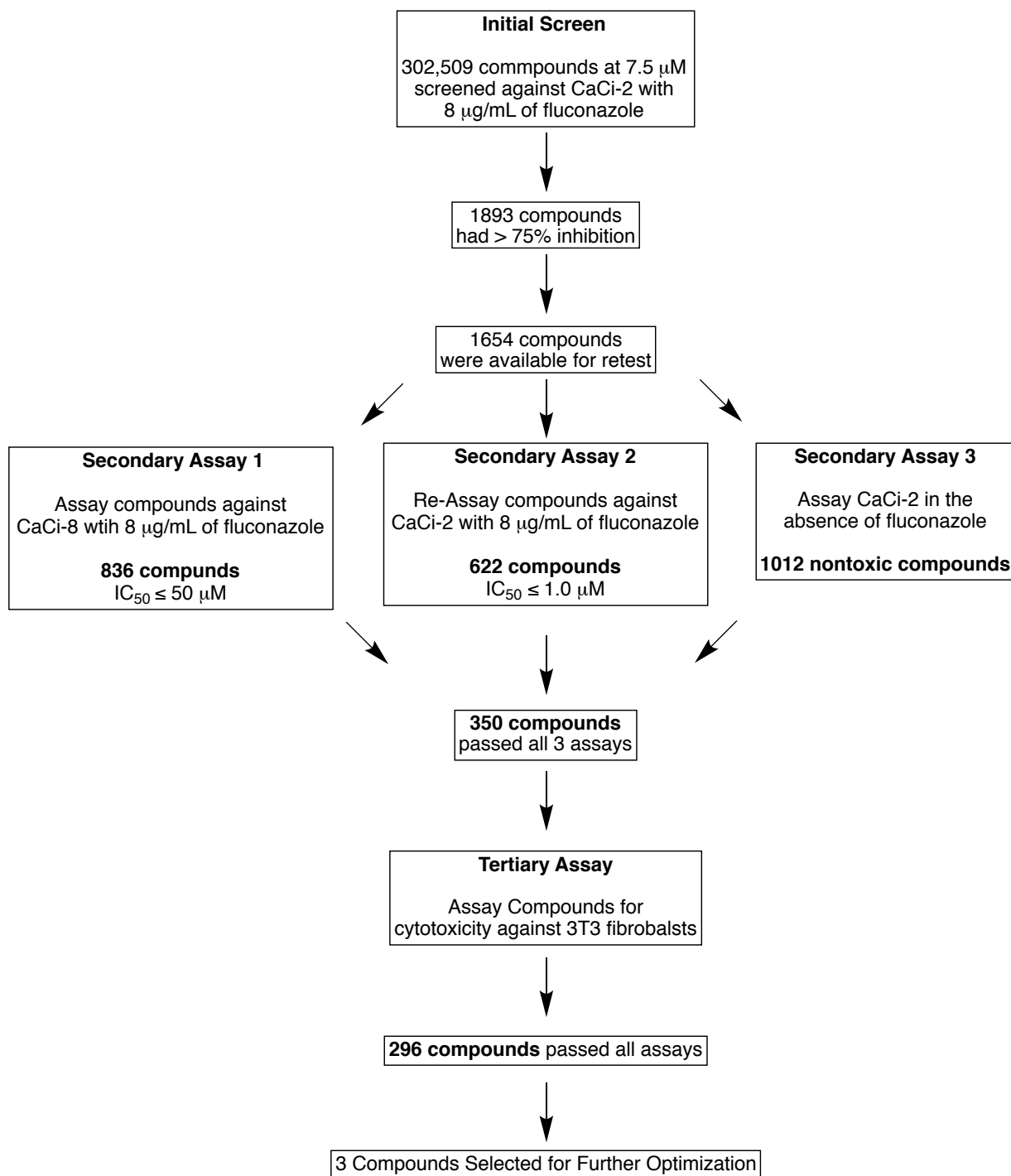
Figure 1-5: Nontoxic Analogues Tested by LaFleur



Spitzer and coworkers screened 1,120 off-patent drugs compounds that could enhance the activity of fluconazole against *C. albicans*. They identified 30 hits including sertraline, thiethylperazine maleate, pirlindole mesylate, and flufenamic acid. None of these compounds had activity below 1 μM .

The most extensive screen of potential antifungal synergizers was initiated by Lindquist and Schreiber at the Broad Institute.^{85,86} They screened a total of 302,509 compounds from the NIH's Molecular Libraries Small Molecule Repository (MLSMR) against *C. albicans* as depicted in Figure 1-6a. Lindquist and Schreiber began by running an initial screen against all 302,509 compounds at a single dose (7.5 μM) in conjunction with fluconazole (8 $\mu\text{g}/\text{mL}$) against the *C. albicans* strain CaCi-2. They found 1,893 compounds reduced growth below 25% of the control. 1,654 of these compounds were subjected to further testing in 3 subsequent assays.

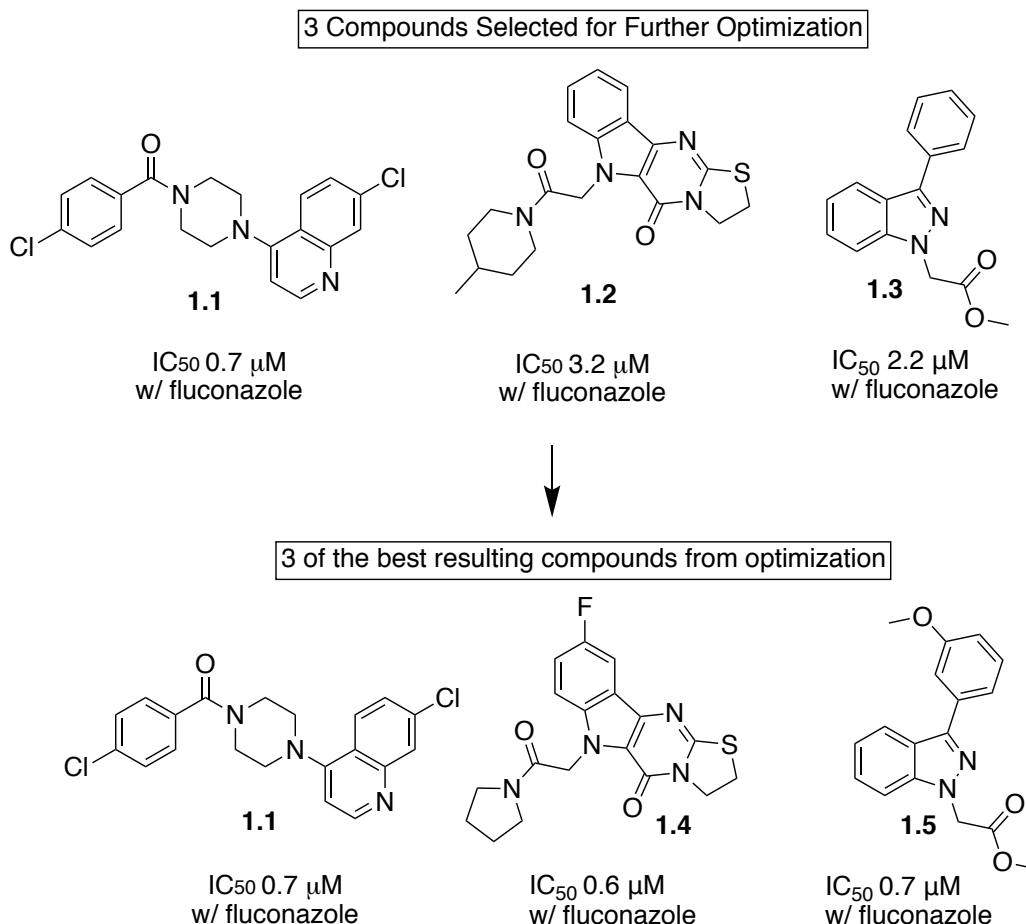
Figure 1-6a: Lindquist and Schreiber Screen



The first assay tested each compound in a dose-response fashion together with fluconazole (8 $\mu\text{g}/\text{mL}$) against the partially resistant *C. albicans* strain CaCi-8. 836 compounds were found to have IC_{50} values at or below 50 μM . The 1,654 compounds were also retested against CaCi-2 in a dose-response fashion with a fixed concentration of fluconazole; 622 compounds had IC_{50} values at or below 1 μM . The last assay identified 1012 compounds that exhibited no antifungal activity without fluconazole. 350 compounds passed all 3 criteria mentioned above. Those 350 compounds were tested against mammalian fibroblasts (NIH 3T3 cells); 296 compounds exhibited no cytotoxicity.

Lindquist and Schreiber decided to further optimize three of the compounds (figure 1-6b) found in their massive screen, quinoline **1.1**, indole **1.2**, and indazole **1.3**.^{87,88,89} In addition to quinoline **1.1**, none of the resulting compounds they synthesized, including compounds **1.2** and **1.3** had activities below 0.7 μM against CaCi-2 in conjugation with fluconazole. There were still 293 other compounds that were ripe for further optimization and testing.

Figure 1-6b: Lindquist and Schreiber Follow-up Summary



Further Testing of Selected Lindquist and Schreiber Compounds

Following up on the work from the Lindquist and Schreiber screen, the Van Vranken and Liu labs further investigated and test other compounds identified in their massive screen.⁹⁰ The Van Vranken/Liu team was hoping to identify azole synergizers that might be acting on the transcription factor UPC2 that drives overexpression of the ergosterol biosynthesis genes.

The Van Vranken and Liu labs ordered 51 compounds that were readily available from the 296 compounds that meet all the criteria from the Lindquist and Schreiber screen. The initial screen was carried out using a fungal strain of *C. albicans* engineered (HLY4123)

with a GFP reporter to monitor *ERG3* and *ERG11* expression. HLY4123 was engineered from the susceptible common laboratory strain CAI4.⁹¹ FACS (fluorescence activated cell sorting) was used to monitor the effects of compounds on *ERG* transcription.

Dr. Fu-Qiang Wang from the Liu lab tested all 51 compounds and found that 20 of compounds affected the transcription levels of HLY4123. After further testing Dr. Wang found that 5 of the compounds were potent down-regulators of *ERG3* and *ERG11* (Figure 1-7) and 6 of compounds were potent up-regulators (Figure 1-8). It was anticipated that down-regulation of *ERG* transcription would lead to antifungal synergy with fluconazole. The data showed the opposite trend. All 5 potent down-regulators displayed no activity against HLY4123 in the presence of fluconazole.

In contrast, the 6 potent up-regulators were found to enhance the activity of fluconazole against HLY4123. Their IC₅₀ values are given in Figure 1-8 at a fixed concentration of fluconazole (0.25 µg/mL). These 6 potent up-regulators are ripe targets for the design and testing of new synthetic compounds that could be potent enhancers of fluconazole.

Figure 1-7: Potent Down-Regulators

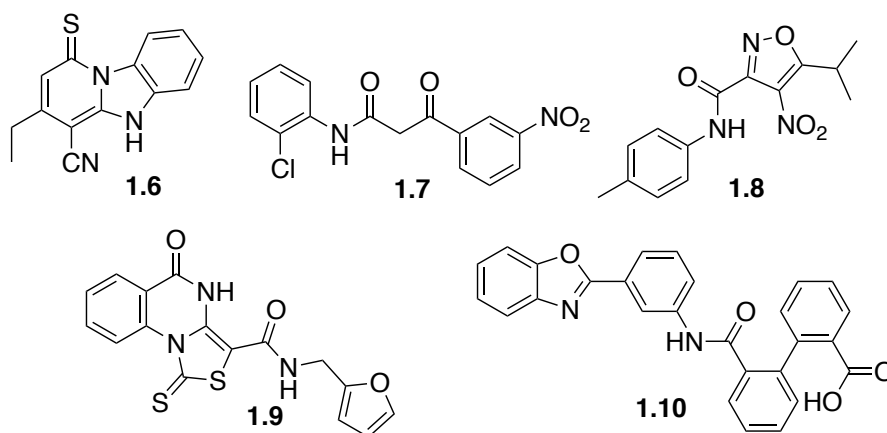
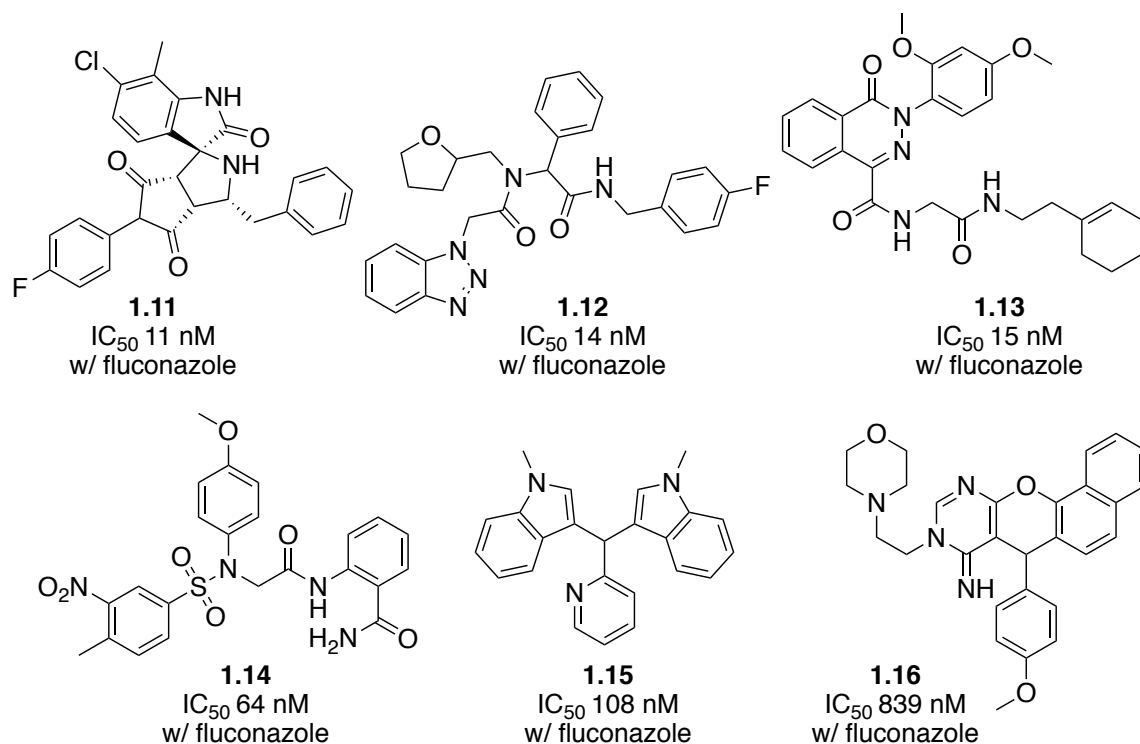


Figure 1-8: Potent Up-Regulators and Potent Enhancers

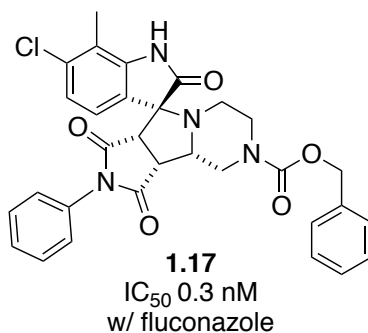


In the Van Vranken lab, Udara Premachandra led an effort to synthesize analogues of bis-indole **1.15** but the analogues proved to be readily oxidized in air and had very low solubility. Only one analogue was successfully purified and it was no more potent than the original bisindole **1.15**.

Because of that failure Premachandra and coworkers investigated another hit, spirocyclic indolone **1.11**.⁹² The indolone analogues were more soluble, stable, and exhibited highly responsive structure-activity relationships. They ended up making over 25 new analogues and improved upon the activity of the lead compound. The best compound they made, termed synazo-1 (**1.17**) had activity down to 0.3 nM against HLY4123 and was also active against many resistant *C. albicans* strains. The background and further work on these compounds will be discussed in Chapter 3 of this dissertation. The successful

optimization of compound **1.11** suggests that other compounds tested by Lindquist and Schreiber could be developed into potent azole antifungal synergizers.

Figure 1-9: Synazo-1



Conclusion

In summary, over a million people will die from fungal infections each and every year. Immunocompromised patients are at the greatest risk of death from fungal infections. Azoles are still heavily prescribed as antifungal agents but the evolution of resistant strains is a major problem. There have been two main strategies to combat azole resistance: develop new azoles and develop small molecule synergizers that increase the efficacy of existing azoles. There has been success in the development of azoles but developing molecules that enhance azoles is ripe for development. Lindquist and Schreiber screened over 300,000 compounds in search of some that would increase the efficacy of fluconazole. They followed up on three of those compounds but had limited success. Premachandra and coworkers followed up on one compound, **1.11**, and was able to develop an analogue that had activity below 1 nM in conjugation with fluconazole. More compounds from the Lindquist and Schreiber screen that were active could lead to potential new drugs and could help in combating fungal infections. More investigation is needed to see if new potent enhancers could be developed.

Chapter 2: Phthalazinone and Isoquinolone Azole Synergizers

Introduction

As described in Chapter 1, over one million people die every year from fungal infections. Infections caused by *C. albicans* are the leading cause of death worldwide. *C. glabrata* is the second most invasive fungal species in the United States, UK, Northern Europe, and Australia.⁹³ One of the most common forms of treatment for fungal infections, especially systemic fungal infections, is the use of azoles but azole resistance is increasing. In this chapter, the design, synthesis, and testing of potent phthalazinone and isoquinolone azole synergizers is described. The work described in this chapter was completed with the assistance of Dr. Stan Hiew, Dr. Udara Premachandra, and Kevin Scott in the Van Vranken lab and Dr. Fuqiang Wang in the Liu lab. I did the bulk of the synthesis and testing on this project.

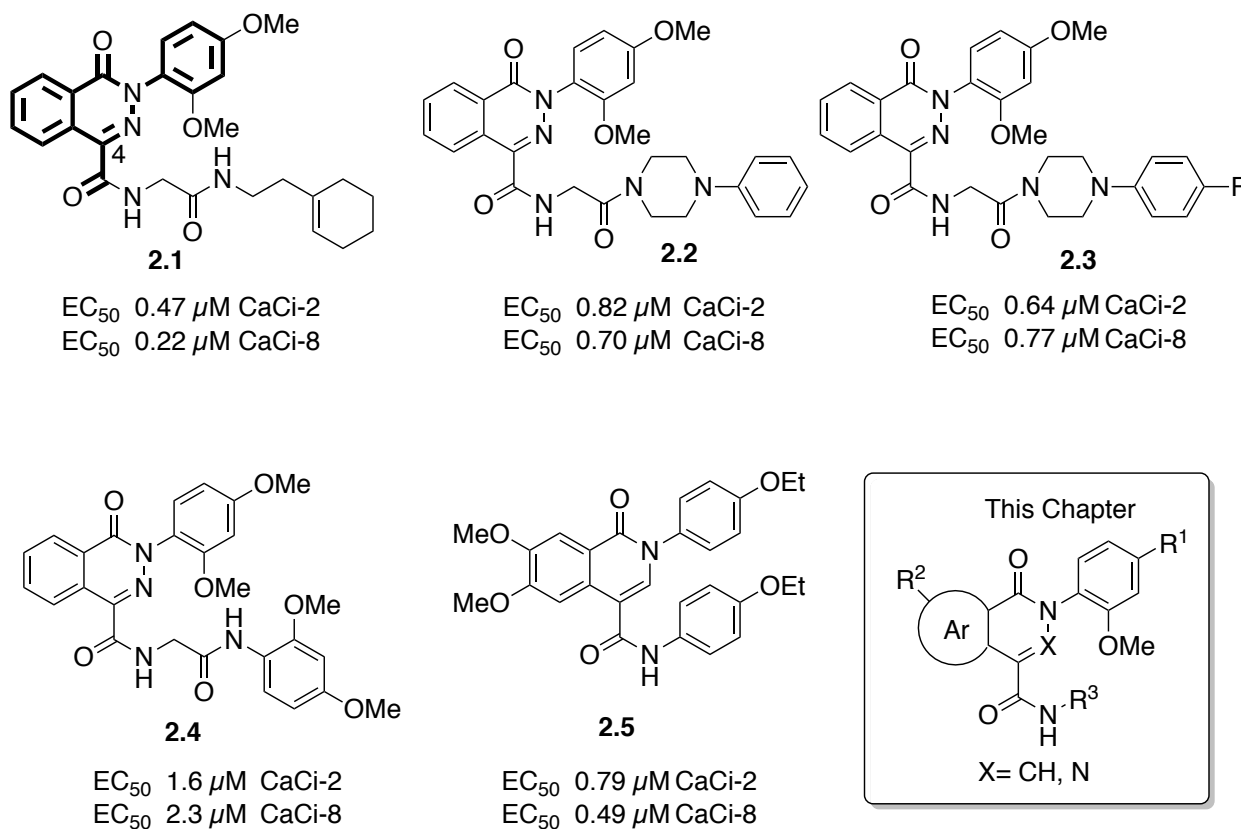
Lindquist, Schreiber, and coworkers carried out a screening campaign to identify small molecules that could enhance the antifungal effect of fluconazole against *C. albicans*.^{94,95} After an initial screen of over 300,000 compounds and a subsequent rescreening, 296 compounds were found to enhance the antifungal effect of fluconazole against a partially resistant clinical strain CaCi-8 without cytotoxicity against mammalian cells. Three of those compounds^{96,97,84} were selected for further optimization but none of the resulting compounds (ML189, ML212, and ML229) were active below 0.7 μ M against CaCi-2. Following up on another hit from the Lindquist-Schreiber screen, Premachandra and coworkers recently reported an analogue called synazo-1 that could enhance the antifungal effect of fluconazole with an EC₅₀ of 300 pM.⁹⁸ Encouraged by the discovery of highly potent spiroindolinones we set out to optimize other lead compounds from the

Schreiber-Lindquist screen, study their synergy with other azoles, and assess their selectivity for *C. albicans*.

Previous Phthalazinone and Isoquinolone Azole Synergizers

Among the compounds initially screened by Lindquist and coworkers in conjugation with fluconazole were 233 structurally related *N*-arylphthalazinones (X=N, Figure 2-1) and *N*-arylisquinolones (X=CH). Four phthalazinones (**2.1**, **2.2**, **2.3** and **2.4**) and one isoquinolone (**2.5**) were active in the initial screen. The most active compound of the five was phthalazinone **2.1** (CID 22334057), which showed an EC₅₀ below 0.5 μM for *C. albicans* clinical isolates CaCi-8 and CaCi-2 in conjugation with fluconazole.

Figure 2-1: Structures of Active Compounds, Lead Phthalazinone **2.1** (CID 22334057) and Representative Structure of Analogues Synthesized in this Study



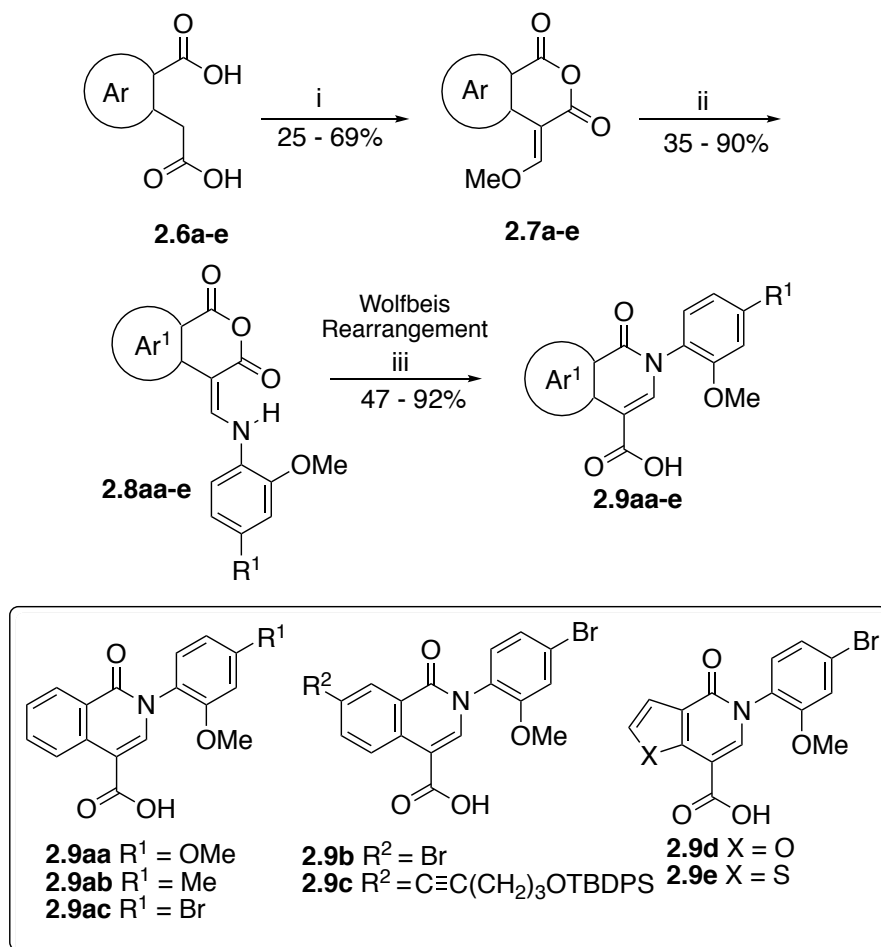
An initial analysis of the Lindquist data suggested that the biological activity of the phthalazinones was sensitive to substituents on the *N*-phenyl ring and the C4 carboxamide side chain (Figure 2-1). In particular, a *para* substituent on the *N*-phenyl ring was favorable for activity, and an *ortho* substituent seemed essential. Additionally, the glycine linker was present in all of the active phthalazinones. The effect of modifications within the bicyclic core—at the atom X within the heterocycle or the fused benzo ring—were unclear. Analogues of the isoquinolone and phthalazinone compounds were therefore synthesized to explore chemical modification at three sites: a) modification of the bicyclic core, including substitution of X (N versus CH), substitution of the fused benzo ring, or replacement of the benzo ring with a heterocycle; b) substitution at the *para* position of the *N*-phenyl ring; c) variation of the C4 carboxamide side chain.

Results and Discussion

Chemistry

All analogues were synthesized by coupling heterocyclic carboxylic acids with amines. Isoquinolone analogues were synthesized from the corresponding dicarboxylic acids **2.6a-e** following a route developed by Wolfbeis (Scheme 2-1).⁹⁹ A one-step anhydride formation and formylation generated enol ethers **2.7a-e**. Conjugate substitution of the methoxy group with various anilines generated the corresponding enamines **2.8aa-e**. Ethoxide catalyzed the Wolfbeis rearrangement of anhydrides **2.8aa-e** to isoquinolones **2.9aa-e**.¹⁰⁰

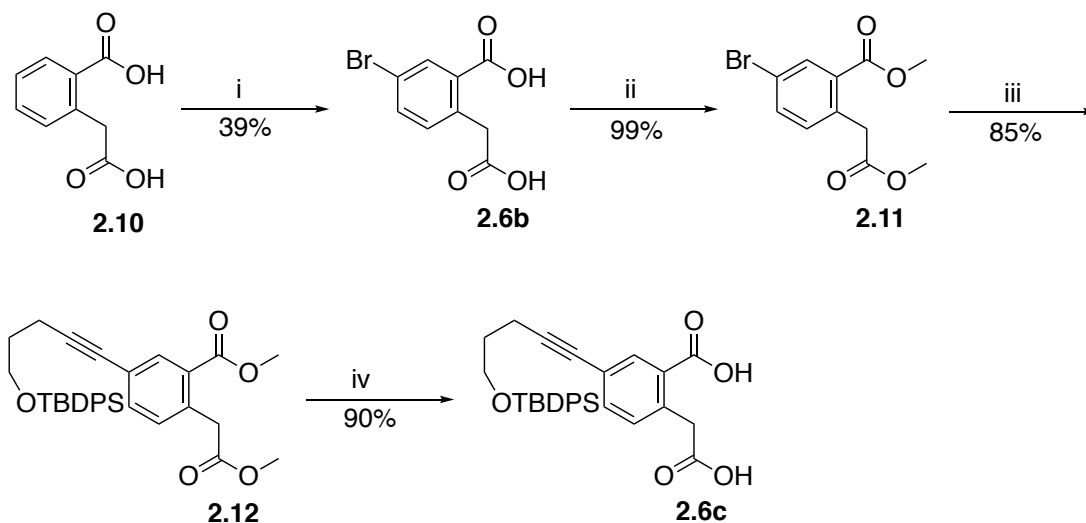
Scheme 2-1: Synthesis of Isoquinolone Carboxylic Acids^a



^aReagents and conditions: (i) 1.0 mol-equiv $\text{CH}(\text{OCH}_3)_3$, Ac_2O , 140°C , 5 min-2.5 h (ii) 1.0 mol-equiv ArNH_2 , 1,4-dioxane, 23°C , 1-4 h (iii) 5.0 mol-equiv NaOH , EtOH , 80°C , 1-4 h.

The synthesis of homophthalic acid starting materials **2.6b** and **2.6c** is outlined in Scheme 2-2. Homophthalic acid (**2.10**) was brominated with KBrO_3 to yield bromoacid **2.6b**. Bromoacid **2.6b** was subjected to Presser esterification with TMSCHN_2 to make ester **2.11**. A Sonogashira coupling of aryl bromide **2.11** with 4-pentyn-1-ol generated alkyne **2.12**. **2.12** was saponified to afford acid **2.6c**. Originally we planned to avoid protection of the primary alcohol but the formylation/cyclization step in Scheme 2-1 failed with the ω -hydroxyalkyne moiety.

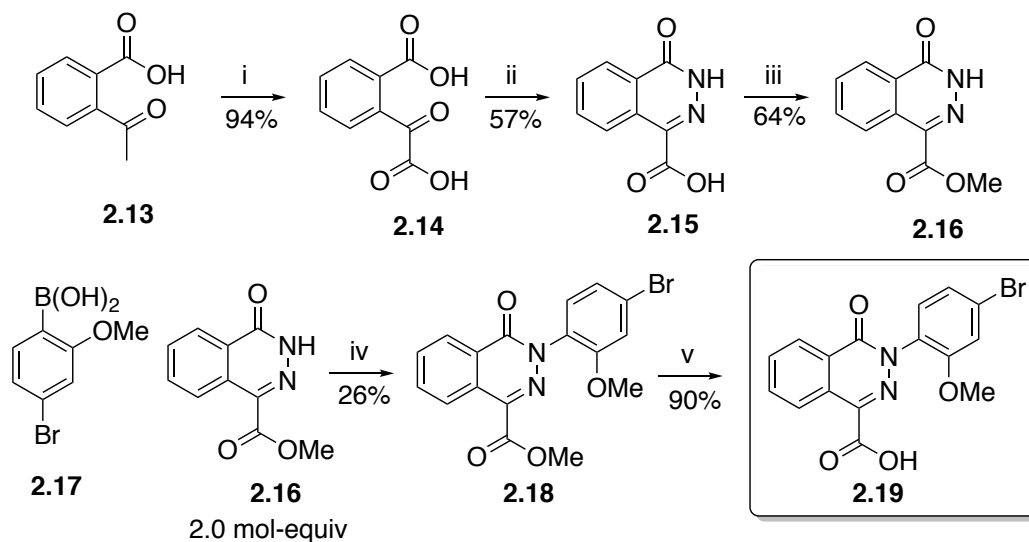
Scheme 2-2: Synthesis of Homophthalic Acid Derivatives^a



^aReagents and conditions: (i) 150 mol% KBrO₃, H₂O/H₂SO₄, 90 °C, 4 h (ii) 2.8 mol-equiv TMSCHN₂, 2:1 benzene/MeOH, 23 °C, 2 h (iii) 1.7 mol-equiv 4-pentyn-1-ol, 5 mol% Pd₂Cl₂(PPh₃)₂, 5 mol% CuI, 3:2 DMF/Et₃N, 100 °C, 0.75 h (iv) 3.8 equiv LiOH, 3:1 THF/H₂O, 23 °C, 16 h

The original Dieckmann synthesis¹⁰¹ of *N*-arylphthalazinones was problematic due to the capricious reactivity of electron-rich arylhydrazines. The synthesis of phthalazinones, such as lead compound **2.1**, with electron-rich *N*-aryl groups has never been reported and the only known synthetic approach involves electron-rich arylhydrazines, which are known to be highly sensitive.^{102,103} A new route, absent of phenylhydrazines, was used to successfully synthesize *N*-arylphthalazinone **2.18** (Scheme 2-3). Carboxylic acid **2.13** was oxidized to diacid **2.14**¹⁰⁴, which was then converted into carboxylic acid **2.15**¹⁰⁵ through a condensation with hydrazine. Carboxylic acid **2.15** was converted to the methyl ester¹⁰⁶ **2.16**, which was then coupled with an arylboronic acid through a Chan-Lam coupling¹⁰⁷ to give phthalazinone **2.18**. Ester **2.18** was saponified to afford carboxylic acid **2.19**.

Scheme 2-3: Synthesis of Phthalazinone Carboxylic Acid^a

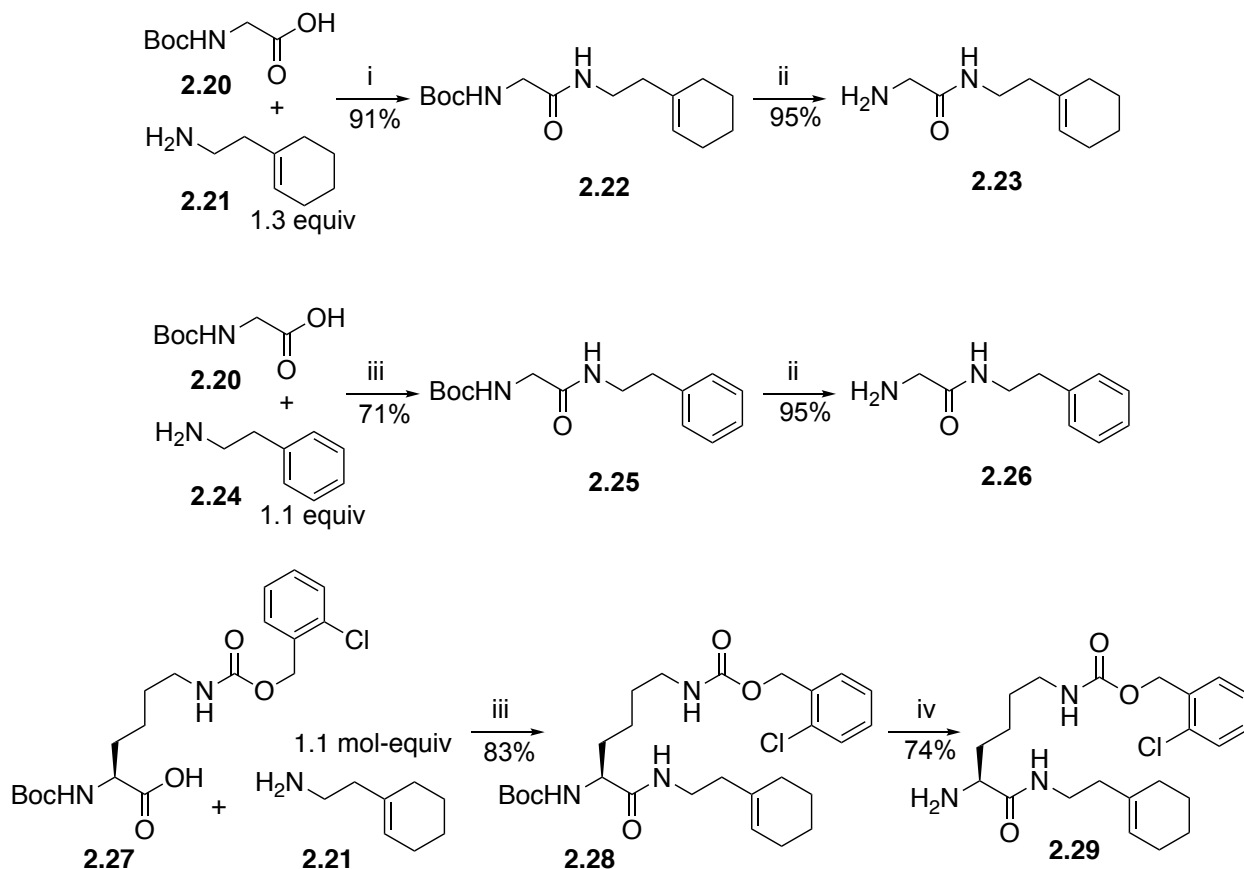


^a*Reagents and conditions:* (i) 1.7 mol-equiv SeO₂, pyridine, 115 °C, 3 h (ii) 1.1 mol-equiv H₂NNH₂, EtOH, 78 °C, 4 h (iii) 5.3 mol-equiv MeI, 3.9 mol-equiv NaHCO₃, DMF, 23 °C, 16 h (iv) 2 mol-equiv Cu(OAc)₂, 5 mol-equiv pyridine, CH₂Cl₂, 23 °C, 24 h (v) 3.8 mol-equiv LiOH, 3:1 THF/H₂O, 23 °C, 16 h.

The most potent phthalazinone analogues identified in the Schreiber-Lindquist screen included glycine linkers. Several glycine derivatives (compounds **2.23**, **2.26**, and **2.29**) were synthesized in order to couple with carboxylic acids **2.9aa-e** and **2.19** (Scheme 2-4). *N*-Boc-glycine **2.20** was coupled with 2-(1-cyclohexenyl)ethylamine **2.21** or amine **2.24** through a carbodiimide coupling reaction to afford amides **2.22** or **2.25** in good yields.¹⁰⁸ A protected lysine derivative **2.27** was also coupled with amine **2.21** through a carbodiimide coupling. Deprotection of the Boc group in the presence of the cyclohexenyl group, however, was found to be challenging. Common methods of deprotection such as treatment with trifluoroacetic acid resulted in complete degradation of the starting material due to protonation of the alkene. Consequently, a thermal deprotection was employed to generate amine **2.23**. Compounds **2.22** and **2.25** were deprotected by heating

at reflux in water to remove the Boc group.¹⁰⁹ However, compound **2.28** with limited solubility in water was instead heated under reflux in ethylene glycol.¹¹⁰

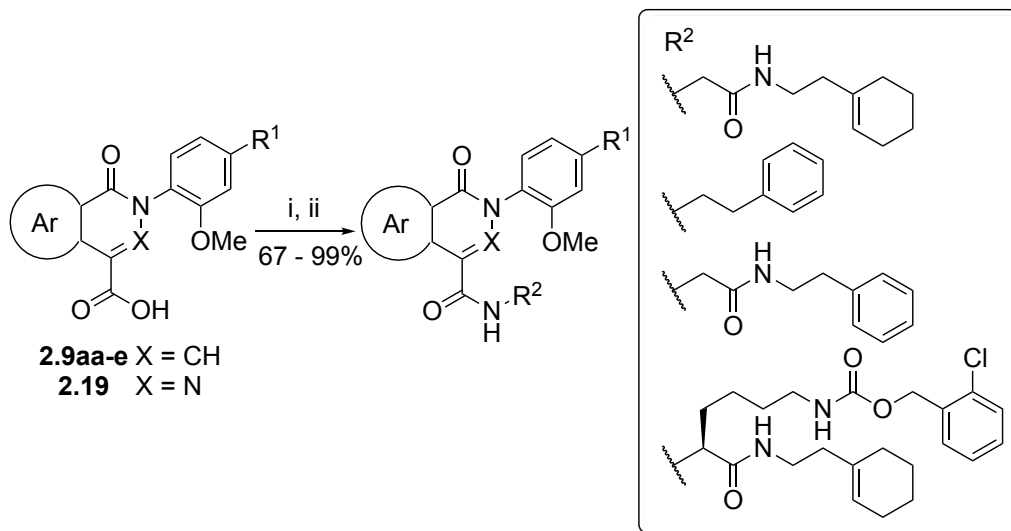
Scheme 2-4: Synthesis of 2-Amino Acetamide Analogues^a



^aReagents and conditions: (i) 1.3 mol-equiv EDC, 1.7 mol-equiv HOBT, 5.5 mol-equiv DIPEA, THF, 23 °C, 16 h (ii) H₂O, 100 °C, 16 h (iii) 1.2 mol-equiv EDC, 1.2 mol-equiv HOBT, 1.5 mol-equiv DIPEA, CH₂Cl₂, 0 - 23 °C, 16 h (iv) ethylene glycol, 200 °C, 20 min.

Carboxylic acids **2.9aa-e** and **2.19** were converted to the corresponding acid chlorides under Vilsmeier conditions and then directly coupled with amines in the presence of triethylamine to afford analogues **2.30-2.32**, **2.34**, and **2.36-2.42** in good yields (Scheme 2-5).¹¹¹ Analogue **2.42** was deprotected with TBAF to afford analogue **2.35**.

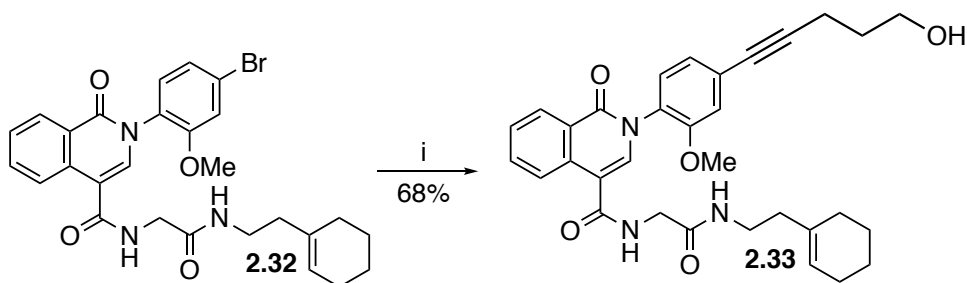
Scheme 2-5: Coupling of Carboxylic Acid and Amine Fragments^a



^aReagents and conditions: (i) 1.5 mol-equiv oxalyl chloride, 10 mol % DMF, CH₂Cl₂, 0 °C, 2 h
(ii) 1.2 mol-equiv Et₃N, CH₂Cl₂, 0-23 °C, 30 min.

To test the steric demands around the *N*-phenyl group the bromine substituent of isoquinolone **2.32** was converted to the corresponding ω -hydroxyalkyne using a palladium-catalyzed Sonogashira coupling (Scheme 2-6).

Scheme 2-6: Derivatization of Analogue **2.32** via Sonogashira Coupling^a



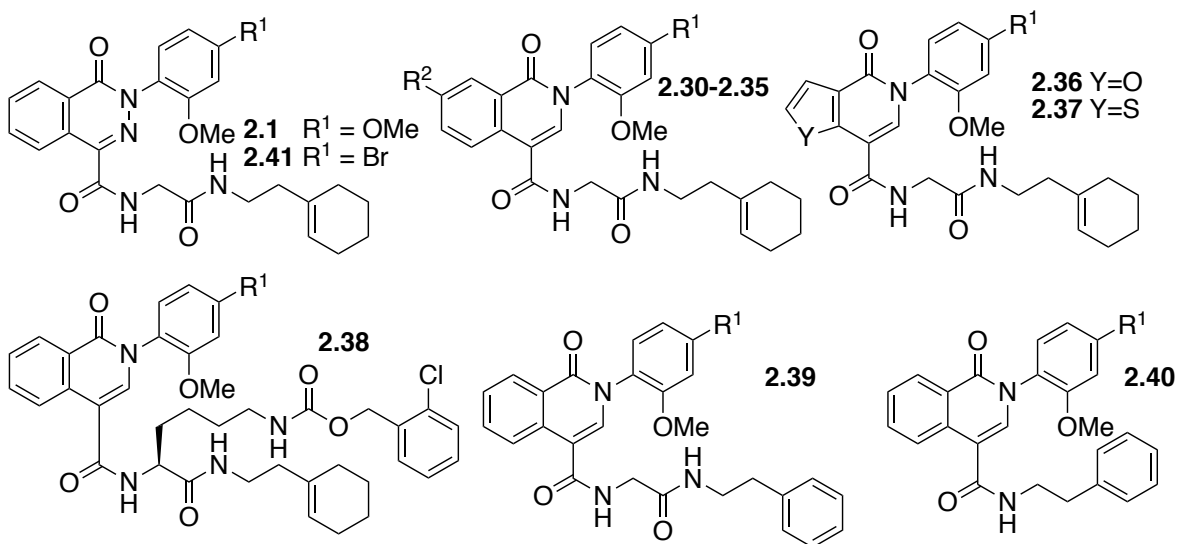
^aReagents and conditions: (i) 1.2 mol-equiv 4-pentyn-1-ol, 5 mol% Pd(Cl)₂(PPh₃)₂, 5 mol% CuI, 3:2 DMF/Et₃N, 100 °C, 45 min.

Structure Activity Relationships and Biological Evaluations

We determined the enhancement of antifungal activity for all of the new analogues against a susceptible strain of *C. albicans*, HLY4123, derived from the common laboratory

strain CAI4. In the presence of a constant, non-lethal concentration of fluconazole (0.25 $\mu\text{g}/\text{mL}$), the analogues inhibited fungal cell growth in a dose-dependent fashion, from which EC_{50} values were determined (Table 2-1).

Table 2-1: Antifungal Activities for Phthalazinone and Isoquinolone Analogues Against *C. albicans* in the Presence of Fluconazole^a



Compound	R ¹	R ²	EC ₅₀ (mM)
2.1	OMe	-	0.015 ± 0.002
2.30	OMe	H	0.033 ± 0.005
2.31	Me	H	0.065 ± 0.02
2.32	Br	H	0.003 ± 0.001
2.33	C≡C(CH ₂) ₃ OH	H	>100
2.34	Br	Br	0.003 ± 0.001
2.35	Br	C≡C(CH ₂) ₃ OH	>100
2.36	Br	-	>10
2.37	Br	-	0.230 ± 0.01
2.38	Br	-	0.023 ± 0.008
2.39	Br	-	0.020 ± 0.006
2.40	Br	-	0.220 ± 0.05
2.41	Br	-	0.001 ± 0.0003

^aCells incubated with 0.25 $\mu\text{g}/\text{mL}$ fluconazole

Against HLY4123, phthalazinone **2.1** demonstrated promising activity (EC_{50} 0.015 μ M) in the presence of 0.25 μ g/mL fluconazole. The isostere, isoquinolone **2.30**, exhibited a similar EC_{50} of 0.033 μ M suggesting that both the isoquinolone and phthalazinone cores are competent scaffolds for eliciting antifungal activity. Only one of five active compounds in the initial Lindquist-Schreiber screen possessed an isoquinolone core, so it was unclear which structural features most influenced antifungal activity. We set out to examine the isoquinolone core further by making modifications to the *N*-phenyl ring and benzo ring of the core, as well as the C4 carboxamide side chain.

First, we explored the effect of substitution at the *para* position of the *N*-phenyl ring (R^1). A decrease in activity was observed when methoxy (isoquinolone **2.30**) was replaced by a methyl group (isoquinolone **2.31**) at this position.

A bromine atom at the *para* position led to a surprising improvement in activity, with bromo-analogue **2.32** exhibiting ten-fold better activity than methoxy-analogue **2.30**, and also better activity than phthalazinone **2.1**. Substitution at R^1 with an alcohol-terminated alkyne abolishes activity, suggesting that larger or more rigid substituents are detrimental at this position.

After establishing the importance of the bromine substituent in isoquinolone **2.32**, we proceeded to evaluate the arene ring fused to the central heterocycle. Substitution with bromine at the C7 position of the benzo ring (R^2) resulted in activity of analogue **2.34** comparable to that of **2.32**. As with R^1 , substitution at R^2 with an alcohol-terminated alkyne abolished activity. The sensitivity to substituents at R^1 and R^2 suggests that both positions play an important role in binding to the biological target.

Attempts to replace the benzo group with a smaller furano (analogue **2.36**) or thiopheno (analogue **2.37**) group resulted in a significant loss of potency. Even so, the thiophene analogue **2.37** showed significantly better activity than its electron-rich furan isostere **2.36**.

Neither contraction of the benzo ring, nor substitution improved activity. Therefore, we directed our attention to the C4 carboxamide side chain. Using analogue **2.32** again as a reference point, we evaluated the effect of substitution at the glycine α -carbon. The activity of ClCbz-lysine analogue **2.38** was only slightly attenuated relative to glycine analogue **2.32**, revealing some tolerance for bulky substituents at this position of the side chain. We then prepared phenethyl amide **2.39** to test the importance of the cyclohexenylethyl group. The activity of cyclohexenylethyl analogue **2.32** was superior to that of the aromatic phenethyl analogue **2.39**. Shortened analogue **2.40**, missing the glycine linker, was 70-fold less active than full-length analogue **2.32**.

Phthalazinone **2.41** was slightly more active than the isosteric bromophenyl isoquinolone **2.32**. With an EC_{50} of 1 nM, bromophenyl phthalazinone **2.41** was the most active of all compounds tested.

Lead compound **2.1**, isoquinolone **2.32**, and phthalazinone **2.41** showed potent activity even at fluconazole concentrations of 0.05 $\mu\text{g}/\text{mL}$, five-fold lower than that used in Table 1. The EC_{50} values were measured as 49, 24, and 7 nM, respectively.

Next, highly active bromophenyl analogues **2.32** and **2.41** were tested against five fluconazole-resistant clinical isolates of *C. albicans* (Table 2-2). Resistance in these isolates has been linked to multiple factors, including overexpression and point mutations in *ERG11*,¹¹² the gene encoding sterol 14 α -demethylase. Point mutations in *ERG11* may

contribute to fluconazole resistance by reducing binding affinity to the enzyme active site.¹¹³ In some cases, the isolates also exhibit gain-of-function mutations in *UPC2*, a transcription factor regulating *ERG11* expression. The isolates also show varying levels of *CDR1*, *CDR2*, and *MDR1* expression, implicating efflux pumps as an important source of fluconazole resistance.

Table 2-2: Strains Used in this Chapter ^a

Species	Strain	Relevant Characteristics or Genotype				Reference	
<i>Candida albicans</i>	HLY4123	<i>ERG3-GFP</i>				Premachandra ²⁹	
<i>Candida glabrata</i>	BG2	WT				Fidel ^{39,40}	
<i>Cryptococcus neoformans var. grubii</i>	H99	WT				Broad Institute ⁴¹	
			Expression (fold) ^a				
<i>Candida albicans</i>	clinical isolate	Mutations	<i>ERG11</i>	<i>CDR1</i>	<i>CDR2</i>	<i>MDR1</i>	Flowers ³⁷
	17	<i>ERG11A114S,Y257H</i>	1.6	2.7	23.9	0.8	
	26	<i>ERG11G307S,G448R</i>	1.0	0.9	0.5	2.6	
	33	<i>ERG11F145L,E266D</i>	1.7	16.2	1466	4.1	
	36	<i>UPC2Y642F</i>	12.6	6.8	201.5	1.5	
	45	<i>ERG11E266D,G464S, UPC2A646V</i>	3.5	4.8	147.8	15.5	

^aFold increase relative to expression levels averaged across three unrelated fluconazole-susceptible strains.

In dose-dependent broth microdilution assays, analogues **2.32** and **2.41** showed potent activities ($EC_{50} < 1 \mu M$) against all resistant isolates. The EC_{50} values were determined by varying the analogue concentration while keeping the fluconazole concentration fixed. The fluconazole MIC_{50} was used, and was determined for each isolate individually. Compound **2.41** exhibited comparable or better activity than compound **2.32** against the isolates tested (Table 2-3). At present, the origin of fluconazole synergy is uncertain. Many factors contribute to fluconazole resistance in these isolates and we did not observe a correlation of compound activity with one specific resistance mechanism,

such as levels of *CDR1* expression, among the isolates we tested here. Therefore, we are unable to attribute the synergistic effect of compounds **2.32** and **2.41** with fluconazole to any single variable. Investigation into the possible causes of fluconazole synergy is ongoing.

Table 2-3: Antifungal Activities of Analogues **2.32** and **2.41** against Resistant Isolates of *C. albicans* in the Presence of Fluconazole

Isolate	[Flu] ^b	EC ₅₀ ^a	
		Cpd 2.32	Cpd 2.41
17	12	74 ± 10	39 ± 3
26	32	11 ± 1	17 ± 2
33	64	371 ± 23	72 ± 6
36	64	32 ± 4	20 ± 2
45	96	170 ± 20	65 ± 15

^aEC₅₀ (nM) expressed as arithmetic mean ± S.D. of three independent experiments. ^bMeasured MIC₅₀ values for fluconazole alone; EC₅₀ values were determined at the fluconazole concentrations listed.

Compounds **2.1**, **2.32**, and **2.41** were also tested against *Candida glabrata* BG2^{114,115} and *C. neoformans var. grubii* H99¹¹⁶ and showed no activity up to 30 mM at their MIC₅₀ values (128 and 4.0 mg/mL respectively). It is not clear why analogues **2.32** and **2.41** are active against *C. albicans* but not *C. glabrata* or *Cryptococcus neoformans*.

Isavuconazole is one of the newest azole drugs—approved by FDA in 2015. We tested the potency of compounds **2.32** and **2.41** against HLY4123 and the highly resistant CaCi-45 in the presence of isavuconazole (Table 2-4). Compounds **2.32** and **2.41** showed potent antifungal activity with isavuconazole at much lower concentrations than was required for fluconazole.

Table 2-4: Antifungal Activities^a of Analogues **2.32** and **2.41** against *C. albicans* in the Presence of Isavuconazole

Compound	Isolate	
	HLY4123 ([isa] = 0.001 µg/mL) ^b	CaCi-45 ([isa] = 0.5 µg/mL isa.) ^b
2.32	6 ± 0.2	110 ± 20
2.41	4 ± 0.2	13 ± 4

^aEC₅₀ (nM) expressed as arithmetic mean ± S.D. of three independent experiments. ^bMIC values

At 30 µM or below, the analogues do not significantly affect fungal growth in the absence of azoles. Checkerboard assays revealed that compounds **2.32** and **2.41** are true synergizers with fluconazole, exhibiting fractional inhibitory concentration indices of less than 0.17 and 0.12, respectively. These indices are well below the upper-limit of 0.5 for pharmacological synergy.

All analogues were also tested for cytotoxicity against 3T3 mammalian fibroblasts. No cytotoxicity was observed up to 10 µM, indicating high selectivity for inhibiting *C. albicans* cell growth over that of mammalian fibroblasts.

In order to assess the potential for compounds **2.32** and **2.41** as drug leads, the physicochemical properties were calculated using FAF-Drugs3. The bromine atom is beneficial for activity but puts the molecular weight over 500. Both compounds exhibit favorable characteristics according to other criteria including tPSA, predicted bioavailability, predicted induction of phospholipidosis but were slightly lipophilic based on logD (Table 2-5)

Table 2-5: Calculated Physiochemical Properties of Analogues **2.32** and **2.41**

Ligand	Desirable	2.32	2.41
MW	≤460	538.4	539.4
logP	-4 to 4.2	4.13	4.2
logD	0 to 3	3.69	3.67
tPSA	≤120	89.4	102.3
Fraction sp ³	0.15-0.80	0.30	0.31
Rotatable bonds	≤10	8	8
HBD	≤5	2	2
HBA	≤9	7	8
Oral Bioavail.		Good	Good
Phospholipidosis		NonInducer	NonInducer

Conclusion

In conclusion we have designed, synthesized, and tested phthalazinone and isoquinolone analogues of lead compound **2.1** (CID 22334057), which was previously shown to be active against *C. albicans* in the presence of fluconazole. Most of the analogues synthesized showed highly potent activities against a susceptible strain of *C. albicans*, HLY4123. Two compounds, isoquinolone analogue **2.32** and the other a phthalazinone analogue **2.41** were selected for further studies and shown to be active against clinical isolates with high resistance to fluconazole. Checkerboard assays confirmed compounds **2.32** and **2.41** as true synergizers of fluconazole. Also, compounds **2.32** and **2.41** were shown to increase the efficacy of the new azole drug, isavuconazole.

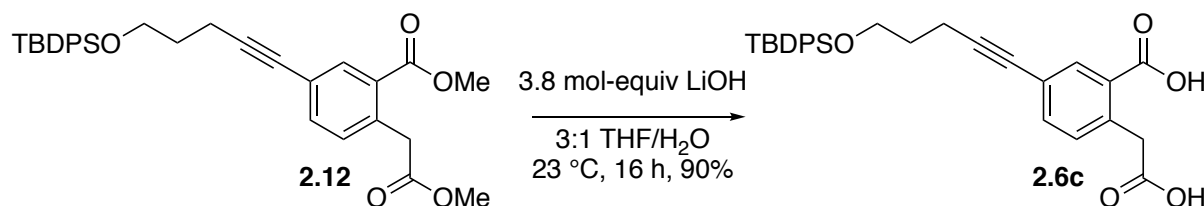
Experimental Section

General Experiment Procedure:

NMR spectral data were recorded at 25 °C using a Bruker 500 MHz spectrometer. The NMR data are reported as follows: chemical shifts in ppm are calibrated to tetramethylsilane (0 ppm), or residual solvents signals of CDCl₃ (7.26 ppm) or DMSO-*d*₆ (2.50 ppm), multiplicity (br = broad, app = apparent, s = singlet, d = doublet, t = triplet, q = quartet and m = multiplet), coupling constants (Hz), and integration. Analytical thin layer chromatography (TLC) was performed using EMD Reagents 0.25 mm silica gel 60-F plates. Silica gel chromatography was performed using Silicycle silica gel (40–63 μm). All reactions were carried out under an atmosphere of nitrogen. Reactions were carried out at ambient temperature unless otherwise indicated. Unless otherwise noted, all reagents were commercially obtained and, where appropriate, purified prior to use. Amines were distilled from calcium hydride. THF and CH₂Cl₂ were dried by filtration through alumina according to the procedure of Grubbs and coworkers.¹¹⁷ The purity of compounds tested for antifungal activity was determined by reversed-phase high-performance liquid chromatography using a Waters Symmetry C8 column (4.6 x 5.50 mm). A mixture of H₂O (with 0.1% TFA) and MeOH (50-85% MeOH) was used as eluent.

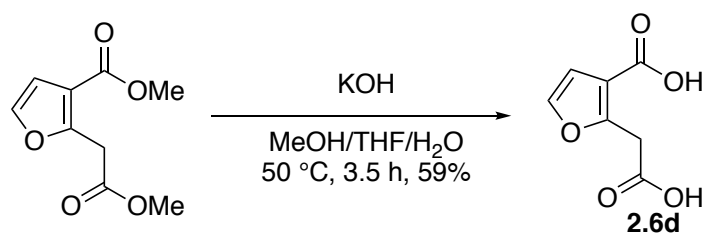
Synthetic Procedures and Characterization:

5-(5-((*tert*-Butyldimethylsilyl)oxy)pent-1-yn-1-yl)-2-(carboxymethyl)benzoic acid (**2.6c**):



Carboxylic acid **2.6c** was synthesized from bis(methylester) **2.12** according to a procedure developed by Selwood.¹¹⁸ A round bottom flask equipped with stir bar was charged with alkyne **2.12** (0.73 g, 1.4 mmol, 1.0 mol-equiv). THF (13 mL) and 3.9 mL of aqueous LiOH (1.4 M, 5.3 mmol, 3.8 mol-equiv) were added to the flask via syringe. The reaction progress was monitored by TLC, which indicated complete consumption of **2.12** after 16 h. Next, 40 mL of 1 N HCl and 65 mL of EtOAc were added to the reaction mixture. The mixture was extracted with EtOAc (3 x 100 mL). The combined organic layers were washed with brine, dried with Na₂SO₄, and concentrated *in vacuo* to yield dicarboxylic acid **2.6c** (0.62 g, 1.2 mmol, 90%) as a brown solid. *R*_f = 0.5 (17:3 CH₂Cl₂/MeOH). ¹H NMR (500 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆) δ 13.2–12.0 (br s, 2H), 7.82 (s, 1H), 7.66–7.61 (m, 4H), 7.46–7.36 (m, 7H), 7.30 (d, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 3.93 (s, 2H), 3.79 (t, *J* = 6.0 Hz, 2H), 2.57 (t, *J* = 7.0 Hz, 2H), 1.81 (quin, *J* = 6.6 Hz, 2H), 1.01 (s, 9H); ¹³C NMR (125 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆) δ 172.2, 167.6, 136.3, 135.0, 134.5, 134.1, 133.1, 133.0, 132.8, 129.9, 127.9, 121.9, 90.7, 79.7, 62.0, 30.9, 26.7, 18.8, 15.2; HRMS (ESI): *m/z* calculated for C₃₀H₃₁O₅Si [M-H]⁻ 499.1941, found 499.1953.

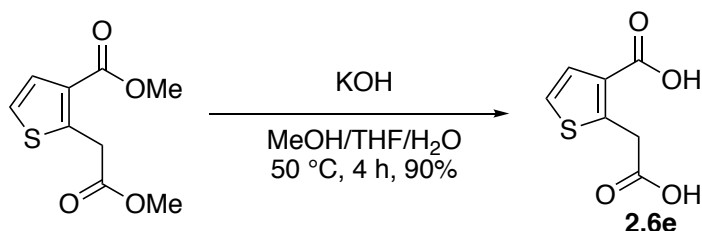
2-(Carboxymethyl)furan-3-carboxylic acid (**2.6d**):



Dicarboxylic acid **2.6d** was synthesized as previously reported by Ozer *et. al.* with minor modification.¹¹⁹ A 50 mL round bottom flask equipped with stir bar was charged with methanol (15 mL), THF (15 mL), H₂O (1 mL), and KOH (0.80 g, 14 mmol, 2.8 mol-equiv), then stirred until the KOH was dissolved. To the solution was added the

bis(methylester) starting material (1.0 g, 5.0 mmol, 1.0 mol-equiv), which was synthesized as previously reported.¹²⁰ The flask was sealed with a rubber septum and submerged in a 50 °C oil bath. After 2 h, a white precipitate was observed, and the reaction was allowed to stir for an additional 1.5 h. The flask was removed from the oil bath and cooled in an ice-water bath for 15 min. The precipitate was collected by filtration and washed with ethyl acetate (5 mL). The precipitate was dissolved in H₂O (10 mL) and acidified to pH = 2 with 1 N HCl (aq). The mixture was extracted with ethyl acetate (2 x 50 mL). The combined organic layers were washed with brine (50 mL), dried over Na₂SO₄, and concentrated *in vacuo*. The product was further dried under high vacuum to obtain dicarboxylic acid **2.6d** as a white solid (0.50 g, 3.0 mmol, 59%). ¹H NMR (500 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆) δ 12.67 (br, 2H), 7.65 (d, *J* = 2.0 Hz, 1H), 6.67 (d, *J* = 2.0 Hz, 1H), 3.98 (s, 2H); ¹³C NMR (125 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆) δ 169.9, 164.4, 154.8, 142.3, 115.5, 110.8, 33.3; HRMS (ESI): *m/z* calculated for C₇H₆O₅Na [M+Na]⁺ 193.0113, found 193.0111.

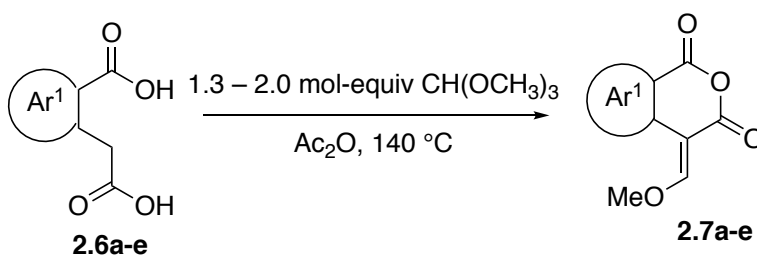
2-(Carboxymethyl)thiophene-3-carboxylic acid (**2.6e**):



Dicarboxylic acid **2.6e** was synthesized by adapting a previously reported procedure by Ozer *et. al.* which obtained **2.6e** as a minor product. A 50 mL round bottom flask equipped with stir bar was charged with methanol (15 mL), THF (15 mL), H₂O (1 mL), and KOH (0.80 g, 14 mmol, 2.8 mol-equiv), then stirred until the KOH dissolved. To the solution was added the bis(methylester) starting material (1.1 g, 5.0 mmol, 1.0 mol-equiv),

which was synthesized as previously reported. The flask was sealed with a rubber septum and submerged in a 50 °C oil bath. After 4 h, the flask was cooled to room temperature. The reaction mixture was diluted with 50 mL H₂O and acidified to pH = 2 with 1 N HCl (aq). The mixture was extracted with ethyl acetate (2 x 50 mL). The combined organic layers were washed with brine (50 mL), dried over Na₂SO₄, and concentrated *in vacuo*. The product was further dried under high vacuum to obtain dicarboxylic acid **2.6e** as a pale-yellow solid (0.84 g, 4.51 mmol, 90%). ¹H NMR (500 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆) δ 12.57 (br, 2H), 7.41(d, *J* = 5.4 Hz, 1H), 7.34 (d, *J* = 5.4 Hz, 1H), 4.14 (s, 2H); ¹³C NMR (125 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆) δ 171.2, 164.3, 144.4, 130.2, 128.9, 123.9, 34.1; HRMS (ESI): *m/z* calculated for C₇H₆O₄SNa [M+Na]⁺ 208.9884, found 208.9882.

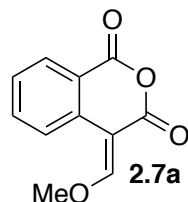
General procedure for the synthesis of enol ethers (**2.7a-e**):



Enol ethers **2.7a-e** were synthesized according to a procedure developed by Wolfbeis.¹²¹ An oven-dried round bottom flask equipped with stir bar was charged with dicarboxylic acid (1.0 mol-equiv), trimethyl orthoformate (1.3 mol-equiv), and acetic anhydride (to obtain a 2.2 M solution of the dicarboxylic acid). The flask was fitted with a reflux condenser. The reaction mixture was heated at reflux and monitored by TLC for disappearance of the dicarboxylic acid. Upon consumption of the dicarboxylic acid, the reaction mixture was cooled to room temperature. The resulting solid was filtered using a Büchner funnel, washed with cold carbon tetrachloride and dried under vacuum to obtain

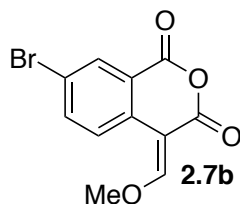
the enol ether as a solid, which was used without further purification. The stereochemistry of the alkene in **2.7a** was determined by NOESY. No NOE signal was detected between the alkene proton and the proximal proton of the benzo ring. The stereochemistry of all other enol ethers was assigned by analogy to **2.7a**.

Example: (*E*)-4-(Methoxymethylene)isochromane-1,3-dione (**2.7a**):



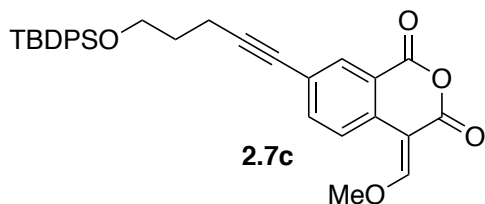
An oven-dried round bottom flask equipped with stir bar was charged with homophthalic acid (15 g, 83 mmol, 1.0 mol-equiv), trimethyl orthoformate (11 mL, 108 mmol, 1.3 mol-equiv), and acetic anhydride (38 mL). The flask was fitted with a reflux condenser. The reaction mixture was heated at reflux for 1.5 h and monitored by TLC for disappearance of homophthalic acid. Upon consumption of homophthalic acid, the reaction mixture was cooled to room temperature. The resulting solid was filtered with cold carbon tetrachloride (3 x 20 mL) in a Büchner funnel and dried under vacuum to obtain enol ether **2.7a** (11 g, 53 mmol, 64%) as a white solid. $R_f = 0.9$ (1:9 MeOH/CH₂Cl₂). ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.23 – 8.21 (m, 2H), 8.05 (s, 1H), 7.67 (t, $J = 7.9$ Hz, 1H), 7.41 (t, $J = 7.5$, 1H), 4.26 (s, 1H).

(*E*)-7-Bromo-4-(methoxymethylene)isochromane-1,3-dione (**2.7b**):



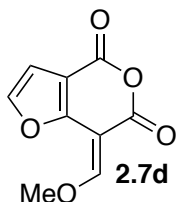
Using the general procedure for enol ether synthesis outlined above, 5-Bromohomophthalic acid (1.5 g, 5.8 mmol, 1.0 mol-equiv) was used to give enol ether **2.7b** (0.94 g, 3.3 mmol, 58%) as a white solid. $R_f = 0.2$ (1:1 EtOAc/Hex). ($^1\text{H NMR}$ (500 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 8.23 (s, 1H), 8.15 – 8.13 (m, 2H), 7.95 (dd, $J = 8.7, 2.3$ Hz, 1H), 4.30 (s, 3H); $^{13}\text{C NMR}$ (125 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 169.5, 161.8, 160.2, 137.9, 132.8, 131.7, 127.5, 121.2, 119.5, 99.4, 65.4; HRMS (ESI): m/z calculated for $\text{C}_{11}\text{H}_7\text{BrO}_4\text{Na}$ $[\text{M}+\text{Na}]^+$ 304.9425, found 304.9418.

(*E*)-7-(5-((*tert*-Butyldiphenylsilyl)oxy)pent-1-yn-1-yl)-4(methoxymethylene)isochroman-1,3-dione (**2.7c**):



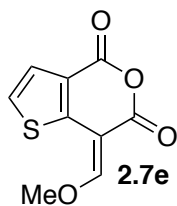
Using the general procedure for enol ether synthesis outlined above, dicarboxylic acid **2.6c** (0.48 g, 0.95 mmol, 1.0 mol-equiv) was used to give enol ether **2.7c** (0.13 g, 0.24 mmol, 25%) as a white solid. $R_f = 0.9$ (8.5:1.5 $\text{CH}_2\text{Cl}_2/\text{MeOH}$). ($^1\text{H NMR}$ (600 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 8.21 (s, 1H), 8.14 (d, $J = 8.4$ Hz, 1H), 8.04 (s, 1H), 7.69-7.67 (m, 4H), 7.59 (dd, $J = 8.4, 1.8$ Hz, 1H), 7.41-7.40 (m, 2H), 7.38-7.36 (m, 4H), 4.26 (s, 3H), 3.81 (t, $J = 5.7$ Hz, 2H), 2.59 (d, $J = 7.2$ Hz, 2H), 1.86 (d, $J = 6.3$ Hz, 2H), 1.07 (s, 9H); $^{13}\text{C NMR}$ (125 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 167.1, 137.9, 135.6, 133.8, 133.6, 129.7, 127.7, 125.9, 123.8, 64.9, 62.3, 31.4, 26.9, 19.3, 16.1; HRMS (ESI): m/z calculated for $\text{C}_{32}\text{H}_{32}\text{NaO}_5\text{SiNa}$ $[\text{M}+\text{Na}]^+$ 547.1917, found 547.1911.

(*E*)-7-(Methoxymethylene)-4*H*-furo[3,2-*c*]pyran-4,6(7*H*)-dione (**2.7d**):



An oven dried 5 mL round bottom flask equipped with a stir bar was charged with dicarboxylic acid **2.6d** (500 mg, 3.0 mmol, 1 mol-equiv), acetic anhydride (1.3 mL, 14.2 mmol, 5 mol-equiv), and trimethyl orthoformate (0.40 mL, 3.6 mmol, 1.2 mol-equiv). The flask was equipped with a reflux condenser, and submerged in a 110 °C oil bath. The reaction was monitored by TLC (95:5 CH₂Cl₂/MeOH). After 2 h, additional trimethyl orthoformate (0.3 mL) was added. After 2.5 h total of heating, the reaction was complete by TLC. The flask was removed from the oil bath and cooled to room temperature. The resulting precipitate was collected by filtration and washed with the cold carbon tetrachloride (20 mL). The precipitate was dried under high vacuum to obtain enol ether **2.7d** as a light brown solid (400 mg, 2.1 mmol, 69%). ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.86 (s, 1H), 7.51 (d, *J* = 2.0, 1H), 6.86 (d, *J* = 2.0, 1H), 4.25 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 165.0, 161.6, 156.8, 156.1, 144.8, 109.0, 108.3, 97.8, 65.1; HRMS (ESI): *m/z* calculated for C₉H₆O₅Na [M+Na]⁺ 217.0113, found 217.011.

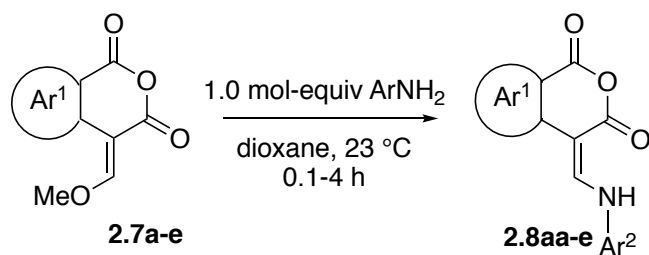
(*E*)-7-(Methoxymethylene)-4*H*-thieno[3,2-*c*]pyran-4,6(7*H*)-dione (**2.7e**):



An oven dried 5 mL round bottom flask equipped with stir bar was charged with dicarboxylic acid **2.6e** (750 mg, 4.0 mmol, 1 mol-equiv), acetic anhydride (1.9 mL, 20 mmol, 5 mol-equiv), and trimethyl orthoformate (0.90 mL, 8.1 mmol, 2 mol-equiv). The flask was equipped with a reflux condenser, and the flask submerged in a 110 °C oil bath. After 2 h, the flask was removed from the oil bath and cooled to room temperature. The resulting precipitate was collected by filtration. The precipitate was dried under high vacuum to

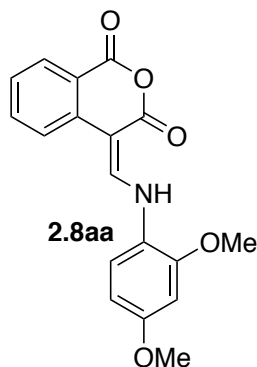
obtain enol ether **2.7e** as a purple solid (415 mg, 2.0 mmol, 49%) and used without further purification. $^1\text{H NMR}$ (500 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.92 (s, 1H), 7.54 (d, $J = 5.3$, 1H), 7.33 (d, $J = 5.4$, 1H), 4.29 (s, 3H); $^{13}\text{C NMR}$ (125 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 163.6, 161.9, 156.4, 144.3, 126.5, 125.7, 122.6, 102.1, 64.5; HRMS (ESI): m/z calculated for $\text{C}_9\text{H}_6\text{O}_4\text{SNa}$ $[\text{M}+\text{Na}]^+$ 232.9884, found 232.9879.

General procedure for the synthesis of enamines (**2.8aa-e**):



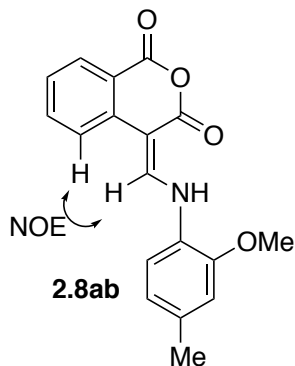
Enamines **2.8aa-e** were synthesized according to a procedure developed by Wolfbeis.¹²² An oven-dried round bottom flask equipped with stir bar was charged with the enol ether starting material (1.0 mol-equiv). Next, dioxane was added to the reaction flask to obtain an enol ether concentration of 0.5 M. A separate oven-dried round bottom flask equipped with stir bar was charged with the substituted aniline (1.0 mol-equiv). Dioxane was added to the flask to obtain a 0.5 M solution of the aniline. The aniline solution was transferred via syringe to the flask containing the enol ether solution. The reaction was monitored until enol ether was no longer detected by TLC. The resulting solid was filtered in a Büchner funnel. The solid was washed with cold dioxane and dried under vacuum to obtain the enamine, which was used without further purification. The stereochemistry of the alkene in **2.8ab** was determined by NOESY, which indicated an NOE signal between the alkene proton and the proximal proton of the benzo ring. The stereochemistry of all other enamines was assigned by analogy to **2.8ab**.

Example: (Z)-4-(((2,4-Dimethoxyphenyl)amino)methylene)isochromane-1,3-dione
(**2.8aa**):



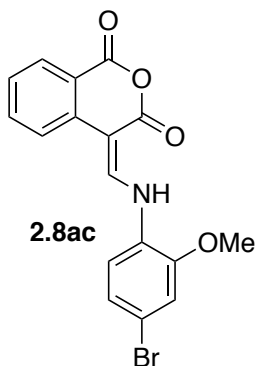
An oven-dried round bottom flask equipped with stir bar was charged with enol ether **2.7a** (0.50 g, 2.5 mmol, 1.0 mol-equiv). Next, dioxane (5.0 mL) was added to the reaction flask. A separate oven-dried round bottom flask equipped with stir bar was charged with 2,4-dimethoxyaniline (0.38 g, 2.5 mmol, 1.0 mol-equiv) and dioxane (5.0 mL) to obtain a homogeneous solution. The solution was transferred to the flask containing **2.7a** via syringe. The reaction was monitored until **2.7a** was no longer detected by TLC (10 min). Over this period, a green precipitate formed, which was collected by filtration using a Büchner funnel. The solid was washed with cold dioxane (45 mL) to give enamine **2.8aa** (0.53 g, 1.6 mmol, 70%). $R_f = 0.4$ (1:1:0.05 EtOAc/Hex/Et₃N). ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 11.64 (d, $J = 13.2$ Hz, 1H), 8.41 (d, $J = 13.8$ Hz, 1H), 8.20 (d, $J = 8.1$ Hz, 1H), 7.61 (t, $J = 7.3$ Hz, 1H), 7.55 (d, $J = 8.1$ Hz, 1H), 7.27–7.21 (m, 2H), 6.56–6.54 (m, 2H), 3.94 (s, 3H), 3.84 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 163.5, 161.9, 158.6, 150.7, 144.2, 137.5, 135.0, 131.0, 124.9, 121.9, 117.7, 117.3, 116.3, 104.8, 99.5, 91.1, 56.1, 55.7; HRMS (ESI): m/z calculated for C₁₈H₁₅NO₅Na [M+Na]⁺ 348.0848, found 348.0854.

(Z)-4-(((2-Methoxy-4-methylphenyl)amino)methylene)isochromane-1,3-dione (**2.8ab**):



Using the general procedure for enamine formation outlined above, enol ether **2.7a** (0.50 g, 2.5 mmol, 1.0 mol-equiv) was used to give enamine **2.8ab** (0.27 g, 0.86 mmol, 35%) as a green solid. $R_f = 0.5$ (1:1 EtOAc/Hex). $^1\text{H NMR}$ (500 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 11.68 (d, $J = 13.5$ Hz, 1H), 8.46 (d, $J = 13.6$, 1H), 8.20 (d, $J = 8.0$ Hz, 1H), 7.62 (t, $J = 8.1$ Hz, 1H), 7.57 (d, $J = 8.2$ Hz, 1H), 7.26 (t, $J = 7.6$ Hz, 1H), 7.19 (d, $J = 8.0$ Hz, 1H), 6.84 (d, $J = 8.3$ Hz, 1H), 6.80 (s, 1H), 3.95 (s, 3H), 2.38 (s, 3H); $^{13}\text{C NMR}$ (125 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 163.5, 161.8, 149.3, 143.9, 137.4, 136.5, 135.0, 131.1, 125.7, 125.0, 121.7, 117.8, 117.4, 114.9, 112.5, 91.5, 56.0, 21.5; HRMS (ESI): m/z calculated for $\text{C}_{18}\text{H}_{15}\text{NO}_4\text{Na}$ $[\text{M}+\text{Na}]^+$ 332.0899, found 348.0907.

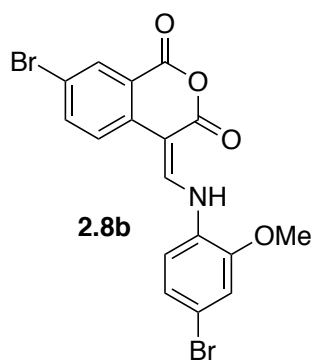
(*Z*)-4-(((4-Bromo-2-methoxyphenyl)amino)methylene)isochromane-1,3-dione (**2.8ac**):



Using the general procedure for enamine formation outlined above, enol ether **2.7a** (0.50 g, 2.5 mmol, 1.0 mol-equiv) was used to give enamine **2.8ac** (0.97 g, 2.6 mmol, 70%) as a green solid. $R_f = 0.5$ (1:1:0.05 EtOAc/Hex/ Et_3N). $^1\text{H NMR}$ (500 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 11.65 (d,

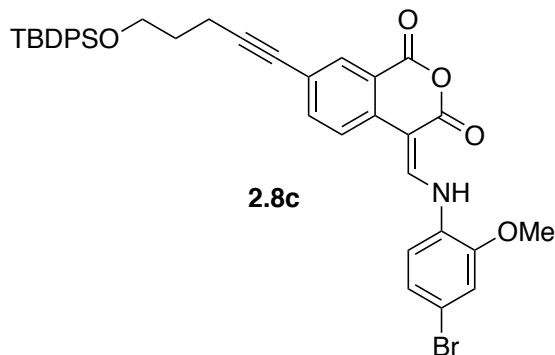
$J = 13.3$ Hz, 1H), 8.43 (d, $J = 13.5$ Hz, 1H), 8.21 (d, $J = 8.4$ Hz, 1H), 7.64 (td, $J = 7.5$ Hz, 1.3, 1H), 7.58 (d, $J = 8.0$ Hz, 1H) 7.30 (t, $J = 7.8$ Hz, 1H), 7.18 (br s, 2H), 7.11 (s, 1H), 3.98 (s, 3H); ^{13}C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 163.5, 161.5, 149.8, 143.1, 136.9, 135.2, 131.2, 127.5, 125.5, 124.2, 118.4, 118.0, 117.6, 115.8, 115.2, 92.7, 56.4; HRMS (ESI): m/z calculated for $\text{C}_{17}\text{H}_{12}\text{BrNO}_4\text{Na}$ $[\text{M}+\text{Na}]^+$ 395.9847, found 395.9850.

(*Z*)-7-Bromo-4-(((4-bromo-2-methoxyphenyl)amino)methylene)isochromane-1,3-dione
(2.8b):



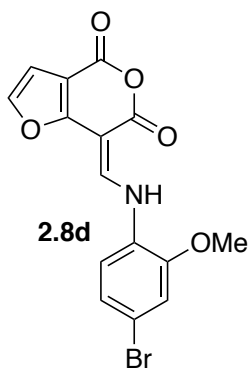
Using the general procedure for enamine formation outlined above, enol ether **2.7b** (0.75 g, 2.6 mmol, 1.0 mol-equiv) was used to give enamine **2.8b** (1.1 g, 2.3 mmol, 90%) as an orange solid. $R_f = 0.5$ (1:1 EtOAc/Hex). ^1H NMR (500 MHz, $\text{DMSO}-d_6$) δ 11.70 (d, $J = 13.2$, 1H), 9.06 (d, $J = 9.9$, 1H), 8.17 – 7.88 (m, 4H), 7.37 – 7.27 (m, 2H), 3.97 (s, 3H); ^{13}C NMR (125 MHz, $\text{DMSO}-d_6$) δ 162.8, 160.3, 149.1, 145.9, 137.4, 136.7, 131.3, 127.0, 123.8, 122.8, 118.7, 117.6, 117.4, 117.2, 115.1, 91.7, 56.9; HRMS (ESI): m/z calculated for $\text{C}_{17}\text{H}_{11}\text{Br}_2\text{NO}_4\text{Na}$ $[\text{M}+\text{Na}]^+$ 473.8953, found 473.8943.

(*Z*)-4-(((4-Bromo-2-methoxyphenyl)amino)methylene)-7-(5-((*tert*-butyldiphenylsilyl)-oxy)pent-1-yn-1-yl)isochromane-1,3-dione (**4c**):



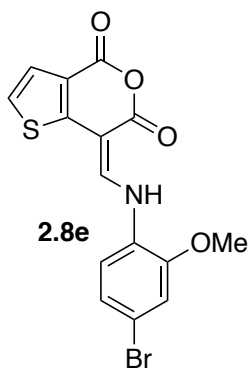
Using the general procedure for enamine formation outlined above, enol ether **2.7c** (0.11 g, 0.20 mmol, 1.0 mol-equiv) was used to give enamine **2.8c** (0.08 g, 0.11 mmol, 57%) as a green solid. $R_f = 0.8$ (3:7 EtOAc/Hex). $^1\text{H NMR}$ (600 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 8.39 (d, $J = 13.8$, 1H), 8.19 (d, $J = 1.2$, 1H), 7.69 (d, $J = 6.6$, 4H), 7.56 (dd, $J = 8.4$, 1.8, 1H), 7.48–7.47 (m, 1H), 7.42–7.36 (m, 6H), 7.18 (s, 2H), 7.12 (s, 1H), 3.98 (s, 3H), 3.81 (t, $J = 6.0$, 2H), 2.59 (t, $J = 7.2$, 2H), 1.86 (t, $J = 6.6$, 2H), 1.07 (s, 9H); $^{13}\text{C NMR}$ (125 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 160.9, 143.2, 137.8, 135.6, 134.1, 133.8, 129.7, 127.7, 127.4, 124.2, 121.5, 118.6, 118.0, 115.9, 115.3, 67.2, 62.4, 56.5, 31.5, 26.9, 19.3, 16.0; HRMS (ESI): m/z calculated for $\text{C}_{38}\text{H}_{36}\text{BrNO}_5\text{SiNa}$ $[\text{M}+\text{Na}]^+$ 716.1444, found 716.1458.

(*Z*)-7-(((4-Bromo-2-methoxyphenyl)amino)methylene)-4*H*-furo[3,2-*c*]pyran-4,6(7*H*)-dione (**2.8d**):



An oven dried 5 mL round bottom flask equipped with stir bar was charged with enol ether **2.7d**, (200 mg, 1.0 mmol, 1 mol-equiv), 4-bromo-2-methoxyaniline (230 mg, 1.1 mmol, 1.1 mol-equiv), and dioxanes (4 mL). The reaction was stirred for 2 h at room temperature. The resulting yellow-brown precipitate was collected by filtration and washed with cold dioxanes (10 mL). The precipitate was further purified by silica gel chromatography using chloroform as eluent. Combined fractions were concentrated *in vacuo* and dried under high vacuum to obtain enamine **2.8d** as a bright yellow solid (290 mg, 0.80 mmol, 80%). ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 11.36 (d, *J* =13.7, 1H), 8.25 (d, *J* =13.8, 1H), 7.35 (d, *J* =7.4, 1H), 7.20 – 7.15 (m, 2H), 7.13 (s, 1H), 6.82 (d, *J* =2.1, 1H), 3.99 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 163.6, 160.8, 156.5, 149.8, 142.6, 141.3, 126.8, 124.3, 119.0, 115.8, 115.2, 108.4, 104.4, 89.8, 56.5; HRMS (ESI): *m/z* calculated for C₁₅H₁₀BrNO₅Na [M+Na]⁺ 385.9640, found 385.9646.

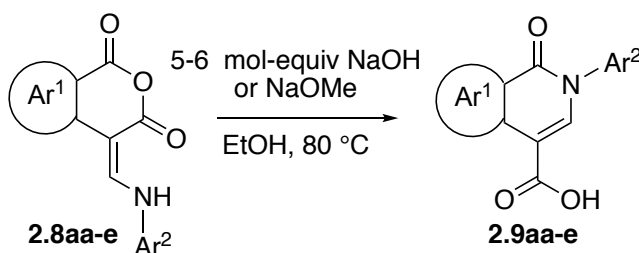
(*Z*)-7-(((4-Bromo-2-methoxyphenyl)amino)methylene)-4*H*-thieno[3,2-*c*]pyran-4,6(7*H*)-dione (**2.8e**):



An oven dried 5 mL round bottom flask equipped with stir bar was charged with enol ether **2.7e**, (230 mg, 1.1 mmol, 1 mol-equiv), 4-bromo-2-methoxyaniline (245 mg, 1.2 mmol, 1.1 mol-equiv), and dioxanes (4.5 mL). The reaction was stirred for 2 h at room temperature. The resulting yellow-brown precipitate was collected by filtration, then

purified by silica gel chromatography using chloroform as eluent. Combined column fractions were concentrated *in vacuo* and dried under high vacuum to obtain enamine **2.8e** as a bright yellow solid (250 mg, 0.65 mmol, 60%). ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 11.46 (d, *J* =13.3, 1 H), 8.07 (d, *J* =13.4, 1 H), 7.43 (d, *J* =5.3, 1H), 7.18 (dd, *J* =8.5, 1.7, 1H), 7.15 (d, *J* =8.5, 1H), 7.12 (d, *J* =1.7, 1H), 7.03 (d, *J* =5.3, 1H), 3.98 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃) δ163.3, 156.5, 151.6, 149.8, 142.6, 126.9, 126.4, 124.2, 120.9, 120.1, 118.8, 115.8, 115.2, 93.9, 56.5; HRMS (ESI): *m/z* calculated for C₁₅H₁₀BrNO₄SNa [M+Na]⁺ 401.9412, found 401.9407.

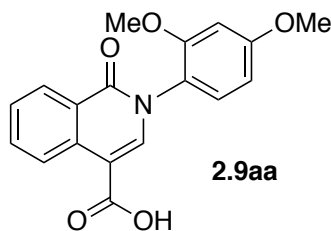
General procedure for the synthesis of isoquinolone carboxylic acids (**2.9aa-e**):



Isoquinolone carboxylic acids **2.9aa-e** were synthesized according to a procedure developed by Patil *et. al.*¹²³ An oven-dried round bottom flask equipped with stir bar was charged with the corresponding enamine **2.8aa-e** (1.0 mol-equiv) and anhydrous NaOH (5.0 mol-equiv). Next, EtOH was added to the flask and the flask was fitted with a reflux condenser. The reaction mixture was heated at reflux for 1.5 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC for disappearance of the enamine. Upon consumption of the enamine, the reaction mixture was cooled to room temperature. Then, the resulting mixture was adjusted to a pH of 1-2 with 3 M HCl. The resulting solid was filtered with cold water in a Büchner funnel and dried under vacuum to obtain the isoquinolone carboxylic acids **2.9aa-e**.

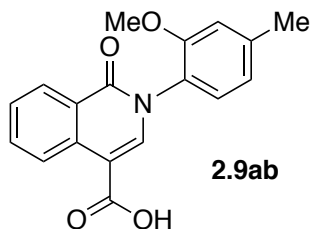
Example: 2-(2,4-Dimethoxyphenyl)-1-oxo-1,2-dihydroisoquinoline-4-carboxylic acid

(**2.9aa**):



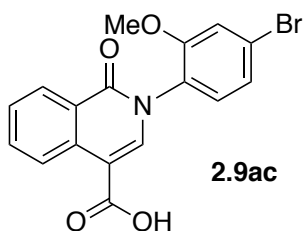
An oven-dried round bottom flask equipped with stir bar was charged with enamine **2.8aa** (1.5 g, 4.6 mmol, 1.0 mol-equiv) and anhydrous NaOH (0.91 g, 23 mmol, 5.0 mol-equiv). Next, EtOH (18 mL) was added to the flask and the flask was fitted with a reflux condenser. The reaction mixture was heated at reflux for 1.5 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC for disappearance of the enamine. Upon consumption of the enamine, the reaction mixture was cooled to room temperature. Then, the resulting mixture was adjusted to a pH of 1-2 with 3 M HCl. The resulting solid was filtered with cold water (3 x 20 mL) using a Büchner funnel to give isoquinolone carboxylic acid **2.9aa** (1.1 g, 3.5 mmol, 75%) as a purple solid. $R_f = 0.6$ (4:1 CH₂Cl₂/MeOH). ¹H NMR (125 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆) δ 12.86 (s, 1H), 8.86 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 8.28 (d, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 8.02 (s, 1H), 7.85 (td, *J* = 7.7 Hz, 1.3, 1H), 7.60 (t, *J* = 7.7 Hz, 1H), 7.35 (d, *J* = 8.7 Hz, 1H), 6.78 (d, *J* = 2.6 Hz, 1H) 6.66 (d, *J* = 2.6 Hz, 1H), 6.64 (d, *J* = 2.7 Hz, 1H), 3.84 (s, 3H) 3.75 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (500 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆) δ 166.3, 161.0, 160.9, 155.1, 142.0, 134.5, 133.2, 129.3, 127.7, 127.2, 125.2, 125.2, 122.0, 105.7, 105.1, 99.4, 56.0, 55.6; HRMS (ESI): *m/z* calculated for C₁₈H₁₅NO₅Na [M+Na]⁺ 348.0848, found 348.0858.

2-(2-Methoxy-4-methylphenyl)-1-oxo-1,2-dihydroisoquinoline-4-carboxylic acid (**2.9ab**):



Using the general procedure for the synthesis of isoquinolone carboxylic acids outlined above, enamine **2.8ab** (0.20 g, 0.81 mmol, 1.0 mol-equiv) was used to give isoquinolone carboxylic acid **2.9ab** (0.12 g, 0.38 mmol, 47%) as a brown solid. $R_f = 0.6$ (9:1 $\text{CH}_2\text{Cl}_2/\text{MeOH}$). ^1H NMR (500 MHz, $\text{DMSO}-d_6$) δ 12.86 (br s, 1H), 8.86 (d, $J = 8.3$ Hz, 1H), 8.29 (d, $J = 8.0$ Hz, 1H), 8.02 (s, 1H), 7.85 (t, $J = 7.8$ Hz, 1H), 7.61 (t, $J = 7.6$ Hz, 1H), 7.31 (d, $J = 7.8$ Hz, 1H), 7.08 (s, 1H), 6.91 (d, $J = 7.9$ Hz, 1H), 3.75 (s, 3H), 2.41 (s, 3H); ^{13}C NMR (125 MHz, $\text{DMSO}-d_6$) δ 166.3, 160.9, 153.8, 141.7, 140.5, 134.5, 133.3, 128.4, 127.7, 127.3, 126.4, 125.2, 125.16, 121.1, 113.2, 105.7, 55.8, 21.3; HRMS (ESI): m/z calculated for $\text{C}_{18}\text{H}_{15}\text{NO}_4\text{Na}$ $[\text{M}+\text{Na}]^+$ 332.0899, found 348.0904.

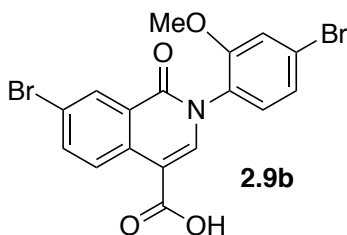
2-(4-Bromo-2-methoxyphenyl)-1-oxo-1,2-dihydroisoquinoline-4-carboxylic acid (**2.9ac**):



Using the general procedure for synthesis of isoquinolone carboxylic acids outlined above, enamine **2.8ac** (0.23 g, 0.61 mmol, 1.0 mol-equiv) was used to give isoquinolone carboxylic acid **2.9ac** (0.18 g, 0.47 mmol, 77% yield) as a brown solid. $R_f = 0.3$ (9:1 $\text{CH}_2\text{Cl}_2/\text{MeOH}$). ^1H NMR (500 MHz, $\text{DMSO}-d_6$) δ 12.90 (s, 1H), 8.85 (d, $J = 8.4$ Hz, 1H), 8.28 (d, $J = 8.0$ Hz, 1H), 8.06 (s, 1H), 7.86 (t, $J = 7.7$ Hz, 1H), 7.61 (t, $J = 7.7$ Hz, 1H), 7.47–7.43 (m,

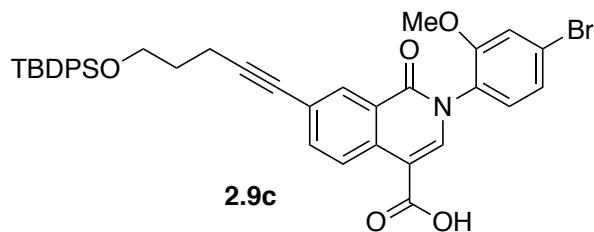
2H), 7.31 (dd, $J = 8.2, 1.6$ Hz, 1H), 3.79 (s, 3H); ^{13}C NMR (125 MHz, $\text{DMSO-}d_6$) δ 166.2, 160.7, 155.1, 141.1, 134.5, 133.4, 133.4, 130.6, 128.2, 127.7, 127.4, 125.3, 125.0, 123.6, 123.0, 116.0, 106.1, 56.6; HRMS (ESI): m/z calculated for $\text{C}_{17}\text{H}_{12}\text{BrNO}_4\text{Na}$ $[\text{M}+\text{Na}]^+$ 395.9847, found 395.9842.

7-Bromo-2-(4-bromo-2-methoxyphenyl)-1-oxo-1,2-dihydroisoquinoline-4-carboxylic acid (**2.9b**):



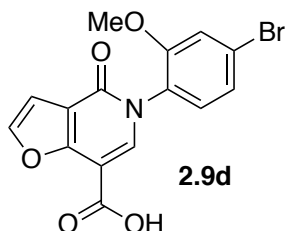
Using the general procedure for the synthesis of isoquinolone carboxylic acids outlined above, enamine **2.8b** (0.5 g, 1.1 mmol, 1.0 mol-equiv) was used to give isoquinolone carboxylic acid **2.9b** as a green solid. The crude material was purified by flash chromatography using $\text{CH}_2\text{Cl}_2/\text{MeOH}$ to give **2.9b** (0.30 g, 0.38 mmol, 61%) as a green solid. $R_f = 0.1$ (3:2 EtOAc/Hex). ^1H NMR (500 MHz, $\text{DMSO-}d_6$) δ 8.87 (d, $J = 8.5$, 1H), 8.35 (s, 1H), 8.07 – 8.02 (m, 2H), 7.47 – 7.43 (m, 2H), 7.31 (d, $J = 8.3$, 1H) 3.79 (s, 3H); ^{13}C NMR (125 MHz, $\text{DMSO-}d_6$) δ 166.5, 160.1, 155.5, 142.2, 136.8, 134.0, 131.0, 130.2, 128.33, 128.31, 127.2, 124.1, 123.7, 120.9, 116.5, 106.3, 57.0; HRMS (ESI): m/z calculated for $\text{C}_{17}\text{H}_{11}\text{Br}_2\text{NO}_4\text{Na}$ $[\text{M}+\text{Na}]^+$ 473.8953, found 473.8947.

2-(4-Bromo-2-methoxyphenyl)-7-(5-((*tert*-butyldiphenylsilyl)oxy)pent-1-yn-1-yl)-1-oxo-1,2-dihydroisoquinoline-4-carboxylic acid (**2.9c**):



Using the general procedure for the synthesis of isoquinolone carboxylic acids outlined above, enamine **2.8c** (57.5 mg, 0.08 mmol, 1.0 mol-equiv) was used to give isoquinolone carboxylic acid **2.9c** as a green solid. The crude material was purified by flash chromatography using CH₂Cl₂/MeOH to give **2.9c** (51.0 mg, 0.07 mmol, 92%) as a white solid. $R_f = 0.3$ (3:7 EtOAc/Hex). ¹H NMR (600 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆) δ 8.81 (d, *J* = 8.4, 1H), 8.18 (s, 1H), 8.06 (s, 1H), 7.77 (d, *J* = 8.4, 1H), 7.64–7.63 (m, 4H), 7.47–7.40 (m, 8H), 7.32 (d, *J* = 7.8, 1H), 3.82–3.80 (m, 5H), 2.61 (t, *J* = 6.6, 2H), 1.84 (t, *J* = 6.3, 2H), 1.01 (s, 9H); ¹³C NMR (125 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆) δ 166.6, 161.1, 155.5, 142.2, 135.5, 133.6, 131.0, 130.3, 128.4, 125.5, 124.1, 123.7, 116.5, 106.3, 62.5, 57.0, 31.3, 27.2, 19.3, 15.7; HRMS (ESI): *m/z* calculated for C₃₈H₃₆BrNO₅SiNa [M+Na]⁺ 716.1444, found 716.1438.

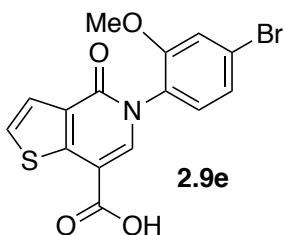
5-(4-Bromo-2-methoxyphenyl)-4-oxo-4,5-dihydrofuro[3,2-*c*]pyridine-7-carboxylic acid (**2.9d**):



A 10 mL round bottom flask equipped with stir bar was charged with sodium methoxide (180 mg, 3.3 mmol, 6 mol-equiv), ethanol (6 mL) and enamine **2.8d** (200 mg,

0.55 mmol, 1 mol-equiv). The flask was equipped with a condenser and the mixture heated at reflux for 21 h. The mixture was cooled to room temperature and dissolved in 10 mL H₂O. The mixture was adjusted to pH = 2 with 1 N HCl (aq). The resulting white precipitate was collected by filtration, washed with H₂O (20 mL), and dried under high vacuum to obtain isoquinolone carboxylic acid **2.9d** as a white solid (160 mg, 0.44 mmol, 80%). ¹H NMR (500 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆) δ 13.14 (br, 1H), 8.07 (d, *J* = 2.0, 1H), 8.01 (s, 1H), 7.46 (d, *J* = 1.9, 1H), 7.39 (d, *J* = 8.3, 1H), 7.30 (dd, *J* = 8.3, 2.0, 1H), 7.06 (d, *J* = 2.0, 1H), 3.79 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (125 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆) δ 163.2, 157.8, 156.1, 155.1, 145.5, 141.4, 130.6, 127.8, 123.4, 123.0, 115.8, 115.2, 107.1, 101.6, 56.4; HRMS (ESI): *m/z* calculated for C₁₅H₁₀BrNO₅Na [M+Na]⁺ 385.9640, found 385.9642.

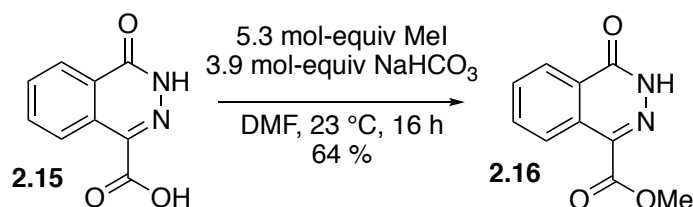
5-(4-Bromo-2-methoxyphenyl)-4-oxo-4,5-dihydrothieno[3,2-*c*]pyridine-7-carboxylic acid (**2.9e**):



A 10 mL round bottom flask equipped with stir bar was charged with sodium methoxide (128 mg, 2.4 mmol, 6 mol-equiv), ethanol (5 mL) and enamine **2.8e** (150 mg, 0.39 mmol, 1 mol-equiv). The flask was equipped with a condenser and refluxed for 22 h. Then, an additional 3 mL of ethanol was added to replace ethanol lost to evaporation, and refluxed for an additional 6 h. The reaction mixture was cooled to room temperature and dissolved in 10 mL H₂O. The mixture was adjusted to pH = 2 with 1 N HCl (aq). The resulting light-brown precipitate was collected by filtration, washed with H₂O (20 mL). The

precipitate was purified by silica gel chromatography using EtOAc. Combined column fractions were concentrated *in vacuo* and dried under high vacuum to obtain isoquinolone carboxylic acid **2.9e** as a white solid (79 mg, 0.21 mmol, 54%). ¹H NMR (500 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆) δ 13.35 (br, 1H), 8.06 (s, 1H), 7.78 (d, *J* = 5.4, 1H), 7.55 (d, *J* = 5.4, 1H), 7.46 (d, *J* = 1.9, 1H), 7.42 (d, *J* = 8.3, 1H), 7.31 (dd, *J* = 8.3, 1.9, 1H), 3.79 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (500 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆) δ 165.2, 157.3, 155.0, 145.0, 139.5, 130.5, 129.1, 128.8, 127.8, 123.9, 123.4, 123.0, 115.8, 106.0, 56.4; HRMS (ESI): *m/z* calculated for C₁₅H₁₀BrNO₄SNa [M+Na]⁺ 401.9412, found 401.9425.

Methyl 4-oxo-3,4-dihydrophthalazine-1-carboxylate (**2.16**):

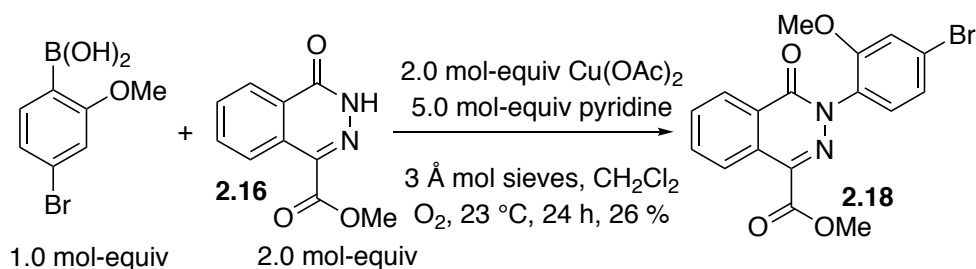


Phthalazinone methyl ester **2.16** was synthesized by adapting a procedure developed by Brittain and Wood.¹²⁴ An oven-dried round bottom flask equipped with stir bar was charged with phthalazinone carboxylic acid **2.15** (0.10 g, 0.53 mmol, 1.0 mol-equiv), NaHCO₃ (0.17 g, 2.1 mmol, 3.9 mol-equiv), DMF (2.3 mL), and methyl iodide (0.17 mL, 2.8 mmol, 5.3 mol-equiv). The reaction mixture was stirred for 16 h. Upon consumption of **2.15**, the reaction mixture was diluted with water (7 mL) and the resulting gray solid was collected by filtration using a Büchner funnel. The solid was washed with cold water (3 x 5 mL) to give phthalazinone methyl ester **2.16** (0.069 g, 0.34 mmol, 64%) as a gray solid. *R_f* = 0.5 (3:2 EtOAc/Hex). ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.76 (d, *J* = 8.3 Hz, 1H), 8.47 (d, *J* = 7.9 Hz, 1H), 7.91 (t, *J* = 7.3 Hz, 1H), 7.83 (t, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 4.07 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃) δ

163.6, 160.4 136.3, 134.5, 132.2, 128.4, 128.0, 126.9, 126.8, 53.2; HRMS (ESI): m/z calculated for $C_{10}H_8N_2O_3Na$ $[M+Na]^+$ 227.0433, found 227.0440.

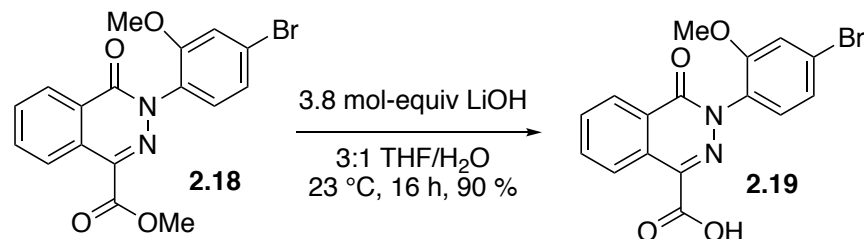
Methyl 3-(4-bromo-2-methoxyphenyl)-4-oxo-3,4-dihydrophthalazine-1-carboxylate

(**2.18**):



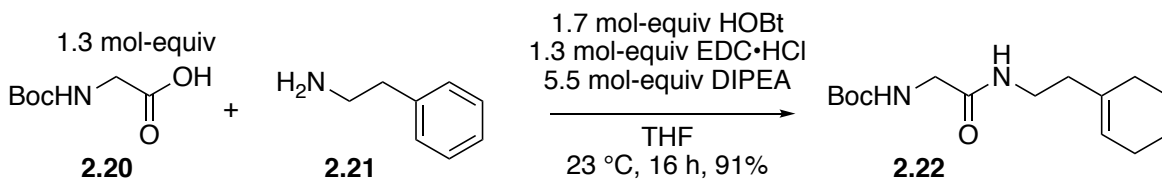
Phthalazinone methyl ester **2.18** was synthesized by adapting a procedure developed by Su and co-workers.¹²⁵ A flame-dried round bottom flask equipped stir bar was charged with amide **2.16** (0.050g, 0.24 mmol, 1.0 mol-equiv), 4-bromo-2-methoxyboronic acid (0.11 g, 0.49 mmol, 2.0 mol-equiv), $Cu(OAc)_2$ (0.089 g, 0.49 mmol, 2.0 mol-equiv), and 3 Å mol sieves (1.2 g). Next, CH_2Cl_2 (3.9 mL) and pyridine (0.10 mL, 1.2 mmol, 5.0 mol-equiv) were added to the reaction mixture. The flask was connected to a drying tube, which allowed atmospheric oxygen to enter the flask. After 24 h, the reaction mixture was filtered through celite and the filtrate concentrated *in vacuo*. The crude material was purified by flash chromatography (EtOAc/Hex) to afford phthalazinone methyl ester **2.18** (0.025 g, 0.064 mmol, 26%) as a white solid. $R_f = 0.6$ (1:1 EtOAc/Hex). 1H NMR (500 MHz, $CDCl_3$) δ 8.66 (d, $J = 8.3$ Hz, 1H), 8.50 (d, $J = 7.9$ Hz, 1H), 7.91 (t, $J = 7.9$ Hz, 1H), 7.83 (t, $J = 7.9$, 1H), 7.28 – 7.22 (m, 2H) 7.19 (d, $J = 1.6$ Hz, 1H), 3.99 (s, 3H), 3.80 (s, 3H); ^{13}C NMR (125 MHz, $CDCl_3$) δ 163.8, 159.1, 155.5, 136.4, 134.1, 132.2, 129.9, 129.6, 128.12, 128.06, 127.6, 126.6, 124.3, 124.1, 116.1, 56.5, 53.2; HRMS (ESI): m/z calculated for $C_{17}H_{13}BrN_2O_4$ $[M]^+$ 388.0059, found 388.0050.

3-(4-Bromo-2-methoxyphenyl)-4-oxo-3,4-dihydrophthalazine-1-carboxylic acid (**2.19**):



Carboxylic acid **2.19** was synthesized according to a procedure developed by Selwood.¹²⁶ A round bottom flask equipped with stir bar was charged with phthalazinone methyl ester **2.18** (0.024 g, 0.061 mmol, 1.0 mol-equiv). THF (0.60 mL) and 0.17 mL of aqueous LiOH (1.4 M, 0.23 mmol, 3.8 mol-equiv) was added to the flask via syringe. The reaction progress was monitored by TLC, which indicated complete consumption of **2.18** after stirring overnight. 1.7 mL of 1 N HCl and 2.8 mL of EtOAc were added to the reaction mixture. The mixture was extracted with EtOAc (3 x 7 mL). The combined organic layers were washed with brine and dried over Na₂SO₄. The solution was concentrated *in vacuo* to yield phthalazinone carboxylic acid **2.19** (0.021 g, 0.055 mmol, 90%) as a light yellow solid. $R_f = 0.3$ (4:1 CH₂Cl₂/MeOH). ¹H NMR (500 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆) δ 8.55 (d, *J* = 8.2, 1H), 8.33 (d, *J* = 7.8, 1H), 8.03 (t, *J* = 8.1 Hz, 1H), 7.94 (t, *J* = 7.8, 1H), 7.46 – 7.43 (m, 2H), 7.31 (dd, *J* = 8.3, 1.9, 1H), 3.78 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (125 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆) δ 164.4, 158.1, 155.3, 137.4, 134.3, 132.4, 130.6, 129.6, 127.45, 127.39, 126.65, 126.58, 123.6, 123.0, 115.8, 56.4; HRMS (ESI): *m/z* calculated for C₁₆H₁₀BrN₂O₄ [M-H]⁻ 372.9824, found 372.9834.

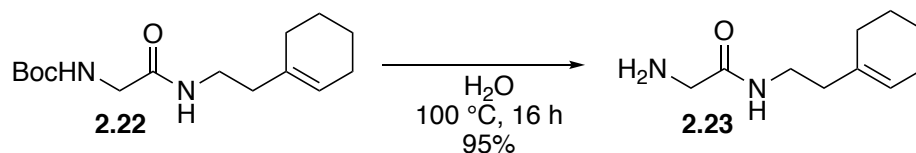
tert-Butyl (2-((2-(cyclohex-1-en-1-yl)ethyl)amino)-2-oxoethyl)carbamate (**2.22**):



Amide **2.22** was synthesized according to a procedure developed by Awuah *et. al.*¹²⁷

An oven-dried round bottom flask equipped with stir bar was charged with Boc-glycine **2.20** (5.5 g, 31 mmol, 1.3 mol-equiv), HOBt (5.3 g, 40 mmol, 1.7 mol-equiv), and EDC•HCl (6.0 g, 31 mmol, 1.3 mol-equiv). THF (120 mL) was added to the reaction vessel followed by amine **2.21** (3.3 mL, 24 mmol, 1.0 mol-equiv). While stirring, DIPEA (23 mL, 130 mmol, 5.5 mol-equiv) was added to the reaction vessel via syringe. The reaction progress was monitored by TLC, which indicated complete consumption of **2.21** after 16 h. The reaction mixture was diluted with saturated NH₄Cl and extracted with EtOAc (3 x 360 mL). The combined organic layers were washed with brine, dried with Na₂SO₄, and concentrated *in vacuo* to afford a white solid and purified with flash chromatography (EtOAc/Hex) to yield amide **2.22** (6.2 g, 22 mmol, 91%) as a white solid. *R_f* = 0.8 (1:1 EtOAc/Hex). ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 6.18 (s, 1H), 5.44 (s, 1H), 5.25 (s, 1H), 3.74 (d, *J* = 5.7 Hz, 2H), 3.31 (q, *J* = 5.9 Hz, 2H), 2.10 (t, *J* = 6.8 Hz, 2H), 1.97 – 1.89 (m, 4H), 1.62 – 1.50 (m, 4H), 1.43 (s, 9H); ¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 169.3, 156.1, 134.5, 123.8, 80.2, 44.4, 37.6, 37.2, 28.4, 28.0, 25.3, 22.9, 22.4; HRMS (ESI): *m/z* calculated for C₁₅H₂₆N₂O₃Na [M+Na]⁺ 305.1841, found 305.1833.

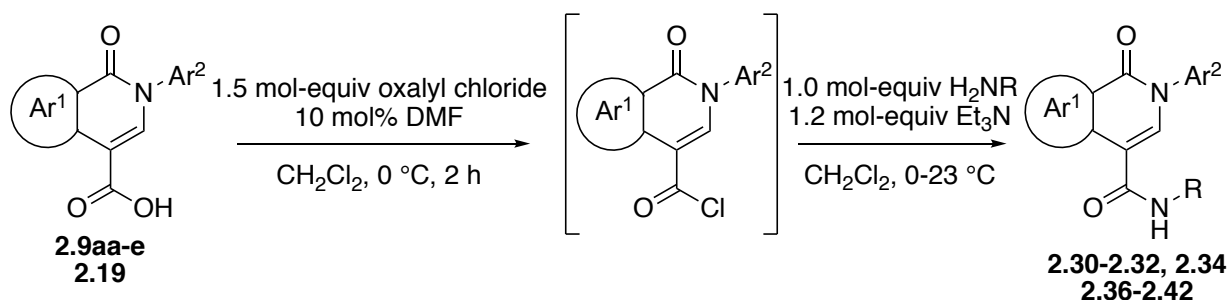
2-Amino-*N*-(2-(cyclohex-1-en-1-yl)ethyl)acetamide (**2.23**):



Amine **2.23** was synthesized by adapting a procedure developed by Zinelaabidine *et. al.*¹²⁸ A round bottom flask equipped with stir bar was charged with Boc-protected amine **2.22** (1.5 g, 5.3 mmol, 1.0 mol-equiv) and water (110 mL). The flask was fitted with a

condenser and heated at reflux while monitoring for consumption of **2.22** by TLC. After 16 h, the reaction mixture was cooled to room temperature. The aqueous layer was extracted with CH₂Cl₂ (3 x 100 mL). The combined organic layers were concentrated *in vacuo* to give amine **2.23** (0.91 g, 5.0 mmol, 95%) as a yellow oil, which solidified upon storage at -20 °C. ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.21 (br s, 1H), 5.48 (s, 1H), 3.38–3.34 (m, 4H), 2.15 (t, *J* = 6.7 Hz, 2H), 2.0–1.94 (m, 4H), 1.65–1.51 (m, 4H), 1.42 (br s, 2H); ¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 172.5, 134.7, 123.4, 44.8, 37.7, 36.8, 28.0, 25.3, 22.9, 22.4; HRMS (ESI): *m/z* calculated for C₁₀H₁₈N₂ONa [M+Na]⁺ 205.1317, found 205.1312.

General procedure for synthesis of amides via acid chlorides (**2.30-2.32**, **2.34**, **2.36-2.42**):

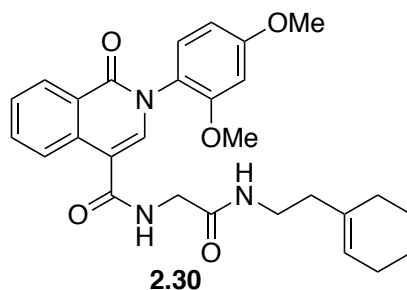


Amides **2.30-2.32**, **2.34** and **2.36-2.42** were synthesized by adapting procedures developed by Berghasuen *et. al.*¹²⁹ and Liu *et. al.*¹³⁰ A flame-dried round bottom flask equipped with stir bar was charged with the corresponding carboxylic acid **2.9aa-e** or **2.19** (1.0 mol-equiv). Next, CH₂Cl₂ was added to the flask and the reaction mixture was cooled to 0 °C in an ice-water bath. Oxalyl chloride (1.5 mol-equiv) and DMF (0.1 mol-equiv) were added sequentially. The reaction mixture was stirred at 0 °C for 2 h to obtain a clear solution. The solution was concentrated *in vacuo* to yield the corresponding acid chloride, which was used without purification.

A separate flame-dried round bottom flask equipped with stir bar was charged with the corresponding amine (1.0 mol-equiv), CH₂Cl₂, and Et₃N (1.2 mol-equiv). The flask was

cooled to 0 °C in an ice-water bath. Next, the acid chloride was dissolved in CH₂Cl₂ and transferred dropwise to the amine solution over 10 min. The reaction vessel was warmed to room temperature, and monitored by TLC for consumption of the acid chloride (0.5-2 h). The reaction mixture was washed with K₂CO₃ (aq, 10 wt%) and extracted with CH₂Cl₂. The combined organic layers were washed with brine, dried over Na₂SO₄, and concentrated *in vacuo*. The crude material was purified by flash chromatography to obtain the corresponding amide **2.30-2.32**, **2.34** and **2.36-2.42**. Amide **2.35** was obtained by TBDPS-deprotection of the crude product, followed by purification using chromatography.

Example: *N*-(2-((2-(Cyclohex-1-en-1-yl)ethyl)amino)-2-oxoethyl)-2-(2,4-dimethoxyphenyl)-1-oxo-1,2-dihydroisoquinoline-4-carboxamide (**2.30**):

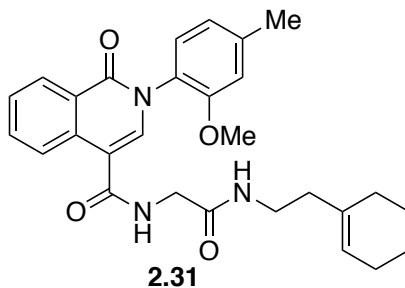


A flame-dried round bottom flask equipped with stir bar was charged with isoquinolone carboxylic acid **2.9aa** (0.050 g, 0.15 mmol, 1.0 mol-equiv) and CH₂Cl₂ (2.0 mL). The reaction mixture was cooled to 0 °C in an ice-water bath. Subsequently, oxalyl chloride (20 μL, 0.23 mmol, 1.5 mol-equiv) and DMF (1.2 μL, 0.015 mmol, 0.1 mol-equiv) were added sequentially. The reaction mixture was stirred at 0 °C for 2 h to obtain a clear solution. The solution was concentrated *in vacuo* to yield the acid chloride.

A separate flame-dried round bottom flask equipped with stir bar was charged with amine **2.23** (0.028 g, 0.15 mmol, 1.0 mol-equiv), CH₂Cl₂ (4.0 mL) and Et₃N (0.025 mL, 0.18 mmol 1.2 mol-equiv). The flask was cooled to 0 °C in an ice-water bath. Next, the acid

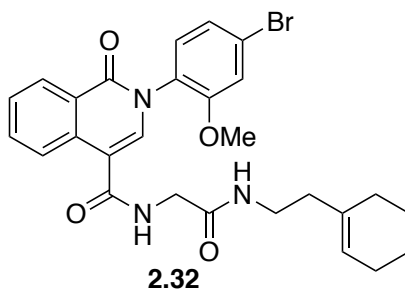
chloride was dissolved in CH₂Cl₂ (6.0 mL) and injected dropwise via syringe into the reaction mixture over 10 min. The reaction vessel was warmed to room temperature. The reaction mixture was stirred until the acid chloride was no longer detected by TLC (0.5 h). Upon consumption of the acid chloride, the reaction mixture was washed with K₂CO₃ (aq, 10 wt%) and extracted with CH₂Cl₂ (3 x 20 mL). The combined organic layers were washed with brine, dried over Na₂SO₄, and concentrated *in vacuo* to afford a purple solid. The solid was purified by flash chromatography (CH₂Cl₂/Et₂O) to afford amide **2.30** (0.074 g, 0.15 mmol, 98%) as a white solid. *R_f* = 0.2 (6:4 EtOAc/Hex). ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.47 (d, *J* = 7.9 Hz, 1H), 8.23 (d, *J* = 8.3 Hz, 1H), 7.72 (t, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 7.54 (t, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 7.51 (s, 1H), 7.17 (d, *J* = 8.7 Hz, 1H), 6.84 (t, *J* = 4.9 Hz, 1H), 6.57 (d, *J* = 2.6 Hz, 1H), 6.53 (dd, *J* = 9.6, 2.5 Hz, 1H), 6.06 (t, *J* = 5.3 Hz, 1H), 5.46 (s, 1H), 4.08 (d, *J* = 5.0 Hz, 2H), 3.85 (s, 3H), 3.75 (s, 3H), 3.56 (q, *J* = 5.6 Hz, 2H), 2.14 (t, *J* = 7.0 Hz, 2H), 1.96–1.90 (m, 4H), 1.62–1.50 (m, 4H); ¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 168.4, 168.8, 162.0, 161.4, 155.5, 135.7, 134.4, 134.2, 133.1, 129.3, 128.8, 127.6, 126.3, 124.8, 124.0, 122.4, 112.8, 104.7, 99.8, 56.0, 55.8, 43.6, 37.6, 37.5, 28.0, 25.3, 22.9, 22.4; HRMS (ESI): *m/z* calculated for C₂₈H₃₁N₃O₅Na [M+Na]⁺ 512.2161, found 512.2150; HPLC purity: 99.5%.

N-(2-((2-(Cyclohex-1-en-1-yl)ethyl)amino)-2-oxoethyl)-2-(2-methoxy-4-methylphenyl)-1-oxo-1,2-dihydroisoquinoline-4-carboxamide (**2.31**):



Isoquinolone carboxylic acid **2.9ab** (0.051 g, 0.17 mmol, 1.0 mol-equiv) and amine **2.23** (0.031 g, 0.17 mmol, 1.0 mol-equiv) were reacted following the general procedure for the synthesis of amides outlined above. The crude material was purified by flash chromatography using CH₂Cl₂/Et₂O to give amide **2.31** (0.075 g, 0.16 mmol, 96%) as a white solid. $R_f = 0.2$ (6:4 EtOAc/Hex). ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.47 (d, $J = 8.0$ Hz, 1H), 8.23 (d, $J = 8.2$ Hz, 1H), 7.72 (t, $J = 7.1$ Hz, 1H), 7.53 (t, $J = 8.0$ Hz, 1H), 7.51 (s, 1H), 7.13 (d, $J = 8.3$ Hz, 1H), 6.86 – 6.83 (m, 3H), 6.08 (br s, 1H), 5.45 (s, 1H), 4.07 (d, $J = 5.0$ Hz, 2H), 3.77 (s, 3H), 3.35 (q, $J = 6.7$ Hz, 2H), 2.41 (s, 3H), 2.13 (t, $J = 6.8$ Hz, 2H), 1.97 – 1.86 (m, 4H), 1.62 – 1.49 (m, 4H); ¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 168.4, 166.8, 161.9, 154.3, 141.0, 135.5, 134.4, 134.2, 133.1, 128.8, 128.4, 127.6, 126.6, 126.3, 124.8, 124.0, 121.7, 113.1, 112.8, 55.9, 43.6, 37.6, 37.5, 28.0, 25.3, 22.9, 22.4, 21.9; HRMS (ESI): m/z calculated for C₂₈H₃₁N₃O₄Na [M+Na]⁺ 496.2212, found 496.2229; HPLC purity: 99.6%.

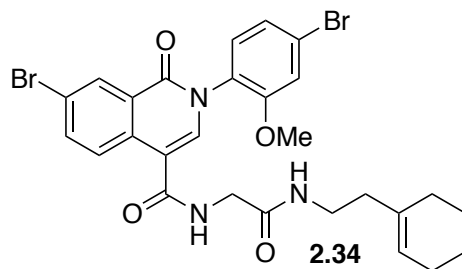
2-(4-Bromo-2-methoxyphenyl)-N-(2-((2-(cyclohex-1-en-1-yl)ethyl)amino)-2-oxoethyl)-1-oxo-1,2-dihydroisoquinoline-4-carboxamide (**2.32**):



Isoquinolone carboxylic acid **2.9ac** (0.059 g, 0.15 mmol, 1.0 mol-equiv) and amine **2.23** (0.029 g, 0.16 mmol, 1.0 mol-equiv) were reacted following the general procedure for the synthesis of amides outlined above. The crude material was purified by flash chromatography using CH₂Cl₂/Et₂O to give amide **2.32** (0.078 g, 0.14 mmol, 95%) as a

white solid. $R_f = 0.2$ (6:4 EtOAc/Hex). $^1\text{H NMR}$ (500 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 8.46 (d, $J = 8.1$ Hz, 1H), 8.22 (d, $J = 8.1$ Hz, 1H), 7.73 (t, $J = 7.6$ Hz, 1H), 7.55 (t, $J = 7.5$ Hz, 1H), 7.46 (s, 1H), 7.19–7.14 (m, 3H), 6.89 (br s, 1H), 6.05 (br s, 1H), 5.46 (s, 1H), 4.08 (d, $J = 4.8$ Hz, 2H), 3.79 (s, 3H), 3.35 (q, $J = 6.2$ Hz, 2H), 2.14 (t, $J = 6.72$ Hz, 2H), 1.97–1.90 (m, 4H), 1.62–1.50 (m, 4H); $^{13}\text{C NMR}$ (125 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 168.4, 166.6, 161.6, 155.3, 134.7, 134.4, 134.2, 133.3, 130.1, 128.8, 128.3, 127.9, 126.2, 124.9, 124.2, 124.1, 123.9, 116.1, 113.3, 56.4, 43.5, 37.57, 37.56, 28.0, 25.3, 22.9, 22.4; HRMS (ESI): m/z calculated for $\text{C}_{27}\text{H}_{28}\text{BrN}_3\text{O}_4\text{Na}$ $[\text{M}+\text{Na}]^+$ 560.1161, found 560.1158; HPLC purity: 98.3%.

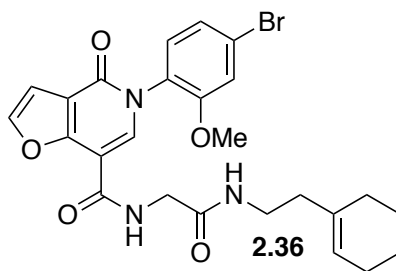
7-Bromo-2-(4-bromo-2-methoxyphenyl)-*N*-(2-((2-(cyclohex-1-en-1-yl)ethyl)amino)-2-oxoethyl)-1-oxo-1,2-dihydroisoquinoline-4-carboxamide (**2.34**):



Isoquinolone carboxylic acid **2.9b** (0.069 g, 0.15 mmol, 1.0 mol-equiv) and amine **2.23** (0.028 g, 0.15 mmol, 1.0 mol-equiv) were reacted following the general procedure for the synthesis of amides outlined above. The crude material was purified by flash chromatography using $\text{CH}_2\text{Cl}_2/\text{MeOH}$ to give amide **2.34** (0.092 g, 0.15 mmol, >99%) as a yellow solid. $R_f = 0.3$ (6:4 EtOAc/Hex). $^1\text{H NMR}$ (500 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 8.56 (d, $J = 2.2$ Hz, 1H), 8.15 (d, $J = 8.8$, 1H), 7.80 (dd, $J = 8.8, 2.2$ Hz, 1H), 7.48 (s, 1H), 7.21 – 7.14 (m, 3H), 6.93 (t, $J = 4.5$ Hz, 1H), 5.93 (br s, 1H), 5.46 (br s, 1H), 4.05 (d, $J = 4.03$ Hz, 2H), 3.79 (s, 3H), 3.35 (q, $J = 5.5$ Hz, 2H), 2.14 (t, $J = 6.7$ Hz, 2H) 1.98 – 1.90 (m, 4H) 1.64 – 1.52 (m, 4H); $^{13}\text{C NMR}$ (125 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 168.2, 166.1, 160.3, 155.1, 136.3, 134.9, 134.2, 132.9, 131.2, 129.9, 127.9,

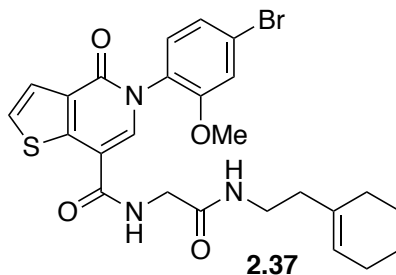
127.5, 126.8, 124.2, 124.10, 124.05, 122.9, 116.1, 112.6, 56.3, 43.3, 37.47, 37.46, 27.9, 25.3, 22.8, 22.3; HRMS (ESI): m/z calculated for $C_{27}H_{27}Br_2N_3O_4Na$ $[M+Na]^+$ 638.0266, found 638.0270; HPLC purity: 97.1%.

5-(4-Bromo-2-methoxyphenyl)-*N*-(2-((2-(cyclohex-1-en-1-yl)ethyl)amino)-2-oxoethyl)-4-oxo-4,5-dihydrofuro[3,2-*c*]pyridine-7-carboxamide (**2.36**):



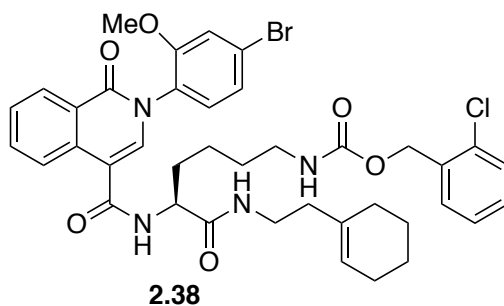
Isoquinolone carboxylic acid **2.9d** (70 mg, 0.19 mmol, 1.0 mol-equiv) and amine **2.23** (83 mg, 0.45 mmol, 2.4 mol-equiv) were reacted following the general procedure for the synthesis of amides outlined above. The crude material was purified by flash chromatography using ethyl acetate to obtain amide **2.36** (83 mg, 0.16 mmol, 82%) as a white solid. 1H NMR (500 MHz, $CDCl_3$) δ 8.07 (s, 1H), 7.83 (t, $J = 4.7$ Hz, 1H), 7.68 (d, $J = 1.8$ Hz, 1H), 7.22 (dd, $J = 8.3$ Hz, 1.9 Hz, 1H), 7.20 (d, $J = 2.0$ Hz, 1H), 7.14 (d, $J = 8.2$ Hz, 1H), 6.06-5.90 (m, 1H), 5.44 (s, 1H), 4.16 (d, $J = 5.1$ Hz, 2H), 3.79 (s, 3H), 3.38 (q, $J = 6.5$ Hz, 2H), 2.15 (t, $J = 6.7$ Hz, 2H), 1.98-1.84 (m, 4H), 1.63-1.55 (m, 2H), 1.54-1.45 (m, 2H); ^{13}C NMR (125 MHz, $CDCl_3$) δ 168.3, 162.0, 158.7, 155.9, 155.2, 144.0, 140.7, 134.5, 130.0, 128.0, 124.3, 124.2, 124.1, 116.1, 115.6, 108.5, 103.5, 56.4, 43.8, 37.6, 37.5, 28.0, 25.3, 22.9, 22.4; HRMS (ESI): m/z calculated for $C_{25}H_{26}BrN_3O_5Na$ $[M+Na]^+$ 550.0953, found 550.0948; HPLC purity: 98.9%.

5-(4-Bromo-2-methoxyphenyl)-*N*-(2-((2-(cyclohex-1-en-1-yl)ethyl)amino)-2-oxoethyl)-4-oxo-4,5-dihydrothieno[3,2-*c*]pyridine-7-carboxamide (**2.37**):



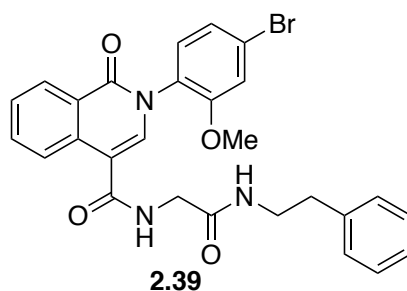
Isoquinolone **2.9e** (70 mg, 0.19 mmol, 1.0 mol-equiv) and amine **2.23** (83 mg, 0.45 mmol, 2.4 mol-equiv) were reacted following the general procedure for the synthesis of amides outlined above. The crude material was purified by flash chromatography using 50:50 EtOAc/Hex followed by 75:25 EtOAc/Hex to obtain amide **2.37** (83 mg, 0.16 mmol, 82%) as a white solid. ^1H NMR (500 MHz, $\text{DMSO-}d_6$) δ 8.67 (t, $J = 5.8$ Hz, 1H), 8.33 (s, 1H), 7.84 (t, $J = 5.6$ Hz, 1H), 7.73 (d, $J = 5.4$ Hz, 1H), 7.51 (d, $J = 5.5$ Hz, 1H), 7.50 (d, $J = 2.0$ Hz, 1H), 7.42 (d, $J = 8.3$ Hz, 1H), 7.35 (dd, $J = 8.3$ Hz, 1.9 Hz, 1H), 5.42-5.31 (br, 1H), 3.86-3.74 (m, 5H), 3.12 (q, $J = 6.8$ Hz, 2H), 2.05-1.96 (t, $J = 7.3$ Hz, 2H), 1.93-1.83 (m, 4H), 1.56-1.49 (m, 2H), 1.49-1.42 (m, 2H); ^{13}C NMR (125 MHz, $\text{DMSO-}d_6$) δ 168.5, 163.9, 157.2, 155.3, 145.2, 135.7, 134.8, 130.7, 129.4, 129.3, 128.5, 123.6, 123.5, 123.0, 122.0, 115.8, 108.7, 56.5, 42.4, 37.5, 37.2, 27.7, 24.6, 22.4, 21.9. HRMS (ESI): m/z calculated for $\text{C}_{25}\text{H}_{26}\text{BrN}_3\text{O}_4\text{SNa}$ $[\text{M}+\text{Na}]^+$ 566.0725, found 566.0711; HPLC purity: 99.3%.

2-Chlorobenzyl (S)-(5-(2-(4-bromo-2-methoxyphenyl)-1-oxo-1,2-dihydroisoquinoline-4-carboxamido)-6-((2-(cyclohex-1-en-1-yl)ethyl)amino)-6-oxohexyl)carbamate (**2.38**):



Isoquinolone carboxylic acid **2.9ac** (0.058 g, 0.16 mmol, 1.0 mol-equiv) and amine **2.29** (0.068 g, 0.16 mmol, 1.0 mol-equiv) were reacted following the general procedure for the synthesis of amides outlined above. The crude material was purified by flash chromatography using EtOAc/Hex to give amide **2.38** (0.097 g, 0.12 mmol, 80%) as a white solid. $R_f = 0.6$ (6:4 EtOAc/Hex). $^1\text{H NMR}$ (500 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 8.44 (d, $J = 7.9$ Hz, 1H), 8.17 (d, $J = 8.1$ Hz, 1H), 7.72 (t, $J = 7.3$ Hz, 1H), 7.53 (t, $J = 7.7$ Hz, 1H), 7.41 (s, 1H), 7.35–7.32 (m, 2H), 7.26–7.13 (m, 5H), 6.80 (d, $J = 7.8$ Hz, 1H), 6.15 (t, $J = 5.6$ Hz, 1H), 5.44 (s, 1H), 5.12 (q, $J = 9.3$ Hz, 2H), 4.95 (s, $J = 5.1$ Hz, 1H), 4.57 (q, $J = 6.5$ Hz, 1H), 3.78 (s, 3H), 3.42–3.34 (m, 1H), 3.31–3.25 (m, 1H), 3.20 (q, $J = 6.5$ Hz, 2H), 2.13 (t, $J = 6.5$ Hz, 2H), 1.98–1.86 (m, 5H), 1.88–1.70 (m, 1H), 1.62–1.39 (m, 8H); $^{13}\text{C NMR}$ (125 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 171.3, 166.3, 161.5, 156.5, 155.3, 134.43, 134.37, 134.27, 134.17, 133.6, 133.3, 130.1, 129.8, 129.6, 129.5, 128.8, 128.3, 127.8, 127.0, 126.1, 124.8, 124.2, 124.0, 116.1, 113.6, 64.1, 56.3, 53.4, 40.5, 37.6, 37.5, 32.7, 29.7, 28.0, 25.4, 22.9, 22.7, 22.4; HRMS (ESI): m/z calculated for $\text{C}_{39}\text{H}_{42}\text{BrClN}_4\text{O}_6\text{Na}$ $[\text{M}+\text{Na}]^+$ 799.1874, found 799.1873; HPLC purity: 98.1%.

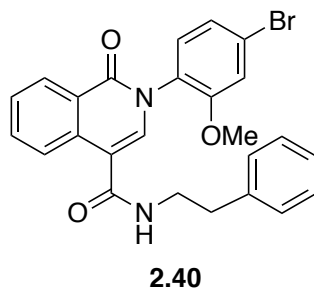
2-(4-Bromo-2-methoxyphenyl)-1-oxo-N-(2-oxo-2-(phenethylamino)ethyl)-1,2-dihydroisoquinoline-4-carboxamide (**2.39**):



Isoquinolone carboxylic acid **2.9ac** (0.059 g, 0.16 mmol, 1.0 mol-equiv) and amine **2.26** (0.029 g, 0.16 mmol, 1.0 mol-equiv) were reacted following the general procedure for

the synthesis of amides outlined above. The crude material was purified by flash chromatography using EtOAc/Hex to give amide **2.39** (0.087 g, 0.16 mmol, >99%) as a white solid. $R_f = 0.3$ (6:4 EtOAc/Hex). $^1\text{H NMR}$ (500 MHz, $\text{DMSO-}d_6$) δ 8.58 (t, $J = 5.6$ Hz, 1H), 8.33 (d, $J = 8.8$ Hz, 1H), 8.27 (d, $J = 8.1$ Hz, 1H), 8.05 (t, $J = 5.5$ Hz, 1H), 7.81 (t, $J = 8.1$ Hz, 1H), 7.71 (s, 1H), 7.60 (t, $J = 7.5$ Hz, 1H), 7.48 (d, $J = 1.6$ Hz, 1H), 7.40 (d, $J = 8.2$ Hz, 1H), 7.35 (dd, $J = 8.2$ Hz, 1.8, 1H), 7.26 (t, $J = 7.6$ Hz, 2H), 7.22–7.16 (m, 3H), 3.82–3.78 (m, 5H), 3.3 (q, $J = 7.0$ Hz, 2H), 2.72 (t, $J = 7.6$ Hz, 2H); $^{13}\text{C NMR}$ (125 MHz, $\text{DMSO-}d_6$) δ 168.8, 165.8, 160.2, 155.4, 139.4, 135.3, 134.6, 133.0, 130.6, 128.7, 128.3, 127.5, 127.4, 126.1, 125.3, 125.1, 123.6, 122.8, 115.9, 112.0, 79.2, 56.5, 42.4, 40.3, 35.2 HRMS (ESI): m/z calculated for $\text{C}_{27}\text{H}_{24}\text{BrN}_3\text{O}_4\text{Na}$ $[\text{M}+\text{Na}]^+$ 556.0848, found 556.0844; HPLC purity: 98.0%.

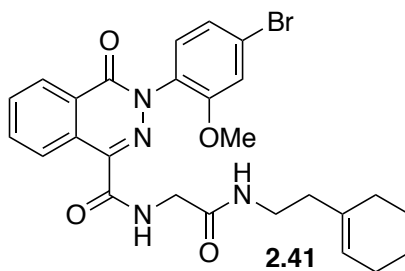
2-(4-Bromo-2-methoxyphenyl)-1-oxo-N-phenethyl-1,2-dihydroisoquinoline-4-carboxamide (**2.40**):



Isoquinolone carboxylic acid **2.9ac** (0.058 g, 0.16 mmol, 1.0 mol-equiv) and phenethylamine (0.019 g, 0.16 mmol, 1.0 mol-equiv) were reacted following the general procedure for the synthesis of amides outlined above. The crude material was purified by flash chromatography using EtOAc/Hex to give amide **2.40** (0.067 g, 0.14 mmol, 92%) as a white solid. $R_f = 0.8$ (6:4 EtOAc/Hex). $^1\text{H NMR}$ (500 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 8.42 (d, $J = 8.1$, 1H), 8.0 (d, $J = 8.2$, 1H), 7.7 (t, $J = 7.3$, 1H), 7.52 (t, $J = 7.8$, 1H), 7.30–7.25 (m, 3H), 7.25–7.15 (m, 5H),

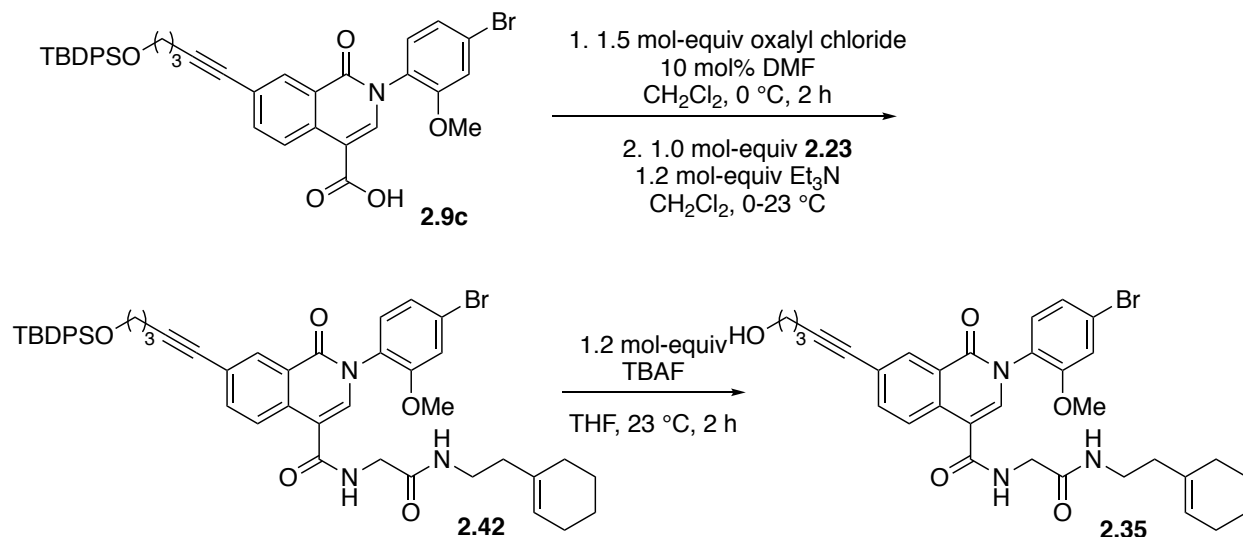
7.11 (d, $J = 8.3$, 1H), 5.94 (t, $J = 5.5$, 1H), 3.76–3.70 (m, 5H), 2.95 (t, 6.9, 2H); ^{13}C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 166.3, 161.4, 155.2, 138.7, 134.1, 133.9, 133.2, 130.0, 128.9, 128.8, 128.6, 128.3, 127.7, 126.7, 126.1, 124.7, 124.1, 123.8, 116.0, 114.4, 56.2, 41.0, 35.5; HRMS (ESI): m/z calculated for $\text{C}_{25}\text{H}_{21}\text{BrN}_2\text{O}_3\text{Na}$ $[\text{M}+\text{Na}]^+$ 499.0633, found 499.0637; HPLC purity: 98.9%.

3-(4-Bromo-2-methoxyphenyl)-*N*-(2-((2-(cyclohex-1-en-1-yl)ethyl)amino)-2-oxoethyl)-4-oxo-3,4-dihydrophthalazine-1-carboxamide (**2.41**):



Phthalazinone carboxylic acid **2.19** (0.021 g, 0.055 mmol, 1.0 mol-equiv) and amine **2.23** (0.0099 g, 0.055 mmol, 1.0 mol-equiv) were reacted following the general procedure for the synthesis of amides outlined above. The crude material was purified by flash chromatography using $\text{CH}_2\text{Cl}_2/\text{Et}_2\text{O}$ to give amide **2.41** (0.020 g, 0.047 mmol, 67%) as a white solid. $R_f = 0.5$ (4:1 EtOAc/Hex). ^1H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 9.13 (d, $J = 8.2$ Hz, 1H), 8.49 (d, $J = 7.8$, 1H), 7.89 (t, $J = 8.1$ Hz, 1H), 7.83 (t, $J = 7.8$ Hz, 1H), 7.74 (t, $J = 7.0$ Hz, 1H), 7.26 – 7.21 (m, 3H), 6.00 (br s, 1H), 5.42 (br s, 1H), 4.05 (d, $J = 5.7$ Hz, 2H), 3.81 (s, 3H), 3.34 (q, $J = 5.9$ Hz, 2H), 2.12 (t, $J = 6.7$ Hz, 2H), 1.88 – 1.87 (m, 4H), 1.57 – 1.56 (m, 2H), 1.48 – 1.47 (m, 2H); ^{13}C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 168.1, 163.8, 159.1, 155.4, 136.5, 134.4, 134.0, 132.2, 129.7, 129.4, 128.3, 128.0, 127.6, 127.4, 124.12, 124.10; 124.0, 116.0, 56.3, 43.4, 37.5, 37.2, 27.8, 25.2, 22.8, 22.3; HRMS (ESI): m/z calculated for $\text{C}_{26}\text{H}_{27}\text{BrN}_4\text{O}_4\text{Na}$ $[\text{M}+\text{Na}]^+$ 561.1113, found 561.1127; HPLC purity: 97.8%.

2-(4-Bromo-2-methoxyphenyl)-*N*-(2-((2-(cyclohex-1-en-1-yl)ethyl)amino)-2oxoethyl)-7-(5-hydroxypent-1-yn-1-yl)-1-oxo-1,2-dihydroisoquinoline-4-carboxamide (**2.35**):

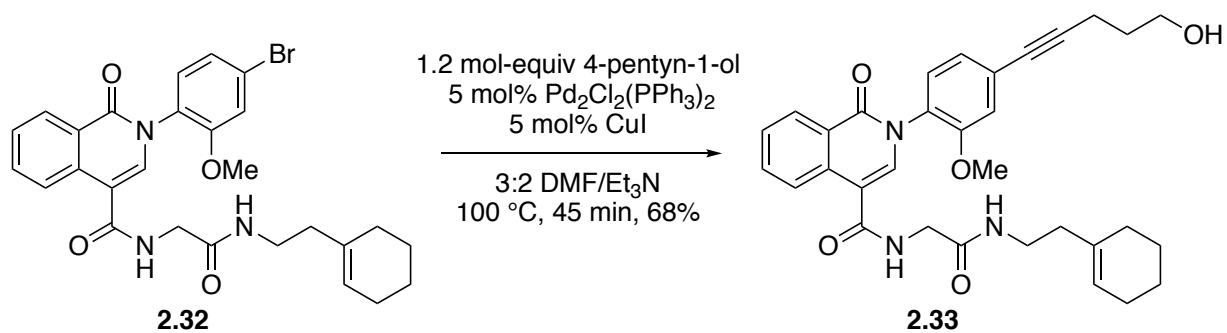


Isoquinolone carboxylic acid **2.9c** (0.045 g, 0.053 mmol, 1.0 mol-equiv) and amine **2.23** (0.0095 g, 0.053 mmol, 1.0 mol-equiv) were reacted following the general procedure for the synthesis of amides outlined above. The crude material **2.42** was used in subsequent TBDPS deprotection without further purification.

A flame-dried round bottom flask equipped with stir bar was charged with TBDPS-protected alcohol **2.42** (0.045 g, 0.053 mmol, 1.0 mol-equiv) and THF (0.2 mL, 0.3 M with respect to **2.42**). Next, TBAF (0.06 mL, 0.06 mmol, 1.2 mol-equiv) was added and the reaction mixture was stirred at 23 °C for 2 h. The resulting solution was clear. Upon consumption of **2.42**, the reaction mixture was concentrated *in vacuo* to yield a yellow oil. The crude material was purified by flash chromatography (Hex/EtOAc) to afford alcohol **2.35** (0.018 g, 0.03 mmol, 56%) as a white solid. $R_f = 0.7$ (7:3 EtOAc/Hex). ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.44 (d, $J = 1.8$ Hz, 1H), 8.14 (d, $J = 9.0$ Hz, 1H), 7.67 (dd, $J = 8.4, 1.8$ Hz, 1H), 7.44 (s, 1H), 7.19-7.14 (m, 3H), 6.91-6.90 (m, 1H), 6.01-5.99 (m, 1H), 5.46 (s, 1H), 4.06 (d, J

= 4.8 Hz, 2H), 3.82 (t, J = 6.0 Hz, 2H), 3.78 (s, 3H), 3.36-3.33 (m, 2H), 2.57 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 2.18 (s, 1H), 2.14 (t, J = 6.6 Hz, 2H), 1.97-1.96 (m, 2H), 1.90-1.86 (m, 4H), 1.62-1.60 (m, 2H), 1.55-1.52 (m, 2H); ^{13}C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 168.3, 166.3, 160.8, 155.1, 135.9, 134.9, 134.3, 133.1, 131.6, 129.9, 128.0, 125.9, 124.9, 124.2, 124.0, 123.9, 123.5, 116.1, 112.9, 91.6, 80.4, 61.6, 56.3, 53.8, 43.4, 37.5, 31.8, 31.3, 29.8, 29.3, 27.9, 25.2, 22.8, 22.3, 16.1; HRMS (ESI): m/z calculated for $\text{C}_{32}\text{H}_{34}\text{BrN}_3\text{O}_5\text{Na}$ $[\text{M}+\text{Na}]^+$ 642.1580, found 642.1574; HPLC purity: 98.4%

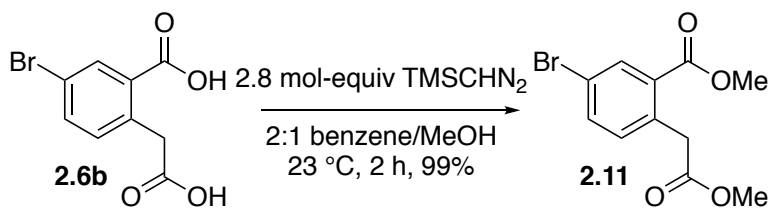
N-(2-((2-(Cyclohex-1-en-1-yl)ethyl)amino)-2-oxoethyl)-2-(4-(5-hydroxypent-1-yn-1-yl)-2-methoxyphenyl)-1-oxo-1,2-dihydroisoquinoline-4-carboxamide (**2.33**):



Alkynylated derivative **2.33** was synthesized by adapting a procedure developed by Reddy *et. al.*¹³¹ A flame-dried round bottom flask was charged with aryl bromide **2.32** (0.051 g, 0.095 mmol, 1.0 mol-equiv). Next, 3:2 DMF/ Et_3N (1 mL) and 4-pentyn-1-ol (0.010 mL, 0.11 mmol, 1.2 mol-equiv) were added to the reaction flask via syringe and the reaction mixture was stirred for 3 min. The flask was briefly unsealed. CuI (0.90 mg, 0.0046 mmol, 5 mol%) and $\text{Pd}_2\text{Cl}_2(\text{PPh}_3)_2$ (3.3 mg, 0.0046 mmol, 5 mol%) were added. The flask was fitted with a reflux condenser and heated at reflux until aryl bromide **2.32** appeared consumed by TLC (45 min). The reaction mixture was cooled to room temperature and

diluted with CH₂Cl₂ (10 mL). The organic layer was washed with water (5 x 10 mL) followed by brine, dried over Na₂SO₄, and concentrated *in vacuo* to give a red solid. The crude material was purified by flash chromatography (EtOAc/Hex) to yield alkynylated derivative **2.33** (0.035 g, 0.065 mmol, 68%) as a white solid. R_f = 0.2 (4:1 EtOAc/Hex). ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.46 (d, *J* = 8.3 Hz, 1H), 8.22 (d, *J* = 8.2 Hz, 1H), 7.73 (t, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 7.54 (t, *J* = 8.1 Hz, 1H), 7.49 (s, 1H), 7.18 (d, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 7.06–7.04 (m, 2H), 6.93 (t, *J* = 5.0 Hz, 1H), 6.12 (t, *J* = 5.1 Hz, 1H), 5.45 (s, 1H), 4.07 (d, *J* = 5.4 Hz, 2H), 3.82 (t, *J* = 6.6 Hz, 2H), 3.77 (s, 3H), 3.35 (q, *J* = 5.9 Hz, 2H), 2.56 (t, 7.2, 2H), 2.14 (t, *J* = 6.9 Hz, 2H), 1.98–1.70 (m, 7H), 1.63–1.49 (m, 4H); ¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 168.4, 166.7, 161.6, 154.3, 135.0, 134.4, 134.2, 133.2, 128.8, 128.73, 128.67, 127.8, 126.24, 126.18, 124.9, 124.4, 124.0, 115.4, 113.1, 91.0, 80.6, 61.8, 56.1, 43.6, 37.55, 37.53, 31.40, 28.0, 25.3, 22.9, 22.4, 16.1; HRMS (ESI): *m/z* calculated for C₃₂H₃₅N₃O₅Na [M+Na]⁺ 564.2474, found 564.2480; HPLC purity: 96.3%.

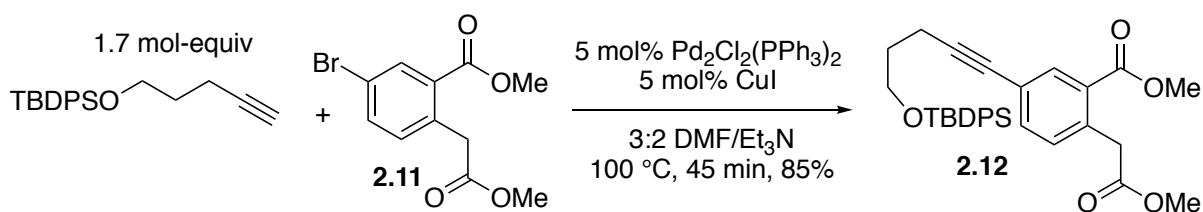
Methyl-5-bromo-2-(2-methoxy-2-oxoethyl)benzoate (**2.11**):



Bis(methylester) **2.11** was synthesized by adapting a procedure developed by Ochoa-Puentes *et. al.*¹³² An oven-dried round bottom flask equipped with stir bar was charged with dicarboxylic acid **2.6b** (0.99 g, 3.9 mmol, 1.0 mol-equiv). Benzene (20 mL) and MeOH (10 mL) were added to the reaction flask and stirred until a homogeneous solution was obtained. TMSCHN₂ (2.0 M in Et₂O, 5.5 mL, 11 mmol, 2.8 mol-equiv) was added dropwise to the reaction flask via syringe over 2 h. The mixture was monitored for

consumption of **2.6b** by TLC. The reaction mixture was concentrated *in vacuo* to afford a pale yellow oil. The crude material was purified by flash chromatography (EtOAc/Hex) to yield bis(methylester) **2.11** (1.1 g, 3.8 mmol, 99%) as a clear oil. $R_f = 0.9$ (9:1 CH₂Cl₂/MeOH). ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.15 (s, 1H), 7.61 (d, $J = 8.2$ Hz, 1H), 7.14 (d, $J = 8.2$ Hz, 1H), 3.97 (s, 2H), 3.88 (s, 3H), 3.70 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 171.6, 166.3, 135.4, 135.1, 134.1, 134.0, 131.4, 121.3, 52.5, 52.2, 40.0; HRMS (ESI): m/z calculated for C₁₁H₁₁O₄Na [M+Na]⁺ 308.9738, found 308.9739.

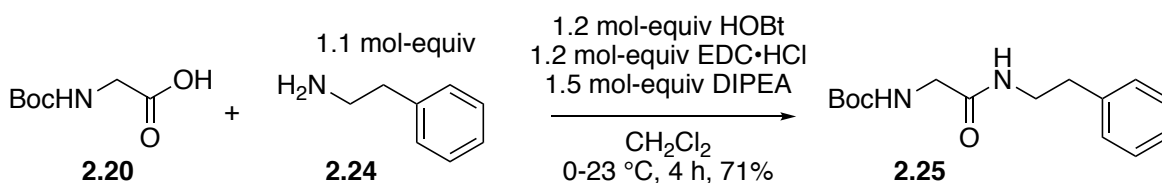
Methyl-5-(5-((tert-butyldimethylsilyl)oxy)pent-1-yn-1-yl)-2-(2-methoxy-2-oxoethyl)benzoate (**28**):



Alkynylated derivative **2.12** was synthesized by adapting a procedure developed by Reddy *et. al.*¹³³ A flame-dried round bottom flask equipped with stir bar was charged with bis(methylester) **2.11** (0.75 g, 2.6 mmol, 1.0 mol-equiv). DMF (18 mL), Et₃N (12 mL), and tert-butylpent-4-ynyloxydiphenylsilane (1.4 g, 4.3 mmol, 1.7 mol-equiv) were added to the reaction flask via syringe. The reaction mixture was stirred for 3 min. The flask was briefly unsealed. CuI (0.025 g, 0.13 mmol, 5 mol%) and Pd₂Cl₂(PPh₃)₂ (0.092 g, 0.13 mmol, 5 mol%) were added. The flask was fitted with a reflux condenser and heated at reflux for 45 min. The reaction mixture was monitored by TLC for consumption of **2.11**. The reaction mixture was cooled to room temperature and diluted with CH₂Cl₂ (50 mL). The organic

layer was washed with water (5 x 50 mL) followed by brine, dried over Na₂SO₄, and concentrated *in vacuo* to afford a red oil. The crude material was purified by flash chromatography (EtOAc/Hex) to yield alkyne **2.12** (1.2 g, 2.2 mmol, 85%) as a red oil. *R_f* = 0.5 (1:4 EtOAc/Hex). ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.02 (d, *J* = 1.7 Hz, 1H), 8.03–8.00 (m, 4H), 7.45–7.35 (m, 7H), 7.2 (d, *J* = 8.1 Hz, 1H), 3.99 (s, 2H), 3.87 (s, 3H), 3.81 (t, *J* = 6.1 Hz, 2H), 3.70 (s, 3H), 2.57 (t, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 1.85 (quin, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 1.06 (s, 9H); ¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 171.9, 167.1, 135.7, 135.24, 135.22, 134.3, 133.9, 132.4, 129.74, 129.71, 127.8, 123.7, 91.3, 79.7, 62.5, 52.3, 52.2, 40.4, 31.6, 27.0, 19.4, 16.1; HRMS (ESI): *m/z* calculated for C₃₂H₃₆O₅SiNa [M+Na]⁺ 551.2230, found 551.2228.

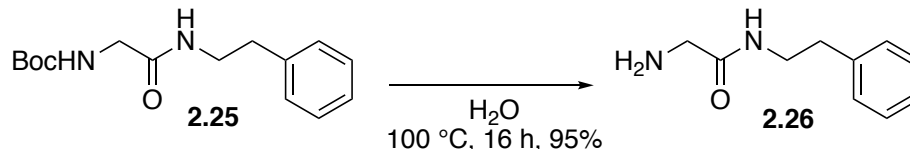
tert-Butyl (2-oxo-2-(phenethylamino)ethyl)carbamate (**2.25**):



Amide **30** was synthesized by adapting a procedure developed by Liu *et. al.*¹³⁴ An oven-dried round bottom flask equipped with stir bar was charged with Boc-glycine **2.20** (0.64 g, 3.7 mmol, 1.0 mol-equiv) and HOBT (0.59 g, 4.3 mmol, 1.2 mol-equiv). CH₂Cl₂ (90 mL) was added to the reaction vessel followed by phenethylamine **2.24** (0.50 mL, 3.97 mmol, 1.1 mol-equiv). The reaction vessel was cooled to 0 °C with an ice-water bath. The flask was briefly unsealed and EDC•HCl (0.83 g, 4.33 mmol, 1.2 mol-equiv) was added. DIPEA (0.95 mL, 5.6 mmol, 1.5 mol-equiv) was then added to the reaction vessel via syringe and the mixture was stirred for 1 h. The reaction vessel was warmed to room temperature and stirred until Boc-amine **2.20** appeared consumed by TLC (4 h). The reaction mixture

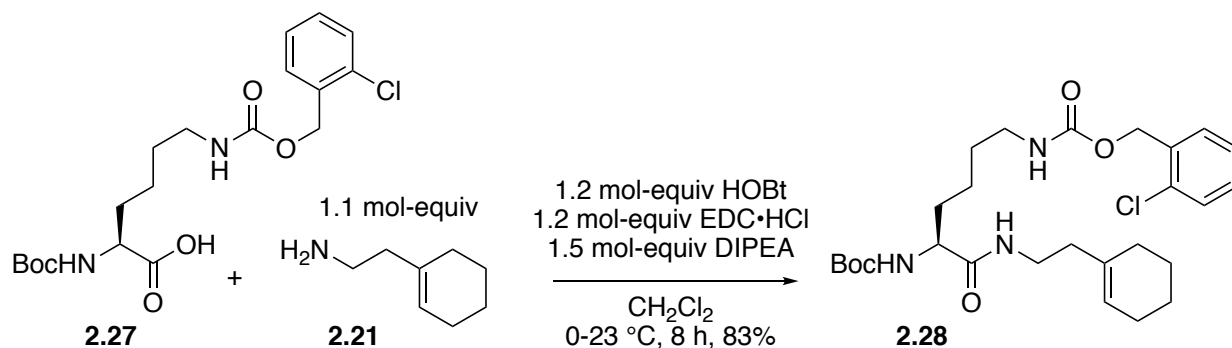
was washed with saturated NaHCO₃ and extracted with CH₂Cl₂ (3 x 100 mL). The combined organic layers were washed with brine, dried with Na₂SO₄, and concentrated *in vacuo* to afford a yellow oil. The crude material was purified by flash chromatography (EtOAc/Hex) to yield amide **2.25** (0.72 g, 2.6 mmol, 71%) as a yellow oil. R_f = 0.57 (17:3 CH₂Cl₂/MeOH). ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.31 (t, *J* = 7.3 Hz, 2H), 7.25–7.18 (m, 3H), 6.12 (s, 1H), 5.09 (s, 1H), 3.74 (d, *J* = 5.7 Hz, 2H), 3.54 (q, *J* = 6.6 Hz, 2H), 2.82 (t, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 2H), 1.43 (s, 9H); HRMS (ESI): *m/z* calculated for C₁₅H₂₂N₂O₃Na [M+Na]⁺ 301.1528, found 301.1531.

2-Amino-*N*-phenethylacetamide (**2.26**):



Amine **2.26** was synthesized by adapting a procedure developed by Zinelaabidine.¹³⁵ A round bottom flask equipped with stir bar was charged with Boc-protected amine **2.25** (0.25 g, 0.89 mmol, 1 mol-equiv). Next, water (20 mL) was added and the flask was fitted with a condenser. The reaction mixture was heated at reflux and monitored by TLC for disappearance of **2.25** (16 h). The reaction mixture was cooled to room temperature and extracted with CH₂Cl₂ (3 x 20 mL). The combined organic layers were concentrated *in vacuo* to obtain amine **2.26** (0.91 g, 0.85 mmol, 95%) as a yellow oil. ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.34–7.18 (m, 6H), 3.55 (q, *J* = 6.7 Hz, 2H), 3.32 (s, 2H), 2.84 (t, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 2H), 1.40 (s, 2H); HRMS (ESI): *m/z* calculated for C₁₀H₁₄N₂ONa [M+Na]⁺ 201.1004, found 201.1002.

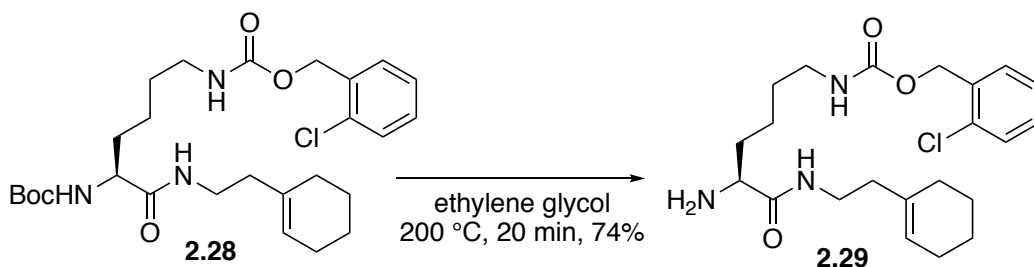
tert-Butyl-(2-chlorobenzyl)-(6-((2-(cyclohex-1-en-1-yl)ethyl)amino)-6-oxohexane-1,5-diyl)(*S*)-dicarbamate (**2.28**):



Amide **2.28** was synthesized by adapting a procedure developed by Liu *et al.*¹³⁶ An oven-dried round bottom flask equipped with stir bar was charged with Boc-amino acid derivative **2.27** (1.5 g, 3.6 mmol, 1.0 mol-equiv) and HOBT (0.59 g, 4.3 mmol, 1.2 mol-equiv). CH₂Cl₂ (90 mL) was added to the reaction vessel followed by amine **2.21** (0.55 mL, 3.98 mmol, 1.1 mol-equiv). The reaction vessel was cooled to 0 °C with an ice-water bath. The flask was briefly unsealed and EDC·HCl (0.83 g, 4.3 mmol, 1.2 mol-equiv) was added. DIPEA (0.95 mL, 5.6 mmol, 1.5 mol-equiv) was then added to the reaction vessel via syringe and the mixture was stirred for 1 h. The reaction vessel was warmed to room temperature and stirred until Boc-amine **2.27** appeared consumed by TLC (8 h). The reaction mixture was washed with saturated NaHCO₃ and extracted with CH₂Cl₂ (3 x 100 mL). The combined organic layers were washed with brine, dried with Na₂SO₄, and concentrated *in vacuo* to afford a yellow oil. The crude material was purified by flash chromatography (EtOAc/Hex) to yield amide **2.28** (1.6 g, 3.0 mmol, 83%) as a white solid. *R_f* = 0.2 (9:1 CH₂Cl₂/MeOH). ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.41 – 7.40 (m, 1H), 7.37 – 7.35 (m, 1H), 7.26 – 7.24 (m, 2H), 6.10 (br s, 1H), 5.44 (s, 1H), 5.22 – 5.20 (m, 2H), 5.13 (br s, 1H), 4.97 (br s, 1H), 4.01 (br s, 1H), 3.36 – 3.25 (m, 2H), 3.19 (q, *J* = 6.4 Hz, 2H), 2.11 (t, *J* = 6.7 Hz, 2H), 1.98 (br s, 2H), 1.90 (br s, 2H), 1.83 (br s, 1H), 1.61 – 1.52 (m, 7H), 1.42 (s, 9H), 1.38 – 1.35 (m, 2H); ¹³C NMR (125

MHz, CDCl₃) δ 171.9, 156.4, 155.9, 134.6, 134.4, 133.6, 129.8, 129.6, 129.4, 127.0, 123.8, 80.1, 64.0, 54.5, 40.6, 37.7, 37.3, 32.3, 29.6, 28.4, 28.0, 25.3, 22.9, 22.6, 22.4: HRMS (ESI): m/z calculated for C₂₇H₄₀ClN₃O₅Na [M+Na]⁺ 544.2554, found 544.2558.

2-Chlorobenzyl (*S*)-(5-amino-6-((2-(cyclohex-1-en-1-yl)ethyl)amino)-6-oxohexyl)carbamate (**2.29**):

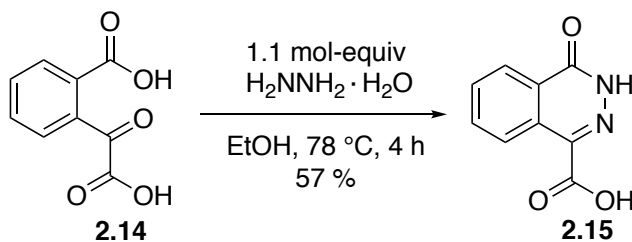


Amine **2.29** was synthesized by adapting a procedure developed by Martin *et. al.*¹³⁷

An oven-dried round bottom flask equipped with stir bar was charged with the Boc-protected amine **2.28** (0.66 g, 1.3 mmol, 1 mol-equiv). Ethylene glycol (28 mL) was added and the flask was fitted with a condenser. The reaction mixture was heated at reflux and monitored by TLC for disappearance of the Boc-protected amine **2.28** (20 min). The reaction mixture was cooled to room temperature and diluted with CH₂Cl₂ (50 mL). Next, the organic layer was washed with water (5 x 100 mL) followed by brine, dried over Na₂SO₄, and concentrated *in vacuo* to give amine **2.29** (0.39 g, 0.96 mmol, 74%) as a yellow oil. ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.43–7.35 (m, 2H), 7.26–2.20 (m, 3H), 5.45 (s, 1H), 5.25–5.17 (m, 3H), 4.92 (br s, 1H), 3.34–3.29 (m, 2H), 3.21 (q, J = 6.5 Hz, 2H), 2.13 (t, J = 6.8 Hz, 2H), 2.02–1.90 (m, 4H), 1.85–1.78 (m, 1H), 1.64–1.39 (m, 11H); ¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 174.8, 156.4, 134.8, 134.5, 133.6, 129.8, 129.6, 129.4, 127.0, 123.6, 64.0, 55.2, 40.9, 37.9,

37.0, 34.8, 29.9, 28.0, 25.4, 23.0, 22.9, 22.5; HRMS (ESI): m/z calculated for $C_{22}H_{32}ClN_3O_3H$ $[M+H]^+$ 422.2210, found 422.2216.

4-Oxo-3,4-dihydrophthalazine-1-carboxylic acid (**35**):



Phthalazinone carboxylic acid **2.15** was synthesized by adapting a procedure developed by Geneste *et. al.*¹³⁸ An oven-dried round bottom flask equipped with stir bar was charged with dicarboxylic acid **2.14** (0.30 g, 1.4 mmol, 1.0 mol-equiv), EtOH (6.4 mL), and hydrazine hydrate (0.073 mL, 1.6 mmol, 1.1 mol-equiv). The flask was fitted with a condenser. The mixture was heated at reflux and monitored by TLC for disappearance of **2.14** (4 h). The mixture was cooled to room temperature and the resulting gray solid was collected via filtration using a Büchner funnel. The solid was washed with cold EtOH (3 x 3 mL) to obtain **2.15** (0.16 g, 0.82 mmol, 57%). $R_f = 0.2$ (1:4 MeOH/ CH_2Cl_2). 1H NMR (500 MHz, DMSO- d_6) δ 12.93 (br s, 1H), 8.49 (d, $J = 8.2$ Hz, 1H), 8.26 (d, $J = 7.8$ Hz, 1H), 7.94 (t, $J = 8.1$ Hz, 1H), 7.86 (t, $J = 7.8$, 1H); ^{13}C NMR (125 MHz, DMSO- d_6) δ 165.3, 159.6, 138.8, 133.7, 131.7, 128.0, 127.5, 126.6, 125.8; HRMS (ESI): m/z calculated for $C_9H_7N_2O_3$ $[M+H]^+$ 191.0457, found 191.0462.

Biological evaluations:

Strains, media, and compounds: The *C. albicans* strain HLY4123 was used to assay analogues for antifungal activity in the presence of azole drugs. HLY4123 carries a GFP reporter for ERG3 expression and was constructed by plasmid transformation of the commonly used *C.*

albicans strain CAI4. Selected resistant fungal strains¹³⁹ with different mechanisms of drug resistance were obtained from Dr. David Rogers (Department of Clinical Pharmacy, University of Tennessee Health Sciences Center, Memphis, Tennessee, USA). *C. neoformans* var. *grubii* H99¹⁴⁰ and *C. glabrata* BG2¹⁴¹ were also tested. The strains were cultured at 30 °C under constant shaking (200 rpm) in synthetic complete (SC) medium containing 2% glucose. The stock solution of fluconazole (Sigma–Aldrich, USA) was prepared in sterile H₂O. Stock solutions of isavuconazole and analogues **2.1** and **2.30-2.41** were prepared in DMSO.

Dose–response curves for analogues tested against HLY4123 C. albicans with and without fluconazole: *C. albicans* was grown in SC medium overnight and then diluted to an effective OD₆₀₀ of 0.0625. Serial ten-fold dilutions of analogues **2.1** and **2.30-2.41** (15 mM -0.0015 mM) were prepared in DMSO in 1.5 mL Eppendorf tubes. To each well in columns B, C, and D (triplicate analysis) of a 24-well Falcon plate (4 columns x 6 rows) was added 2.5 µL of a 0.1 mg/mL fluconazole solution. No azole was added to column A, which was used to assay the anti-fungal activity of analogues **2.1** and **2.30-2.41** in the absence of azole. To every well of the plate was added 1 mL of cells in SC medium, to achieve a final azole concentration of 0.25 µg/mL in columns B, C, and D.

Next, a given analogue was added at varying concentration to rows two through six. To every well of row 2 was added 2 µL of a given 15 mM analogue solution, to achieve a concentration of 30 µM in each well. Addition of 2 µL of analogue solutions was continued for rows 3, 4, 5, and 6, using 1.5 mM, 0.15 mM, and 0.015 mM, and 0.0015 mM DMSO solutions, respectively. Rows 3, 4, 5, and 6 therefore had a final analogue concentration of 3

μM , 0.3 μM , 0.03 μM , and 0.003 μM , respectively. After bothazole and analogue were added to the cells, every well was mixed thoroughly by repeated pipetting.

The plates were incubated in a rotary shaker/incubator at 30 °C for 16 h. After incubation, the contents of each well were re-suspended with a micropipette. A 50 μL aliquot was added to a polystyrene cuvette and diluted with 950 μL deionized water (20-fold dilution). The contents of the cuvettes were re-suspended immediately before measuring the absorbance at $\lambda = 600 \text{ nm}$ (OD_{600}) for cell densities. EC_{50} values were determined by fitting to a standard curve using the Excel-based tool ED50PLUS v. 1.0 (Mario H. Vargas).

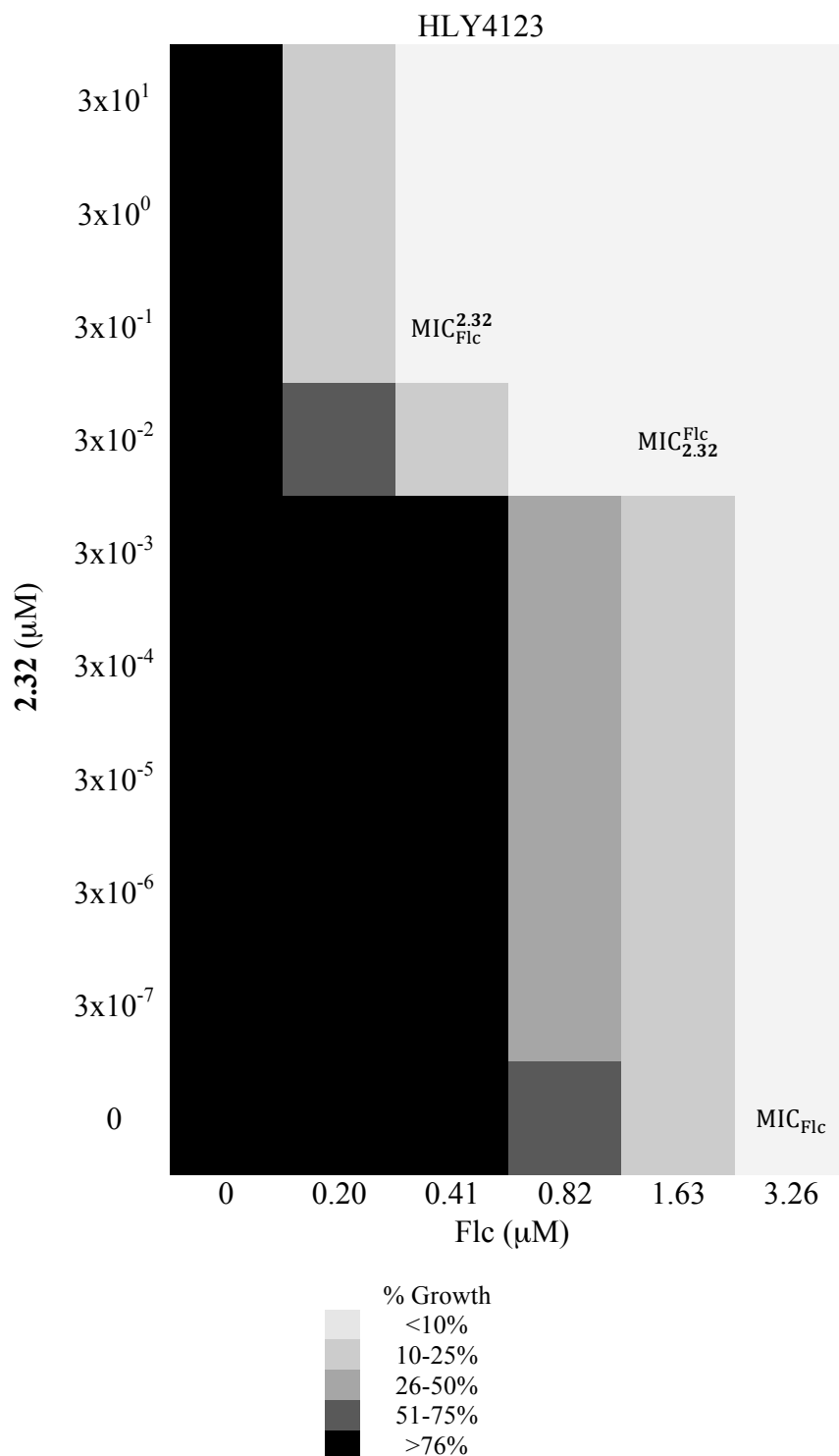
Determination of MIC_{90} values by checkerboard assay: Checkerboard assays were carried out using four 24-well plates (6 rows x 4 columns), to create an effective 96-well plate (12 rows x 8 columns). *C. albicans* was grown in SC medium overnight and then diluted to an effective OD_{600} of 0.0625. Serial tenfold dilutions of the analogues **2.32** or **2.41** were prepared in DMSO (15 mM - 0.015 nM) in 1.5 mL Eppendorf tubes. Serial twofold dilutions of fluconazole (0.5 mg/mL - 0.03125 mg/mL) were prepared in sterile H_2O in 1.5 mL Eppendorf tubes.

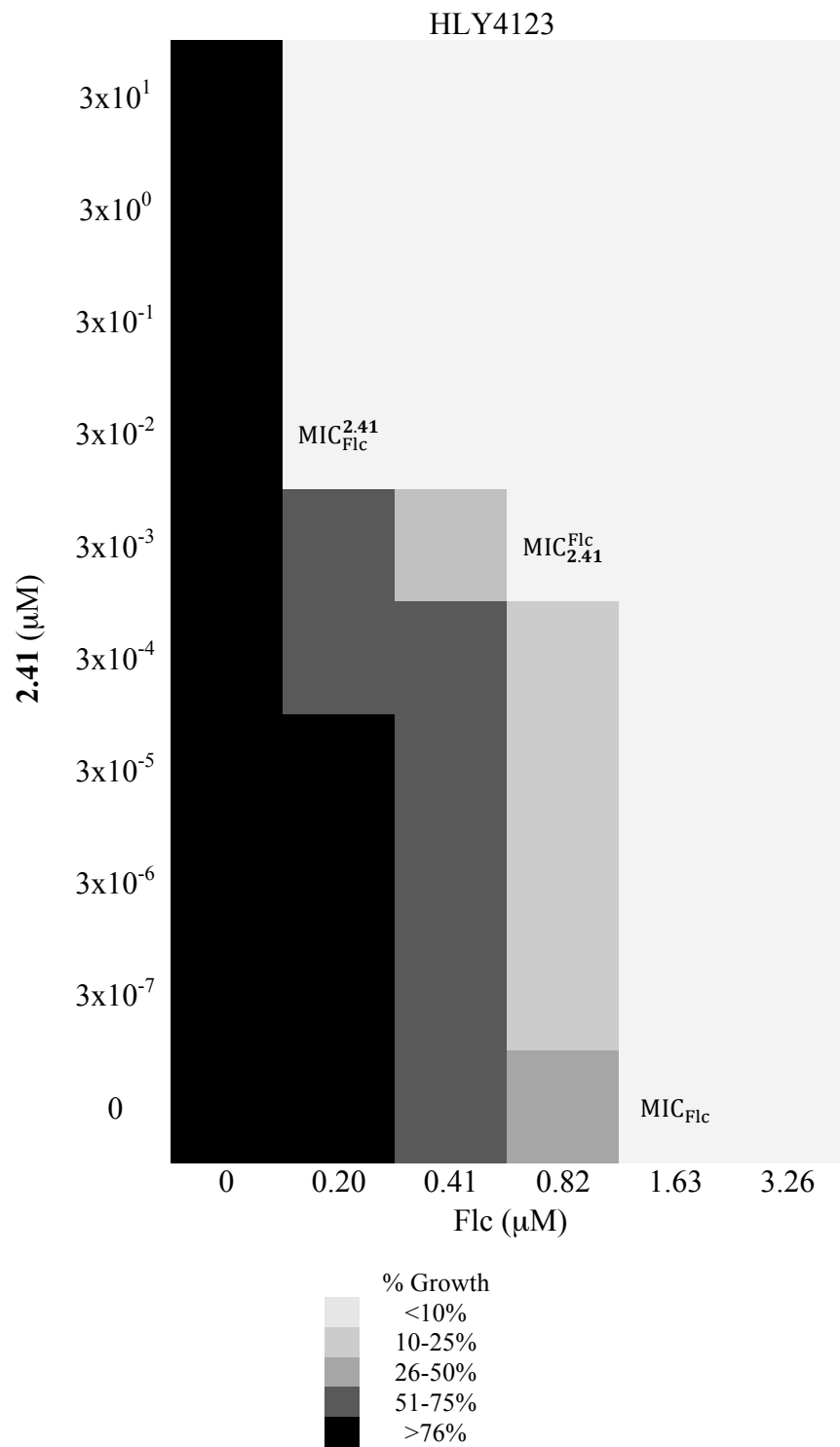
To each well was added 2 μL of a given analogue DMSO solution and 2 μL of the fluconazole solution. Concentrations of analogues in rows 1–6 varied from 30 μM to 0.3 nM. Concentrations of analogues in rows 7–11 varied from 3 nM to 0.0003 nM. Rows 5 and 7 both had analogue concentrations of 3 nM and rows 6 and 8 both had analogue concentrations of 0.3 nM to normalize cell densities between plates. No analogue was added to the last row 12. Concentrations of fluconazole in columns A–D varied from 1 $\mu\text{g}/\text{mL}$ - 0.125 $\mu\text{g}/\text{mL}$. Concentrations of fluconazole in columns E–G varied from 0.25

$\mu\text{g/mL}$ – $0.0625 \mu\text{g/mL}$. Columns D and E both had analogue concentrations of $0.25 \mu\text{g/mL}$ to normalize cell densities between plates. No fluconazole was added to the final column H. After both azole and analogue were added to the cells, every well was mixed thoroughly by repeated pipetting.

The plates were incubated in a rotary shaker/incubator at $30 \text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ for 16 h. The contents of each well were re-suspended with a micropipette. A $50 \mu\text{L}$ aliquot was added to a polystyrene cuvette and diluted with $950 \mu\text{L}$ deionized water (20-fold dilution). The contents of the cuvettes were re-suspended immediately before measuring the absorbance at $\lambda = 600 \text{ nm}$ (OD_{600}). MIC_{90} values were determined as the lowest drug concentrations (alone or in combination) that inhibited fungal growth by 90% compared to wells containing no analogue.

Figure 2-2: Plots of Checkerboard Assays for Compounds **2.32** and **2.41**. MIC_{Flc} is the MIC_{90} for fluconazole in the absence of **2.32** or **2.41**. $MIC_{Flc}^{2.32}$ and $MIC_{Flc}^{2.41}$ are the lowest MIC_{90} for fluconazole in the presence of **2.32** or **2.41**. $MIC_{2.32}^{Flc}$ and $MIC_{2.41}^{Flc}$ are the lowest MIC_{90} for **2.32** or **2.41** in the presence of fluconazole. The MIC_{90} for both **2.32** and **2.41** in the absence of fluconazole was above the solubility limit (30 mM).





Determination of EC₅₀ values for analogues 2.32 and 2.41 tested against resistant C. albicans strains

Part I: Determination of fluconazole MIC₅₀ values for resistant C. albicans strains: Selected resistant *C. albicans* isolates (CaCi-17, 26, 33, 36, and 45) were obtained from Dr. David Rogers. MIC₅₀ values were re-measured in our own laboratory by incubating each isolate with fluconazole concentrations between 512 ug/mL to 8 ug/mL. After incubation, the MIC₅₀ was determined by absorption at $\lambda = 600$ nm (see above). MIC values agreed with those provided for Rogers except for strains CaCi-17 and CaCi-45 (12 mg/mL vs. 32 mg/mL and 96 mg/mL vs. 128 mg/mL).

Table 2-6: Measured Fluconazole MIC₅₀ Values for Resistant *C. albicans* Clinical Isolates

Isolate	Fluconazole MIC ₅₀ (μ g/mL)
17	12
26	32
33	64
36	64
45	96

Part II: Determination of EC₅₀ values for analogues 2.32 and 2.41:

The aforementioned isolates were grown in SC medium overnight and then diluted to an effective OD₆₀₀ of 0.0625. Serial ten-fold dilutions of analogues **2.32** and **2.41** (15 mM-0.0015 mM) were prepared in DMSO in 1.5 mL Eppendorf tubes. To each well in columns B, C, and D (triplicate analysis) of a 24-well Falcon plate (4 columns x 6 rows) was added 6.0 μ L for CaCi-17, 16.0 μ L for CaCi-26, 32.0 μ L for CaCi-33, 32.0 μ L for CaCi-36, and 48.0 μ L for CaCi-45 of a 2.0 mg/mL fluconazole solution. No azole was added to column A, which was used to assay the anti-fungal activity of analogues **2.32** and **2.41** in the absence of azole. To every well of the plate was added 1 mL of cells in SC medium, to achieve a final azole

concentration of 12 µg/mL for CaCi-17, 32 µg/mL for CaCi-26, 64 µg/mL for CaCi-33, 64 µg/mL for CaCi-36, 96 µg/mL for CaCi-45 in columns B, C, and D.

Next, a given analogue was added at varying concentration to rows two through six. To every well of row 2 was added 2 µL of a given 15 mM analogue solution, to achieve a concentration of 30 µM in each well. Addition of 2 µL of analogue solutions was continued for rows 3, 4, 5, and 6, using 1.5 mM, 0.15 mM, and 0.015 mM, and 0.0015 mM DMSO solutions, respectively. Rows 3, 4, 5, and 6 therefore had a final analogue concentration of 3 µM, 0.3 µM, 0.03 µM, and 0.003 µM, respectively. After both azole and analogue were added to the cells, every well was mixed thoroughly by repeated pipetting.

The plates were incubated in a rotary shaker/incubator at 30 °C for 16 h. After incubation, the contents of each well were re-suspended with a micropipette. A 50 µL aliquot was added to a polystyrene cuvette and diluted with 950 µL deionized water (20-fold dilution). The contents of the cuvettes were re-suspended immediately before measuring the absorbance at $\lambda = 600$ nm (OD_{600}) for cell densities. EC_{50} values were determined by fitting to a standard curve using the Excel-based tool ED50PLUS v. 1.0 (Mario H. Vargas).

Table 2-7: Antifungal Activities of Analogues **2.32** and **2.41** Against Resistant Isolates of *C. albicans* in the Presence of Fluconazole

<i>Isolate</i>	<i>[Flu]</i> ^b	<i>EC</i> ₅₀ ^a	
		2.32	2.41
17	12	74 ± 10	39 ± 3
26	32	11 ± 1	17 ± 2
33	64	371 ± 23	72 ± 6
36	64	32 ± 4	20 ± 2
45	96	170 ± 20	65 ± 15

^a*EC*₅₀ (nM) expressed as arithmetic mean ± S.D. of three independent experiments.

^bMeasured MIC₅₀ values for fluconazole alone; *EC*₅₀ values were determined at these concentrations of fluconazole.

*Determination of EC*₅₀ values for analogues **2.32** and **2.41** tested against *C. glabrata* and *C. neoformans*

C. glabrata BG2 and *C. neoformans* var. *grubii* H99 were assayed in the same manner as described above for resistant *C. albicans* isolates, except the final concentrations of fluconazole used was 4.0 µg/mL for *C. neoformans* and 128 µg/mL for *C. glabrata*, corresponding to MIC₅₀ values measured in our laboratory for these species.

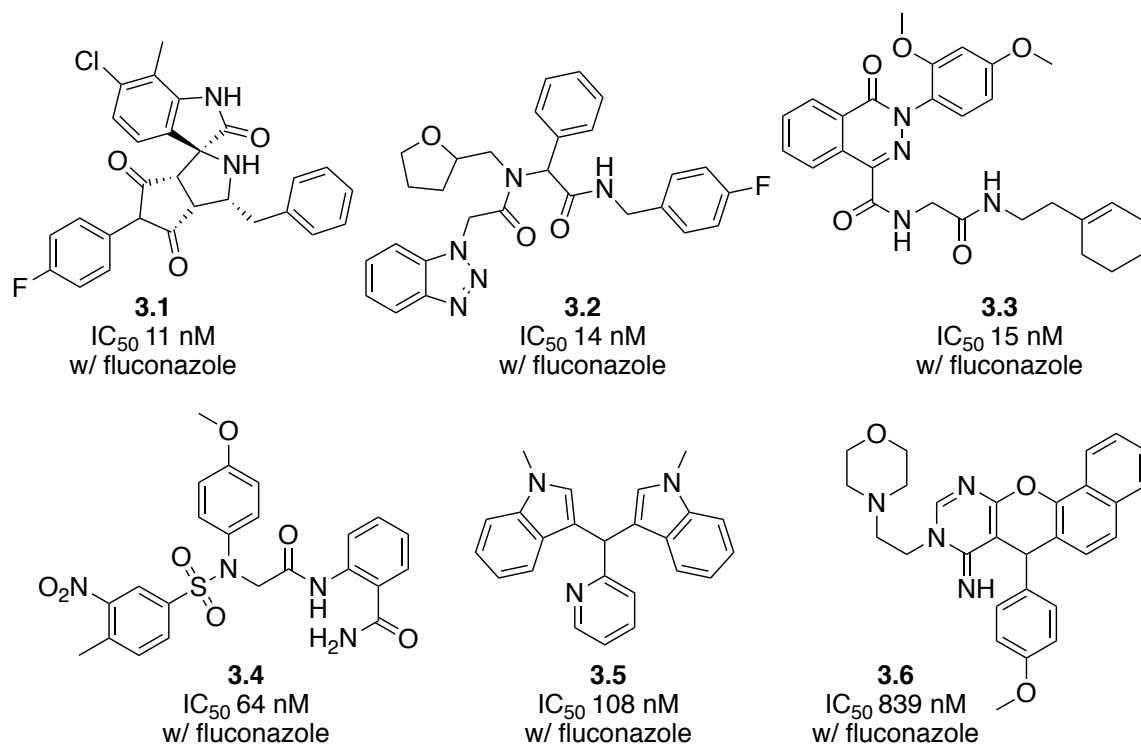
Chapter 3: Spiroindolinone Azole Synergizers

Introduction

As described in chapters 1 and 2, fungal diseases remain a worldwide health problem. About 1.5 million people will die every year due to fungal infections. Fungal infection incidence is getting worse, not better. As with other pathogens, resistance in fungi towards drugs is becoming a major health problem. Those most likely to die from fungal infections are those who have compromised immune systems. The genus *Candida* accounts for roughly 80% of major systemic fungal infections. *Candida albicans* and *Candida glabrata* are two of the most common fungal pathogens that cause *candidiasis*. Because of the great threat that fungal infections cause researchers across the world have been searching for better ways and drugs to treat patients with fungal infections.

As mentioned in the previous chapters, Lindquist and Schreiber screened 300,000 compounds to try identify those that enhanced the antifungal activity of fluconazole. They found 296 compounds with good activity that were not cytotoxic to mammalian cells. In cooperation with the Liu lab, we selected and ordered 51 out of the 296 compounds to test them against the *Candida albicans* strain HLY4123 in the presence of fluconazole. The Liu lab then tested the effects of those compounds on transcription of *ERG3* and *ERG11* with the hope of identifying transcriptional modulators. They found 5 downregulators that did not exhibit any antifungal activity against the *C. albicans* reporter strain HLY4123. Luckily they found 6 upregulators that had good antifungal activity against HLY4123 (Figure 3-1). The upregulators were tested with a fluconazole concentration of 0.25 µg/mL.

Figure 3-1: Potent Up-Regulators and Potent Enhancers



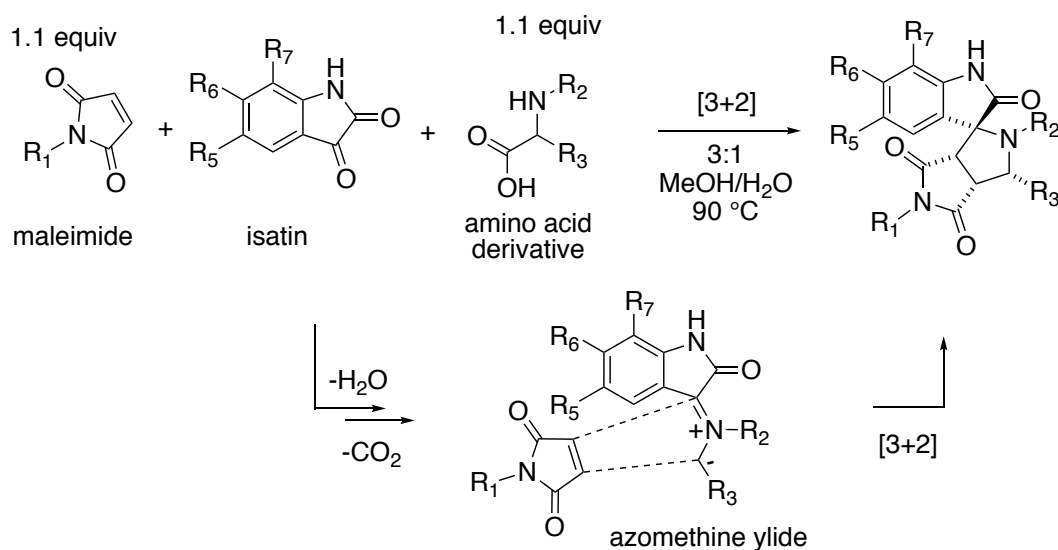
In the Van Vranken lab, Udara Premachandra attempted to synthesize analogues of bis-indolylmethane **3.5**. This proved problematic because the compounds were susceptible to oxidation by air and had very low solubility. Only one compound was successfully purified. That bisindole analogue was no better than the original **3.5**. Premachandra and coworkers turned their attention towards another promising lead compound, spiroindolinone **3.1**.¹⁴²

Previous Spiroindolinone Azole Synergizers

Premachandra and coworkers synthesized their spiroindolinones through a three-component coupling of an amino acid derivative, an isatin, and a maleimide (Scheme 3-1). The reaction mechanism involves two stages. First the amino acid derivative condenses with the isatin to form an iminium ion intermediate that loses carbon dioxide to form an azomethine ylide that undergoes a 1,3-dipolar cycloaddition with the maleimide to form

the spiroindolinone. Premachandra and coworkers give a detailed review of the stereochemistry of these reactions in their paper.¹⁴³ They found that the stereochemistry of the spiroindolinone **3.1** reported in the PubChem database was assigned incorrectly. With the exception of proline, all amino acids generated spiroindolinones with the relative stereochemistry shown in Scheme 3-1. Some analogues were made with further modifications from the spiroindolinone core.

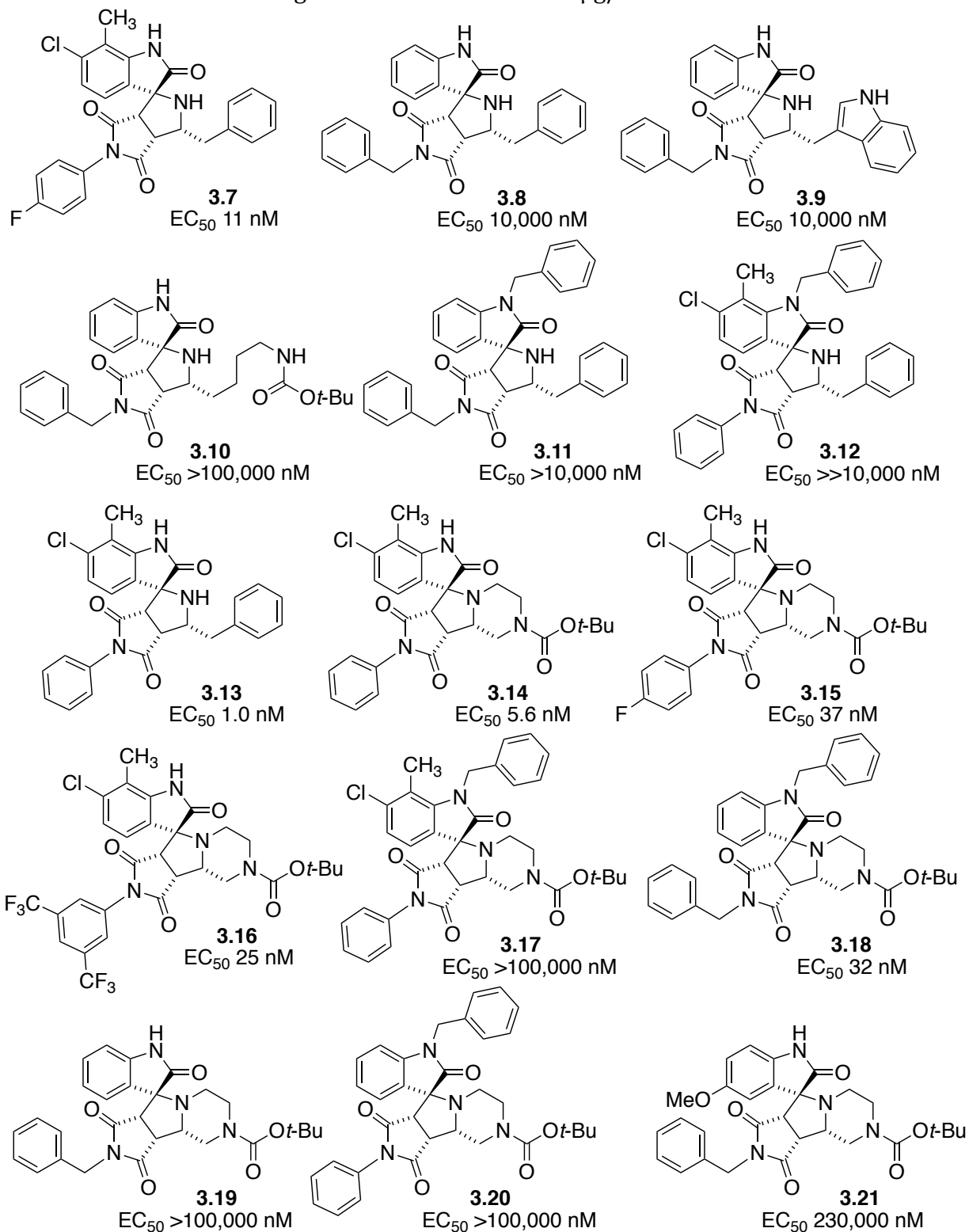
Scheme 3-1: Synthesis of Spiroindolinones

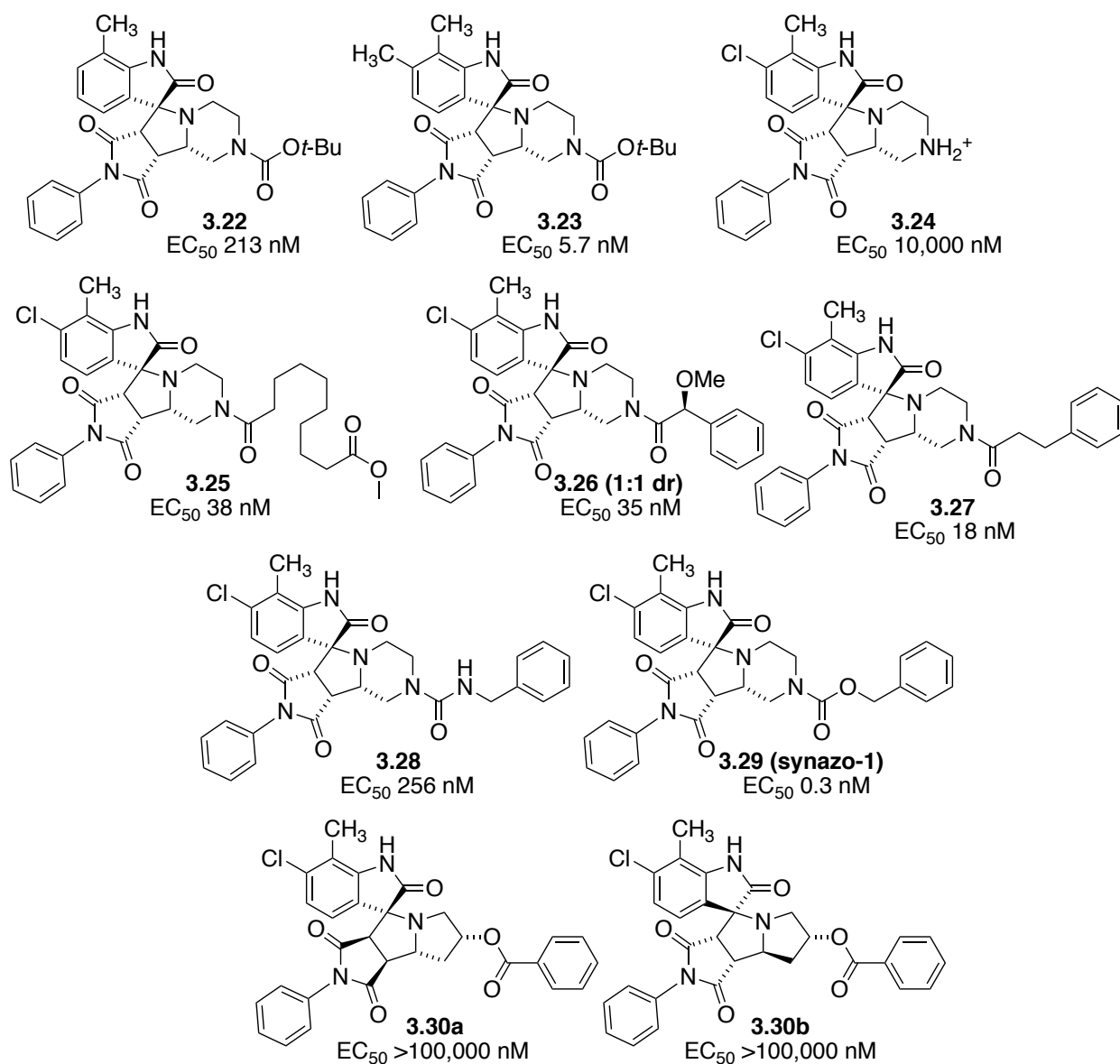


As seen in Figure 3-2, Premachandra and two undergraduates were able to synthesize 25 spiroindolinones and test their activity against the *C. albicans* strain HLY4123 with a constant concentration of 0.25 µg/mL of fluconazole. It should be noted that compounds **3.1** and **3.7** were found to be the same diastereomer. It is believed that compound **3.1** was misassigned. Most spiroindolinones that were made fall into two main classes. The first class is like compound **3.7**, which are acyclic amino acid derivatives. The second class is like compound **3.29**, which are made from cyclic amino acid derivatives. They found that both motifs can be very active. Compound **3.13**, which only differed by a

fluorine atom on the maleimide was found to activity of 1 nM. Compound **3.29**, termed synazo-1, prepared from a cyclic piperazine amino acid derivative, had the lowest activity with an EC_{50} 0.3 nM. It was found that substitution on the phenyl ring of the isatin was necessary for activity, with disubstitution in the 2 and 3 position preferred. Substitution on the amide of the isatin fragment was generally not beneficial for activity. In spite of all the analogues made there is still plenty of room to make more modifications such as the phenyl ring of the maleimide.

Figure 3-2: Spiroindolinone Synthesized by Premachandra and Coworkers with their Activities against HLY4123 with 0.25 $\mu\text{g}/\text{mL}$ of Fluconazole





Premachandra and coworkers also showed that compound **3.29** was active against resistant *C. albicans* strains as described in Chapter 2. For example, compound **3.29** has an EC_{50} of 16 nM against one of the most resistant strains tested, clinical isolate 45. Compound **3.29** was also determined to be a true synergizer with an FIC index below 0.25 with HLY4123 and an FIC index below 0.13 with isolate 45. Lastly and importantly, compounds **3.7** and **3.29** were both shown to be nontoxic to mammalian cells.

Further Biological Evaluations of Spiroindolinones

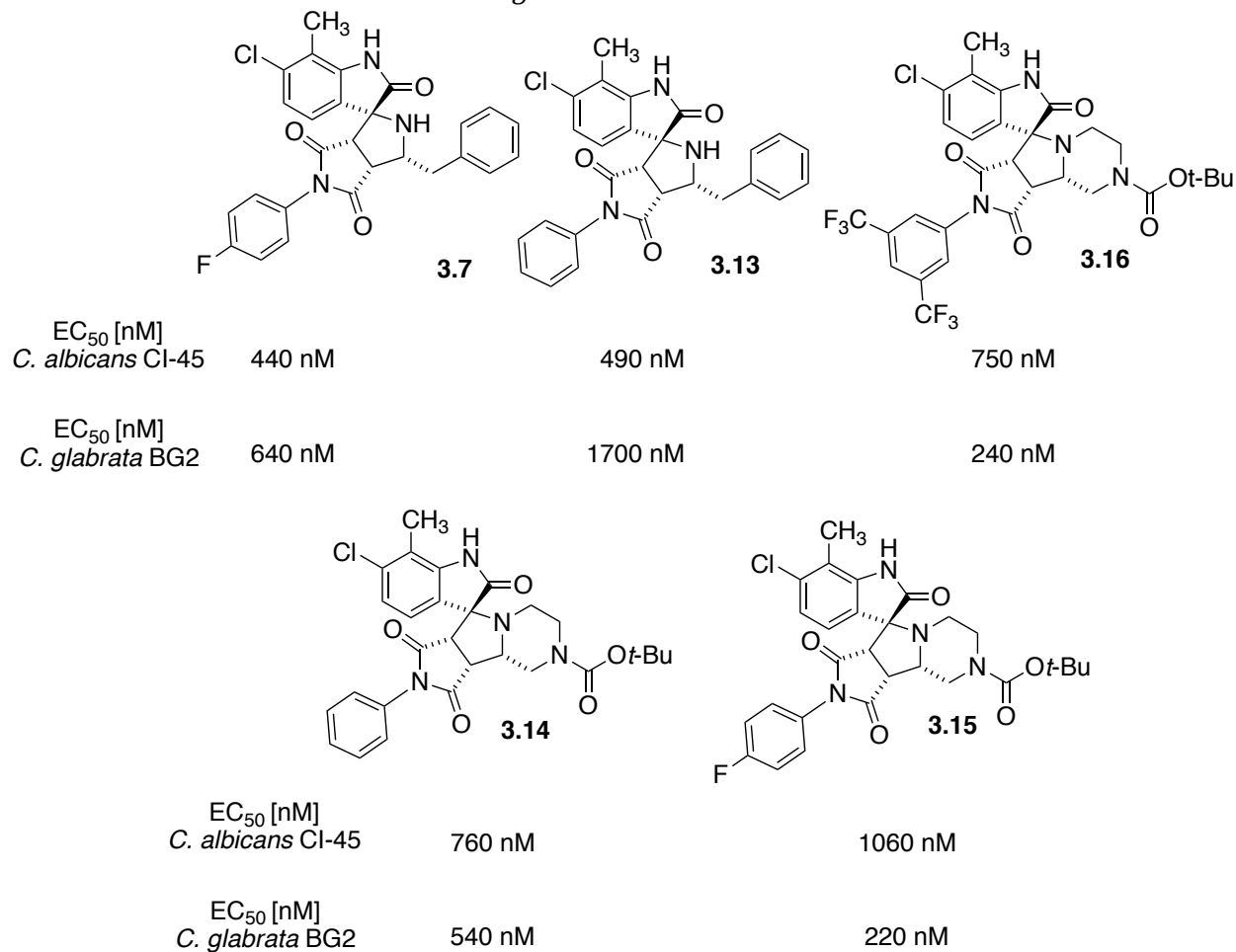
As described in Chapter 2, phthalazinone and isoquinolone analogues were shown to be potent against susceptible and resistant strains of *C. albicans*. Unfortunately these analogues were not active against *Candida glabrata* BG2^{144,145} nor *C. neoformans var. grubii* H99.¹⁴⁶ Our broad goal was to develop a spiroindolinone analogue that would be active against a broad range of pathogenic fungal species. We set out to first test previous spiroindolinone analogues for potent synergy with fluconazole against resistant strains of *C. albicans* and *C. glabrata*. Next, we sought to design, synthesize, and test new more potent analogues against both resistant fungal species. While I did the majority of the design and a plurality of the synthesis and testing, Dr. Stan Hiew, and a team of undergraduates trained and mentored by me (Pauline Nguyen, Marina Hettick, Steven Snow, Marlon Rea, Patrick Lam, Cassidy Tincup, and Francis Liu) also heavily contributed. Our collaborators in the Liu lab, Dr. Fuqiang Wang, Yi Sun, and Lingmei Sun, prepared the fungal cells for assays.

We began by testing the 25 of the spiroindolinone analogues previously prepared by Udara Premachandra (Figure 3-1). Given the importance of antifungal drug resistance we took the analogues that had activities below 200 nM against the laboratory strain of *C. albicans*, HLY4123 and tested them against the resistant *C. albicans* clinical isolate 45 and resistant *C. glabrata* BG2 in conjunction with fluconazole. Assays were carried out with constant concentration of fluconazole (64 µg/mL for *C. albicans* isolate 45 and 128 µg/mL for *C. glabrata* BG2) while varying the concentration of the spiroindolinone.

Surprisingly we found that only five of the analogues had any activity against both the resistant *C. albicans* and resistant *C. glabrata* strains. Most strikingly the most active analogue against HLY4123, compound **3.29**, had no activity against *C. glabrata*. The

compounds that were active against the resistant *C. albicans* and *C. glabrata* are shown in Figure 3-3 along with their activities against both species. Compound **3.7** had similar activity against *C. albicans* ci-45 compared to compound **3.13** but compound **3.7** was much more active against *C. glabrata*. Compound **3.16** was the most active against *C. glabrata* but had the worst activity against *C. albicans*. Overall, the piperazine analogues of synazo-1 (compounds **3.14** and **3.15**) were not as good as compound **3.7**. In light of the fact that compound **3.29** (synazo-1) had no activity against *C. glabrata*, we decided to use compound **3.7** as our lead compound. Moreover, the benzylic derivative **3.7**, derived from phenylalanine, was easier to access than the corresponding piperazines. Modifications on the isatin, maleimide, and the amino acid fragments were ripe for development.

Figure 3-3: Activities of Spiroindolinones Against Resistant *C. albicans* and Resistant *C. glabrata* Strains

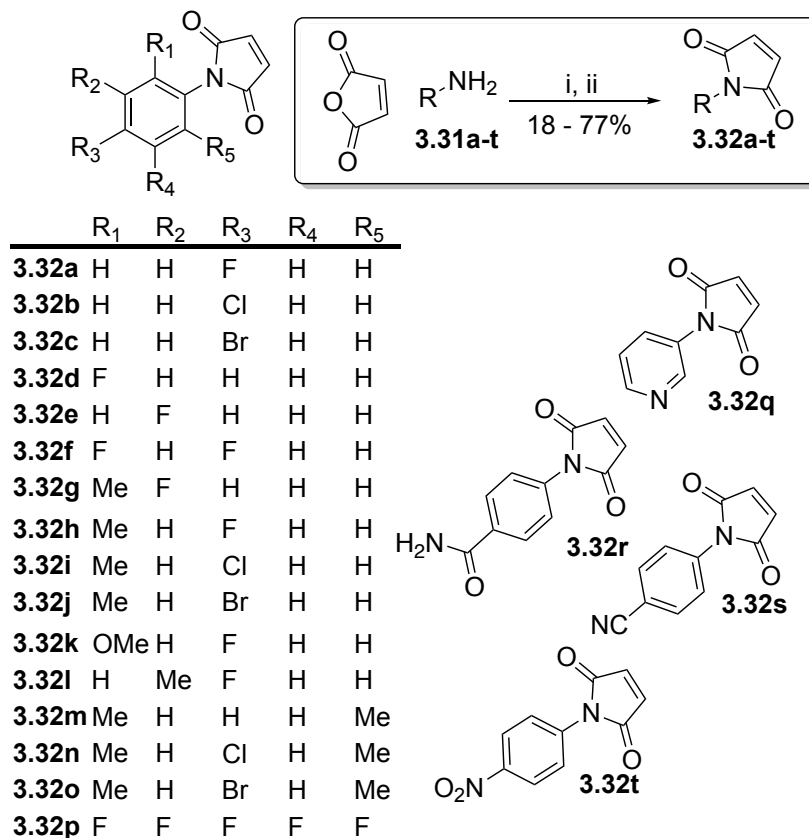


Results and Discussion

Chemistry

As seen in Scheme 3-2, all of the necessary maleimides, **3.32a-t**, were synthesized through a two step condensation procedure between maleic anhydride and an aniline or other NH_2 compound.¹⁴⁷ In the first step, the aniline condenses with the maleic anhydride to form *N*-phenylmaleamic acids. The crude *N*-phenylmaleamic acids are heated with acetic anhydride to cyclize to the corresponding maleimide.

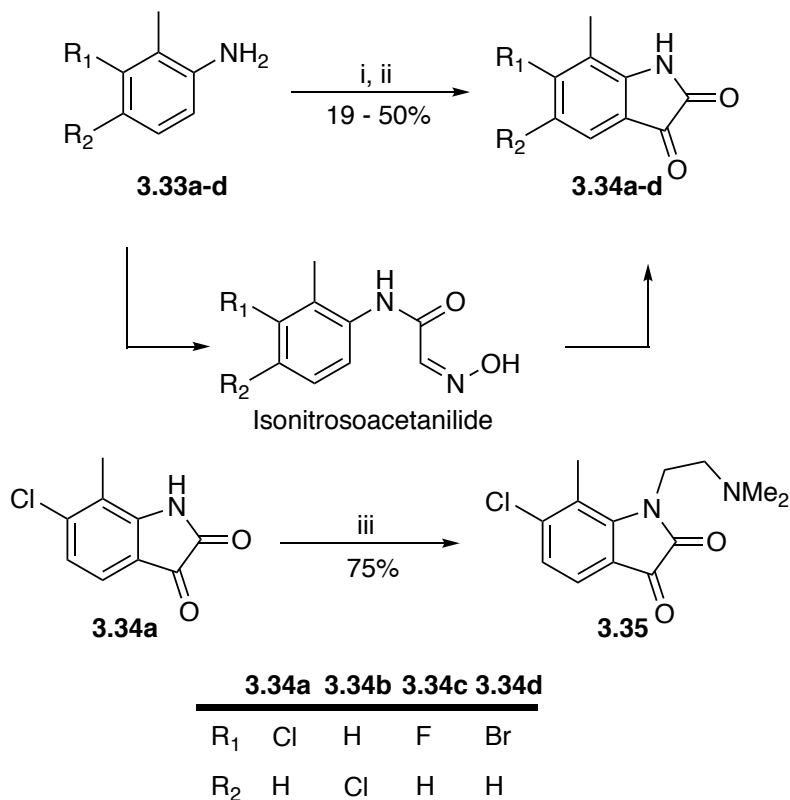
Scheme 3-2: Synthesis of Maleimides



Reagents and conditions: (i) 1 equiv maleic anhydride, 1 equiv R-NH₂, Et₂O, 23 °C, 0.5-1 h
(ii) 0.7 equiv NaOAc, Ac₂O, 70 °C, 4-6 h.

Isatins **3.34a-d** were synthesized through a two-step Sandmeyer procedure (Scheme 3-3).^{148,149} In the first step, anilines are converted to isonitrosoacetanilides through the use of chloral hydrate and hydroxylamine. The crude isonitrosoacetanilide was cyclized in the presence of hot sulfuric acid to give the isatin product. Isatin **3.34a** was converted to dimethyl amino isatin derivative **3.35** using 2-chloro-*N,N*-dimethylethylamine hydrochloride.¹⁵⁰ All amino acids and amino acid derivatives used were commercially available.

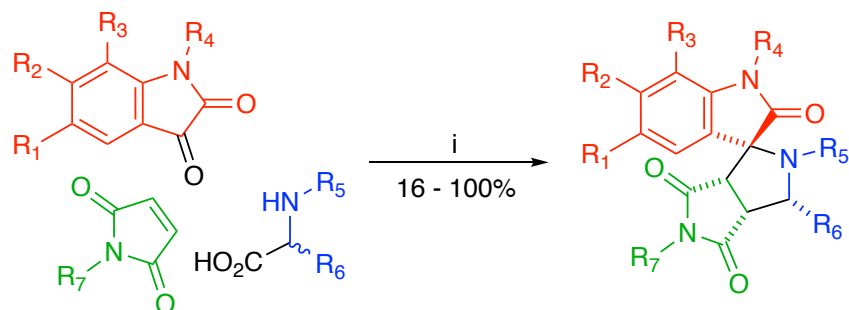
Scheme 3-3: Synthesis of Isatins



Reagents and conditions: (i) 1.0 equiv aniline, 1.1 equiv chloral hydrate, 3.1 equiv hydroxylamine hydrochloride, 9 equiv Na₂SO₄, 1.1 equiv 12 M HCl, H₂O, 80 °C, 1-2 h (ii) H₂SO₄, 60°C, 0.5 h (iii) 1.0 equiv isatin derivative, 4.0 equiv 2-Chloro-N,N-dimethylethylamine hydrochloride, 10 equiv K₂CO₃, 40 equiv H₂O, EtOAc, 77 °C, 3 h, 75%.

All spiroindolinone analogues were synthesized through a one pot, three-component coupling involving an isatin, maleimide, and an amino acid derivative (Scheme 3-4). As described previously, the reaction mechanism involves the condensation of the amino acid and the isatin to give an azomethine ylide that does a 1,3 dipolar cycloaddition with the maleimide. All spiroindolinones were isolated as racemates that gave a single diastereomer as described above.

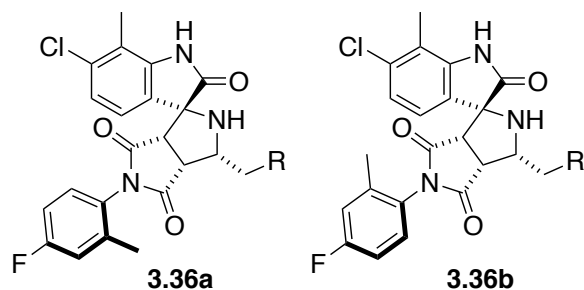
Scheme 3-4: Synthesis of Spiroindolinones



Reagents and conditions: (i) 1.0 equiv isatin, 1.05 equiv maleimide, 1.1 equiv amino acid derivative, MeOH/H₂O (3:1), 90° C, 4-16 h.

Spiroindolinones with ortho-substituted *N*-aryl groups exhibit restricted rotation about the N-C bond in the maleimide and were isolated as a mixture of rotamers (Figure 3-4), inseparable by thin layer chromatography, silica gel chromatography or HPLC. Cycloaddition products of this type are known to exist as *N*-aryl rotamers that do not rotate on the NMR time scale but will equilibrate at room temperature.^{151, 152, 153, 154, 155}

Figure 3-4: Example of a Spiroindolinone that has Two Different Rotamers

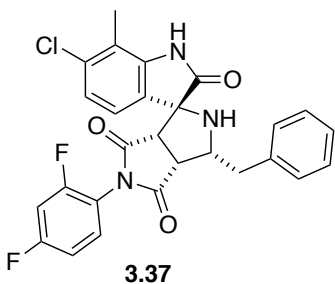


Structure Activity Relationships and Biological Evaluations

We determined the enhancement of antifungal activity for all of the new analogues against resistant *C. albicans* isolate 45 and resistant *C. glabrata* BG2. In the presence of a constant, nonlethal concentration of fluconazole fluconazole (64 µg/mL for *C. albicans*

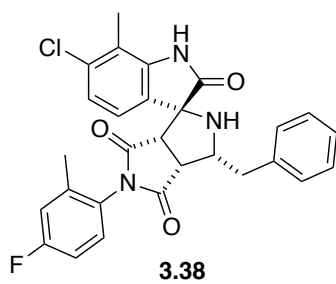
isolate 45 and 128 $\mu\text{g}/\text{mL}$ for *C. glabrata* BG2), the analogues inhibited fungal cell growth in a dose-dependent fashion, from which EC_{50} values were determined (Figure 3-5).

Figure 3-5: Spiroindolinone Activity



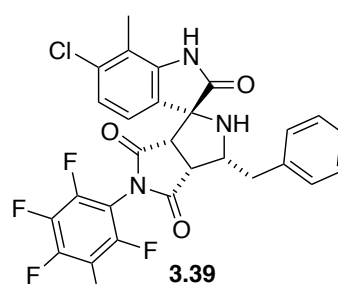
EC_{50} = 1100 nM
C. albicans CI-45

EC_{50} = 1100 nM
C. glabrata BG2



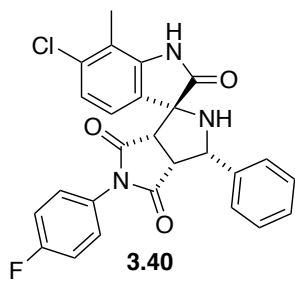
EC_{50} = 220 nM
C. albicans CI-45

EC_{50} = 530 nM
C. glabrata BG2



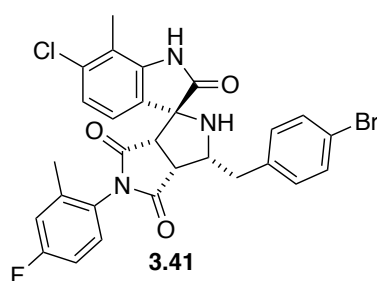
EC_{50} = 470 nM
C. albicans CI-45

EC_{50} > 30,000 nM
C. glabrata BG2



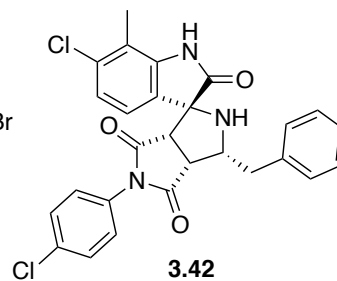
EC_{50} > 30,000 nM
C. albicans CI-45

EC_{50} > 30,000 nM
C. glabrata BG2



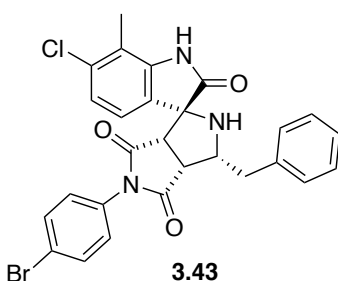
EC_{50} = 140 nM
C. albicans CI-45

EC_{50} = 310 nM
C. glabrata BG2



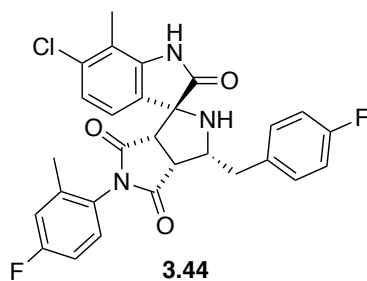
EC_{50} = 470 nM
C. albicans CI-45

EC_{50} = 500 nM
C. glabrata BG2



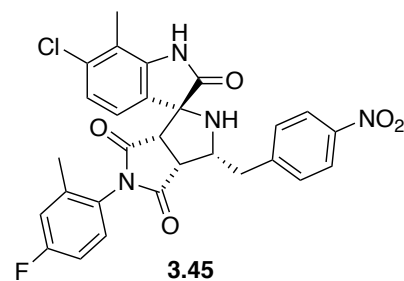
EC_{50} = 330 nM
C. albicans CI-45

EC_{50} = 260 nM
C. glabrata BG2



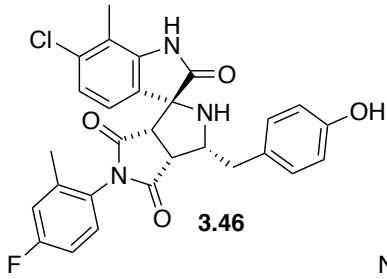
EC_{50} = 128 nM
C. albicans CI-45

EC_{50} = 280 nM
C. glabrata BG2



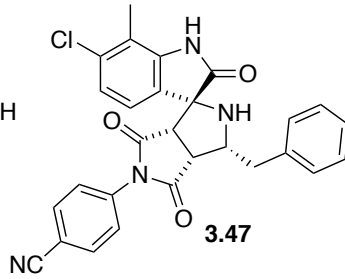
EC_{50} = 130 nM
C. albicans CI-45

EC_{50} = 219 nM
C. glabrata BG2



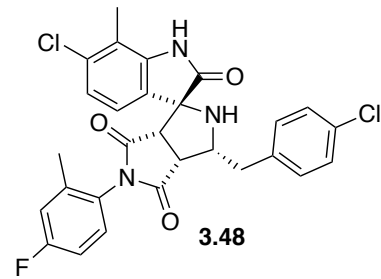
$EC_{50} = 600 \text{ nM}$
C. albicans CI-45

$EC_{50} = 570 \text{ nM}$
C. glabrata BG2



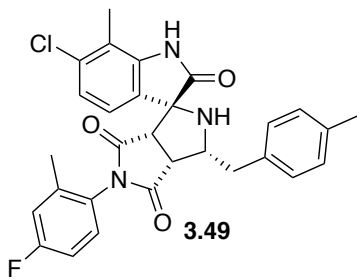
$EC_{50} = 560 \text{ nM}$
C. albicans CI-45

$EC_{50} = 760 \text{ nM}$
C. glabrata BG2



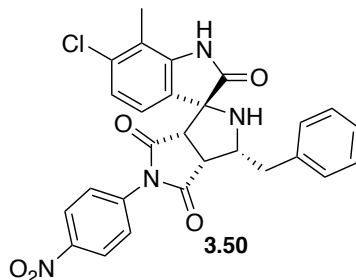
$EC_{50} = 80 \text{ nM}$
C. albicans CI-45

$EC_{50} = 260 \text{ nM}$
C. glabrata BG2



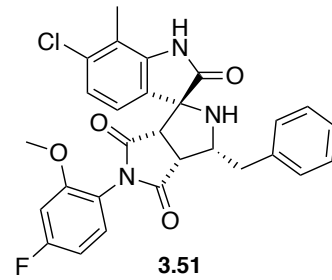
$EC_{50} = 320 \text{ nM}$
C. albicans CI-45

$EC_{50} = 390 \text{ nM}$
C. glabrata BG2



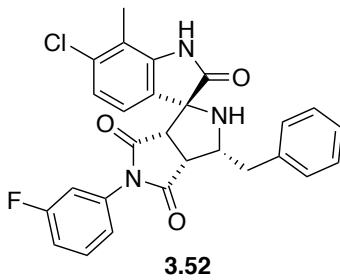
$EC_{50} = 800 \text{ nM}$
C. albicans CI-45

$EC_{50} = 550 \text{ nM}$
C. glabrata BG2



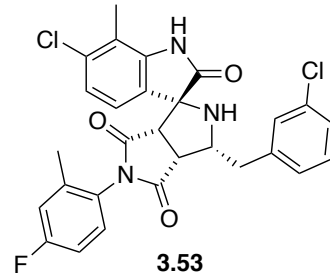
$EC_{50} = 500 \text{ nM}$
C. albicans CI-45

$EC_{50} = 600 \text{ nM}$
C. glabrata BG2



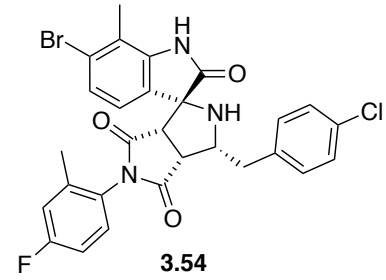
$EC_{50} = 890 \text{ nM}$
C. albicans CI-45

$EC_{50} = 600 \text{ nM}$
C. glabrata BG2



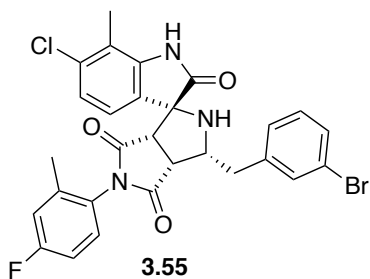
$EC_{50} = 160 \text{ nM}$
C. albicans CI-45

$EC_{50} = 700 \text{ nM}$
C. glabrata BG2



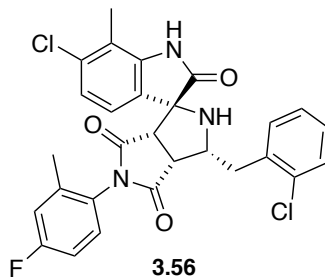
$EC_{50} = 100 \text{ nM}$
C. albicans CI-45

$EC_{50} = 340 \text{ nM}$
C. glabrata BG2



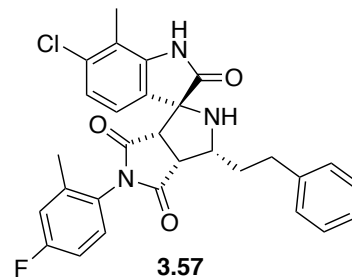
$EC_{50} = 60 \text{ nM}$
C. albicans CI-45

$EC_{50} = 290 \text{ nM}$
C. glabrata BG2



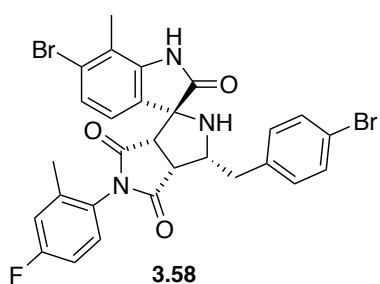
$EC_{50} = 44 \text{ nM}$
C. albicans CI-45

$EC_{50} = 160 \text{ nM}$
C. glabrata BG2



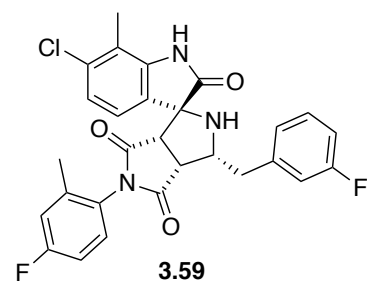
$EC_{50} = 33 \text{ nM}$
C. albicans CI-45

$EC_{50} = 440 \text{ nM}$
C. glabrata BG2



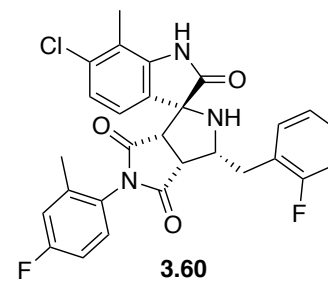
$EC_{50} = 110 \text{ nM}$
C. albicans CI-45

$EC_{50} = 140 \text{ nM}$
C. glabrata BG2



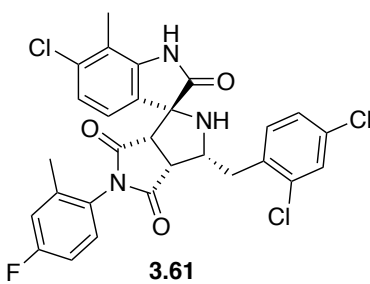
$EC_{50} = 98 \text{ nM}$
C. albicans CI-45

$EC_{50} = 369 \text{ nM}$
C. glabrata BG2



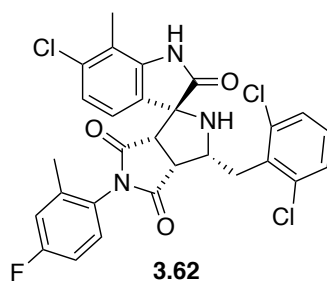
$EC_{50} = 150 \text{ nM}$
C. albicans CI-45

$EC_{50} = 460 \text{ nM}$
C. glabrata BG2



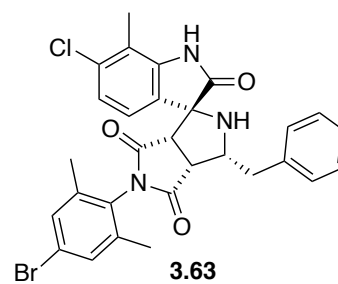
$EC_{50} = 53 \text{ nM}$
C. albicans CI-45

$EC_{50} = 90 \text{ nM}$
C. glabrata BG2



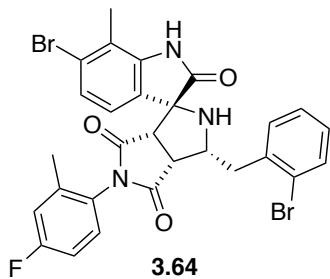
$EC_{50} = 190 \text{ nM}$
C. albicans CI-45

$EC_{50} = 260 \text{ nM}$
C. glabrata BG2



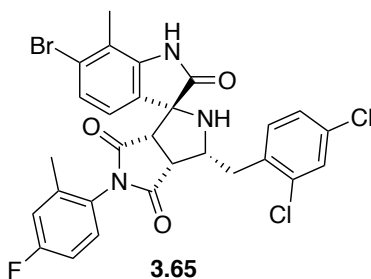
$EC_{50} = 450 \text{ nM}$
C. albicans CI-45

$EC_{50} = 37 \text{ nM}$
C. glabrata BG2



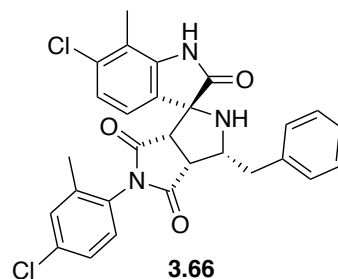
$EC_{50} = 38 \text{ nM}$
C. albicans CI-45

$EC_{50} = 210 \text{ nM}$
C. glabrata BG2



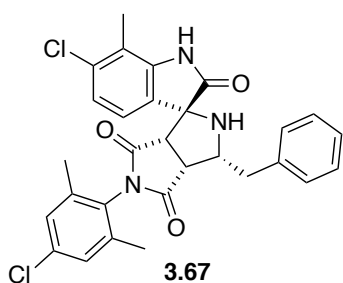
$EC_{50} = 74 \text{ nM}$
C. albicans CI-45

$EC_{50} = 130 \text{ nM}$
C. glabrata BG2



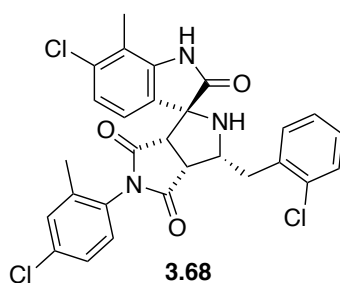
$EC_{50} = 180 \text{ nM}$
C. albicans CI-45

$EC_{50} = 236 \text{ nM}$
C. glabrata BG2



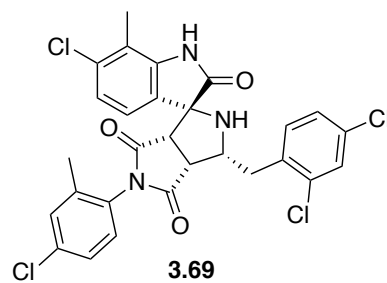
$EC_{50} > 30,000 \text{ nM}$
C. albicans CI-45

$EC_{50} = 43 \text{ nM}$
C. glabrata BG2



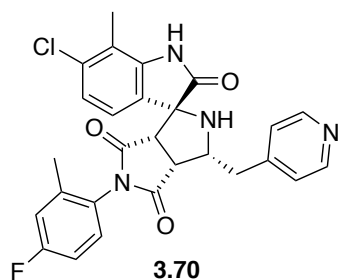
$EC_{50} = 280 \text{ nM}$
C. albicans CI-45

$EC_{50} = 214 \text{ nM}$
C. glabrata BG2



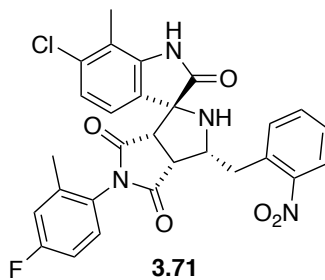
$EC_{50} = 325 \text{ nM}$
C. albicans CI-45

$EC_{50} = 80 \text{ nM}$
C. glabrata BG2



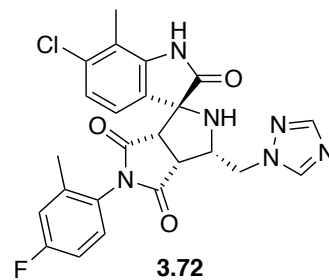
$EC_{50} > 30,000 \text{ nM}$
C. albicans CI-45

$EC_{50} > 30,000 \text{ nM}$
C. glabrata BG2



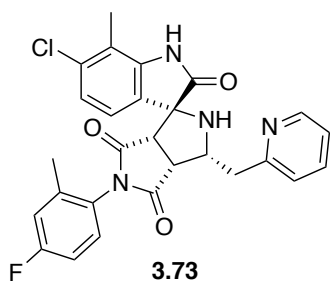
$EC_{50} = 80 \text{ nM}$
C. albicans CI-45

$EC_{50} = 100 \text{ nM}$
C. glabrata BG2



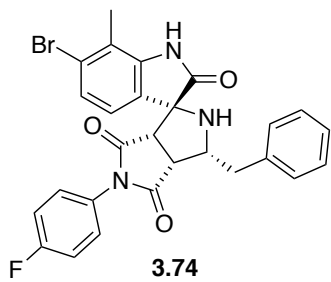
$EC_{50} > 30,000 \text{ nM}$
C. albicans CI-45

$EC_{50} > 30,000 \text{ nM}$
C. glabrata BG2



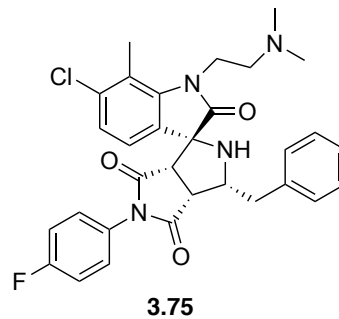
$EC_{50} > 30,000$ nM
C. albicans CI-45

$EC_{50} = 2,900$ nM
C. glabrata BG2



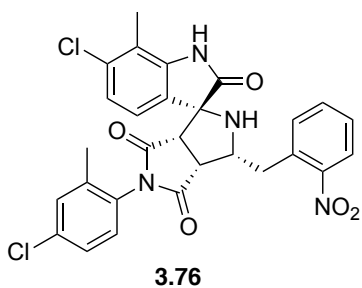
$EC_{50} = 490$ nM
C. albicans CI-45

$EC_{50} = 3,400$ nM
C. glabrata BG2



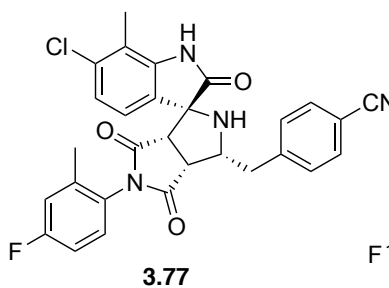
$EC_{50} > 30,000$ nM
C. albicans CI-45

$EC_{50} > 30,000$ nM
C. glabrata BG2



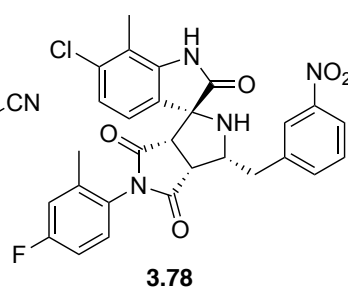
$EC_{50} = 22$ nM
C. albicans CI-45

$EC_{50} = 120$ nM
C. glabrata BG2



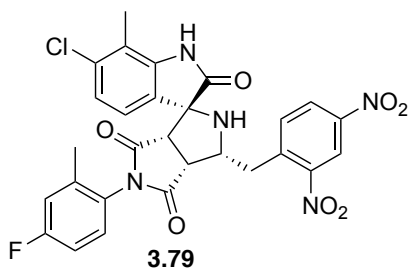
$EC_{50} = 240$ nM
C. albicans CI-45

$EC_{50} = 100$ nM
C. glabrata BG2



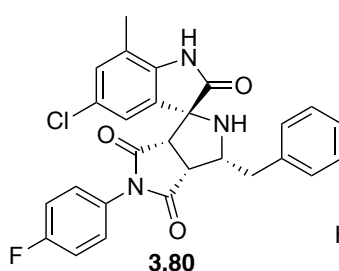
$EC_{50} = 21$ nM
C. albicans CI-45

$EC_{50} = 95$ nM
C. glabrata BG2



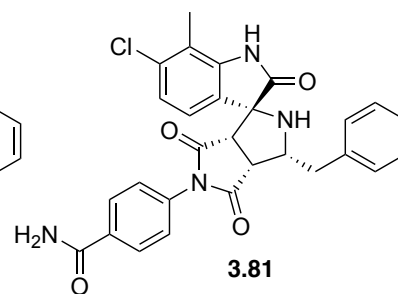
$EC_{50} = 230$ nM
C. albicans CI-45

$EC_{50} = 90$ nM
C. glabrata BG2



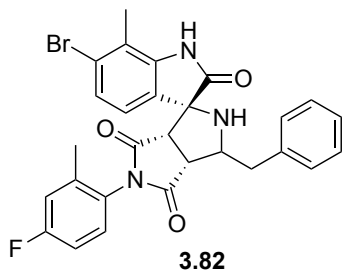
$EC_{50} > 30,000$ nM
C. albicans CI-45

$EC_{50} = 700$ nM
C. glabrata BG2



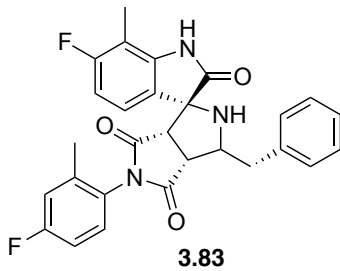
$EC_{50} > 30,000$ nM
C. albicans CI-45

$EC_{50} > 30,000$ nM
C. glabrata BG2



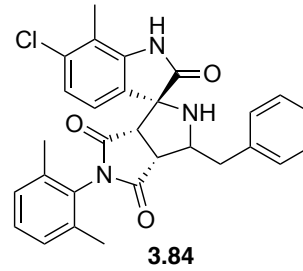
$EC_{50} = 170 \text{ nM}$
C. albicans CI-45

$EC_{50} = 400 \text{ nM}$
C. glabrata BG2



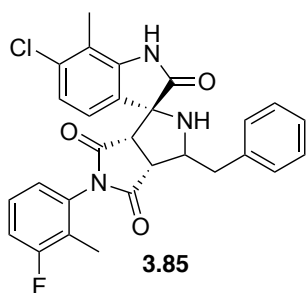
$EC_{50} = 3,600 \text{ nM}$
C. albicans CI-45

$EC_{50} = 500 \text{ nM}$
C. glabrata BG2



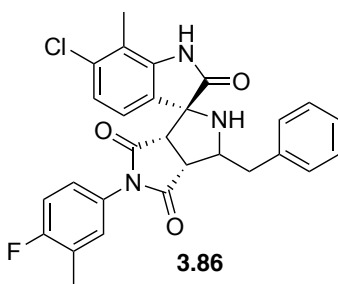
$EC_{50} = 800 \text{ nM}$
C. albicans CI-45

$EC_{50} = 220 \text{ nM}$
C. glabrata BG2



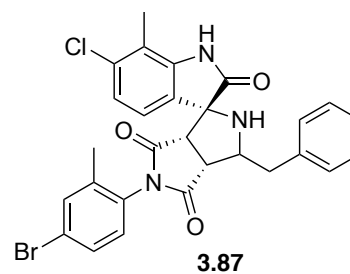
$EC_{50} = 900 \text{ nM}$
C. albicans CI-45

$EC_{50} = 1,590 \text{ nM}$
C. glabrata BG2



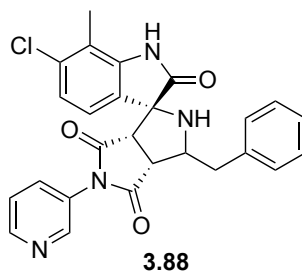
$EC_{50} = 550 \text{ nM}$
C. albicans CI-45

$EC_{50} = 710 \text{ nM}$
C. glabrata BG2



$EC_{50} = 500 \text{ nM}$
C. albicans CI-45

$EC_{50} = 140 \text{ nM}$
C. glabrata BG2



$EC_{50} > 30,000 \text{ nM}$
C. albicans CI-45

$EC_{50} = 4,300 \text{ nM}$
C. glabrata BG2

The three main regions of the spiroindolinone that were modified were, the isatin, the maleimide and amino acid fragments. Fewer modifications were made to the indolone

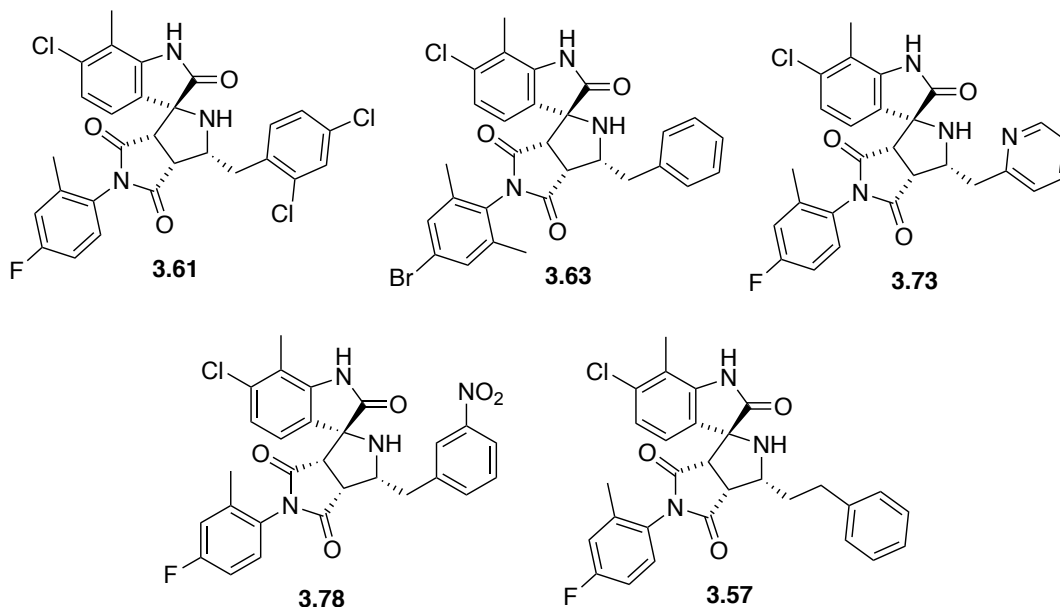
than the other two fragments but the 5- and 6-positions of the indolone ring were modified. Comparing **3.38** and **3.83**, a chlorine at the 6-position led to better activity against *C. albicans* compared to fluorine although the activity against *C. glabrata* was comparable. Transposing the chlorine and hydrogen at the 5 and 6 positions (**3.80**) led to no activity against *C. albicans* and decreased potency against *C. glabrata* compared to lead compound **3.7**. Substituting the chlorine for larger bromine at the 6-position gave better activity for both species as seen in compounds **3.38** and **3.82**. However, comparing bromoindolone **3.65** with chloroindolone **3.61** and bromoindolone **3.54** with chloroindolone **3.48** shows that chloroindolones were more active against both species. These compounds with chlorine at the 6 position also gave lower absolute activity. Chlorine seemed to be a good middle ground in terms of electronegativity and size. Adding a polar *N,N*-dimethylaminoethyl group to the isatin (**3.75**) rendered the molecule completely inactive. It was determined that the isatin substitution of the lead compound, **3.7**, was the best.

Substitution of the maleimide fragment was explored in more detail than the isatin. Substitution with polar substituents on the maleimide fragments as seen in compounds the *N*-(3-pyridyl)succinimide analogue **3.88** and amide analogue **3.81** made the compounds inactive. Compared to lead compound **3.7**, adding a methyl at the ortho position of the *N*-phenyl ring to restrict rotation (**3.38**) led to better activity for both species. Having a methyl at the ortho position and a fluorine at the para position was the optimal substitution pattern for the *N*-aryl substituent as seen from 2-methyl, 3-flouro analogue **3.85** and 3-methyl, 4-flouro analogue **3.86**. 2,4-Difluorophenyl and pentafluorophenyl substituents on the succinimide were not beneficial for activity overall, (**3.37** and **3.39**). Electron withdrawing groups like *para*-NO₂ and *para*-CN (**3.50** and **3.47**) on the

succinimide were slightly worse for activity overall compared to the original fluorine substitution. Having methyl groups on both the *ortho* positions of the *N*-phenyl ring (**3.84**, **3.67**, and **3.63**) was beneficial for activity for *C. glabrata* but was not beneficial against *C. albicans*. While having bromine at the para position of the *N*-phenyl ring (**3.43** and **3.87**) helped more against *C. glabrata*, chlorine and fluorine substitution was the best overall. For instance chlorine was better when comparing **3.38** and **3.66** but fluorine was better overall when comparing *p*-fluorophenylsuccinimide **3.61** with the *p*-chlorophenylsuccinimide **3.69**. Simultaneous optimization against two resistant strains was challenging but overall it was determined that ortho methyl group, serving as a steric lock, and an electron-withdrawing para-fluorine or chlorine group were the best substituents for the *N*-phenyl ring..

The last region of substitution was on the amino acid side chain. Replacing the phenyl substituent with very polar groups like pyridine derivatives was detrimental to activity against both species (**3.70**, **3.72**, and **3.73**). However, a tyrosine derivate, **3.46**, gave similar activity as the lead compound **3.7**. Adding a methyl group to the phenyl ring, **3.49**, was beneficial for *C. glabrata* activity but hurt *C. albicans* activity. Using phenylglycine as the amino acid, **3.40**, showed no activity while using homophenylalanine, **3.57**, greatly increased the activity against *C. albicans*. Generally, putting electron withdrawing groups on the phenyl ring of phenylalanine greatly increased the activity against both species. While fluorine, cyano, and bromine substitution on phenylalanine increased the activity against both species, substitution with chlorine (**3.61**) or nitro groups (**3.78**) was the most beneficial for activity. Overall, three compounds (**3.61**, **3.78**, and **3.71**) had activity at or below 100 nM against both species.

Figure 3-6: Analogues Tested for Cytotoxicity



3.61, 3.63, 3.73, 3.78, and 3.57 (figure 3-6) were tested against 3T3 mammalian fibroblasts for cytotoxicity. All analogues except **3.57** displayed no cytotoxicity up to 45 μM (the limit of the assay). **3.57** did not display cytotoxicity up to 15 μM . These molecules are active against *Candida* at concentrations much lower than those used in the cytotoxicity assay.

Conclusion

In conclusion we have designed, synthesized, and studied spiroindolinone analogues of lead compound **3.7** which was active against resistant species of *C. albicans* and *C. glabrata* in the presence of fluconazole. Most of the analogues synthesized showed potent activities against both resistant strains. Three spiroindolinone analogues were shown to be active at or below 100 nM against both resistant species. These compounds were shown to not be active against 3T3 mammalian fibroblasts.

Experimental Section

General Experiment Procedure:

NMR spectral data were recorded at 25 °C using a Bruker 500 MHz spectrometer. The NMR data are reported as follows: chemical shifts in ppm are calibrated to tetramethylsilane (0 ppm), or residual solvents signals of CDCl₃ (7.26 ppm) or DMSO-*d*₆ (2.50 ppm), multiplicity (br = broad, app = apparent, s = singlet, d = doublet, t = triplet, q = quartet and m = multiplet), coupling constants (Hz), and integration. Analytical thin layer chromatography (TLC) was performed using EMD Reagents 0.25 mm silica gel 60-F plates. Silica gel chromatography was performed using Silicycle silica gel (40–63 μm). All reactions were carried out under an atmosphere of nitrogen unless otherwise noted. Reactions were carried out at ambient temperature unless otherwise indicated. Unless otherwise noted, all reagents were commercially obtained and, where appropriate, purified prior to use. THF and CH₂Cl₂ were dried by filtration through alumina according to the procedure of Grubbs and coworkers.¹⁵⁶ The purity of compounds tested for antifungal activity was determined by reversed-phase high-performance liquid chromatography using an ACE C-18 PFP column. A mixture of H₂O (with 0.1% formic acid) and MeCN was used as eluent.

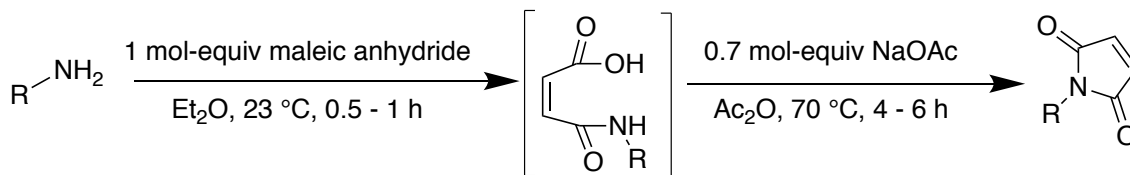
Synthetic Procedures and Characterization:

Synthesis of maleimides:

All maleimides were synthesized according to the procedure below unless otherwise specified. Synthesis and characterization for uncharacterized compounds are listed below. Previously characterized compounds are listed as follows: 1-(4-fluorophenyl)-1*H*-pyrrole-2,5-dione¹⁵⁷, 1-(2,6-dimethylphenyl)-1*H*-pyrrole-2,5-dione¹⁵⁸, 1-(2,4-difluorophenyl)-1*H*-pyrrole-2,5-dione¹⁵⁹, 1-(5-methylisoxazol-3-yl)-1*H*-pyrrole-2,5-

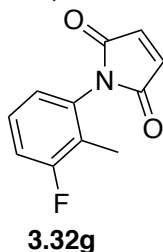
dione¹⁶⁰, 1-(perfluorophenyl)-1*H*-pyrrole-2,5-dione¹⁶¹, 1-(4-chlorophenyl)-1*H*-pyrrole-2,5-dione¹⁶², 1-(4-bromophenyl)-1*H*-pyrrole-2,5-dione¹⁶³, 4-(2,5-dioxo-2,5-dihydro-1*H*-pyrrol-1-yl)benzotrile¹⁶⁴, 1-(4-nitrophenyl)-1*H*-pyrrole-2,5-dione¹⁶⁵, 1-(3-fluorophenyl)-1*H*-pyrrole-2,5-dione¹⁶⁶ and 1-(2-fluorophenyl)-1*H*-pyrrole-2,5-dione¹⁶⁷.

General procedure for the synthesis of maleimides:



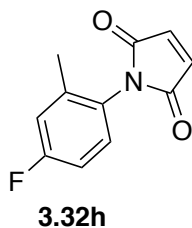
An oven-dried round bottom flask was charged with maleic anhydride (1.0 equiv), ether (0.90 M), and a stir bar. A separate round bottom flask was charged with an aniline or amine (1 equiv), ether (0.90 M), and a stir bar. The contents of the flask with the aniline or amine were transferred to the flask with the anhydride dropwise via syringe. The reaction mixture was monitored by TLC for disappearance of aniline or amine. Once the aniline or amine was consumed (0.5 h - 1 h) the resulting precipitate was filtered in a Büchner funnel with cold ether. The crude acid intermediate was added to an oven-dried round bottom flask. Sodium acetate (0.6 - 0.8 equiv), acetic anhydride (0.83 M), and a stir bar were also added to the flask. The reaction mixture was heated to 70 °C and monitored by TLC for disappearance of the acid intermediate. Upon disappearance of the acid intermediate (1 h to 4 h) the reaction mixture was cooled to room temperature. The reaction mixture was poured into a mixture of CH₂Cl₂ and a saturated solution of NaHCO₃ and allowed to stir for 1 h. The mixture was extracted with CH₂Cl₂. The combined organic layers were dried with Na₂SO₄. The CH₂Cl₂ was removed by reduced pressure and the crude material was purified by flash chromatography (EtOAc:hex) to yield pure maleimides.

1-(3-Fluoro-2-methylphenyl)-1*H*-pyrrole-2,5-dione (**3.32g**):



Maleic anhydride (0.86 g, 8.8 mmol, 1.1 equiv), 3-fluoro-2-methylaniline (1.0 g, 8.0 mmol, 1.0 equiv) and 10 mL of CH₂Cl₂ were added to an oven-dried round bottom flask and stirred at 40°C for 2 h. After completion, the precipitate was filtered with CH₂Cl₂. All of the crude product was added to 11 mL of acetic anhydride and sodium acetate (0.56 g, 6.8 mmol, 0.85 equiv) and stirred at 70°C for 16 hours. The crude material was diluted with saturated NaHCO₃ and EtOAc, extracted, and purified with column chromatography to afford maleimide **3.32g** (0.99 g, 4.8 mmol, 60%) as a white solid. *R_f* = 0.6 (3:7 EtOAc/Hex). ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.26 (dd, *J* = 14.2, 8.2 Hz, 1H), 7.13 (t, *J* = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 6.94 (d, *J* = 7.9 Hz, 1H), 6.87 (s, 2H), 2.06 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 169.4, 162.7, 160.7, 134.6, 131.7, 131.6, 127.3, 127.2, 124.8, 124.6, 124.5, 124.4, 116.3, 116.1, 10.4, 10.3; HRMS (ESI): *m/z* calculated for C₁₁H₈FNO₂NaCH₃OH [M+Na+CH₃OH]⁺ 260.0699, found 260.0704.

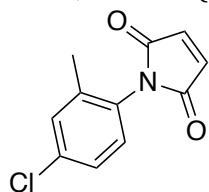
1-(4-Fluoro-2-methylphenyl)-1*H*-pyrrole-2,5-dione, (**3.32h**):



An oven-dried round bottom flask was charged with maleic anhydride (1.8 g, 18 mmol, 1.0 equiv), ether (20 mL, 0.90 M), and a stir bar. A separate round bottom flask was charged with 4-fluoro-2-methyl-aniline (2.3 g, 18.0 mmol, 1 equiv), ether (20 mL, 0.90 M), and a stir bar. The contents of the flask with the aniline were transferred to the flask with

the anhydride dropwise via syringe. The reaction mixture was monitored by TLC for disappearance of aniline. Once the aniline or amine was consumed (0.5 h) the resulting precipitate was filtered in a Büchner funnel with cold ether to give the crude acid intermediate (2.9 g, 13.0 mmol, 72%). Some of the crude acid intermediate (1.0 g, 4.5 mmol, 1.0 equiv) was added to an oven-dried round bottom flask. Sodium acetate (0.28 g, 3.4 mmol, 0.76 equiv), acetic anhydride (5.4 mL, 0.83 M), and a stir bar were also added to the flask. The reaction mixture was heated to 70 °C and monitored by TLC for disappearance of the acid intermediate. Upon disappearance of the acid intermediate (1 h) the reaction mixture was cooled to room temperature. The reaction mixture was poured into a mixture of CH₂Cl₂ and a saturated solution of NaHCO₃ and allowed to stir for 1 h. The mixture was extracted with CH₂Cl₂. The combined organic layers were dried with Na₂SO₄. The CH₂Cl₂ was removed by reduced pressure and the crude material was purified by flash chromatography (EtOAc:hex) to yield maleimide **3.32h** (0.64 g, 3.1 mmol, 91%) as a yellow solid. *R_f* = 0.5 (3:2 EtOAc:hex). ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.14 (dd, *J* = 8.7, 5.3 Hz, 1H), 7.10 (dd, *J* = 9.1, 2.7, 1H), 7.05 (td, *J* = 8.1, 2.8, 1H), 6.93 (s, 2H), 2.20 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 169.6, 163.8, 161.8, 139.3, 139.2, 134.5, 130.5, 130.4, 125.9, 125.9, 118.0, 117.8, 114.0, 113.9, 18.2; HRMS (ESI): *m/z* calculated for C₁₁H₈NO₂F [M]⁺ 205.0539, found 205.0539.

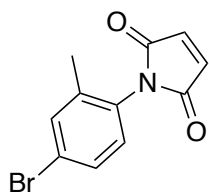
1-(4-Chloro-2-methylphenyl)-1*H*-pyrrole-2,5-dione (**3.32i**):



3.32i

Using the general procedure for maleimide synthesis outlined above, 4-chloro-2-methylaniline (2.55 g, 18.0 mmol, 1 equiv) and maleic anhydride (1.76 g, 18.0 mmol, 1 equiv) were used to yield the crude acid intermediate (3.84 g, 16.0 mmol, 89%). The crude acid intermediate (1.53 g, 6.37 mmol, 1 equiv) was combined with sodium acetate (0.39 g, 4.8 mmol, 0.75 equiv) and acetic anhydride to give **3.32i** (1.13 g, 5.10 mmol, 80%) as a white solid. $R_f = 0.4$ (3:7 EtOAc:hex). $^1\text{H NMR}$ (500 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.33 (s, 1H), 7.28 (m, 1H), 7.05 (d, $J = 8.4$ Hz, 1H), 6.87 (s, 2H), 2.13 (s, 3H); $^{13}\text{C NMR}$ (500 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 169.4, 138.5, 135.2, 134.6, 131.2, 130.0, 128.6, 127.2, 18.0; HRMS (ESI): m/z calculated for $\text{C}_{11}\text{H}_8\text{ClNO}_2\text{NaCH}_3\text{OH}$ [$\text{M}+\text{Na}+\text{CH}_3\text{OH}$] $^+$ 276.0403, found 276.0409.

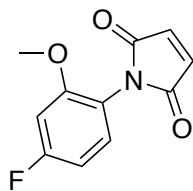
1-(4-Bromo-2-methylphenyl)-1*H*-pyrrole-2,5-dione (**3.32j**):



3.32j

Using the general procedure for maleimide synthesis outlined above, 4-bromo-2-methylaniline (3.35 g, 18.0 mmol, 1 equiv) and maleic anhydride (1.76 g, 18.0 mmol, 1 equiv) were used to yield the crude acid intermediate (4.17 g, 15.0 mmol, 83%). The crude acid intermediate (1.81 g, 6.4 mmol, 1 equiv) was combined with sodium acetate (0.39 g, 4.8 mmol, 0.75 equiv) and acetic anhydride to yield **3.32j** (1.26 g, 4.8 mmol, 75%) as a yellow solid. $R_f = 0.4$ (3:7 EtOAc:hex). $^1\text{H NMR}$ (500 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.49 (d, $J = 1.8$ Hz, 1H), 7.43 (dd, $J = 8.4, 2.0$ Hz, 1H), 6.98 (d, $J = 8.4$ Hz, 1H), 6.87 (s, 2H), 2.13 (s, 3H); $^{13}\text{C NMR}$ (500 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 169.3, 138.9, 134.6, 134.2, 130.3, 130.2, 129.1, 123.5, 18.0; HRMS (ESI): m/z calculated for $\text{C}_{11}\text{H}_8\text{BrNO}_2\text{NaCH}_3\text{OH}$ [$\text{M}+\text{Na}+\text{CH}_3\text{OH}$] $^+$ 319.9898, found 319.9914.

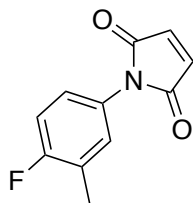
1-(4-Fluoro-2-methoxyphenyl)-1*H*-pyrrole-2,5-dione (**3.32k**):



3.32k

Using the general procedure for maleimide synthesis outlined above, 4-fluoro-2-methoxyaniline (0.50 g, 3.5 mmol, 1 equiv) and maleic anhydride (0.35 g, 3.5 mmol, 1 equiv) were used to yield the crude acid intermediate (0.71 g, 3.0 mmol, 85%). The crude acid intermediate (0.60 g, 2.5 mmol, 1 equiv) was combined with sodium acetate (0.16 g, 2.0 mmol, 0.8 equiv) and acetic anhydride to yield **3.32k** (0.22 g, 0.99 mmol, 39%) as a white solid. $R_f = 0.4$ (3:7 EtOAc:hex). $^1\text{H NMR}$ (500 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.13 (t, $J = 7.9$ Hz, 1H), 6.85 (s, 2H), 6.76 – 6.72 (m, 2H), 3.78 (s, 3H); $^{13}\text{C NMR}$ (500 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 169.8, 165.1, 163.1, 156.8, 156.7, 134.6, 131.2, 131.1, 115.72, 115.70, 107.7, 107.5, 100.7, 100.5, 56.2; HRMS (ESI): m/z calculated for $\text{C}_{11}\text{H}_8\text{FNO}_3\text{NaCH}_3\text{OH}$ $[\text{M}+\text{Na}+\text{CH}_3\text{OH}]^+$ 276.0648, found 276.0657.

1-(4-Fluoro-3-methylphenyl)-1*H*-pyrrole-2,5-dione (**3.32l**):

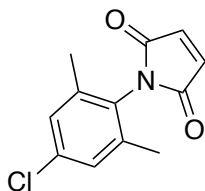


3.32l

Maleic anhydride (0.86 g, 8.8 mmol, 1.1 equiv), 4-fluoro-3-methylaniline (1.0 g, 8.0 mmol, 1.0 equiv) and 10 mL of CH_2Cl_2 were added to an oven-dried round bottom flask and stirred at 40°C for 1 h. After completion, the precipitate was filtered with CH_2Cl_2 . All of the crude product was added to 11 mL of acetic anhydride and sodium acetate (0.56 g, 6.8

mmol, 0.85 equiv) in an oven-dried round bottom flask. The solution was stirred at 70°C for 4 hours. The crude material was diluted with saturated NaHCO₃ and EtOAc, extracted, and purified with column chromatography to afford maleimide **3.32i** (1.3 g, 6.2 mmol, 77%) as a yellow solid. *R_f* = 0.4 (3:7 EtOAc/Hex). ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.15 – 7.06 (m, 3H), 6.83 (s, 2H), 2.30 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 169.6, 161.6, 159.6, 134.3, 129.44, 129.39, 126.76, 126.74, 126.23, 126.08, 125.5, 125.4, 115.9, 115.7, 14.69, 14.67; HRMS (ESI): *m/z* calculated for C₁₁H₈FNO₂NaCH₃OH [M+Na+CH₃OH]⁺ 260.0699, found 260.0700.

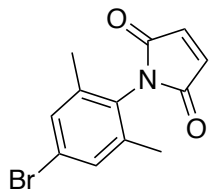
1-(4-Chloro-2,6-dimethylphenyl)-1*H*-pyrrole-2,5-dione (**3.32n**):



3.32n

Using the general procedure for maleimide synthesis outlined above, 4-chloro-2,6-dimethylaniline (0.33 g, 2.14 mmol, 1 equiv) and maleic anhydride (0.21 g, 2.14 mmol, 1 equiv) were used to yield the crude acid intermediate (0.35 g, 1.38 mmol, 64%). The crude acid intermediate (0.35 g, 1.38 mmol, 1 equiv) was combined with sodium acetate (0.08 g, 0.98 mmol, 0.71 equiv) and acetic anhydride to give **3.32n** (0.17 g, 0.74 mmol, 53%) as a white solid. *R_f* = 0.5 (3:7 EtOAc:hex). ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.15 (d, *J* = 0.4 Hz, 2H), 6.88 (s, 2H), 2.09 (s, 6H); ¹³C NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 169.3, 139.0, 135.2, 134.6, 128.6, 127.9, 18.0; HRMS (ESI): *m/z* calculated for C₁₂H₁₀ClNO₂NaCH₃OH [M+Na+CH₃OH]⁺ 290.0560, found 290.0562.

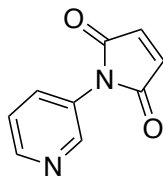
1-(4-Bromo-2,6-dimethylphenyl)-1*H*-pyrrole-2,5-dione (**3.32o**):



3.32o

Using the general procedure for maleimide synthesis outlined above, 4-bromo-2,6-dimethylaniline (1.80 g, 9.0 mmol, 1 equiv) and maleic anhydride (0.88 g, 9.0 mmol, 1 equiv) were used to yield the crude acid intermediate (2.05 g, 6.9 mmol, 77%). The crude acid intermediate (0.30 g, 1.00 mmol, 1 equiv) was combined with sodium acetate (0.062 g, 0.76 mmol, 0.76 equiv) and acetic anhydride to yield **3.32o** (0.18 g, 0.63 mmol, 63%) as a yellow solid. $R_f = 0.5$ (3:7 EtOAc:hex). $^1\text{H NMR}$ (500 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.31 (s, 2H), 6.88 (s, 2H), 2.08 (d, $J = 0.4$ Hz, 6H); $^{13}\text{C NMR}$ (500 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 169.3, 139.2, 134.6, 131.6, 128.5, 123.5, 17.9; HRMS (ESI): m/z calculated for $\text{C}_{12}\text{H}_{10}\text{BrNO}_2\text{Na}$ $[\text{M}+\text{Na}]^+$ 301.9792, found 301.9802.

1-(Pyridin-3-yl)-1H-pyrrole-2,5-dione (**3.32q**):

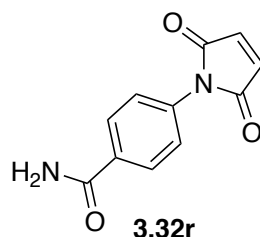


3.32q

Maleic anhydride (0.57 g, 5.8 mmol, 1.1 equiv), pyridin-3-amine (0.50 g, 5.3 mmol, 1.0 equiv) and 5 mL of CH_2Cl_2 were added to an oven-dried round bottom flask and stirred at 40°C for 1 h. After completion, the precipitate was filtered with CH_2Cl_2 . All of the crude product was added to 10 mL of acetic anhydride and sodium acetate (0.25 g, 3.0 mmol, 0.56 mol-equiv) and stirred at 60°C for 2 h. The crude material was diluted with saturated NaHCO_3 and EtOAc, extracted, and purified with column chromatography to afford

maleimide **3.32q** (0.17 g, 0.97 mmol, 18%) as a white solid. $R_f = 0.5$ (6:4 EtOAc/Hex). ^1H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 8.68 (d, $J = 2.3$ Hz, 1H), 8.59 (dd, $J = 4.8, 3.5$ Hz, 1H), 7.72 (dt, $J = 8.2, 1.6$ Hz, 1H), 7.40 (dd, $J = 8.2, 4.8$ Hz, 1H), 6.89 (s, 2H); ^{13}C NMR (500 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 169.0, 148.8, 146.9, 134.6, 133.1, 128.5, 123.8; HRMS (ESI): m/z calculated for $\text{C}_9\text{H}_6\text{N}_2\text{O}_2\text{NaCH}_3\text{OH}$ [$\text{M}+\text{Na}+\text{CH}_3\text{OH}$] $^+$ 229.0589, found 229.0589.

4-(2,5-Dioxo-2,5-dihydro-1H-pyrrol-1-yl)benzamide (**3.32r**):

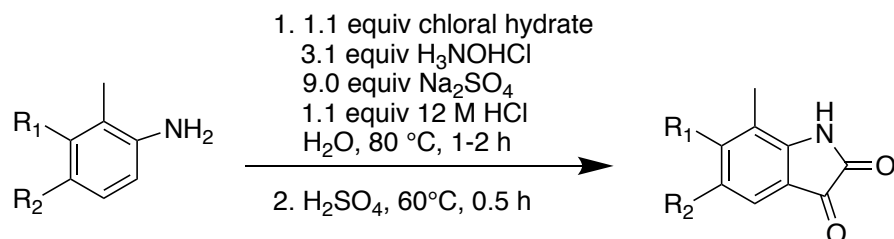


Maleic anhydride (0.36 g, 3.7 mmol, 1.0 equiv), 4-aminobenzamide (0.50 g, 3.7 mmol, 1.0 equiv) and 5 mL of CH_2Cl_2 were added to an oven-dried round bottom flask and stirred at 40 °C for 16 h. After completion, the precipitate was filtered with CH_2Cl_2 . All of the crude product was added to 10 mL of acetic anhydride and sodium acetate (0.50 g, 6.1 mmol, 1.6 equiv) in an oven-dried round bottom flask. The solution was stirred at 70°C for 6 hours. After reaction completion, the precipitate was washed with water and dried to afford maleimide **3.32r** (0.40 g, 1.8 mmol, 50%) as a white solid. $R_f = 0.2$ (7:3 EtOAc:Hex). ^1H NMR (500 MHz, DMSO) δ 8.03 (s, 1H), 7.96 (d, $J = 8.5$ Hz, 2H), 7.44 – 7.42 (m, 3H), 7.21 (s, 2H); ^{13}C NMR (500 MHz, DMSO) δ 167.7, 167.2, 134.8, 134.1, 133.3, 128.1, 126.1; HRMS (ESI): m/z calculated for $\text{C}_{11}\text{H}_8\text{N}_2\text{O}_3\text{NaCH}_3\text{OH}$ [$\text{M}+\text{Na}+\text{CH}_3\text{OH}$] $^+$ 271.0695, found 271.0705.

Synthesis of isatins:

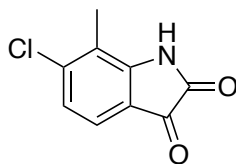
All isatins were synthesized according to the procedure below unless otherwise specified. Synthesis and characterization for uncharacterized compounds are listed below.

General procedure for the synthesis of isatins:



An oven-dried round bottom flask was charged with an aniline (1.0 equiv), DI water (0.4 M with respect to the aniline), and a stir bar. Sodium sulfate (9.0 equiv) was added to the round bottom flask with stirring. Chloral hydrate (1.1 equiv) and hydroxylamine hydrochloride (3.1 equiv) were then added to the stirred solution. Lastly, concentrated hydrochloric acid (1.1. equiv) was added to the flask. The reaction mixture was heated to 80°C until a purple-brown color was observed (1-2 h). The reaction was poured over ice. The resulting precipitate was filtered in a Buchner funnel with cold DI water. Meanwhile, in a separate oven-dried round bottom flask was charged with concentrated sulfuric acid (1.2 M with respect to the original aniline) and heated to 60°C. The crude precipitate was then added to the flask with sulfuric acid in portions over a course of five minutes and was allowed to stir for an additional thirty minutes. After thirty minutes, the solution was poured over ice and filtered in a Buchner funnel with cold DI water. The product was then dissolved in 2.0 M sodium hydroxide and stirred for fifteen minutes. The solution was filtered in a Buchner funnel with cold DI water. The filtrate was collected and made acidic with concentrated hydrochloric acid until the solution reached a pH of 1. The orange precipitate was filtered in a Buchner funnel with cold DI water and collected.

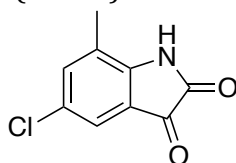
6-Chloro-7-methylindoline-2,3-dione (**3.34a**):



3.34a

Using the general procedure for isatin synthesis outlined above, 3-chloro-2-methylaniline (6.0 g, 42.4 mmol, 1 equiv), chloral hydrate (7.7 g, 46.6 mmol, 1.1 equiv), and hydroxylamine hydrochloride (9.1 g, 131.4 mmol, 3.1 equiv) were combined to give crude isonitrosoacetanilide. The crude product was further dissolved in sulfuric acid to yield isatin **3.34a** (4.1 g, 21.0 mmol, 45%) as an orange solid. $R_f = 0.4$ (2:3 EtOAc/Hex). $^1\text{H NMR}$ (500 MHz, DMSO) δ 11.30 (s, 1H), 7.36 (d, $J = 8.0$ Hz, 1 H), 7.14 (d, $J = 8.1$ Hz, 1H), 2.21 (s, 3H); $^{13}\text{C NMR}$ (500 MHz, DMSO) δ 183.7, 160.1, 150.5, 142.9, 123.18, 123.15, 119.9, 116.5, 13.1; HRMS (ESI): m/z calculated for $\text{C}_9\text{H}_6\text{ClNO}_2\text{Na}$ $[\text{M}+\text{Na}]^+$ 217.9985, found 217.9995.

5-Chloro-7-methylindoline-2,3-dione (**3.34b**):

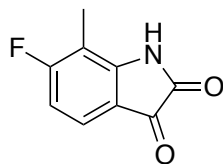


3.34b

Using the general procedure for isatin synthesis outlined above, 4-chloro-2-methylaniline (2.0 g, 14.2 mmol, 1 equiv), chloral hydrate (2.6 g, 15.5 mmol, 1.1 equiv), and hydroxylamine hydrochloride (3.1 g, 44.0 mmol, 3.1 equiv) were combined to give crude isonitrosoacetanilide. The crude product was further dissolved in sulfuric acid to yield isatin **3.34b** (1.4 g, 7.2 mmol, 50%) as an orange solid. $R_f = 0.4$ (1:1 EtOAc/Hex). $^1\text{H NMR}$ (500 MHz, DMSO) δ 11.20 (s, 1H), 7.50 (d, $J = 2.0$ Hz, 1H), 7.63 (d, $J = 1.6$ Hz, 1H), 2.20 (s,

3H); ^{13}C NMR (500 MHz, DMSO) δ 183.7, 159.7, 148.1, 138.0, 126.6, 123.9, 121.3, 118.7, 15.2; HRMS (ESI): m/z calculated for $\text{C}_9\text{H}_6\text{ClNO}_2\text{Na}$ $[\text{M}+\text{Na}]^+$ 217.9985, found 217.9982.

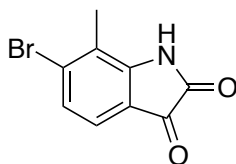
6-Fluoro-7-methylindoline-2,3-dione (**3.34c**):



3.34c

Using the general procedure for isatin synthesis outlined above, 3-fluoro-2-methylaniline (2.0 g, 16.0 mmol, 1 equiv), chloral hydrate (2.9 g, 17.6 mmol, 1.1 equiv), and hydroxylamine hydrochloride (3.4 g, 50.0 mmol, 3.1 equiv) were combined to give crude isonitrosoacetanilide. The crude product was further dissolved in sulfuric acid to yield isatin **3.34c** (0.15 g, 0.84 mmol, 32%) as an orange solid. $R_f = 0.5$ (1:1 EtOAc/Hex). ^1H NMR (500 MHz, DMSO) δ 11.29 (s, 1H), 7.44 (dd, $J = 8.2, 5.7$ Hz, 1H), 6.84 (dd, $J = 10.0, 8.6$ Hz, 1H), 2.10 (s, 3); ^{13}C NMR (500 MHz, DMSO) δ 182.9, 167.5, 165.4, 160.3, 152.0, 151.9, 124.8, 124.7, 114.37, 114.35; 109.7, 109.52, 109.47, 109.32, 8.18, 8.15; HRMS (ESI): m/z calculated for $\text{C}_9\text{H}_6\text{FNO}_2\text{Na}$ $[\text{M}+\text{Na}]^+$ 202.0280, found 202.0278.

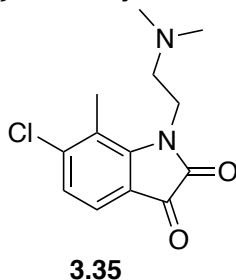
6-Bromo-7-methylindoline-2,3-dione (**3.34d**):



3.34d

Using the general procedure for isatin synthesis outlined above, 3-bromo-2-methylaniline (2.7 g, 14.1 mmol, 1 equiv), chloral hydrate (2.6 g, 15.5 mmol, 1.1 equiv), and hydroxylamine hydrochloride (3.04 g, 43.8 mmol, 3.1 equiv) were combined to give crude isonitrosoacetanilide. The crude product was further dissolved in sulfuric acid to yield isatin **3.34d** (0.6 g, 2.7 mmol, 19%) as an orange solid. $R_f = 0.6$ (1:1 EtOAc/Hex). $^1\text{H NMR}$ (500 MHz, DMSO) δ 11.26 (s, 1H), 7.32 (d, $J = 8.0$ Hz, 1H), 7.26 (d, $J = 8.0$ Hz, 1H), 2.29 (s, 3H) $^{13}\text{C NMR}$ (500 MHz, DMSO) δ 184.0, 160.0, 150.0, 134.8, 126.4, 123.2, 121.7, 117.0, 16.0; HRMS (ESI): m/z calculated for $\text{C}_9\text{H}_6\text{BrNO}_2\text{Na}$ $[\text{M}+\text{Na}]^+$ 261.9480, found 261.9477.

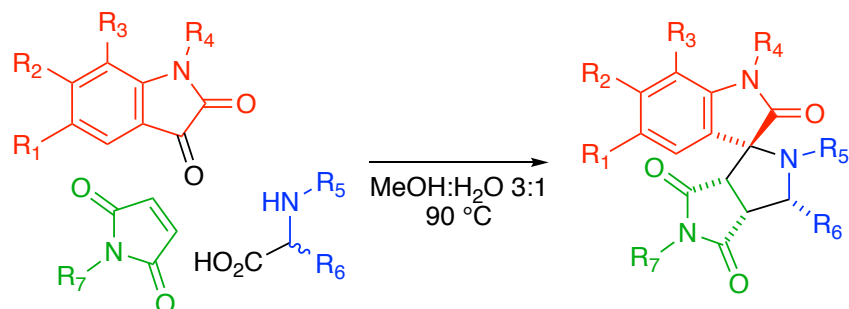
6-Chloro-1-(2-(dimethylamino)ethyl)-7-methylindoline-2,3-dione (**3.35**):



An oven-dried round bottom flask was charged with 6-chloro-7-methylindoline-2,3-dione (0.3 g, 1.5 mmol, 1 equiv), ethyl acetate (30 mL, 0.05 M with respect to the indoline), water (1.02 mL, 1.5 M with respect to the indoline), and a stir bar. 2-Chloro-N,N-dimethylethylamine hydrochloride (0.9 g, 6.1 mmol, 4 equiv) and potassium carbonate (2.1 g, 15.3 mmol, 10 equiv) were subsequently added. The reaction was heated to 77°C for 3 h. The solvent was removed by reduced pressure and the crude material was purified by flash chromatography (EtOAc:hex) to yield **3.35** (0.30 g, 1.1 mmol, 75%) as an orange solid. $R_f = 0.2$ (1:1 EtOAc/Hex). $^1\text{H NMR}$ (500 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.41 (d, $J = 8.0$ Hz, 1H), 7.17 (d, $J = 8.0$ Hz, 1H), 4.09 (t, $J = 7.0$ Hz, 2H), 2.55 (s, 3H), 2.52 (t, $J = 7.0$ Hz, 2H), 2.26 (s, 6H); $^{13}\text{C NMR}$ (500

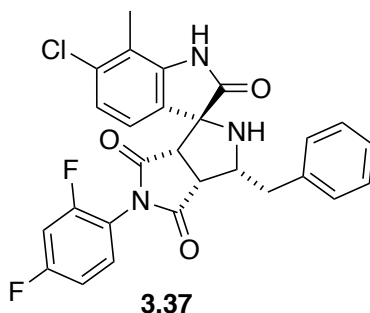
MHz, CDCl₃) δ 128.8, 160.1, 150.1, 146.6, 125.3, 123.7, 121.0, 118.0, 59.3, 45.8, 41.4, 15.1;
HRMS (ESI): m/z calculated for C₁₃H₁₅ClN₂O₂Na [M+Na]⁺ 289.0720, found 289.0723.

General procedure for the synthesis of spiroindolinones:



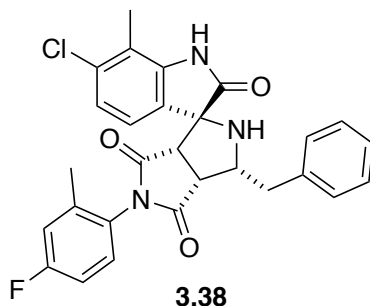
A round bottom flask was charged with substituted isatin (1.0 equiv), N-substituted maleimide (1.05 equiv), the amino acid derivative (1.1 equiv), and a stir bar. A 3:1 (v/v) mixture of MeOH and water was added to the reaction flask such that the concentration of isatin was 0.3 M. The reaction was heated at reflux by immersing the reaction flask in a hot oil bath at 90 °C up to the level of the flask's contents. Initially a clear solution was obtained, and CO₂ evolution was observed. However, after 30 minutes to a few hours the reaction mixture became cloudy. The reaction was stirred for 4 to 16 hours. Upon consumption of the substituted isatin, the reaction was cooled to room temperature. Next, the reaction mixture was quenched by pouring cold DI water into it. The resulting precipitate was washed thoroughly with water in a Büchner funnel to afford a solid. The solid was purified by flash chromatography to afford the racemic substituted spiroindolinone. Best column results were achieved with two successive columns of first CH₂Cl₂:Acetone and second EtOAc:Hex.

(3*R*,3'*R*,3*a*'*R*,6*a*'*S*)-3'-Benzyl-6-chloro-5'-(2,4-difluorophenyl)-7-methyl-2',3',3*a*',6*a*'-tetrahydro-4'*H*-spiro[indoline-3,1'-pyrrolo[3,4-*c*]pyrrole]-2,4',6'(5'*H*)-trione (**3.37**):



Using the general procedure for spiroindolinone synthesis outlined above, 6-chloro-7-methylindoline-2,3-dione (0.27 g, 1.4 mmol, 1.0 equiv), 1-(2,4-difluorophenyl)-1*H*-pyrrole-2,5-dione (0.30 g, 1.4 mmol, 1.05 equiv), and phenylalanine (0.25 g, 1.5 mmol, 1.1 equiv) were used. The crude material was purified by flash chromatography to afford spiroindolinone **3.37** (0.14 g, 0.27 mmol, 20%) as a light brown solid. $R_f = 0.4$ (3:2 EtOAc/Hex). $^1\text{H NMR}$ (500 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 8.48 (s, 1H), 7.26 – 7.18 (m, 5H), 7.04 – 6.92 (m, 5H), 4.72 (s, 1H), 3.78 (s, 2H), 3.44 (d, $J = 11.5$ Hz, 1H), 2.70 (s, 1H), 2.14 (s, 1H), 1.94 (s, 3H); $^{13}\text{C NMR}$ (500 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 174.4, 174.1, 164.4, 162.4, 158.7, 156.85, 156.75, 140.6, 139.2, 136.3, 130.44, 130.36, 129.0, 128.9, 126.7, 124.8, 124.4, 123.6, 118.4, 115.9, 115.8, 112.5, 112.4, 105.6, 68.4, 58.9, 51.9, 48.2, 38.2, 13.5; HRMS (ESI): m/z calculated for $\text{C}_{27}\text{H}_{20}\text{ClF}_2\text{N}_3\text{O}_3\text{Na}$ $[\text{M}+\text{Na}]^+$ 530.1059, found 530.1060; HPLC purity: 98.2%.

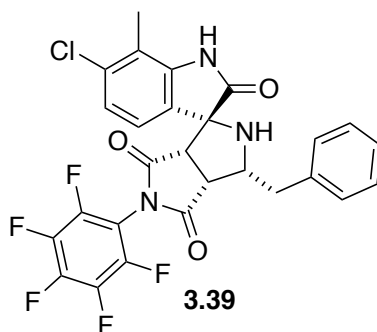
(3*R*,3'*R*,3*a*'*R*,6*a*'*S*)-3'-Benzyl-6-chloro-5'-(4-fluoro-2-methylphenyl)-7-methyl-2',3',3*a*',6*a*'-tetrahydro-4'*H*-spiro[indoline-3,1'-pyrrolo[3,4-*c*]pyrrole]-2,4',6'(5'*H*)-trione (**3.38**):



Using the general procedure for spiroindolinone synthesis outlined above, 6-chloro-7-methylindoline-2,3-dione (0.27 g, 1.4 mmol, 1.0 equiv), 1-(4-fluoro-2-methylphenyl)-1H-pyrrole-2,5-dione (0.30 g, 1.4 mmol, 1.05 equiv), and phenylalanine (0.25 g, 1.5 mmol, 1.1 equiv) were used. The crude material was purified by flash chromatography to afford spiroindolinone **3.38** (0.11 g, 0.22 mmol, 16%) as a white solid. $R_f = 0.5$ (3:2 EtOAc/Hex). ^1H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl_3 , rotamer ratio = 1:1.2) δ 8.38 (s, 1H, minor rotamer), 8.32 (s, 1H, major rotamer), 7.27 – 6.97 (m, 9H, major and minor rotamers), 6.85 (s, $J = 8.1$ Hz, 1H, minor rotamer), 6.78 (d, $J = 8.2$ Hz, 1H, major rotamer), 4.79 – 4.72 (m, 1H, major and minor rotamers), 3.78 – 3.75 (m, 2H, minor rotamer), 3.78 – 3.75 (m, 1H, major rotamer), 3.66 (d, $J = 8.1$ Hz, 1H, major rotamer), 3.48 – 3.44 (m, 1H, major and minor rotamers), 2.72 (dd, $J = 13.9, 10.3$ Hz, 1H, minor rotamer), 2.60 (dd, $J = 13.8, 10.8$ Hz, 1H, major rotamer), 2.44 (s, 3H, major rotamer), 2.16 – 2.12 (m, 4H, minor rotamer), 2.16 – 2.12 (m, 1H, major rotamer), 2.03 (s, 3H, major rotamer), 1.98 (s, 3H, minor rotamer); ^{13}C NMR (500 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 180.9, 180.8, 175.2, 175.1, 174.5, 174.3, 164.2, 164.0, 162.2, 162.0, 140.739, 140.732, 139.27, 139.26, 138.74, 138.67, 138.1, 138.0, 136.4, 136.3, 130.0, 129.96, 129.93, 129.85, 129.01, 128.99, 128.94, 128.91, 127.07, 127.05, 127.04, 127.02, 126.83, 126.78, 125.2, 124.8, 124.6, 124.1, 123.5, 124.4, 118.48, 118.46, 118.28, 118.24, 118.20, 118.0, 114.44, 114.40, 114.3, 114.2, 68.5, 68.4, 58.9, 58.3, 51.8, 51.7, 47.9, 47.6, 38.9, 38.3, 18.9,

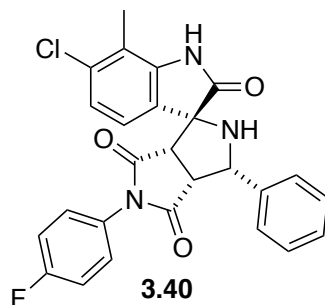
18.2, 13.7, 13.6; HRMS (ESI): m/z calculated for $C_{28}H_{23}ClFN_3O_3Na$ $[M+Na]^+$ 526.1310, found 526.1292; HPLC purity: 99.8%.

(3*R*,3'*R*,3*a*'*R*,6*a*'*S*)-3'-Benzyl-6-chloro-5'-(perfluorophenyl)-2',3',3*a*',6*a*'-tetrahydro-4'*H*-spiro[indoline-3,1'-pyrrolo[3,4-*c*]pyrrole]-2,4',6'(5'*H*)-trione (**3.39**):



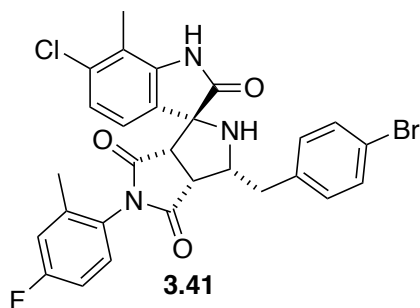
Using the general procedure for spiroindolinone synthesis outlined above, 6-chloro-7-methylindoline-2,3-dione (0.04 g, 0.19 mmol, 1.0 equiv), 1-(perfluorophenyl)-1*H*-pyrrole-2,5-dione (0.05 g, 0.20 mmol, 1.05 equiv), and phenylalanine (0.04 g, 0.21 mmol, 1.1 equiv) were used. The crude material was purified by flash chromatography to afford spiroindolinone **3.39** (0.05 g, 0.09 mmol, 47%) as an off white solid. R_f = 0.6 (3:2 EtOAc/Hex). 1H NMR (500 MHz, $CDCl_3$) δ 8.13 (s, 1H), 7.29 – 7.19 (m, 6H), 7.05 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 1H), 6.88 (d, J = 8.1 Hz, 1H), 4.75 (s, 1H), 3.88 (t, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 3.75 (d, J = 8.1 Hz, 1H), 3.42 (d, J = 11.4 Hz, 1H), 2.63 (t, J = 11.0 Hz, 1H), 2.10 (s, 3H); ^{13}C NMR (500 MHz, $CDCl_3$) δ 180.4, 173.0, 172.1, 140.5, 138.9, 136.5, 129.0, 128.9, 126.8, 124.9, 123.8, 123.6, 118.1, 68.3, 58.5, 52.1, 48.4, 38.4, 13.7; HRMS (ESI): m/z calculated for $C_{26}H_{15}ClF_5N_3O_3Na$ $[M+Na]^+$ 584.0776, found 584.0768; HPLC purity: 99.2%.

(3*R*,3'*R*,3*a*'*R*,6*a*'*S*)-3'-Benzyl-6-chloro-5'-(4-fluorophenyl)-2',3',3*a*',6*a*'-tetrahydro-4'*H*-spiro[indoline-3,1'-pyrrolo[3,4-*c*]pyrrole]-2,4',6'(5'*H*)-trione (**3.40**):



Using the general procedure for spiroindolinone synthesis outlined above, 6-chloro-7-methylindoline-2,3-dione (0.26 g, 1.4 mmol, 1.0 equiv), 1-(4-fluorophenyl)-1*H*-pyrrole-2,5-dione (0.28 g, 1.4 mmol, 1.05 equiv), and phenylglycine (0.23 g, 1.5 mmol, 1.1 equiv) were used. The crude material was purified by flash chromatography to afford spiroindolinone **3.40** (0.28 g, 0.63 mmol, 46%) as an off white solid. $R_f = 0.6$ (3:2 EtOAc/Hex). $^1\text{H NMR}$ (500 MHz, DMSO) δ 10.73 (s, 1H), 7.48 (d, $J = 7.4$ Hz, 2H), 7.34 – 7.28 (m, 4H), 7.25 – 7.20 (m, 3H), 7.05 (d, $J = 8.1$ Hz, 1H), 6.99 (d, $J = 8.1$ Hz, 1H), 5.53 (dd, $J = 8.6$, 3.9, 1H), 4.30 (d, $J = 3.8$ Hz, 1H), 3.88 (t, $J = 8.2$ Hz, 1H), 3.52 (d, $J = 7.8$, 1H), 2.26 (s, 3H); $^{13}\text{C NMR}$ (500 MHz, DMSO) δ 181.4, 174.3, 173.7, 162.4, 160.4, 142.4, 139.4, 134.0, 129.1, 129.0, 128.6, 128.5, 127.8, 127.5, 127.3, 126.1, 125.4, 121.4, 116.8, 116.0, 115.8, 67.8, 60.1, 51.4, 49.9, 13.8; HRMS (ESI): m/z calculated for $\text{C}_{27}\text{H}_{21}\text{ClFN}_3\text{O}_3\text{Na}$ $[\text{M}+\text{Na}]^+$ 498.0997, found 498.0979; HPLC purity: 99.9%.

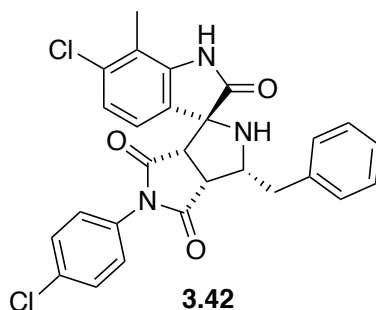
(3*R*,3'*R*,3*a*'*R*,6*a*'*S*)-3'-(4-Bromobenzyl)-6-chloro-5'-(4-fluoro-2-methylphenyl)-7-methyl-2',3',3*a*',6*a*'-tetrahydro-4'*H*-spiro[indoline-3,1'-pyrrolo[3,4-*c*]pyrrole]-2,4',6'(5'*H*)-trione (3.41):



Using the general procedure for spiroindolinone synthesis outlined above, 6-chloro-7-methylindoline-2,3-dione (0.18 g, 0.93 mmol, 1.0 equiv), 1-(4-fluoro-2-methylphenyl)-1*H*-pyrrole-2,5-dione (0.20 g, 0.97 mmol, 1.05 equiv), and 2-amino-3-(4-bromophenyl)propanoic acid (0.25 g, 1.0 mmol, 1.1 equiv) were used. The crude material was purified by flash chromatography to afford spiroindolinone **3.41** (0.12 g, 0.21 mmol, 23%) as a white solid. $R_f = 0.6$ (3:2 EtOAc/Hex). $^1\text{H NMR}$ (500 MHz, CDCl_3 , rotamer ratio = 1:0.86) δ 8.35 (s, 1H, minor rotamer), 8.28 (s, 1H, major rotamer), 7.40 – 7.38 (m, 2H, major and minor rotamer), 7.21 – 6.99 (m, 6H, major rotamer and minor rotamer), 6.83 (d, $J = 8.2$ Hz, 1H, minor rotamer), 6.76 (d, $J = 8.2$ Hz, 1H, major rotamer), 4.72 – 4.71 (m, 1H, major and minor rotamer), 3.80 – 3.72 (m, 1H, major rotamer, 2H, minor rotamer), 3.68 (d, $J = 8.0$ Hz, 1H, major rotamer), 3.42 – 3.37 (m, 1H, major and minor rotamer), 2.69 (dd, $J = 13.6$ Hz, 10.1 Hz, 1H, minor rotamer), 2.57 (dd, $J = 13.8$ Hz, 10.7 Hz, 1H, major rotamer), 2.43 (s, 3H, major rotamer), 2.12 (s, 4H, minor rotamer, 1H major rotamer), 2.03 (s, 3H, major rotamer), 1.97 (s, 3H, minor rotamer); $^{13}\text{C NMR}$ (500 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 180.9, 180.7, 175.4, 175.2, 174.7, 174.5, 164.3, 164.2, 162.4, 162.2, 140.8, 138.9, 138.7, 138.3, 138.1, 138.0,

136.61, 136.57, 132.19, 132.15, 131.0, 130.9, 130.2, 130.1, 130.0, 129.9, 127.05, 127.02, 127.01, 126.99, 125.3, 124.9, 124.5, 124.0, 123.8, 123.7, 120.93, 120.90, 118.8, 118.7, 118.53, 118.50, 118.4, 118.2, 114.7, 114.6, 114.5, 114.48, 68.5, 68.4, 58.9, 58.3, 51.8, 51.7, 47.9, 47.6, 38.4, 37.7, 19.0, 18.4, 13.9, 13.8; HRMS (ESI): m/z calculated for $C_{28}H_{22}BrClFN_3O_3Na$ $[M+Na]^+$ 604.0415, found 604.0431; HPLC purity: 98.2%.

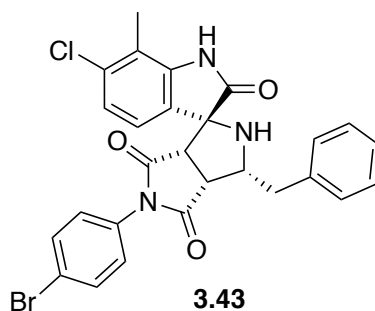
(3*R*,3'*R*,3*a*'*R*,6*a*'*S*)-3'-Benzyl-6-chloro-5'-(4-chlorophenyl)-7-methyl-2',3',3*a*',6*a*'-tetrahydro-4'*H*-spiro[indoline-3,1'-pyrrolo[3,4-*c*]pyrrole]-2,4',6'(5'*H*)-trione (**3.42**):



Using the general procedure for spiroindolinone synthesis outlined above, 6-chloro-7-methylindoline-2,3-dione (0.18 g, 0.93 mmol, 1.0 equiv), 1-(4-chlorophenyl)-1*H*-pyrrole-2,5-dione (0.20 g, 0.97 mmol, 1.05 equiv), and phenylalanine (0.17 g, 1.0 mmol, 1.1 equiv) were used. The crude material was purified by flash chromatography to afford spiroindolinone **3.42** (0.11 g, 0.21 mmol, 23%) as a white solid. R_f = 0.6 (3:2 EtOAc/Hex). 1H NMR (500 MHz, $CDCl_3$) δ 8.49 (s, 1H), 7.50 (d, J = 8.7 Hz, 2H), 7.37 (d, J = 8.7 Hz, 2H), 7.265 – 7.256 (m, 4H), 7.20 – 7.17 (m, 1H), 7.02 (d, J = 8.1 Hz, 1H), 6.79 (d, J = 8.1 Hz, 1H), 4.73 – 4.68 (m, 1H), 3.84 (d, J = 8.1 Hz, 1H), 3.70 (t, J = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 3.46 (dd, J = 13.9 Hz, 3.8 Hz, 1H), 2.76 (dd, J = 13.9, 10.2 Hz, 1H), 2.16 (d, J = 3.0 Hz, 1H), 1.90 (s, 3H); ^{13}C NMR (500 MHz, $CDCl_3$) δ 180.8, 175.0, 174.8, 140.7, 139.1, 136.4, 134.9, 130.1, 129.7, 128.95, 128.87,

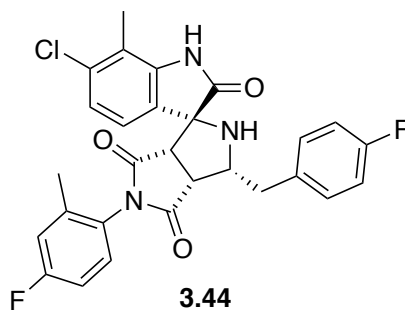
127.7, 126.8, 124.8, 124.4, 123.6, 118.7, 68.2, 59.2, 51.7, 47.8, 37.8, 13.5; HRMS (ESI): m/z calculated for $C_{27}H_{21}Cl_2N_3O_3Na$ $[M+Na]^+$ 528.0588, found 528.0875; HPLC purity: 95.0%.

(3*R*,3'*R*,3*a*'*R*,6*a*'*S*)-3'-Benzyl-5'-(4-bromophenyl)-6-chloro-7-methyl-2',3',3*a*',6*a*'-tetrahydro-4'*H*-spiro[indoline-3,1'-pyrrolo[3,4-*c*]pyrrole]-2,4',6'(5'*H*)-trione (**3.43**):



Using the general procedure for spiroindolinone synthesis outlined above, 6-chloro-7-methylindoline-2,3-dione (0.18 g, 0.93 mmol, 1.0 equiv), 1-(4-bromophenyl)-1*H*-pyrrole-2,5-dione (0.25 g, 0.97 mmol, 1.05 equiv), and phenylalanine (0.17 g, 1.0 mmol, 1.1 equiv) were used. The crude material was purified by flash chromatography to afford spiroindolinone **3.43** (0.15 g, 0.27 mmol, 29%) as a light brown solid. R_f = 0.3 (3:2 EtOAc/Hex). 1H NMR (500 MHz, $CDCl_3$) δ 8.28 (s, 1H), 7.66 (d, J = 8.3 Hz, 2H), 7.32 – 7.27 (m, 6H), 7.19 (d, J = 4.1 Hz, 1H), 7.02 (d, J = 8.1 Hz, 1H), 6.79 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 4.72 (s, 1H), 3.79 (d, J = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 3.70 (t, J = 7.4 Hz, 1H), 3.46 (dd, J = 16.1 Hz, 5.4 Hz, 1H), 2.76 (t, J = 10.6 Hz, 1H), 2.17 (s, 1H), 1.96 (s, 3H); ^{13}C NMR (500 MHz, $CDCl_3$) δ 180.8, 174.9, 174.5, 140.6, 139.2, 136.4, 132.7, 130.7, 129.0, 128.9, 128.0, 126.8, 124.8, 124.5, 123.6, 122.9, 118.6, 68.3, 59.1, 51.8, 47.8, 37.9, 13.5; HRMS (ESI): m/z calculated for $C_{27}H_{21}BrClN_3O_3Na$ $[M+Na]^+$ 572.0353, found 572.0345; HPLC purity: 94.0%.

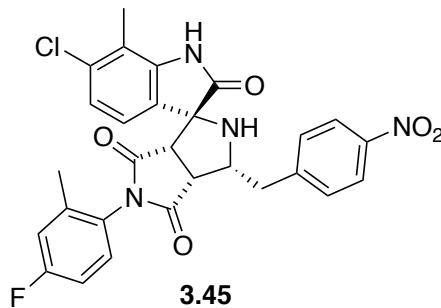
(3*R*,3'*R*,3*a*'*R*,6*a*'*S*)-6-Chloro-5'-(4-fluoro-2-methylphenyl)-3'-(4-fluorobenzyl)-7-methyl-2',3',3*a*',6*a*'-tetrahydro-4'*H*-spiro[indoline-3,1'-pyrrolo[3,4-*c*]pyrrole]-2,4',6'(5'*H*)-trione (3.44):



Using the general procedure for spiroindolinone synthesis outlined above, 6-chloro-7-methylindoline-2,3-dione (0.18 g, 0.93 mmol, 1.0 equiv), 1-(4-fluoro-2-methylphenyl)-1*H*-pyrrole-2,5-dione (0.20 g, 0.97 mmol, 1.05 equiv), and 2-amino-3-(4-fluorophenyl)propanoic acid (0.19 g, 1.0 mmol, 1.1 equiv) were used. The crude material was purified by flash chromatography to afford spiroindolinone **3.44** (0.14 g, 0.27 mmol, 29%) as a white solid. $R_f = 0.7$ (3:2 EtOAc/Hex). $^1\text{H NMR}$ (500 MHz, CDCl_3 , rotamer ratio = 1:1.16) δ 8.58 (s, 1H, minor rotamer), 8.53 (s, 1H, major rotamer), 7.24 – 6.93 (m, 8H, major and minor rotamer), 6.84 (d, $J = 8.1$ Hz, 1H, minor rotamer), 6.77 (d, $J = 8.2$ Hz, 1H, major rotamer), 4.72 – 4.68 (m, 1H, major and minor rotamer), 3.84 (d, $J = 8.0$ Hz, 1H, minor rotamer), 3.77 – 3.71 (m, 2H, major rotamer, 1H, minor rotamer), 3.44 – 3.40 (m, 1H, major and minor rotamer), 2.72 (dd, $J = 10$ Hz, 14.0 Hz, 1H, minor rotamer), 2.60 (dd, $J = 10.6$ Hz, 13.8 Hz, 1H, major rotamer), 2.44 (s, 3H, major rotamer), 2.16 – 2.13 (m, 4H, minor rotamer, 1H major rotamer), 1.99 (s, 3H, major rotamer), 1.92 (s, 3H, minor rotamer); $^{13}\text{C NMR}$ (500 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 180.9, 180.8, 175.2, 175.0, 174.7, 174.6, 164.1, 163.9, 162.82, 162.79, 162.1, 161.9, 160.9, 160.8, 140.7, 138.6, 138.0, 137.9, 136.4, 136.3, 134.8, 134.7,

130.43, 130.39, 130.37, 130.3, 130.0, 129.9, 129.8, 129.7, 126.9, 126.83, 126.80, 126.78, 125.0, 124.6, 124.5, 124.0, 123.6, 123.5, 118.7, 118.5, 118.4, 118.3, 118.2, 118.0, 115.8, 115.7, 115.62, 115.58, 114.46, 114.42, 114.3, 114.2, 68.3, 68.2, 59.0, 58.4, 51.62, 51.58, 47.8, 47.5, 37.9, 37.2, 18.8, 18.1, 13.6, 13.5; HRMS (ESI): m/z calculated for $C_{28}H_{23}ClF_2N_3O_3$ $[M+H]^+$ 522.1396, found 522.1402; HPLC purity: 99.2%.

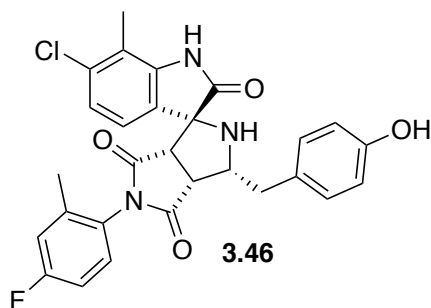
(3*R*,3'*R*,3*a*'*R*,6*a*'*S*)-6-Chloro-5'-(4-fluoro-2-methylphenyl)-7-methyl-3'-(4-nitrobenzyl)-2',3',3*a*',6*a*'-tetrahydro-4'*H*-spiro[indoline-3,1'-pyrrolo[3,4-*c*]pyrrole]-2,4',6'(5'*H*)-trione
(3.45):



Using the general procedure for spiroindolinone synthesis outlined above, 6-chloro-7-methylindoline-2,3-dione (0.18 g, 0.93 mmol, 1.0 equiv), 1-(4-fluoro-2-methylphenyl)-1*H*-pyrrole-2,5-dione (0.20 g, 0.97 mmol, 1.05 equiv), and 2-amino-3-(4-nitrophenyl)propanoic acid (0.21 g, 1.0 mmol, 1.1 equiv) were used. The crude material was purified by flash chromatography to afford spiroindolinone **3.45** (0.18 g, 0.32 mmol, 34%) as a white solid. R_f = 0.5 (3:2 EtOAc/Hex). 1H NMR (500 MHz, DMSO, rotamer ratio = 1:1.19) δ 10.68 (s, 1H, minor rotamer), 10.62 (s, 1H, major rotamer), 8.18 – 8.15 (m, 2H, major and minor rotamer), 7.61 (d, J = 8.7 Hz, 2H, minor rotamer), 7.56 (d, J = 8.6 Hz, 2H, major rotamer), 7.48 – 7.46 (m, 1H, minor rotamer), 7.33 (dd, J = 9.0 Hz, 9.7 Hz, 1H, major rotamer), 7.28 – 7.17 (m, 2H, major rotamer and minor rotamer), 7.02 – 6.97 (m, 1H, major

and minor rotamer), 6.91 (d, $J = 8.1$ Hz, 1H minor rotamer), 6.68 (d, $J = 8.1$ Hz, 1H, major rotamer), 4.65 – 4.60 (m, 1H, major rotamer), 4.49 – 4.43 (m, 1H, minor rotamer), 3.94 – 3.91 (m, 1H, major and minor rotamer), 3.86 (t, $J = 7.7$ Hz, 1H, minor rotamer), 3.71 (t, $J = 8.0$ Hz, 1H, major rotamer), 3.65 (d, $J = 7.9$ Hz, 1H, minor rotamer), 3.48 – 3.37 (m, 2H, major rotamer, 1H, minor rotamer), 2.88 (dd, $J = 9.35$ Hz, 14.0 Hz, 1H, minor rotamer), 2.66 (t, $J = 4.7$ Hz, 1H, major rotamer), 2.36 (s, 3H, major rotamer), 2.21 – 2.20 (m, 3H, major and minor rotamer), 2.07 (s, 3H, minor rotamer); ^{13}C NMR (500 MHz, DMSO) δ 181.7, 181.1, 176.5, 176.4, 175.0, 174.6, 163.9, 163.7, 162.0, 161.8, 149.4, 149.0, 147.0, 146.9, 143.4, 143.2, 139.83, 139.76, 139.14, 139.10, 135.0, 134.8, 131.7, 131.6, 131.4, 131.3, 131.2, 131.1, 129.0, 128.9, 128.60, 128.58, 126.6, 126.4, 125.8, 125.7, 124.3, 124.2, 122.3, 122.2, 118.4, 118.2, 118.1, 118.0, 117.8, 117.6, 114.7, 114.6, 114.5, 114.4, 69.6, 68.7, 60.2, 58.4, 53.5, 52.8, 50.1, 48.9, 38.9, 37.4, 18.8, 18.2, 14.7, 14.6; HRMS (ESI): m/z calculated for $\text{C}_{28}\text{H}_{21}\text{ClFN}_4\text{O}_5$ $[\text{M}-\text{H}]^-$ 547.1185, found 547.1208; HPLC purity: 99.6%.

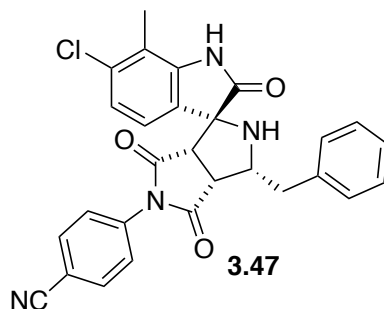
(3*R*,3'*R*,3*a*'*R*,6*a*'*S*)-6-Chloro-5'-(4-fluoro-2-methylphenyl)-3'-(4-hydroxybenzyl)-7-methyl-2',3',3*a*',6*a*'-tetrahydro-4'*H*-spiro[indoline-3,1'-pyrrolo[3,4-*c*]pyrrole]-2,4',6'(5'*H*)-trione (3.46):



Using the general procedure for spiroindolinone synthesis outlined above, 6-chloro-7-methylindoline-2,3-dione (0.18 g, 0.93 mmol, 1.0 equiv), 1-(4-fluoro-2-methylphenyl)-

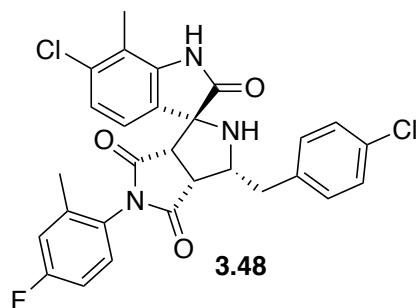
1*H*-pyrrole-2,5-dione (0.20 g, 0.97 mmol, 1.05 equiv), and tyrosine (0.19 g, 1.0 mmol, 1.1 equiv) were used. The crude material was purified by flash chromatography to afford spiroindolinone **3.46** (0.18 g, 0.35 mmol, 38%) as a white solid. $R_f = 0.3$ (3:2 EtOAc/Hex). ^1H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl_3 , rotamer ratio = 1:1.18) δ 8.72 (s, 1H, minor rotamer), 8.66 (s, 1H, major rotamer), 7.24 (t, $J = 5.2$ Hz, 1H, minor rotamer), 7.14 – 6.97 (m, 6H, major rotamer, 5H, minor rotamer), 6.84 (d, $J = 8.1$ Hz, 1H, minor rotamer), 6.75 (d, $J = 8.2$ Hz, 1H, major rotamer), 6.65 – 6.64 (m, 2H, major and minor rotamers), 6.50 – 6.46 (m, 1H, major and minor rotamer), 4.71 – 4.65 (m, 1H, major and minor rotamer), 3.81 (d, $J = 7.9$ Hz, 1H, minor rotamer), 3.72 – 3.64 (m, 2H, major rotamer, 1H, minor rotamer), 3.36 – 3.33 (m, 1H, major and minor rotamer), 2.68 (t, $J = 10.0$ Hz, 1H, minor rotamer), 2.55 (t, $J = 10.2$ Hz, 1H, major rotamer), 2.43 (s, 3H, major rotamer), 2.24 – 2.20 (s, 1H, major and minor rotamer), 2.13 (s, 3H, minor rotamer), 1.85 (s, 3H, major rotamer), 1.82 (s, 3H, minor rotamer); ^{13}C NMR (500 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 181.45, 181.44, 175.4, 175.3, 175.0, 164.1, 163.9, 162.1, 161.9, 154.81, 154.80, 140.5, 140.4, 138.84, 138.77, 138.0, 137.9, 136.4, 136.3, 130.86, 130.85, 130.0, 129.9, 129.86, 129.77, 126.9, 126.86, 126.76, 126.74, 124.8, 124.7, 124.4, 124.3, 123.8, 123.7, 118.9, 119.0, 118.8, 118.5, 118.3, 118.1, 118.0, 115.63, 115.60, 114.43, 114.40, 114.24, 114.22, 68.33, 68.27, 59.6, 59.0, 52.0, 51.9, 47.8, 47.5, 37.4, 36.7, 18.8, 18.2, 13.45, 13.41 HRMS (ESI): m/z calculated for $\text{C}_{28}\text{H}_{23}\text{ClFN}_3\text{O}_4\text{Na}$ $[\text{M}+\text{Na}]^+$ 542.1259, found 542.1263; HPLC purity: 96.2%.

4-((3*R*,3'*R*,3*a**R*,6*a*'*S*)-3'-Benzyl-6-chloro-7-methyl-2,4',6'-trioxo-2',3',3*a*',4',6',6*a*'-hexahydro-5'*H*-spiro[indoline-3,1'-pyrrolo[3,4-*c*]pyrrol]-5'-yl)benzonitrile (**3.47**):



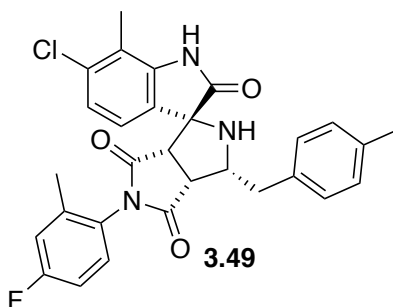
Using the general procedure for spiroindolinone synthesis outlined above, 6-chloro-7-methylindoline-2,3-dione (0.18 g, 0.93 mmol, 1.0 equiv), 4-(2,5-dioxo-2,5-dihydro-1*H*-pyrrol-1-yl)benzonitrile (0.19 g, 0.97 mmol, 1.05 equiv), and phenylalanine (0.17 g, 1.0 mmol, 1.1 equiv) were used. The crude material was purified by flash chromatography to afford spiroindolinone **3.47** (0.21 g, 0.42 mmol, 46%) as a white solid. $R_f = 0.4$ (3:2 EtOAc/Hex). $^1\text{H NMR}$ (500 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 8.60 (s, 1H), 7.83 (d, $J = 8.5$ Hz, 2H), 7.62 (d, $J = 8.5$ Hz, 2H), 7.27 (t, $J = 8.0$ Hz, 4H), 7.20 (d, $J = 6.0$ Hz, 1H), 7.03 (d, $J = 8.1$ Hz, 1H), 6.78 (d, $J = 8.1$ Hz, 1H), 4.73 (s, 1H), 3.83 (d, $J = 8.0$ Hz, 1H), 3.73 (t, $J = 7.5$ Hz, 1H), 3.46 (dd, $J = 13.9$ Hz, 3.7 Hz, 1H), 2.76 (dd, $J = 13.8$ Hz, 10.3 Hz, 1H), 2.20 (s, 1H), 1.95 (s, 3H); $^{13}\text{C NMR}$ (500 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 180.8, 174.6, 174.3, 140.7, 140.0, 136.5, 135.5, 133.3, 128.9, 126.9, 126.8, 124.6, 124.3, 123.6, 118.7, 118.0, 112.6, 68.3, 59.2, 51.7, 47.8, 37.8, 13.5; HRMS (ESI): m/z calculated for $\text{C}_{28}\text{H}_{22}\text{ClN}_4\text{O}_3$ $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$ 497.1380, found 497.1392; HPLC purity: 97.1%.

(3*R*,3'*R*,3*a*'*R*,6*a*'*S*)-6-Chloro-3'-(4-chlorobenzyl)-5'-(4-fluoro-2-methylphenyl)-7-methyl-2',3',3*a*',6*a*'-tetrahydro-4'*H*-spiro[indoline-3,1'-pyrrolo[3,4-*c*]pyrrole]-2,4',6'(5'*H*)-trione (3.48):



Using the general procedure for spiroindolinone synthesis outlined above, 6-chloro-7-methylindoline-2,3-dione (0.18 g, 0.93 mmol, 1.0 equiv), 1-(4-fluoro-2-methylphenyl)-1*H*-pyrrole-2,5-dione (0.20 g, 0.97 mmol, 1.05 equiv), and 2-amino-3-(4-chlorophenyl)propanoic acid (0.20 g, 1.0 mmol, 1.1 equiv) were used. The crude material was purified by flash chromatography to afford spiroindolinone **3.48** (0.23 g, 0.43 mmol, 46%) as a white solid. $R_f = 0.6$ (3:2 EtOAc/Hex). $^1\text{H NMR}$ (500 MHz, CDCl_3 , rotamer ratio=1:1.16) δ 8.56 (s, 1H, minor rotamer), 8.50 (s, 1H, major rotamer), 7.25 – 6.99 (m, 8H, major and minor rotamer), 6.83 (d, $J = 8.3$ Hz, 1H, minor rotamer), 6.76 (d, $J = 8.2$ Hz, 1H, major rotamer), 4.74 – 4.65 (m, 1H, major and minor rotamer), 3.83 (d, $J = 8.0$ Hz, 1H, minor rotamer), 3.77 – 3.71 (m, 2H, major rotamer, 1H, minor rotamer), 3.45 – 3.39 (m, 1H, major and minor rotamer), 2.72 (dd, $J = 9.9$ Hz, 14.0 Hz, 1H, minor rotamer), 2.59 (dd, $J = 10.6$ Hz, 13.8 Hz, 1H, major rotamer), 2.44 (s, 3H, major rotamer), 2.15 – 2.13 (m, 1H, major rotamer, 4H, minor rotamer), 2.00 (s, 3H, major rotamer), 1.93 (s, 3H, minor rotamer); $^{13}\text{C NMR}$ (500 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 180.8, 180.7, 175.2, 175.0, 174.6, 174.5, 164.1, 164.0, 162.1, 162.0, 140.7, 138.7, 138.6, 137.9, 137.8, 137.6, 136.4, 136.36, 132.7, 132.6, 130.3, 130.29, 129.9,

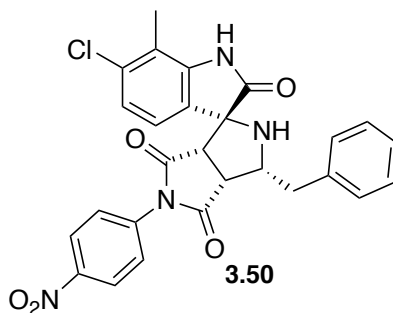
129.86, 129.8, 129.7, 129.0, 128.9, 126.83, 126.8, 126.78, 126.76, 125.0, 124.6, 124.4, 123.9, 123.6, 123.5, 118.7, 118.5, 118.4, 118.3, 118.2, 118.0, 114.5, 114.4, 114.3, 114.27, 68.3, 68.2, 58.8, 58.2, 51.6, 51.5, 47.7, 47.5, 38.1, 37.4, 18.8, 18.2, 13.6, 13.5; HRMS (ESI): m/z calculated for $C_{27}H_{19}Cl_2FN_3O_3Na$ $[M+Na]^+$ 560.0920, found 560.0904; HPLC purity: 99.9%.
 (3*R*,3'*R*,3*a*'*R*,6*a*'*S*)-6-Chloro-5'-(4-fluoro-2-methylphenyl)-7-methyl-3'-(4-methylbenzyl)-2',3',3*a*',6*a*'-tetrahydro-4'*H*-spiro[indoline-3,1'-pyrrolo[3,4-*c*]pyrrole]-2,4',6'(5'*H*)-trione
(3.49):



Using the general procedure for spiroindolinone synthesis outlined above, 6-chloro-7-methylindoline-2,3-dione (0.18 g, 0.93 mmol, 1.0 equiv), 1-(4-fluoro-2-methylphenyl)-1*H*-pyrrole-2,5-dione (0.20 g, 0.97 mmol, 1.05 equiv), and 2-amino-3-(*p*-tolyl)propanoic acid (0.18 g, 1.0 mmol, 1.1 equiv) were used. The crude material was purified by flash chromatography to afford spiroindolinone **3.49** (0.10 g, 0.19 mmol, 21%) as a light brown solid. R_f = 0.5 (3:2 EtOAc/Hex). 1H NMR (500 MHz, DMSO, rotamer ratio = 1:1.18) δ 10.65 (s, 1H, minor rotamer), 10.59 (s, 1H, major rotamer), 7.47 – 7.45 (m, 1H, minor rotamer), 7.34 – 7.31 (m, 1H, major rotamer), 7.28 – 7.08 (m, 6H, major and minor rotamer), 7.01 – 6.91 (m, 1H, major rotamer, 2H, minor rotamer), 6.67 (d, J = 8.1 Hz, 1H, major rotamer), 4.60 – 4.55 (m, 1H, major rotamer), 4.44 – 4.38 (m, 1H, minor rotamer), 3.83 – 3.76 (m, 1H, major rotamer, 2H, minor rotamer), 3.66 – 3.62 (m, 1H, major and minor rotamer), 3.44 (d,

$J = 7.9$ Hz, 1H, major rotamer), 3.25 – 3.18 (m, 1H, major and minor rotamer), 2.72 – 2.67 (m, 1H, minor rotamer), 2.49 – 2.46 (m, 1H, major rotamer), 2.35 (s, 3H, major rotamer), 2.26 (s, 3H, major and minor rotamer), 2.22 – 2.21 (m, 3H, major and minor rotamer), 2.06 (s, 3H, minor rotamer); ^{13}C NMR (500 MHz, DMSO) δ 181.0, 180.5, 175.6, 175.5, 174.1, 173.7, 163.0, 162.8, 161.0, 160.8, 142.4, 142.3, 138.9, 138.8, 138.2, 138.1, 136.9, 136.6, 134.9, 134.8, 134.0, 133.8, 130.8, 130.7, 130.5, 130.4, 128.83, 128.8, 128.76, 128.1, 128.0, 127.8, 127.7, 125.9, 125.8, 124.8, 124.77, 121.3, 121.2, 117.4, 117.3, 117.1, 116.8, 116.6, 113.7, 113.64, 113.6, 113.5, 68.6, 67.8, 59.9, 58.1, 52.7, 52.0, 49.0, 47.9, 37.7, 36.1, 20.6, 17.9, 17.3, 13.8, 13.75; HRMS (ESI): m/z calculated for $\text{C}_{29}\text{H}_{25}\text{ClFN}_3\text{O}_3\text{Na}$ $[\text{M}+\text{Na}]^+$ 540.1466, found 540.1473; HPLC purity: 97.5%.

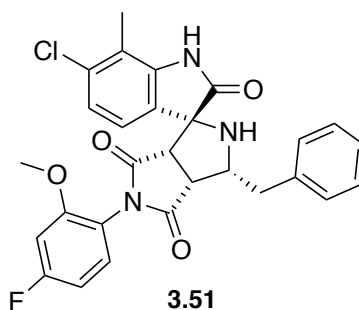
(3*R*,3'*R*,3*a*'*R*,6*a*'*S*)-3'-Benzyl-6-chloro-7-methyl-5'-(4-nitrophenyl)-2',3',3*a*',6*a*'-tetrahydro-4'*H*-spiro[indoline-3,1'-pyrrolo[3,4-*c*]pyrrole]-2,4',6'(5'*H*)-trione (**3.50**):



Using the general procedure for spiroindolinone synthesis outlined above, 6-chloro-7-methylindoline-2,3-dione (0.18 g, 0.93 mmol, 1.0 equiv), 1-(4-nitrophenyl)-1*H*-pyrrole-2,5-dione (0.21 g, 0.97 mmol, 1.05 equiv), and phenylalanine (0.17 g, 1.0 mmol, 1.1 equiv) were used. The crude material was purified by flash chromatography to afford spiroindolinone **3.50** (0.23 g, 0.44 mmol, 48%) as a light brown solid. $R_f = 0.4$ (3:2 EtOAc/Hex). ^1H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 8.59 (s, 1H), 8.39 (d, $J = 8.9$, 2H), 7.69 (d, $J = 8.9$,

2H), 7.26 (m, 4H), 7.20 (s, 1H), 7.03 (d, $J = 8.1$ Hz, 1H), 6.78 (d, $J = 8.1$ Hz, 1H), 4.74 (s, 1H), 3.85 (d, $J = 8.0$ Hz, 1H), 3.75 (t, $J = 7.5$ Hz, 1H), 3.47 (dd, $J = 13.9$ Hz, 3.7 Hz, 1H), 2.77 (dd, $J = 13.8$ Hz, 10.3 Hz, 1H), 2.22 (s, 1H), 2.00 (s, 3H); ^{13}C NMR (500 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 180.2, 174.5, 174.2, 147.3, 140.7, 138.9, 137.1, 136.5, 128.91, 128.90, 126.9, 126.8, 124.7, 124.6, 124.3, 123.6, 118.7, 68.3, 59.2, 51.8, 47.8, 37.8, 13.5; HRMS (ESI): m/z calculated for $\text{C}_{27}\text{H}_{22}\text{ClN}_4\text{O}_5$ $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$ 517.1279, found 517.1259; HPLC purity: 99.7%.

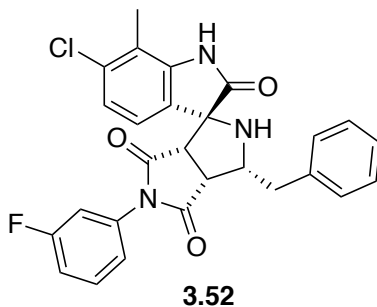
(3*R*,3'*R*,3*a*'*R*,6*a*'*S*)-3'-Benzyl-6-chloro-5'-(4-fluoro-2-methoxyphenyl)-7-methyl-2',3',3*a*',6*a*'-tetrahydro-4'*H*-spiro[indoline-3,1'-pyrrolo[3,4-*c*]pyrrole]-2,4',6'(5'*H*)-trione
(3.51):



Using the general procedure for spiroindolinone synthesis outlined above, 6-chloro-7-methylindoline-2,3-dione (0.18 g, 0.93 mmol, 1.0 equiv), 1-(4-fluoro-2-methoxyphenyl)-1*H*-pyrrole-2,5-dione (0.22 g, 0.97 mmol, 1.05 equiv), and phenylalanine (0.15 g, 1.0 mmol, 1.1 equiv) were used. The crude material was purified by flash chromatography to afford spiroindolinone **3.51** (0.15 g, 0.29 mmol, 31%) as a white solid. $R_f = 0.6$ (3:2 EtOAc/Hex). ^1H NMR (500 MHz, DMSO, rotamer ratio = 1:1.88) δ 10.63 (s, 1H, minor rotamer), 10.58 (s, 1H, major rotamer), 7.47 (dd, $J = 6.4$ Hz, 8.7 Hz, 1H, minor rotamer), 7.32 – 6.88 (m, 10H, major rotamer, 9H, minor rotamer), 4.51 – 4.40 (m, 1H, major and minor rotamer), 3.94 (s, 3H, major rotamer), 3.83, (d, $J = 7.4$ Hz, 1H, minor rotamer), 3.77 – 3.74 (m, 1H, major

rotamer, 3H, minor rotamer), 3.64 – 3.60 (m, 1H, major rotamer, 2H, minor rotamer), 3.41 (d, $J = 7.9$ Hz, 1H, major rotamer), 3.29 – 3.21 (m, 1H, major and minor rotamer), 2.74 (dd, $J = 8.75$ Hz, 14.1 Hz, 1H, minor rotamer), 2.60 (dd, $J = 8.1$ Hz, 21.9 Hz, 1H, major rotamer), 2.21 (d, $J = 2.85$ Hz, 3H, major and minor rotamer); ^{13}C NMR (500 MHz, DMSO) δ 181.2, 180.4, 175.6, 175.2, 173.8, 173.5, 164.3, 164.0, 162.3, 162.1, 156.14, 156.1, 156.06, 156.0, 142.3, 142.26, 140.0, 136.9, 134.0, 133.8, 131.1, 131.0, 130.8, 130.76, 129.0, 128.9, 128.2, 128.19, 126.4, 126.0, 125.9, 125.8, 125.0, 124.7, 121.4, 121.3, 117.53, 117.5, 117.2, 117.16, 116.8, 116.5, 107.2, 107.1, 107.0, 106.9, 101.1, 101.0, 100.9, 100.8, 68.7, 67.8, 59.9, 58.7, 56.42, 56.4, 52.5, 52.1, 48.9, 48.4, 37.4, 36.3, 13.8; HRMS (ESI): m/z calculated for $\text{C}_{28}\text{H}_{23}\text{ClFN}_3\text{O}_4\text{Na}$ $[\text{M}+\text{Na}]^+$ 542.1259, found 542.1272; HPLC purity: 99.9%.

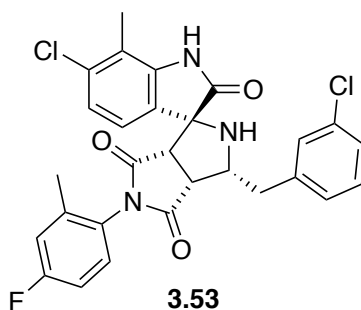
(3*R*,3'*R*,3*a*'*R*,6*a*'*S*)-3'-Benzyl-6-chloro-5'-(3-fluorophenyl)-7-methyl-2',3',3*a*',6*a*'-tetrahydro-4'*H*-spiro[indoline-3,1'-pyrrolo[3,4-*c*]pyrrole]-2,4',6'(5'*H*)-trione (**3.52**):



Using the general procedure for spiroindolinone synthesis outlined above, 6-chloro-7-methylindoline-2,3-dione (0.18 g, 0.93 mmol, 1.0 equiv), 1-(3-fluorophenyl)-1*H*-pyrrole-2,5-dione (0.19 g, 0.97 mmol, 1.05 equiv), and phenylalanine (0.17 g, 1.0 mmol, 1.1 equiv) were used. The crude material was purified by flash chromatography to afford spiroindolinone **3.52** (0.11 g, 0.22 mmol, 24%) as a light yellow solid. $R_f = 0.5$ (3:2 EtOAc/Hex). ^1H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 10.66 (s, 1H), 7.60 (dd, $J = 8.1$ Hz, 14.8 Hz, 1H), 7.34 – 7.26 (m, 7H), 7.19 (t, $J = 7.3$ Hz, 1H), 7.02 (d, $J = 8.1$ Hz, 1H), 6.91 (d, $J = 8.1$ Hz, 1H),

4.44 – 4.38 (m, 1H), 3.81 (d, $J = 7.6$ Hz, 1H), 3.68 (t, $J = 7.6$ Hz, 1H), 3.49 (d, $J = 7.8$, 1H), 3.29 (dd, $J = 14.1$ Hz, 5.1 Hz, 1H), 2.76 (dd, 14.1 Hz, 8.8 Hz, 1H), 2.22 (s, 3H); ^{13}C NMR (500 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 180.5, 175.3, 173.7, 162.8, 160.8, 142.3, 140.1, 134.1, 133.9, 133.8, 130.7, 130.6, 128.9, 128.2, 126.0, 125.9, 124.6, 123.43, 123.41, 121.5, 116.9, 115.5, 115.4, 114.5, 114.3, 68.7, 60.0, 52.8, 49.3, 36.3, 13.8; HRMS (ESI): m/z calculated for $\text{C}_{27}\text{H}_{21}\text{ClFN}_3\text{O}_3\text{Na}$ $[\text{M}+\text{Na}]^+$ 512.1153, found 512.1166; HPLC purity: 99.6%.

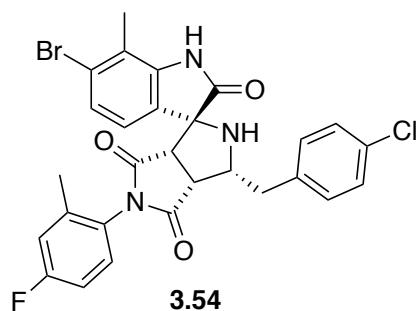
(3*R*,3'*R*,3*a*'*R*,6*a*'*S*)-6-Chloro-3'-(3-chlorobenzyl)-5'-(4-fluoro-2-methylphenyl)-7-methyl-2',3',3*a*',6*a*'-tetrahydro-4'*H*-spiro[indoline-3,1'-pyrrolo[3,4-*c*]pyrrole]-2,4',6'(5'*H*)-trione (3.53):



Using the general procedure for spiroindolinone synthesis outlined above, 6-chloro-7-methylindoline-2,3-dione (0.18 g, 0.93 mmol, 1.0 equiv), 1-(4-fluoro-2-methylphenyl)-1*H*-pyrrole-2,5-dione (0.20 g, 0.97 mmol, 1.05 equiv), and 2-amino-3-(3-chlorophenyl)propanoic acid (0.20 g, 1.0 mmol, 1.1 equiv) were used. The crude material was purified by flash chromatography to afford spiroindolinone **3.53** (0.28 g, 0.52 mmol, 56%) as a white solid. $R_f = 0.6$ (3:2 EtOAc/Hex). ^1H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl_3 , rotamer ratio = 1:1.25) δ 8.55 (s, 1H, minor rotamer), 8.51 (s, 1H, major rotamer), 7.26 – 6.99 (m, 8H, major and minor rotamer), 6.84 (d, $J = 8.1$ Hz, 1H, minor rotamer), 6.77 (d, $J = 8.2$ Hz, 1H, major rotamer), 4.76 – 4.67 (m, 1H, major and minor rotamer), 3.82 (d, $J = 8.0$ Hz, 1H, minor

rotamer), 3.78 – 3.75 (m, 1H, major and minor rotamer), 3.71 (d, $J = 8.0$ Hz, 1H, major rotamer), 3.47 – 3.42 (m, 1H, major and minor rotamer), 2.71 (dd, $J = 11.4$ Hz, 13.9 Hz, 1H, minor rotamer), 2.58 (dd, $J = 10.6$ Hz, 13.8 Hz, 1H, major rotamer), 2.44 (s, 3H, major rotamer), 2.17 – 2.13 (m, 1H, major rotamer, 4H, minor rotamer), 2.02 (s, 3H, major rotamer), 1.96 (s, 3H, minor rotamer); ^{13}C NMR (500 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 181.1, 180.9, 175.4, 175.2, 174.8, 174.6, 164.4, 164.2, 162.4, 162.2, 141.4, 140.9, 138.9, 138.8, 138.2, 138.1, 136.6, 136.59, 134.83, 134.8, 130.4, 130.3, 130.1, 130.07, 130.0, 129.9, 129.3, 129.2, 127.4, 127.3, 127.2, 127.04, 127.0, 126.9, 125.3, 124.9, 124.6, 124.1, 123.8, 123.7, 118.9, 118.7, 118.6, 118.5, 118.4, 118.2, 114.7, 114.6, 114.5, 114.4, 68.6, 68.5, 58.9, 58.3, 51.7, 51.6, 47.9, 47.7, 38.7, 38.0, 19.1, 18.4, 13.8, 13.7; HRMS (ESI): m/z calculated for $\text{C}_{28}\text{H}_{22}\text{Cl}_2\text{FN}_3\text{O}_3\text{Na}$ $[\text{M}+\text{Na}]^+$ 560.0920, found 560.0918; HPLC purity: 99.7%.

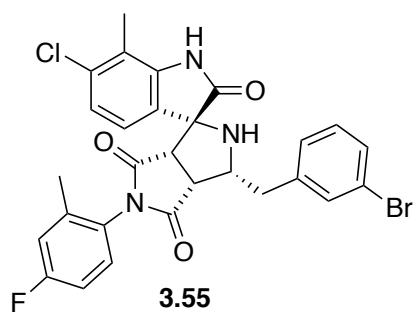
(3*R*,3'*R*,3*a*'*R*,6*a*'*S*)-6-Bromo-3'-(4-chlorobenzyl)-5'-(4-fluoro-2-methylphenyl)-7-methyl-2',3',3*a*',6*a*'-tetrahydro-4'*H*-spiro[indoline-3,1'-pyrrolo[3,4-*c*]pyrrole]-2,4',6'(5'*H*)-trione
(3.54):



Using the general procedure for spiroindolinone synthesis outlined above, 6-bromo-7-methylindoline-2,3-dione (0.22 g, 0.93 mmol, 1.0 equiv), 1-(4-fluoro-2-methylphenyl)-1*H*-pyrrole-2,5-dione (0.20 g, 0.97 mmol, 1.05 equiv), and 2-amino-3-(4-chlorophenyl)propanoic acid (0.20 g, 1.0 mmol, 1.1 equiv) were used. The crude material

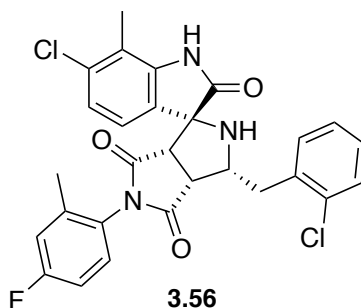
was purified by flash chromatography to afford spiroindolinone **3.54** (0.28 g, 0.48 mmol, 52%) as a white solid. $R_f = 0.5$ (3:2 EtOAc/Hex). $^1\text{H NMR}$ (500 MHz, CDCl_3 , rotamer ratio = 1:1.11) δ 8.58 (s, 1H, minor rotamer), 8.52 (s, 1H, major rotamer), 7.29 – 7.03 (m, 8H, major and minor rotamer), 6.80 (d, $J = 8.1$ Hz, 1H, minor rotamer), 6.72 (d, $J = 8.1$ Hz, 1H, major rotamer), 4.75 – 4.70 (m, 1H, major and minor rotamer), 3.88 (d, $J = 8.0$ Hz, 1H, minor rotamer), 3.78 – 3.75 (m, 2H, major rotamer, 1H, minor rotamer), 3.48 – 3.42 (m, 1H, major and minor rotamer), 2.75 (dd, $J = 10.3$ Hz, 14.0 Hz, 1H, minor rotamer), 2.62 (dd, $J = 11.1$ Hz, 13.7 Hz, 1H, major rotamer), 2.47 (s, 3H, major rotamer), 2.18 – 2.16 (m, 1H, major rotamer, 4H, minor rotamer), 2.05 (s, 3H, major rotamer), 1.98 (s, 3H, minor rotamer); $^{13}\text{C NMR}$ (500 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 180.9, 180.8, 175.4, 175.1, 174.8, 174.7, 164.3, 164.1, 162.3, 162.2, 140.6, 138.8, 138.7, 138.1, 138.0, 137.7, 132.9, 132.8, 130.5, 130.4, 130.1, 130.04, 130.0, 129.9, 129.2, 129.1, 127.2, 127.1, 127.0, 126.9, 125.5, 125.4, 125.1, 124.9, 120.6, 120.3, 118.7, 118.5, 118.4, 118.2, 114.7, 114.6, 114.5, 114.4, 68.5, 68.4, 59.1, 58.5, 51.74, 51.7, 47.9, 47.7, 38.3, 37.6, 19.0, 18.4, 16.7, 16.6; HRMS (ESI): m/z calculated for $\text{C}_{28}\text{H}_{22}\text{BrClFN}_3\text{O}_3\text{Na}$ $[\text{M}+\text{Na}]^+$ 604.0415, found 604.0412; HPLC purity: 99.5%.

(3*R*,3'*R*,3*a*'*R*,6*a*'*S*)-3'-(3-Bromobenzyl)-6-chloro-5'-(4-fluoro-2-methylphenyl)-7-methyl-2',3',3*a*',6*a*'-tetrahydro-4'*H*-spiro[indoline-3,1'-pyrrolo[3,4-*c*]pyrrole]-2,4',6'(5'*H*)-trione (**3.55**):



Using the general procedure for spiroindolinone synthesis outlined above, 6-chloro-7-methylindoline-2,3-dione (0.18 g, 0.93 mmol, 1.0 equiv), 1-(4-fluoro-2-methylphenyl)-1*H*-pyrrole-2,5-dione (0.20 g, 0.97 mmol, 1.05 equiv), and 2-amino-3-(3-bromophenyl)propanoic acid (0.25 g, 1.0 mmol, 1.1 equiv) were used. The crude material was purified by flash chromatography to afford spiroindolinone **3.55** (0.33 g, 0.57 mmol, 61%) as a white solid. $R_f = 0.57$ (3:2 EtOAc/Hex). $^1\text{H NMR}$ (500 MHz, CDCl_3 , rotamer ratio = 1:1.11) δ 8.52 (s, 1H, minor rotamer), 8.47 (s, 1H, major rotamer), 7.42 (s, 1H, minor rotamer), 7.37 (s, 1H, major rotamer), 7.34 – 7.32 (m, 1H, major and minor rotamer), 7.24 – 6.99 (m, 6H, major and minor rotamer), 6.84 (d, $J = 8.1$ Hz, 1H, minor rotamer), 6.77 (d, $J = 8.2$ Hz, 1H, major rotamer), 4.76 – 4.68 (m, 1H, major and minor rotamer), 3.81 (d, $J = 8.0$ Hz, 1H, minor rotamer), 3.78 – 3.74 (m, 1H, major and minor rotamer), 3.70 (d, $J = 8.0$ Hz, 1H, major rotamer), 3.47 – 3.41 (m, 1H, major and minor rotamer), 2.70 (dd, $J = 10.1$ Hz, 13.9 Hz, 1H, minor rotamer), 2.57 (dd, $J = 10.6$ Hz, 13.8 Hz, 1H, major rotamer), 2.44 (s, 3H, major rotamer), 2.17 – 2.13 (m, 1H, major rotamer, 4H, minor rotamer), 2.03 (s, 3H, major rotamer), 1.96 (s, 3H, minor rotamer); $^{13}\text{C NMR}$ (500 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 181.0, 180.9, 175.3, 175.1, 174.7, 174.6, 164.4, 164.2, 162.4, 162.2, 141.7, 140.9, 138.9, 138.8, 138.2, 138.1, 136.64, 136.6, 132.2, 132.1, 130.7, 130.6, 130.3, 130.2, 130.1, 130.07, 130.0, 129.9, 127.9, 127.1, 127.0, 126.9, 125.3, 124.9, 124.6, 124.1, 123.8, 123.7, 123.13, 123.1, 118.9, 118.7, 118.6, 118.5, 118.4, 118.2, 114.7, 114.6, 114.5, 114.4, 68.6, 68.5, 59.0, 58.4, 51.7, 51.6, 47.9, 47.7, 38.7, 38.0, 19.1, 18.4, 13.9, 13.8; HRMS (ESI): m/z calculated for $\text{C}_{28}\text{H}_{22}\text{BrClFN}_3\text{O}_3\text{Na}$ $[\text{M}+\text{Na}]^+$ 604.0415, found 604.0421; HPLC purity: 99.9%.

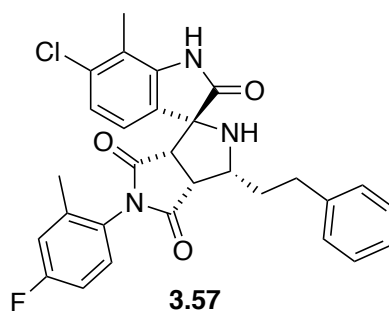
(3*R*,3'*R*,3*a*'*R*,6*a*'*S*)-6-Chloro-3'-(2-chlorobenzyl)-5'-(4-fluoro-2-methylphenyl)-7-methyl-2',3',3*a*',6*a*'-tetrahydro-4'*H*-spiro[indoline-3,1'-pyrrolo[3,4-*c*]pyrrole]-2,4',6'(5'*H*)-trione (3.56):



Using the general procedure for spiroindolinone synthesis outlined above, 6-chloro-7-methylindoline-2,3-dione (0.18 g, 0.93 mmol, 1.0 equiv), 1-(4-fluoro-2-methylphenyl)-1*H*-pyrrole-2,5-dione (0.20 g, 0.97 mmol, 1.05 equiv), and 2-amino-3-(2-chlorophenyl)propanoic acid (0.20 g, 1.0 mmol, 1.1 equiv) were used. The crude material was purified by flash chromatography to afford spiroindolinone **3.56** (0.26 g, 0.47 mmol, 51%) as a light brown solid. $R_f = 0.6$ (3:2 EtOAc/Hex). ^1H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl_3 , rotamer ratio = 1:1.25) δ 8.88 (s, 1H, minor rotamer), 8.85 (s, 1H, major rotamer), 7.34 – 7.32 (m, 1H, major rotamer, 2H, minor rotamer), 7.28 – 7.22 (m, 2H, major rotamer, 1H, minor rotamer), 7.14 – 6.98 (m, 5H, major and minor rotamer), 6.84 (d, $J = 8.1$ Hz, 1H, minor rotamer), 6.76 (d, $J = 8.1$ Hz, 1H, major rotamer), 4.88 – 4.78 (m, 1H, major and minor rotamer), 3.83 – 3.61 (m, 3H, major and minor rotamer), 2.89 – 2.78 (m, 1H, major and minor rotamer), 2.46 (s, 3H, major rotamer), 2.13 (s, 1H, major rotamer, 4H, minor rotamer), 1.99 (s, 3H, major rotamer), 1.94 (s, 3H, minor rotamer); ^{13}C NMR (500 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 181.3, 181.2, 175.5, 175.2, 174.9, 174.7, 164.3, 164.1, 162.3, 162.1, 141.0, 138.9, 138.8, 138.2, 138.1, 137.0, 136.6, 136.5, 134.6, 134.5, 131.4, 131.3, 130.2, 130.1, 130.06,

130.0, 129.9, 128.5, 127.34, 127.3, 127.1, 127.05, 127.0, 125.1, 124.74, 124.7, 124.2, 123.7, 123.6, 119.0, 118.7, 118.67, 118.5, 118.4, 118.2, 114.7, 114.6, 114.5, 114.4, 68.6, 68.5, 57.2, 56.8, 51.8, 51.7, 48.0, 47.7, 36.4, 35.9, 19.1, 18.4, 13.8, 13.7; HRMS (ESI): m/z calculated for $C_{28}H_{22}Cl_2FN_3O_3Na$ $[M+Na]^+$ 560.0920, found 560.0911; HPLC purity: 99.7%.

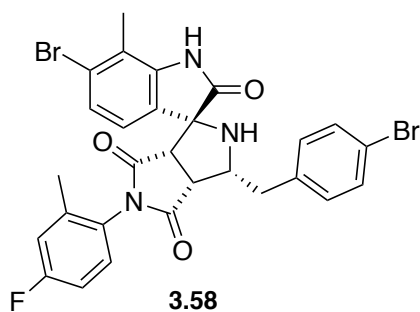
(3*R*,3'*R*,3*a*'*R*,6*a*'*S*)-6-Chloro-5'-(4-fluoro-2-methylphenyl)-7-methyl-3'-phenethyl-2',3',3*a*',6*a*'-tetrahydro-4'*H*-spiro[indoline-3,1'-pyrrolo[3,4-*c*]pyrrole]-2,4',6'(5'*H*)-trione
(3.57):



Using the general procedure for spiroindolinone synthesis outlined above, 6-chloro-7-methylindoline-2,3-dione (0.18 g, 0.93 mmol, 1.0 equiv), 1-(4-fluoro-2-methylphenyl)-1*H*-pyrrole-2,5-dione (0.20 g, 0.97 mmol, 1.05 equiv), and 2-amino-4-phenylbutanoic acid (0.18 g, 1.0 mmol, 1.1 equiv) were used. The crude material was purified by flash chromatography to afford spiroindolinone **3.57** (0.30 g, 0.57 mmol, 62%) as a white solid. $R_f = 0.6$ (3:2 EtOAc/Hex). 1H NMR (500 MHz, $CDCl_3$, rotamer ratio = 1:1.11) δ 8.72 (s, 1H, minor rotamer), 8.67 (s, 1H, major rotamer), 7.28 – 7.00 (m, 9H, major and minor rotamer), 6.83 (d, $J = 8.0$ Hz, 1H, minor rotamer), 6.75 (d, $J = 8.1$ Hz, 1H, major rotamer), 4.58 – 4.47 (m, 1H, major and minor rotamer), 3.84 – 3.72 (m, 2H, major and minor rotamer), 2.95 – 2.90 (m, 1H, major and minor), 2.77 – 2.71 (m, 1H, major and minor rotamer), 2.34 – 2.26 (m, 2H, minor rotamer, 5H major rotamer), 2.14 (s, 3H, minor rotamer), 2.03 – 1.98 (m, 3H,

major and minor rotamer), 1.91 – 1.80 (m, 1H, major and minor rotamer). ¹³C NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 181.2, 181.1, 175.3, 175.1, 175.0, 174.8, 164.3, 164.1, 162.3, 162.1, 141.8, 141.7, 141.0, 140.9, 138.9, 138.8, 138.2, 138.1, 136.6, 136.5, 130.1, 130.04, 130.00, 128.81, 128.80, 128.7, 128.6, 127.10, 127.07, 127.05, 127.00, 126.4, 125.0, 124.8, 124.6, 124.4, 123.8, 123.7, 118.9, 118.7, 118.6, 118.5, 118.4, 118.2, 114.6, 114.5, 114.4, 114.3, 68.9, 58.2, 57.6, 51.9, 51.8, 48.2, 47.8, 34.5, 34.0, 19.1, 18.4, 13.9, 13.8. HRMS (ESI): *m/z* calculated for C₂₉H₂₅ClFN₃O₃Na [M+Na]⁺ 540.1466, found 540.1491; HPLC purity: 99.9%.

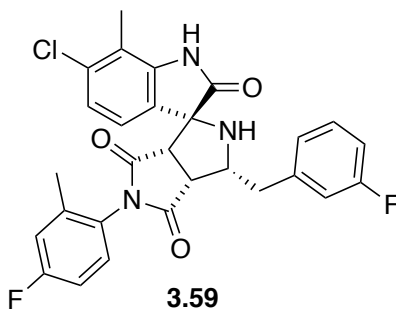
(3*R*,3'*R*,3*a**R*,6*a**S*)-6-Bromo-3'-(4-bromobenzyl)-5'-(4-fluoro-2-methylphenyl)-7-methyl-2',3',3*a*',6*a*'-tetrahydro-4'*H*-spiro[indoline-3,1'-pyrrolo[3,4-*c*]pyrrole]-2,4',6'(5'*H*)-trione (**3.58**):



Using the general procedure for spiroindolinone synthesis outlined above, 6-bromo-7-methylindoline-2,3-dione (0.22 g, 0.93 mmol, 1.0 equiv), 1-(4-fluoro-2-methylphenyl)-1*H*-pyrrole-2,5-dione (0.20 g, 0.97 mmol, 1.05 equiv), and 2-amino-3-(4-bromophenyl)propanoic acid (0.24 g, 1.0 mmol, 1.1 equiv) were used. The crude material was purified by flash chromatography to afford spiroindolinone **3.58** (0.17 g, 0.27 mmol, 29%) as a white solid. *R_f* = 0.5 (3:2 EtOAc/Hex). ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃, rotamer ratio = 1:1.11) δ 8.45 (s, 1H, major rotamer), 8.39 (s, 1H, major rotamer), 7.39 – 7.38 (m, 2H, major and minor rotamer), 7.37 – 6.99 (m, 6H, major and minor rotamer), 6.76 (d, *J* = 8.1 Hz, 1H, minor rotamer), 6.69 (d, *J* = 8.3 Hz, 1H, major rotamer), 4.73 – 4.68 (m, 1H, major and

minor rotamer), 3.83 (t, $J = 2.4$ Hz, 1H, major rotamer), 3.76 – 3.70 (m, 1H, major rotamer, 2H, minor rotamer), 3.43 – 3.72 (m, 1H, major and minor rotamer), 2.70 (dd, $J = 10.1$ Hz, 13.9 Hz, 1H, minor rotamer), 2.57 (dd, $J = 10.6$ Hz, 13.8 Hz, 1H, major rotamer), 2.43 (s, 3H, major rotamer), 2.17 – 2.12 (m, 1H, major rotamer, 4H, minor rotamer), 2.04 (s, 3H, major rotamer), 1.97 (s, 3H, minor rotamer); ^{13}C NMR (500 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 180.9, 180.7, 175.4, 175.1, 174.7, 174.6, 164.3, 164.2, 162.4, 162.2, 140.6, 138.9, 138.8, 138.3, 138.1, 138.0, 132.19, 132.15, 130.9, 130.8, 130.1, 130.06, 130.0, 129.9, 127.2, 127.1, 127.05, 127.02, 127.0, 126.98, 126.9, 125.6, 125.3, 125.2, 124.8, 120.9, 120.8, 120.6, 120.3, 118.7, 118.5, 118.4, 118.2, 114.7, 114.6, 114.5, 114.4, 68.5, 68.4, 59.0, 58.4, 51.7, 51.69, 47.9, 47.7, 38.4, 37.7, 19.0, 18.4, 16.7, 16.6; HRMS (ESI): m/z calculated for $\text{C}_{28}\text{H}_{21}\text{Br}_2\text{FN}_3\text{O}_3$ $[\text{M}-\text{H}]^-$ 623.9933, found 623.9957; HPLC purity: 98.2%.

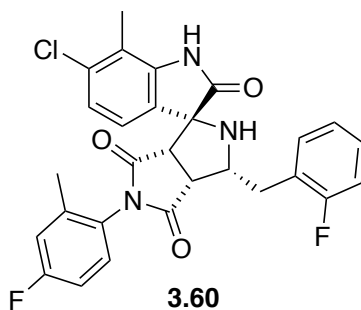
(3*R*,3'*R*,3*a*'*R*,6*a*'*S*)-6-Chloro-5'-(4-fluoro-2-methylphenyl)-3'-(3-fluorobenzyl)-7-methyl-2',3',3*a*',6*a*'-tetrahydro-4'*H*-spiro[indoline-3,1'-pyrrolo[3,4-*c*]pyrrole]-2,4',6'(5'*H*)-trione (3.59):



Using the general procedure for spiroindolinone synthesis outlined above, 6-chloro-7-methylindoline-2,3-dione (0.18 g, 0.93 mmol, 1.0 equiv), 1-(4-fluoro-2-methylphenyl)-1*H*-pyrrole-2,5-dione (0.20 g, 0.97 mmol, 1.05 equiv), and 2-amino-3-(3-fluorophenyl)propanoic acid (0.19 g, 1.0 mmol, 1.1 equiv) were used. The crude material

was purified by flash chromatography to afford spiroindolinone **3.59** (0.30 g, 0.58 mmol, 62%) as a white solid. $R_f = 0.5$ (3:2 EtOAc/Hex). $^1\text{H NMR}$ (500 MHz, CDCl_3 , rotamer ratio = 1:1.19) δ 8.53 (s, 1H, minor rotamer), 8.49 (s, 1H, major rotamer), 7.25 – 7.14 (m, 1H, major rotamer, 2H, minor rotamer), 7.13 – 6.88 (m, 7H, major rotamer, 6H, minor rotamer), 6.84 (d, $J = 8.1$ Hz, 1H, minor rotamer), 6.77 (d, $J = 8.1$ Hz, 1H, major rotamer), 4.77 – 4.68 (m, 1H, major and minor rotamer), 3.82 (d, $J = 8.0$ Hz, 1H, minor rotamer), 3.78 – 3.75 (m, 1H, major and minor rotamer), 3.71 (d, $J = 8.1$ Hz, 1H, major rotamer), 3.49 – 3.43 (m, 1H, major and minor rotamer), 2.73 (dd, $J = 10.1$ Hz, 13.9 Hz, 1H, minor rotamer), 2.61 (dd, $J = 10.7$ Hz, 13.8 Hz, 1H, major rotamer), 2.44 (s, 3H, major rotamer), 2.18 – 2.16 (m, 1H, major and minor rotamer), 2.13 (s, 3H, minor rotamer), 2.01 (s, 3H, major rotamer), 1.94 (s, 3H, minor rotamer); $^{13}\text{C NMR}$ (500 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 181.1, 180.9, 175.4, 175.2, 174.8, 174.7, 164.3, 164.25, 164.2, 162.4, 162.3, 162.2, 141.9, 141.89, 141.86, 141.8, 140.9, 138.9, 138.8, 138.1, 138.07, 136.62, 136.58, 130.7, 130.6, 130.5, 130.14, 130.07, 130.04, 129.96, 127.04, 127.02, 126.98, 125.2, 124.8, 124.82, 124.80, 124.6, 124.1, 123.8, 123.7, 118.9, 118.7, 118.6, 118.5, 118.4, 118.2, 116.2, 116.1, 116.01, 115.96, 114.7, 114.6, 114.49, 114.56, 114.08, 114.03, 113.91, 113.86, 68.6, 68.4, 58.9, 58.3, 51.8, 51.7, 47.9, 47.7, 38.8, 38.1, 19.0, 18.4, 13.8, 13.7; HRMS (ESI): m/z calculated for $\text{C}_{28}\text{H}_{22}\text{ClF}_2\text{N}_3\text{O}_3\text{Na}$ $[\text{M}+\text{Na}]^+$ 544.1215, found 544.1213; HPLC purity: 98.3%.

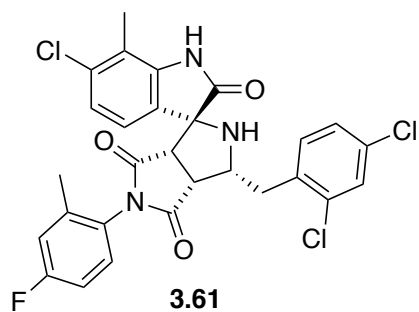
(3*R*,3'*R*,3*a*'*R*,6*a*'*S*)-6-Chloro-5'-(4-fluoro-2-methylphenyl)-3'-(2-fluorobenzyl)-7-methyl-2',3',3*a*',6*a*'-tetrahydro-4'*H*-spiro[indoline-3,1'-pyrrolo[3,4-*c*]pyrrole]-2,4',6'(5'*H*)-trione (3.60):



Using the general procedure for spiroindolinone synthesis outlined above, 6-chloro-7-methylindoline-2,3-dione (0.18 g, 0.93 mmol, 1.0 equiv), 1-(4-fluoro-2-methylphenyl)-1*H*-pyrrole-2,5-dione (0.20 g, 0.97 mmol, 1.05 equiv), and 2-amino-3-(2-fluorophenyl)propanoic acid (0.19 g, 1.0 mmol, 1.1 equiv) were used. The crude material was purified by flash chromatography to afford spiroindolinone **3.60** (0.25 g, 0.49 mmol, 52%) as a light brown solid. $R_f = 0.5$ (3:2 EtOAc/Hex). $R_f = 0.5$ (3:2 EtOAc/Hex). ^1H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl_3 , rotamer ratio = 1:1.26) δ 8.69 (s, 1H, minor rotamer), 8.64 (s, 1H, major rotamer), 7.29 – 6.99 (m, 8H, major and minor rotamer), 6.85 (d, $J = 8.1$ Hz, 1H, minor rotamer), 6.77 (d, $J = 8.1$ Hz, 1H, major rotamer), 4.82 – 4.73 (m, 1H, major and minor rotamer), 3.81 – 3.76 (m, 1H, major rotamer, 2H, minor rotamer), 3.69 (d, $J = 8.0$ Hz, 1H, major rotamer), 3.54 – 3.48 (m, 1H, major and minor rotamer), 2.80 (dd, $J = 10.0$ Hz, 14.0 Hz, 1H, minor rotamer), 2.72 (dd, $J = 10.7$ Hz, 13.9 Hz, 1H, major rotamer), 2.45 (s, 3H, major rotamer), 2.19 – 2.13 (m, 1H, major rotamer, 4H, minor rotamer), 2.02 (s, 3H, major rotamer), 1.96 (s, 3H, minor rotamer); ^{13}C NMR (500 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 181.2, 181.1, 175.4, 175.2, 174.8, 174.7, 164.3, 164.2, 162.44, 162.40, 162.3, 162.2, 160.5, 160.4, 140.9, 138.88,

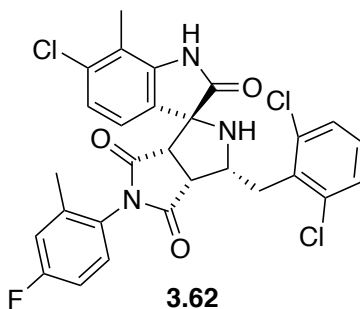
138.82, 138.3, 138.2, 136.6, 136.5, 131.5, 131.4, 131.37, 131.30, 130.2, 130.1, 130.0, 128.9, 128.8, 127.09, 127.06, 127.04, 126.4, 126.3, 126.2, 126.18, 125.2, 124.8, 124.7, 124.6, 124.58, 124.55, 124.2, 123.8, 121.6, 118.9, 118.7, 118.6, 118.5, 118.4, 118.2, 116.07, 116.05, 115.90, 115.87, 114.7, 114.6, 114.5, 114.4, 68.6, 68.5, 57.8, 57.3, 51.82, 51.79, 48.0, 47.7, 32.2, 31.8, 19.0, 18.4, 13.8, 13.7; HRMS (ESI): m/z calculated for $C_{28}H_{22}ClF_2N_3O_3Na$ $[M+Na]^+$ 544.1215, found 544.1238; HPLC purity: 99.9%.

(3*R*,3'*R*,3*a*'*R*,6*a*'*S*)-6-Chloro-3'-(2,4-dichlorobenzyl)-5'-(4-fluoro-2-methylphenyl)-7-methyl-2',3',3*a*',6*a*'-tetrahydro-4'*H*-spiro[indoline-3,1'-pyrrolo[3,4-*c*]pyrrole]-2,4',6'(5'*H*)-trione (**3.61**):



Using the general procedure for spiroindolinone synthesis outlined above, 6-chloro-7-methylindoline-2,3-dione (0.09 g, 0.46 mmol, 1.0 equiv), 1-(4-fluoro-2-methylphenyl)-1*H*-pyrrole-2,5-dione (0.10 g, 0.49 mmol, 1.05 equiv), and 2-amino-3-(2,4-dichlorophenyl)propanoic acid (0.12 g, 0.51 mmol, 1.1 equiv) were used. The crude material was purified by flash chromatography to afford spiroindolinone **3.61** (0.15 g, 0.26 mmol, 55%) as a light yellow solid. R_f = 0.5 (3:2 EtOAc/Hex). R_f = 0.5 (3:2 EtOAc/Hex). 1H NMR (500 MHz, $CDCl_3$, rotamer ratio = 1:1.23) δ 8.71 (s, 1H, minor rotamer), 8.64 (s, 1H, major rotamer), 7.37 – 7.36 (m, 1H, major and minor rotamer), 7.31 (d, J = 8.3 Hz, 1H, minor rotamer), 7.25 – 7.21 (m, 1H, major and minor rotamer), 7.15 – 6.99 (m, 5H, major

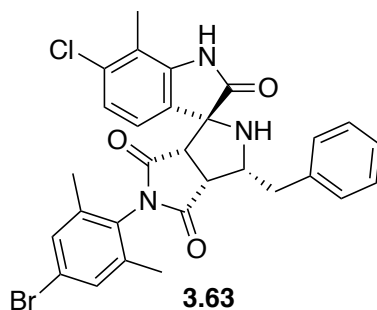
rotamer, 4H, minor rotamer), 6.83 (d, $J = 8.1$ Hz, 1H, minor rotamer), 6.75 (d, $J = 8.2$ Hz, 1H, major rotamer), 4.84 – 4.74 (m, 1H, major and minor rotamer), 3.83 – 3.71 (m, 2H, major and minor rotamer), 3.61 – 3.55 (m, 1H, major and minor rotamer), 2.89 – 2.78 (m, 1H, major and minor rotamer), 2.44 (s, 3H, major rotamer), 2.14 – 2.10 (m, 1H, major rotamer, 4H, minor rotamer), 2.02 (s, 3H, major rotamer), 1.96 (s, 3H, minor rotamer); ^{13}C NMR (500 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 181.1, 180.9, 175.4, 175.1, 174.7, 174.6, 164.3, 164.2, 162.4, 162.2, 140.95, 140.93, 138.9, 138.8, 138.1, 138.07, 136.7, 136.6, 135.5, 135.24, 135.19, 133.6, 132.2, 132.1, 130.13, 130.06, 130.02, 129.99, 129.9, 127.7, 127.6, 127.0, 126.99, 126.97, 125.1, 124.7, 124.6, 124.1, 123.8, 123.7, 119.0, 118.7, 118.5, 118.4, 118.2, 114.69, 114.65, 114.5, 114.47, 68.6, 68.5, 57.0, 56.7, 51.8, 51.7, 47.9, 47.6, 35.8, 35.4, 19.1, 18.4, 13.84, 13.76; HRMS (ESI): m/z calculated for $\text{C}_{28}\text{H}_{22}\text{Cl}_3\text{FN}_3\text{O}_3$ $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$ 572.0711, found 572.0707; HPLC purity: 99.5%.
 (3*R*,3'*R*,3*a*'*R*,6*a*'*S*)-6-Chloro-3'-(2,6-dichlorobenzyl)-5'-(4-fluoro-2-methylphenyl)-7-methyl-2',3',3*a*',6*a*'-tetrahydro-4'*H*-spiro[indoline-3,1'-pyrrolo[3,4-*c*]pyrrole]-2,4',6'(5'*H*)-trione (**3.62**):



Using the general procedure for spiroindolinone synthesis outlined above, 6-chloro-7-methylindoline-2,3-dione (0.09 g, 0.46 mmol, 1.0 equiv), 1-(4-fluoro-2-methylphenyl)-1*H*-pyrrole-2,5-dione (0.10 g, 0.49 mmol, 1.05 equiv), and 2-amino-3-(2,6-dichlorophenyl)propanoic acid (0.12 g, 0.52 mmol, 1.1 equiv) were used. The crude

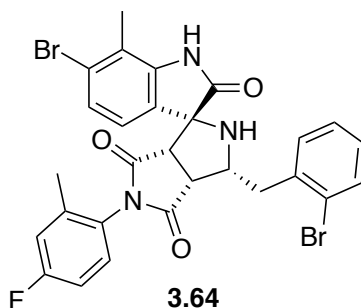
material was purified by flash chromatography to afford spiroindolinone **3.62** (0.12 g, 0.20 mmol, 43%) as a light brown solid. $R_f = 0.8$ (3:2 EtOAc/Hex). $R_f = 0.5$ (3:2 EtOAc/Hex). ^1H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl_3 , rotamer ratio = 1:1.49) δ 8.83 (s, 1H, major and minor rotamer), 7.26 – 7.20 (m, 3H, major and minor rotamer), 7.12 – 6.98 (m, 4H, major and minor rotamer), 6.83 (d, $J = 8.1$ Hz, 1H, minor rotamer), 6.75 (d, $J = 8.2$ Hz, 1H, major rotamer), 4.92 (s, 1H, major rotamer), 4.83 (s, 1H, minor rotamer), 3.89 (t, $J = 7.8$ Hz, 1H, minor rotamer), 3.83 (t, $J = 8.0$ Hz, 1H, major rotamer), 3.77 – 3.69 (m, 2H, major and minor rotamer), 3.35 – 3.23 (m, 1H, major and minor rotamer), 2.46 (s, 3H, major rotamer), 2.18 – 2.14 (m, 1H, major rotamer, 4H, minor rotamer), 2.03 (s, 3H, major rotamer), 1.99 (s, 3H, minor rotamer); ^{13}C NMR (500 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 181.2, 181.1, 175.5, 175.1, 174.8, 174.5, 164.3, 164.2, 162.4, 162.2, 141.0, 138.92, 138.86, 138.4, 138.3, 136.6, 136.5, 136.03, 136.02, 135.7, 135.6, 130.13, 130.06, 129.97, 129.0, 128.9, 128.8, 128.7, 127.09, 127.06, 125.0, 124.7, 124.6, 124.2, 123.8, 123.7, 118.9, 118.72, 118.67, 118.5, 118.4, 118.2, 114.7, 114.6, 114.4, 69.0, 57.2, 56.7, 51.79, 51.75, 48.6, 48.1, 33.8, 33.5, 19.1, 18.4, 13.85, 13.82; HRMS (ESI): m/z calculated for $\text{C}_{28}\text{H}_{21}\text{Cl}_3\text{FN}_3\text{O}_3\text{Na}$ $[\text{M}+\text{Na}]^+$ 594.0530, found 594.0538; HPLC purity: 99.9%.

(3*R*,3'*R*,3*a*'*R*,6*a*'*S*)-3'-Benzyl-5'-(4-bromo-2,6-dimethylphenyl)-6-chloro-7-methyl-2',3',3*a*',6*a*'-tetrahydro-4'*H*-spiro[indoline-3,1'-pyrrolo[3,4-*c*]pyrrole]-2,4',6'(5'*H*)-trione
(3.63):



Using the general procedure for spiroindolinone synthesis outlined above, 6-chloro-7-methylindoline-2,3-dione (0.09 g, 0.46 mmol, 1.0 equiv), 1-(4-bromo-2,6-dimethylphenyl)-1*H*-pyrrole-2,5-dione (0.14 g, 0.49 mmol, 1.05 equiv), and phenylalanine (0.09 g, 0.52 mmol, 1.1 equiv) were used. The crude material was purified by flash chromatography to afford spiroindolinone **3.63** (0.13 g, 0.22 mmol, 47%) as a light yellow solid. $R_f = 0.6$ (3:2 EtOAc/Hex). $^1\text{H NMR}$ (500 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 8.28 (s, 1H), 7.40 (s, 1H), 7.32 (s, 1H), 7.29 – 7.21 (m, 5H), 7.01 (d, $J = 8.2$ Hz, 1H), 6.84 (d, $J = 8.4$ Hz, 1H), 4.80 (t, $J = 9.2$ Hz, 1H), 3.85 (t, $J = 8.3$ Hz, 1H), 3.62 (d, $J = 8.0$ Hz, 1H), 3.47 (d, $J = 13.6$ Hz, 1H), 2.58 (t, $J = 13.1$ Hz, 1H), 2.43 (s, 3H), 2.17 (s, 1H), 2.12 (s, 3H), 2.07 (s, 3H); $^{13}\text{C NMR}$ (500 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 180.6, 174.8, 173.7, 140.6, 139.2, 138.1, 137.7, 136.3, 131.8, 129.6, 129.0, 128.9, 126.9, 125.5, 123.7, 123.6, 123.2, 118.0, 68.4, 58.1, 51.4, 47.6, 39.0, 18.7, 18.0, 13.7; (HRMS (ESI): m/z calculated for $\text{C}_{29}\text{H}_{25}\text{BrClN}_3\text{O}_3\text{Na}$ $[\text{M}+\text{Na}]^+$ 600.0665, found 600.0651; HPLC purity: 94.6%.

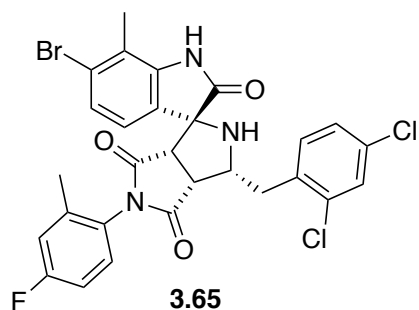
(3*R*,3'*R*,3*a**R*,6*a**S*)-6-Bromo-3'-(2-bromobenzyl)-5'-(4-fluoro-2-methylphenyl)-7-methyl-2',3',3*a*',6*a*'-tetrahydro-4'*H*-spiro[indoline-3,1'-pyrrolo[3,4-*c*]pyrrole]-2,4',6'(5'*H*)-trione (3.64):



Using the general procedure for spiroindolinone synthesis outlined above, 6-bromo-7-methylindoline-2,3-dione (0.11 g, 0.46 mmol, 1.0 equiv), 1-(4-fluoro-2-methylphenyl)-1*H*-pyrrole-2,5-dione (0.10 g, 0.49 mmol, 1.05 equiv), and 2-amino-3-(2-bromophenyl)propanoic acid (0.13 g, 0.52 mmol, 1.1 equiv) were used. The crude material was purified by flash chromatography to afford spiroindolinone **3.64** (0.08 g, 0.12 mmol, 27%) as a light yellow solid. $R_f = 0.4$ (3:2 EtOAc/Hex). ^1H NMR (500 MHz, DMSO, rotamer ratio = 1:1.19) δ 10.64 (s, 1H, minor rotamer), 10.57 (s, 1H, major rotamer), 7.59 (t, $J = 6.4$ Hz, 1H, major and minor rotamer), 7.48 – 7.44 (m, 1H, major and minor rotamer), 7.37 (d, $J = 7.6$ Hz, 1H, major rotamer), 7.33 – 7.13 (m, 5H, major rotamer, 6H, minor rotamer), 6.85 (d, $J = 8.1$ Hz, 1H, minor rotamer), 6.60 (d, $J = 8.1$ Hz, 1H, major rotamer), 4.70 – 4.66 (m, 1H, major rotamer), 4.52 – 4.60 (m, 1H, minor rotamer), 3.88 – 3.85 (m, 1H, major rotamer, 2H, minor rotamer), 3.70 (t, $J = 8.1$ Hz, 1H, major rotamer), 3.64 (d, $J = 7.8$ Hz, 1H, minor rotamer); 3.48 – 3.38 (m, 2H, major rotamer, 1H, minor rotamer), 2.82 (dd, $J = 14.7$ Hz, 9.6 Hz, 1H, minor rotamer), 2.64 (dd, $J = 14.4$ Hz, 9.6 Hz, 1H, major rotamer), 2.36 (s, 3H, major rotamer), 2.23 (s, 3H, minor rotamer), 2.22 (s, 3H, major rotamer), 2.06 (s, 3H,

minor rotamer); ^{13}C NMR (500 MHz, DMSO) δ 181.8, 181.2, 176.5, 176.4, 175.0, 174.6, 164.0, 163.7, 162.0, 161.8, 143.2, 143.1, 139.9, 139.8, 139.6, 139.2, 139.1, 133.39, 133.35, 132.15, 132.07, 131.74, 131.66, 131.43, 131.36, 129.3, 129.2, 128.98, 128.97, 128.7, 128.6, 127.4, 127.2, 126.3, 126.2, 126.0, 125.8, 125.5, 125.4, 125.1, 125.0, 119.5, 119.2, 118.4, 118.24, 118.20, 118.0, 114.7, 114.6, 114.5, 114.4, 69.8, 69.0, 58.5, 56.8, 53.5, 52.8, 50.2, 49.0, 39.3, 37.8, 18.9, 18.3, 17.61, 17.55; HRMS (ESI): m/z calculated for $\text{C}_{28}\text{H}_{22}\text{Br}_2\text{FN}_3\text{O}_3\text{Na}$ $[\text{M}+\text{Na}]^+$ 647.9910, found 647.9911; HPLC purity: 99.5%.

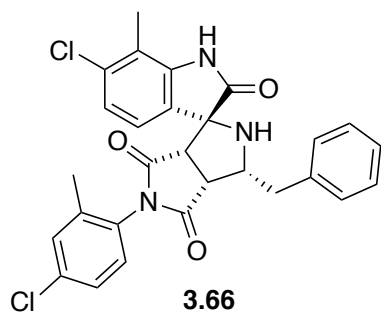
(3*R*,3'*R*,3*a*'*R*,6*a*'*S*)-6-Bromo-3'-(2,4-dichlorobenzyl)-5'-(4-fluoro-2-methylphenyl)-7-methyl-2',3',3*a*',6*a*'-tetrahydro-4'*H*-spiro[indoline-3,1'-pyrrolo[3,4-*c*]pyrrole]-2,4',6'(5'*H*)-trione (**3.65**):



Using the general procedure for spiroindolinone synthesis outlined above, 6-bromo-7-methylindoline-2,3-dione (0.11 g, 0.46 mmol, 1.0 equiv), 1-(4-fluoro-2-methylphenyl)-1*H*-pyrrole-2,5-dione (0.10 g, 0.49 mmol, 1.05 equiv), and 2-amino-3-(2,4-dichlorophenyl)propanoic acid (0.12 g, 0.52 mmol, 1.1 equiv) were used. The crude material was purified by flash chromatography to afford spiroindolinone **3.65** (0.11 g, 0.17 mmol, 37%) as a light yellow solid. R_f = 0.4 (3:2 EtOAc/Hex). ^1H NMR (500 MHz, DMSO, rotamer ratio = 1:1.32) δ 10.66 (s, 1H, minor rotamer), 10.59 (s, 1H, major rotamer), 7.58 – 7.14 (m, 7H, major and minor rotamer), 6.84 (d, J = 8.1 Hz, 1H, minor rotamer), 6.60 (d, J =

8.1 Hz, 1H, major rotamer), 4.67 – 4.64 (m, 1H, major rotamer), 4.52 – 4.46 (m, 1H, minor rotamer), 3.93 – 3.89 (m, 1H, major and minor rotamer), 3.86 (d, $J = 7.8$ Hz, 1H, minor rotamer), 3.71 (t, $J = 8.1$ Hz, 1H, major rotamer), 3.65 (d, $J = 7.8$ Hz, 1H, minor rotamer), 3.46 (d, $J = 8.0$ Hz, 1H, major rotamer), 3.42 (dd, $J = 4.1$ Hz, 14.7 Hz, 1H, minor rotamer), 3.41 – 3.34 (m, 1H, major rotamer), 2.82 (dd, $J = 9.6$ Hz, 14.7 Hz, 1H, minor rotamer), 2.64 (dd, $J = 9.7$ Hz, 14.2 Hz, 1H, major rotamer), 2.36 (s, 3H, major rotamer), 2.24 – 2.23 (m, 3H, major and minor rotamer), 2.07 (s, 3H, minor rotamer); ^{13}C NMR (500 MHz, DMSO) δ 181.8, 181.2, 176.5, 176.4, 175.0, 174.6, 164.0, 163.7, 162.0, 161.8, 143.2, 143.1, 139.85, 139.77, 139.2, 139.1, 137.4, 137.0, 135.0, 134.9, 133.4, 132.5, 131.7, 131.6, 131.43, 131.36, 129.49, 129.46, 129.0, 128.9, 128.60, 128.59, 128.3, 128.2, 127.3, 127.1, 126.3, 126.2, 126.0, 125.8, 125.6, 125.4, 119.5, 119.2, 118.4, 118.23, 118.19, 118.0, 114.7, 114.6, 114.5, 114.4, 69.7, 68.9, 58.1, 56.6, 53.4, 52.8, 50.0, 48.9, 36.3, 34.8, 18.9, 18.3, 17.6, 17.5; HRMS (ESI): m/z calculated for $\text{C}_{28}\text{H}_{21}\text{BrCl}_2\text{FN}_3\text{O}_3\text{Na}$ $[\text{M}+\text{Na}]^+$ 638.0025, found 638.0016; HPLC purity: 98.8%.

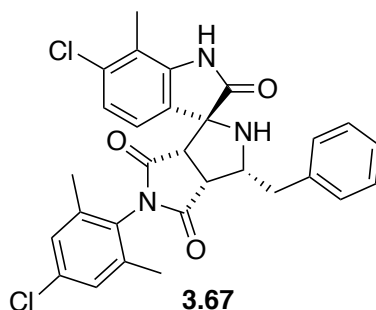
(3*R*,3'*R*,3*a*'*R*,6*a*'*S*)-3'-Benzyl-6-chloro-5'-(4-chloro-2-methylphenyl)-7-methyl-2',3',3*a*',6*a*'-tetrahydro-4'*H*-spiro[indoline-3,1'-pyrrolo[3,4-*c*]pyrrole]-2,4',6'(5'*H*)-trione (**3.66**):



Using the general procedure for spiroindolinone synthesis outlined above, 6-chloro-7-methylindoline-2,3-dione (0.10 g, 0.49 mmol, 1.0 equiv), 1-(4-chloro-2-methylphenyl)-

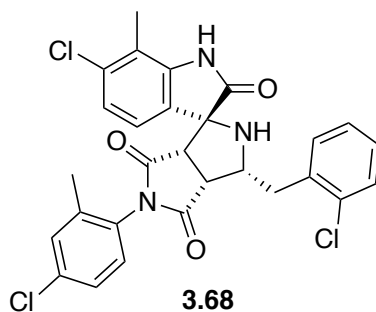
1*H*-pyrrole-2,5-dione (0.11 g, 0.51 mmol, 1.05 equiv), and phenylalanine (0.09 g, 0.54 mmol, 1.1 equiv) were used. The crude material was purified by flash chromatography to afford spiroindolinone **3.66** (0.11 g, 0.21 mmol, 43%) as a white solid. $R_f = 0.5$ (3:2 EtOAc/Hex). ^1H NMR (500 MHz, DMSO, rotamer ratio = 1:1.3) δ 10.65 (s, 1H, minor rotamer), 10.59 (s, 1H, major rotamer), 7.56 (d, $J = 2.2$ Hz, 1H, major rotamer), 7.50 – 7.17 (m, 7H, major rotamer, 8H, minor rotamer), 6.99 (d, $J = 8.1$ Hz, 1H, minor rotamer), 6.95 (d, $J = 8.1$ Hz, 1H, major rotamer), 6.91 (d, $J = 8.1$ Hz, 1H, minor rotamer), 6.66 (d, $J = 8.1$ Hz, 1H, major rotamer), 4.61 – 4.56 (m, 1H, major rotamer), 4.46 – 4.40 (m, 1H, minor rotamer), 3.86 (d, $J = 9.5$ Hz, 1H, minor rotamer), 3.83 – 3.80 (m, 1H, major and minor rotamer), 3.67 – 3.62 (m, 1H, major and minor rotamer), 3.45 (d, $J = 7.9$ Hz, major rotamer), 3.30 – 3.22 (m, 1H, major and minor rotamer), 2.74 (dd, $J = 8.8$ Hz, 14.1 Hz, minor rotamer), 2.55 – 2.52 (m, 1H, major rotamer), 2.35 (s, 3H, major rotamer), 2.21 – 2.20 (m, 3H, major and minor rotamer), 2.06 (s, 3H, minor rotamer); ^{13}C NMR (500 MHz, DMSO) δ 181.0, 180.5, 175.5, 175.4, 173.9, 173.6, 142.4, 142.3, 140.1, 139.7, 138.5, 137.8, 134.1, 133.9, 133.7, 133.4, 130.8, 130.6, 130.53, 130.50, 130.4, 130.2, 129.0, 128.9, 128.3, 128.2, 126.8, 126.7, 126.1, 126.0, 125.9, 125.7, 124.81, 124.80, 121.4, 121.2, 116.9, 116.7, 68.7, 67.8, 59.9, 58.0, 52.8, 52.1, 49.2, 48.1, 38.0, 36.4, 17.7, 17.1, 13.82, 13.80; HRMS (ESI): m/z calculated for $\text{C}_{28}\text{H}_{23}\text{Cl}_2\text{N}_3\text{O}_3\text{Na}$ $[\text{M}+\text{Na}]^+$ 542.1014, found 542.1006; HPLC purity: 99.9%.

(3*R*,3'*R*,3*a*'*R*,6*a*'*S*)-3'-Benzyl-6-chloro-5'-(4-chloro-2,6-dimethylphenyl)-7-methyl-2',3',3*a*',6*a*'-tetrahydro-4'*H*-spiro[indoline-3,1'-pyrrolo[3,4-*c*]pyrrole]-2,4',6'(5'*H*)-trione
(3.67):



Using the general procedure for spiroindolinone synthesis outlined above, 6-chloro-7-methylindoline-2,3-dione (0.09 g, 0.45 mmol, 1.0 equiv), 1-(4-chloro-2,6-dimethylphenyl)-1*H*-pyrrole-2,5-dione (0.11 g, 0.47 mmol, 1.05 equiv), and phenylalanine (0.08 g, 0.49 mmol, 1.1 equiv) were used. The crude material was purified by flash chromatography to afford spiroindolinone **3.67** (0.10 g, 0.18 mmol, 41%) as a white solid. $R_f = 0.5$ (3:2 EtOAc/Hex). $^1\text{H NMR}$ (500 MHz, DMSO) δ 10.66, (s, 1H), 7.44 (s, 1H), 7.36 (s, 1H), 7.33 (d, $J = 4.4$ Hz, 4H), 7.25 (d, $J = 4.2$ Hz, 1H), 7.01 (d, $J = 8.1$ Hz, 1H), 6.74 (d, $J = 8.1$ Hz, 1H), 4.70 (t, $J = 4.3$ Hz, 1H), 3.89 (t, $J = 4.4$ Hz, 2H), 3.70 (d, $J = 8.2$ Hz, 1H), 3.27, (dd, $J = 4.85, 13.9$ Hz, 1H), 2.59 – 2.56 (m, 1H), 2.39 (s, 3H), 2.25 (s, 3H), 2.07 (s, 3H); $^{13}\text{C NMR}$ (500 MHz, DMSO) δ 180.9, 175.4, 173.6, 142.5, 139.6, 138.5, 137.9, 133.8, 133.4, 129.8, 129.0, 128.3, 127.9, 126.1, 125.6, 125.1, 121.1, 116.6, 67.9, 57.7, 51.4, 47.7, 38.1, 18.0, 17.3, 13.7; HRMS (ESI): m/z calculated for $\text{C}_{29}\text{H}_{25}\text{Cl}_2\text{N}_3\text{O}_3\text{Na}$ $[\text{M}+\text{Na}]^+$ 556.1171, found 556.1176; HPLC purity: 99.9%.

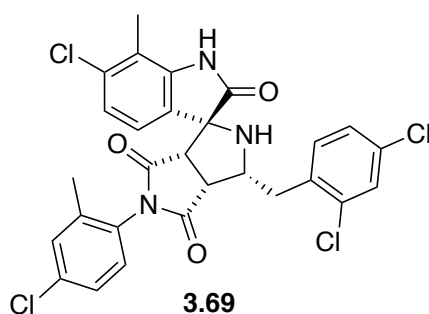
(3*R*,3'*R*,3*a*'*R*,6*a*'*S*)-6-Chloro-5'-(4-chloro-2-methylphenyl)-3'-(2-chlorobenzyl)-7-methyl-2',3',3*a*',6*a*'-tetrahydro-4'*H*-spiro[indoline-3,1'-pyrrolo[3,4-*c*]pyrrole]-2,4',6'(5'*H*)-trione
(3.68):



Using the general procedure for spiroindolinone synthesis outlined above, 6-chloro-7-methylindoline-2,3-dione (0.10 g, 0.52 mmol, 1.0 equiv), 1-(4-chloro-2-methylphenyl)-1*H*-pyrrole-2,5-dione (0.12 g, 0.55 mmol, 1.05 equiv), and 2-amino-3-(2-chlorophenyl)propanoic acid (0.11 g, 0.57 mmol, 1.1 equiv) were used. The crude material was purified by flash chromatography to afford spiroindolinone **3.68** (0.16 g, 0.29 mmol, 55%) as a white solid. $R_f = 0.5$ (3:2 EtOAc/Hex). $^1\text{H NMR}$ (500 MHz, DMSO, rotamer ratio = 1:1.25) δ 10.66 (s, 1H, minor rotamer), 10.59 (s, 1H, major rotamer), 7.48 (d, $J = 11.1$ Hz, 1H, major rotamer), 7.47 – 7.21 (m, 6H, major rotamer, 7H, minor rotamer), 7.00 (d, $J = 8.1$ Hz, 1H, minor rotamer), 6.95 (d, $J = 8.1$ Hz, 1H, major rotamer), 6.91 (d, $J = 8.1$ Hz, 1H, minor rotamer), 6.66 (d, $J = 8.1$ Hz, 1H, major rotamer), 4.71 – 4.66 (m, 1H, major rotamer), 4.53 – 4.47 (m, 1H, minor rotamer), 3.91 – 3.85 (m, 1H, major rotamer, 2H, minor rotamer), 3.71 (t, $J = 8.0$ Hz, 1H, major rotamer), 3.65 (d, $J = 7.9$ Hz, 1H, minor rotamer), 3.49 – 3.46 (m, 1H, major and minor rotamer), 3.41 – 3.34 (m, 1H, major rotamer), 2.85 – 2.81 (m, 1H, minor rotamer), 2.68 – 2.64 (m, 1H, major rotamer), 2.35 (s, 3H, major rotamer), 2.22 – 2.20 (m, 3H, major and minor rotamer), 2.08 – 2.06 (m, 3H, minor rotamer); $^{13}\text{C NMR}$ (500

MHz, DMSO) δ 175.4, 175.3, 173.9, 173.5, 142.5, 142.3, 138.4, 137.8, 137.3, 137.0, 134.1, 133.9, 133.7, 133.4, 133.2, 133.1, 131.2, 131.1, 130.7, 130.5, 130.4, 130.2, 129.2, 129.1, 128.01, 127.99, 127.2, 127.1, 126.8, 126.7, 125.8, 125.5, 124.85, 124.79, 121.3, 121.2, 116.9, 116.6, 68.8, 67.9, 57.5, 55.8, 52.7, 52.0, 49.3, 48.1, 35.7, 34.2, 17.7, 17.1, 13.8, 13.7; HRMS (ESI): m/z calculated for $C_{28}H_{22}Cl_3N_3O_3Na$ $[M+Na]^+$ 576.0624, found 576.0615; HPLC purity: 97.2%.

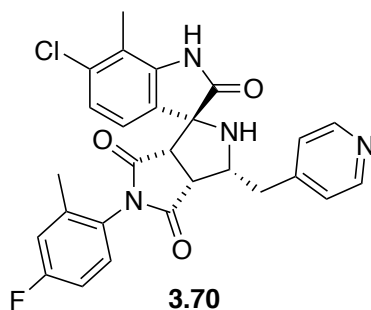
(3*R*,3'*R*,3*a*'*R*,6*a*'*S*)-6-Chloro-5'-(4-chloro-2-methylphenyl)-3'-(2,4-dichlorobenzyl)-7-methyl-2',3',3*a*',6*a*'-tetrahydro-4'*H*-spiro[indoline-3,1'-pyrrolo[3,4-*c*]pyrrole]-2,4',6'(5'*H*)-trione (**3.69**):



Using the general procedure for spiroindolinone synthesis outlined above, 6-chloro-7-methylindoline-2,3-dione (0.08 g, 0.41 mmol, 1.0 equiv), 1-(4-chloro-2-methylphenyl)-1*H*-pyrrole-2,5-dione (0.10 g, 0.43 mmol, 1.05 equiv), and 2-amino-3-(2,4-dichlorophenyl)propanoic acid (0.11 g, 0.46 mmol, 1.1 equiv) were used. The crude material was purified by flash chromatography to afford spiroindolinone **3.69** (0.14 g, 0.24 mmol, 59%) as a white solid. R_f = 0.6 (3:2 EtOAc/Hex). 1H NMR (500 MHz, DMSO, rotamer ratio = 1:1.35) δ 10.67 (s, 1H, minor rotamer), 10.60 (s, 1H, major rotamer), 7.58 – 7.56 (m, 1H, major rotamer, 2H, minor rotamer), 7.52 – 7.34 (m, 4H, major rotamer, 4H, minor rotamer), 7.22 (d, J = 8.5 Hz, 1H, major rotamer), 7.01 (d, J = 4.9 Hz, 1H, minor rotamer),

6.96 (d, $J = 8.1$ Hz, 1H, major rotamer), 6.90 (d, $J = 8.1$ Hz, 1H, minor rotamer), 6.66 (d, $J = 8.1$ Hz, 1H, major rotamer), 4.69 – 4.63 (m, 1H, major rotamer), 4.51 – 4.46 (m, 1H, minor rotamer), 3.93 – 3.86 (m, 1H, major rotamer, 2H, minor rotamer), 3.71 (t, $J = 8.0$ Hz, 1H, major rotamer), 3.66 (d, $J = 7.8$ Hz, 1H, minor rotamer), 3.47 (d, $J = 7.9$ Hz, 1H, major rotamer), 3.43 (dd, $J = 4.1$ Hz, 14.7 Hz, 1H, minor rotamer), 3.36 (d, $J = 3.8$ Hz, 1H, major rotamer), 2.82 (dd, $J = 9.7$ Hz, 14.7 Hz, 1H, minor rotamer), 2.65 (dd, $J = 9.8$ Hz, 14.2 Hz, 1H, major rotamer), 2.35 (s, 3H, major rotamer), 2.22 – 2.21 (m, 3H, major and minor rotamer), 2.07 (s, 3H, minor rotamer); ^{13}C NMR (500 MHz, DMSO) δ 181.8, 181.2, 176.3, 176.2, 174.8, 174.4, 143.4, 143.3, 139.4, 138.7, 137.3, 137.0, 135.05, 134.99, 134.9, 134.8, 134.7, 134.4, 133.4, 132.5, 131.7, 131.5, 131.4, 131.33, 131.31, 131.1, 129.49, 129.45, 128.3, 128.2, 127.8, 127.6, 126.6, 126.4, 125.8, 125.7, 122.3, 122.1, 117.8, 117.6, 69.7, 68.9, 58.1, 56.6, 53.5, 52.9, 50.2, 49.0, 36.3, 34.7, 18.7, 18.0, 14.74, 14.68; HRMS (ESI): m/z calculated for $\text{C}_{28}\text{H}_{21}\text{Cl}_4\text{N}_3\text{O}_3\text{Na}$ $[\text{M}+\text{Na}]^+$ 610.0235, found 610.0245; HPLC purity: 99.9%.

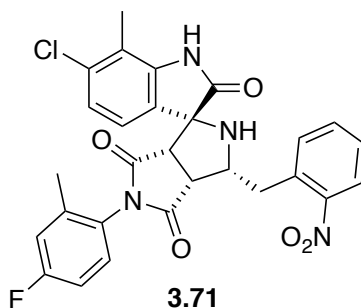
(3*R*,3'*R*,3*a*'*R*,6*a*'*S*)-6-Chloro-5'-(4-fluoro-2-methylphenyl)-7-methyl-3'-(pyridin-4-ylmethyl)-2',3',3*a*',6*a*'-tetrahydro-4'*H*-spiro[indoline-3,1'-pyrrolo[3,4-*c*]pyrrole]-2,4',6'(5'*H*)-trione (**3.70**):



Using the general procedure for spiroindolinone synthesis outlined above, 6-chloro-7-methylindoline-2,3-dione (0.09 g, 0.46 mmol, 1.0 equiv), 1-(4-fluoro-2-methylphenyl)-

1*H*-pyrrole-2,5-dione (0.10 g, 0.49 mmol, 1.05 equiv), and 2-amino-3-(pyridin-4-yl)propanoic acid (0.09 g, 0.52 mmol, 1.1 equiv) were used. The crude material was purified by flash chromatography to afford spiroindolinone **3.70** (0.12 g, 0.23 mmol, 51%) as a white solid. R_f = 0.2 (3:2 EtOAc/Hex). ^1H NMR (500 MHz, DMSO, rotamer ratio = 1:1.17) δ 10.69 (s, 1H, minor rotamer), 10.63 (s, 1H, major rotamer), 8.50 – 8.45 (m, 2H, major rotamer and minor rotamer), 7.48 – 7.45 (m, 1H, major rotamer), 7.35 – 7.17 (m, 4H, major rotamer, 5H minor rotamer), 7.02 – 6.97 (m, 1H, major and minor rotamer), 6.91 (d, J = 8.1 Hz, 1H, minor rotamer), 6.67 (d, J = 8.1 Hz, 1H, major rotamer), 4.67 – 4.61 (m, 1H, major rotamer), 4.51 – 4.45 (m, 1H, minor rotamer), 3.96 – 3.95 (m, 1H, major and minor rotamer), 3.85 (t, J = 7.7 Hz, 1H, minor rotamer), 3.70 (t, J = 7.9 Hz, 1H, major rotamer), 3.65 (d, J = 7.9 Hz, 1H, minor rotamer), 3.46 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H, major rotamer), 3.32 – 3.23 (m, 1H, major and minor rotamer), 2.78 (dd, J = 9.2 Hz, 14.2 Hz, 1H, minor rotamer), 2.55 (dd, J = 8.8 Hz, 13.9 Hz, 1H, major rotamer), 2.35 (s, 3H, major rotamer), 2.22 – 2.21 (m, 3H, major and minor rotamer), 2.07 (s, 3H, minor rotamer); ^{13}C NMR (500 MHz, DMSO) δ 181.9, 181.3, 176.5, 176.4, 175.0, 174.6, 163.9, 163.7, 162.0, 161.8, 150.34, 150.30, 149.8, 149.3, 143.4, 143.2, 139.84, 139.77, 139.2, 139.1, 135.0, 134.8, 131.73, 131.66, 131.43, 131.35, 129.0, 128.9, 128.61, 128.59, 126.6, 126.5, 125.8, 125.7, 125.43, 125.37, 122.3, 122.2, 118.4, 118.2, 118.0, 117.8, 117.6, 114.7, 114.6, 114.5, 114.4, 69.6, 68.8, 59.6, 57.9, 53.5, 52.8, 50.0, 48.9, 38.4, 36.7, 18.9, 18.3, 14.74, 14.69; HRMS (ESI): m/z calculated for $\text{C}_{28}\text{H}_{23}\text{ClFN}_3\text{O}_3\text{Na}$ $[\text{M}+\text{Na}]^+$ 527.1262, found 527.1266; HPLC purity: 99.9%.

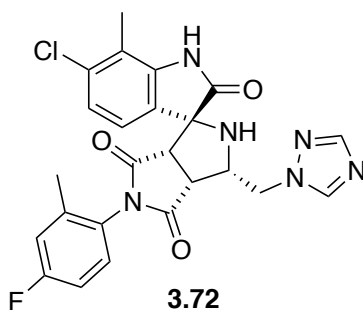
(3*R*,3'*R*,3*a*'*R*,6*a*'*S*)-6-Chloro-5'-(4-fluoro-2-methylphenyl)-7-methyl-3'-(2-nitrobenzyl)-2',3',3*a*',6*a*'-tetrahydro-4'*H*-spiro[indoline-3,1'-pyrrolo[3,4-*c*]pyrrole]-2,4',6'(5'*H*)-trione
(3.71):



Using the general procedure for spiroindolinone synthesis outlined above, 6-chloro-7-methylindoline-2,3-dione (0.09 g, 0.46 mmol, 1.0 equiv), 1-(4-fluoro-2-methylphenyl)-1*H*-pyrrole-2,5-dione (0.10 g, 0.49 mmol, 1.05 equiv), and 2-amino-3-(2-nitrophenyl)propanoic acid (0.11 g, 0.52 mmol, 1.1 equiv) were used. The crude material was purified by flash chromatography to afford spiroindolinone **3.71** (0.15 g, 0.28 mmol, 61%) as a white solid. $R_f = 0.5$ (3:2 EtOAc/Hex). ^1H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl_3 , rotamer ratio = 1:1.09) δ 8.55 (s, 1H minor rotamer), 8.51 (s, 1H major rotamer), 7.93 – 7.90 (m, 1H, major and minor rotamer), 7.57 – 7.50 (m, 2H, major and minor rotamer), 7.39 – 7.36 (m, 1H, major and minor rotamer), 7.25 – 6.99 (m, 4H, major and minor rotamer), 6.84 (d, $J = 8.1$ Hz, 1H, minor rotamer), 6.76 (d, $J = 8.1$ Hz, 1H, major rotamer), 4.85 – 4.80 (m, 1H, major rotamer), 4.78 – 4.73 (m, 1H, minor rotamer), 3.84 – 3.74 (m, 3H, major and minor rotamer), 3.12 (dd, $J = 8.6$ Hz, 13.9 Hz, 1H, minor rotamer), 3.01 (dd, $J = 8.9$ Hz, 13.9 Hz, 1H, major rotamer), 2.43 (s, 3H, major rotamer), 2.34 – 2.30 (m, 1H, major and minor rotamer), 2.13 (s, 3H, minor rotamer), 1.97 (s, 3H, major rotamer), 1.92 (s, 3H, minor rotamer); ^{13}C NMR (500 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 180.84, 180.76, 175.5, 175.2, 174.8, 174.5, 164.4, 164.2, 162.4,

162.2, 149.9, 149.8, 140.9, 138.9, 138.8, 138.24, 138.17, 136.7, 136.6, 134.4, 134.3, 133.64, 133.56, 132.7, 132.6, 130.11, 130.09, 130.04, 130.02, 128.3, 127.00, 126.97, 126.95, 125.6, 125.5, 125.0, 124.6, 124.5, 124.1, 123.8, 123.7, 119.0, 118.74, 118.67, 118.5, 118.4, 118.2, 114.7, 114.60, 114.56, 114.42, 68.71, 68.68, 58.7, 58.2, 51.9, 51.8, 48.1, 47.8, 35.2, 34.7, 19.1, 18.4, 13.8, 13.7; HRMS (ESI): m/z calculated for $C_{29}H_{23}ClFN_3O_5Na$ $[M+Na]^+$ 571.1160, found 571.1157; HPLC purity: 99.9%.

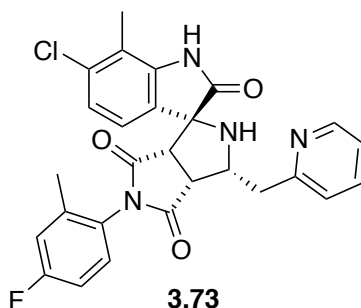
(3*R*,3'*S*,3*a*'*R*,6*a*'*S*)-3'-((1*H*-1,2,4-Triazol-1-yl)methyl)-6-chloro-5'-(4-fluoro-2-methylphenyl)-7-methyl-2',3',3*a*',6*a*'-tetrahydro-4'*H*-spiro[indoline-3,1'-pyrrolo[3,4-*c*]pyrrole]-2,4',6'(5'*H*)-trione (**3.72**):



Using the general procedure for spiroindolinone synthesis outlined above, 6-chloro-7-methylindoline-2,3-dione (0.09 g, 0.46 mmol, 1.0 equiv), 1-(4-fluoro-2-methylphenyl)-1*H*-pyrrole-2,5-dione (0.10 g, 0.49 mmol, 1.05 equiv), and 2-amino-3-(1*H*-1,2,4-triazol-1-yl)propanoic acid (0.08 g, 0.52 mmol, 1.1 equiv) were used. The crude material was purified by flash chromatography to afford spiroindolinone **3.72** (0.13 g, 0.25 mmol, 55%) as a white solid. R_f = 0.4 (3:2 EtOAc/Hex). 1H NMR (500 MHz, DMSO, rotamer ratio = 1:1.18) δ 10.73 (s, 1H, minor rotamer), 10.71 (s, 1H, major rotamer), 8.55 – 8.52 (m, 1H, major and minor rotamer), 8.01 – 8.00 (m, 1H, major and minor rotamer), 7.44 (dd, J = 5.5 Hz, 8.6 Hz, 1H, minor rotamer), 7.36 (dd, J = 2.5 Hz, 9.6 Hz, 1H, major rotamer), 7.30 – 7.12 (m, 2H,

major and minor rotamer), 7.04 – 7.00 (m, 1H, major and minor), 6.88 (d, $J = 8.1$ Hz, 1H, minor rotamer), 8.68 (d, $J = 8.1$ Hz, 1H, major rotamer), 4.88 – 4.84 (m, 1H, major rotamer), 4.80 – 4.71 (m, 2H, minor rotamer, 1H, major rotamer), 4.31 (dd, $J = 8.0$ Hz, 13.5 Hz, 1H, minor rotamer), 4.20 – 4.15 (m, 1H, major and minor rotamer), 4.10 (dd, $J = 8.2$ Hz, 14.0 Hz, 1H, major rotamer), 3.95 (t, $J = 7.6$ Hz, 1H, minor rotamer), 3.78 (t, $J = 8.0$ Hz, 1H, major rotamer), 3.70 (d, $J = 7.9$ Hz, 1H, minor rotamer) 3.52 (d, $J = 7.9$ Hz, 1H, major rotamer), 2.35 (s, 3H, major rotamer), 2.24 (s, 3H, major and minor rotamer), 2.09 (s, 3H, minor rotamer); ^{13}C NMR (500 MHz, DMSO) δ 180.6, 180.5, 175.2, 175.0, 174.2, 173.8, 164.3, 164.2, 162.3, 162.2, 152.7, 144.1, 144.0, 140.9, 140.8, 138.7, 138.6, 138.02, 137.95, 136.75, 136.71, 130.0, 129.9, 129.83, 129.76, 126.6, 125.2, 124.8, 124.0, 123.8, 123.7, 123.5, 118.7, 118.5, 118.4, 118.2, 114.7, 114.5, 68.6, 68.5, 56.9, 56.6, 51.9, 51.5, 51.14, 51.07, 46.7, 46.5, 19.0, 18.3, 14.0, 13.9; HRMS (ESI): m/z calculated for $\text{C}_{25}\text{H}_{21}\text{ClFN}_5\text{O}_3\text{Na}$ $[\text{M}+\text{Na}]^+$ 517.1167, found 517.1157; HPLC purity: 93.7%.

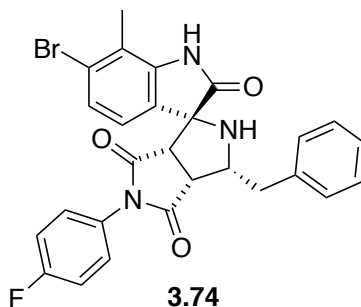
(3*R*,3'*R*,3*a*'*R*,6*a*'*S*)-6-Chloro-5'-(4-fluoro-2-methylphenyl)-7-methyl-3'-(pyridin-2-ylmethyl)-2',3',3*a*',6*a*'-tetrahydro-4'*H*-spiro[indoline-3,1'-pyrrolo[3,4-*c*]pyrrole]-2,4',6'(5'*H*)-trione (**3.73**):



Using the general procedure for spiroindolinone synthesis outlined above, 6-chloro-7-methylindoline-2,3-dione (0.09 g, 0.46 mmol, 1.0 equiv), 1-(4-fluoro-2-methylphenyl)-

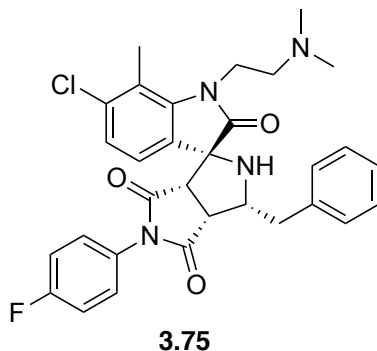
1*H*-pyrrole-2,5-dione (0.10 g, 0.49 mmol, 1.05 equiv), and 2-amino-3-(pyridin-2-yl)propanoic acid (0.08 g, 0.52 mmol, 1.1 equiv) were used. The crude material was purified by flash chromatography to afford spiroindolinone **3.73** (0.08 g, 0.16 mmol, 35%) as a white solid. $R_f = 0.2$ (3:2 EtOAc/Hex). ^1H NMR (500 MHz, DMSO, rotamer ratio = 1:1.16) δ 10.67 (s, 1H, minor rotamer), 10.64 (s, 1H, major rotamer), 8.50 (s, 1H, major and minor rotamer), 7.69 – 7.67 (m, 1H, major and minor rotamer), 7.44 (dd, $J = 5.6$ Hz, 7.9 Hz, 1H, minor rotamer), 7.36 – 7.32 (m, 2H, major rotamer, 1H, minor rotamer), 7.27 – 7.16 (m, 3H, major and minor rotamer), 7.01 – 6.97 (m, 1H, major and minor rotamer), 6.92 (d, $J = 8.1$ Hz, 1H, minor rotamer), 6.68 (d, $J = 8.1$ Hz, 1H, major rotamer), 4.90 (q, $J = 4.3$ Hz, 12.7 Hz, 1H, major rotamer), 4.76 (q, $J = 6.8$ Hz, 14.2 Hz, 1H, minor rotamer), 3.96 – 3.95 (m, 1H, major and minor rotamer), 3.84 (t, $J = 7.7$ Hz, 1H, minor rotamer), 3.69 (t, $J = 8.0$ Hz, 1H, major rotamer), 3.64 (d, $J = 7.8$ Hz, 1H, minor rotamer), 3.47 (d, $J = 7.9$ Hz, 1H, major rotamer), 3.39 – 3.30 (m, 1H, major and minor rotamer), 2.96 (dd, $J = 8.2$ Hz, 14.7 Hz, 1H, minor rotamer), 2.79 (dd, $J = 8.3$ Hz, 14.7 Hz, 1H, major rotamer), 2.34 (s, 3H, major rotamer), 2.23 (s, 3H, major and minor rotamer), 2.05 (s, 3H, minor rotamer); ^{13}C NMR (500 MHz, DMSO) δ 180.8, 180.4, 175.55, 175.58, 174.0, 173.7, 162.9, 162.7, 161.0, 160.8, 159.3, 159.1, 148.79, 148.77, 142.3, 142.2, 138.8, 138.7, 138.13, 138.06, 136.20, 136.16, 134.0, 133.9, 130.7, 130.6, 130.4, 130.3, 128.0, 127.6, 125.73, 125.69, 124.8, 124.7, 123.5, 123.4, 121.3, 121.24, 121.19, 117.3, 117.2, 117.1, 117.0, 116.8, 116.7, 113.7, 113.54, 113.47, 113.4, 68.4, 67.7, 57.5, 55.7, 52.5, 51.8, 48.7, 47.7, 38.6, 17.9, 17.2, 13.71, 13.68; HRMS (ESI): m/z calculated for $\text{C}_{28}\text{H}_{23}\text{ClFN}_3\text{O}_3\text{Na}$ $[\text{M}+\text{Na}]^+$ 527.1262, found 527.1261; HPLC purity: 99.9%.

(3*R*,3'*R*,3*a*'*R*,6*a*'*S*)-3'-Benzyl-6-bromo-5'-(4-fluorophenyl)-7-methyl-2',3',3*a*',6*a*'-tetrahydro-4'*H*-spiro[indoline-3,1'-pyrrolo[3,4-*c*]pyrrole]-2,4',6'(5'*H*)-trione (**3.74**):

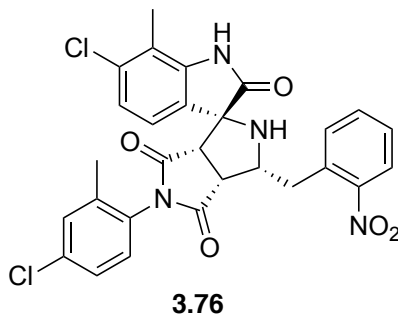


Using the general procedure for spiroindolinone synthesis outlined above, 6-bromo-7-methylindoline-2,3-dione (0.30 g, 1.2 mmol, 1 equiv), 1-(4-fluorophenyl)-1*H*-pyrrole-2,5-dione (0.25 g, 1.31 mmol, 1.05 equiv) and phenylalanine (0.23 g, 1.4 mmol, 1.1 equiv) were used. The crude material was purified by flash chromatography to afford spiroindolinone **3.74** (0.47 g, 0.87 mmol, 70%) as a white solid. $R_f = 0.5$ (3:2 EtOAc/Hex). $^1\text{H NMR}$ (500 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 8.54 (s, 1H), 7.39 (t, $J = 7.9$ Hz, 2H), 7.24 – 7.21 (m, 8H), 6.74 (d, $J = 8.1$ Hz, 1H), 4.71 (s, 1H), 3.84 (d, $J = 7.9$ Hz, 1H), 3.70 (t, $J = 7.5$ Hz, 1H), 3.46 (dd, $J = 13.8$ Hz, 3.4 Hz, 1H), 2.76 (dd, $J = 13.5$ Hz, 10.5 Hz, 1H), 2.18 (s, 1H), 1.94 (s, 3H); $^{13}\text{C NMR}$ (500 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 180.8, 175.2, 175.0, 163.5, 161.5, 140.5, 139.2, 129.0, 128.9, 128.4, 128.3, 127.62, 127.59, 126.9, 126.8, 126.76, 125.6, 124.8, 120.4, 116.7, 116.5, 68.3, 59.2, 51.7, 47.8, 37.8, 16.4; HRMS (ESI): m/z calculated for $\text{C}_{27}\text{H}_{21}\text{BrFN}_3\text{O}_3\text{Na}$ $[\text{M}+\text{Na}]^+$ 556.0648, found 556.0668; HPLC purity: 99.9%.

(3*R*,3'*R*,3*a*'*R*,6*a*'*S*)-3'-Benzyl-6-chloro-1-(2-(dimethylamino)ethyl)-5'-(4-fluorophenyl)-7-methyl-2',3',3*a*',6*a*'-tetrahydro-4'*H*-spiro[indoline-3,1'-pyrrolo[3,4-*c*]pyrrole]-2,4',6'(5'*H*)-trione (**3.75**):



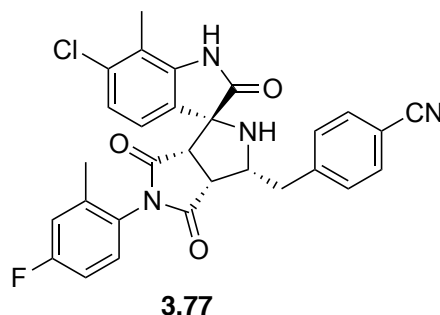
Using the general procedure for spiroindolinone synthesis outlined above, 6-chloro-1-(2-(dimethylamino)ethyl)-7-methylindoline-2,3-dione (0.13 g, 0.49 mmol, 1 equiv), 1-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrrole-2,5-dione (0.098 g, 0.51 mmol, 1.05 equiv), and phenylalanine (0.089 g, 0.54 mmol, 1.1 equiv) were used. The crude material was purified by flash chromatography to afford spiroindolinone **3.75** (0.14 g, 0.25 mmol, 50%) as a white solid. $R_f = 0.4$ (3:2 EtOAc/Hex). $^1\text{H NMR}$ (500 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.37 (dd, $J = 2.5$ Hz, 9.0 Hz, 2H), 7.26 – 7.25 (m, 4H), 7.21 – 7.18 (m, 3H), 7.07 (d, $J = 8.1$ Hz, 1H), 6.84 (d, $J = 8.1$, 1H), 4.75 – 4.71 (m, 1 H), 4.06 – 4.00 (m, 1H), 3.90 – 3.85 (m, 1H), 3.70 (t, $J = 7.8$ Hz, 1H), 3.50 – 3.44 (m, 2H), 2.68 (dd, $J = 10.5$ Hz, 13.7 Hz, 1H), 2.45 (s, 3H), 2.45 – 2.38 (m, 1H), 2.33 – 2.28 (m, 1H), 2.21 (s, 1H), 2.00 (s, 6H); $^{13}\text{C NMR}$ (500 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 181.3, 175.3, 173.8, 163.4, 161.4, 142.3, 139.6, 137.4, 129.1, 128.8, 128.4, 128.3, 127.9, 127.8, 126.6, 126.0, 124.6, 123.8, 118.9, 116.5, 116.3, 66.9, 58.9, 57.5, 51.9, 47.8, 45.5, 41.0, 38.5, 15.2; HRMS (ESI): m/z calculated for $\text{C}_{31}\text{H}_{30}\text{ClFN}_4\text{O}_3\text{H}$ $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$ 561.2068, found 561.2062; HPLC purity: 99.7%. (3*R*,3'*R*,3*a*'*R*,6*a*'*S*)-6-Chloro-5'-(4-chloro-2-methylphenyl)-7-methyl-3'-(2-nitrobenzyl)-2',3',3*a*',6*a*'-tetrahydro-4'*H*-spiro[indoline-3,1'-pyrrolo[3,4-*c*]pyrrole]-2,4',6'(5'*H*)-trione (**3.76**):



Using the general procedure for spiroindolinone synthesis outlined above, 6-chloro-7-methylindoline-2,3-dione (0.096 g, 0.49 mmol, 1 equiv), 1-(4-chloro-2-methylphenyl)-1*H*-pyrrole-2,5-dione (0.11 g, 0.51 mmol, 1.05 equiv), and 2-amino-3-(2-nitrophenyl)propanoic acid (0.13 g, 0.54 mmol, 1.1 equiv) were used. The crude material was purified by flash chromatography to afford spiroindolinone **3.76** (0.13 g, 0.22 mmol, 46%) as a tan solid. $R_f = 0.6$ (3:2 EtOAc/Hex). ^1H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl_3 , rotamer ratio = 1:1.11) δ 8.52 (s, 1H, minor rotamer), 8.48 (s, 1H, major rotamer), 7.93 – 7.89 (m, 1H, major and minor rotamer), 7.57 – 7.35 (m, 4H, major and minor rotamer), 7.29 – 6.98 (m, 3H, major and minor rotamer), 6.83 (d, $J = 8.0$ Hz, 1H, minor rotamer), 6.74 (d, $J = 7.9$ Hz, 1H, major rotamer), 4.82 – 4.74 (m, 1H, major and minor rotamer), 3.83 – 3.73 (m, 3H, major and minor rotamer), 3.12 (dd, $J = 8.6$ Hz, 14.0 Hz, 1H, minor rotamer), 3.00 (dd, $J = 8.9$ Hz, 14.1 Hz, 1H, major rotamer), 2.42 (s, 3H, major rotamer), 2.33 – 2.31 (m, 1H, major and minor rotamer), 2.11 (s, 3H, minor rotamer), 1.96 – 1.92 (m, 3H, major and minor rotamer); ^{13}C NMR (500 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 180.6, 180.5, 175.1, 174.8, 174.3, 174.1, 149.7, 149.6, 140.7, 137.9, 137.3, 136.5, 136.4, 135.9, 135.6, 134.2, 134.1, 133.4, 133.3, 132.5, 132.4, 131.6, 131.4, 129.5, 129.43, 129.36, 128.1, 127.6, 127.4, 125.4, 125.3, 124.7, 124.4, 124.3, 123.9, 123.6, 123.5, 118.7, 118.5, 68.52, 68.49, 58.5, 58.0, 51.8, 51.7, 48.0, 47.7, 34.9,

34.5, 18.7, 18.0, 13.6, 13.5; HRMS (ESI): m/z calculated for $C_{28}H_{22}Cl_2N_4O_5Na$ $[M+Na]^+$ 587.0865, found 587.0839; HPLC purity: 99.9%.

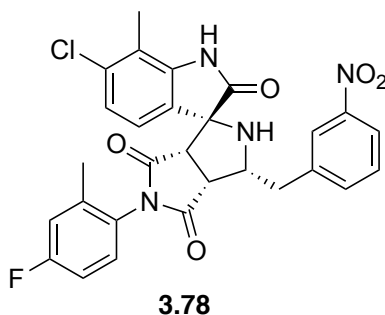
4-(((3*R*,3'*R*,3*a*'*R*,6*a*'*S*)-6-Chloro-5'-(4-fluoro-2-methylphenyl)-7-methyl-2,4',6'-trioxo-3',3*a*',4',5',6',6*a*'-hexahydro-2'*H*-spiro[indoline-3,1'-pyrrolo[3,4-*c*]pyrrol]-3'-yl)methyl)benzotrile (**3.77**):



Using the general procedure for spiroindolinone synthesis outlined above, 6-chloro-7-methylindoline-2,3-dione (0.044 g, 0.225 mmol, 1 equiv), 1-(4-fluoro-2-methylphenyl)-1*H*-pyrrole-2,5-dione (0.049 g, 0.236 mmol, 1.05 equiv), and 2-amino-3-(4-cyanophenyl)propanoic acid (0.047 g, 0.248 mmol, 1.1 equiv) were used. The crude material was purified by flash chromatography to afford spiroindolinone **3.77** (0.0499 g, 0.094 mmol, 42%) as a white solid. R_f = 0.5 (3:2 EtOAc/Hex). 1H NMR (500 MHz, DMSO, rotamer ratio = 1:1.19) δ 10.66 (s, 1H, 1 minor rotamer), 10.60 (s, 1H, 1 major rotamer), 7.76 – 7.74 (m, 2H, major and minor rotamer), 7.54 – 7.18 (m, 5H, major and minor rotamer), 7.02 – 6.96 (m, 1H, major and minor rotamer), 6.90 (d, J = 8.1 Hz, 1H, minor rotamer), 6.68 (d, J = 8.1 Hz, 1H, major rotamer), 4.63 – 4.58 (m, 1H, major rotamer), 4.48 – 4.42 (m, 1H, minor rotamer), 3.91 – 3.84 (m, 2H, minor rotamers, 1H, major rotamer), 3.69 – 3.64 (m, 1H, major and minor rotamers), 3.46 (d, J = 7.9 Hz, 1H, major rotamer), 3.39 – 3.31 (m, 1H, major and minor rotamer), 2.83 (dd, J = 9.2 Hz, J = 13.6 Hz, 1H, minor

rotamer), 2.61 (dd, $J = 9.0$ Hz, $J = 13.7$ Hz, 1H, major rotamer), 2.35 (s, 3H, major rotamers), 2.22 – 2.21 (m, 3H, major and minor rotamer), 2.07 (s, 3H, minor rotamer); ^{13}C NMR (500 MHz, DMSO) δ 181.2, 180.7, 175.9, 175.8, 174.4, 174.0, 163.4, 163.2, 161.5, 161.3, 146.5, 146.1, 142.8, 142.7, 139.3, 139.2, 138.6, 138.5, 134.5, 134.3, 132.54, 132.48, 131.2, 131.1, 130.8, 130.5, 130.4, 128.43, 128.40, 128.09, 128.07, 126.1, 125.9, 125.3, 125.2, 121.7, 121.6, 119.44, 119.39, 117.8, 117.7, 117.6, 117.5, 117.3, 117.0, 114.1, 114.0, 113.94, 113.88, 109.33, 109.26, 69.1, 68.2, 59.6, 57.8, 52.9, 52.3, 49.5, 48.4, 38.6, 37.0, 18.3, 17.7, 14.2, 14.1; HRMS (ESI): m/z calculated for $\text{C}_{29}\text{H}_{22}\text{ClFN}_4\text{O}_3\text{Na}$ $[\text{M}+\text{Na}]^+$ 551.1262, found 551.1259; HPLC purity: 99.9%.

(3*R*,3'*R*,3*a*'*R*,6*a*'*S*)-6-Chloro-5'-(4-fluoro-2-methylphenyl)-7-methyl-3'-(3-nitrobenzyl)-2',3',3*a*',6*a*'-tetrahydro-4'*H*-spiro[indoline-3,1'-pyrrolo[3,4-*c*]pyrrole]-2,4',6'(5'*H*)-trione (**3.78**):

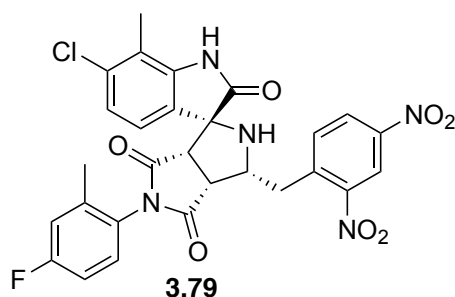


Using the general procedure for spiroindolinone synthesis outlined above, 6-chloro-7-methylindoline-2,3-dione (0.034 g, 0.173 mmol, 1 equiv), 1-(4-fluoro-2-methylphenyl)-1*H*-pyrrole-2,5-dione (0.037 g, 0.182 mmol, 1.05 equiv), and 2-amino-3-(3-nitrophenyl)propanoic acid (0.040 g, 0.190 mmol, 1.1 equiv) were used. The crude material was purified by flash chromatography to afford spiroindolinone **3.78** (0.019 g, 0.036 mmol, 21%) as a white solid. $R_f = 0.6$ (3:2 EtOAc/Hex). ^1H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl_3 , rotamer ratio =

1:1.05) δ 8.36 (s, 1H, minor rotamer), 8.30 (s, 1H, major rotamer), 8.16 – 8.05 (m, 2H, major and minor rotamer), 7.66 – 7.61 (m, 1H, major and minor rotamer), 7.48 – 7.44 (m, 1H, major and minor rotamer), 7.23 (t, $J = 3.4$ Hz, 1H, major rotamer), 7.15 – 6.99 (m, 4H, minor rotamer, 3H, major rotamer), 6.85 (d, $J = 8.1$ Hz, 1H, minor rotamer), 6.77 (d, $J = 8.2$ Hz, 1H, major rotamer), 4.80 – 4.74 (m, 1H, major and minor rotamer), 3.84 – 3.72 (m, 2H, major and minor rotamer), 3.59 – 3.53 (m, 1H, major and minor rotamer), 2.88 (dd, $J = 9.4$ Hz, 14.1 Hz, 1H, minor rotamer), 2.76 (dd, $J = 9.8$ Hz, 13.9 Hz, 1H, major rotamer), 2.45 (s, 3H, major rotamer), 2.18 (s, 1H, major and minor rotamer), 2.13 (s, 3H, minor rotamer), 2.01 (s, 3H, major rotamer), 1.94 (s, 3H, minor rotamer); ^{13}C NMR (500 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 180.8, 180.7, 175.3, 175.0, 174.6, 174.5, 164.4, 164.2, 162.4, 162.2, 148.85, 148.83, 141.3, 140.8, 138.9, 138.8, 138.1, 138.0, 136.8, 136.7, 135.54, 135.51, 130.13, 130.07, 130.03, 129.95, 127.0, 126.97, 126.95, 126.92, 125.2, 124.8, 124.4, 124.1, 124.0, 123.9, 123.8, 122.3, 122.2, 118.9, 118.7, 118.6, 118.5, 118.4, 118.3, 114.72, 114.68, 114.54, 114.51, 68.6, 68.5, 58.9, 58.4, 51.7, 51.6, 47.9, 47.6, 38.6, 37.9, 19.1, 18.4, 13.8, 13.7. HRMS (ESI): m/z calculated for $\text{C}_{28}\text{H}_{22}\text{ClFN}_4\text{O}_5\text{Na}$ $[\text{M}+\text{Na}]^+$ 571.1160, found 571.1151; HPLC purity: 99.9%

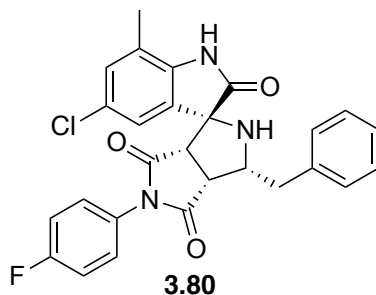
(3*R*,3'*R*,3*a*'*R*,6*a*'*S*)-6-Chloro-3'-(2,4-dinitrobenzyl)-5'-(4-fluoro-2-methylphenyl)-7-methyl-2',3',3*a*',6*a*'-tetrahydro-4*H*-spiro[indoline-3,1'-pyrrolo[3,4-*c*]pyrrole]-2,4',6'(5'*H*)-trione

(3.79):



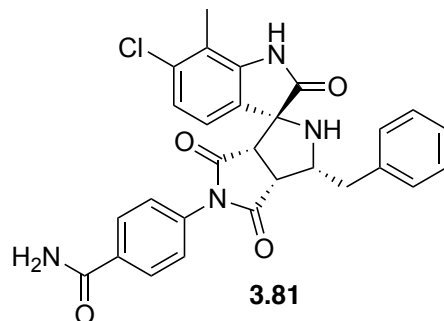
Using the general procedure for spiroindolinone synthesis outlined above, 6-chloro-7-methylindoline-2,3-dione (0.099 g, 0.50 mmol, 0.91 equiv), 1-(4-fluoro-2-methylphenyl)-1*H*-pyrrole-2,5-dione (0.12 g, 0.53 mmol, 0.95 equiv), and 2-amino-3-(2,4-dinitrophenyl)propanoic acid (0.14 g, 0.55 mmol, 1 equiv) were used. The crude material was purified by flash chromatography to afford spiroindolinone **3.79** (0.18 g, 0.30 mmol, 60%) as a light brown solid. $R_f = 0.6$ (3:2 EtOAc/Hex). ^1H NMR (500 MHz, DMSO, rotamer ratio = 1:1.26) δ 10.67 (s, 1H, minor rotamer), 10.61 (s, 1H, major rotamer), 8.71 – 8.68 (m, 1H, major and minor rotamer), 8.50 – 8.46 (m, 1H, major and minor rotamer), 7.94 – 7.85 (m, 1H, major and minor rotamer), 7.42 (t, $J = 5.6$ Hz, 1H, minor rotamer), 7.33 (t, $J = 7.1$ Hz, 1H, major rotamer), 7.28 – 7.16 (m, 2H, major and minor rotamer), 7.03 – 6.98 (m, 1H, major and minor rotamer), 6.87 (d, $J = 8.1$ Hz, 1H, minor rotamer), 6.65 (d, $J = 8.1$ Hz, 1H, major rotamer), 4.66 (s, 1H, major rotamer), 4.51 (s, 1H, minor rotamer), 3.90 – 3.60 (m, 4H, minor rotamer, 3H, major rotamer), 3.48 (d, $J = 8.0$ Hz, 1H, major rotamer), 3.13 (dd, $J = 9.6$ Hz, 14.4 Hz, 1H, minor rotamer), 2.95 (dd, $J = 9.6$ Hz, 14.1 Hz, 1H, major rotamer), 2.33 (s, 3H, major rotamer), 2.22 – 2.21 (m, 3H, minor and major rotamer), 2.07 (s, 3H, minor rotamer). ^{13}C NMR (500 MHz, DMSO) δ 181.5, 181.0, 176.3, 176.2, 174.8, 174.4, 162.0, 161.8, 150.3, 150.1, 147.0, 146.9, 143.3, 143.2, 142.2, 141.9, 139.9, 139.8, 139.2, 139.1, 135.1, 134.9, 134.7, 134.6, 131.5, 131.4, 131.3, 131.2, 128.85, 128.83, 128.51, 128.49, 128.0, 126.4, 126.2, 125.83, 125.78, 122.3, 122.2, 120.8, 120.7, 118.2, 118.0, 117.8, 117.7, 114.7, 114.6, 114.5, 114.4, 69.6, 68.8, 68.4, 57.2, 53.2, 52.6, 49.9, 48.9, 35.6, 34.4, 18.8, 18.2, 14.7, 14.6. HRMS (ESI): m/z calculated for $\text{C}_{28}\text{H}_{21}\text{ClFN}_5\text{O}_7\text{Na}$ $[\text{M}+\text{Na}]^+$ 616.1011, found 616.1005; HPLC purity: 99.6%.

(3*R*,3'*R*,3*a*'*R*,6*a*'*S*)-3'-Benzyl-6-chloro-5'-(4-fluorophenyl)-7-methyl-2',3',3*a*',6*a*'-tetrahydro-4'*H*-spiro[indoline-3,1'-pyrrolo[3,4-*c*]pyrrole]-2,4',6'(5'*H*)-trione (**3.80**):



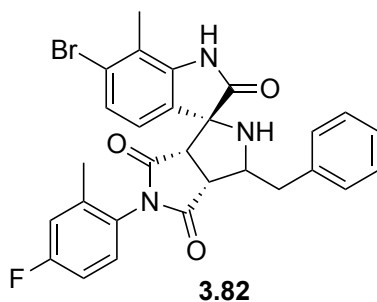
Using the general procedure for spiroindolinone synthesis outlined above, 6-chloro-7-methylindoline-2,3-dione (0.25 g, 1.3 mmol, 1 equiv), 1-(4-fluorophenyl)-1*H*-pyrrole-2,5-dione (0.27 g, 1.4 mmol, 1.1 equiv), and phenylalanine (0.23 g, 1.4 mmol, 1.1 equiv) were used. The crude material was purified by flash chromatography to afford spiroindolinone **3.80** (0.77 g, 0.75 mmol, 59%) as a white solid. $R_f = 0.3$ (9:1 $\text{CH}_2\text{Cl}_2/\text{Acetone}$). $^1\text{H NMR}$ (500 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 8.60 (s, 1H), 7.41 – 7.38 (m, 2H), 7.27 – 7.17 (m, 7H), 7.00 (s, 1H), 6.89 (d, $J = 1.6$ Hz, 1H), 4.70 – 4.65 (m, 1H), 3.84 (d, $J = 7.9$ Hz, 1H), 3.69 (t, $J = 7.4$ Hz, 1H), 3.45 (dd, $J = 13.9$ Hz, 4.1 Hz, 1H), 2.79 (dd, $J = 13.9$ Hz, 10.1 Hz, 1H), 2.19 – 2.18 (m, 1H), 1.87 (s, 3H); $^{13}\text{C NMR}$ (500 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 180.7, 175.2, 174.9, 163.5, 161.5, 139.1, 138.1, 131.1, 129.0, 128.9, 128.33, 128.26, 128.1, 127.57, 127.55, 126.7, 123.9, 121.6, 116.7, 116.5, 68.2, 59.4, 51.9, 47.9, 37.7, 15.9; HRMS (ESI): m/z calculated for $\text{C}_{27}\text{H}_{21}\text{ClFN}_3\text{O}_3$ $[\text{M}+\text{Na}]^+$ 512.1153, found 512.1152; HPLC purity: 99.9%.

4-((3*R*,3'*R*,3*a*'*R*,6*a*'*S*)-3'-Benzyl-6-chloro-7-methyl-2,4',6'-trioxo-2',3',3*a*',4',6',6*a*'-hexahydro-5'*H*-spiro[indoline-3,1'-pyrrolo[3,4-*c*]pyrrol]-5'-yl)benzamide (**3.81**):



Using the general procedure for spiroindolinone synthesis outlined above, 6-chloro-7-methylindoline-2,3-dione (0.060 g, 0.309 mmol, 1 equiv), 4-(2,5-dioxo-2,5-dihydro-1H-pyrrol-1-yl)benzamide (0.070 g, 0.324 mmol, 1.05 equiv), and phenylalanine (0.056 g, 0.34 mmol, 1.1 equiv) were used. The crude material was purified by flash chromatography to afford spiroindolinone **3.81** (0.10 g, 0.20 mmol, 64%) as a white solid. $R_f = 0.1$ (3:2 EtOAc/Hex). $^1\text{H NMR}$ (500 MHz, DMSO) δ 10.64 (s, 1H), 8.08 (s, 1H), 8.02 (d, $J = 8.4$ Hz, 2H), 7.48 (d, $J = 8.3$ Hz, 3H), 7.34 (d, $J = 7.4$ Hz, 2H), 7.29 (t, $J = 7.5$ Hz, 2H), 7.20 (t, $J = 7.7$ Hz, 1H), 7.01 (d, $J = 8.1$ Hz, 1H), 6.90 (d, $J = 8.1$ Hz, 1H), 4.46 – 4.40 (m, 1H), 3.83 (d, $J = 7.2$ Hz, 1H), 3.70 (t, $J = 7.5$ Hz, 1H), 3.50 (d, $J = 7.8$ Hz, 1H), 3.33 – 3.29 (m, 1H), 2.76 (dd, $J = 8.7$ Hz, 14.0 Hz, 1H), 2.23 (s, 3H); $^{13}\text{C NMR}$ (500 MHz, DMSO) δ 181.2, 176.0, 174.3, 167.8, 142.8, 140.6, 135.3, 134.8, 134.6, 129.5, 128.74, 128.70, 127.4, 126.6, 126.5, 125.1, 122.0, 117.4, 69.2, 60.5, 53.4, 49.8, 36.9, 14.3; HRMS (ESI): m/z calculated for $\text{C}_{28}\text{H}_{23}\text{ClN}_4\text{O}_4$ $[\text{M}+\text{Na}]^+$ 537.1306, found 537.1306; HPLC purity: 99.8%.

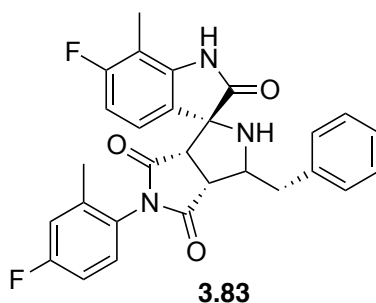
(3*R*,3*a'**R*,6*a'**S*)-3'-Benzyl-6-bromo-5'-(4-fluoro-2-methylphenyl)-7-methyl-2',3',3*a'*,6*a'*-tetrahydro-4'*H*-spiro[indoline-3,1'-pyrrolo[3,4-*c*]pyrrole]-2,4',6'(5'*H*)-trione (**3.82**):



Using the general procedure for spiroindolinone synthesis outlined above, 6-bromo-7-methylindoline-2,3-dione (0.14 g, 0.63 mmol, 1 equiv), 1-(4-fluoro-2-methylphenyl)-1H-pyrrole-2,5-dione (0.14 g, 0.69 mmol, 1.1 equiv), and phenylalanine (0.10 g, 0.63 mmol, 1 equiv) were used. The crude material was purified by flash chromatography to afford spiroindolinone **3.82** (0.10 g, 0.18 mmol, 29%) as a light brown solid. $R_f = 0.7$ (3:2 EtOAc/Hex). ^1H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl_3 , rotamer ratio = 1:1.11) δ 8.24 (s, 1H, minor rotamer), 8.17 (s, 1H, major rotamer), 7.28 – 7.00 (m, 9H, major and minor rotamer), 6.78 (d, $J = 8.1$ Hz, 1H, minor rotamer), 6.71 (d, $J = 8.2$ Hz, 1H, major rotamer), 4.78 – 4.75 (m, 1H, major and minor rotamer), 3.79 – 3.77 (m, 1H, major rotamer, 2H, minor rotamer), 3.66 (d, $J = 8.3$ Hz, 1H, major rotamer), 3.49 – 3.44 (m, 1H, major and minor rotamer), 2.71 (dd, $J = 10.4$ Hz, 13.9 Hz, 1H, minor rotamer), 2.59 (dd, $J = 10.9$ Hz, 13.7 Hz, 1H, major rotamer), 2.45 (s, 3H, major rotamer), 2.17 – 2.16 (m, 1H, major rotamer, 4H, minor rotamer), 2.09 (s, 3H, major rotamer), 2.03 (s, 3H, minor rotamer); ^{13}C NMR (500 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 180.7, 180.5, 175.2, 175.1, 174.4, 174.3, 164.1, 164.0, 162.2, 162.0, 140.39, 140.38, 139.2, 139.1, 138.7, 138.6, 138.0, 137.9, 130.0, 129.9, 129.88, 129.81, 129.0, 128.96, 128.92, 128.89, 127.0, 126.94, 126.90, 126.86, 126.80, 126.76, 126.7, 125.6, 125.5, 125.2, 125.1, 124.7, 120.1, 119.8, 118.5, 118.3, 118.2, 118.0, 114.5, 114.4, 114.3, 114.2, 68.4, 68.3, 58.9, 58.3, 51.7,

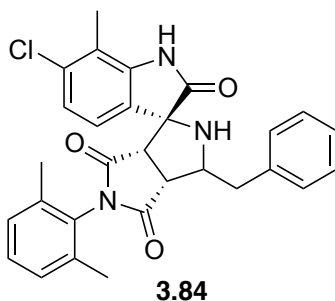
51.6, 47.8, 47.5, 38.9, 38.3, 18.8, 18.2, 16.6, 16.5; HRMS (ESI): m/z calculated for $C_{28}H_{23}BrFN_3O_3$ $[M+Na]^+$ 570.0804, found 570.0804; HPLC purity: 92.7%.

(3*R*,3*a'**R*,6*a'**S*)-3'-Benzyl-6-fluoro-5'-(4-fluoro-2-methylphenyl)-7-methyl-2',3',3*a'*,6*a'*-tetrahydro-4'*H*-spiro[indoline-3,1'-pyrrolo[3,4-*c*]pyrrole]-2,4',6'(5'*H*)-trione (**3.83**):



Using the general procedure for spiroindolinone synthesis outlined above, 6-fluoro-7-methylindoline-2,3-dione (0.150 g, 0.837 mmol, 1 equiv), 1-(4-fluoro-2-methylphenyl)-1*H*-pyrrole-2,5-dione (0.189 g, 0.921 mmol, 1.1 equiv), and phenylalanine (0.138 g, 0.837 mmol, 1 equiv) were used. The crude material was purified by flash chromatography to afford spiroindolinone **3.83** (0.17 g, 0.35 mmol, 42%) as a white solid. $R_f = 0.6$ (3:2 EtOAc/Hex). 1H NMR (500 MHz, DMSO, rotamer ratio = 1:1.10) δ 10.65 (s, 1H, minor rotamer), 10.59 (s, 1H, major rotamer), 7.47 (dd, $J = 5.7$ Hz, 8.5 Hz, 1H, minor rotamer), 7.36 – 7.16 (m, 7H, minor rotamer, 8H, major rotamer), 6.91 (dd, $J = 5.4$ Hz, 8.3 Hz, 1H, minor rotamer), 6.72 – 6.65 (m, 1H, minor rotamer, 2H, major rotamer), 4.63 – 4.58 (m, 1H, major rotamer), 4.45 (q, $J = 7.8$ Hz, 13.1 Hz, 1H, minor rotamer), 3.82 – 3.74 (m, 2H, minor rotamer, 1H, major rotamer), 3.68 – 3.61 (m, 1H, major and minor rotamer), 3.44 (d, $J = 7.9$ Hz, 1H, major rotamer), 3.32 – 3.23 (m, 1H, major and minor rotamer), 2.76 (dd, $J = 8.8$ Hz, 14.1 Hz, 1H, minor rotamer), 2.55 (dd, $J = 8.6$ Hz, 13.9 Hz, 1H, major rotamer), 2.36 (s, 3H, major rotamer), 2.12 – 2.07 (m, 6H, minor rotamer, 3H, major rotamer); ^{13}C NMR (500

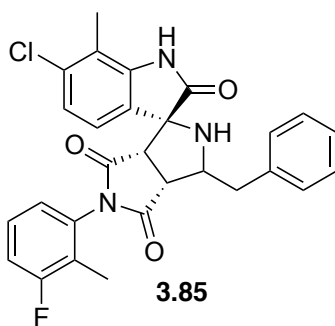
MHz, DMSO) δ 181.5, 180.9, 175.98, 175.93, 174.5, 174.1, 163.5, 163.1, 161.2, 143.1, 143.0, 142.9, 142.8, 140.5, 140.1, 139.3, 139.2, 138.6, 138.5, 131.2, 131.1, 130.9, 130.8, 129.33, 129.29, 128.6, 128.5, 128.4, 128.2, 128.1, 126.4, 126.3, 125.2, 125.0, 122.9, 122.6, 117.8, 117.6, 117.4, 114.1, 114.0, 113.9, 113.8, 107.5, 107.4, 107.3, 107.2, 107.1, 106.9, 106.8, 106.3, 69.0, 68.1, 60.1, 58.2, 53.0, 52.3, 50.0, 48.4, 38.3, 36.8, 18.3, 17.7; 9.2 HRMS (ESI): m/z calculated for $C_{28}H_{23}BrFN_3O_3$ $[M+Na]^+$ 510.1605, found 510.1625; HPLC purity: 97.5%. (3*R*,3*a'**R*,6*a'**S*)-3'-Benzyl-6-chloro-5'-(2,6-dimethylphenyl)-7-methyl-2',3',3*a'*,6*a'*-tetrahydro-4'*H*-spiro[indoline-3,1'-pyrrolo[3,4-*c*]pyrrole]-2,4',6'(5'*H*)-trione (**3.84**):



Using the general procedure for spiroindolinone synthesis outlined above, 6-chloro-7-methylindoline-2,3-dione (0.20 g, 1.02 mmol, 1 equiv), 1-(2,6-dimethylphenyl)-1*H*-pyrrole-2,5-dione (0.23 g, 1.13 mmol, 1.1 equiv), and phenylalanine (0.17 g, 1.02 mmol, 1 equiv) were used. The crude material was purified by flash chromatography to afford spiroindolinone **3.84** (0.51 g, 1.02 mmol, 99.9%) as an off white solid. R_f = 0.4 (1:1 EtOAc/Hex). 1H NMR (500 MHz, $CDCl_3$) δ 8.26 (s, 1H), 7.29 – 7.15 (m, 8H), 6.99 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 6.88 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 4.80 (t, J = 10.0 Hz, 1H), 3.86 (t, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 3.62 (d, J = 8.0, 1H), 3.48 (dd, J = 10.5 Hz, 2.6 Hz, 1H), 2.61 (J = 2.7 Hz, 11.0 Hz, 1H), 2.45 (s, 3H), 2.16 (s, 1H), 2.11 (s, 3H), 2.09 (s, 3H); ^{13}C NMR (500 MHz, $CDCl_3$) δ 180.8, 175.2, 174.0, 140.8, 139.4, 136.3, 136.1, 135.6, 130.5, 129.9, 129.1, 129.0, 128.95, 128.93, 126.9, 125.7, 123.9,

123.3, 118.1, 68.6, 58.2, 51.4, 47.7, 39.2, 18.9, 18.2, 13.8; HRMS (ESI): m/z calculated for $C_{29}H_{26}ClN_3O_3$ $[M+Na]^+$ 522.1561, found 522.1573; HPLC purity: 95.6%.

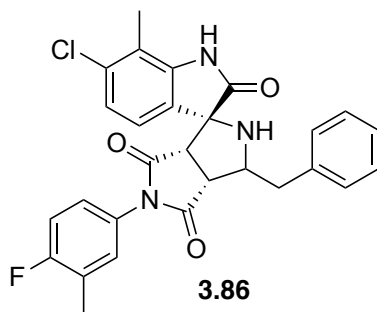
(3*R*,3*a'**R*,6*a'**S*)-3'-Benzyl-6-chloro-5'-(3-fluoro-2-methylphenyl)-7-methyl-2',3',3*a'*,6*a'*-tetrahydro-4'*H*-spiro[indoline-3,1'-pyrrolo[3,4-*c*]pyrrole]-2,4',6'(5'*H*)-trione (**3.85**):



Using the general procedure for spiroindolinone synthesis outlined above, 6-chloro-7-methylindoline-2,3-dione (0.075 g, 0.383 mmol, 1 equiv), 1-(3-fluoro-2-methylphenyl)-1*H*-pyrrole-2,5-dione (0.086 g, 0.421 mmol, 1.1 equiv), and phenylalanine (0.063 g, 0.383 mmol, 1 equiv) were used. The crude material was purified by flash chromatography to afford spiroindolinone **3.85** (0.105 g, 0.209 mmol, 55%) as a white solid. R_f = 0.2 (3:7 EtOAc/Hex). 1H NMR (500 MHz, $CDCl_3$, rotamer ratio = 1:1.36) δ 8.52 (s, 1H, minor rotamer), 8.47 (s, 1H, major rotamer), 7.36 (t, J = 6.2 Hz, 1H, minor rotamer), 7.29 – 7.14 (m, 6H, minor rotamer, 7H, major rotamer), 7.08 (d, J = 10.0 Hz, 1H, minor rotamer), 7.03 – 6.95 (m, 1H, minor rotamer, 2H, major rotamer), 6.85 (d, J = 8.1 Hz, 1H, minor rotamer), 6.78 (d, J = 8.1 Hz, 1H, major rotamer), 4.78 – 4.74 (m, 1H, major and minor rotamer), 3.82 – 3.77 (m, 2H, minor rotamer, 1H, major rotamer), 3.70 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H, major rotamer), 3.48 – 3.45 (m, 1H, major and minor rotamer), 2.73 (t, J = 13.7 Hz, 1H, minor rotamer), 2.62 (t, J = 13.3 Hz, 1H, major rotamer), 2.37 (s, 3H, major rotamer), 2.17 (s, 1H, major and minor rotamer), 2.04 – 2.02 (m, 3H, major and minor rotamers), 1.97 (s, 3H, minor

rotamer); ^{13}C NMR (500 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 180.9, 180.8, 175.0, 174.9, 174.3, 174.2, 162.9, 160.9, 140.7, 139.2, 139.1, 136.3, 136.2, 132.5, 132.4, 129.0, 128.9, 128.8, 127.7, 127.6, 127.5, 126.9, 126.8, 125.1, 124.7, 124.5, 124.1, 124.0, 123.86, 123.84, 123.80, 123.77, 123.76, 123.7, 123.6, 123.5, 123.4, 118.5, 118.3, 116.8, 116.6, 116.5, 116.3, 68.41, 68.39, 68.36, 68.30, 58.9, 58.3, 51.7, 47.9, 47.3, 38.8, 38.2, 13.6, 13.5, 11.2, 10.4; HRMS (ESI): m/z calculated for $\text{C}_{28}\text{H}_{23}\text{ClFN}_3\text{O}_3$ $[\text{M}+\text{Na}]^+$ 526.1310, found 526.1302; HPLC purity: 99.3%.

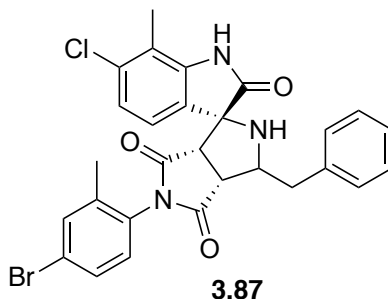
(3*R*,3*a'**R*,6*a'**S*)-3'-Benzyl-6-chloro-5'-(4-fluoro-3-methylphenyl)-7-methyl-2',3',3*a'*,6*a'*-tetrahydro-4'*H*-spiro[indoline-3,1'-pyrrolo[3,4-*c*]pyrrole]-2,4',6'(5'*H*)-trione (**3.86**):



Using the general procedure for spiroindolinone synthesis outlined above, 6-chloro-7-methylindoline-2,3-dione (0.15 g, 0.77 mmol, 1 equiv), 1-(4-fluoro-3-methylphenyl)-1*H*-pyrrole-2,5-dione (0.17 g, 0.84 mmol, 1.1 equiv), and phenylalanine (0.13 g, 0.77 mmol, 1 equiv) were used. The crude material was purified by flash chromatography to afford spiroindolinone **3.86** (0.30 g, 0.60 mmol, 78%) as a white solid. R_f = 0.3 (1:1 EtOAc/Hex). ^1H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 8.41 (s, 1H), 7.26 – 7.14 (m, 8H), 7.01 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 1H), 6.81 (d, J = 10.0 Hz, 1H), 4.70 (q, J = 12.5 Hz, 6.0 Hz, 1H), 3.80 (d, J = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 3.69 (t, J = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 3.45 (dd, J = 4.0 Hz, 10.0, 1H), 2.75 (dd, J = 4.0 Hz, 10.0 Hz, 1H), 2.34 (s, 3H), 2.17 – 2.15 (m, 1H), 1.92 (s, 3H); ^{13}C NMR (500 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 181.0, 175.5, 175.1, 162.3, 160.4, 140.9, 139.4, 136.5, 129.8, 129.8, 129.2, 129.1, 127.5, 127.4, 126.9, 126.8, 126.7, 125.92,

125.85, 125.0, 124.7, 123.7, 118.8, 116.4, 116.2, 68.4, 59.3, 51.9, 48.0, 38.1, 15.08, 15.05, 13.7; HRMS (ESI): m/z calculated for $C_{28}H_{23}ClFN_3O_3$ $[M+Na]^+$ 526.1310, found 526.1311; HPLC purity: 99.2%.

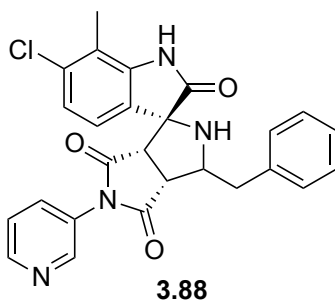
(3*R*,3*a'**R*,6*a'**S*)-3'-Benzyl-5'-(4-bromo-2-methylphenyl)-6-chloro-7-methyl-2',3',3*a'*,6*a'*-tetrahydro-4'*H*-spiro[indoline-3,1'-pyrrolo[3,4-*c*]pyrrole]-2,4',6'(5'*H*)-trione (**3.87**):



Using the general procedure for spiroindolinone synthesis outlined above, 6-chloro-7-methylindoline-2,3-dione (0.070 g, 0.36 mmol, 1 equiv), 1-(4-bromo-2-methylphenyl)-1*H*-pyrrole-2,5-dione (0.10 g, 0.39 mmol, 1.1 equiv), and phenylalanine (0.59 g, 0.36 mmol, 1 equiv) were used. The crude material was purified by flash chromatography to afford spiroindolinone **3.87** (0.055g, 0.097mmol, 27%) as a light brown solid. R_f = 0.5 (20:1 CH_2Cl_2 /Acetone). 1H NMR (500 MHz, DMSO, rotamer ratio = 1:1.12), (DMSO calibrated to 2.69) δ 10.80 (s, 1H, minor rotamer), 10.74 (s, 1H, major rotamer), 7.86 (s, 1H, major rotamer), 7.79 (s, 1H, minor rotamer), 7.77 (d, J = 5.0 Hz, 1H, minor rotamer), 7.70 (dd, J = 1.7 Hz, 8.4 Hz, 1H, major rotamer), 7.54 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H, minor rotamer), 7.50 – 7.49 (m, 1H, major and minor rotamer), 7.46 – 7.43 (m, 3H, major and minor rotamers), 7.36 – 7.30 (m, 1H, minor rotamer, 2H, major rotamer), 7.16 – 7.06 (m, 2H, minor rotamer, 1H, major rotamer), 6.82 (d, J = 8.1 Hz, 1H, major rotamer), 4.79 – 4.74 (m, 1H, major rotamer), 4.60 (q, J = 7.9 Hz, 21.5 Hz, 1H, minor rotamer), 4.03 – 3.96 (m, 2H, minor rotamer, 1H, major

rotamer), 3.84 – 3.78 (m, 1H, major and minor rotamer), 3.61 (d, $J = 7.9$ Hz, 1H, major rotamer), 3.47 – 3.39 (m, 1H, major and minor rotamer), 2.90 (dd, $J = 8.8$ Hz, 14.1 Hz, 1H, minor rotamer), 2.72 – 2.69 (m, 1H, major rotamer), 2.51 (s, 3H, major rotamer), 2.38 – 2.37 (m, 3H, major and minor rotamer), 2.22 (s, 3H, minor rotamer); ^{13}C NMR (500 MHz, DMSO) δ 181.4, 180.8, 175.8, 175.7, 174.3, 173.4, 142.8, 142.7, 140.4, 140.1, 139.2, 138.5, 134.5, 134.3, 133.8, 133.7, 131.6, 131.3, 131.2, 130.9, 130.2, 130.0, 129.4, 129.3, 128.7, 128.6, 126.4, 126.3, 126.2, 126.1, 125.2, 122.7, 122.4, 121.7, 121.6, 117.3, 117.1, 69.1, 68.2, 60.2, 58.4, 53.2, 52.5, 49.6, 48.5, 38.4, 36.8, 18.0, 17.4, 14.2, 14.1; HRMS (ESI): m/z calculated for $\text{C}_{28}\text{H}_{23}\text{BrClN}_3\text{O}_3$ $[\text{M}+\text{Na}]^+$ 586.0509, found 586.0529; HPLC purity: 98.9%.

(3*R*,3*a'**R*,6*a'**S*)-3'-Benzyl-6-chloro-7-methyl-5'-(pyridin-3-yl)-2',3',3*a'*,6*a'*-tetrahydro-4'*H*-spiro[indoline-3,1'-pyrrolo[3,4-*c*]pyrrole]-2,4',6'(5'*H*)-trione (**3.88**):



Using the general procedure for spiroindolinone synthesis outlined above, 6-chloro-7-methylindoline-2,3-dione (0.10 g, 0.57 mmol, 1.1 equiv), 1-(pyridin-3-yl)-1*H*-pyrrole-2,5-dione (0.10 g, 0.52 mmol, 1 equiv), and phenylalanine (0.086 g, 0.52 mmol, 1 equiv) were used. The crude material was purified by flash chromatography to afford spiroindolinone **3.88** (0.11g, 0.23 mmol, 45%) as a white solid. $R_f = 0.5$ (7:3 EtOAc/Hex). ^1H NMR (500 MHz, DMSO) δ 10.69 (s, 1H), 8.68 (dd, $J = 1.5$ Hz, 4.8 Hz, 1H), 8.66 (d, $J = 2.1$ Hz, 1H), 7.91 – 7.89 (m, 1H), 7.67 – 7.64 (m, 1H), 7.37 (d, $J = 7.1$ Hz, 2H), 7.32 (t, $J = 7.5$ Hz, 2H), 7.23 (t, $J = 7.3$ Hz, 1H), 7.06 (d, $J = 8.1$ Hz, 1H), 6.98 (d, $J = 8.1$ Hz, 1H), 4.50 – 4.44 (m, 1H), 3.86 (d, $J = 7.6$

Hz, 1H), 3.75 (t, $J = 7.6$ Hz, 1H), 3.56 (d, $J = 7.8$ Hz, 1H), 3.35 – 3.32 (m, 1H), 2.81 (dd, $J = 14.1$ Hz, 8.8 Hz, 1H), 2.26 (s, 3H); ^{13}C NMR (500 MHz, DMSO) δ 181.4, 176.3, 174.7, 150.2, 148.6, 143.2, 141.0, 135.7, 134.9, 130.1, 129.8, 129.1, 126.8, 126.7, 125.5, 124.9, 122.4, 117.8, 69.6, 60.8, 53.9, 50.4, 37.2, 14.7; HRMS (ESI): m/z calculated for $\text{C}_{26}\text{H}_{21}\text{ClN}_4\text{O}_3$ $[\text{M}+\text{Na}]^+$ 495.1200, found 495.1209; HPLC purity: 99.7%.

Biological evaluations:

Procedures for biological evaluations are the same as described in chapter 2.

Chapter 4: Deep Learning for Chemical Reaction Prediction: Reaction Predictor

Introduction

Few organic reactions work as intended or as well as intended and it is challenging to identify undesired by-products of reactions or the mechanisms by which they form. Identifying those by-products and the competing pathways is usually essential for rational selection of more efficient reaction conditions. Another useful and necessary application of product identification is drug degradation. Every drug that is approved in the United States as well as many other countries must be approved by the Food and Drug Administration (FDA).¹⁶⁸ The 2010 FDA guidance for new drug applications, issued to comply with the 2006 International Conference on Harmonization Q3(R),¹⁶⁹ recommends that specifications include a list of degradation products.¹⁷⁰ Degradants are usually identified through forced degradation conditions including: acid and base hydrolysis, thermal, photolytic, and oxidation conditions. Toxic degradation products or degradation products above threshold levels (e.g., 0.1% for ≤ 1 g daily dose) should be identified. Due to the current challenges associated with identification of reaction products, the FDA allows specified degradation products (e.g., specified degradants) to go “unidentified”.

Mass spectrometry can be used to identify the exact mass of most reaction products, and ion traps and related techniques allow analysis of fragments generated in the spectrometer. Still screening of reaction conditions is usually preferred over rational choice of conditions based on the laborious identification of competing pathways and by-products.

Since the emergence programmable computers based on integrated circuits in the 1960s, they have become increasingly valuable in prediction and forecasting. Achieving human-level or above human-level performance at predicting chemical reactions remains

an unsolved problem with broad potential applications. Corey's LHASA program represented an early application of computers to the problem of planning out multi-step synthetic strategies.¹⁷¹ Ideally computers would be able to more accurately and efficiently predict the outcomes of reactions than experts in the field. This will lead to more discoveries. Historically there have been three major categories of approaches to reaction prediction: quantum-mechanical simulations, rule-based expert systems, and machine learning-based systems.

Quantum-mechanical (QM) approaches to prediction of transition states can yield highly accurate results based on physical first principles, but only when the components of the reactants, transition state, and/or products are known; accurate calculations on large organic molecules are computationally expensive. Many recent studies involving QM-based prediction of reaction pathways are narrowly limited to a single chemical system.^{172,173,174,175,176} A clear benefit of these methods, when successful, is their ability to quantitatively predict important reaction parameters such as free energies, energy barriers, transition states, and reaction rates. Still, they require considerable human intervention and are not suitable for making high-throughput predictions.

Rule-based approaches to reaction prediction can be fast, but the requisite systems of manually implemented rules and exceptions require painstaking maintenance. While they may provide good results within a limited chemical domain, rule-based systems are constrained by the extent to which a human expert has defined the underlying rules, and no comprehensive system of rules covering all of chemistry currently exists. Rule-based systems do not scale well over the long term as new areas of chemistry are added. Furthermore, these systems typically make predictions at the level of overall chemical

transformations. Multi-step reactions are condensed into a single transformation, and information about the elementary arrow-pushing steps comprising the multi-step reaction is not available. Yet these elementary steps are the building blocks for predicting novel multi-step global reactions and identifying side products.

Machine learning (ML) approaches are fast and scalable, but require large data sets to create algorithms that can make predictions with high levels of accuracy. Two major proprietary collections of reaction recipes are available, REAXYS/Beilstein-Gmelin and SCIFINDER/CAS, but these are essentially lists of ingredients. Atmospheric chemists have compiled lists of atmospheric reactions that include both elementary and composite reaction mechanisms with rate constants, but those reactions are centered around the gas-phase chemistry of volatile organics.^{177,178,179,180,181} The suitability of these databases as sources of training data is limited because the few reactions are balanced and atom-mapped. Furthermore, publications describing synthetic methods frequently tabulate only the reactants that work and omit the reactants that don't work. It is usually left to the expertise of the reader to use a combination of careful reading and guesswork to figure out which classes of reactants are likely to fail under the reaction conditions.

This chapter summarizes a rule-based and machine learning-based software called Reaction Predictor that has been developed for the prediction of chemical reaction mechanisms and identification of products and side-products. The current development of Reaction Predictor, a machine learning system I worked on, is discussed in detail. Eugene Gutman, Frances Liu, Nancy Huynh, Patrick Lam, Steven Snow and I in the Van Vranken lab greatly expanded, curated, and managed the pedagogical training set of elementary reactions, carried out testing and performance analysis, and ran experimental test

reactions in the lab. I did the majority of the chemistry and chemoinformatics work for the current development of Reaction Predictor. David Fooshee and Amin Tavakoli in the Baldi group worked on the deep learning and computer programming side of the project.

Rules Based Methods for Reaction Prediction

As discussed previously rule-based systems can be quick at predicting reaction outcomes but are limited to the rules that have been programmed. Programs that utilize rules can also contain QM or other forms of calculations as discussed below.

One of the first rule-based systems developed for prediction of reaction outcomes was CAMEO¹⁸² (Computer-Assisted Mechanistic Evaluation of Organic Reactions) from 1975 to 1995 in the Jorgenson lab.¹⁸³ CAMEO was designed to predict the most likely reaction outcome based upon many different criteria. CAMEO was comprised of six independent modules, each focused on a different type of chemistry: a basic/nucleophilic module, an acidic/electrophilic module, a pericyclic module, an oxidation-reduction module, a free radical module, and a carbene module. Most modules were based upon elementary reaction steps. For instance, in the basic/nucleophilic module the system would first try to identify the most nucleophilic atom through using a combination of parameters including pK_a and steric hindrance. The CAMEO basic/nucleophilic module would also rank electrophilic sites utilizing pK_a values. The module would then try to determine if a reaction was likely based on the difference in the pK_a of the reactant and product. The CAMEO pericyclic module could look at estimates of HOMO and LUMO energies for the reactants. The oxidation-reduction module would make judgements if a reaction was viable based upon overall transformations instead of elementary reaction steps. Part of the reason for

this approach is that many mechanisms of oxidation reactions are not well known or understood. CAMEO was a promising program, but work on CAMEO ended in 1995.

EROS¹⁸⁴ (Elaboration of Reactions for Organic Synthesis) was developed by Gasteiger and co-workers in 1987. EROS gives the user a set of possible structures of products given starting materials and reaction conditions. EROS does not depend on a database of chemical reactions, so the number of potential reactions addressable by EROS is quite large. The system generates plausible product structures based upon “bond and electron-shifting processes.” EROS determines if reactions are plausible based upon rules developed by the EROS team and using available physicochemical properties such as bond dissociation energies and heats of reactions. Reaction trees could be generated if EROS was applied to successive intermediates and products.

Beppe¹⁸⁵ (developed in 1992) is a knowledge-based reaction prediction system. The system first identifies reactive sites on molecules. The reactive sites are determined by calculating various atomic and molecular properties on each atom. The program then groups the labeled reactive sites into ordered pairs (i.e., nucleophiles and electrophiles) and ranks the pairings based on their reactivity. The ranking of reactive pairings is achieved by calculating pairing energies. Finally, Beppe combines the pairings to generate a list of resulting reaction intermediates and assesses the viability based on a simple thermodynamic criterion; the reaction step is viable if the “reaction activity” for the forward step is greater than half the “reaction activity” for the reverse step (activity is an artificial score given to each pairing combination). Beppe ranks reactive sites and pairings based on molecular property calculations. The biggest limitation to this approach is the

large number of intermediate structures generated and the computational cost associated with their evaluation.

SOPHIA¹⁸⁶ (System for Organic reaction Prediction by Heuristic Approach) is capable of predicting reactive sites on molecules and proposing plausible products. The system does not evaluate the mechanistic feasibility of each transformation; instead it compares results to a reaction database (AIPHOS). The system is capable of perceiving reactive sites and does not require user specification of reaction conditions. Products are ranked based on similarity to the knowledge base and are the result of multi-step transformations.

ROBIA¹⁸⁷ (Reaction Outcomes By Informatics Analysis) uses a mechanistic approach to predict individual reaction steps as well as overall transformations. ROBIA uses molecular modeling as well as selected organic transformation rules to predict reaction outcomes. ROBIA is a rule-based program based upon a library of chemical knowledge. The program works by first looking at reactive site blocks and then uses a chemical transformation block to determine probably reaction. The results are filtered to discard results that are improbable and were formed in the same step. Monte Carlo conformational searches (MacroModel), AM1 calculations (MOPAC), and ab initio calculations (Jaguar) are used to find structures that have the lowest energies. ROBIA allows the user to view any intermediate formed during the reaction process. ROBIA could be used to predict unknown products in biosynthetic and metabolic pathways.

METEOR,¹⁸⁸ described in 2005, is an expert knowledge system used for predicting the metabolic fate of xenobiotic compounds. METEOR features the ability to import data from MS experiments such as molecular formula, exact mass, or relative mass. Given a

starting molecule, METEOR can generate a list of plausible product structures and tree paths leading to the proposed metabolic product. METEOR's relative reasoning engine assigns the likelihood of one product over the other based on information contained in the knowledge base.

DELPHI¹⁸⁹ (Degradant Expert Leading to Pharmaceutical Insight) was a program designed at Pfizer to predict the degradation products of pharmaceuticals. As mentioned above, identification of degradants is essential for pharmaceutical safety and regulatory approval. DELPHI is an expert system that uses a knowledge database of known degradation pathways and reactions to decide on the most likely drug degradant molecules. DELPHI is programmed with known transformations of different functional groups and functional group reactivity with each other. For instance, DELPHI was programmed that esters would easily be converted to carboxylic acids under acidic or basic hydrolysis conditions. DELPHI did not think on a mechanistic step level but was able to predict intermediates and products of degradation pathways. For instance, carboxylic acids produced from esters could then be converted into the decarboxylated product.

DELPHI was retired at Pfizer due to the large effort needed to update the software and knowledge base, and was resurrected as Zeneth in the 2010's, a commercial software package that is still being developed by Lhasa Limited for drug degradation prediction.^{190,191} Zeneth is the only commercially available software that can predict drug degradation products. Zeneth also relies on a knowledge base and rules like DELPHI. The Zeneth knowledge base comes from a variety of sources including the open research literature and proprietary pharmaceutical data. Users also have the option of adding their own reactions to the database if they purchase Zeneth. Zeneth works by using a "reasoning

engine” that uses rules from the knowledge base to estimate the likelihood of predicted products under various conditions such as pH. Zeneth tested their software against 27 known drugs and for which 191 drug degradant products had already been identified. The Zeneth team predicted 104 (54%) of the correct products. Zeneth is still under development and this includes updating the knowledge as well as rules.

Expert systems based upon rules and databases of transformations tend to fare poorly when applied to unknown processes. This is a problem that could potentially be solved by machine learning and deep learning. In theory, machine learning should be able to learn and propose products it hasn't exactly seen before. Deep learning is a type of machine learning that has multiple layers in a neural network.

Machine Learning Methods for Reaction Prediction

The general difference between a rule-based system and a machine learning system lays in who makes the rules: a rule-based system uses rules created by a human expert in the field; a machine-learning system uses rules created by a computer by correlating a dataset and a set of correct predictions. Hybrid systems use a combination of expert rules and machine learning.

DENDRAL^{192,193,194} was one of the earliest uses of machine learning in chemistry prediction and was developed in the late 1960s. The purpose of DENDRAL was to determine the structure of unknown compounds taken in an EI mass spectrum. Interpretation of mass spectra has practical applications that are still relevant today. DENDRAL worked through two different programs: Heuristic DENDRAL and Meta DENDRAL. Heuristic DENDRAL was a machine learning program designed to give possible structures based upon atomic masses and bonding rules. Meta DENDRAL was a machine

learning program designed to give fragmentation patterns of unimolecular reactions in the gas phase. It was trained with EI mass spectra. These two programs, Heuristic DENDRAL and Meta DENDRAL, would work in concert to determine the structures of molecules in an EI mass spectrum. Since the development of DENDRAL many programs have been designed using machine learning to predict reaction outcomes. Select programs are described below although they mostly look at reaction recipes instead of individual mechanistic steps.

SYNCHEM^{195,196} was developed in the 1990s as a tool to develop synthetic routes for organic synthesis. It was one of earliest efforts to apply machine learning to organic reaction prediction. SYNCHEM tried to predict reactions by using reaction clustering to group similar reactions and anticipate the type of chemistry based upon the functional groups present in the reactants. This system had two different machine learning modules named ISOLDE and TRISTAN. Large training sets of organic transformations were needed for both of these modules. ISOLDE primarily uses inductive generalization to arrive at its answer whereas TRISTAN uses deductive generalization that is commonly referred to as “explanation base learning”.

In 2005, Fic and Nowak developed the CSB system (Chemical Sense Builder). CSB was comprised of two different modules that can be used alone or in conjugation. The first module is comprised of four logic-based and knowledge-based models that generate and discover reactions. The second module used machine learning tools to predict reaction outcomes. The system also used thermodynamic properties such as enthalpy and common reactive sites. The system searched for similar reactions in the reaction database to predict the most likely reaction outcome.

Over the past decade, the successful application of machine learning has been demonstrated in many areas (self driving cars, facial recognition, medical diagnostics, etc.) as well as a tool to predict the outcome of organic chemistry reactions. In 2009 Carrera and workers proposed a machine learning system that could predict chemical reactivity from organic reaction databases.¹⁹⁷ They looked at reactions involving BuNH_2 as well as NaCNBH_3 . They used databases that had either one of these molecules in a reaction. Depending on whether a reaction occurred or did not occur the machine learning algorithm was able to predict the reactivity of molecules in a database. The system also used physicochemical properties that were calculated from atoms and bonds.

In 2016 Wei and co-workers designed a system for the prediction of organic chemistry reactions.¹⁹⁸ Wei utilized neural “molecule fingerprints” and graph convolutional neural networks to compare the fingerprints of the reactants to the outcomes of overall reactions. The system predicts the most likely reaction products based upon reactions in the training set. Wei used the SMARTS functional group descriptors to encode their reactions in the computer. The system was able to predict 85% of reactions based upon a test set and 80% of selected textbooks questions from a Wade organic chemistry textbook. While these results sound promising, the system only used 16 different types of reactions that involved alkenes and alkyl halides. These reactions include epoxidation, halogenation, and hydrogenation. In addition, the test set and training sets were generated by the computer using very simple molecules and carbon chains.

Between 2017 and 2019 Segler and coworkers published three separate papers on ways to predict the outcome of chemical reactions using machine learning. The first paper is entitled “Neural-Symbolic Machine Learning for Retrosynthesis and Reaction

Prediction.”¹⁹⁹ This paper focused on retrosynthetic routes instead of proposing products in a forward direction. Segler was interested in predicting reactants from products instead of visa versa. The data set for this paper was 3.5 million reactions extracted from REAXYS. The authors were able to achieve a top-10 accuracy of 95% for the correct retrosynthesis. The system uses machine learning to identify what rules and reactions classes lead to each product. The second paper is entitled “Planning chemical syntheses with deep neural networks and symbolic AI”²⁰⁰ This paper builds upon their work in their previous paper. The authors used Monte Carlo Tree Searches and symbolic artificial intelligence to predict retrosynthetic routes. The authors claim that their program solves for twice as many reactants and up to thirty times faster than traditional computer programs that use rules and expert heuristics. They noted that graduate students in synthetic chemistry, on average, could not differentiate between synthetic routes designed by their system and synthetic routes designed by an expert. Segler’s third paper is entitled “A Generative Model for Electron Paths.”²⁰¹ Although this paper tries to predict the flow of electron paths it essentially is another program that predicts products using reaction recipes. The system uses machine learning to try to map the flow of electrons in one step. The authors used the USPTO database to train and test their system. The system was able to predict the correct product from a test set with a top-5 accuracy of 95.9%. This system is potentially useful, but it is not able to predict mechanisms and intermediates in a mechanism.

Between 2017 and 2019 Coley and coworkers published two separate papers on ways to predict the outcome of chemical reactions using machine learning. The first paper is entitled “Prediction of Organic Reaction Outcomes Using Machine Learning.”²⁰² This paper by Coley and coworkers uses reaction templates (such as hydrolysis), machine

learning and neural networks to predict the outcomes of reaction from a given set of starting materials. The system first generated a plausible set of reactions using reaction rules and then ranked the subsequent products. Using a dataset of 15,000 reactions from the USPTO database for training, the system was able to produce a top-5 accuracy of 90.8% in the determination of the product. Coley's second paper, entitled "A graph-convolutional neural network model for the prediction of chemical reactivity",²⁰³ uses more data than their previous paper. They trained their system with about 500,000 reactions from the USPTO database. Coley and coworkers use a graph convolutional neural network to predict the most likely outcome of a reaction given a certain set of starting materials. The system first decides what reactive sites are most likely to change their connectivity. The system then gives a list of plausible products based upon those reactive sites. Finally the system ranks the plausible products it produced. This updated system was able to produce a top accuracy of 93.4%. All the systems described above are focused on mainly predicting products from a given set of reactants without regard to the stepwise reaction mechanism or potential side reactions arising from mechanistic intermediates.

Reaction Predictor

While all of the machine learning systems described above focus on overall transformations, predicting reaction mechanisms, reactive intermediates, and reaction products using elementary steps presents a unique chemistry problem as well as a unique computer science problem. Predicting reaction mechanisms is much harder than predicting the products of known or desired synthetic transformations. For instance, reactions in the REAXYS or USPTO database usually only report the desired product with no information on the side reactions. Some reactions can have 2, 3, or more plausible mechanistic steps from

the same intermediate. For example, attempts to sulfonate of an 1,2-aminoalcohol can lead to aziridines, alkylpyridinium salts, sulfonamides, and sulfonates from a common intermediate.²⁰⁴ Also, some viable mechanistic steps may not lead to a product because the equilibrium does not favor that product (i. e. addition to an amide). Finally, even expert chemists can disagree on the correct mechanisms of a reaction even if the product made is entirely known. All of these reasons showcase the challenge of designing a system that predicts mechanism, intermediates and products of chemical reactions.

In spite of these challenges, predicting reactivity on a mechanistic level offers benefits. First, Jorgensen showed that the process of predicting reactions at the level of elementary steps can offer deep insight into chemical reactivity. Furthermore, a computer system that is trained to predict at the level of elementary reactions is more likely to predict side products than a system that is only trained to predict the desired products of reactions. As mentioned at the beginning of this chapter, the prediction of side products has great use in experimental organic chemistry as well as drug degradation.

Driven by the need for a program that predicts reactions at the level of elementary reaction steps, Reaction Predictor was developed in the Baldi Group at UCI in the early 2010s.^{205,206} The initial development of Reaction Predictor was driven by Jonathan Chen, a graduate student in the Baldi group who took the first-year Organic Reaction Mechanism sequence in the Department of Chemistry at UCI. Work on Reaction Predictor was subsequently taken over by a series of students in the Baldi group: Matthew Kayala, David Fooshee, and most recently Amin Tavakoli. Reaction Predictor is the only machine learning reaction prediction system based on elementary reactions and should, in theory, be capable of predicting all possible reaction pathways – known and unknown - for both unimolecular

and bimolecular processes. Using elementary reaction steps is a fundamental design choice that reflects how human experts think about chemical reactions. Each elementary step involves the movement of electrons from an electron source to an electron sink. In summary, given a set of input reactants, the Reaction Predictor pipeline operates in the following multi-step fashion: (1) enumerate all possible electron sources and electron sinks within the input reactant molecules; (2) filter the list of candidate sources and sinks, predicting a smaller list containing only the most reactive sources and sinks; (3) propose reactions by enumerating all combinations of source-sink pairings; (4) rank the proposed reactions by favorability; and (5) iterate the above process to identify global reactions, or search for unidentified products using analytical data like mass spectrometry. The last part of this chapter describes the work we have done to improve Reaction Predictor since its original implementation. I describe the machine learning (ML) design, methodology, and chemistry under-pinning Reaction Predictor's ML-based predictions.

To train our models, we carefully expanded and curated a training data set to consist of over 11,000 pedagogically elementary reactions, covering a broad range of advanced organic chemistry. We tested Reaction Predictor's performance on a benchmark data set of challenging experimental results, and demonstrated a high degree of accuracy. These results are compared with the performance of an early prototype system (described above) that was developed in the Baldi lab. We wrote six more simple chemistry rules that increase the performance of Reaction Predictor on an expanded test set. We also demonstrate that an alternative approach to predicting electron sources and sinks simply by examining SMILES strings, using a long short-term memory (LSTM) architecture,^{207,208}

shows promising results. Finally, we show experimental results on how Reaction Predictor can be used to predict products of reactions.

Reaction Predictor Development

Chemical software interface. Molecules were represented using SMILES strings and reactions were represented as SMIRKS strings according to the Daylight formalism,²⁰⁹ and the OEChem toolkit²¹⁰ was used for chemical computation.

Data. The unit of our data set is an “elementary reaction”. Each elementary reaction represents an energetically favorable mechanistic step with one transition state, with a single labeled electron source and a single labeled electron sink. An earlier version of the data set was primarily composed of undergraduate organic reactions extracted from Reaction Explorer rules,²¹¹ plus a set of 368 reactions from graduate level organic chemistry texts.^{212,213} In total, there were 5551 elementary reactions in the original data set. We note that, internally, Reaction Predictor has three distinct chemical prediction modes: one for polar, one for radical, and one for pericyclic reactions. Each of these uses its own separate underlying data set and trained predictive models. Here we will discuss the polar data set and models, as they represent the most important type of reactions for Reaction Predictor. We used a benchmark data set of 289 elementary reactions taken from challenging multi-step transformations to test the performance of our system. These reactions were chosen from reactions in the literature and inferred from reactions in Strategic Applications of Named Reactions in Organic Synthesis²¹⁴ to cover a broad range of advanced organic chemistry intended to test the system's ability to generalize on real-world reactions. They are not a subset of the training data. Later we used a challenging expanded training set of 600 reactions to test new chemistry rules. The expanded training

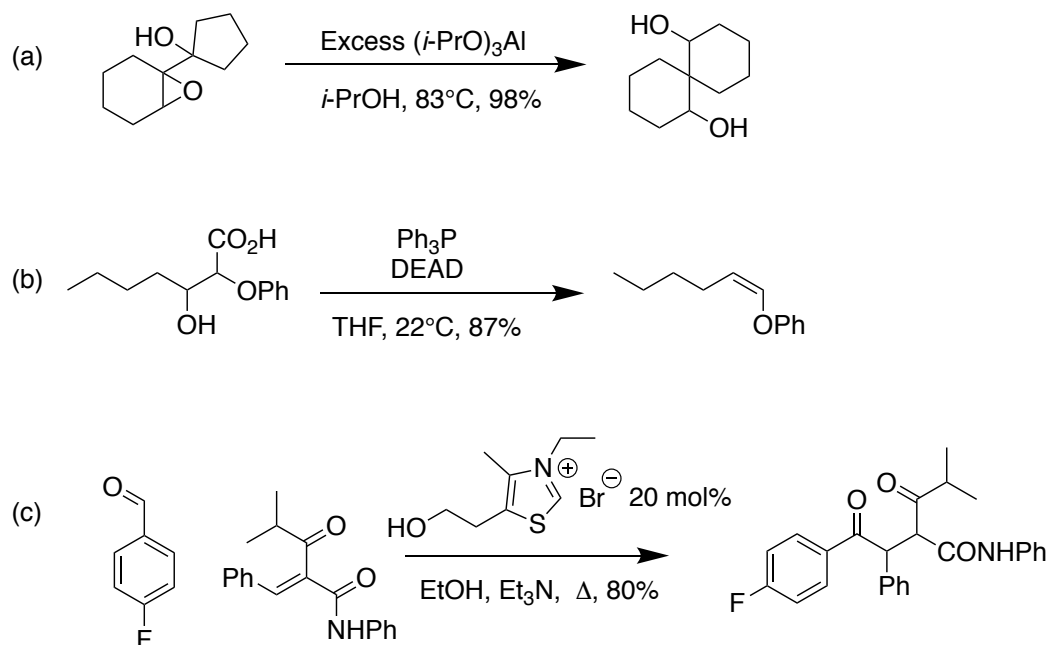
set included the 289 elementary reactions mentioned above as well as roughly 300 additional reactions taken from various named reactions in organic chemistry.

Data set development. One significant limitation of using Reaction Explorer rules to generate the bulk of the prototype's original training reactions is the inherent bias towards undergraduate chemistry. These training reactions were mostly limited to first, second, and third-row elements. Undergraduate texts often make simplifying assumptions or omit complicating details in order to more clearly present fundamental concepts. A more accurate understanding of the chemical reality is left to be clarified during advanced study. This presents a problem for learning algorithms, which can only learn and generalize based on what they are shown during training. To address this, we reviewed the existing data set in its entirety. Manual inspection of all elementary reactions led to the removal of 884 problematic reactions. Reactions were removed for any of several reasons. First, up to 10% of the elementary reactions were duplicates. Second, some reactions were removed because the arrow-pushing mechanism was depicted incorrectly. Third, some of the training reactions contained products or reactants that were implausible. After removing these problematic reactions, we were left with a cleaned data set of 4,667 polar elementary reactions.

Using this cleaned data set as our starting point, we have added 6,361 high quality hand-curated reactions: (1) we added about two thousand additional elementary training reactions to cover gaps in various areas of chemistry: phosphorus functional groups, sulfur functional groups, silicon functional groups, tetrahedral intermediates, proton transfers, and migratory displacements. (2) About 1500 additional polar elementary reaction steps were chosen from reaction pathways covered in a first-year graduate course in organic

reaction mechanisms including, for example: carbonyl chemistry, enolates, enols, enamines, phosphorus chemistry, sulfur chemistry, allylsilanes, vinylsilanes, strained rings, non-classical carbocations, and others. (3) About a thousand (1004) polar mechanistic steps were sampled from multi-step reaction mechanisms in a well-known book on named reactions.²¹⁴ (4) About two thousand additional reactions were drawn randomly from the literature and organic chemistry research presentations in an attempt to further complement the data set. Some examples of notable new reaction types added to the data set are shown in Figure 4-1. Figure 4-1a shows an MPV reduction involving 12 mechanistic steps.²¹⁵ Figure 4-1b represents a Mitsunobu reaction that has seven mechanistic steps.²¹⁶ Figure 4-1c shows an eight-step Stetter reaction.²¹⁷ For each of these examples, critical steps in the reaction mechanism required elementary reactions that were not originally represented in the data set, but have since been added. At time of writing, the total number of elementary reactions in our data set is 11,028. We have observed that the system improves as we grow the data set.

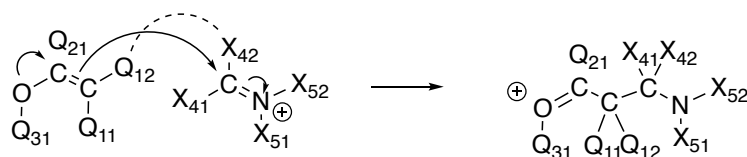
Figure 4-1: Examples of complex transformations requiring chemistry that was not represented in the original data set. Hand-curated elementary reactions were added to the training data to address these reaction types, and many more, greatly improving predictive capability. Reaction (a) is a 12-step MPV reduction; (b) is a seven-step Mitsunobu reaction; and (c) is an eight-step Stetter reaction.



Combinatorial reaction generation. I created a set of Python scripts to automatically generate hundreds of thousands of combinatorial variants of the elementary training reactions, using the following methodology. For a given elementary reaction type (l.p., pi, and sigma donors adding to empty p orbitals, pi* or sigma* orbitals) we first created an atom-mapped SMIRKS string for the core reaction with the appropriate arrow-pushing representations. Next, we created a list of SMILES strings for spectator substituents deemed unreactive towards either the nucleophilic or electrophilic functional groups (e.g., CH_3 , C_6H_5 , CO_2CH_3 , SO_2Ph , etc.). We then systematically generated combinatorial variants of each class of reaction. In this way we gained access to a training set with a potential diversity of 18,399,899 reactions, far too large for timely training with a large feature set. Instead, we randomly selected members of each class of combinatorial

training reactions, on the order of a thousand reactions for each mechanism. Figure 4-2 illustrates this process.

Figure 4-2: Illustration of combinatorial reaction generation, including reaction template (top) and substitution constraints (bottom). Thousands of reactions are produced by generating all combinations of allowed substitutions at the Q## and X## sites.



Q31 = ['[Na]', '[K]']

Q21 = ['[H]', 'C', 'CC', 'C9=CC=CC=C9', 'OC', 'OCC', 'N(C)C', 'SC']

Q11 = ['[H]', 'C', 'CC', 'C7=CC=CC=C7', 'C(=O)C', 'C(=O)OC', 'C(=O)N(C)C']

Q12 = ['[H]', 'C', 'CC']

X41 = ['[H]', 'C', 'C8=CC=CC=C8', 'OC', 'OCC', 'SC', 'C#N', 'C(=O)C']

X42 = ['[H]', 'C', 'CC']

X51 = ['C', 'CC']

X52 = ['C', 'CC']

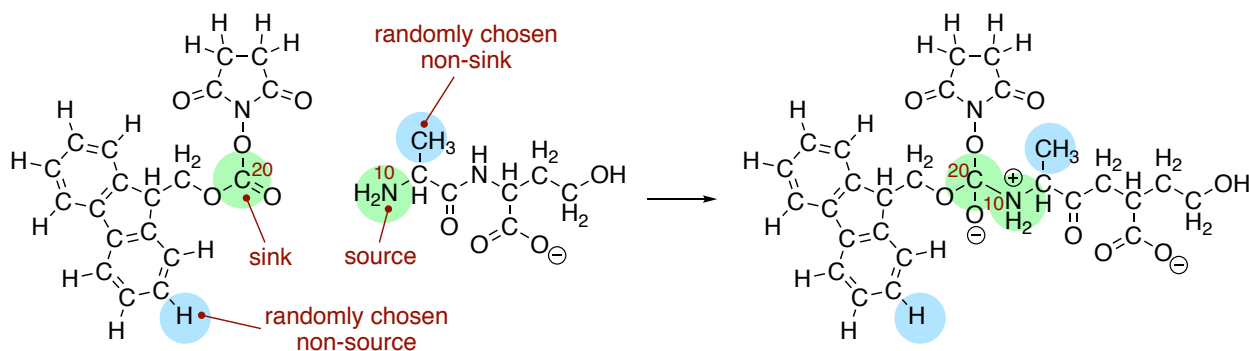
Applying deep learning. Predicting reactive electron sources and sinks is a crucial step in the Reaction Predictor pipeline. If the best source or best sink is rejected during the source/sink filtering step, the desired reaction cannot be reproduced. The early prototype of Reaction Predictor placed great emphasis on recall, with little consideration for precision. That is, the system was biased towards predicting many potential sources and sinks, to avoid missing any, even if most were false positives. Yet false positives have negative performance implications: they significantly increase computation time, which quickly adds up for pathway searches, wherein multiple single-step predictions are chained together to predict products of multi-step reactions. We developed source/sink filtering models focused on both precision and recall, as described below.

For source/sink filtering, the Baldi group experimented with a variety of architectures, and obtained best results using a single fully-connected feed forward neural network (also called a multilayer perceptron, or MLP) with 1500 inputs, three hidden layers of 200 rectified linear units, and two independent sigmoid output units corresponding to a source prediction and a sink prediction. To avoid overfitting, we use a number of methods including 50% dropout applied to each hidden layer,^{218,219} and early stopping. To train the model, weights were initialized as described in Glorot and Bengio,²²⁰ and updated using the Adam optimizer²²¹ on mini-batches of 64 examples. An exponentially decaying learning rate, and early stopping based on a validation set of 10% of the training set were used. Models were implemented using Keras and TensorFlow, and training was performed on an NVIDIA Titan X GPU.

David Fooshee in the Baldi group built the training data for our source/sink filtering network as follows. For each elementary reaction in the database, we extracted four training examples of atom reactivity: (1) the labeled source, (2) the labeled sink, and (3, 4) two randomly sampled non-source, non-sink examples. This is illustrated in Figure 4-3. There are two advantages to this method compared with the original method of extracting two positively labeled examples (true source and true sink), plus all remaining negative examples. First, we avoid the significant imbalance inherent in the data, as we observe approximately 22-times more negative examples than positive examples. Previously this was addressed by oversampling the positive examples. The second advantage is we avoid adding potentially misleading examples to our training data. Specifically, we avoid negatively labeled examples that should actually be considered secondary sources or sinks. For a given elementary reaction, the set of atoms not explicitly labeled source or sink

contains mostly poor sources and poor sinks. However, some could be considered “second-tier” sources/sinks, either on their own or within a different molecular context. By randomly selecting from these atoms to generate our negative examples, we gain a representative sample of the non-source, non-sink examples in our data, while also avoiding labeling all potential second-tier sources/sinks as negative examples. Extracting the data as described above, our training set for source/sink filtering consisted of 23,850 examples, half of which were positive examples.

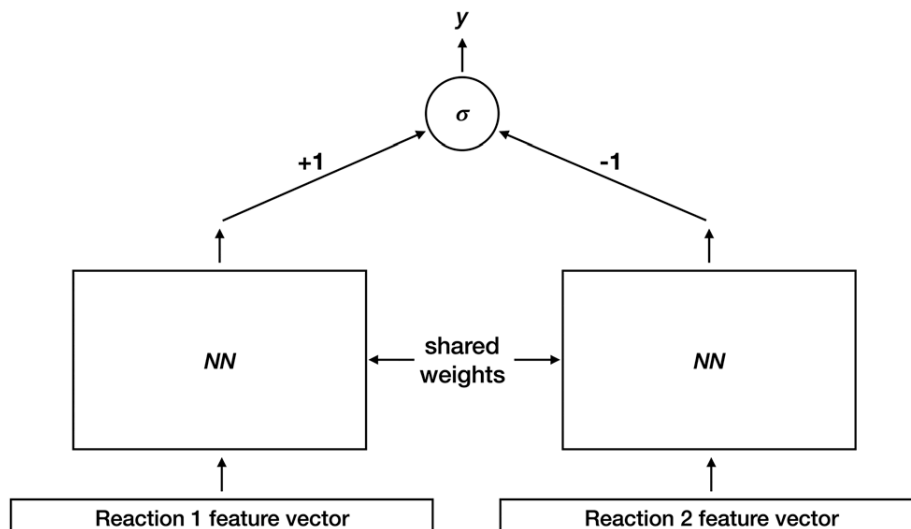
Figure 4-3: Training examples of atom reactivity extracted for the source/sink filtering network.



After identifying sources and sinks, and pairing them together, we had to rank the resulting set of proposed reactions. To do so, the Baldi group trained a deep Siamese architecture neural network^{222,223} to compute a reaction favorability score. Figure 4-4 illustrates this architecture. Training examples consist of ordered reaction pairs ($R_{\text{favorable}}$, $R_{\text{unfavorable}}$), where the favorable reaction is always presented to the left instance of the shared-weight neural network. Fixed weights of +1 and -1 for left and right outputs are connected to a final sigmoid unit. Thus the final output y approaches 1 if the left reaction was scored higher than the right reaction, and 0 otherwise. After model training, we use

one instance of the shared-weight network to compute favorability scores for all reactions, and rank them based on those scores.

Figure 4-4: Siamese architecture for reaction ranking. Outputs from the left and right instances of the neural network NN have fixed weights of +1 and -1 into a final sigmoid unit. Thus the final output y approaches 1 if reaction 1 scores higher than reaction 2, and 0 otherwise. We can think of NN as computing a reaction favorability score that is learned by training on many examples of $(R_{\text{favorable}}, R_{\text{unfavorable}})$ reaction pairs.



For the shared-weight network, we used two hidden layers of 300 tanh units, and a sigmoid output. Initialization and training proceeded as described above for the source/sink models. We generated training examples $(R_{\text{favorable}}, R_{\text{unfavorable}})$ as follows. For each elementary reaction in the data set, we have one reaction, $R_{\text{favorable}}$, formed by pairing the labeled electron source with the labeled electron sink. We can propose many additional unfavorable reactions, by pairing the labeled source with all non-sinks, and all non-sources with the labeled sink, within the constraints of chemical feasibility. We use this set of unfavorable reactions to create additional training pairs $(R_{\text{favorable}}, R_{\text{unfavorable}})$, yielding 387,744 total training examples.

Feature representation & selection. To make accurate source/sink predictions, we must extract relevant chemical information about each potential source/sink site within

a reactant molecule. The features we use to capture this information fall into two categories: physico-chemical, and graph-topological. Physicochemical properties are extracted at the atom level. Examples include partial charge, formal charge, presence and type of filled/unfilled orbitals, presence of lone pairs, and a steric coefficient. Graph-topological features capture properties about the atom and bond connectivity of the molecular graph. These are based on a variation of chemical fingerprints²²⁴ and are extracted by enumerating paths and trees over a small neighborhood around a particular atom. Specifically, we allow paths up to depth 6 if the atoms along that path are heteroatoms or are part of a conjugated pi system, otherwise the maximum depth is 3.

Then, to accurately rank reactions by favorability, we must extract reaction-level information that captures both the source/sink interaction and the overall molecular change(s) occurring in the elementary reaction. These reaction-level features include (1) a combination of concatenated source and sink atom-level features, (2) features describing the type of orbitals involved, and (3) net change features, which are created by computing molecular fingerprints for both the reactants and products, then subtracting the reactants fingerprints from the products fingerprint to capture the net changes that occurred during the reaction, e.g. which functional groups and motifs were formed or destroyed.

Extracting the features described above for all examples in our data set yields 293,046 atom-level features, and 62,560 reaction-level features. We select the top 1,500 atom-level and top 2,000 reaction-level features with the highest mutual information and use those features as the input representations for our source/sink filtering and ranking models.^{225,226}

Spectator molecules. There is information to be gleaned, however, from the non-reacting spectators in the training reactions. Each spectator molecule can provide negative source/sink training examples for the filtering model, and unproductive elementary reaction examples for the ranking model. We added the ability to capture and consider these spectator molecules in our training data.

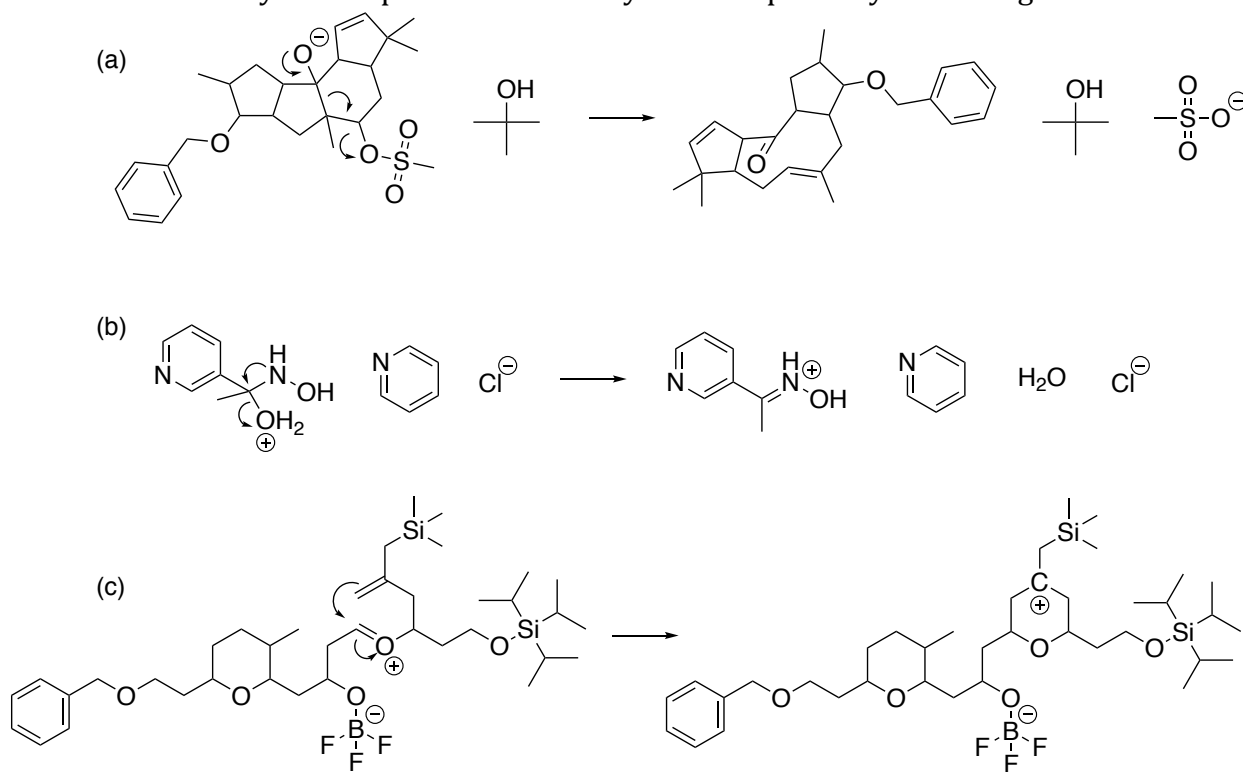
Offline pathway search. Reaction Predictor's pathway search feature allows the user to input starting materials and a set of target molecules to search for multi-step reaction pathways that yield one or more of the targets. Targets can be chemical structures, exact masses, or a mixture of both. Users can enter as many search targets as desired for a given set of reactants and the system will search relentlessly until a match is found. Users simply input their email and wait for their result. This makes pathway search a powerful tool for suggesting alternative reaction pathways and identifying unknown products observed in mass spectrometry data.

Additional features. While implementing the major features described above, many other improvements were made, including new features and improved chemical capabilities. We describe a non-exhaustive selection of these additions below.

Intramolecular reactions. Reaction Predictor considers intramolecular reactions in cases where more than a single reactant molecule is present. In the earlier prototype, if two or more reactants were present, only intermolecular reactions were considered. This change is especially important for pathway search, where multiple reactants will either be directly entered or inevitably formed during the course of the search, and to prevent intramolecular reactions at all subsequent steps is to omit a broad swath of potential reactions. Multi-step reaction mechanisms frequently have steps involving intramolecular

reactions, and they must be considered, even in the presence of many reactant molecules, in order to achieve high-quality multi-step predictions. Some examples of intramolecular reactions, including a Grob fragmentation, a Neber rearrangement, and an intramolecular Prins reaction, are shown in Figure 4-5.^{227,228,229}

Figure 4-5: Examples of intramolecular reactions that can be predicted by the system. A Grob fragmentation (a), Neber rearrangement (b), and intramolecular Prins reaction (c) are shown. Enabling the prediction of intramolecular reactions when multiple reactants are present significantly increases the number of proposed reactions, but is necessary for the prediction of many reaction pathways including these.

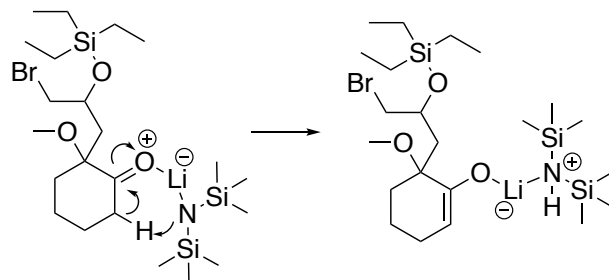


“Continue reacting” button for single-step predictions. Users can manually explore a multi-step reaction pathway in a guided stepwise fashion. After submitting reactants and generating a list of predicted products, users can click a button next to any of the results to use those products as the reactants for a new single-step prediction.

Improved modeling of alkali metals. The alkali metals Li, Na, and K, are now modeled with a more sophisticated understanding of their bonding potential. Originally,

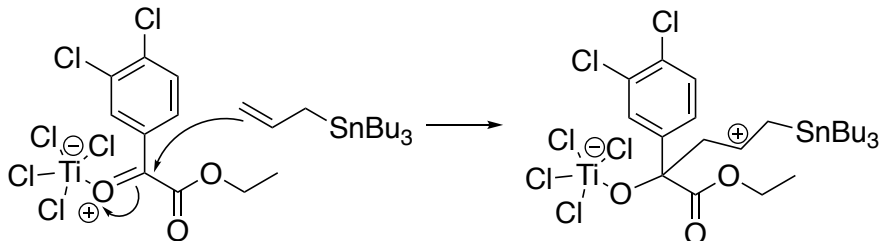
these metals were only allowed to form a single bond, while in reality they can form up to four or more. This is now reflected in reaction predictions involving these atoms. An example involving lithium is shown in Figure 4-6.

Figure 4-6: Initially, Reaction Predictor only modeled lithium to include at most one bond. Now the system is capable of correctly predicting this LDA deprotonation to make an enolate via an Ireland transition state.²³⁰



Additional atom types. Reactants containing Sc, Ti, Zn, As, or Se atoms were not accepted in the early prototype. We have improved the underlying chemical model to be capable of handling these elements. Figure. 4-7 shows an intermolecular Prins mechanistic step that can be predicted because of the system's ability to model Ti in TiCl_4 .²³¹

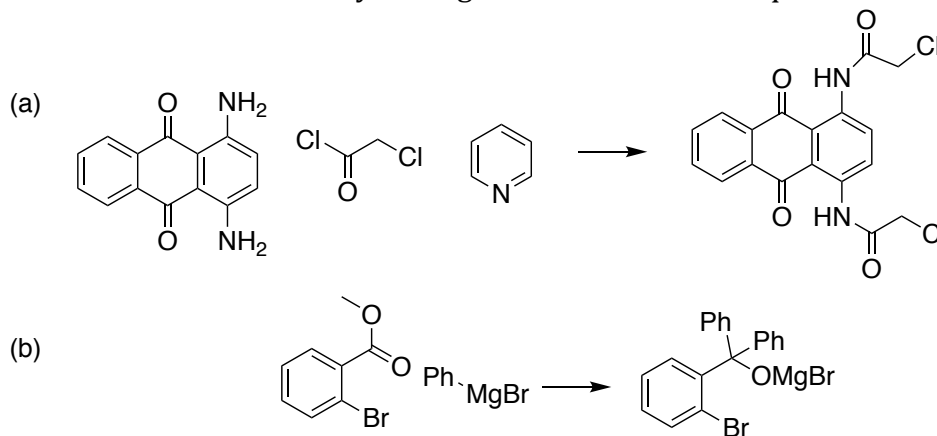
Figure 4-7: Reaction predictor can predict this intermolecular Prins mechanistic step because it can model the Ti atom in TiCl_4 .



Multiple equivalents for reaction pathways. Some pathways require the presence of additional species that can serve as, for example, proton transfer agents or engage in oligomerization reactions. Reaction predictor can automatically consider an additional equivalent of the reactants at each step of the pathway search before identifying sources and sinks and ranking the resulting combinations. At the early stages of most chemical

reactions, the starting materials are present in high concentration relative to other reactive intermediates. Considering additional equivalents of the query reactants allows Reaction Predictor to anticipate oligomeric products that can be difficult to identify in complex product mixtures. The additional equivalents of the query reactants can also serve in additional mechanistic roles beyond that of substrate, such as catalytic acids or catalytic bases. Addition of the query reactants at each and every step of a pathway search greatly increases the number of potential pathways to be searched and can lead to implausible oligomers. Instead of simply considering the reactants to be present at each and every step, we let the user choose how many equivalents to include. Two examples of reactions requiring multiple equivalents are shown in Figure 4-8.^{232,233}

Figure 4-8: Examples of complex transformations requiring multiple reactant equivalents. In (a), two equivalents of chloroacetyl chloride and pyridine are necessary to complete the double acylation reaction involving six mechanistic steps. In (b), one equivalent of a Grignard reagent adds to the ester, and a second equivalent is needed to add to the ketone that is generated *in situ*. Reaction predictor is able to predict both of these products from the literature by adding additional reactant equivalents.



ML features. We carefully evaluated the physico-chemical and graph-topological features used by our ML algorithms. Some were identified that were either irrelevant or counterproductive for making source/sink predictions. For example, we observed instances where increasing the molecular mass of a molecule, by adding a side-chain to a

distant part of the molecule, would cause a source or sink that had at first been predicted correctly, to suddenly be misclassified. We removed this feature, as the reactivity of a candidate source or sink should not be a function of the mass of its parent molecule. We also removed a feature designed to capture whether a source/sink was located centrally or peripherally within the molecular graph, as it too was chemically irrelevant for determining the quality of a source or sink.

Results and Discussion

Single-step performance. We assessed single-step reaction prediction performance using the benchmark data set of 289 reactions described above. Table 4-1 shows the results achieved by Reaction Predictor.

Table 4-1: Single-step reaction prediction performance for Reaction Predictor (RP), compared with the early prototype, using a benchmark data set of 289 reactions.

Metric	RP	Prototype
Products recovered	83.0%	58.1%
Products ranked in top-5	80.0%	76.8%
Mean time per reaction (s)	8.3	91.8
Total reactions proposed	20,812	92,158

First we note that the early prototype failed while attempting to run the benchmark data set, due to its inability to handle certain atom types, as described above. We incorporated the necessary updated library into that version, so that it could complete the test.

We observe that Reaction Predictor recovers 83.0% of the expected products anywhere in the ranked list, vs. 58.1% for the prototype. This difference is particularly striking when we consider that the prototype version is biased towards predicting more false positive sources/sinks, in exchange for, ideally, improved recall. We see this reflected in the total number of reactions proposed by each version, with the prototype proposing

92,158 reactions, while our current version proposes 20,812. Yet, even though the prototype predicted far more reactions, it still only recovered 58.1% of the expected products. That Reaction Predictor can predict nearly 72,000 fewer reactions while recovering significantly more of the products (83.0%) indicates a dramatic improvement in source/sink filtering capability. We believe this is a result of two factors: the improved breadth and quality of the expanded training data, and the application of deep learning to better learn from that data.

The improved version of Reaction Predictor also performed well in terms of how many correct products are ranked within the top-5 of the ordered reaction list, with 80.0% of correct reactions ranked within the top-5. We have observed that the ranking performance was slower to improve as we grew the training data, compared with source/sink accuracy. Being able to generate hundreds of thousands of training examples for the ranking model, even with only several thousand elementary reactions in the training set, seems to convey enough information to yield a highly accurate trained ranking model. Our observation that doubling the number of elementary reactions in the training set led to a dramatic improvement in source/sink identification, but a relatively minor improvement in ranking performance, seems to imply that the task of source/sink prediction is more difficult than the ranking task. How much of this apparent imbalance is a reflection of chemical reality, versus how much may be an artifact of our particular computational approach and ML design, is unclear. From the perspective of a human chemist, it seems surprising that the source/sink prediction task should be significantly more challenging. We suspect that ultimately the problem is the scarcity of available

training data. Using additional data on source/sink reactivity, we expect the source/sink predictions to become increasingly accurate.

We also note the significant improvement in average runtime per reaction. For the early prototype, each prediction took 91.8 seconds on average; the new version of Reaction Predictor is more than ten times faster, averaging 8.3 seconds per reaction. This is a major boon for offline pathway searches, which benefit greatly from faster prediction speed. Results that would have previously taken 10 days can now be processed overnight.

Combinatorial data. We tested the effect of including combinatorially-generated reactions in our training set by running a direct comparison between a version trained on the standard training set and a version trained on a combinatorially-augmented training set. For this test, the standard training set contained 10,052 elementary reactions, while the combinatorial version contained 36,902 elementary reactions. Decision thresholds were tuned to achieve an equivalent false positive rate for each version, and performance was measured on our benchmark data set of 289 reactions. Surprisingly, the results indicated decreased accuracy for the version trained with combinatorial data. Specifically, only 70.2% of the correct products were recovered, and only 70.9% of those recovered were ranked in the top-5, compared with 80.3% and 77.6%, respectively, for the non-combinatorial version. Thus we did not include combinatorial the combinatorially-generated training reactions in the latest Reaction Predictor training set.

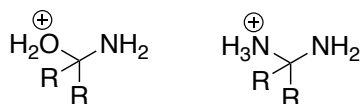
We hypothesize that the homogeneity of the combinatorially-generated reactions introduced biases that degraded predictive performance. We attempted to counter-act this by randomly sampling a small fraction of the total reactions generated from each of our combinatorial reaction templates and including only those in the training

set. Nonetheless, we observed degraded performance even when the smaller samples of reactions were used in the training set. We believe there is likely value in using combinatorial reaction generation, if done in such a way as to closely mimic the molecular variety observed in real-world reactions. However, the time required to carefully design and validate the necessary templates and constraints, while also aiming to simulate a realistic variety of molecular contexts, is by our estimation better spent simply writing high-quality elementary reactions by hand. For now, we leave combinatorial reaction generation aside for potential future work.

Additional chemistry rules. A number of systematic failures were observed in the results that were difficult to address by expansion of the training set. We hypothesized that expert rules could improve the performance of the machine learning system described above. Six additional rules, applicable via user toggle buttons, were added to the system. Some of the rules below are general rules that may have exceptions in special circumstances.

(i) Tetrahedral intermediate rule. In order to favor S_N1 type ionization over S_N2 displacement, we created a setting to favor displacement of leaving groups by adjacent lone pairs over intermolecular displacement by lone pairs on other molecules (Figure 4-9).

Figure 4-9: Tetrahedral intermediates



(ii) Hydrogen sink transition state rule. When this setting is applied, proton transfers are included in the hit set only if the proton acts as the acceptor and intramolecular proton transfers are allowed only if the cyclic transition state is five- or six-

atoms. We did this to lower the total number of possible proton transfer that occur while maintaining the most likely intramolecular proton transfers. It should be noted that intermolecular as well as intramolecular proton transfers can both lead to the same products.

(iii) Source orbital rule. For functional groups such as C=O, C=N, and C≡N, the following preference was enforced: l.p. > pi > sigma. We restricted atoms with lone pairs (e.g., oxygen and nitrogen) from using their pi and sigma orbitals if their lone pairs were available for attack. For example, the lone pair of an imine (C=N-H) nitrogen is always used instead of the C=N pi bond or the N-H sigma bond. This rule reduces the presence of implausible reactions and degenerate processes in the list of ranked reactions.

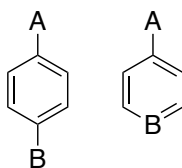
(iv) Baldwin's rules. We anticipate that implausible reactions can be penalized to varying degrees by application of Baldwin's rules for ring closures.²³⁴ To test this idea, we restricted the cyclic transition states be fewer than 8 atoms. While making molecules with a transition state of 8 or more atoms is possible, the removal of implausible reactions is often more important than inclusion of intramolecular process involving medium or macrocyclic rings.

(v) pK_a and pK_b rule. The training set includes many species acting as proton transfer agents making it difficult for the system to rank them. We gave the system a list of 172 pK_a and pK_b values for common molecules such as water, ammonia, and methanol. When this rule is turned on, then only the molecule with the lowest pK_b is considered as a base and only the molecule with the lowest pK_a is considered as an acid. For proton transfer events where one of the species did not appear in the pK_a or pK_b list then no restrictions would be placed on it. For example, if a complex amine that did not appear in

the list was in the presence of hydronium and pyridinium, the complex amine could only pull the proton off of the hydronium.

(vi) Geometry rule. This rule simply restricts sources and sinks from reacting that could not reach each other in space. For example, cyclic transition states less than 8 atoms involving trans double bonds (Figure 4-10). This rule was generated by giving the system templates of atoms that could not reach each other geometrically.

Figure 4-10: Geometry Restrictions



Additional rules results. We tested how the rules improved the system on the expanded training set of 600 challenging reactions described above. The rules improved the percentage of recovered reactions from 67% to 80% in the top 5. In addition to machine learning improvements and dataset development we expect that a hybrid system incorporating these types of user-selectable expert rules can improve the performance of Reaction Predictor.

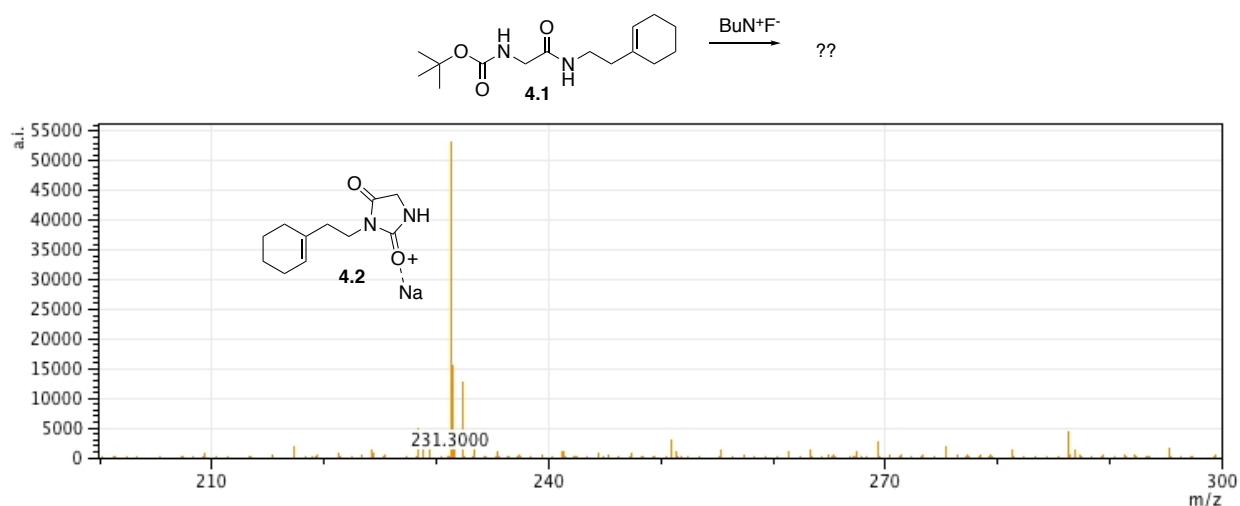
Pathway search results. Pathway searches can take hours or days depending on the complexity of the reactants. Offline pathway search allows chemists to submit many jobs at once, each one searching for arbitrarily many targets, and have them run in parallel in the background, until results are found and returned via email. The improved performance of our single-step predictions, both in terms of accuracy and speed, make pathway search a powerful tool for understanding unknown masses observed by mass spectrometry, proposing alternative synthesis pathways, or identifying side products. We

have added a feature to pathway search that removes products that it has previously seen in previous levels of a search tree. This allows the pathway search to go faster.

We submitted a number of pathway search jobs based on actual mass spectrometry data to test the feature's ability to identify unknown masses identified the mass spectrum. Typically, these offline searches generate a number of potential structures that match the target mass, and all but one are readily excluded.

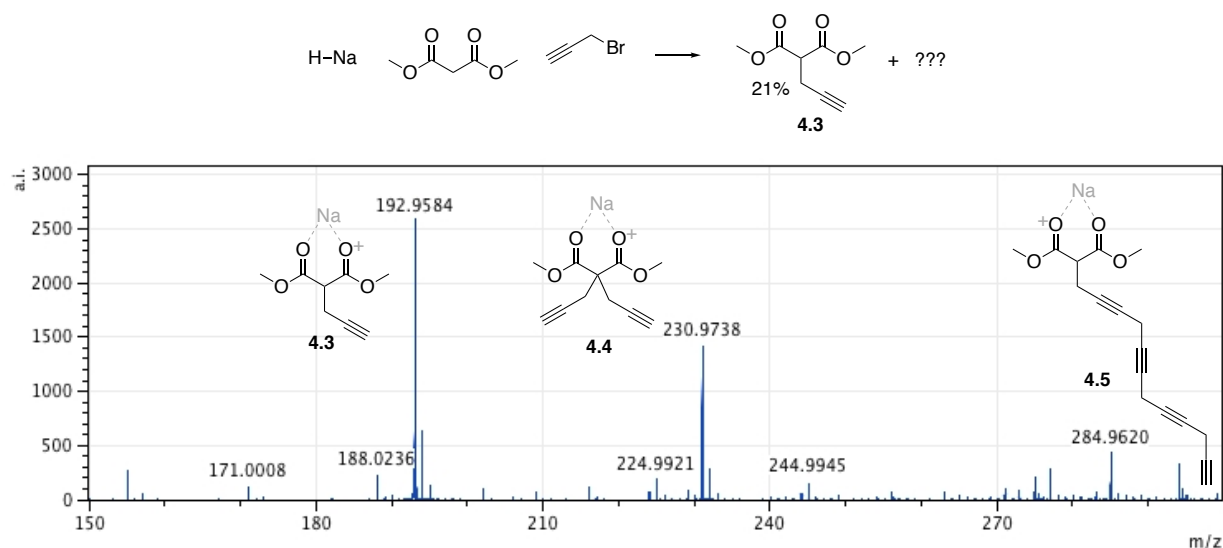
The first reaction we looked at is demonstrated in Figure 4-11. As described in Chapter 2, I was interested in finding an efficient way to deprotect BOC groups in the absence of acid because of tertiary carbocations that formed in the presence of acid but were disappointed when traditional TBAF deprotection gave an unidentified product. When Reaction Predictor was challenged with to identify targets with mass $[m/z - H^+]$ or $[m/z - Na^+]$, the system gave back the highly plausible imidazolidine-2,4-dione **4.2**; the imidazolone was later confirmed to be the product by NMR spectroscopy.

Figure 4-11: Fluoride Deprotection of a BOC Protecting Group.



An undergraduate researcher Marlon Rhea attempted to synthesize a substrate for palladium-catalyzed carbenylative cyclizations through a seemingly simply alkylation of dimethyl malonate but the reaction proceeded with low efficiency (Figure 4-12). The desired alkylation product **4.3** was generated in a 21% yield. The reactants were introduced to Reaction Predictor and challenged to identify targets with mass $[m/z - H^+]$ or $[m/z - Na^+]$ and the starting materials described in Figure 4-12 into pathway search on Reaction Predictor. In addition to returning the expected product **4.3** and the expected double-alkylation product **4.4** the system proposed an overalkylation product **4.5** which could arise if the sodiomalonate starting material was highly insoluble and the initial product generated reactive alkynyl anions.

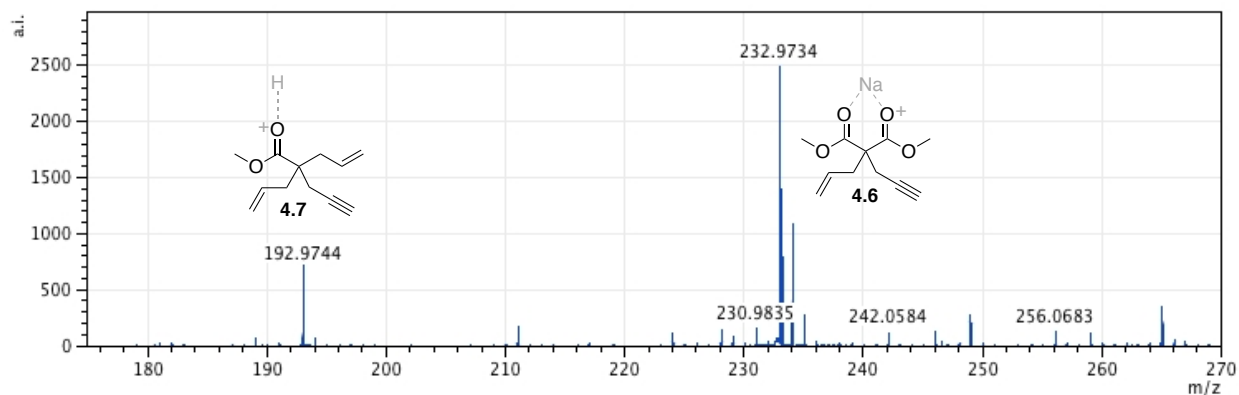
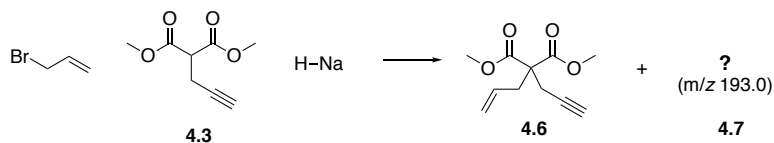
Figure 4-12: Malonate Alkylation in Low Yield



When Marlon allylated the propargyl malonate **4.3** (Figure 4-13) the malonate **4.6** was isolated in a 26% yield and unidentified side products were present in the product mixture. The reactants were entered into Pathway Predictor and the system was challenged to identify plausible products with mass $[m/z - H^+]$ or $[m/z - Na^+]$. The system

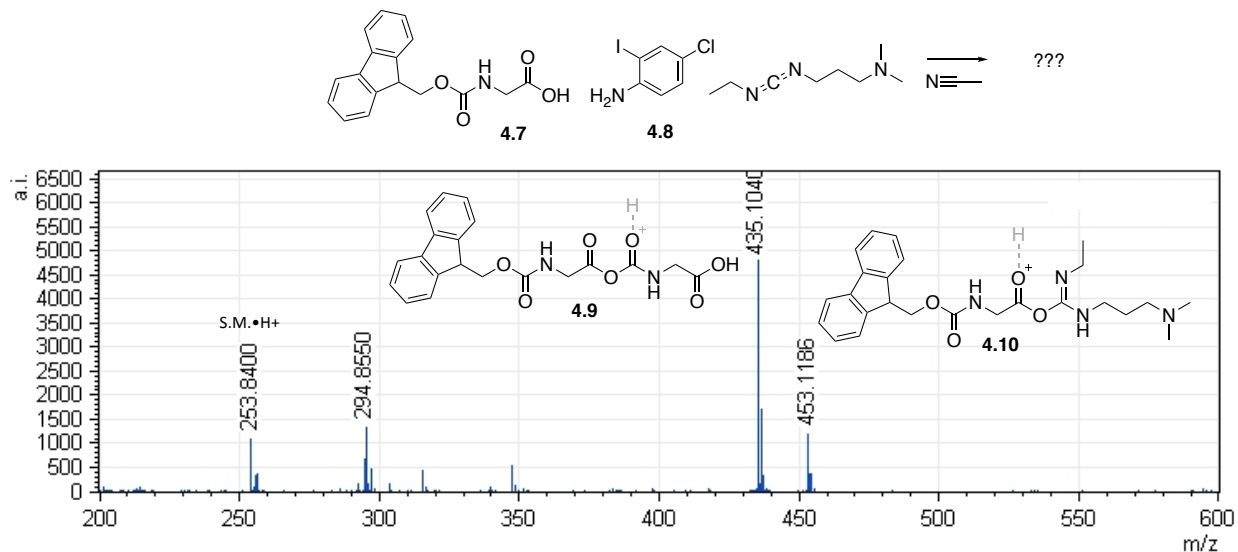
returned the expected allylation product **4.6** as well as a plausible decarboxylation/alkylation side product arising from a Krapcho decarboxylation pathway.

Figure 4-13: Malonate Alkylation Plus Something Else



An attempt to carry out an EDC coupling of carboxylic acid **4.7** with aniline **4.8** was unsuccessful and none of the desired product was observed. Reaction Predictor generated implausible products for both masses: an isourea for product **4.10** (which is more likely the *N*-acylurea), and an anhydride **4.9**, which isn't expected to be stable enough for workup.

Figure 4-14: Carbodiimide Coupling



Our lab has been interested in the N-H insertion of carbazoles into diazo compounds using palladium but²³⁵ the reaction in Figure 4-16 gave a very low yield of 7% of the desired product, **4.12**. Two of these reactions are shown in Figures 4-15 and 4-16. Although Reaction Predictor has not been trained in palladium reactions, we anticipated that the system might be useful for generating plausible structures for reaction chemistry in which the system has not yet been trained Figure 4-15. When the reactants were entered into Pathway Predictor and the system was challenged to identify the products with mass $[m/z - H^+]$ or $[m/z - Na^+]$. The system generated a plausible structure matching the mass of the desired insertion product **4.11** as well as a plausible structure for the known azine dimer, **4.13**.

Figure 4-15: N-H Insertion Product

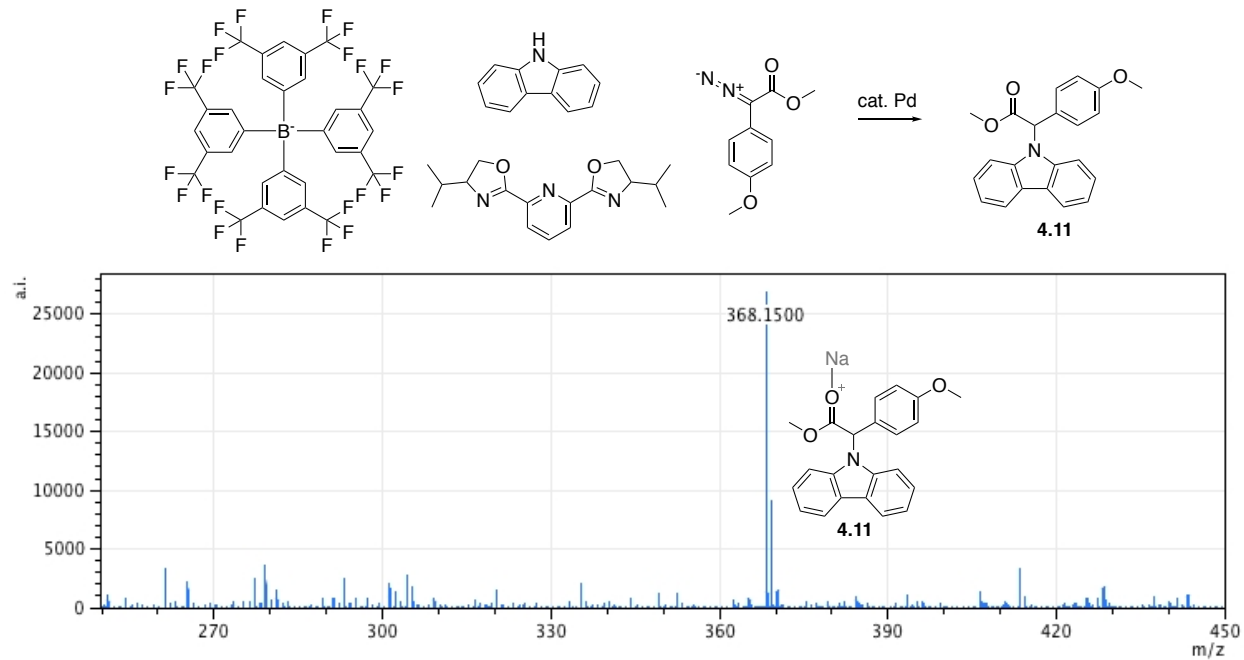
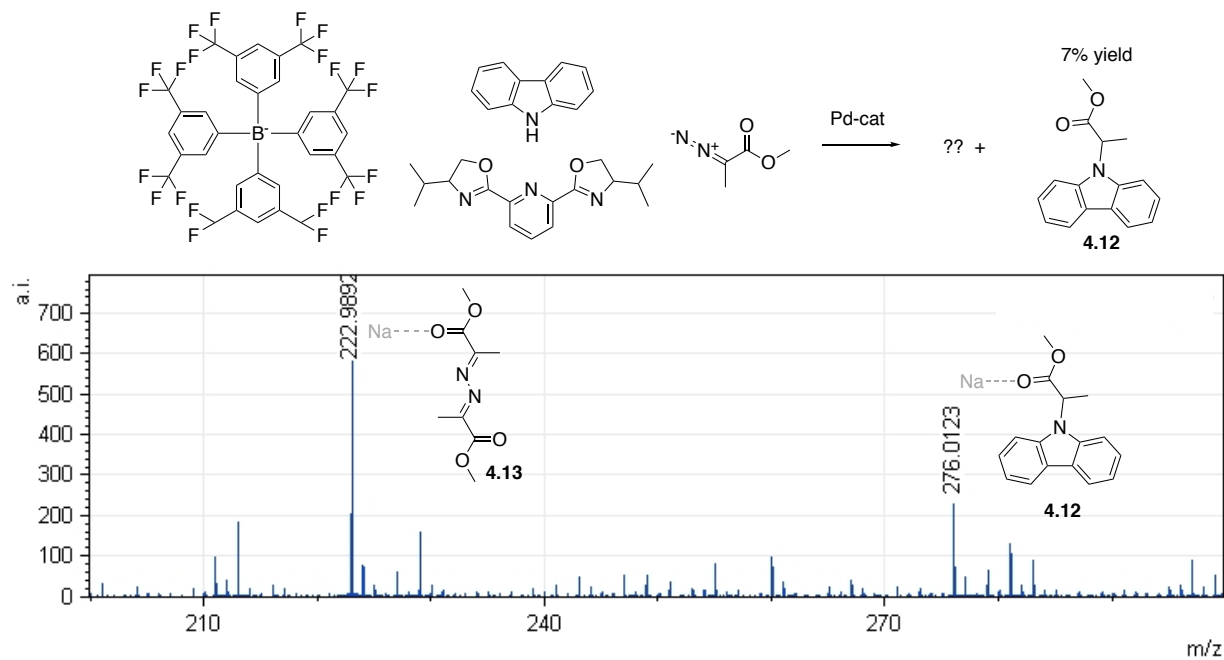


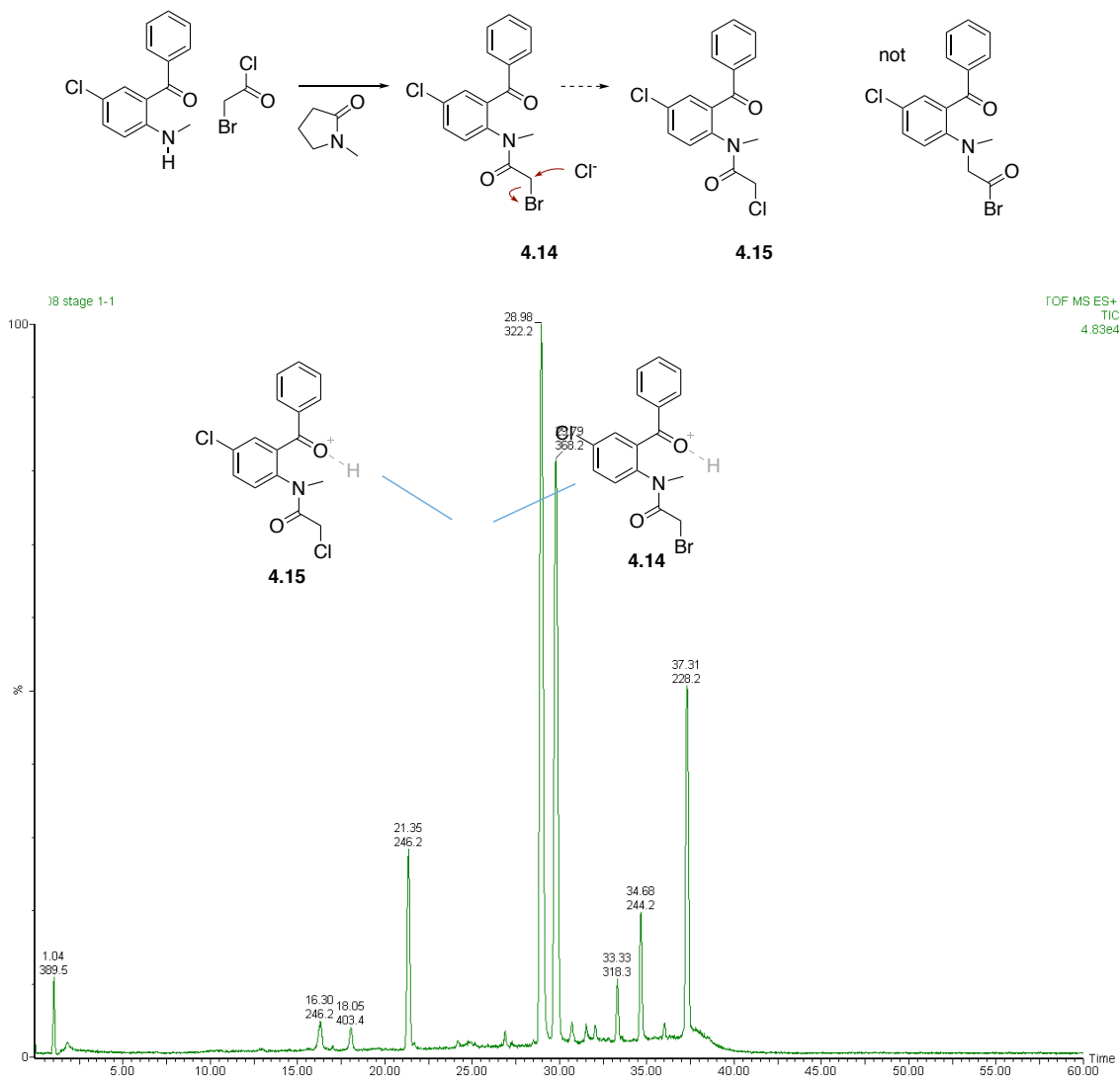
Figure 4-16: Azine Formation



As seen above, Reaction Predictor is a tool that can give chemists plausible structures matching masses generated by ESI mass spectra. How does Reaction Predictor compare with other systems for identification products using mass spectrometry data? Thompson and coworkers observed a major side product in the first step of a flow synthesis of diazepam;²³⁶ they used their mass spectrometry expertise to assign the structure of the product as an acyl bromide, resulting from undesired attack on the alkyl chloride functionality.

We observed the same by-product in an LCMS of a batch version of the same reaction,²³⁷ conditions under which the acyl bromide should not be stable. In addition to the desired amide product **4.14**, Reaction Predictor could also identify a halide exchange product **4.15** as an highly plausible explanation for a product with mass 368 (t= 29.8 min).

Figure 4-17: Diazepam Products in an LCMS chromatogram

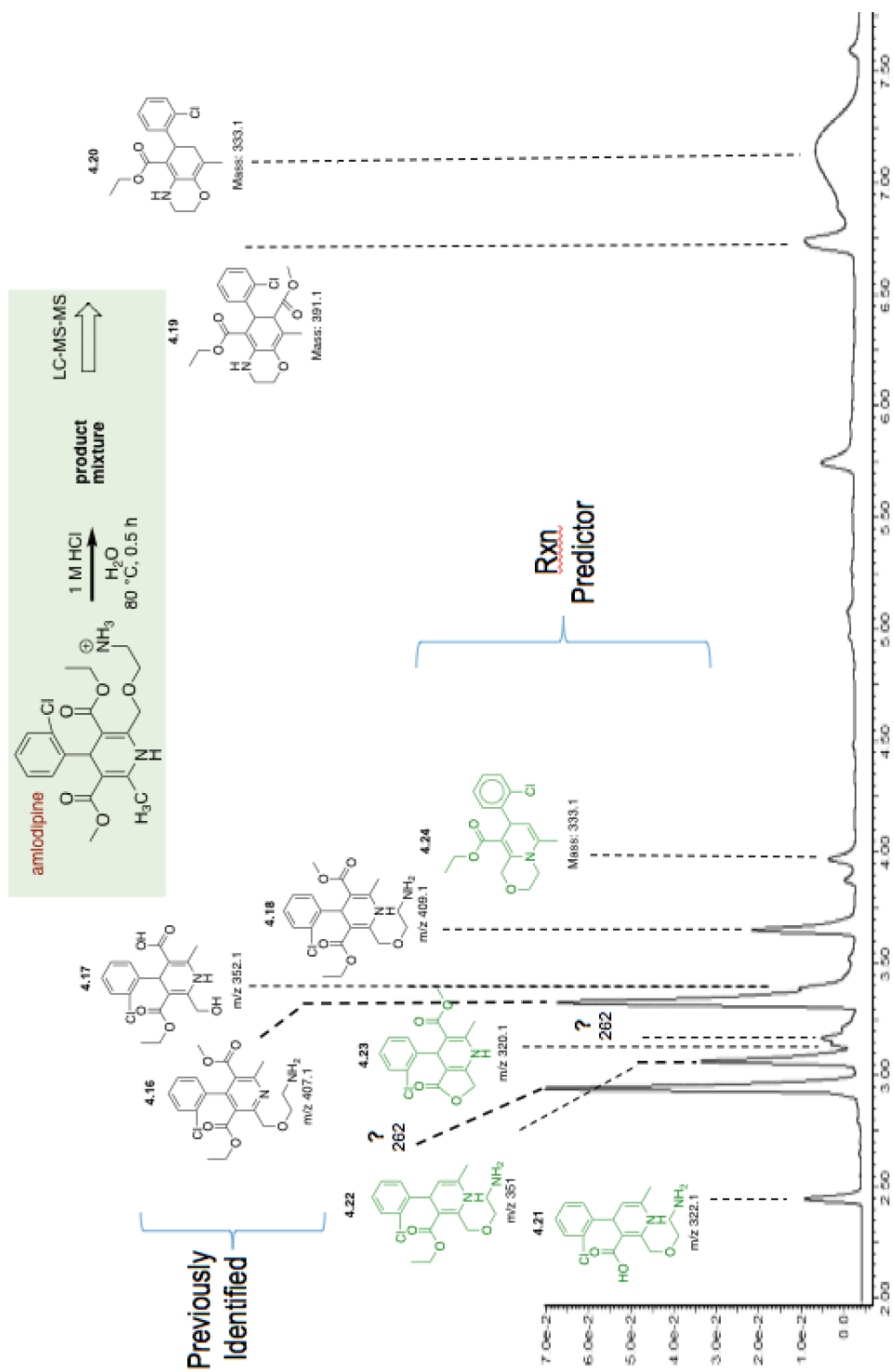


As mentioned at the beginning of this chapter, forced drug degradation studies would greatly benefit from methods for identification of degradant structure. Forced degradation under acidic conditions, e.g., 1 M aq HCl, 30 min, is a common test for stability on the shelf (in the presence of excipients) and in the human stomach. We set out to test challenge Reaction Predictor to predict the acid degradation products of the drug amlodipine because it is relatively complex and some of the degradants were yet to be

identified.^{238,239,240,241,242,243} We heated amlodipine in 1 M HCl for 30 min and took a LC-MS of the product mixture.

The chromatogram for amlodipine degradation is shown in Figure 4-18 and is more complete than any previously published chromatogram. The reactants were entered into Pathway Predictor along with target masses corresponding to $[m/z - H^+]$ or $[m/z - Na^+]$ under the default search conditions. As seen in the labeled chromatogram there is still a small amount of amlodipine, **4.18**, left. Four known degradants were generated in our forced degradation reaction, **4.16**, **4.17**, **4.19**, and **4.20**. Reaction Predictor was not able to find any of the known products. The oxidation product, pyridine **4.16**, presumably was not found because Pathway Predictor was working in polar chemistry mode. Although Reaction Predictor was not able to find any of the known products, it proposed plausible structures for four of the unknown products: compounds **4.21** and **4.22** produced from hydrolysis and decarboxylation; **4.23** produced from cyclization; and **4.24** produced from cyclization and decarboxylation. Even though Reaction Predictor is still in its development stage, it can still give plausible products of drug degradation on a relatively complex drug.

Figure 4-18: Amlodipine Degradation



Reaction Predictor is beginning to demonstrate potential utility. Even implausible structures matching a target mass may spark ideas or suggest paths to identifying plausible alternatives. Continued improvements to source/sink prediction and ranking accuracy are ultimately the most important factors contributing to pathway search efficacy.

LSTMs for source and sink prediction. Deep learning and its architectures can be used in many ways. Recurrent neural networks (RNNs), and specifically LSTMs, are deep learning architectures well suited to the translation of variable-length sequences. They are commonly used to translate the written or spoken word from one language to another. We can naturally view chemical reactions as translations from reactants to products. These translations can be considered at the level of elementary reactions, or global transformations, and can be applied in the forward or reverse direction. Thus the “language” being translated is SMILES representations of molecules transforming from reactants into products, or vice versa. Using the inner and outer approach described by P. Baldi,²⁴⁴ we applied bi-directional LSTMs to the problem of translating SMILES strings into source/sink predictions.

Our MLP-based source and sink predictor has some inherent limitations. The input features only cover a limited amount of context for any given molecule, *e.g.* neighborhoods of atoms within six bonds. Furthermore, these features do not contain any information about other reactants in a given reaction, which could render the prediction task virtually impossible in some cases, where a part of a molecule could act as a sink or a source depending on which other reactants are present.

We therefore explore a fundamentally different model to overcome these limitations. On a high level, this model is based on recurrent neural networks that operate

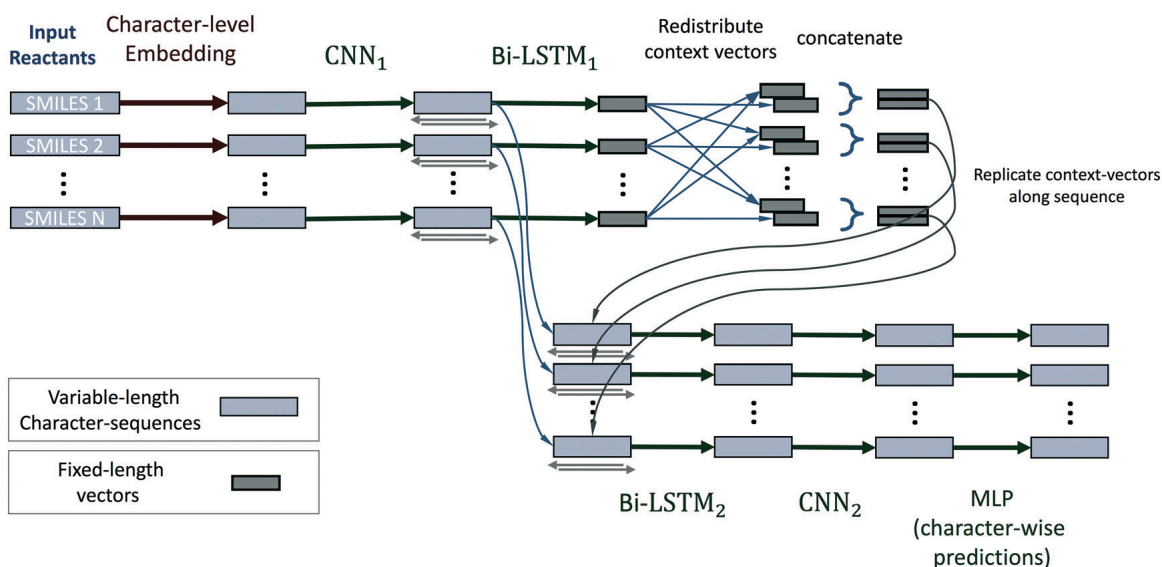
on the canonicalized SMILES strings of all reactants. It is able to learn and use features that encode the context of the entire reaction when making predictions for locations of sinks or sources. This model is able to operate on an arbitrary number of reactants of arbitrary size/length (However, we expect that the accuracy of predictions will degrade for reactions with very large molecules) and is invariant to the ordering of reactants as presented. We achieve this invariance by operating on reactants in parallel, and extracting fixed-length feature vectors for all reactants, which are merged into groups of reaction-level features by averaging. A different part of our network uses these reaction-level, and order-invariant, features as context when it predicts sources and sinks for a given molecule.

A more technical description of the model and operating procedure is as follows: SMILES representations of reactants are canonicalized using an implicit representation of hydrogen atoms. We then remove all information that could trivialize the source/sink prediction task. For example, in our dataset all potential hydrogen sinks (or sources) appear as the first element in the SMILES string. Thus we remove these and add a 'start-of-sequence' character to every SMILES string. The training objective of our model is to predict, for every character in the input SMILES strings of all reactants, whether it corresponds to an atom (or bond) that will act as as ink, source, or both. We further replace multi-letter atoms (e.g. 'Cu', 'Al') with new unique single characters.

The neural network model conceptually consists of eight elements, shown in Figure 4-19. The layers of this model operate on all reactants in parallel, and receive information about the operations on other reactants of the reaction only at the reaction-level-feature merging step (see step 4). The input consists of a variable number (\approx number of reactants) of character strings of variable length (\approx length of individual reactant SMILES). We

therefore use zero-padding for minibatches to speed up training. Descriptions of the layers are as follows:

Figure 4-19: Schematic of the LSTM architecture used for source/sink prediction. This approach operates directly on SMILES strings representing all reactant molecules, and is able to make source/sink predictions using context from the entire set of reactants.



1. The first layer of the neural network maps the input characters into a learned set of vectors (also called embedding), where the number of vectors equals the number of unique characters in all SMILES.

2. This layer is followed by a one-dimensional convolutional neural network (CNN),²⁴⁵ and then further by a recurrent bi-directional LSTM.

3. The layers of the bi-directional LSTM traverse the sequences that correspond to a processed version of the original SMILES strings in the forwards and backwards directions. By doing so they accumulate and compute a fixed-length vector representation of the individual reactants, i.e. learned fingerprint vectors for reactions.

4. These representation vectors are then redistributed across all processing streams of all reactants: a given stream receives the fingerprint of its own molecule and the average

of fingerprints of the other molecules/reactants. This way we achieve commutativity of reactants while not mixing contexts of “this” and “other” reactants.

5. These two context vectors are concatenated and replicated across the output of the convolutional layer (2). We thereby re-use the character-level representations that are produced by the convolutional network (for efficiency and to promote weight sharing), while also augmenting them with reaction-level information about all reactants.

6. A bi-directional LSTM, separate from and unrelated to (3), then operates on this augmented stream of vectors and produces one output for each vector. These vectors have a one-to-one correspondence to characters in the input SMILES.

7. The LSTM outputs are then (optionally) processed by a CNN that can refine and sharpen predictions on a local level.

8. A final sequence-distributed MLP then computes the class-probability predictions for each element of a given reactant. These are the character-level predictions of sources/sinks for every atom (or non-atom symbol) in the input SMILES strings, computed for all reactants in parallel.

This model can predict multiple sources/sinks for one reaction or even reactant. We therefore post-process the model's predictions for all reactions by ranking the predicted probabilities, and only using the single most confident source and sink prediction for any given reaction.

The LSTM architecture uses rectified linear units for its hidden layers, and sigmoid outputs. It was trained for 60 epochs on a set of 10,052 labeled SMILES strings. Weights were initialized according to Glorot and Bengio, and updated using the Adam optimizer,

with an exponentially decaying learning rate. Training was performed on an NVIDIA Titan X GPU.

To gauge the performance of the LSTM on challenging re-actions, we checked its source/sink prediction accuracy on the benchmark data set of 289 reactions, and compared those results with the MLP-based predictor's performance. Table 4-2 summarizes these results. When we considered only the top-1 highest-scored source and sink, the MLP recovered both correctly in 31.5% of the reactions, while the LSTM re-covered both correctly for 29.7% of the reactions. If we consider the top-5 predictions, the MLP recovers both the correct source and the correct sink for 90.0% of the reactions, and the LSTM for 72.4% of them. Similarly, top-10 accuracy for the MLP was 96.9%, and 86.4% for the LSTM. Finally, top-20 accuracy for the MLP was 99.0%, versus 94.6% for the LSTM.

Table 4-2: MLP and LSTM source/sink prediction accuracy on the benchmark data set of 289 reactions. Predictions were considered correct only if both the true source and the true sink were identified within the top-N ranked source/sink predictions.

Top-N Accuracy (Source and Sink)	MLP	LSTM
Top-1	31.5%	29.7%
Top-2	60.2%	51.6%
Top-3	75.8%	63.4%
Top-4	85.8%	68.8%
Top-5	90.0%	72.4%
Top-10	96.9%	86.4%
Top-20	99.0%	94.6%

The top-1 score of 29.7% for the LSTM is a promising result, and is particularly impressive as it is comparable to the MLP's top-1 performance of 31.5%. But this result is tempered by the LSTM's lower performance at recovering the labeled sources/sinks within top-5 and top-10 constraints. The crucial job of the source/sink filtering model is to recover all reactive electron sources and sinks, while minimizing the prediction of false positives. Table 4-2 shows that while the MLP is comparably accurate at predicting a single

best source and sink, it is considerably better at recovering the correct sources/sinks, with fewer false positives, when multiple source/sink predictions are allowed. Specifically, the top-2 through top-5 scores are 60.2%, 75.8%, 85.8%, and 90.0% for the MLP, vs. 51.6%, 63.4%, 68.8%, and 72.4% for the LSTM. In reality, we expect that a complex chemical reactant will have multiple potentially-reactive source and sinks, and the MLP recovers those more efficiently than the LSTM. In fact, even if we allow the LSTM to pick its top-10 proposed sources and sinks, its reaction-level accuracy of 86.4% is still lower than the top-5 MLP result of 90.0%. Nonetheless, these results are very promising and indicate potential for using an LSTM architecture for effective source/sink prediction. We emphasize that one advantage of our LSTM approach is its ability to consider the entire context of the reactants when making its source/sink predictions. This capability fundamentally shifts our expectations of what a good source/sink filter should do. Whereas the MLP predicts a set of potentially many reactive sources and sinks, but is necessarily less accurate in choosing the single best ones because it lacks contextual information, the LSTM can see the entire reaction context, and, at least in theory, predict the best source/sink pair given that complete information.

Conclusion

Reaction Predictor is a unique and powerful tool for predicting chemical reactions at the level of elementary mechanistic steps. Deep learning coupled with a curated and expanded set of training data has yielded significant advances in both speed and predictive accuracy. Importantly, as the data set grows, Reaction Predictor continues to improve. Pathway search takes advantage of these performance gains to aid in the identification of unknown products by searching in the background and emailing results to the user.

The design of Reaction Predictor significantly mitigates the “black box” problem of deep learning systems. This refers to the observation that predictions from these systems can be difficult to interpret, if not inscrutable. A hypothetical LSTM making global reaction predictions, for example, has the problem that the “logic” behind any given prediction is obscured, and mistakes are opaque. In contrast, because Reaction Predictor's design is modular and operates at the level of elementary reactions, we can tell how it has made a prediction, and why, simply by following the sequence of elementary reaction steps involved. In our experience, even if Reaction Predictor mis-identifies the final target using elementary reaction steps, the structures frequently provide sufficient insight to propose plausible pathways and products.

Finally, we demonstrate a promising LSTM-based approach to predicting reactive sites based solely on SMILES strings. This could be used in future work to complement and improve the existing MLP-based source/sink filters. Ultimately we expect Reaction Predictor will continue to improve over time as new opportunities for refinement are identified, and as more training data becomes available.

CHAPTER 5: Prediction of Nucleophilicity and Electrophilicity using Methyl Cation Affinity and Methyl Anion Affinity

Introduction

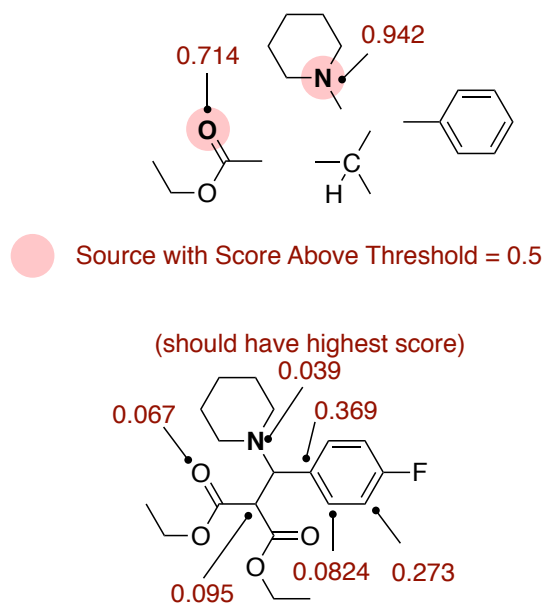
As described in chapter 4, reaction predictor works through a system of 4 steps as follows: 1. Enumerate all possible electron sources and electron sinks within the input reactant molecules. 2. Filter the list of candidate sources and sinks, predicting a smaller list containing only the most reactive sources and sinks. 3. Propose reactions by enumerating all combinations of source-sink pairings. 4. Rank the proposed reactions by favorability. Reaction predictor can reiterate through these steps to string multiple mechanisms together.

The first two parts of the system deal with ranking sources and sinks. The system learns what is a good source and what is a good sink through the training reactions. Each training reaction is an individual mechanistic step. The system essentially learns what is a good source or sink through pattern matching. One limitation of using this method is that the system is not able to pick up on the relative nucleophilicity and electrophilicity of sources and sinks because it learns only if a source and sink has been seen before. For instance, if the system has seen many electrophilic aromatic substitutions and many amine nucleophiles, it will give both of these reactants similar source scores. Toluene and piperdine would be ranked similarly, even though these molecules have drastically different reactivities.

The system ranks sources and sinks from a scale of 0 to 1. Generally any source or sink above 0.5 is considered a source or sink respectively. Another issue is that sometimes the system will rank sources or sinks lower than they are supposed to based upon varying substitution patterns. As seen in Figure 5-1, a simple tertiary amine gives a source ranking

of 0.942, which is a very good. When more substitution is added to the molecule a similar amine now has a source ranking of 0.039 even though it should have the highest source ranking.

Figure 5-1: Source Rankings



Because of the two issues describe above, having a method to easily rank and quantify the reactivity of sources and sinks would be of great use for reaction predictor. In addition, having a complete and quantitative scale of electrophilicities and nucleophilicities would greatly empower new students of organic chemistry as well as experienced practitioners in the field. Organic chemistry is taught using a canonical set of functional groups. To a first order approximation, prediction of polar chemical reactivity rests on the deceptively simple act of quantifying the nucleophilicity and electrophilicity of every functional group that is present in the reactants. After over almost century of study,²⁴⁶ we still lack the ability to quantify and rank the nucleophilicity and electrophilicity of all the

canonical organic functional groups, ranging from C-C bonds to naked alkyl anions, in any reference environment (gas phase or solvent system).

This chapter describes two simple computational methods, methyl cation affinity and methyl anion affinity, to estimate the nucleophilicity and electrophilicity of the canonical organic functional groups. The work in this chapter was almost exclusively done by Dr. Van Vranken and I with help from Dora Kadish and Amin Tavakoli.

Reactivity Scales

Countless researchers over the years have taken kinetic measurements but few have tried to development reactivity scales to quantify the nucleophilicity and electrophilicity of molecules.²⁴⁷ The first researchers to quantify reactivity on a scale were Swain and Scott in 1953.²⁴⁸ They became famous for developing the Swain-Scott equation, $\log(k/k_0) = sn$, where k is the reaction rate of the interested nucleophile, k_0 is the reaction rate of the reference nucleophile, s is a sensitivity term specific to each electrophile, and n is the nucleophilicity of the interested nucleophile. Typically CH_3Br in water was used as the reference electrophile ($s = 1$), so the equation was used to compare the rates of reactions of $\text{S}_\text{n}2$ reactions. From the form of the equation it can be seen that nucleophilicity can change depending on the reference electrophile used.

Since $\text{p}K_\text{a}$ data is measured easily for many molecules, Edwards came up with a four-parameter equation, $\log(k/k_{\text{H}_2\text{O}}) = \beta\text{H} + \alpha\text{E}$, based upon the basicity (H) and polarizability (E) of the nucleophile in 1954.^{249,250} α and β change with respect to each electrophile. This equation did not find widespread application possibility because of the tedious method of introducing multiple parameters. Although it may seem obvious, Parker demonstrated that solvation can increase the rates of nucleophilicity by up to 10^8 .²⁵¹ For instance, the

hydrogen bonding of a polar solvent like water can have drastically different effects than an aprotic solvent.

Ritchie developed the Ritchie equation, $\log(k/k_0) = N_+$, in 1972.²⁵² It is notable because it is a constant selectivity relationship. This means that relative nucleophilicity did not change based upon the electrophile. It should be noted that Ritchie only measured nucleophiles against trityl, diazonium, and tropylium cations. Ritchie later showed that there is slightly better correlations when each electrophile is treated separately but over the 13 orders of magnitude he measured nucleophilicity, the equation still gave good first approximations.²⁵³

In 1994, Herbert Mayr introduced the Mayr equation, which has become the gold standard in reactivity scales. Mayr and coworkers developed independent scales of nucleophilicity and electrophilicity for a wide range of polar compounds and a powerful equation for prediction of reaction rate constants: $\log k_{20^\circ} = s_N s_E (E + N)$, where E and N are log-scale electrophilicity and log-scale nucleophilicity parameters, respectively, which can be plotted on a useful scale of reactivity order.^{254,255} Mayr and his team determined Mayr E parameters for over 300 electrophiles and within that range s_E is sufficiently close to unity that it could be neglected. Mayr N parameters and nucleophile-specific parameters s_N have been reported for over 1100 nucleophile/solvent combinations, with far more diversity than the electrophilic functional groups. In addition to being the most expansive and accurate set of kinetic measurements, these parameters are readily available and organized online in one place.²⁵⁶

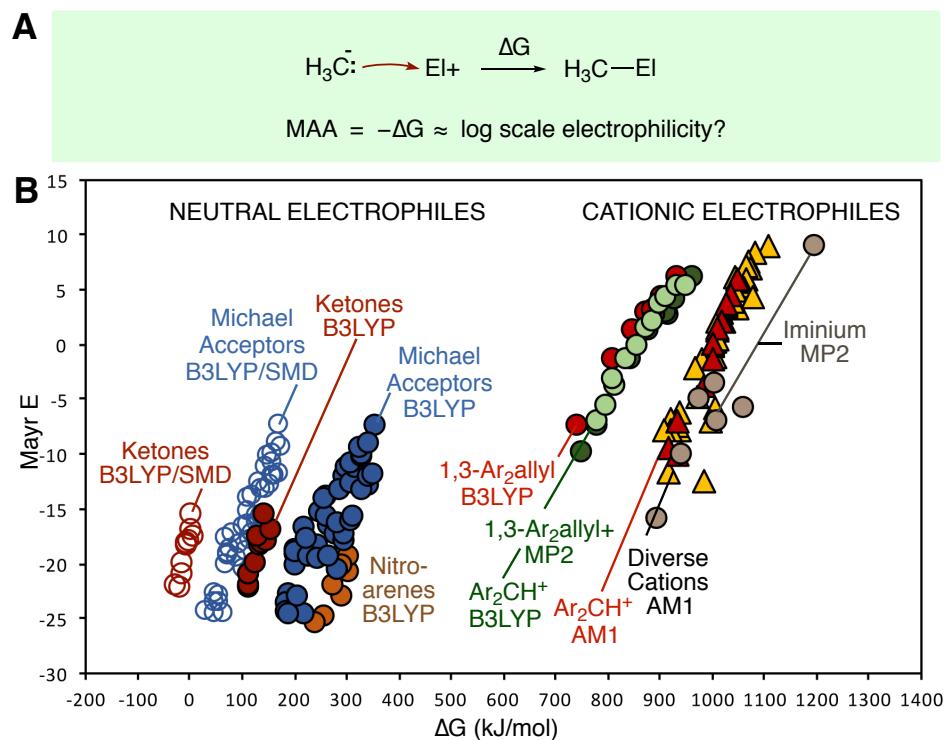
Electrophilicity and Methyl Anion Affinity

As long as the s_E parameter is at unity, the Mayr equation states that electrophilicity is independent of nucleophilicity. The success of the Mayr equation centers around a focus on reactions that form bonds to carbon atoms, not, for example, Cs—O or F—Ge bonds; but a focus on carbon is not a significant limitation in the field of organic chemistry. The current set of electrophilicity parameters spans about 33 orders of magnitude and does not encompass highly reactive nor unreactive groups that serve as the pedagogical foundation for the field of organic chemistry: for example, *t*-butyl carbocation, ester carbonyls, amide carbonyls, acid chlorides, imines, alkyl halides, and carbon-carbon bonds.

The methyl anion is unhindered and supremely nucleophilic making it an ideal reference nucleophile for quantifying electrophilicity. It combines the negative charge of a hard nucleophile with the modest electronegativity of a carbon atom. Methyl anion affinity (figure 5-2A) should be related to the Mayr E parameter through a classical linear free energy relationship: $-\Delta G \propto \log k \propto \text{Mayr } E$ when s_E is 1. In early work, Mayr and Houk showed that calculated methyl anion affinity (AM1 H_f , gas phase) gives good linear correlation with the Mayr electrophilicity (Mayr E) for various cations: carbenium, iminium, and oxonium ions (Figure 5-2B).^{257,258} It is promising that these diverse cationic electrophiles fall on the same line. Subsequent work focused on individual functional groups but no attempt was made to correlate MAA with Mayr E for both neutral and cationic electrophiles. At higher levels of theory (MP2 and B3LYP), calculated methyl anion affinities also correlate linearly with Mayr electrophilicity for other classes of electrophiles: diarylallyl,^{259,260} benzhydryl cations,²⁶⁰ and azacarbenium ions.²⁶¹ Mayr and coworkers have also shown that neutral electrophiles such as ketones,²⁶² Michael acceptors,²⁶³ and

nitroarenes²⁶⁴ give good linear correlation between calculated MAAs and Mayr E. In theory, the common slope of these lines should correlate with $1/S_N$ for a methyl anion.

Figure 5-2: Previous correlations of MAA with Mayr E. **(A)** MAA is defined as the negative of the free energy change for reaction of H_3C^- with electrophiles so that higher affinity correlates intuitively with higher energy, and higher kinetic electrophilicity. **(B)** Calculated MAA vs Mayr E generated lines that were dramatically different for neutral and cationic electrophiles. At higher levels of theory, different functional groups give different linear correlations.



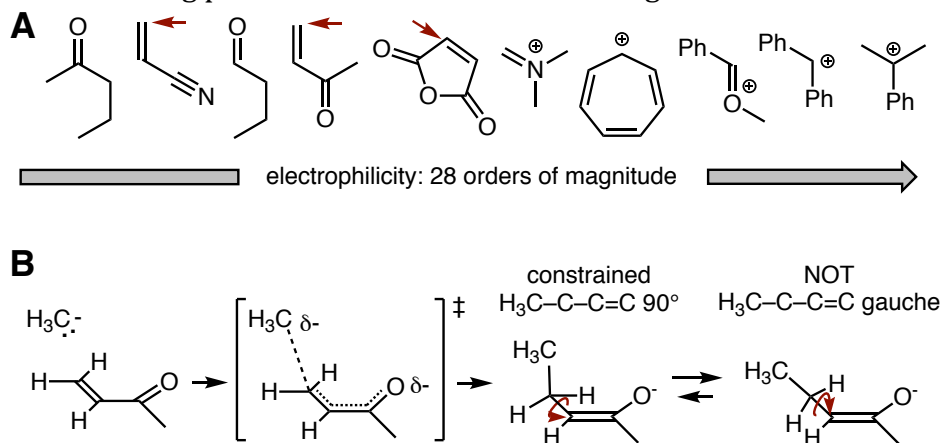
At all levels of theory, the correlation between MAA and Mayr E are linear with similar slopes but it is sobering to see that, even at high levels of theory, different classes of functional groups such as ketones, Michael acceptors, nitroarenes, benzhydryl cations, allyl cations, and azacarbenium ions, fall on *different* lines, suggesting that it may be impossible to broadly correlate MAA with Mayr E across all of the canonical functional groups in organic chemistry. The SMD solvation model (DMSO) improves the linear correlation but did not lead to convergence of the lines for ketones and enones (Figure 5-2B). It is unclear

if any theoretical treatment can be used to correlate the calculated methyl anion affinity with the solution phase electrophilicity of canonical organic functional groups.

Electrophilicity Results and Discussion

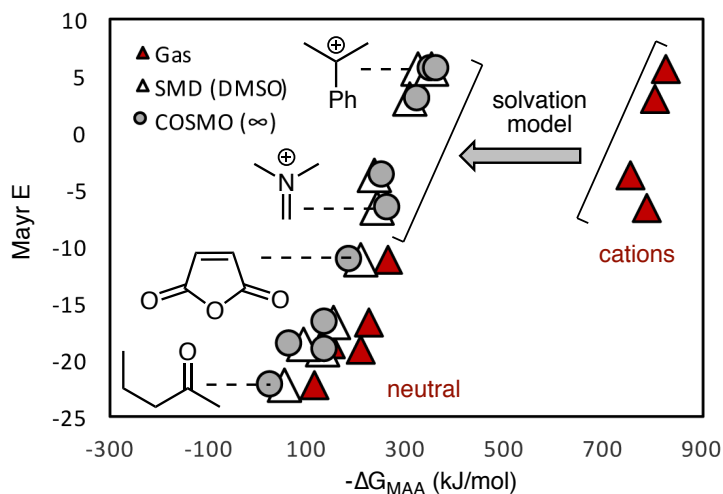
Solvation Improves Correlation of MAA* with Electrophilicity. We set out to compare the COSMO(∞) solvation model with SMD(DMSO) for calculation of MAAs that would correlate with electrophilicity. For this study, we chose a functionally diverse test set of electrophilic species that span almost the entire range of experimentally determined Mayr E parameters (Figure 5-3A): cumyl cation,²⁶⁵ benzhydryl cation,²⁶⁶ methoxyphenylmethylium cation,²⁶⁷ tropylium ion,²⁶⁷ dimethylmethyleammonium cation,²⁶⁷ maleic anhydride,²⁶⁸ methyl vinyl ketone,²⁶³ butanal,²⁶⁹ acrylonitrile,²⁶³ and pentan-2-one.²⁶² We restricted the product geometries to idealized transition state-like conformations. For example, methyl vinyl ketone was constrained to the *S*-cis conformation and newly formed H₃C—C bond in the product was constrained to be 90° to the original enone pi system, instead of the lower energy gauche conformation that minimizes A_{1,3} strain (Figure 5-3B). For most electrophiles, the minimized product geometries tend to be geometrically and energetically similar to the transition state geometries.

Figure 5-3: The test set. **(A)** Test set of electrophiles for which Mayr has reported experimental E parameters. Arrows show sites of attack. **(B)** MAAs were calculated by restricting products to transition state-like geometries.



The correlation between MAA and Mayr E is particularly poor when both neutral and cationic electrophiles are compared (Figure 5-4). When COSMO(∞) was used in the calculation of methyl anion affinity, the MAA gave surprisingly good linear correlation with Mayr E across both cationic and neutral electrophiles. Unexpectedly, on the full scale of measured Mayr E parameters, the SMD(DMSO) solvation was about as good as COSMO(∞) (R^2 0.95 vs 0.96, respectively) for calculation of MAAs that correlate with experimental electrophilicity although the correlation was not quite as good for aldehydes and ketones. **Going forward, we define MAA* as a methyl anion affinity calculated with a solvation model** to distinguish it from the traditional notion of a gas phase methyl anion affinity (MAA). MAA*s calculated with PBE0(dis)/def2-TZVP²⁷⁰ gave about the same or better (R^2 0.97 vs. 0.96) linear correlation with Mayr electrophilicity compared to B3LYP/6-311++G(3df,2pd) but was significantly faster and was used for all subsequent calculations of MAA*s.

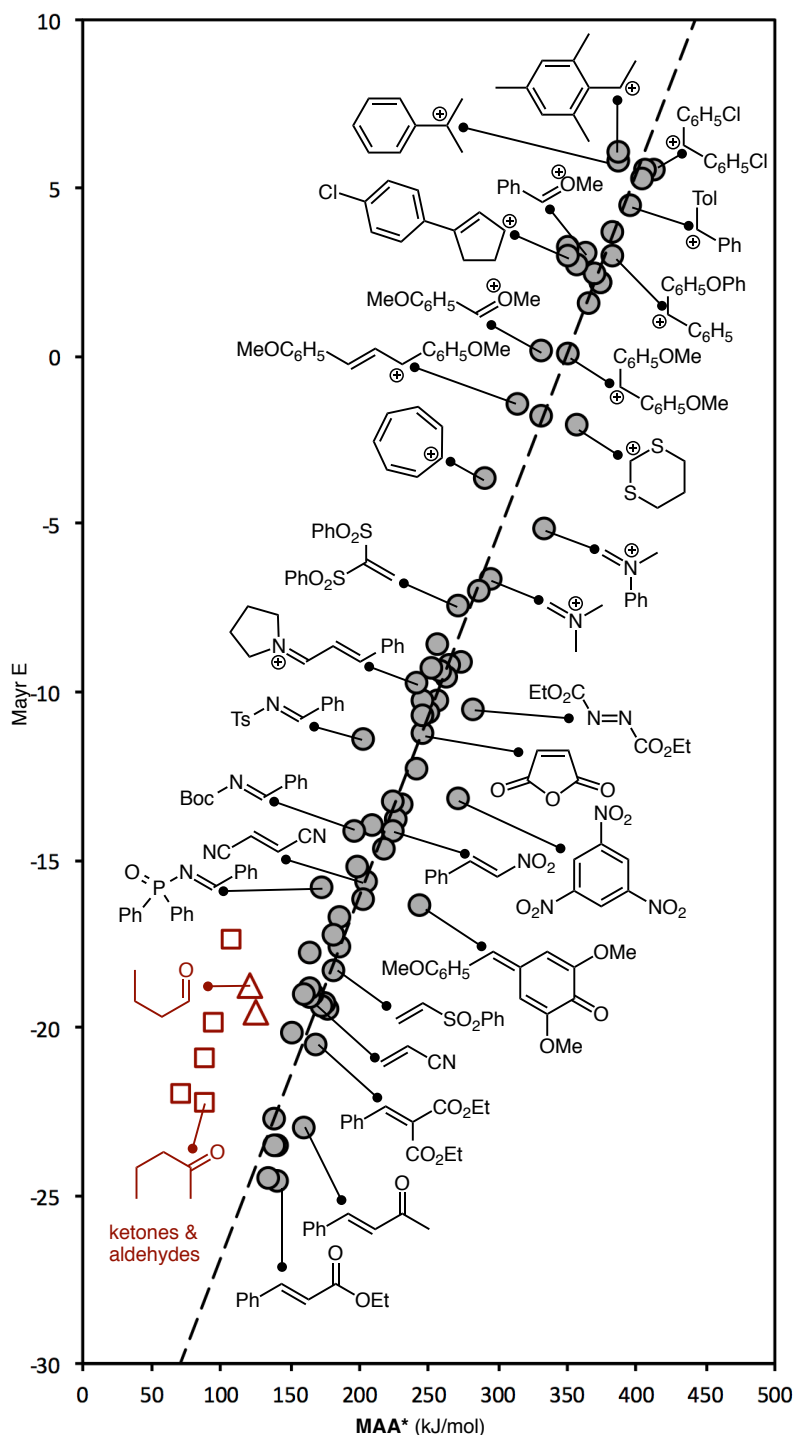
Figure 5-4: Solvation models lead to correlation of MAA with Mayr E. Inclusion of a solvation model like SMD or COSMO leads to good linear correlation between calculated MAA and Mayr E for both cationic and neutral functional groups.



MAA* Correlates with Mayr E Across A Broad Range of Electrophiles. Having shown that MAA*s correlate well with the Mayr E parameter for the test set of ten electrophiles, we set out to extend that analysis to a much fuller set of structurally diverse electrophiles. To date, Mayr and Ofial, have reported Mayr E parameters for over 319 electrophiles.²⁷¹ These include molecules from over 30 different classes of functional groups: i) empty p orbitals with p conjugation: benzylic carbenium ions,^{265-267,272-277} allyl cations,^{259,267} and the tropylium ion²⁶⁷ ii) empty p* orbitals: ketones,²⁶² aldehydes,^{267,269} iminium ions,^{267,278} oxacarbenium ions,²⁶⁷ sulfacarbenium ions,²⁶⁷ acyl imines,²⁶⁹ tosyl imines,²⁶⁹ phosphoryl imines,²⁶⁹ quinone methides,^{279,280} indolylmethylium ions,^{281,282} alpha,beta-unsaturated ketones,^{263,269,283-285} acrylates,²⁶³ acrylamides,²⁶³ cinnamates,²⁶³ acrylonitriles,²⁶³ alkylidenemalonates and related compounds,²⁸⁶⁻²⁸⁸ maleates and related compounds,²⁶⁸ alkylidene malonitriles,²⁶⁸ nitrostyrenes,²⁸⁹ cinnamyliminium ion derivatives,²⁹⁰⁻²⁹⁴ benzylidene malonitriles,²⁹⁵ quinones,^{296,297} sulfone acceptors,^{263,298,299} electrophilic arenes,³⁰⁰⁻³⁰³ azocarboxylates^{304,305} iii) empty s* orbitals: chlorinating agents

(S_{C-Cl}^*),³⁰⁶ electrophilic fluorinating agents (S_{N-F}^*),³⁰⁷ and electrophilic trifluoromethylsulfenylating agents (S_{X-S}^*)³⁰⁸ Cationic pi-metal complexes^{267,272,309,310} can be represented as empty p orbitals or empty σ^* . We selected 75 of the 319 molecules (28 out of 32 functional groups) in the Mayr-Ofial database in an attempt to capture as many of the common canonical functional groups in organic chemistry as possible, excluding cationic pi-metal complexes, chlorinating, fluorinating, and sulfenylating reagents that react through S_N2 -like processes as discussed below. MAA^* was found to correlate linearly with the Mayr E parameters for nearly all of the functional groups, including the most reactive electrophiles (e.g., 1-(mesityl)ethenium ion, $E = 6.04$) and the least reactive electrophiles (e.g., cinnamionitrile, $E = -24.60$) (Figure 5-5). As discussed below, aldehydes and ketones are a notable exception to this linear correlation and were not used in the linear regression (R^2 0.97); the mean absolute error for Mayr E was ± 1.2 . Inclusion of an additional term for $(E_{HOMO}-E_{LUMO})^{-1}$ did not change R^2 .

Figure 5-5: Correlation between experimental parameters and theory. There is good correlation between calculated MAA* (PBE0/def2-TZVP COSMO(∞)) and Mayr E parameter across a broad range of organic electrophiles.



No Mayr E parameter has ever been reported for an S_N2 displacement reaction at carbon although Mayr has reported E parameters for electrophiles in three other types of

displacement reactions: chlorination by attack on Cl-C bonds, fluorination by attack on F-N bonds, and (trifluoromethyl)sulfonylation. Mayr has noted that “deviations are expected for S_N2 type reactions, where making one s-bond is coupled with breaking another s-bond.”²⁶⁷ E and s_E parameters can be estimated based on published kinetic data for S_N2 attack on $CH_3S^+R_2$ ($E = -10$),³¹¹ CH_3I ($E = -23$)³¹¹ and CH_3Br ($E = -22$)³¹² in protic solvents and for CH_3I ($E = -17$),³¹³ in DMSO but the resulting E and s_E values are less reliable for calculation of rates than for other types of electrophiles.³¹³ Thus, it is not surprising that a plot of MAA^* versus these renegade E parameters does not fall on the same line as the other types of electrophiles for which E values have been vetted, even after correction for translational entropy differences³¹⁴ and distortion energies.³¹⁵ It is ironic that the relative reactivity of S_N2 substrates, long studied with linear free energy relationships,³¹² remains among the most pressing issues of our time in the field of physical organic chemistry.

Deviations from the MAA^* -Mayr E Line Suggest a Deviation from Typical Depictions. The utility of quantifying electrophilicity using MAA^* is that the simplistic definition of methyl anion affinity matches the over-simplified representations used throughout the field of organic chemistry. When the common arrow-pushing depiction for addition to an electrophile matches the solution-phase mechanism, the point for that electrophile should lie on the line for MAA^* v Mayr E ; but any solution effects – such as hydrogen-bonding, metal coordination, or aggregation – that accelerate reactions will lead to points above the line. Likewise, any solution effects that retard reactions will lead to points below the line. Even when MAA^* is calculated with a solvent model, carbonyls are above the line by five to six log units. Attempts to model addition of the simplest of nucleophiles such as H_2O ³¹⁶ or NH_3 ³¹⁷ to the simplest carbonyl, formaldehyde, are not

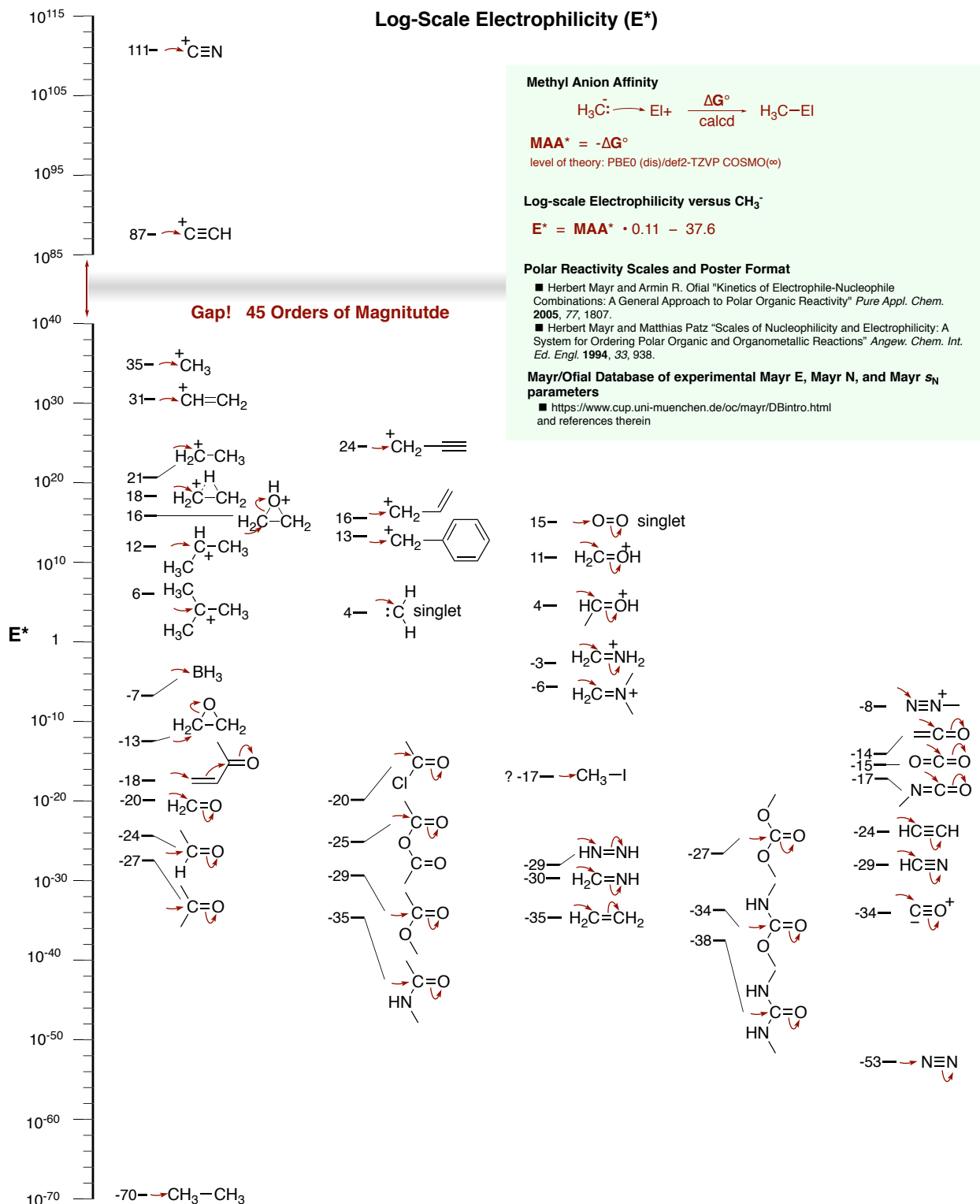
consistent with a bimolecular addition to form a simple unstable zwitterionic tetrahedral intermediate.³¹⁸ As with addition of organometallic reagents,^{319,320} realistic models of carbonyl addition require Brønsted or Lewis acid interactions with the carbonyl oxygen. The Mayr E parameters for aldehydes and ketones were determined in the presence of K⁺ and *t*-BuOH. Which value best reveals the “electrophilicity” of a carbonyl group: the MAA*, which matches the common arrow-pushing depiction or a Mayr E parameter determined in the presence of species that are not depicted? After philosophical reflection one should answer: both. That is the only way to evaluate the difference between what we draw and what is going on in solution. We use the abbreviation E* for log-scale electrophilicity parameters derived from MAA* in order to distinguish it from the Mayr E parameters established in solution phase experiments.

Quantifying the Reactivity of the Canonical Electrophiles on the Mayr Scale.

With good confidence in the linear correlation between MAA* (PBE0/def2-TZVP COSMO(∞)) and our quantitative notion of functional group electrophilicity, we were then motivated to calculate MAA*s for unsubstituted canonical electrophiles (Figure 5-6). To the extent that methyl anion affinity, calculated with solvation, correlates with solution phase reactivity we begin to glimpse the breathtaking range of electrophilicity for canonical organic functional groups, as commonly depicted with arrow-pushing representations, on the scale of the Mayr E parameter. The diverse electrophiles on the E* scale are valuable because they allow us to make non-obvious predictions about electrophilicity. For example, electrophilicity is easy to rank when lower π^* LUMO and higher polarity go hand in hand as in the case of C=O versus C=C, but what about the electrophilicity of C=O versus N=N? The

E* values suggest that electrophilicity will follow the trend: C=O (-20) > N=N(-29.1) ~ C=N (-29.5) > C=C (-35).

Figure 5-6: Log scale E^* for the Canonical Electrophiles in Organic Chemistry. Prediction of log scale electrophilicity E^* for the full range of canonical electrophiles based on MAA^* .



Armed with quantitative estimates of electrophilicity, we are forced to confront the fact that E^* for triple bonds follows the opposite trend of double bonds.³²¹ Everyone knows that nitrogen exhibits low electrophilicity; the surprise is that $C\equiv C$ triple bonds seem to be more electrophilic than a $C\equiv N$ triple bond in the order $N\equiv N$ ($E^*=-53$) < $HC\equiv N$ ($E^*=-29$) < $HC\equiv CH$ ($E^*=-24$) and $MeC\equiv N$ ($E^*=-34$) < $MeC\equiv CH$ ($E^*=-26$). These series are more consistent with the costs of bond enthalpy than an enhancement related to bond polarity. The addition of metal alkoxides and related nucleophiles to $HC\equiv CH$ at high temperature is well known^{322,323} but it will never be easy to quantify the rate of unassisted addition to $RC\equiv CH$ or RCN in solution due to the tendency toward deprotonation, hydrogen bonding, and oligomerization.^{324,325} Further experimental studies may help to shed light on the surprisingly high E^* values for alkynes relative to nitriles.

Accuracy and Relevance of Electrophilicity Quantified by E^* . Mayr E parameters can be used to predict solution phase rate constants for combinations of electrophiles and nucleophiles within two orders of magnitude; no such utility is yet claimed for E^* parameters estimated from MAA^* – that merits further study – but the linear relationship between MAA^* and Mayr E seems compelling. If the linearity holds and the distribution is normal, then the furthest reaches of predicted electrophilicity, from H_3C-CH_3 to $+C\equiv N$ range from E^* of $-70 (\pm 3)$ to $+111 (\pm 5)$ at a 95% confidence level. The structure of the Mayr equation, $\log k_{20^\circ} = s_N s_E (E + N)$ suggests that a truly independent scale of nucleophilicity and electrophilicity may be out of reach for some classes of polar reactions, such as S_N2 . Approaches involving deep learning could allow us to make predictions based on complex non-linear structure-reactivity relationships.³²⁶⁻³²⁸

What is the significance of electrophiles that cannot be studied in solution? Reactions of the canonical methyl cation,³²⁹ H_3C^+ and even the supremely reactive cyanide cation ($^+\text{C}\equiv\text{N}$)³³⁰ have been studied in gas phase experiments. Singlet methylenide,³³¹ and vinyl, ethyl and propargyl cations have been identified in atmospheres within our solar system and in interstellar environments.³³² Allyl cation and less reactive carbenium ions have been studied in solution on our own planet under superacid conditions.³³³ Understanding the kinetic electrophilicity of these species on a common scale inspires us to think about their potential reactivity on Earth and beyond.

Electrophilicity Conclusion

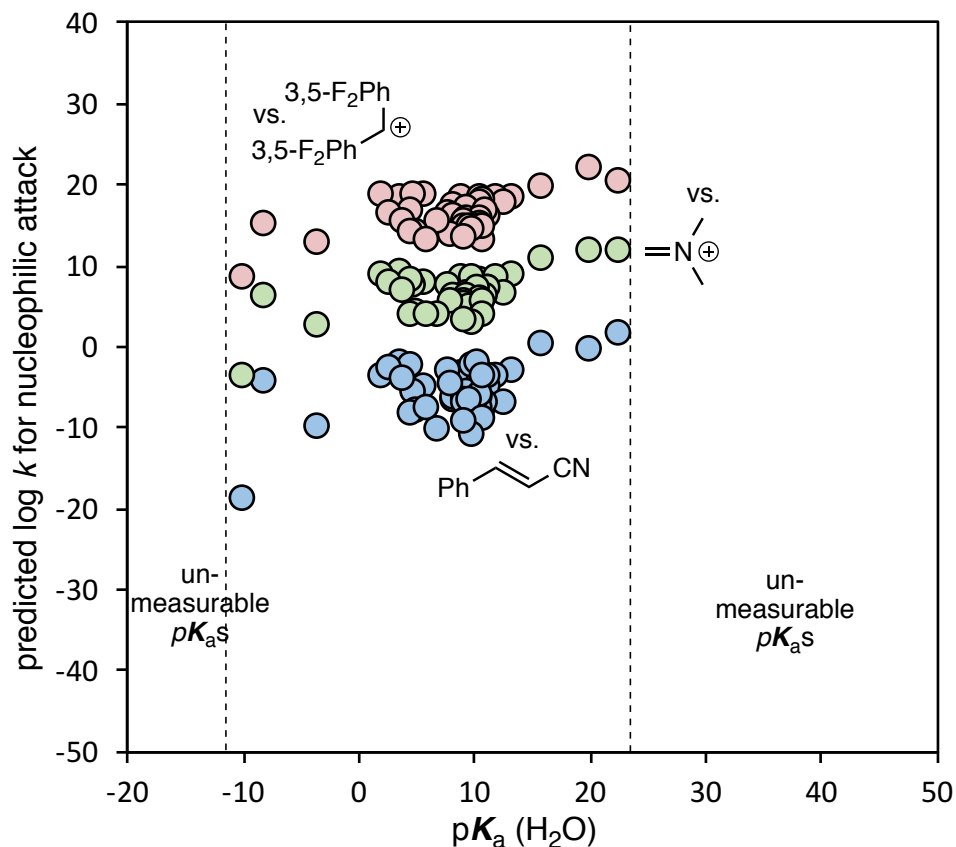
The linear correlation of MAA^* with experimental Mayr E allows one to contrast the simple arrow-pushing mechanisms depicted in textbooks with the true mechanisms in solution. Using MAA^* we are able to estimate the log scale electrophilicity (E^*) of the canonical organic functional groups, covering a staggering range of 180 orders of magnitude. More such experimental determinations of Mayr E parameters are needed to better appreciate the differences between depiction and reality.

Nucleophilicity and Methyl Cation Affinity

An abundance of readily available titration data leads most organic chemists to estimate nucleophilicity using $\text{p}K_{\text{a}}\text{s}$ (a Brønsted relationship), because the expediency of a one-parameter nucleophilicity correlation often outweighs the accuracy afforded by additional parameters such as those in the four-parameter Edwards equation that are not readily available.^{334,335} A major limitation of a one-parameter Brønsted relationship is that experimental $\text{p}K_{\text{a}}\text{s}$ can not be directly measured for functional groups far less acidic than the solvent or far more acidic than the conjugate acid of the solvent.^{336,337,338} Moreover,

even when pK_a s can be accurately calculated, the correlation with nucleophilicity is poor (Figure 5-7), as shown in a plot of pK_a (H_2O) versus $\log k$ for nucleophilic addition;^{339,340} the correlation is comparable poor using pK_a s measured in DMSO.

Figure 5-7: Equilibrium pK_a s correlate poorly ($R^2 = 0.33$) with nucleophilicity, estimated from the Mayr equation, regardless of electrophile.



Mayr and coworkers developed independent scales of nucleophilicity and electrophilicity for a wide range of polar compounds and a powerful equation for prediction of reaction rate constants: $\log k_{20^\circ} = s_N s_E (E + N)$, where E and N are log-scale electrophilicity and log-scale nucleophilicity parameters, respectively, which can be plotted on a useful scale of reactivity order.^{341,342} Mayr and his team determined Mayr E parameters for over 300 electrophiles and within that range s_E is sufficiently close to unity that it could be neglected. Mayr N parameters and nucleophile-specific parameters s_N have

been reported for over 1100 nucleophile/solvent combinations, with far more diversity than the electrophilic functional groups. These parameters are readily available,³⁴³ yet for chemists looking for the nucleophilicity of a free alkyl anion, an amide oxygen, or a carbon-carbon bond, the necessary Mayr N and S_N parameters seem far out of reach.

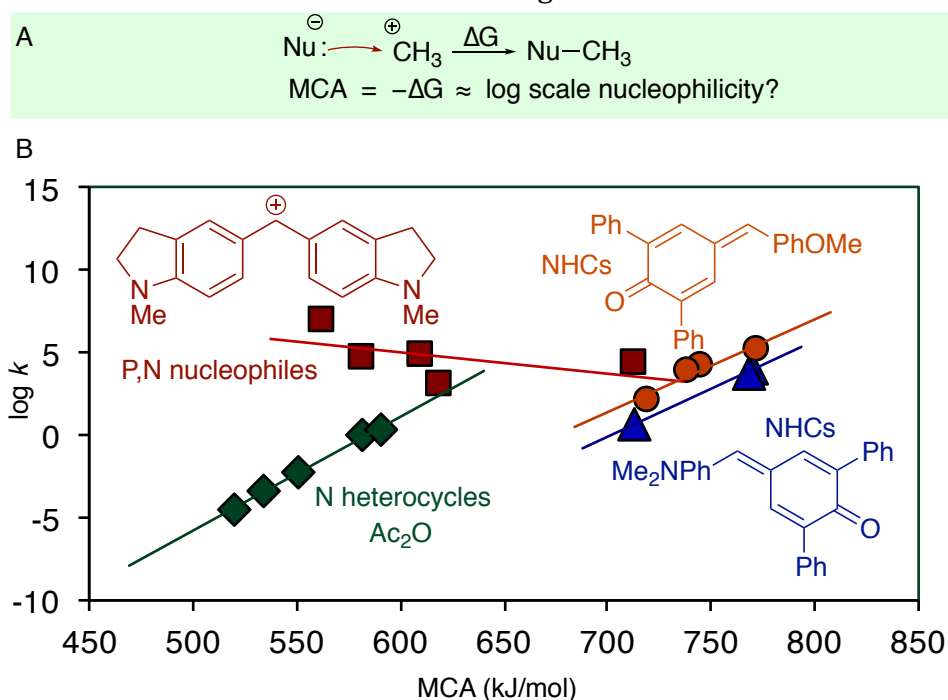
The first part of this chapter described the use of methyl anion affinity (MAA*), calculated with a continuum solvation model, to predict log scale electrophilicity (E^*) consistent with the Mayr scale. Based on the readily calculated MAA* values, we were able to estimate a range of electrophilicities for functional groups ranging from a C-C bond to a CN cation, spanning 180 orders of magnitude. The success of this correlation invites a similar exploration of the relationship between methyl cation affinities and nucleophilicity.

Does Methyl Cation Affinity Correlate with Nucleophilic Addition Rates? Methyl cation affinities (MCAs) are related to methyl transfer affinities introduced by Hine and Weimar in 1965.³⁴⁴ MCAs have been shown to give good correlation with nucleophilicity. In 1983, Pellerite and Brauman correlated the methyl cation affinities of eight anionic nucleophiles (Br^- , Cl^- , AcO^- , CD_3S^- , $t\text{-BuO}^-$, MeO^- , HCC^-) with the intrinsic barriers for S_N2 displacement of methyl halides in the gas phase.³⁴⁵ Calculated MCAs^{346,347} have been tabulated for organocatalysts within narrow ranges of nucleophilic functional groups: substituted phosphines³⁴⁸, amines and 4-aminopyridines,³⁴⁹ and sterically hindered pyridines.³⁵⁰

When MCA is defined as the negative of the free energy change for reaction of H_3C^+ with nucleophiles, higher affinity correlates intuitively with higher energy and higher kinetic nucleophilicity (Figure 5-8A). Attempts have been made to correlate calculated MCAs for nucleophilic organocatalysis with rate constants (Figure 5-8B). In 2008, Zipse and

coworkers showed that calculated methyl cation affinities of pyridine derivatives correlate with the $\log k$ for Steglich acylations, where addition of the amine to the carbonyl is rate-determining.³⁵¹ They also showed that calculated MCAs of pyridines, tertiary amines, amidines, and phosphine organocatalysts correlate well with $\log k_{\text{obs}}$ in Baylis-Hillman reactions. However, it is worth noting that in the Baylis-Hillman reaction, the reversible³⁵² nucleophilic addition of the amine catalyst to the enone is a thermodynamic phenomenon, like MCA, and not a kinetic effect like a rate-determining irreversible addition of an amine to an electrophile.³⁵³

Figure 5-8: Broad Correlation of MCA with log-Scale Nucleophilicity Never Seemed Promising.



For p-quinone methide electrophiles it was shown that MCAs seem to correlate with the $\log k_{\text{rel}}$ for reactions catalyzed by N-heterocyclic carbenes^{354,355} but not with the $\log k_{\text{rel}}$ of the sterically diverse nucleophiles DBU, DABCO, 4-DMAP and triphenylphosphine.^{356,357} Taken together, there seems to be good correlation between MCAs and $\log k$ for each class

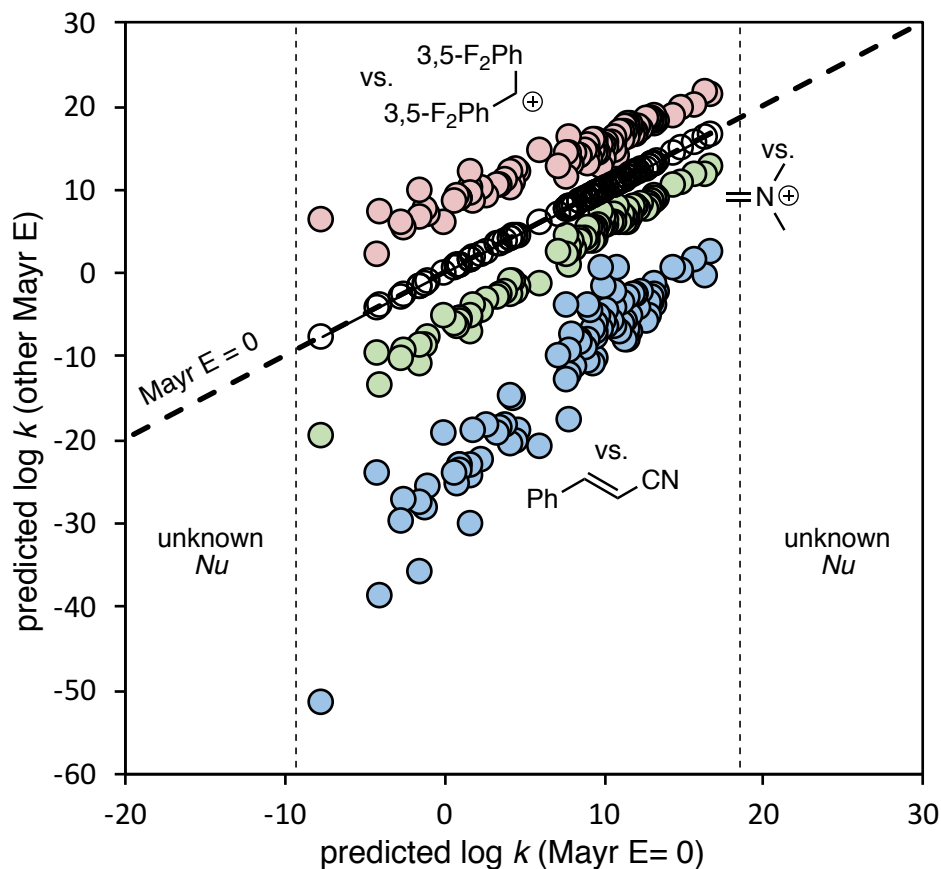
of nucleophiles as long as the electrophile is similar, but there is poor correlation across different classes of nucleophiles (Figure 5-8B).

How Does One Choose a Reference Scale for Nucleophilicity? There is no such thing as a nucleophilicity scale because relative and absolute nucleophilicities are dependent on the electrophile (Figure 5-9). Mayr has previously noted the existence of a nucleophilicity scale versus an electrophile with $E = 0$ (for the bis-4-methoxyphenylmethylation) where the Mayr equation simplifies to $\log k_{20} = N \bullet s_N = Nu^{358}$. Mayr notes the superiority of a floating scale that varies with each electrophile for accurate calculation of $\log k$. Strict adherence to experimental N , s_N , and E parameters imposes limitations on the range of measurable nucleophilicities. It is challenging to determine nucleophilicity parameters for nucleophiles less reactive than solvent; ironically, it is also challenging to determine nucleophilicity parameters for highly reactive nucleophiles, which must be paired with electrophiles that tend to be less reactive than solvent. These challenges have been well met by Mayr and his dedicated team, yet we still seem far from knowing the nucleophilicity of highly reactive methyl anions or highly unreactive nucleophiles such as nitrogen gas.

If nucleophilicity were *independent* of electrophile then a plot of $\log k$ against one electrophile versus $\log k$ against another nucleophile would be linear. That's not the case for $\log k$ values predicted from the Mayr equation which deviate from linearity (Figure 5-9). However, the correlation is sufficiently linear that, if one quantified nucleophilicity (Nu) versus the Mayr cation, it could provide insight into the relative nucleophilicity versus other electrophiles – a strategy employed with pK_a s (Figure 5-7). We set out to estimate the

nucleophilicities of the canonical organic nucleophiles (*Nu*) on the Mayr scale versus $E=0$ using methyl cation affinity.

Figure 5-9: Nucleophilicity against the Mayr cation $(4\text{-MeOPh})_2\text{CH}^+$ correlates loosely with the nucleophilicity against other electrophiles, ranging from the most reactive electrophile characterized (3,3',5,5'-tetrafluoro-benzhydryl cation, Mayr $E = +8$), to a rather average electrophile (*N,N*-dimethyliminium, Mayr $E = -7$) to the least reactive electrophile characterized (*E*-cinnamitrile, Mayr $E = -25$)



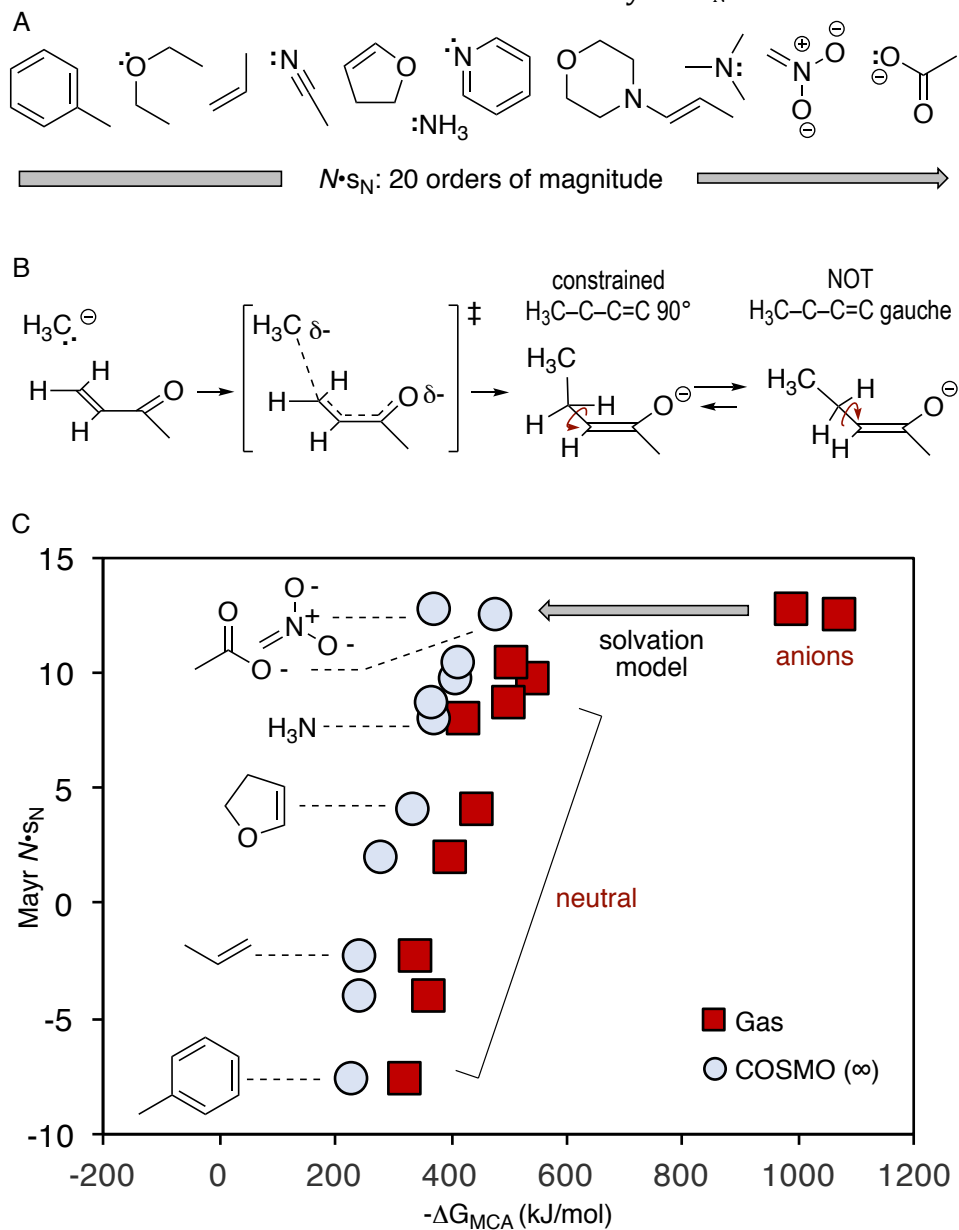
Why Choose Methyl Cation Affinity to Estimate Nucleophilicity toward a Benzhydryl Cation ($E=0$)? Methyl cation affinity has four advantages over benzhydryl cation affinity: i) computational economy, ii) minimization of entropic effects, iii) minimization of steric effects, iv) high reactivity. Firstly, in addition to the obvious computational economy resulting from smaller species, a methyl group has three fewer degrees of freedom than a benzhydryl group, facilitating the calculation of entropies. Thirdly

methyl cation is small and steric effects can easily dominate over the inherent nucleophilicity of a functional group.³⁵⁹ Finally, for a highly reactive electrophile like the methyl cation, the enthalpic barriers are negligible for nucleophilic addition. In this work we show that methyl cation affinity is a predictor of nucleophilicity, minimizing steric effects, on the Mayr scale for which Mayr E is 0.

Nucleophilicity Results and Discussion

Solvation Models are Essential for Correlation of MCA with Mayr $N \bullet s_N$. In our previous work we showed that PBE0(disp)/def2-TZVP COSMO(∞) gave the same or slightly better correlation between calculated methyl anion affinity (MAA) and Mayr E compared to B3LYP/6-311++G(3df,2pd) SMD(DMSO). Similarly, in this work, we chose a test set of eleven different nucleophiles spanning 20 orders of magnitude in nucleophilicity in $N \bullet s_N$. MCAs calculated with the PBE0 and B3LYP methods gave equally strong correlations with the experimental nucleophilicities (SMD $R^2 = 0.875$, COSMO $R^2 = 0.873$), so all further work was carried out with the faster PBE0 method (Figure 5-10). We define MCA* as a methyl anion affinity ($-\Delta G_{MCA}$) calculated with a solvation model in order to distinguish it from the traditional notion of a gas phase methyl cation affinity (MCA).

Figure 5-10: The Test Set. (A) Test set of electrophiles for which Mayr has reported experimental E parameters. Arrows show sites of attack. (B) MCAs were calculated by restricting products to transition state-like geometries. (C) A solvation models leads to correlation of MCA with Mayr $N \cdot s_N$.



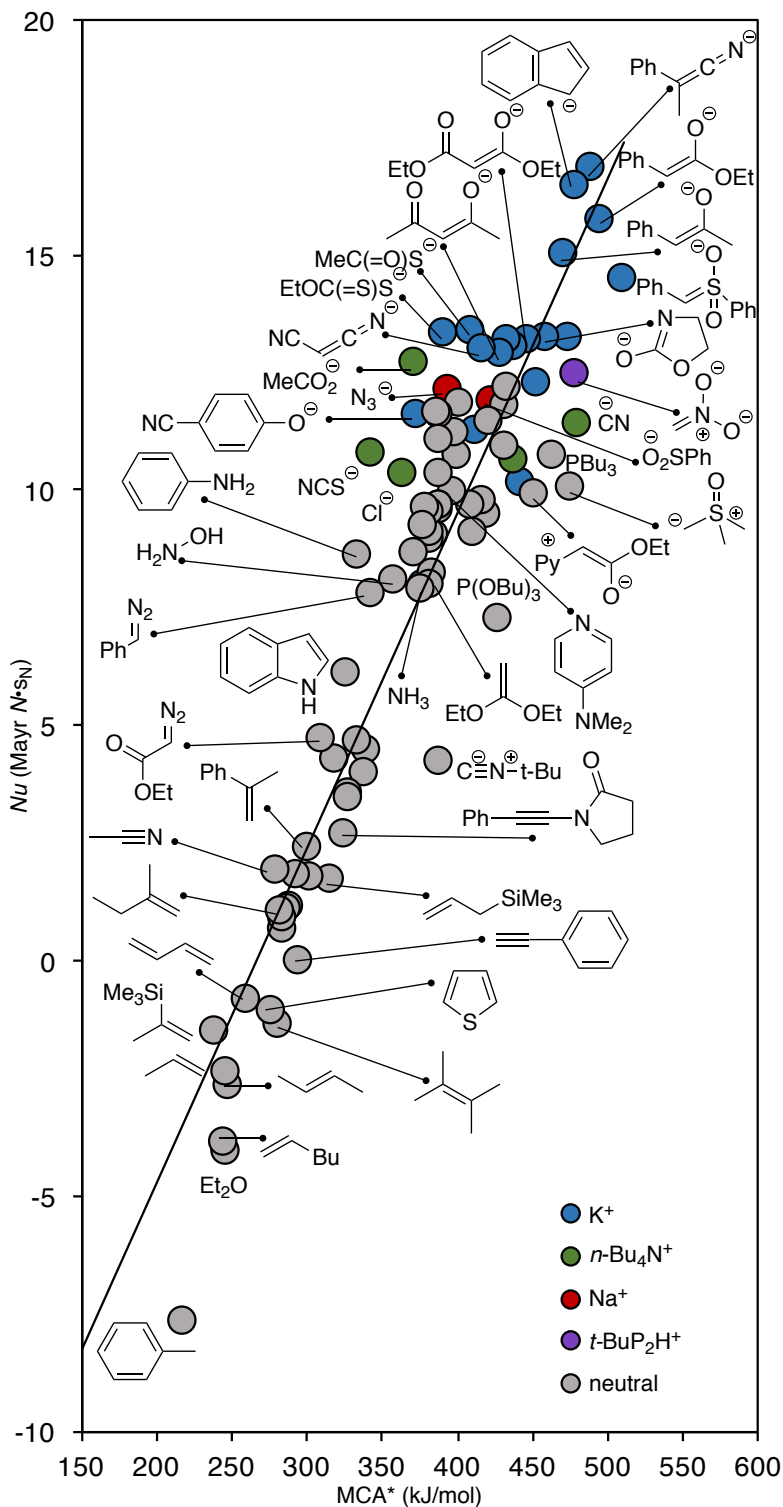
The Correlations Between MCA* and Nucleophilicity (Mayr $N \cdot s_N$). Having shown that MCA*s correlate well with the $N \cdot s_N$ term in the Mayr equation for the test set of eleven nucleophiles, we set out to extend that analysis to a much fuller set of structurally diverse nucleophiles. To date, Mayr and Ofial, have reported Mayr N and s_N parameters for over

1100 different nucleophile/solvent combinations – a much broader range of functional groups than the corresponding electrophiles. There is substantial redundancy in the set of measured nucleophiles (e.g., 73 aliphatic amines); they include molecules from over 60 general classes of functional groups.³⁶⁰ These functional groups include: i) non-bonding lone pairs: alkoxides, alcohols, ethers, carboxylates, peroxy anions, oxyhalites, amines, anilines, imines, azoles, hydrazines, hydroxylamines, pyridines, azide, nitrile, amidines and isothioureas, guanidines, cyanate anion, nitrite anion, sulfonyl carbanions, sulfonium ylides, sulfoxonium ylides, phosphorous ylides, N-heterocyclic carbenes, cyanide anion, isonitriles, thiolates, thiocyanate, sulfinate, thioacetate, xanthate, sulfite anion, phosphines, phosphites, halide anions; ii) π orbitals: alkenes, dienes, styrene, allylsilanes and related allylmetal species, vinylsilanes, arylboronates, benzenes, aromatic heterocycles, substituted enolates, stabilized enolates, enamines, enol ethers, *benzylic anions*, acetonitrile anion, organometallic complexes, nitronate anions, diazoalkanes, amide anions, carbamate anions, imide anions, alkynes, ynamides; and iii) σ orbitals: hydridoborates, hydridosilanes and related compounds, diazaphospholenium hydrides, alkylboronates, C-H bonds (in allylic, benzylic, alkoxyalkyl, beta-metallo compounds), and transition metal hydrides.

We selected 93 molecules from the Mayr-Ofial database encompassing the entire range of nucleophilicities, from the least reactive nucleophile toluene ($N\bullet_{SN} = -7.7$) to the most reactive nucleophile $\text{Ph}(\text{NC})\text{MeCK}$ ($N\bullet_{SN} = 16.8$). An attempt was made to capture as many of the common functional groups as possible but we excluded most of the inorganic anions, phosphonium ylides, and organometallic complexes. Where possible, we avoided parameters determined in protic solvents in order to minimize the effects of solvent reorganization that would require the inclusion of explicit solvent molecules in the MCA

calculations. Where possible, we also tried to avoid parameters associated with sterically demanding nucleophiles. The MCA calculations were meant to quantify the typical depictions of nucleophiles without explicit solvent interactions and without the effects of sterics. For this work, we avoided sigma donors in order to avoid issues of translational entropy arising from transformations that generate two products instead of one. MCA*s calculated for these nucleophiles were found to **correlate linearly with the Mayr nucleophilicity term $N \bullet s_N$** with a looser fit for the more reactive anionic nucleophiles (Figure 5-11).

Figure 5-11: The line. There is good correlation between calculated MCA* (PBE0/def2-TZVP COSMO(∞)) and Mayr $N\bullet s_N$ parameter across a broad range of organic nucleophiles.



Some Deviations from the MCA*-N•s_N Line Suggest a Deviation from Typical Depictions. The most dramatic outliers, between three and six orders of magnitude off the line, include: inorganic anions, N⁺-C⁻ ylides, select enolate anions, phenolate, anilines, and third-row nucleophiles.

Parameters for the many of the anionic nucleophiles were determined in the presence of K⁺ (blue), sometimes in the presence of 18-crown-6, *n*-Bu₄N⁺ (green) or Na⁺ (red) salts. In contrast, calculations were performed on structures without counter ions, as is commonly depicted. Arnett and coworkers established that stabilized enolates in DMSO react 26,000 times more slowly when paired with Na⁺, 600 times more slowly when paired with K⁺ and 1,100 times more slowly when paired with the non-coordinating counterion *n*-Bu₄N⁺.³⁶¹ These types of counterion effects are expected to lead to lower *N*•s_N than expected from MCA* for the naked anions.

In many cases, highly nucleophilic anions were generated with *t*-BuOK in situ. If the *t*-BuOH by-product hydrogen bonds to the nucleophile, then the measured *N*•s_N could be lower than expected from MCA* if explicit interactions with solvent are not accounted for by the solvation model.

Intrinsic barriers take into account a number of kinetic phenomena including counterion effects, solvent reorganization and geometric deformation. MCA* is intended to quantify the inherent nucleophilicity of canonical functional groups based on typical depictions without solvent molecules and without stabilizing counterions. MCA* captures the deformation that occurs in the nucleophilic addition to an sp² center to form an sp³ center; but the deformation that occurs at the point of attack in an S_N2 process, from sp³ in

the reactant to sp^2 in the transition state and back to sp^3 in the product, will not be captured by ground state concepts such as methyl cation affinity nor methyl anion affinity.

The measured nucleophilicity ($N\bullet s_N$) of one of the three alpha-pyridinium enolates ($\text{Py}+\text{CH}=\text{C}(\text{O}-)\text{OEt}$) was significantly lower than expected based on MCA^* . As alluded to by Mayr and coworkers, it is possible that this ylide undergoes [3+2] cycloaddition through a concerted rather stepwise mechanism.³⁶²

Aniline and p-cyanophenolate anion were 3.7 and 3.5 orders of magnitude more nucleophilic than expected from the MCA^* . It is tempting to speculate that the higher than expected solution phase nucleophilicity of these aromatic nucleophiles toward benzhydryl cations and related electrophiles^{363,364} might be attributable to pi interactions.³⁶⁵ Methyl cation affinity is not expected to recapitulate effects of this type.

Some Deviations from the $\text{MCA}^*-\text{N}\bullet s_N$ Line May Result from a Weakness with Chosen Level of Theory. The inclusion of dispersion correction greatly improves the correlation between MCA^* and $\text{N}\bullet s_N$ for nucleophiles with third-row atoms. However, MCA^* for tri-*n*-butylphosphine and tri-*n*-butylphosphite were about 60 kJ/mol higher than expected based on $\text{N}\bullet s_N$. Conversely, the MCA^* s for anionic sulfur nucleophiles (thioacetate, ethyl xanthate, isothiocyanate) were 29 to 64 kJ/mol higher than expected from the measured nucleophilicities.

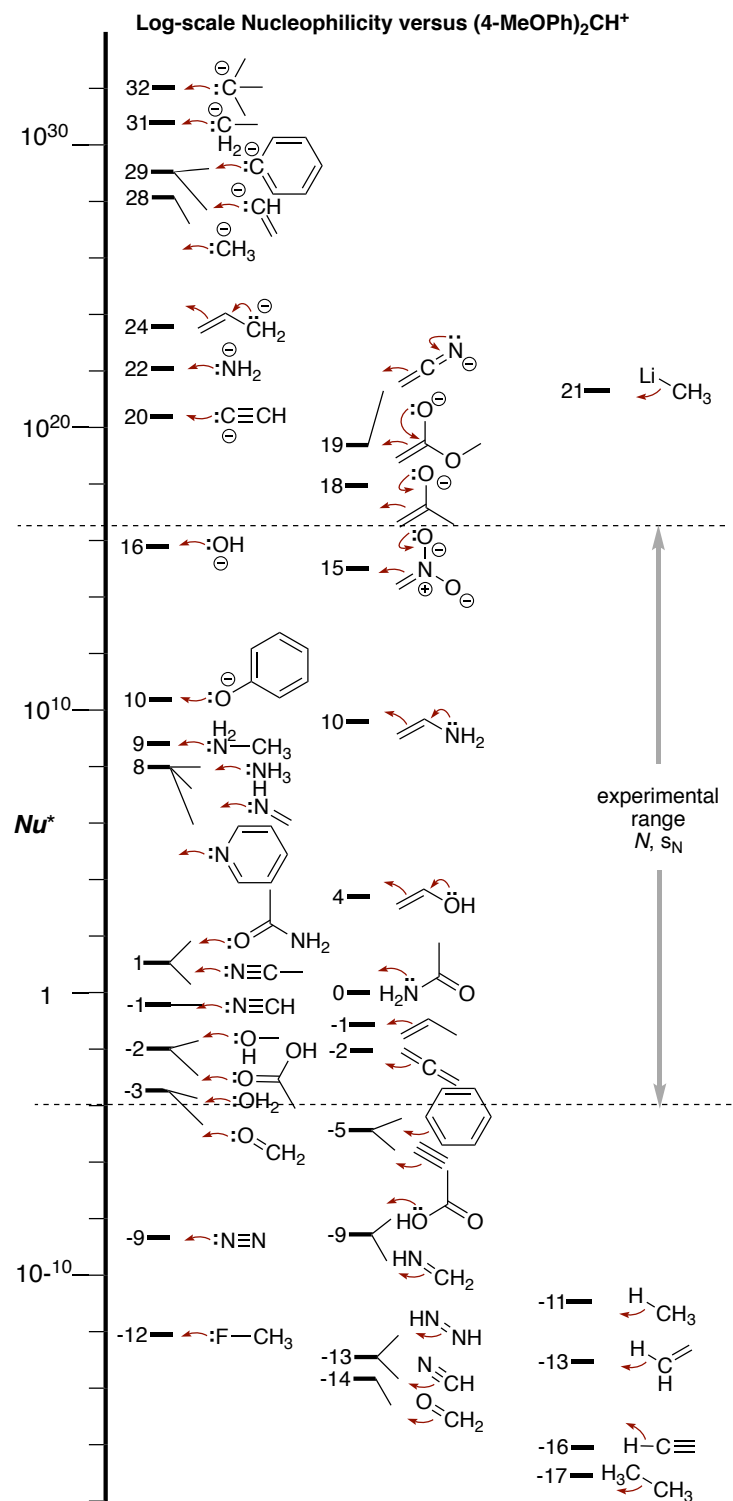
Phosphine nucleophiles, but not phosphonium products, were well represented in the SMD training and the calculated MCA^* values turned out to be *higher* than expected. Thioether products but not thiolate nucleophiles were represented in the SMD training set and the calculated MCA^* values turned out to be *lower* than expected.

It is notable that the MCA* for the *sp*-hybridized carbon nucleophiles cyanide and *t*-butyl isonitrile are both about 60 kJ/mol higher than expected from the measure $N\bullet_{SN}$. However, the values for acetonitrile were in good agreement. It isn't clear if deviations associated with third-row or *sp*-hybridized nucleophiles are associated with dispersion effects, gaps in the proprietary COSMO training set or some other aspect of the calculations.³⁶⁶ Undoubtedly, electronic structure calculations and solvation models will continue to evolve in speed and accuracy.

Quantifying the Reactivity of the Canonical Nucleophiles on the Mayr Scale.

Since MCA* (PBE0/def2-TZVP COSMO(∞)) correlates linearly Nu^* , we set out to use that correlation to estimate the full range of log-scale nucleophilicities of the canonical functional groups in organic chemistry. To the extent that methyl cation affinity, calculated with solvation, correlates linearly with solution phase reactivity we begin to see the range of nucleophilicity of the canonical organic functional groups referenced to the Mayr cation, a range covering 49 orders of magnitude – more than twice the log-scale range of $N\bullet_{SN}$ determined experimentally (Figure 5-12).

Figure 5-12: Log-scale nucleophilicities versus the Mayr cation calculated assuming a linear correlation between Nu^* and MCA^*



Accuracy and Relevance of Nucleophilicity Quantified by Nu^* . Mayr E , N and s_N parameters can be used to predict solution phase rate constants for any combinations of electrophiles and nucleophiles within ± 2 orders of magnitude. The nucleophilicity Nu^* corresponds to the log scale nucleophilicity against just one electrophile, the Mayr cation. As shown in Figure 5-9, the relative nucleophilicity is expected to change from one electrophile to another, but the rank order of nucleophilicity is expected to be relatively constant. If the linearity holds and the distribution is normal, then the scale of nucleophilicity versus the Mayr cation, from H_3C-CH_3 to $t-Bu^+$ would range from Nu^* of -17 (± 3) to +32 (± 3) at a 95% confidence level.

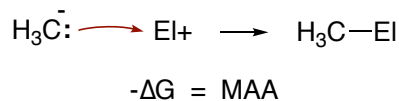
Nucleophilicity Conclusion

The linear correlation of MCA^* with experimental Nu allows one to contrast the simple arrow-pushing mechanisms depicted in textbooks with the true mechanisms in solution. Using MCA^* we are able to estimate the log scale nucleophilicity (Nu^*) of the canonical organic functional groups, covering 49 orders of magnitude. More such experimental determinations of Mayr N and s_N parameters are needed to better appreciate the differences between depiction and reality.

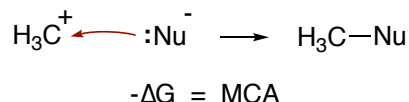
Computational Details and Methods

General Methods

Methyl anion affinities were calculated as the difference in negative free energy between products and reactants. In this chapter, MAA is used for methyl anion affinities in the gas phase and MAA^* is used for methyl anion affinities with a solvation model.



Methyl Cation affinities were calculated as the difference in negative free energy between products and reactants. In this chapter, MCA is used for methyl cation affinities in the gas phase and MCA* is used for methyl cation affinities with a solvation model.



Unless otherwise stated, reactants and products were calculated in the most stable ground state conformations. Some products were restricted to reactant-like conformations using torsional constraints as described for each entry. For unstable adducts of acetic anhydride and acetyl chloride, the bond between the attacked carbon atom and the leaving group was constrained to a covalent distance as described for each entry.

Calculations of all molecules in the gas phase or with the COSMO Solvation model^{367,368} were run using either Turbomole V7.2 or Turbomole V7.3³⁶⁹ using Tmolex as the graphical user interface. Unless otherwise stated COSMO solvation was implemented using the default parameters with $\epsilon = \text{Infinity}$. Calculations with the Free energies of molecules run in Turbomole were determined by using the equation $G = H - TS$ at 298.15 K. Entropy was determined from frequency calculations as were enthalpy corrections to total energies. SCF and geometry optimization energy criteria were set at either 10^{-6} or 10^{-7} hartree.

Calculations with the SMD³⁷⁰ solvation model were run using the Aug 18, 2016 version of GAMESS using the default PCM parameters for SMD with SOLVNT=DMSO.^{371,372} Free energies of molecules run in GAMESS were determined by adding free energy

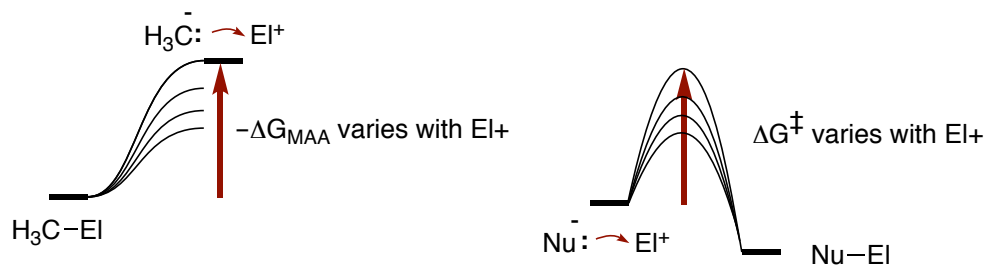
corrections determined from frequency calculations to the total energies. Four different levels of theory were used in this work: B3LYP/6-311++G(3df,2dp)//B3LYP/6-31G(d,p), B3LYP/6-311++G(3df,2dp) COSMO (∞)//B3LYP/6-31G(d,p), B3LYP/6-311++G(3df,2pd) SMD(DMSO)//B3LYP/6-31G(d,p), and PBE0(disp)/def2-TZVP COSMO (∞).³⁷³

Comparison of Computational Time for Different Levels of Theory

Computation times were compared for PBE0 (disp)/def2-TZVP COSMO(∞) and B3LYP/6-311++G(3df,2dp) COSMO(∞). For, CH_3^- , $\text{Me}_2\text{N}=\text{CH}_2^+$, 2-pentanone, cumyl⁺, *t*-butylbenzene, Ph_2CH^+ , Ph_2CHCH_3 : PBE0 (disp)/def2-TZVP COSMO(∞) was about 4 times faster than B3LYP/6-311++G(3df,2dp) COSMO(∞) using Turbomol on a 2013 Macbook Pro.

Derivation of s_N for Methyl Anion

The slope of MAA^* vs. Mayr E may be Inversely related to s_N for a Methyl Anion
If $-\Delta G_{\text{MAA}}$ and $-\Delta G^\ddagger$ exhibit a similar variation with respect to electrophiles "E1⁺":



From transition state theory,

$$k = \frac{k_{\text{B}}T}{h} e^{\frac{-\Delta G^\ddagger}{RT}}$$

$$\log k = \frac{1}{2.303} \ln \frac{k_{\text{B}}T}{h} - \frac{\Delta G^\ddagger}{2.303 RT}$$

From the Mayr equation,

E = electrophilicity parameter
 N = nucleophilicity parameter for CH₃⁻
 s_N = nucleophile-specific parameter for CH₃⁻

$$\log k = (E + N) s_N$$

$$E = \frac{1}{s_N} \log k - N$$

Substituting log *k* from transition state theory and rearranging yields the anticipated linear relationship:

$$E = \frac{1}{s_N} \left[\frac{1}{2.303} \ln \frac{k_B T}{h} - \frac{\Delta G^\ddagger}{2.303 RT} \right] - N$$

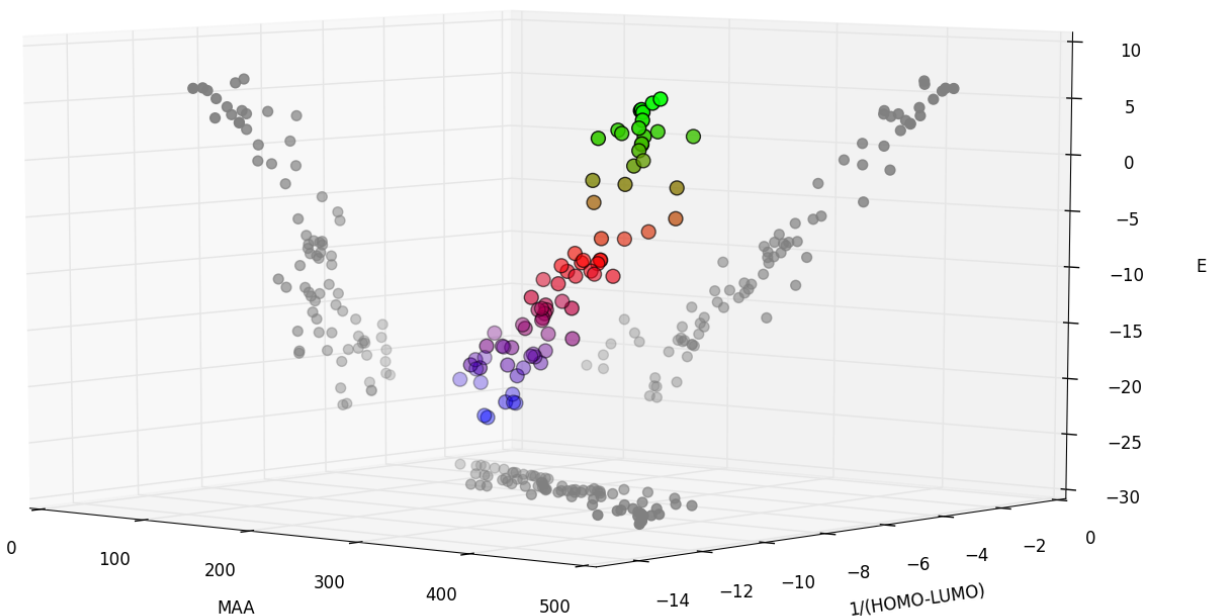
$$E = \frac{-1}{2.303 RT \cdot s_N} \Delta G^\ddagger + \left[\frac{1}{s_N} \ln \frac{k_B T}{h} - N \right]$$

↑ slope ↑ -MAA* ↑ intercept

To the extent that Methyl Anion Affinity correlates linearly with Mayr E, a plot of Mayr E vs. MAA* (-ΔG_{MAA}) should generate a line with a slope (2.303RT•s_N)⁻¹ where s_N is the nucleophile-specific parameter for CH₃⁻. Note that the Mayr equation is parameterized for *k*_{20°C} whereas the calculate MAA*s in this manuscript are ΔG₂₉₈.

Mayr E. vs. MAA vs. 1/(HOMO-LUMO) 3D Graph

Figure 5-13: Mayr E. vs. MAA vs. 1/(HOMO-LUMO) 3D Graph. The HOMO-LUMO interaction offers some predictive power for electrophilicity but the correlation with Mayr E is not as tight and the plot is curved for highly reactive electrophiles. A multiple linear regression analysis including a term for $1/(E_{\text{HOMO}}-E_{\text{LUMO}})$ did not lead to a better correlation using the HOMO energy for a typical nucleophile, methylamine -6.8 eV.



Tables of MAA, MAA*, Experimental E, and E* and MCA, MCA*, Experimental Nu, and Nu*.

Table 5-1: MAA and E Values Calculated at the B3LYP/6-311++G(3df,2dp)//B3LYP/6-31G(d,p) Level of Theory

Compound	SMILES	MAA (kJ/mol)	Mayr E
2-Phenylpropan-2-ylum	<chem>C[C+](C)C1=CC=CC=C1</chem>	825.9	5.74
Diphenylmethylum	<chem>C1([CH+]C2=CC=CC=C2)=CC=CC=C1</chem>	824.4	5.47
(E)-Benzylidene(methyl)oxonium	<chem>C/[O+]=C/C1=CC=CC=C1</chem>	802.3	2.97
Cyclohepta-2,4,6-trien-1-ylum	<chem>C1=C[CH+]C=CC=C1</chem>	753.3	-3.72
N-Methyl-N-methylenemethanaminium	<chem>C=[N+](C)C</chem>	786.2	-6.69
Furan-2,5-dione	<chem>O=C(O1)C=CC1=O</chem>	262.3	-11.31
But-3-en-2-one	<chem>C=CC(C)=O</chem>	224.5	-16.76
Acrylonitrile	<chem>C=CC#N</chem>	206.1	-19.05
Butyraldehyde	<chem>O=CCCC</chem>	146.2	-18.7
Pentan-2-one	<chem>O=C(C)CCC</chem>	116.1	-22.3

Table 5-2: MAA* and E Values Calculated at the B3LYP/6-311++G(3df,2dp) COSMO (∞)/B3LYP/6-31G(d,p) Level of Theory

Compound	SMILES	MAA* (kJ/mol)	Mayr E
2-Phenylpropan-2-ylum	<chem>C[C+](C)C1=CC=CC=C1</chem>	325.4	5.74
Diphenylmethylum	<chem>C1([CH+]C2=CC=CC=C2)=CC=CC=C1</chem>	352.0	5.47
(E)-Benzylidene(methyl)oxonium	<chem>C/[O+]=C/C1=CC=CC=C1</chem>	309.1	2.97
Cyclohepta-2,4,6-trien-1-ylum	<chem>C1=C[CH+]C=CC=C1</chem>	236.0	-3.72
N-Methyl-N-methylenemethanaminium	<chem>C=[N+](C)C</chem>	240.7	-6.69
Furan-2,5-dione	<chem>O=C(O1)C=CC1=O</chem>	206.9	-11.31
But-3-en-2-one	<chem>C=CC(C)=O</chem>	151.3	-16.76
Acrylonitrile	<chem>C=CC#N</chem>	128.8	-19.05
Butyraldehyde	<chem>O=CCCC</chem>	88.9	-18.7
Pentan-2-one	<chem>O=C(C)CCC</chem>	51.9	-22.3

Table 5-3: MAA* and E Values Calculated at the B3LYP/6-311++G(3df,2pd) SMD(DMSO)/B3LYP/6-31G(d,p) Level of Theory

Compound	SMILES	MAA* (kJ/mol)	Mayr E
2-Phenylpropan-2-ylum	<chem>C[C+](C)C1=CC=CC=C1</chem>	351.6	5.74
Diphenylmethylum	<chem>C1([CH+]C2=CC=CC=C2)=CC=CC=C1</chem>	363.4	5.47
(E)-Benzylidene(methyl)oxonium	<chem>C/[O+]=C/C1=CC=CC=C1</chem>	323.3	2.97
Cyclohepta-2,4,6-trien-1-ylum	<chem>C1=C[CH+]C=CC=C1</chem>	253.1	-3.72
N-Methyl-N-methylenemethanaminium	<chem>C=[N+](C)C</chem>	263.1	-6.69
Furan-2,5-dione	<chem>O=C(O1)C=CC1=O</chem>	188.0	-11.31
But-3-en-2-one	<chem>C=CC(C)=O</chem>	137.1	-16.76
Acrylonitrile	<chem>C=CC#N</chem>	136.9	-19.05
Butyraldehyde	<chem>O=CCCC</chem>	62.2	-18.7
Pentan-2-one	<chem>O=C(C)CCC</chem>	24.9	-22.3

Table 5-4: MAA* and E Values Calculated at the PBE0(disg)/def2-TZVP COSMO (∞) Level of Theory

Compound	SMILES	MAA (kJ/mol)	Mayr E
Bis(4-chlorophenyl)methylum	<chem>C1C=CC=C([CH+]C2=CC=C(Cl)C=C2)C=C1</chem>	414.1	5.48
Diphenylmethylum	<chem>C1([CH+]C2=CC=CC=C2)=CC=CC=C1</chem>	406.7	5.47
(4-Fluorophenyl)(phenyl)methylum	<chem>FC1=CC=C([CH+]C2=CC=CC=C2)C=C1</chem>	403.8	5.20
Phenyl(p-tolyl)methylum	<chem>CC1=CC=C([CH+]C2=CC=CC=C2)C=C1</chem>	396.0	4.43
2-Phenylpropan-2-ylum	<chem>C[C+](C)C1=CC=CC=C1</chem>	388.0	5.74
1-Mesitylethan-1-ylum	<chem>CC1=C([CH+]C)C(C)=CC(C)=C1</chem>	387.6	6.04
(4-Phenoxyphenyl)(phenyl)methylum	<chem>C1(OC2=CC=CC=C2)=CC=C([CH+]C3=CC=CC=C3)C=C1</chem>	384.4	2.90
Di-p-tolylmethylum	<chem>CC1=CC=C([CH+]C2=CC=C(C)C=C2)C=C1</chem>	383.5	3.63
(4-Methoxyphenyl)(phenyl)methylum	<chem>COC1=CC=C([CH+]C2=CC=CC=C2)C=C1</chem>	375.6	2.11
(4-Phenoxyphenyl)(p-tolyl)methylum	<chem>CC1=CC=C([CH+]C2=CC=C(OC3=CC=CC=C3)C=C2)C=C1</chem>	375.5	2.16
9-Ethylidene-9H-carbazol-9-ium	<chem>C/C=[N+]1C2=C(C=CC=C2)C3=C1C=C</chem>	371.3	2.41

	C=C3		
(4-Methoxyphenyl)(p-tolyl)methylum	COC1=CC=C([CH+]C2=CC=C(C)C=C2) C=C1	366.7	1.48
(E)-Benzylidene(methyl)oxonium	C/[O+]=C/C1=CC=CC=C1	364.7	2.97
(E)-1,3-Diphenylallylium	C1(/C=C/[CH+]C2=CC=CC=C2)=CC=CC=C1	357.9	2.70
1,3-Dithian-2-ylum	[CH+]1SCCCS1	357.6	-2.14
Bis(4-methoxyphenyl)methylum	COC1=CC=C([CH+]C2=CC=C(OC)C=C2) C=C1	351.9	0.00
1-(4-Chlorophenyl)cyclopent-2-en-1-ylum	ClC(C=C1)=CC=C1[C+]2CCCC=C2	351.8	3.20
1-Phenylcyclopent-2-en-1-ylum	C1([C+]2C=CCC2)=CC=CC=C1	351.3	2.89
N-Methyl-N-methylenebenzenaminium	C=[N+](C)C1=CC=CC=C1	333.6	-5.17
(Z)-3-Benzylidene-1-methyl-3H-indol-1-ium	C[N+]1=C/C(C2=C1C=CC=C2)=C\C3=C C=CC=C3	332.5	-1.80
(E)-(4-Methoxybenzylidene)(methyl)oxonium	C/[O+]=C/C1=CC=C(OC)C=C1	332.2	0.14
(E)-1,3-Bis(4-methoxyphenyl)allylium	COC1=CC=C(/C=C/[CH+]C2=CC=C(OC) C=C2)C=C1	315.5	-1.45
N-Methyl-N-methylenemethanaminium	C=[N+](C)C	295.0	-6.69
Cyclohepta-2,4,6-trien-1-ylum	C1=CC=C[CH+]C=C1	291.9	-3.72
Bis(4-(dimethylamino)phenyl)methylum	CN(C)C1=CC=C([CH+]C2=CC=C(N(C)C) C=C2)C=C1	287.6	-7.02
Diethyl (E)-diazene-1,2-dicarboxylate	O=C(OCC)/N=N/C(OCC)=O	281.9	-10.55
5-Benzylidene-2,2-dimethyl-1,3-dioxane-4,6-dione	O=C(OC(C)(C)O1)/C(C1=O)=C\C2=CC=CC=C2	273.0	-9.15
1,3,5-Trinitrobenzene	O=[N+](C1=CC([N+](O-))=O)=CC([N+](O-))=O=C1)[O-]	271.8	-13.19
(Ethene-1,1-diyldisulfonyl)dibenzene	C=C(S(=O)(C1=CC=CC=C1)=O)S(=O)(C2=CC=CC=C2)=O	271.0	-7.50
N-Benzylidene-N-methylmethanaminium	C/[N+](C)C=C/C1=CC=CC=C1	265.1	-9.27
1-Benzylidenepiperidin-1-ium	[N+]1(/CCCC1)=C\C2=CC=CC=C2	262.5	-9.60
2-(4-Methylbenzylidene)malononitrile	N#C/C(C#N)=C/C1=CC=CC=C1	260.1	-9.42
5-(4-Methoxybenzylidene)-2,2-dimethyl-1,3-dioxane-4,6-dione	O=C(OC(C)(C)O1)/C(C1=O)=C\C2=CC=CC(O)C=C2	257.9	-10.28
(E)-4-(3-Phenylallylidene)morpholin-4-ium	[N+]1(/CCOCC1)=C\C=C\C2=CC=CC=C2	256.1	-8.60
1-Benzylidenepyrrolidin-1-ium	[N+]1(/CCCC1)=C\C2=CC=CC=C2	251.8	-9.35
N-(4-Methoxybenzylidene)-N-methylmethanaminium	C/[N+](C)C=C/C1=CC=C(OC)C=C1	251.3	-10.69
Furan-2,5-dione	O=C(C=C1)OC1=O	246.6	-11.31
(E)-1-(3-Phenylallylidene)piperidin-1-ium	[N+]1(/CCCC1)=C\C=C\C2=CC=CC=C2	245.7	-10.30
2-(4-Methoxybenzylidene)malononitrile	COC1=CC=C(/C=C(C#N)/C#N)C=C1	245.4	-10.80
2,6-Dimethoxy-4-(4-methoxybenzylidene)cyclohexa-2,5-dien-1-one	O=C(C(OC)=C1)C(OC)=CC1=C\C2=CC=CC(O)C=C2	244.8	-16.38
(E)-1-(3-Phenylallylidene)pyrrolidin-1-ium	[N+]1(/CCCC1)=C\C=C\C2=CC=CC=C2	242.1	-9.80
(E)-1-Nitro-4-(2-nitrovinyl)benzene	O=[N+](/C=C/C1=CC=C([N+](O-))=O)C=C1)[O-]	241.5	-12.37
(E)-1-Bromo-4-(2-nitrovinyl)benzene	BrC1=CC=C(/C=C/[N+](O-))=O)C=C1	230.4	-13.37
(E)-(2-Nitrovinyl)benzene	O=[N+](/C=C/C1=CC=CC=C1)[O-]	227.7	-13.85
(E)-1-Methyl-4-(2-nitrovinyl)benzene	CC1=CC=C(/C=C/[N+](O-))=O)C=C1	224.1	-14.23

2-(4-(Dimethylamino)benzylidene)malononitrile	<chem>CN(C)C1=CC=C(/C=C(C#N)/C#N)C=C1</chem>	223.7	-13.30
(E)-1-Methoxy-4-(2-nitrovinyl)benzene	<chem>COC1=CC=C(/C=C/[N+](=[O-])=O)C=C1</chem>	218.5	-14.70
1-Methyl-1H-pyrrole-2,5-dione	<chem>O=C(N1C)C=CC1=O</chem>	210.0	-14.07
Fumaronitrile	<chem>N#C/C=C/C#N</chem>	204.4	-15.71
(E)-N-Benzylidene-4-methylbenzenesulfonamide	<chem>CC1=CC=C(S(=O)(=O)C=C1)C=C1</chem>	203.5	-11.50
Benzoquinone	<chem>O=C(C=C1)C=CC1=O</chem>	203.2	-16.19
1-Phenylprop-2-en-1-one	<chem>C=CC(C1=CC=CC=C1)=O</chem>	198.4	-15.25
tert-Butyl (E)-benzylidenecarbamate	<chem>O=C(OC(C)(C)C)/N=C/C1=CC=CC=C1</chem>	195.9	-14.22
But-3-en-2-one	<chem>C=CC(C)=O</chem>	186.0	-16.76
(E)-4-(3-Oxo-3-phenylprop-1-en-1-yl)benzonitrile	<chem>O=C(C1=CC=CC=C1)/C=C/C2=CC=C(C#N)C=C2</chem>	185.9	-17.64
(E)-3-(4-Nitrophenyl)-1-phenylprop-2-en-1-one	<chem>O=C(C1=CC=CC=C1)/C=C/C2=CC=C([N+](=[O-])=O)C=C2</chem>	182.2	-17.33
(Vinylsulfonyl)benzene	<chem>C=CS(=O)(C1=CC=CC=C1)=O</chem>	180.8	-18.36
Diethyl maleate	<chem>O=C(/C=C/C(OCC)=O)OCC</chem>	176.6	-19.49
(E)-4-(4-Nitrophenyl)but-3-en-2-one	<chem>CC(/C=C/C1=CC=C([N+](=[O-])=O)C=C1)=O</chem>	174.7	-19.36
(E)-Chalcone	<chem>O=C(C1=CC=CC=C1)/C=C/C2=CC=CC=C2</chem>	174.3	-19.39
(E)-N-Benzylidene-P,P-diphenylphosphinic amide	<chem>O=P(/N=C/C1=CC=CC=C1)(C2=CC=CC=C2)C3=CC=CC=C3</chem>	174.0	-15.89
Diethyl 2-benzylidenemalonate	<chem>O=C(/C(C(OCC)=O)=C\C1=CC=CC=C1)OCC</chem>	169.9	-20.55
Acrylonitrile	<chem>C=CC#N</chem>	167.2	-19.05
(E)-4-Methyl-1-(4-nitrophenyl)pent-1-en-3-one	<chem>O=C(C(C)C)/C=C/C1=CC=C([N+](=[O-])=O)C=C1</chem>	165.6	-19.17
Diethyl fumarate	<chem>O=C(/C=C/C(OCC)=O)OCC</chem>	165.0	-17.79
Methyl acrylate	<chem>C=CC(OC)=O</chem>	163.9	-18.84
Ethyl acrylate	<chem>C=CC(OCC)=O</chem>	161.0	-19.07
(E)-4-Phenylbut-3-en-2-one	<chem>CC(/C=C/C1=CC=CC=C1)=O</chem>	160.0	-23.01
tert-Butyl acrylate	<chem>C=CC(OC(C)(C)C)=O</chem>	152.2	-20.22
Cinnamionitrile	<chem>N#C/C=C/C1=CC=CC=C1</chem>	140.9	-24.60
Ethyl (E)-but-2-enoate	<chem>O=C(OCC)/C=C/C</chem>	140.6	-23.59
Ethyl 3-methylbut-2-enoate	<chem>C=C(C)C(OCC)=O</chem>	139.2	-22.77
N,N-Dimethylacrylamide	<chem>C=CC(N(C)C)=O</chem>	138.3	-23.54
Ethyl cinnamate	<chem>O=C(OCC)/C=C/C1=CC=CC=C1</chem>	134.0	-24.52
Benzaldehyde	<chem>O=CC1=CC=CC=C1</chem>	123.9	-19.5
Butyraldehyde	<chem>CCCC=O</chem>	119.3	-18.7
Cyclobutanone	<chem>O=C1CCCC1</chem>	109.3	-17.5
Cyclohexanone	<chem>O=C1CCCCC1</chem>	96.3	-19.9
Pentan-2-one	<chem>CC(CCC)=O</chem>	89.0	-22.3
Cyclopentanone	<chem>O=C1CCCC1</chem>	88.9	-21.0
Cycloheptanone	<chem>O=C1CCCCC1</chem>	72.6	-22.1

Table 5-5: MAA* and E* Values Calculated at the PBE0(disp)/def2-TZVP COSMO (∞) Level of Theory

Compound	SMILES	MAA* (kJ/mol)	E*
Ammoniaylidinemethylum	<chem>N#[C+]</chem>	1372.9	110.7

Ethylum	C#[C+]	1157.3	87.4
Methylum	[CH3+]	670.1	34.8
Vinyl cation	C=[CH+]	631.4	30.6
Prop-2-yn-1-ylum	C#C[CH2+]	568.0	23.7
Ethyl cation	C[CH2+]	539.1	20.6
Ethyl cation (bridged)	C1C[H+] ₁	518.4	18.4
Protonated oxirane	[OH+] ₁ CC1	497.7	16.1
Allylium	C=C[CH2+]	492.7	15.6
Oxygen (singlet)	O=O	489.0	15.2
Phenylmethylium	[CH2+] ₁ C1=CC=CC=C1	470.4	13.2
Propan-2-ylum	C[CH+] ₂ C	458.4	11.9
Methyleneoxonium	[OH+]=C	446.9	10.7
2-Methylpropan-2-ylum	C[C+](C)C	404.4	6.1
Protonated acetaldehyde	CC=[OH+]	386.1	4.1
Carbene	[CH2]	382.6	3.7
Methaniminium	C=[NH2+]	323.3	-2.7
N-Methyl-N-methylenemethaniminium	C=[N+](C)C	295.1	-5.7
Borane	[H]B([H])[H]	285.5	-6.8
Methanediazonium	N#[N+] ₂ C	273.0	-8.1
Oxirane	O1CC1	232.2	-12.5
Ethenone	C=C=O	217.2	-14.1
Carbon dioxide	O=C=O	208.8	-15.1
Isocyanatomethane	CN=C=O	189.3	-17.2
But-3-en-2-one	C=CC(C)=O	186.0	-17.5
Acetyl chloride	CC(Cl)=O	164.0	-19.9
Formaldehyde	O=C	161.0	-20.2
Ethyne	C#C	126.7	-23.9
Acetic anhydride	CC(OC(C)=O)=O	124.2	-24.2
Acetaldehyde	CC=O	123.0	-24.3
Propyne	C#CC	105.6	-26.2
Dimethyl carbonate	O=C(OC)OC	94.2	-27.4
Propan-2-one	O=C(C)C	93.1	-27.5
Hydrogen cyanide	N#C	81.5	-28.8
Diazene	[H]N=N[H]	78.7	-29.1
Methyl acetate	CC(OC)=O	78.4	-29.1
Methanimine	C=N	74.6	-29.5
Methyl methylcarbamate	O=C(OC)NC	37.8	-33.5
Acetonitrile	N#CC	37.2	-33.6
Carbon monoxide	[C-] ₂ [O+]	32.8	-34.1
N-Methylacetamide	O=C(C)NC	28.5	-34.5
Ethene	C=C	28.3	-34.5
1,3-Dimethylurea	O=C(NC)NC	-0.3	-37.6
Dinitrogen	N#N	-140.1	-52.7
Ethane	CC	-296.5	-69.6

Table 5-6: MCA* and *Nu* Values Calculated at the B3LYP/6-311++G(3df,2pd) SMD(DMSO)//B3LYP/6-31G(d,p) Level of Theory

Compound	SMILES	MCA* (kJ/mol)	Mayr <i>Nu</i>
Nitromethane Anion	[CH2-][N+](O-)=O	467.3	12.4
Acetate	O=C(C)[O-]	374.8	12.7
(E)-1-(N-morpholino)propene	CC=CN1CCOCC1	366.7	9.6
Trimethylamine	CN(C)C	343.1	10.4
Ammonia	N	330.2	7.9
Pyridine	C1=CC=CC=N1	328.0	8.6
Dihydrofuran	C1=COCC1	295.3	3.9
Acetonitrile	CC#N	242.7	1.9
Propene	C=CC	211.0	-2.4
Diethyl ether	CCOCC	199.7	-4.1
Toluene	CC1=CC=CC=C1	193.2	-7.7

Table 5-7: MCA and *Nu* Values Calculated at the PBE0(disg)/def2-TZVP Level of Theory

Compound	SMILES	MCA (kJ/mol)	Mayr <i>Nu</i>
Nitromethane Anion	[CH2-][N+](O-)=O	1075.3	12.4
Acetate	O=C(C)[O-]	989.5	12.7
(E)-1-(N-morpholino)propene	CC=CN1CCOCC1	546.0	9.6
Trimethylamine	CN(C)C	508.8	10.4
Ammonia	N	426.8	7.9
Pyridine	C1=CC=CC=N1	504.2	8.6
Dihydrofuran	C1=COCC1	449.8	3.9
Acetonitrile	CC#N	401.2	1.9
Propene	C=CC	341.8	-2.4
Diethyl ether	CCOCC	364.0	-4.1
Toluene	CC1=CC=CC=C1	324.7	-7.7

Table 5-8: MCA* and *Nu* Values Calculated at the PBE0(disg)/def2-TZVP COSMO (∞) Level of Theory

Compound	SMILES	MCA* (kJ/mol)	Mayr <i>Nu</i>
PhSO ₂ CHPh carbanion	O=S([CH-]C1=CC=CC=C1)(C2=CC=CC=C2)=O	510	14.4
2-PhCH(-)CO ₂ Et	O=C(OCC)[CH-]C1=CC=CC=C1	496	15.7
Ph(Me)C=C=N-	CC(C1=CC=CC=C1)=C=[N-]	490	16.8
NC-	N#[C-]	480	11.4
Indenyl anion	C1(C=CC=C2)=C2C=C[CH-]1	479	16.4

Nitromethane Anion	<chem>C=[N+](O-)[O-]</chem>	479	12.4
Dimethyl sulfoxonium methylide	<chem>O=[S+](C)(CH2-)C</chem>	476	10.0
Alpha sulfinyl enolate	<chem>CS([CH-]C(OCC)=O)=O</chem>	475	13.2
Me(-O)C=CHPh	<chem>[O-]/C(C)=C/C1=CC=CC=C1</chem>	472	15.0
Bu ₃ P	<chem>CCCCP(CCCC)CCCC</chem>	464	10.7
1,3-Oxazolidin-2-one anion	<chem>O=C1[N-]CCO1</chem>	459	13.2
Phospinate carbanion	<chem>O=P([CH-]C#N)(OCC)OCC</chem>	454	12.3
Py+HC=C(O-)OEt	<chem>O=C(OCC)[CH-][N+]1=CC=CC=C1</chem>	452	9.9
Diethyl malonate anion	<chem>O=C(OCC)/C=C(OCC)[O-]</chem>	447	13.1
CF ₃ CONH-	<chem>O=C(C(F)(F)F)[NH-]</chem>	443	10.1
Succinimide anion	<chem>O=C1[N-]C(CC1)=O</chem>	438	10.6
Ethyl acetylacetae anion	<chem>CC([CH-]C(OCC)=O)=O</chem>	438	13.0
Ethyl cyanoacetate anion	<chem>O=C(OCC)[CH-]C#N</chem>	434	13.1
Py+HC=C(O-)Me	<chem>CC([CH-][N+]1=CC=CC=C1)=O</chem>	434	12.1
DBN	<chem>N1(CCC2)C2=NCCC1</chem>	432	11.8
Py+HC=C=N-	<chem>N#C[CH-][N+]1=CC=CC=C1</chem>	432	10.9
Acetylacetae anion	<chem>CC([CH-]C(C)=O)=O</chem>	429	12.9
(BuO) ₃ P	<chem>CCCCOP(OCCCC)OCCCC</chem>	427	7.3
Phenylsulfinate anion	<chem>[O-]S(C1=CC=CC=C1)=O</chem>	423	11.9
TBO	<chem>N12CCNC1=NCC2</chem>	422	11.4
(N-morpholino)cyclohexene	<chem>C1(N2CCOCC2)CCCC=C1</chem>	420	9.5
Malononitrile anion	<chem>N#C[CH-]C#N</chem>	417	13.0
Cyanomethyl sulfonium ylide	<chem>CS(C)=CC#N</chem>	417	9.7
Diacetimide anion	<chem>CC([N-]C(C)=O)=O</chem>	413	11.2
Cyclic imine	<chem>N1=CCCCC1</chem>	411	9.1
Thioacetate anion	<chem>O=C(C)[S-]</chem>	410	13.4
Morpholino enamine	<chem>C/C=C(N1CCOCC1)\C</chem>	410	9.6
Piperidine	<chem>C1NCCCC1</chem>	402	11.8
N-methyl-pyrrolidine	<chem>CN1CCCC1</chem>	401	10.7
Pyrrolidine	<chem>N1CCCC1</chem>	399	11.2
DMAP	<chem>CN(C)C1=CC=NC=C1</chem>	397	9.9
Azide anion	<chem>[N-]=[N+]=[N-]</chem>	394	12.1
Xanthate anion	<chem>[S-]C(OCC)=S</chem>	391	13.3
Propylamine	<chem>NCCC</chem>	389	9.5
Butylamine	<chem>NCCCC</chem>	389	9.6
Methylamine	<chem>NC</chem>	389	10.3
tert-BuNC	<chem>[C-]#[N+]C(C)(C)C</chem>	388	4.2
Morpholine	<chem>C1NCCOC1</chem>	388	11.6
Diethylamine	<chem>CCNCC</chem>	388	11.0
Isopropylamine	<chem>NC(C)C</chem>	388	9.6
Dipropylamine	<chem>CCCNCCC</chem>	387	11.6

Triethylamine	CCN(CC)CC	385	9.0
Diazomethane	C=[N+]=[N-]	384	8.2
Diethoxyethene	C=C(OCC)OCC	382	7.9
<i>tert</i> -Butylamine	NC(C)(C)C	382	8.9
Imidazole	C1=CNC=N1	382	9.1
Allylamine	NCC=C	382	9.5
Benzylamine	NCC1=CC=CC=C1	379	9.6
Hydrazine	NN	378	9.2
4MeFuranBF ₃ -	CC1=CC=C(O1)[B-](F)(F)F	377	8.0
Ammonia	N	376	7.9
Cyanophenolate anion	[O-]C1=CC=C(C#N)C=C1	374	11.6
Acetate	CC([O-])=O	372	12.7
Acetate	C1=NC=CC=C1	372	8.6
Chloride	[Cl-]	364	10.3
Hydroxylamine	NO	358	8.1
NCS-	[S-]C#N	343	10.8
Phenyldiazomethane	[N-]=[N+]=CC1=CC=CC=C1	343	7.8
N-acetyl enamine	CC(NC1=CCCCC1)=O	341	4.5
Dihydrofuran	C1=CCCCO1	339	3.9
Aniline	NC1=CC=CC=C1	335	8.6
Pyrrole	C1=CNC=C1	334	4.6
Ethyl vinyl ether	C=COCC	329	3.5
Butyl vinyl ether	C=COCCCC	328	3.4
Indole	C1(C=CC=C2)=C2C=CN1	327	6.0
Ynamide	O=C1N(C#CC2=CC=CC=C2)CCC1	326	2.7
Isobutylenyl-ethylether	C/C(C)=C/OCC	320	4.2
AllylSiMe ₃	C=CC[Si](C)(C)C	316	1.7
Ethyl diazoacetate	O=C(OCC)C=[N+]=[N-]	311	4.7
Furan	C1=COC=C1	302	1.7
Alphamethylstyrene	C=C(C)C1=CC=CC=C1	301	2.4
Phenylacetylene	C#CC1=CC=CC=C1	295	0.0
Methylvinylbenzene	C=CC1=CC=C(C)C=C1	293	1.8
Isobutylene	C=C(C)C	289	1.1
Isoprene	C=C(C)C=C	287	1.1
Dimethylbutene	C=C(C)C(C)C	285	0.7
2Methylpentene	C=C(C)CCC	285	0.9
Methylbutene	C=C(C)CC	283	1.0
Tetramethylethylene	C/C(C)=C(C)/C	281	-1.4
Acetonitrile	N#CC	280	1.9
Thiophene	C1=CSC=C1	277	-1.1
Butadiene	C=CC=C	260	-0.9

But2ene	C/C=C/C	249	-2.7
Diethyl ether	CCOCC	247	-4.1
Propene	C=CC	247	-2.4
Hexene	C=CCCCC	245	-3.9
IsopropenylSiMe ₃	C=C(C)[Si](C)(C)C	240	-1.5
Toluene	CC1=CC=CC=C1	219	-7.7

Table 5-9: MCA* and Nu* Values Calculated at the PBE0(dis)/def2-TZVP COSMO (∞) Level of Theory

Compound	SMILES	MCA* (kJ/mol)	Nu*
2-Methylpropan-2-ide	C[C-](C)C	718.3	32.0
Ethanide	[CH2-]C	701.2	30.8
Benzen-1-ide	C1=CC=CC=[C-]1	672.5	28.8
Ethenide	[CH-]=C	668.6	28.5
Methanide	[CH3-]	665.5	28.3
Prop-2-en-1-ide	C=C[CH2-]	599.7	23.7
Amide Anion	[NH2-]	577.1	22.1
Methyl lithium	[Li]C	567.7	21.4
Ethynide	C#[C-]	552.5	20.3
Vinylideneamide	C=C=[N-]	540.5	19.5
1-Methoxyethen-1-olate	[O-]C(OC)=C	539.3	19.4
Prop-1-en-2-olate	[O-]C(C)=C	518.7	18.0
Hydroxide	[OH-]	487.9	15.8
Nitromethanide	[CH2-][N+](O)=O	478.5	15.1
Phenoxide	[O-]C1=CC=CC=C1	408.8	10.2
Ethenamine	C=CN	400.2	9.6
Methanamine	NC	389.2	8.8
Ammonia	N	375.6	7.9
Methanimine	N=C	374.4	7.8
Pyridine	C1=CC=CC=N1	371.6	7.6
Ethanol	C=CO	313.5	3.5
Acetamide (O attack)	O=C(C)N	281.4	1.2
Acetonitrile	N#CC	280.2	1.1
Acetamide (N attack)	O=C(C)N	265.9	0.1
Hydrogen Cyanide	N#C	256.5	-0.5
Prop-1-ene	C=CC	246.6	-1.2
Methoxymethane	COC	235.1	-2.0
Methanol	OC	234.8	-2.1

Propa-1,2-diene	C=C=C	234.2	-2.1
Acetic acid (O attack)	O=C(C)O	231.6	-2.3
Water	O	221.4	-3.0
Formaldehyde	O=C	216.4	-3.4
Benzene	C1=CC=CC=C1	199.2	-4.6
Ethyne	C#C	196.3	-4.8
Acetic acid (OH attack)	O=C(C)O	148.9	-8.1
Methanimine (pi)	N=C	144.2	-8.5
Nitrogen Gas	N#N	141.5	-8.6
Methane (C-H)	C	109.9	-10.9
Fluoromethane	CF	92.5	-12.1
Ethene (C-H)	C=C	78.2	-13.1
Hydrogen Cyanide (pi)	N#C	74.5	-13.4
Diazene (pi)	N=N	74.1	-13.4
Formaldehyde (pi)	O=C	68.7	-13.8
Ethyne (C-H)	C#C	38.6	-15.9
Ethane (C-C sigma)	CC	20.1	-17.2

Table 5-10: Accessible pK_a Values of Mayr Nucleophiles

Compound	SMILES	Mayr Nu	pK_a H ₂ O	pK_a DMSO
Ph(Me)C=C=N-	CC(C1=CC=CC=C1)=C=[N-]	16.8		23.00
Indenyl anion	C1(C=CC=C2)=C2C=C[CH-]1	16.4	20.00	20.10
2-PhCH(-)CO ₂ Et	O=C(OCC)[CH-]C1=CC=CC=C1	15.7	22.70	18.00
Me(-O)C=CHPh	[O-]/C(C)=C/C1=CC=CC=C1	15.0	15.90	14.20
PhSO ₂ CHPh carbanion	O=S([CH-]]C1=CC=CC=C1)(C2=CC=CC=C2)= O	14.4		23.40
Thioacetate anion	O=C(C)[S-]	13.4	3.62	
Xanthate anion	[S-]C(OCC)=S	13.3	2.20	
1,3-Oxazolidin-2-one anion	O=C1[N-]CCO1	13.2		20.80
Alpha sulfinyl enolate	CS([CH-]C(OCC)=O)=O	13.2		23.40
Ethyl cyanoacetate anion	O=C(OCC)[CH-]C#N	13.1	9.00	13.10
Diethyl malonate anion	O=C(OCC)/C=C(OCC)[O-]	13.1	13.30	16.40
Ethyl acetylacetate anion	CC([CH-]C(OCC)=O)=O	13.0	10.68	14.20
Malononitrile anion	N#C[CH-]C#N	13.0	12.00	11.10
Acetylacetone anion	CC([CH-]C(C)=O)=O	12.9	5.85	13.30
Acetate	CC([O-])=O	12.7	4.76	12.30
Nitromethane Anion	C=[N+][O-][O-]	12.4	10.00	17.20
Phospinate carbanion	O=P([CH-]C#N)(OCC)OCC	12.3		6.40

Py+HC=C(O-)Me	CC([CH-][N+]1=CC=CC=C1)=O	12.1		11.77
Azide anion	[N-]=[N+]=[N-]	12.1	4.72	7.90
Phenylsulfinate anion	[O-]S(C1=CC=CC=C1)=O	11.9	2.76	7.10
Piperidine	C1NCCCC1	11.8	11.22	10.90
DBN	N1(CCC2)C2=NCCC1	11.8	12.70	
Dipropylamine	CCCNCCC	11.6	10.91	
Morpholine	C1NCCOC1	11.6	8.36	9.20
Cyanophenolate anion	[O-]C1=CC=C(C#N)C=C1	11.6	7.95	
TBO	N12CCNC1=NCC2	11.4	10.60	
NC-	N#[C-]	11.4	9.40	12.90
Diacetamide anion	CC([N-]C(C)=O)=O	11.2		17.90
Pyrrolidine	N1CCCC1	11.2	11.31	11.10
Diethylamine	CCNCC	11.0	11.00	
Py+HC=C=N-	N#C[CH-][N+]1=CC=CC=C1	10.9		16.50
NCS-	[S-]C#N	10.8	4.00	
N-methyl-pyrrolidine	CN1CCCC1	10.7	10.46	
Bu ₃ P	CCCCP(CCCC)CCCC	10.7	8.43	
Succinimide anion	O=C1[N-]C(CC1)=O	10.6	9.50	14.70
Methylamine	NC	10.3	10.62	
Chloride	[Cl-]	10.3	-8.00	-2.00
CF ₃ CONH-	O=C(C(F)(F)F)[NH-]	10.1		17.20
Dimethyl sulfoxonium methylide	O=[S+](C)([CH2-])C	10.0		18.20
DMAP	CN(C)C1=CC=NC=C1	9.9	9.20	
Py+HC=C(O-)OEt	O=C(OCC)[CH-][N+]1=CC=CC=C1	9.9		14.10
Isopropylamine	NC(C)C	9.6	10.64	
Butylamine	NCCCC	9.6	10.64	11.10
Benzylamine	NCC1=CC=CC=C1	9.6	9.35	10.20
Propylamine	NCCC	9.5	10.57	
Allylamine	NCC=C	9.5	9.69	
Hydrazine	NN	9.2	8.12	
Imidazole	C1=CNC=N1	9.1	6.95	
Triethylamine	CCN(CC)CC	9.0	10.75	9.00
tert-Butylamine	NC(C)(C)C	8.9	10.87	
Acetate	C1=NC=CC=C1	8.6	5.21	3.40
Aniline	NC1=CC=CC=C1	8.6	4.60	3.60
Diazomethane	C=[N+]=[N-]	8.2	10.00	
Hydroxylamine	NO	8.1	5.96	
Ammonia	N	7.9	9.20	10.50
(BuO) ₃ P	CCCCOP(OCCCC)OCCCC	7.3	-3.46	
Acetonitrile	N#CC	1.9	-10.00	

References:

- ¹ Fungal Infections, <https://www.thelancet.com/series/fungal-infections> (accessed April 23, 2019).
- ² Xiang, M.; Liu, J.; Ni, P.; Wang, S.; Shi, C.; Wei, B.; Ni, Y.; Ge, H. *FEMS Yeast Res.* **2013**, *13*, 386–393.
- ³ Fungal Diseases, <https://www.cdc.gov/fungal/infections/index.html> (accessed April 23, 2019).
- ⁴ Candidiasis (Invasive) (Eds.: Revankar, S. G.; Sobel, J. D.), Merck Manual, 2014; www.merckmanuals.com/professional/infectious-diseases/fungi/candidiasis-invasive.
- ⁵ Ahmadi, A.; Ardehali, S. H.; Beigohammadi, M. T.; Hajiadolbaghi, M.; Hashemian, S. M. R.; Kouchek, M.; Majidpour, A.; Mokhtari, M.; Moghaddam, O. M.; Najafi, A.; Negat, R.; Niakin, M.; Lotfi, A. H.; Amirsavadkouhi, A.; Shirazian, F.; Tabarsi, P.; Taher, M. T.; Torabi-Nami, M. *JRSM Open* 2014, *5*, 2042533313517689, doi: 10.1177/2042533313517689.
- ⁶ Colombo, A. L.; de Almeida, J. N. Jr.; Slavina, M. A.; Chen, S. C. A.; Sorrel, T. C. *Lancet Infect. Dis.* **2017**, *17*, e344–356.
- ⁷ Scorzoni L, de Paula e Silva, A. C. A.; Marcos, C. M.; Assato, P. A.; de Melo, W. C. M. A.; de Oliveira, H. C.; Costa-Orlandi, C. B.; Mendes-Giannini, M. J. S.; Fusco-Almeida, A. M. *Front. Microbiol.* **2017**, *8*, 36.
- ⁸ Leber, R.; Fuchsbichler, S.; Klobucniková, V.; Schweighofer, N.; Pitters, E.; Wohlfarter, K.; Lederer, M.; Landi, K.; Ruckenstein, C.; Hapala, I.; Turnowsky, F. *Antimicrob. Agents Chemother.* **2003**, *47*, 3890–3900.
- ⁹ Tatsumi, Y.; Nagashima, M.; Shibunushi, T.; Iwata, A.; Kangawa, Y.; Inui, F.; Siu, W. J.; Pillai, R.; Nishiyama, Y. *Antimicrob. Agents Chemother.* **2013**, *57*, 2405–2409.
- ¹⁰ Song, J.; Zhai, P.; Zhang, Y.; Zhang, C.; Sang, H.; Han, G.; Keller, N. P.; Lu, L. *MBio* **2016**, *7*, e01919.
- ¹¹ Bhattacharya, S.; Esquivel, B. D.; White, T. C. *mBio* **2018**, *9*, e01291-18.
- ¹² Bloch, K. E. *Crit. Rev. Biochem. Mol. Biol.* **1983**, *14*, 47–92.
- ¹³ Cholesterol Biosynthesis Disorders, <http://faculty.washington.edu/libinxu/cholesterol-biosynthesis-disorders/> (accessed April 23, 2019).
- ¹⁴ Veen, M.; Lang, C. *Biochem. Soc. Trans.* **2005**, *33*, 1178–1181.
- ¹⁵ Cerqueira, N. M. F. S. A.; Oliveira, E. F.; Gesto, D. S.; Santos-Martins, D.; Moreira, C.; Moorthy, H. N.; Ramos, M. J.; Fernandes, P. A. *Biochemistry* **2016**, *55*, 5483–5506.
- ¹⁶ Lepesheva, G. I.; Waterman, M. R. *Biochimica et Biophysica Acta* **2011**, *1814*, 88–93.
- ¹⁷ Antifungal Drugs Market Size, Share & Trends Analysis Report By Drug Class (Azoles, Echinocandins, Polyenes, Allylamines), By Indication (Dermatophytosis, Aspergillosis, Candidiasis), and Segment Forecasts, 2018–2025, <https://www.grandviewresearch.com/industry-analysis/antifungal-drugs-market> (accessed April 26, 2019).
- ¹⁸ Whaley, S. G.; Berkow, E. L.; Rybak, J. H.; Nishimoto, A. T.; Barker, K. S.; Rogers, P. D. *Front. Microbiol.* **2016**, *7*, 2173.
- ¹⁹ Antifungal Drugs Market Size, Share & Trends Analysis Report By Drug Class (Azoles, Echinocandins, Polyenes, Allylamines), By Indication (Dermatophytosis, Aspergillosis, Candidiasis), and Segment Forecasts, 2018 – 2025,

<https://www.grandviewresearch.com/industry-analysis/antifungal-drugs-market> (accessed April 26, 2019).

- ²⁰ Sheehan, D. J.; Hitchcock, C. A.; Sibley, C. M. *Clin. Microbiol. Rev.* **1999**, *12*, 40–79.
- ²¹ Kluwer, W. UpToDate. Management of candidemia and invasive candidiasis in adults, <https://www.uptodate.com/contents/management-of-candidemia-and-invasive-candidiasis-in-adults>, (accessed July 26, 2019).
- ²² Kathiravan, M. K.; Salake, A. B.; Chothe, A. S.; Dudhe, P. B.; Watode, R. P.; Mukta, M. S.; Gadhwe, S. *Bioorg. Med. Chem.* **2012**, *20*, 5678–5698.
- ²³ Tatsumi, Y.; Nagashima, M.; Shibunushi, T.; Iwata, A.; Kangawa, Y.; Inui, F.; Siu, W. J.; Pillai, R.; Nishiyama, Y. *Antimicrob. Agents Chemother.* **2013**, *57*, 2405–2409.
- ²⁴ Strushkevich, N.; Usanov, S. A.; Park H. W. *J. Mol. Biol.* **2010**, *397*, 1067–1078.
- ²⁵ Perfect, J. R. *Nat. Rev. Drug Discov.* **2017**, *16*, 603–616.
- ²⁶ Odds, F. C.; Brown, A. J.; Gow, N. A. *Trends Microbiol.* **2003**, *11*, 272–279.
- ²⁷ Walsh, T. J.; Anaissie, E. J.; Denning, D. W.; Herbrecht, R.; Kontoyiannis, D. P.; Marr, K. A.; Morrison, V. A.; Segal, B. H.; Steinbach, W. J.; Stevens, D. A.; van Burik, J. A.; Wingard, J. R.; Patterson, T. F. *Clin. Infect. Dis.* **2008**, *46*, 327–360.
- ²⁸ Baginski, M.; Czub, J. *Curr. Drug Metab.* **2009**, *10*, 459–469.
- ²⁹ Sangalli-Leite, F.; Scorzoni, L.; Cecilia Mesa-Arango, A.; Casas, C.; Herrero, E.; Mendes Gianinni, M. J. S.; Rodríguez-Tudela, J. L.; Cuenca-Estrella, M.; Zaragoza, O. *Microbes Infect.* **2011**, *13*, 457–467.
- ³⁰ Mesa-Arango, A. C.; Scorzoni, L.; Zaragoza, O. *Front. Microbiol.* **2012**, *3*, 286.
- ³¹ Kathiravan, M. K.; Salake, A. B.; Chothe, A. S.; Dudhe, P. B.; Watode, R. P.; Mukta, M. S.; Gadhwe, S. *Bioorg. Med. Chem.* **2012**, *20*, 5678–5698.
- ³² Bhattacharya, S.; Esquivel, B. D.; White, T. C. *mBio* **2018**, *9*, e01291-18.
- ³³ Ngo, H. X.; Garneau-Tsodikova, S.; Green, K. D. *MedChemComm* **2016**, *7*, 1285–1306.
- ³⁴ Perfect, J. R. *Nat. Rev. Drug Discov.* **2017**, *16*, 603–616.
- ³⁵ Odds, F. C.; Brown, A. J.; Gow, N. A. *Trends Microbiol.* **2003**, *11*, 272–279.
- ³⁶ Kathiravan, M. K.; Salake, A. B.; Chothe, A. S.; Dudhe, P. B.; Watode, R. P.; Mukta, M. S.; Gadhwe, S. *Bioorg. Med. Chem.* **2012**, *20*, 5678–5698.
- ³⁷ Vermes, A.; Guchelaar, H.-J.; Dankert, J. J. *Antimicrob. Chemother.* **2000**, *46*, 171–179.
- ³⁸ Perfect, J. R. *Nat. Rev. Drug Discov.* **2017**, *16*, 603–616.
- ³⁹ Pappas P. G.; Kauffman, C. A.; Andes, D. R.; Clancy, C. J.; Marr, K. A.; Ostrosky-Zeichner, L.; Reboli, A. C.; Schuster, M. G.; Vazquez, J. A.; Walsh, T. J.; Zaoutis, T. E.; Sobel, J. D. *Clin. Infect. Dis.* **2016**, *62*, e1–e50.
- ⁴⁰ Song, J. C.; Stevens, D. A. *Crit. Rev. Microbiol.* **2016**, *42*, 813–846.
- ⁴¹ Perlin, D. S. *Clin. Infect. Dis.* **2015**, *61*, Suppl 6: S612–7.
- ⁴² Scorzoni L, de Paula e Silva, A. C. A.; Marcos, C. M.; Assato, P. A.; de Melo, W. C. M. A.; de Oliveira, H. C.; Costa-Orlandi, C. B.; Mendes-Giannini, M. J. S.; Fusco-Almeida, A. M. *Front. Microbiol.* **2017**, *8*, 36.
- ⁴³ Flowers, S.; Barker, K.; Berkow, E.; Toner, G.; Chadwick, S.; Gygas, S.; Morschhauser, J.; Rogers, D. *Eukaryotic Cell* **2012**, *11*, 1289–1299.
- ⁴⁴ Prasad, R.; Rawal, M. K. *Front. Pharmacol.* **2014**, *5*, 202.
- ⁴⁵ Sanglard, D.; Ischer, F.; Monod, M.; Bille, J. *Microbiology* **1997**, *143*, 405–416.
- ⁴⁶ Sanglard, D.; Coste, A.; Ferrari, S. *FEMS Yeast Res.* **2009**, *9*, 1029–1050.

- 47 Prasad, R.; Goffeau, A. *Annu. Rev. Microbiol.* **2012**, *66*, 39–63.
- 48 Gaur, M.; Puri, N.; Manoharlal, R.; Rai, V.; Mukhopadhyay, G.; Choudhury, D.; Prasad, R. *BMC Genomics* **2008**, *9*, 579.
- 49 Chen, S. H.; Sheng, C. Q.; Xu, X. H.; Jiang, Y. Y.; Zhang, W. N.; He, C. *Biol. Pharm. Bull.* **2007**, *30*, 1246–1253.
- 50 Sanglard, D.; Ischer, F.; Koymans, L.; Bille, J. *Antimicrob. Agents Chemother.* **1998**, *42*, 241–253.
- 51 Lamb, D. C.; Kelly, D. E.; White, T. C.; Kelly, S. L. *Antimicrob. Agents Chemother.* **2000**, *44*, 63–67.
- 52 Morio, F.; Loge, C.; Besse, B.; Hennequin, C.; Le Pape, P. *Diagn. Microbiol. Infect. Dis.* **2010**, *66*, 373–384.
- 53 Gonçalves, S. S.; Souza, A. C.; Chowdhary, A.; Meis, J. F.; Colombo, A. L. *Mycoses* **2016**, *59*, 198–219.
- 54 Albertson, G. D.; Niimi, M.; Cannon, R. D.; Jenkinson, H. F. *Antimicrob. Agents Chemother.* **1996**, *40*, 2835–2841.
- 55 Franz, R.; Kelly, S. L.; Lamb, D. C.; Kelly, D. E.; Ruhnke, M.; Morschhäuser, J. *Antimicrob. Agents Chemother.* **1998**, *42*, 3065–3072.
- 56 Selmecki, A.; Forche, A.; Berman, J. *Science* **2006**, *313*, 367–370.
- 57 Dunkel, N.; Liu, T. T.; Barker, K. S.; Homayouni, R.; Morschhäuser, J.; Rogers, P. D. *Eukaryot. Cell* **2008**, *7*, 1180–1190.
- 58 Kanafani, Z. A.; Perfect, J. R. *Clin. Infect. Dis.* **2008**, *46*, 120–128.
- 59 Sanglard, D.; Odds, F. C. *Lancet. Infect. Dis.* **2002**, *2*, 73–85.
- 60 Mast, N.; Zheng, W.; Stout, C. D.; Pikuleva, I. A. *Mol. Pharmacol.* **2013**, *84*, 86–94.
- 61 Panackal, A.; Gribskov, J.; Staab, J.; Kirby, A.; Rinaldi, M.; Marr, K. J. *Clin. Microbiol.* **2006**, *44*, 1740–1743.
- 62 LaFleur, M.; Lucumi, E.; Napper, A.; Diamond, S.; Lewis, K. J. *Antimicrob. Chemother.* **2011**, *66*, 820–826.
- 63 Spitzer, M.; Griffiths, E.; Blakely, K.; Wildenhain, J.; Ejim, L.; Rossi, L.; De Pascale, G.; Curak, J.; Brown, E.; Tyers, M.; Wright, G. D. *Mol. Syst. Biol.* **2011**, *21*, 1–14.
- 64 Robbins, N.; Spitzer, M.; Yu, T.; Cerone, R.; Averette, A.; Bahn, Y.; Heitman, J.; Sheppard, D.; Tyers, M.; Wright, G. *Cell Reports* **2015**, *13*, 1481–1492.
- 65 Liu, H.; Wang, L.; Li, Y.; Liu, J.; An, M.; Zhu, S.; Cao, Y.; Jiang, Z.; Zhao, M.; Cai, Z.; Dai, L.; Ni, T.; Liu, W.; Chen, S.; Wei, C.; Zang, C.; Tian, S.; Yang, J.; Wu, C.; Zhang, D.; Liu, H.; Jiang, Y. *ChemMedChem* **2014**, *9*, 207–216.
- 66 Youngsaye, W.; Hartland, C.; Morgan, B.; Ting, A.; Nag, P.; Vincent, B.; Mosher, C.; Bittker, J.; Dandapani, S.; Palmer, M.; Whitesell, L.; Lindquist, S.; Schreiber, S.; Munoz, B. *Beilstein J. Org. Chem.* **2013**, *9*, 1501–1507.
- 67 Chaturvedi, V.; Ramani, R.; Andes, D.; Diekema, D.; Pfaller, M.; Ghannoum, M.; Knapp, C.; Lockhart, S.; Ostrosky-Zeichner, L.; Walsh, T.; Marchillo, K.; Messer, S.; Welshenbaugh, A.; Bastulli, C.; Iqbal, N.; Paetznick, V.; Rodriguez, J.; Sein T. *Antimicrob. Agents Chemother.* **2011**, *55*, 1543–1548.
- 68 Mukherjee, P.; Sheehan, D.; Hitchcock, C. *Clin. Microbiol. Rev.* **2005**, *18*, 163–194.
- 69 Cui, J.; Ren, B.; Tong, Y.; Dai, H.; Zhang, L. *Virulence* **2015**, *6*, 362–71.
- 70 Girmenia, C.; Venditti, M.; Martino, P. *Diagn. Microbiol. Infect. Dis.* **2003**, *46*, 227–31.

- ⁷¹ Onyewu, C.; Blankenship, J.; Del Poeta, M.; Heitman, J. *Antimicrob. Agents Chemother.* **2003**, *47*, 956–964.
- ⁷² Sun, S.; Li, Y.; Guo, Q.; Shi, C.; Yu, J.; Ma, L. *Antimicrob. Agents Chemother.* **2008**, *52*, 409–417.
- ⁷³ Uppuluri, P.; Nett, J.; Heitman, J.; Andes, D. *Antimicrob. Agents Chemother.* **2008**, *52*, 1127–1132.
- ⁷⁴ Denardi, L.; Mario, D.; Loreto, É.; Santurio, J.; Alves, S. *Braz. J. Microbiol.* **2015**, *46*, 125–129.
- ⁷⁵ Steinbach, W.; Schell, W.; Blankenship, J.; Onyewu, C.; Heitman, J.; Perfect, J. *Antimicrob. Agents Chemother.* **2004**, *48*, 1664–1669.
- ⁷⁶ Te Dorsthorst, D.; Verweij, P.; Meletiadiis, J.; Bergervoet, M.; Punt, N; Meis, J.; Mouton, J. *Antimicrob. Agents Chemother.* **2002**, *46*, 2982–2989.
- ⁷⁷ Johnson, M.; MacDougall, C.; Ostrosky-Zeichner, L.; Perfect, J.; Rex, J. *Antimicrob. Agents Chemother.* **2004**, *48*, 693–715.
- ⁷⁸ Kuypers, D.; Claes, K.; Evenepoel, P.; Vanrenterghem, Y. *Transplantation.* **2006**, *81*, 1750–1752.
- ⁷⁹ Imbert, S.; Bresler, P.; Boissonnas, A.; Gauthier, L.; Souchet, L.; Uzunov, M.; Leblond, V.; Mazier, D.; Nguyen, S.; Fekkar, A. *J. Allergy Clin. Immunol.* **2016**, *138*, 860–868.
- ⁸⁰ Dodds-Ashley, E. *Pharmacotherapy* **2010**, *30*, 842–854.
- ⁸¹ LaFleur, M.; Lucumi, E.; Napper, A.; Diamond, S.; Lewis, K. *J. Antimicrob. Chemother.* **2011**, *66*, 820–826.
- ⁸² Spitzer, M.; Griffiths, E.; Blakely, K.; Wildenhain, J.; Ejim, L.; Rossi, L.; De Pascale, G.; Curak, J.; Brown, E.; Tyers, M.; Wright, G. *Mol. Syst. Biol.* **2011**, *21*, 1–14.
- ⁸³ National Center for Biotechnology Information. PubChem BioAssay Database; AID=2007, Source=Broad Institute. <https://pubchem.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/assay/assay.cgi?aid=2007> (accessed Mar. 11, 2015).
- ⁸⁴ Youngsaye, W.; Hartland, C.; Morgan, B.; Ting, A.; Nag, P.; Vincent, B.; Mosher, C.; Bittker, J.; Dandapani, S.; Palmer, M.; Whitesell, L.; Lindquist, S.; Schreiber, S.; Munoz, B. *Beilstein J. Org. Chem.* **2013**, *9*, 1501–1507.
- ⁸⁵ National Center for Biotechnology Information. PubChem BioAssay Database; AID=2007, Source=Broad Institute. <https://pubchem.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/assay/assay.cgi?aid=2007> (accessed Mar. 11, 2015).
- ⁸⁶ Youngsaye, W.; Hartland, C.; Morgan, B.; Ting, A.; Nag, P.; Vincent, B.; Mosher, C.; Bittker, J.; Dandapani, S.; Palmer, M.; Whitesell, L.; Lindquist, S.; Schreiber, S.; Munoz, B. *Beilstein J. Org. Chem.* **2013**, *9*, 1501–1507.
- ⁸⁷ Youngsaye, W.; Hartland, C.; Morgan, B.; Ting, A.; Nag, P.; Vincent, B.; Mosher, C.; Bittker, J.; Dandapani, S.; Palmer, M.; Whitesell, L.; Lindquist, S.; Schreiber, S.; Munoz, B. *Beilstein J. Org. Chem.* **2013**, *9*, 1501–1507.
- ⁸⁸ Youngsaye, W.; Vincent, B.; Hartland, C.; Morgan, B.; Buhrlage, S.; Johnston, S.; Bittker, J.; MacPherson, L.; Dandapani, S.; Palmer, M.; Whitesell, L.; Lindquist, S.; Schreiber, S.; Munoz, B. *Bioorg. Med. Chem. Lett.* **2011**, *21*, 5502–5505.
- ⁸⁹ Youngsaye, W.; Dockendorff, C.; Vincent, B.; Hartland, C.; Bittker, J.; Dandapani, S.; Palmer, M.; Whitesell, L.; Lindquist, S.; Schreiber, S. L.; Munoz, B. *Bioorg. Med. Chem. Lett.* **2012**, *22*, 3362–3365.

- ⁹⁰ Premachandra, I. D. U. A. PhD. Dissertation, UCI, 2016.
- ⁹¹ Premachandra, I. D. U. A.; Scott, K. A.; Shen, C.; Wang, F.; Lane, S.; Liu, H.; Van Vranken, D. L. *ChemMedChem*. **2015**, *10*, 1672–1686.
- ⁹² Premachandra, I. D. U. A.; Scott, K. A.; Shen, C.; Wang, F.; Lane, S.; Liu, H.; Van Vranken, D. L. *ChemMedChem*. **2015**, *10*, 1672–1686.
- ⁹³ Colombo, A. L.; de Almeida, J. N. Jr.; Slavin, M. A.; Chen, S. C. A.; Sorrel, T. C. *Lancet Infect. Dis.* **2017**, *17*, e344–356.
- ⁹⁴ National Center for Biotechnology Information. PubChem BioAssay Database; AID=2007, Source=Broad Institute. <https://pubchem.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/assay/assay.cgi?aid=2007> (accessed Mar. 11, 2015).
- ⁹⁵ Youngsaye, W.; Hartland, C.; Morgan, B.; Ting, A.; Nag, P.; Vincent, B.; Mosher, C.; Bittker, J.; Dandapani, S.; Palmer, M.; Whitesell, L.; Lindquist, S.; Schreiber, S.; Munoz, B. *Beilstein J. Org. Chem.* **2013**, *9*, 1501–1507.
- ⁹⁶ Youngsaye, W.; Vincent, B.; Hartland, C.; Morgan, B.; Buhrlage, S.; Johnston, S.; Bittker, J.; MacPherson, L.; Dandapani, S.; Palmer, M.; Whitesell, L.; Lindquist, S.; Schreiber, S.; Munoz, B. *Bioorg. Med. Chem. Lett.* **2011**, *21*, 5502–5505.
- ⁹⁷ Youngsaye, W.; Dockendorff, C.; Vincent, B.; Hartland, C.; Bittker, J.; Dandapani, S.; Palmer, M.; Whitesell, L.; Lindquist, S.; Schreiber, S. L.; Munoz, B. *Bioorg. Med. Chem. Lett.* **2012**, *22*, 3362–3365.
- ⁹⁸ Premachandra, I. D. U. A.; Scott, K. A.; Shen, C.; Wang, F.; Lane, S.; Liu, H.; Van Vranken, D. L. *ChemMedChem*. **2015**, *10*, 1672–1686.
- ⁹⁹ Wolfbeis, O. *Liebigs Ann. Chem.* **1981**, *5*, 819–827.
- ¹⁰⁰ Patil, C. D.; Sadana, A.; Deodhar, S. *J. Indian Chem. Soc.* **1990**, *67*, 654–656.
- ¹⁰¹ Dieckmann, W.; Meiser, W. *Ber. Dtsch. Chem. Ges.* **1908**, *41*, 3253–3269.
- ¹⁰² Liu, Z., et al. *Bioorg. Med. Chem.* **2014**, *22*, 3642 – 3653.
- ¹⁰³ Reddy, T.; Reddy, G.; Reddy, L.; Jammula, S.; Lingappa, Y.; Kapavarapu, R.; Meda, C.; Parsa, K.; Pal, M. *Eur. J. Med. Chem.* **2012**, *48*, 265–274.
- ¹⁰⁴ Chen, Y.; Onaran, M.; Doss, C.; Seto, C. *Bioorg. Med. Chem. Lett.* **2001**, *11*, 1935–1938.
- ¹⁰⁵ Geneste, H.; Ochse, M.; Drescher, K.; Dinges, J.; Jakob, C. “Heterocyclic Carboxamides Useful As Inhibitors of Phosphodiesterase Type 10A.” U.S. Patent 2 013 116 229, 2013.
- ¹⁰⁶ Brittain, D.; Wood, R. “Phthalazin-4-ylacetic acid derivatives.” U.S. Patent 4 251 528, 1981.
- ¹⁰⁷ Su, W.; Dai, G.; Xiao, K.; Jia, H.; Venable, J.; Bembenek, S. “Novel Heteroaryl and Heterocycle Compounds, Compositions, and Methods.” WO Patent 201 415 675, 2014.
- ¹⁰⁸ Liu, B.; Yi, W.; Zhang, J.; Liu, Q.; Liu, Y.; Fan, S.; Yu, X. *Org. Biomol. Chem.* **2014**, *12*, 3484–3492.
- ¹⁰⁹ Zinelaabidine, C.; Souad, O.; Zoubir, J.; Malika, B.; Nour-Eddine, A. *Int. J. Chem.* **2012**, *4*, 73–79.
- ¹¹⁰ Martin, L.; Coello, M.; Reyes, B.; Rodriguez, V.; Garranzo, G.; Murcia, P.; Francesch, S.; Sanchez, S.; Fernandez, R. Antitumoral dihydropyran-2-one compounds. WO Patent 2007 144 423, 2007.
- ¹¹¹ Liu, Z., Wang, R.; Guo, R.; Hu, J.; Li, R.; Zhao, Y.; Gong, P. *Bioorg. Med. Chem.* **2014**, *22*, 3642–3653.

- 112 Flowers, S.; Barker, K.; Berkow, E.; Toner, G.; Chadwick, S.; Gygax, S.; Morschhauser, J.; Rogers, D. *Eukaryotic Cell* **2012**, *11*, 1289–1299.
- 113 Warrillow A. G.; Martel, C. M.; Parker, J. E.; Melo, N.; Lamb, D. C.; Nes, W. D.; Kelly, D. E.; Kelly, S. L. *Antimicrob. Agents Chemotherm.* **2010**, *54*, 4235–4245.
- 114 Cormack, B. P.; Falkow, S. *Genetics*. **1999**, *151*, 979–87.
- 115 Fidel, P. L.; Cutright, J. L.; Tait, L.; Sobel, J. D. **1996**, *173*, 425–431.
- 116 Janbon, G. et. al. *PLoS Genet.* **2014**, *10*, 1–26.
- 117 Pangborn, A. B.; Giardello, M. A.; Grubbs, R. H.; Rosen, R. K.; Timmers, F. J. *Organometallics*. **1996**, *15*, 1518–1520.
- 118 Selwood, D. “Benzamide derivatives useful in the treatment of muscular disorders and pain and for controlling spasticity and tremors.” WO Patent 201 582 938, 2015.
- 119 Ozer, M. S.; Koza, G.; Sahin, E.; Balci, M. *Tetrahedron Lett.* **2013**, *54*, 6553–6556.
- 120 Koza, G.; Balci, M. *Tetrahedron* **2011**, *67*, 8679–8685.
- 121 Wolfbeis, O. *Liebigs Ann. Chem.* **1981**, *5*, 819–827.
- 122 Wolfbeis, O. *Liebigs Ann. Chem.* **1981**, *5*, 819–827.
- 123 Patil, C. D.; Sadana, A.; Deodhar, S. *J. Indian Chem. Soc.* **1990**, *67*, 654–656.
- 124 Brittain, D.; Wood, R. Phthalazin-4-ylacetic acid derivatives. U.S. Patent 4 251 528, 1981.
- 125 Su, W.; Dai, G.; Xiao, K.; Jia, H.; Venable, J.; Bembenek, S. Novel Heteroaryl and Heterocycle Compounds, Compositions, and Methods. WO Patent 201 415 675, 2014.
- 126 Selwood, D. “Benzamide derivatives useful in the treatment of muscular disorders and pain and for controlling spasticity and tremors.” WO Patent 201 582 938, 2015.
- 127 Awuah, E.; Ma, E.; Hoegl, A.; Vong, K.; Habib, E.; Auclair, K. *Bioorg. Med. Chem.* **2014**, *22*, 3083–3090.
- 128 Zinelaabidine, C.; Souad, O.; Zoubir, J.; Malika, B.; Nour-Eddine, A. *Int. J. Chem.* **2012**, *4*, 73–79.
- 129 Berghausen, J.; Buschmann, N.; Furet, P.; Gessier, F.; Hergovich Lisztwan, J.; Holzer, P.; Jacoby, E.; Kallen, J.; Masuya, K.; Pissot Soldermann, C.; Ren, H.; Stutz, S. Isoquinolinone and quinazolinone derivatives as MDM2 and MDM4 inhibitors and their preparation and use for the treatment of diseases. PCT Int. Appl. 2 011 076 786, 2011.
- 130 Liu, Z.; Wang, R.; Guo, R.; Hu, J.; Li, R.; Zhao, Y.; Gong, P. *Bioorg. Med. Chem.* **2014**, *22*, 3642–3653.
- 131 Reddy, T.; Reddy, G.; Reddy, L.; Jammula, S.; Lingappa, Y.; Kapavarapu, R.; Meda, C.; Parsa, K.; Pal, M. *Eur. J. Med. Chem.* **2012**, *48*, 265–274.
- 132 Ochoa-Puentes, C.; Bauer, S.; Kuhnle, M.; Bernhardt, G.; Buschauer, A.; Konig, B. *ACS Med. Chem. Lett.* **2013**, *4*, 393–396.
- 133 Reddy, T.; Reddy, G.; Reddy, L.; Jammula, S.; Lingappa, Y.; Kapavarapu, R.; Meda, C.; Parsa, K.; Pal, M. *Eur. J. Med. Chem.* **2012**, *48*, 265–274.
- 134 Liu, B.; Yi, W.; Zhang, J.; Liu, Q.; Liu, Y.; Fan, S.; Yu, X. *Org. Biomol. Chem.* **2014**, *12*, 3484–3492.
- 135 Zinelaabidine, C.; Souad, O.; Zoubir, J.; Malika, B.; Nour-Eddine, A. *Int. J. Chem.* **2012**, *4*, 73–79.
- 136 Liu, B.; Yi, W.; Zhang, J.; Liu, Q.; Liu, Y.; Fan, S.; Yu, X. *Org. Biomol. Chem.* **2014**, *12*, 3484–3492.

- 137 Martin, L.; Coello, M.; Reyes, B.; Rodriguez, V.; Garranzo, G.; Murcia, P.; Francesch, S.; Sanchez, S.; Fernandez, R. Antitumoral dihydropyran-2-one compounds. WO Patent 2 007 144 423, 2007.
- 138 Geneste, H.; Ochse, M.; Drescher, K.; Dinges, J.; Jakob, C. Heterocyclic Carboxamides Useful As Inhibitors of Phosphodiesterase Type 10A. U.S. Patent 2 013 116 229, 2013.
- 139 Flowers, S.; Barker, K.; Berkow, E.; Toner, G.; Chadwick, S.; Gygax, S.; Morschhauser, J.; Rogers, D. *Eukaryotic Cell* **2012**, *11*, 1289–1299.
- 140 Basso, L.; Gast, C.; Bruzual, I.; Wong, B. *J. Antimicrob Chemother* **2015**, *70*, 1396–407.
- 141 Cormack, B. P.; Falkow, S. *Genetics*. **1999**, *151*, 979–987.
- 142 Premachandra, I. D. U. A.; Scott, K. A.; Shen, C.; Wang, F.; Lane, S.; Liu, H.; Van Vranken, D. L. *ChemMedChem*. **2015**, *10*, 1672–1686.
- 143 Premachandra, I. D. U. A.; Scott, K. A.; Shen, C.; Wang, F.; Lane, S.; Liu, H.; Van Vranken, D. L. *ChemMedChem*. **2015**, *10*, 1672–1686.
- 144 Cormack, B. P.; Falkow, S. *Genetics*. **1999**, *151*, 979–87.
- 145 Fidel, P. L.; Cutright, J. L.; Tait, L.; Sobel, J. D. **1996**, *173*, 425–431.
- 146 Janbon, G. et. al. *PLoS Genet*. **2014**, *10*, 1-26.
- 147 Nascimento-Jfflnior, N. M.; Mendes, T. C. F.; Leal, D. M.; Correa, C. M. N.; Sudo, R. T.; Zapata-Sudo, G.; Barreiro, E. J.; Fraga, C. A. *Bioorg. Med. Chem. Lett.* **2010**, *20*, 74–77.
- 148 Sandmeyer, T. *Helvetica Chim. Acta* **1919**, *2*, 234–242.
- 149 Marvel, C. S.; Hiers, G. S. *Org. Synth.* **1925**, *5*, 71.
- 150 Phippen, C.; McErlean, C. *Tetrahedron Letters*, **2011**, *52*, 1490–1492.
- 151 Curran, D. P.; Geib, S.; DeMello, N. *Tetrahedron* **1999**, *55*, 5681–5704.
- 152 Zhao, C.; Parrish, R. M.; Smith, M. D.; Pellechia, P. J.; Sherrill, C. D.; Shimizu, K. D. *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* **2012**, *134*, 14306–14309.
- 153 Raimondi, L.; Benaglia, M.; Cozzi, F. *Eur. J. Org. Chem.* **2014**, 4993–4998.
- 154 Kishikawa, K.; Yoshizaki, K.; Kohmoto, S.; Yamamoto, M.; Yamaguchi, K.; Yamada, K. *J. Chem. Soc. Perkin Trans. 1* **1997**, 1233–1239.
- 155 Zhao, C.; Li, P.; Smith, M. D.; Pellechia, P. J.; Shimizu, K. D. *Org. Lett.* **2014**, *16*, 3520–3523.
- 156 Pangborn, A. B.; Giardello, M. A.; Grubbs, R. H.; Rosen, R. K.; Timmers, F. J. *Organometallics*. **1996**, *15*, 1518–1520.
- 157 Kalia, D.; Pawar, S. P.; Thopate, J. S. *Angew. Chem. Int. Ed.* **2017**, *56*, 1885–1889.
- 158 Salewska, N.; Boros-Majewska, J.; Lcka, I.; Chylinska, K.; Sabisz, M.; Milewski, S.; Milewska, M. *J. Enzyme Inhib. Med. Chem.* **2012**, *27*, 117–124.
- 159 Barrales-Rienda, J. M.; Gonzalez Ramos, J.; Sanchez Chavez, M. *J. Fluor. Chem.* **1977**, *9*, 293–308.
- 160 Abu Bakr, S. M.; Abd El-Karim, S. S.; Said, M. M.; Youns, M. M. *Res. Chem. Intermediat.* **2016**, *42*, 1387–1399.
- 161 Hagiwara, K.; Iwatsu, M.; Urabe, D.; Inoue, M. *Heterocycles* **2015**, *90*, 659–672.
- 162 Nascimento-Junior, N. M.; Mendes, T. C. F.; Leal, D. M.; Correa, C. M. N.; Sudo, R. T.; Zapata-Sudo, G.; Barreiro, E. J.; Fraga, C. A. M. *Bioorg. Med. Chem. Lett.* **2010**, *20*, 74–77.
- 163 Matuszak, N.; Muccioli, G. G.; Labar, G.; Lambert, D. M. *J. Med. Chem.* **2009**, *52*, 7410–7420.
- 164 Garad, D. N.; Tanpure, S. D.; Mhaske, S. B. *Beilstein J. Org. Chem.* **2015**, *11*, 1008–1016.

- ¹⁶⁵ Oikawa, M.; Sasaki, S.; Sakai, M.; Ishikawa, Y.; Sakai, R. *Eur. J. Org. Chem.* **2012**, *29*, 5789–5802.
- ¹⁶⁶ Matuszak, N.; Muccioli, G. G.; Labar, G.; Lambert, D. M. *J. Med. Chem.* **2009**, *52*, 7410–7420.
- ¹⁶⁷ Matuszak, N.; Muccioli, G. G.; Labar, G.; Lambert, D. M. *J. Med. Chem.* **2009**, *52*, 7410–7420.
- ¹⁶⁸ Blessy, M.; Patel, R. D.; Prajapati, P. N.; Agrawal, Y. K. *J. Pharm. Sci.* **2014**, *4*, 159–165.
- ¹⁶⁹ “ICH Harmonised Tripartite Guideline - Impurities in New Drug Products Q3B(R2), Current Step 4 version” International Conference on Harmonisation of Technical Requirements for Registration of Pharmaceuticals for Human Use, June 2, 2006. https://www.ich.org/fileadmin/Public_Web_Site/ICH_Products/Guidelines/Quality/Q3B_R2/Step4/Q3B_R2_Guideline.pdf
- ¹⁷⁰ “Guidance for Industry ANDAs: Impurities in Drug Products” U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, Food and Drug Administration Center for Drug Evaluation and Research (CDER), November 2010. <https://www.fda.gov/media/71351/download>
- ¹⁷¹ Szymkuć, S.; Gajewska, E. P.; Klucznik, T.; Molga, K.; Dittwald, P.; Startek, M.; Bajczyk, M.; Grzybowski, B. A. *Angew. Chem. Int. Ed.* **2016**, *55*, 5904–5937.
- ¹⁷² Liao, R.-Z.; Thiel, W. *J. Chem. Theory Comput.* **2012**, *8*, 3793–3803.
- ¹⁷³ Polyak, I.; Reetz, M. T.; Thiel, W. *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* **2012**, *134*, 2732–2741.
- ¹⁷⁴ Abad, E.; Zenn, R. K.; Kästner, J. *J. Phys. Chem. B* **2013**, *117*, 14238–14246.
- ¹⁷⁵ Andrejićand, M.; Mata, R. A. *J. Chem. Theory Comput.* **2014**, *10*, 5397–5404.
- ¹⁷⁶ Shoji, M.; Isobe, H.; Yamaguchi, K. *Chem. Phys. Lett.* **2015**, *636*, 172–179.
- ¹⁷⁷ Jenkin, M. E.; Saunders, S. M.; Pilling, M. J. *Atmos. Environ.* **1997**, *31*, 81–104.
- ¹⁷⁸ Saunders, S. M.; Jenkin, M. E.; Derwent, R. G.; Pilling, M. J. *Atmos. Chem. Phys.* **2003**, *3*, 161–180.
- ¹⁷⁹ Jenkin, M. E.; Saunders, S. M.; Wagner, V.; Pilling, M. J. *Atmos. Chem. Phys.* **2003**, *3*, 181–193.
- ¹⁸⁰ Jenkin, M. E.; Wyche, K. P.; Evans, C. J.; Carr, T.; Monks, P. S.; Alfarra, M. R.; Barley, M. H.; McFiggans, G. B.; Young, J. C.; Rickard, A. R. *Atmos. Chem. Phys.* **2012**, *12*, 5275–5308.
- ¹⁸¹ Jenkin, M. E.; Young, J. C.; Rickard, A. R. *Atmos. Chem. Phys.* **2015**, *15*, 11433–11459.
- ¹⁸² Jorgensen, W. L.; Laird, E. R.; Gushurst, A. J.; Fleischer, J. M.; Gothe, S. A.; Helson, H. E.; Paderes, G. D.; Sinclair, S. *Pure Appl. Chem.* **1990**, *62*, 1921–1932.
- ¹⁸³ William L. Jorgensen Research Group, <http://zarbi.chem.yale.edu/> (accessed July 26, 2019).
- ¹⁸⁴ Gasteiger, J.; Hutchings, M. G.; Christoph, B.; Gann, L.; Hiller, C.; Loew, P.; Marsili, M.; Saller, H.; Yuki, K. *Topics. Curr. Chem.* **1987**, *137*, 19–73.
- ¹⁸⁵ Sello, G. *J. Chem. Inf. Model.* **1992**, *32*, 713–717.
- ¹⁸⁶ Satoh, H.; Funatsu, K. *J. Chem. Inf. Model.* **1995**, *35*, 34–44.
- ¹⁸⁷ Socorro, I. M.; Taylor, K.; Goodman, J. M. *Org. Lett.* **2005**, *7*, 3541–3544.
- ¹⁸⁸ Testa, B.; Balmat, A.-L.; Long, A.; Judson, P. *Chem. Biodiversity* **2005**, *2*, 872–855.
- ¹⁸⁹ Pole, D. L.; Ando, H. Y.; Murphy, S. T. *Mol. Pharmaceutics* **2007**, *4*, 539–549.
- ¹⁹⁰ Zeneth, <https://www.lhasalimited.org/products/zeneth.htm> (accessed July 26, 2019).

- ¹⁹¹ Kleinman, M. H.; Baertschi, S. W.; Alsante, K. M.; Reid, D. L.; Mowery, M. D.; Shimanovich, R.; Foti, C.; Smith, W. K.; Reynolds, D. W.; Nefliu, M.; Ott, M. A. *Mol. Pharmaceutics* **2014**, *11*, 4179–4188.
- ¹⁹² Lederberg, J.; Sutherland, G. L.; Buchanan, B. G.; Feigenbaum, E. A.; Robertson, A. V.; Duffield, A. M.; Djerassi, C. *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* **1969**, *91*, 2973–2977.
- ¹⁹³ Duffield, A. M.; Robertson, A. V.; Djerassi, C.; Buchanan, B. G.; Sutherland, G. L.; Feigenbaum, E. A.; Lederberg, J. *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* **1969**, *91*, 2977–2981.
- ¹⁹⁴ Lindsay, R. K.; Buchanan, B. G.; Feigenbaum, E. A.; Lederberg, J. *Applications of Artificial Intelligence for Organic Chemistry: The DENDRAL Project*; McGraw-Hill Book Company: New York, 1980.
- ¹⁹⁵ Gelernter, H.; Rose, J. R.; Chen, C. *J. Chem. Inf. Model.* **1990**, *30*, 492–504.
- ¹⁹⁶ Feng, F.; Lai, L.; Pei, J. *Front. Chem.* **2018**, *6*, 199.
- ¹⁹⁷ Carrera, G. V.; Gupta, S.; Aires-de-Sousa, J. *J. Comput. Aided Mol. Des.* **2009**, *23*, 419–429.
- ¹⁹⁸ Wei, J. N.; Duvenaud, D.; Aspuru-Guzik, A. *ACS Cent. Sci.* **2016**, *2*, 725–732.
- ¹⁹⁹ Segler, M. H. S.; Waller, M. P. *Chem. Eur. J.* **2017**, *23*, 5966–5971.
- ²⁰⁰ Segler, M. H. S.; Preuss, M.; Waller, M. P. *Nature* **2018**, 555, 604–619.
- ²⁰¹ Bradshaw, J.; Kusner, M. J.; Paige, B.; Segler, M. H. S.; Hernández-Lobato, J. M. ICLR, 2019, abs/1805.10970.
- ²⁰² Coley, C. W.; Barzilay, R.; Jaakkola, T. S.; Green, W. H.; Jensen, K. F. *ACS Cent. Sci.* **2017**, *3*, 434–443.
- ²⁰³ Coley, C. W.; Jin, W.; Rogers, L.; Jamison, T. F.; Jaakkola, T. S.; Green, W. H.; Barzilay, R.; Jensen, K. F. *Chem. Sci.* **2019**, *10*, 370–377.
- ²⁰⁴ Shi, Z.; Fan, J.; Kronenthal, D. R.; Mudryk, B. M. *Org. Process Res. Dev.* **2018**, *22*, 1534–1540.
- ²⁰⁵ Kayala, M. A.; Azencott, C.-A.; Chen, J. H.; Baldi, P. *J. Chem. Inf. Model.* **2011**, *51*, 2209–2222.
- ²⁰⁶ Kayala, M. A.; Baldi, P. *J. Chem. Inf. Model.* **2012**, *52*, 2526–2540.
- ²⁰⁷ Hochreiter, S.; Schmidhuber, J. *Neural Comput.* **1997**, *9*, 1735–1780.
- ²⁰⁸ Graves, A.; Schmidhuber, J. *Neural Netw.* **2005**, *18*, 602–610.
- ²⁰⁹ James, C.; Weininger, D.; Delany, J. *Daylight theory manual daylight version 4.82*, Daylight Chemical Information Systems, 2003.
- ²¹⁰ OEChem, version 1.7.4, OpenEye Scientific Software, Inc., Santa Fe, NM, USA, 2012, www.eyesopen.com.
- ²¹¹ Chen, J. H.; Baldi, P. *J. Chem. Inf. Model.* **2009**, *49*, 2034–2043.
- ²¹² Holman, R. W. *J. Chem. Educ.* **2003**, *80*, 1259.
- ²¹³ Libby, R. D. *J. Chem. Educ.* **2001**, *78*, 314.
- ²¹⁴ Kurti, L.; Czako, B. *Strategic Applications of Named Reactions in Organic Synthesis*; Elsevier: Boston, 2005.
- ²¹⁵ Tu, Y. Q.; Yang, L. M.; Chen, Y. Z. *Chem. Lett.* **1998**, *27*, 285–286.
- ²¹⁶ Mulzer, J.; Pointner, A.; Chucholowski, A.; Bruntrup, G. *J. Chem. Soc., Chem. Commun.* **1979**, 52–54.
- ²¹⁷ Baumann, K. L.; Butler, D. E.; Deering, C. F.; Mennen, K. E.; Millar, A.; Nanninga, T. N.; Palmer, C. W.; Roth, B. D. *Tetrahedron Lett.* **1992**, *33*, 2283–2284.

- ²¹⁸ Hinton, G. E.; Srivastava, N.; Krizhevsky, A.; Sutskever I.; Salakhutdinov, R. CoRR, 2012, abs/1207.0580.
- ²¹⁹ Baldi, P.; Sadowski, P. *Artificial Intelligence* **2014**, *210*, 78–122.
- ²²⁰ Glorot X.; Bengio, Y. Proceedings of the Thirteenth International Conference on Artificial Intelligence and Statistics, Chia Laguna Resort, Sardinia, Italy, 2010, pp. 249–256.
- ²²¹ Kingma, D. P.; Ba, J. CoRR, 2014, abs/1412.6980.
- ²²² Baldi, P.; Chauvin, Y. *Neural Comput.* **1993**, *5*, 402–418.
- ²²³ Bromley, J.; Guyon, I.; LeCun, Y.; Säckinger, E.; Shah, R. Proceedings of the 6th International Conference on Neural Information Processing Systems, San Francisco, CA, USA, 1993, pp. 737–744.
- ²²⁴ Swamidass, S. J.; Chen, J.; Bruand, J.; Phung, P.; Ralaivolaand, L.; Baldi, P. *Bioinformatics*, **2005**, *21*, i359–i368.
- ²²⁵ Kraskov, A.; Stögbauer, H.; Grassberger, P. *Phys. Rev. E: Stat., Nonlinear, Soft Matter Phys.* **2004**, *69*, 066138.
- ²²⁶ Pedregosa, F.; Varoquaux, G.; Gramfort, A.; Michel, V.; Thirion, B.; Grisel, O.; Blondel, M.; Prettenhofer, P.; Weiss, R.; Dubourg, V.; Vanderplas, J.; Passos, A.; Cournapeau, D.; Brucher, M.; Perrot, M.; Duchesnay, E. *J. Mach. Learn. Res.* **2011**, *12*, 2825–2830.
- ²²⁷ Paquette, L. A.; Yang, J.; Long, Y. O. *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* **2002**, *124*, 6542–6543.
- ²²⁸ Chung, J. Y.; Ho, G.-J.; Chartrain, M.; Roberge, C.; Zhao, D.; Leazer, J.; Farr, R.; Robbins, M.; Emerson, K.; Mathre, D. J.; McNamara, J. M. Hughes, D. L.; Grabowski, E. J.; Reider, P. J. *Tetrahedron Lett.* **1999**, *40*, 6739–6743.
- ²²⁹ Kopecky, D. J.; Rychnovsky, S. D. *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* **2001**, *123*, 8420–8421.
- ²³⁰ Tanino, K.; Onuki, K.; Asano, K.; Miyashita, M.; Nakamura, T.; Takahashi Y.; Kuwajima, I. *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* **2003**, *125*, 1498–1500.
- ²³¹ Gomtsyan, A.; Schmidt, R. G.; Bayburt, E. K.; Gfesser, G. A.; Voight, E. A.; Daanen, J. F.; Schmidt, D. L.; Cowart, M. D.; Liu, H.; Altenbach, R. J.; Kort, M. E.; Clapham, B.; Cox, P. B.; Shrestha, A.; Henry, R.; Whittern, D. N.; Reilly, R. M.; Puttfarcken, P. S.; Brederson, J.-D.; Song, P.; Li, B.; Huang, S. M.; McDonald, H. A.; Neelands, T. R.; McGaraughty, S. P.; Gauvin, D. M.; Joshi, S. K.; Banfor, P. N.; Segreti, J. A.; Shebley, M.; Faltynek, C. R.; Dart M. J.; Kym, P. R. *J. Med. Chem.* **2016**, *59*, 4926–4947.
- ²³² Huang, H.-S.; Chiu, H.-F.; Lee, A.-L.; Guo, C.-L.; Yuan, C.-L. *Bioorg. Med. Chem.* **2004**, *12*, 6163–6170.
- ²³³ Cai, F.; Pu, X.; Qi, X.; Lynch, V.; Radha A.; Ready, J. M. *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* **2011**, *133*, 18066–18069.
- ²³⁴ Baldwin, J. E. *J. Chem. Soc., Chem. Commun.* **1976**, 734–736.
- ²³⁵ Arredondo, V.; Hiew, S. C.; Gutman, E. S.; Premachandra, I. D. U. A.; Van Vranken, D. L. *Angew. Chem. Int. Ed.* **2017**, *56*, 4156–4159.
- ²³⁶ Ewan, H. S.; Iyer, K.; Hyun, S.-H.; Wleklinski, M.; Cooks, R. G.; Thompson, D. H. *Org. Process Res. Dev.* **2017**, *21*, 1566–1570.
- ²³⁷ Wleklinski, M.; Falcone, C. E.; Loren, B. P.; Jaman, Z.; Iyer, K.; Ewan, H. S.; Hyun, S.-H. Thompson, D. H.; Cooks, R. G. *Eur. J. Org. Chem.* **2016**, 5480–5484.
- ²³⁸ Saxena, D.; Damale, S.; Joshi, A.; Datar, A. *Int. J. LifeSc. Bt & Pharm. Res.* **2014**, *3*, 196–207.
- ²³⁹ Tiwari, R.; Shah, N.; Bhalani, V.; Mahajan, A. *Journal of Pharmaceutical Analysis* **2015**, *5*, 33–42.

- ²⁴⁰ Stoiljković, Z.; Jadranin, M.; Đurić, S.; Petrović, S.; Ivić Avramov, M.; Mijin, D. *Chem. Ind. Chem. Eng. Q.* **2014**, *20*, 295–304.
- ²⁴¹ Davi, A.; Rao, Y.; Satish, M.; Jyothi, G.; Rao, K.; Omdutt, T. *Magn. Reson. Chem.* **2007**, *45*, 688–691.
- ²⁴² Zaazaa, H.; Abbas, S.; Essam H.; El-Bardicy, M. *Journal of Chromatographic Science* **2013**, *51*, 533–543.
- ²⁴³ Rapolu, R.; Raju, C.; Srinivas, K.; Awasthi, A.; Naval Gund, K.; Surendranath, V. *Journal of Pharmaceutical and Biomedical Analysis* **2014**, *99*, 59–66.
- ²⁴⁴ Baldi, P. *Data Min. Knowl. Discov.* **2017**, 1–13.
- ²⁴⁵ LeCun, Y.; Bengio, Y. Convolutional Networks for Images, Seech, and Time Series. In *The handbook of brain theory and neural networks*; Arbib, M. A. Ed.; MIT Press, Cambridge, MA, USA, 1998; pp. 255–258.
- ²⁴⁶ Harris, J. M. Nucleophilicity. In *Advances in Chemistry Series*; McManus, S. P., Ed.; American Chemical Society: Washington D. C., 1987.
- ²⁴⁷ Mayr, H.; Patz, M. *Angew. Chem. Int. Ed. Engl.* **1994**, *33*, 938–957.
- ²⁴⁸ Swain, C. G.; Scott, C. B. *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* **1953**, *75*, 141–147.
- ²⁴⁹ Edwards, J. O. *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* **1954**, *76*, 1540–1547.
- ²⁵⁰ Edwards, J. O. *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* **1956**, *78*, 1819–1820.
- ²⁵¹ A. J. Parker. *Chem. Rev.* **1969**, *69*, 1–32.
- ²⁵² Ritchie, C. D. *Acc. Chem. Res.* **1972**, *5*, 348–354.
- ²⁵³ Ritchie, C. D. *Can. J. Chem.* **1986**, *64*, 2239–2250.
- ²⁵⁴ Phan, T. B.; Breugst, M.; Mayr, H. *Angew. Chem. Int. Ed.* **2006**, *45*, 3869–3874.
- ²⁵⁵ Mayr, H.; Ofial, A. R. *J. Phys. Org. Chem.* **2008**, *21*, 584–595.
- ²⁵⁶ Ofial, A. R. Mayr's Database of Reactivity Parameters. <https://www.cup.lmu.de/oc/mayr/reaktionsdatenbank2/> (accessed April 8, 2019).
- ²⁵⁷ Mayr, H.; Patz, M.; Gotta, M. F.; Ofial, A. R. *Pure & Appl. Chem.* **1998**, *70*, 1993–2000.
- ²⁵⁸ Schindele, C.; Houk, K. N.; Mayr, H. *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* **2002**, *124*, 11208–11214.
- ²⁵⁹ Troshin, K.; Schindele, C.; Mayr, H. *J. Org. Chem.* **2011**, *76*, 9391–9408.
- ²⁶⁰ Troshin, K.; Mayr, H. *J. Org. Chem.* **2013**, *78*, 2649–2660.
- ²⁶¹ Böttger, G. M.; Fröhlich, R.; Würthwein, E.-U. *Eur. J. Org. Chem.* **2000**, 1589–1593.
- ²⁶² Li, Z.; Jangra, H.; Chen, Q.; Mayer, P.; Ofial, A. R.; Zipse, H.; Mayr, H. *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* **2018**, *140*, 5500–5515.
- ²⁶³ Allgäuer, D. S.; Jangra, H.; Asahara, H.; Li, A.; Chen, Q.; Zipse, H.; Ofial, A. R.; Mayr, H. *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* **2017**, *139*, 13318–13329.
- ²⁶⁴ Seeliger, F.; Blazej, S.; Bernhardt, S.; Makosza, M.; Mayr, H. *Chem. Eur. J.* **2008**, *14*, 6108–6118.
- ²⁶⁵ Ammer, J.; Mayr, H. *Macromolecules* **2010**, *43*, 1719–1723.
- ²⁶⁶ Ammer, J.; Nolte, C.; Mayr, H. *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* **2012**, *134*, 13902–13911.
- ²⁶⁷ Mayr, H.; Kempf, B.; Ofial, A. R. *Acc. Chem. Res.* **2003**, *36*, 66–77.
- ²⁶⁸ Allgäuer, D. S.; Mayr, H. *Eur. J. Org. Chem.* **2014**, 2956–2963.
- ²⁶⁹ Appel, R.; Mayr, H. *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* **2011**, *133*, 8240–8251.
- ²⁷⁰ Grimme, S.; Ehrlich, S.; Goerigk, L. *J. Comput. Chem.* **2011**, *32*, 1456–1465.
- ²⁷¹ Ofial, A. R. Mayr's Database of Reactivity Parameters. <https://www.cup.lmu.de/oc/mayr/reaktionsdatenbank2/> (accessed April 8, 2019)

- 272 Mayr, H.; Bug, T.; Gotta, M. F.; Hering, N.; Irrgang, B.; Janker, B.; Kempf, B.; Loos, R.; Ofial, A. R.; Remennikov, G.; Schimmel, H. *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* **2001**, *123*, 9500–9512.
- 273 Mayr, H.; Ofial, A. R.; Schimmel, H. *Macromolecules* **2005**, *38*, 33–40.
- 274 Minegishi, S.; Mayr, H. *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* **2003**, *125*, 286–295.
- 275 Horn, M.; Mayr, H. *Eur. J. Org. Chem.* **2011**, 6470–6475.
- 276 Henninger, J.; Mayr, H.; Patz, M.; Stanescu, M. D. *Liebigs Ann.* **1995**, 2005–2009.
- 277 Follet, E.; Mayer, P.; Berionni, G. *Chem. Eur. J.* **2017**, *23*, 623–630.
- 278 Appel, R.; Chelli, S.; Tokuyasu, T.; Troshin, K.; Mayr, H. *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* **2013**, *135*, 6579–6587.
- 279 Richter, D.; Hampel, N.; Singer, T.; Ofial, A. R.; Mayr, H. *Eur. J. Org. Chem.* **2009**, 3203–3211.
- 280 Lucius, R.; Loos, R.; Mayr, H. *Angew. Chem. Int. Ed.* **2002**, *41*, 91–95.
- 281 Follet, E.; Berionni, G.; Mayer, P.; Mayr, H. *J. Org. Chem.* **2015**, *80*, 8643–8656.
- 282 Follet, E.; Mayer, P.; Mayr, H. *Eur. J. Org. Chem.* **2016**, 4050–4058.
- 283 Samanta, R. C.; Maji, B.; De Sarkar, S.; Bergander, K.; Fröhlich, R.; Mück-Lichtenfeld, C.; Mayr, H.; Studer, A. *Angew. Chem. Int. Ed.* **2012**, *51*, 5234–5238.
- 284 Baidya, M.; Remennikov, G. Y.; Mayer, P.; Mayr, H. *Chem. Eur. J.* **2010**, *16*, 1365–1371.
- 285 Levens, A.; An, F.; Fernando, J. E. M.; Ofial, A. R.; Lupton, D. W.; Mayr, H. *Top. Catal.* **2018**, *61*, 585–590.
- 286 Kaumanns, O.; Lucius, R.; Mayr, H. *Chem. Eur. J.* **2008**, *14*, 9675–9682.
- 287 Kaumanns, O.; Mayr, H. *J. Org. Chem.* **2008**, *73*, 2738–2745.
- 288 Berger, S. T. A.; Seeliger, F. H.; Hofbauer, F.; Mayr, H. *Org. Biomol. Chem.* **2007**, *5*, 3020–3026.
- 289 Zenz, I.; Mayr, H. *J. Org. Chem.* **2011**, *76*, 9370–9378.
- 290 Lakhdar, S.; Tokuyasu, T.; Mayr, H. *Angew. Chem. Int. Ed.* **2008**, *47*, 8723–8726.
- 291 Lakhdar, S.; Ammer, J.; Mayr, H. *Angew. Chem. Int. Ed.* **2011**, *50*, 9953–9956.
- 292 Lakhdar, S.; Appel, R.; Mayr, H. *Angew. Chem. Int. Ed.* **2009**, *48*, 5034–5037.
- 293 Holland, M. C.; Paul, S.; Schweizer, W. B.; Bergander, K.; Mück-Lichtenfeld, C.; Lakhdar, S.; Mayr, H.; Gilmour, R. *Angew. Chem. Int. Ed.* **2013**, *52*, 7967–7971.
- 294 An, F.; Paul, S.; Ammer, J.; Ofial, A. R.; Mayer, P.; Lakhdar, S.; Mayr, H. *Asian J. Org. Chem.* **2014**, *3*, 550–555.
- 295 Lemek, T.; Mayr, H. *J. Org. Chem.* **2003**, *68*, 6880–6886.
- 296 Guo, X.; Mayr, H. *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* **2014**, *136*, 11499–11512.
- 297 Guo, X.; Mayr, H. *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* **2013**, *135*, 12377–12387.
- 298 Asahara, H.; Mayr, H. *Chem. Asian J.* **2012**, *7*, 1401–1407.
- 299 Chen, Q.; Mayer, P.; Mayr, H. *Angew. Chem. Int. Ed.* **2016**, *55*, 12664–12667.
- 300 Remennikov, G. Y.; Kempf, B.; Ofial, A. R.; Polborn, K.; Mayr, H. *J. Phys. Org. Chem.* **2003**, *16*, 431–437.
- 301 Lakhdar, S.; Westermaier, M.; Terrier, F.; Goumont, R.; Boubaker, T.; Ofial, A. R.; Mayr, H. *J. Org. Chem.* **2006**, *71*, 9088–9095.
- 302 Terrier, F.; Lakhdar, S.; Boubaker, T.; Goumont, R. *J. Org. Chem.* **2005**, *70*, 6242–6253.
- 303 Lakhdar, S.; Goumont, R.; Berionni, G.; Boubaker, T.; Kurbatov, S.; Terrier, F. *Chem. Eur. J.* **2007**, *13*, 8317–8324.
- 304 Kanzian, T.; Mayr, H. *Chem. Eur. J.* **2010**, *16*, 11670–11677.

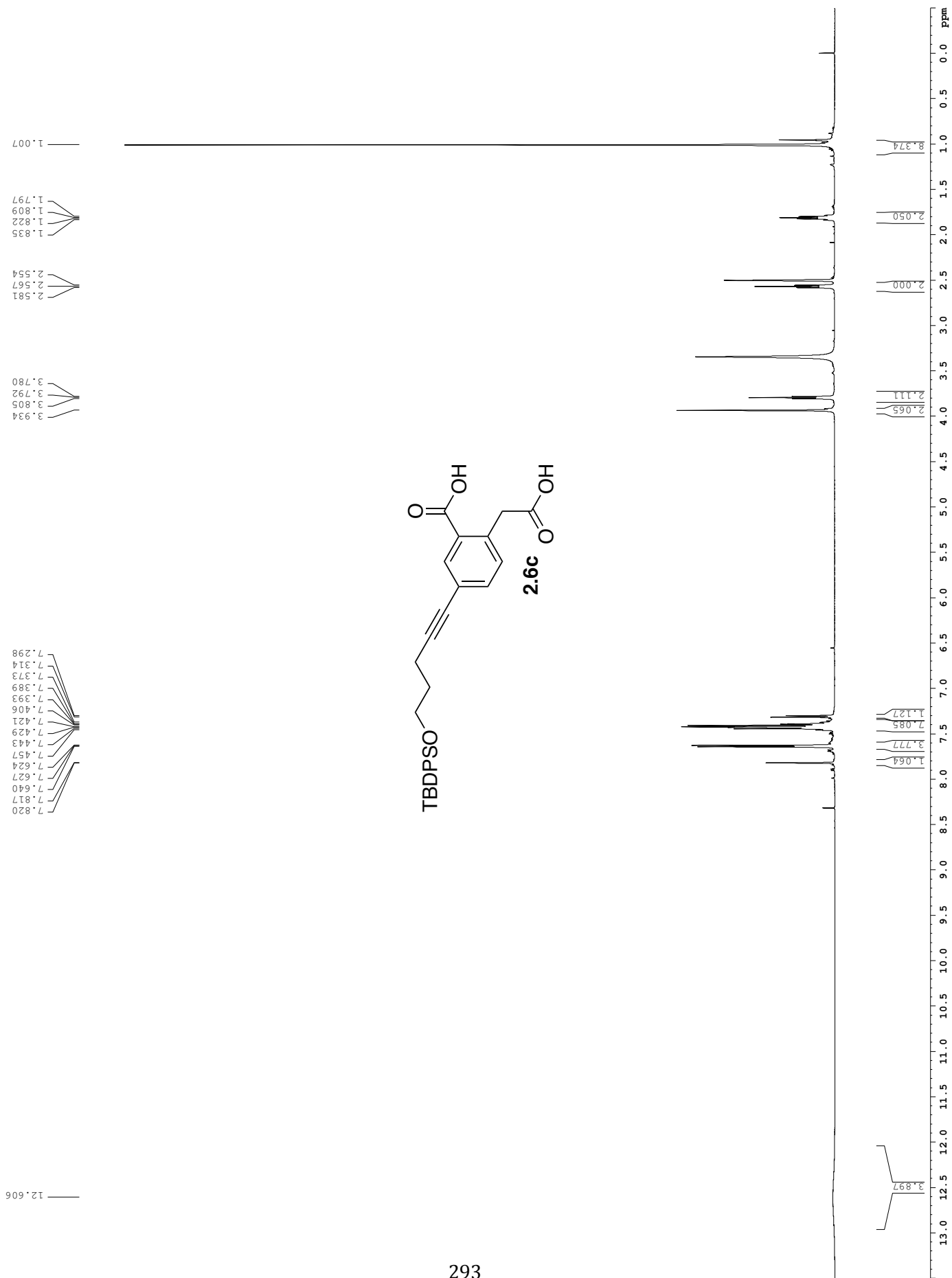
- 305 Kanzian, T.; Nicolini, S.; De Crescentini, L.; Attanasi, O. A.; Ofial, A. R.; Mayr, H. *Chem. Eur. J.* **2010**, *16*, 12008–12016.
- 306 Duan, X.-H.; Mayr, H. *Org. Lett.* **2010**, *12*, 2238–2241.
- 307 Timofeeva, D. S.; Ofial, A. R.; Mayr, H. *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* **2018**, *140*, 11474–11486.
- 308 Zhang, J.; Yang, J.-D.; Zheng, H.; Xue, X.-S.; Mayr, H.; Cheng, J.-P. *Angew. Chem. Int. Ed.* **2018**, *57*, 12690–12695.
- 309 Dulich, F.; Muller, K.-H.; Ofial, A. R.; Mayr, H. *Helv. Chim. Acta* **2005**, *88*, 1754–1768.
- 310 Troshin, K.; Mayer, P.; Mayr, H. *Organometallics* **2012**, *31*, 2416–2424.
- 311 Phan, T. B.; Breugst, M.; Mayr, H. *Angew. Chem. Int. Ed.* **2006**, *45*, 3869–3874.
- 312 Swain, C. G.; Scott, C. B. *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* **1953**, *75*, 141–147.
- 313 Antipova, A. PhD. Dissertation, Ludwig-Maximilians-Universität München, 2015.
- 314 Page, M. I.; Jencks, W. P. *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* **1971**, *68*, 1678–1683.
- 315 Wolters, L. P.; Bickelhaupt, F. M. *WIREs Comput Mol. Sci.* **2015**, *5*, 324–343.
- 316 Williams, I. H. *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* **1987**, *109*, 6299–6307.
- 317 Ćmikiewicz, A.; Gordon, A. J.; Berski, S. *Structural Chemistry* **2018**, *29*, 243–255.
- 318 Hall, N. E.; Smith, B. J. *J. Phys. Chem. A* **1998**, *102*, 4930–4938.
- 319 Kaufmann, E.; Schleyer, P. V. R.; Houk, K. N.; Wu, Y. D. *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* **1985**, *107*, 5560–5563.
- 320 Nakamura, M.; Nakamura, E.; Koga, N.; Morokuma, K. *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* **1993**, *115*, 11016–11017.
- 321 Strozier, R. W.; Caramella, P.; Houk, K. N. *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* **1979**, *101*, 1340–1343.
- 322 Reppe, W. Vinylierung. *Liebigs Ann.* **1956**, 601, 81–104.
- 323 Troşuş, I.-T.; Zimmermann, T.; Schüth, F. *Chem. Rev.* 2014, **114**, 1761–1782.
- 324 Choe, J. C. *Bull. Korean Chem. Soc.* **2019**, *40*, 205–206.
- 325 Oro, J.; Kimball, A. P. *Arch. Biochem. Biophys.* **1961**, *94*, 217–227.
- 326 Chen, J. H.; Baldi, P. *J. Chem. Inf. Model.* 2009, **49**, 2034–2043.
- 327 Kayala, M. A.; Azencott, C.-A.; Chen, J. H.; Baldi, P. *J. Chem. Inf. Model.* **2011**, *51*, 2209–2222.
- 328 Fooshee, D.; Mood, A.; Gutman, E.; Tavakoli, M.; Urban, G.; Liu, F.; Huynh, N.; Van Vranken, D.; Baldi, P. *Mol. Sys. Des. Eng.* **2018**, *3*, 442–452.
- 329 Herman, Z.; Hierl, P.; Lee, A.; Wolfgang, R. *J. Chem. Phys.* **1969**, *51*, 454–455.
- 330 Raksit, A. B.; Schiff, H. I.; Bohme, D. K. *Int. J. Mass Spectrom. Ion Process.* **1984**, *56*, 321–335.
- 331 Snow, T. P.; Bierbaum, V. *Annu. Rev. Anal. Chem.* **2008**, *1*, 229–59.
- 332 Smith, D. *Chem. Rev.* **1992**, *92*, 1473–1485.
- 333 Olah, G. A.; Prakash, G. K. S.; Molnár, A.; Sommer, J. *Superacid Chemistry*, 2nd ed.; Wiley: Hoboken, NJ, 2008.
- 334 Edwards, J. O. *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* **1954**, *76*, 1540–1547.
- 335 Edwards, J. O. *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* **1956**, *78*, 1819–1820.
- 336 Bordwell, F. G. *Acc. Chem. Res.* **1988**, *21*, 456–463.
- 337 Bordwell, F. G.; Algrim, D. J. *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* **1988**, *110*, 2964–2968.
- 338 Breslow, R.; Grant, J. L. *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* **1977**, *99*, 7745–7746.
- 339 Log *k* for nucleophilic addition was determined using the Mayr equation for a diverse set of nucleophiles.

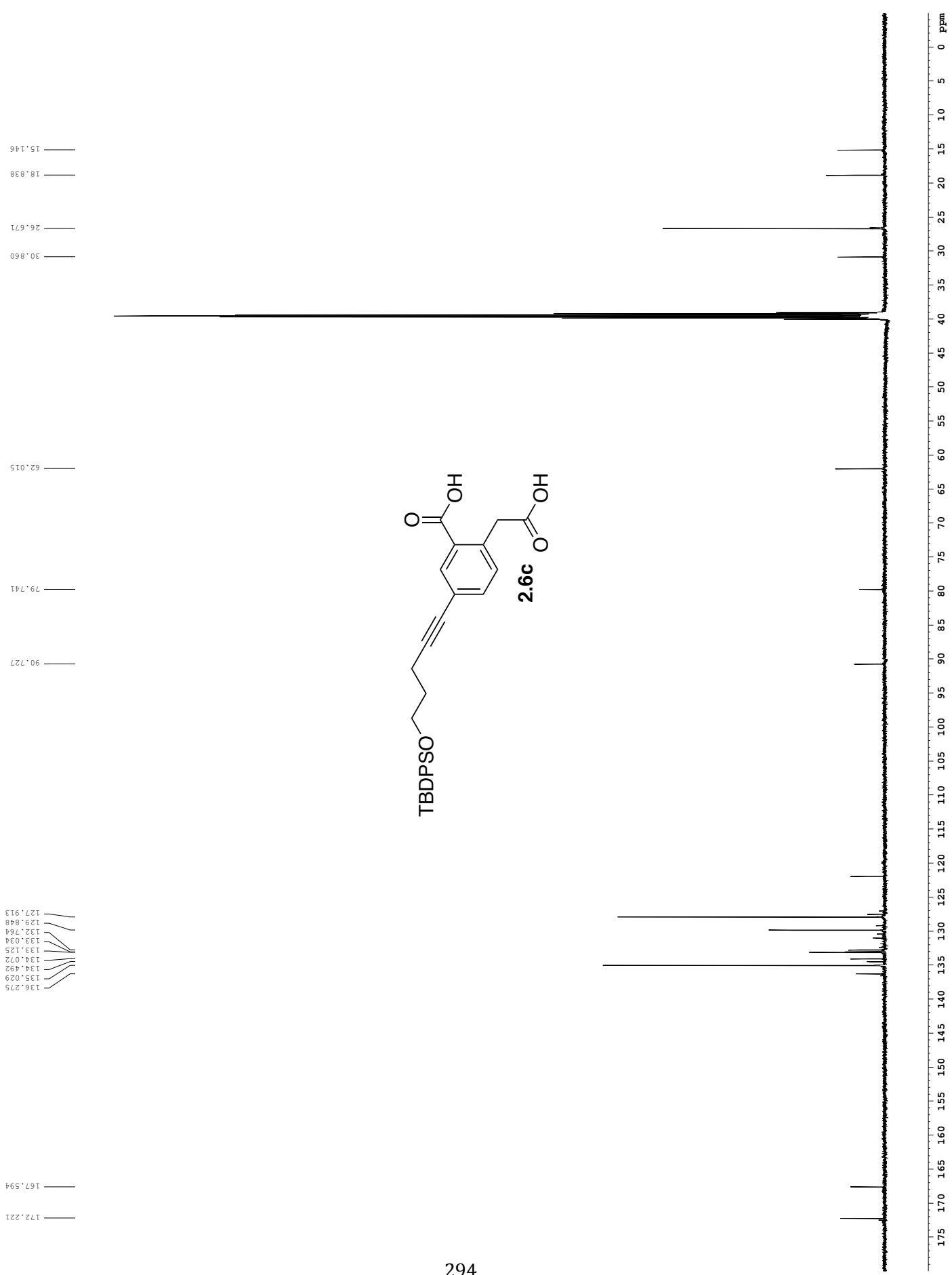
- 340 Brotzel, F.; Cheung, Y.; Chu, C.; Mayr, H. *J. Org. Chem.* **2007**, *72*, 3679–3688.
- 341 Phan, T. B.; Breugst, M.; Mayr, H. *Angew. Chem. Int. Ed.* **2006**, *45*, 3869–3874.
- 342 Mayr, H.; Ofial, A. R. *J. Phys. Org. Chem.* **2008**, *21*, 584–595.
- 343 Ofial, A. R. Mayr's Database of Reactivity Parameters.
<https://www.cup.lmu.de/oc/mayr/reaktionsdatenbank2/> (accessed April 8, 2019).
- 344 Hine, J.; Weimer, R. J. *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* **1965**, *103*, 3387–3396.
- 345 Pellerite, M. J.; Brauman, J. I. *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* **1983**, *105*, 2672–2680.
- 346 Deakyne, C. A.; Meot-Ner, M. *J. Phys. Chem.* **1990**, *94*, 232–239.
- 347 Wei, Y.; Singer, T.; Mayr, H.; Sastry, G. N.; Zipse, H. *J. Comput. Chem.* **2008**, *29*, 291–297.
- 348 Lindner, C.; Maryasin, B.; Richter, F.; Zipse, H. *J. Phys. Org. Chem.* **2010**, *23*, 1036–1042.
- 349 Lindner, C.; Tandon, R.; Maryasin, B.; Larionov, E.; Zipse, H. *Beilstein J. Org. Chem.* **2012**, *8*, 1406–1442.
- 350 Follet, E.; Zipse, H.; Lakhdar, S.; Ofial, A. R.; Berionni, G. *Synthesis* **2017**, *49*, 3495–3504.
- 351 Wei, Y.; Sastry, G. N.; Zipse, H. *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* **2008**, *130*, 3473–3477.
- 352 Hill, J. S.; Isaacs, N. S. *J. Phys. Org. Chem.* **1990**, *3*, 285–288.
- 353 Aggarwal, V. K.; Mereu, A. *Chem. Commun.* **1999**, 2311–2312.
- 354 Maji, B.; Breugst, M.; Mayr, H. *Angew. Chem. Int. Ed.* **2011**, *50*, 6915–6919.
- 355 Levens, A.; An, F.; Breugst, M.; Mayr, H.; Lupton, D. W. *Org. Lett.* **2016**, *18*, 3566–3569.
- 356 Maji, B.; Breugst, M.; Mayr, H. *Angew. Chem. Int. Ed.* **2011**, *50*, 6915–6919.
- 357 Mayr, H.; Lakhdar, S.; Maji, B.; Ofial, A. R. *Beilstein J. Org. Chem.* **2012**, *8*, 1458–1478.
- 358 Mayr, H. *Angew. Chem. Int. Ed.* **2011**, *50*, 3612–3618.
- 359 Mahiuddin, B.; Horn, M.; Zipse, H.; Mayr, H. *J. Org. Chem.* **2009**, *74*, 7157–7164.
- 360 Ofial, A. R. Mayr's Database of Reactivity Parameters.
<https://www.cup.lmu.de/oc/mayr/reaktionsdatenbank2/> (accessed April 8, 2019).
- 361 DePalma, V. M.; Arnett, E. M. *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* **1978**, *100*, 3514–3525.
- 362 Allgäuer, D. S.; Mayer, P.; Mayr, H. *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* **2013**, *135*, 15216–15224.
- 363 Brotzel, F.; Chu, Y. C.; Mayr, H. *J. Org. Chem.* **2007**, *72*, 3679–3688.
- 364 Mayer, R. J.; Breugst, M.; Hampel, N.; Ofial, A. R.; Mayr, H. *J. Org. Chem.* **2019**, *84*, 8837–8858.
- 365 Seegerer, A.; Hioe, J.; Hammer, M. M.; Morana, F.; Fuchs, P. J. W.; Gschwing, R. M. *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* **2016**, *138*, 9864–9873.
- 366 Marenich, A. V.; Cramer, C. J.; Truhlar, D. G. *J. Phys. Chem. B* **2009**, *113*, 6378–6396.
- 367 Klamt, A. *WIREs Comput. Mol. Sci.* **2018**, *8*, e1338.
- 368 Klamt, A.; Jonas, V.; Bürger, T.; Lohrenz, J. C. W. *J. Phys. Chem. A* **1998**, *102*, 5074–5085.
- 369 TURBOMOLE V7.3 2018, a development of University of Karlsruhe and Forschungszentrum Karlsruhe GmbH, 1989-2007, TURBOMOLE GmbH, since 2007; available from <http://www.turbomole.com>.
- 370 Marenich, A. V.; Cramer, C. J.; Truhlar, D. G. *J. Phys. Chem. B* **2009**, *113*, 6378–6396.
- 371 Schmidt, M. W.; Baldridge, K. K.; Boatz, J. A.; Elbert, S. T.; Gordon, M. S.; Jensen, J. H.; Koseki, S.; Matsunaga, N.; Nguyen, K. A.; Su, S.; Windus, T. L. *J. Comput. Chem.* **1993**, *14*, 1347–1363.
- 372 Gordon, M. S.; Schmidt, M. W. Advances in Electronic Structure Theory: GAMESS a Decade Later. In *Theory and Applications of Computational Chemistry, the first forty years*;

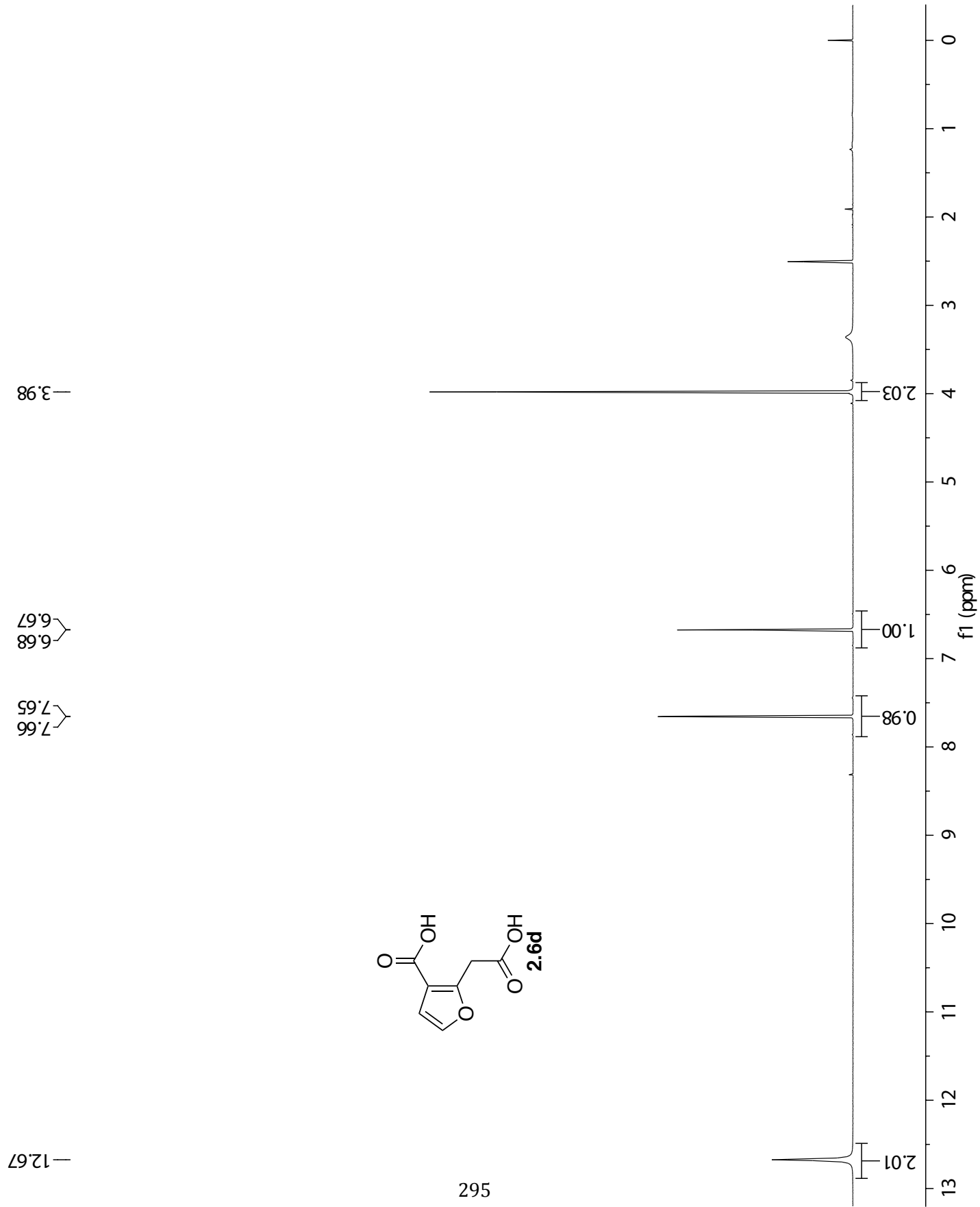
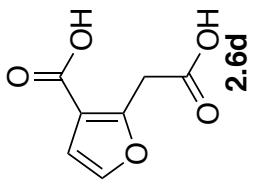
Dykstra, C. E.; Frenking, G.; Kim, K. S.; Scuseria, G. E., Eds.; Elsevier: Amsterdam, 2005; pp. 1167–1189.

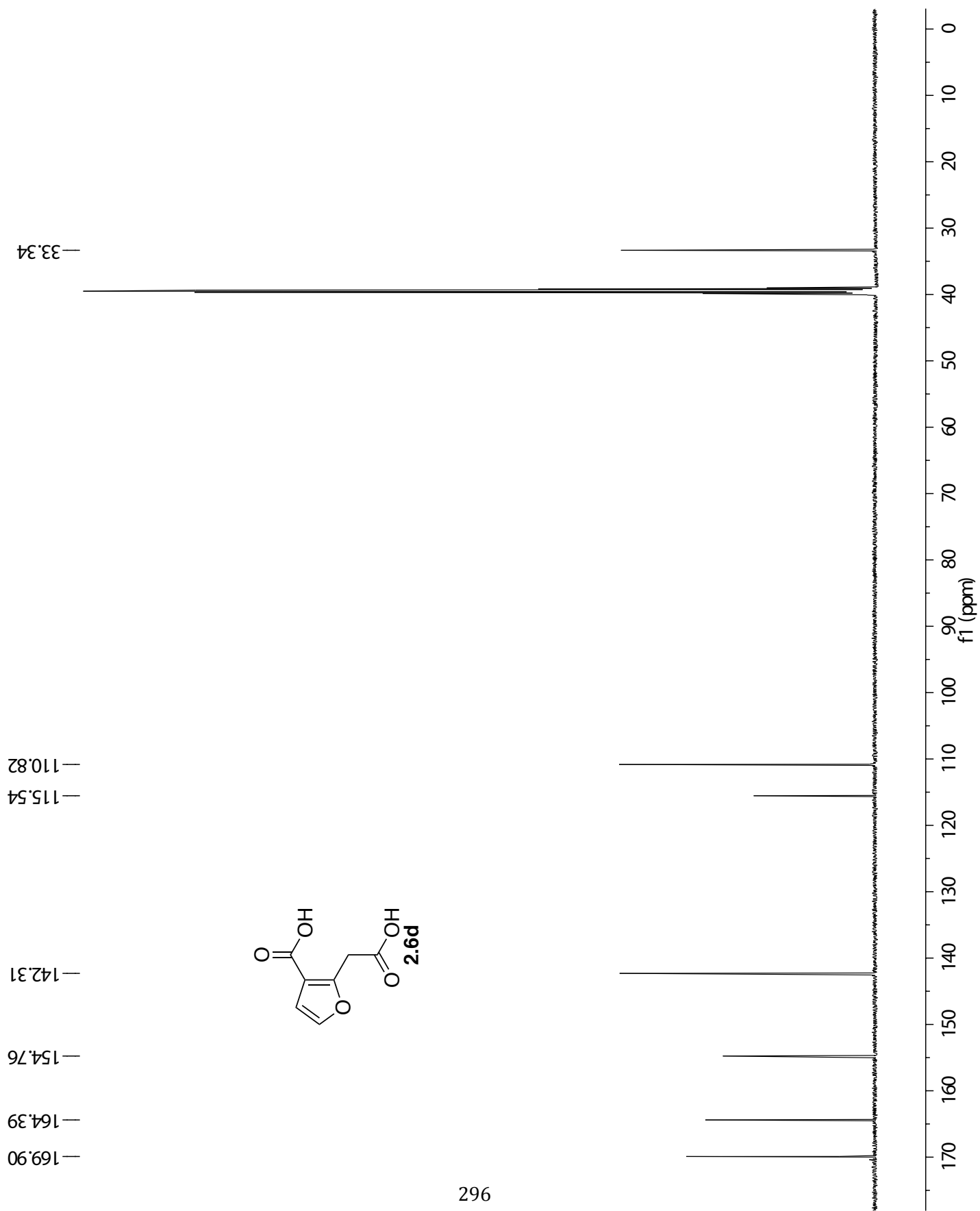
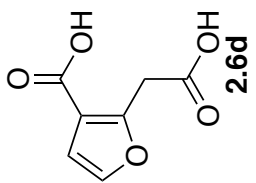
³⁷³ Grimme, S.; Ehrlich, S.; Goerigk, L. *J. Comput. Chem.* **2011**, *32*, 1456–1465.

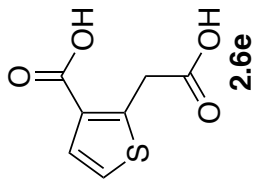
Appendix A: NMR Spectra for Chapters 2 and 3



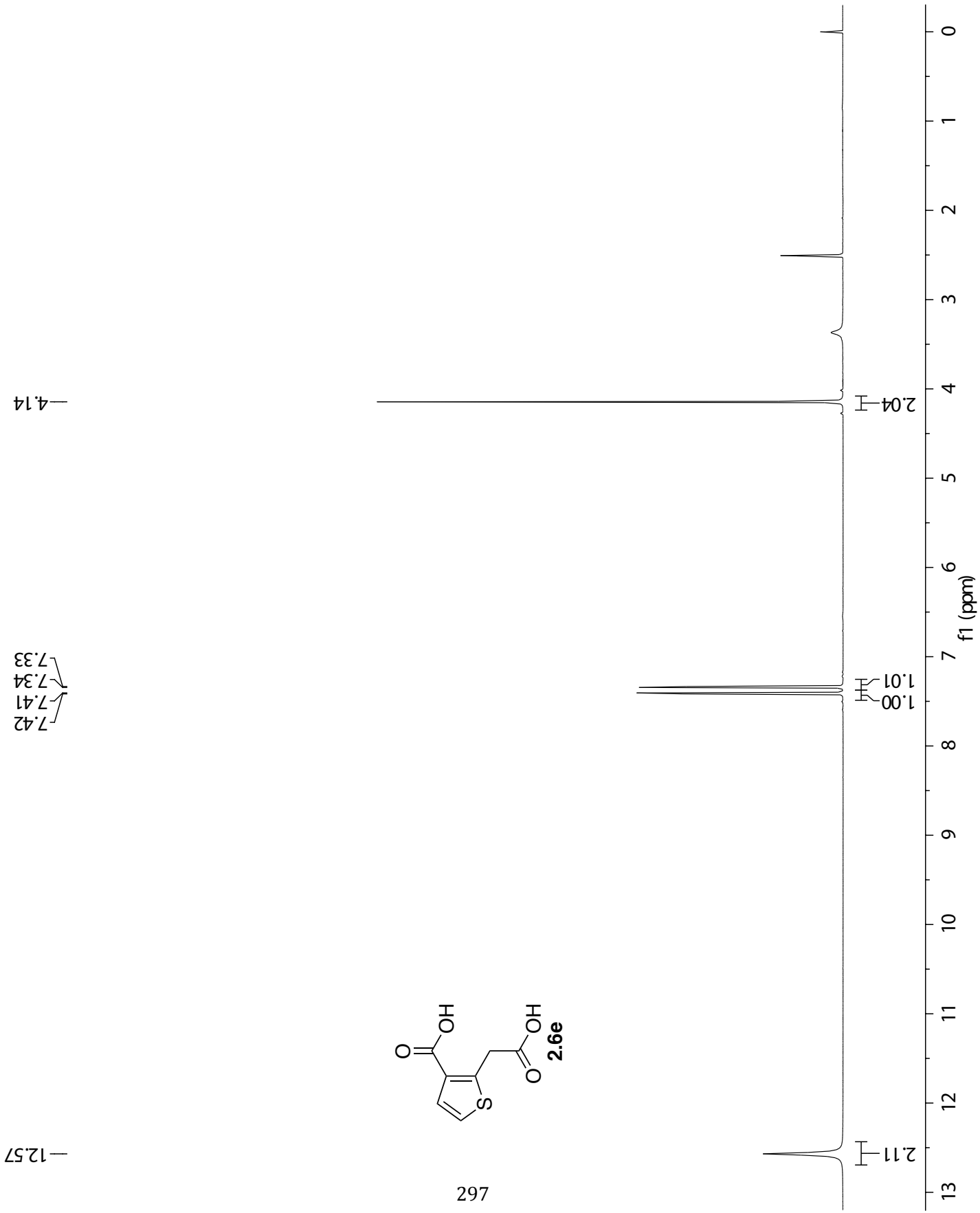


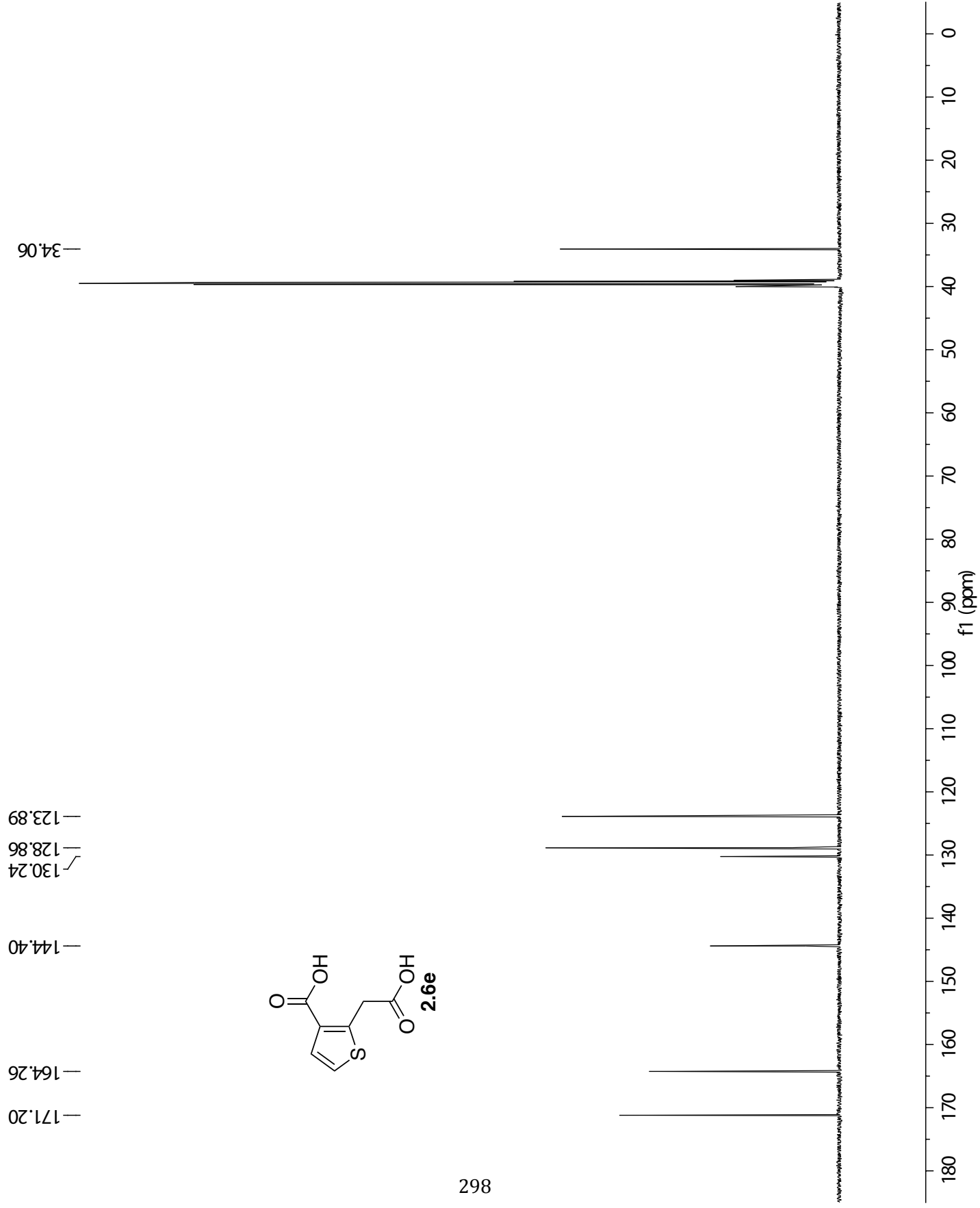


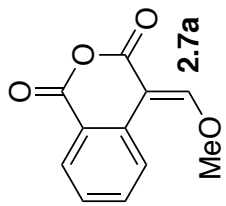




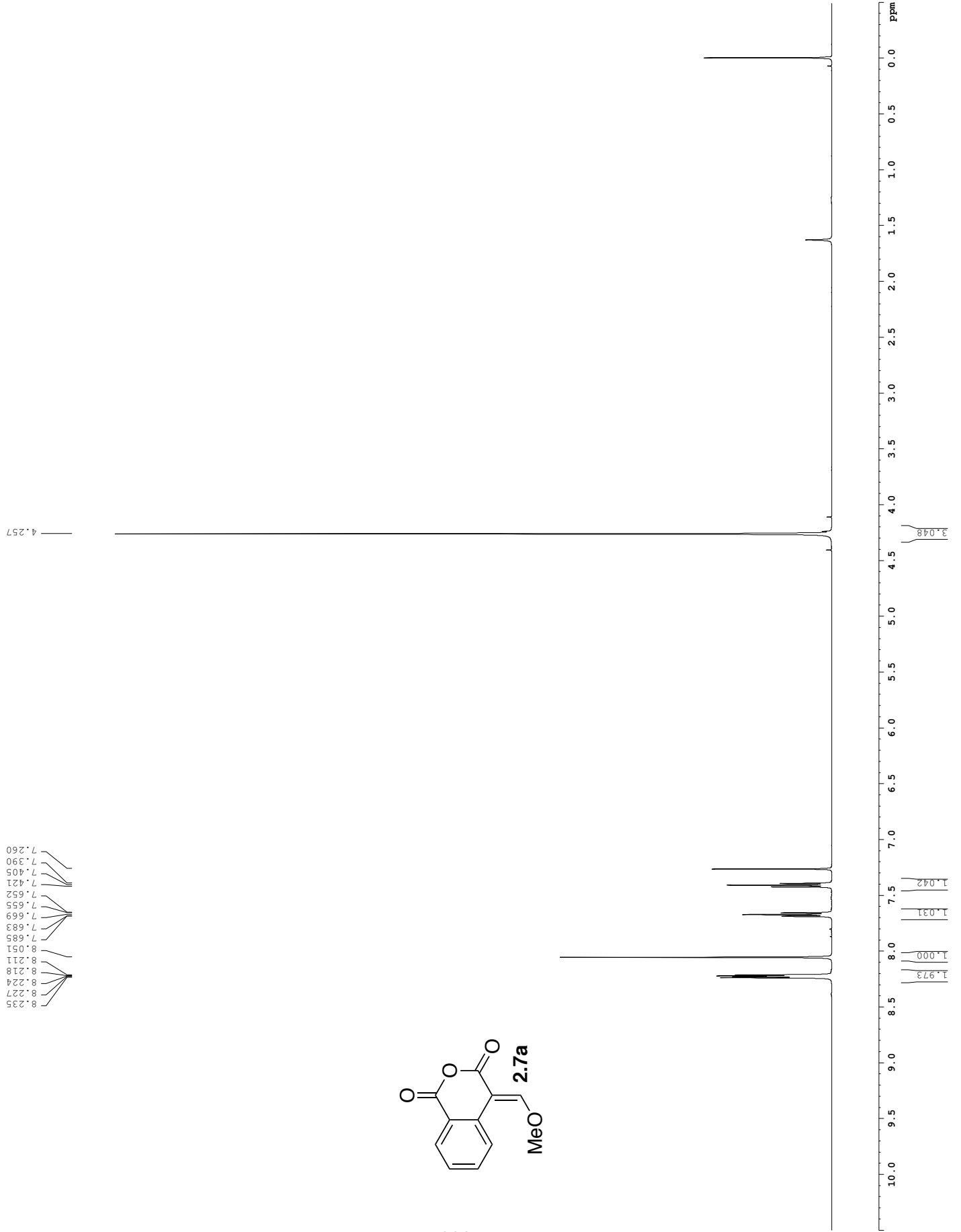
262



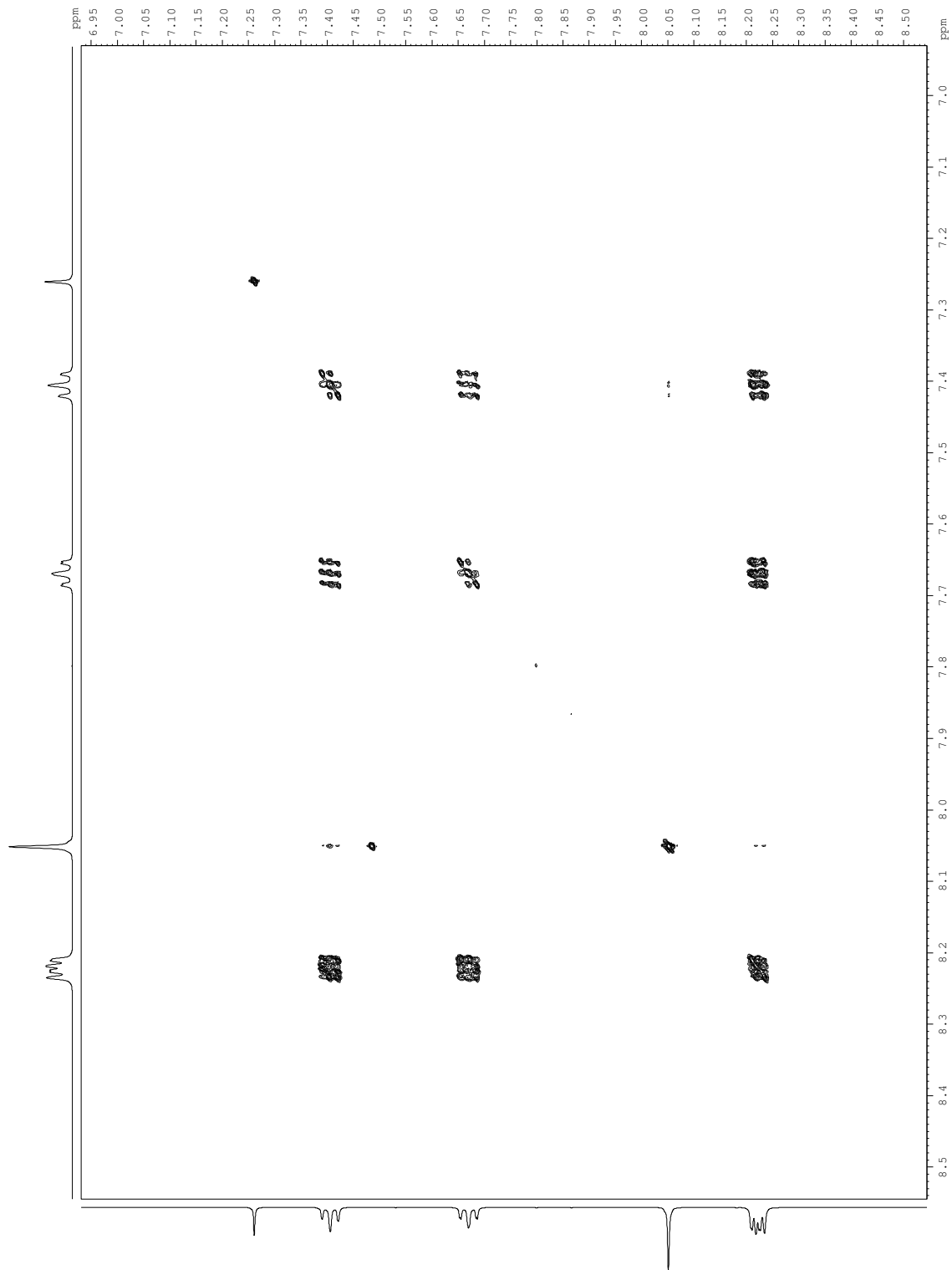




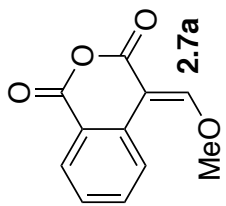
299



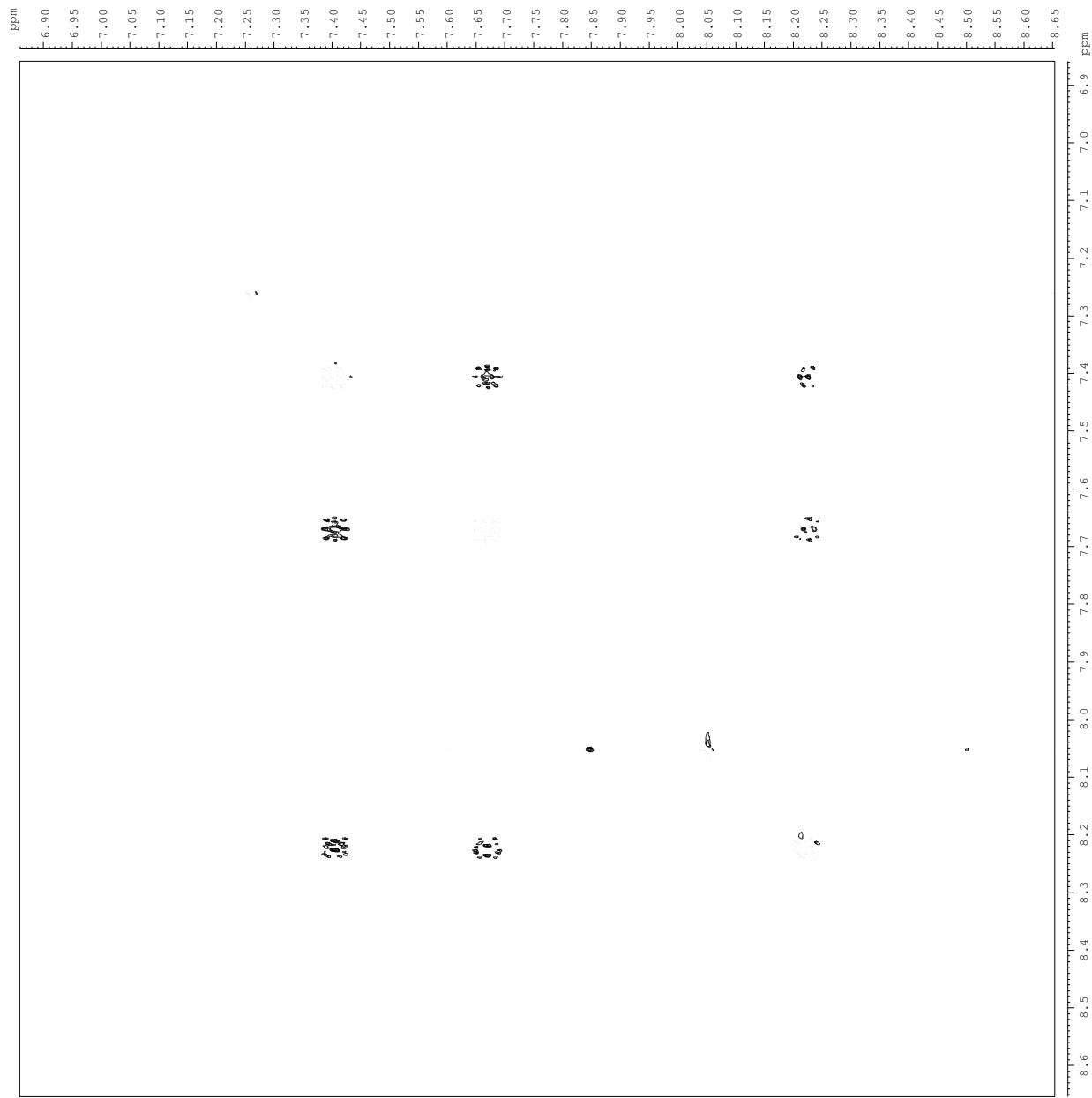
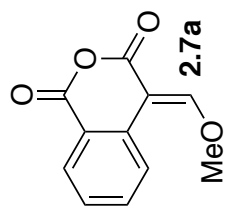
COSY

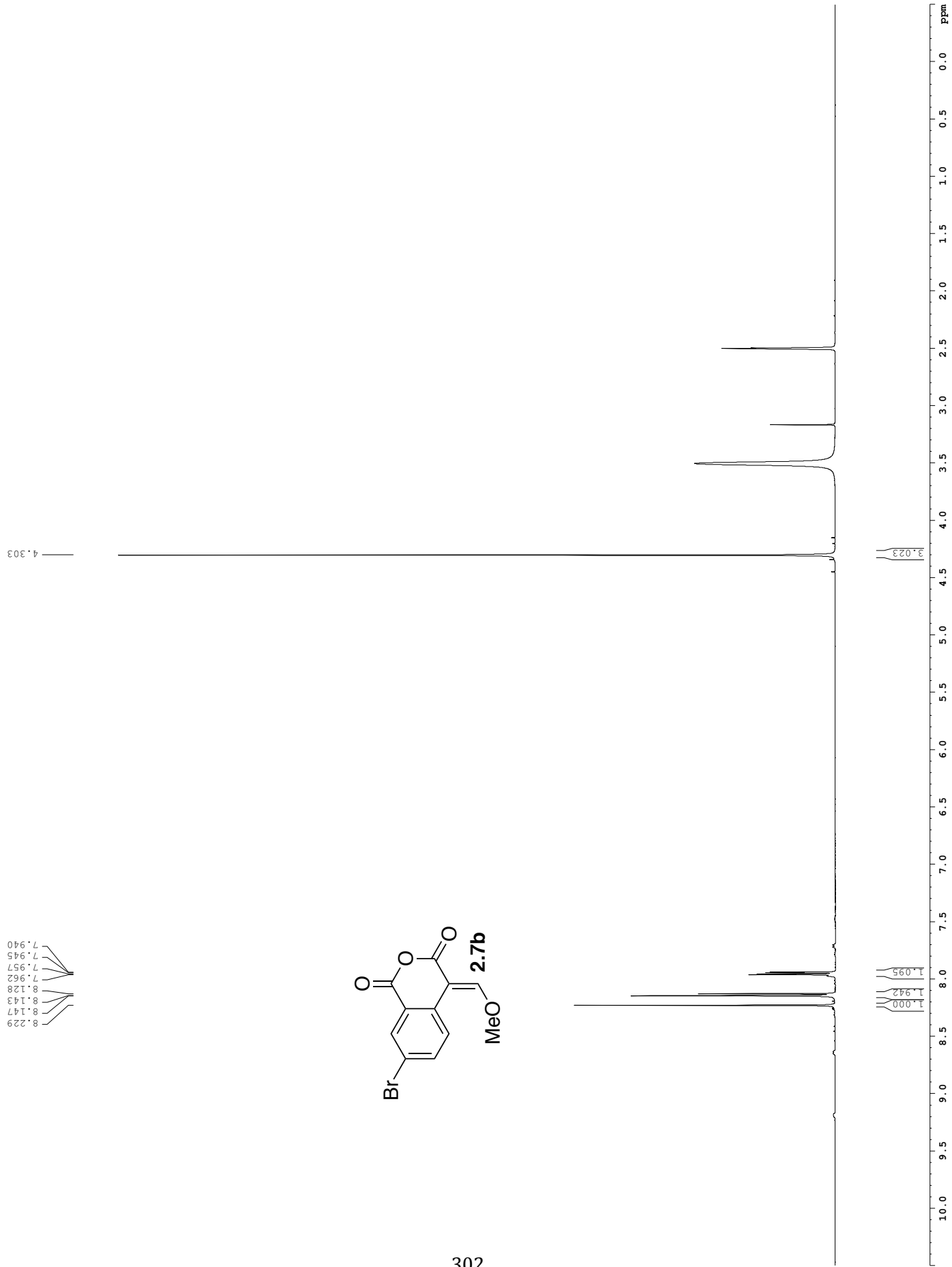
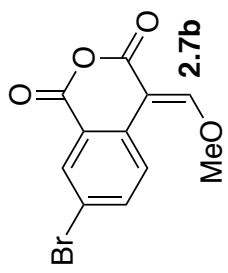


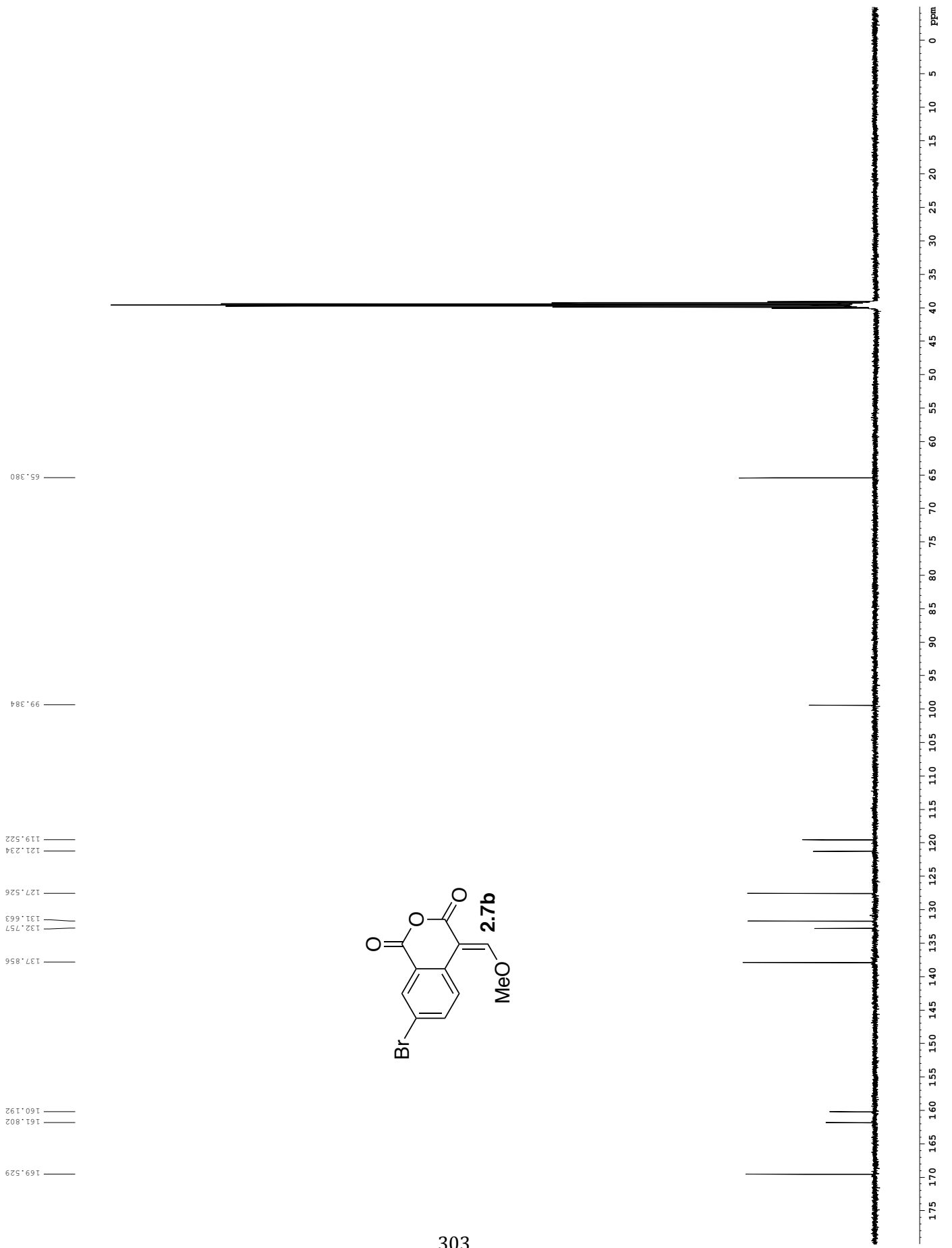
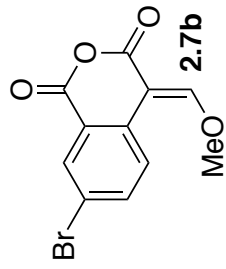
300

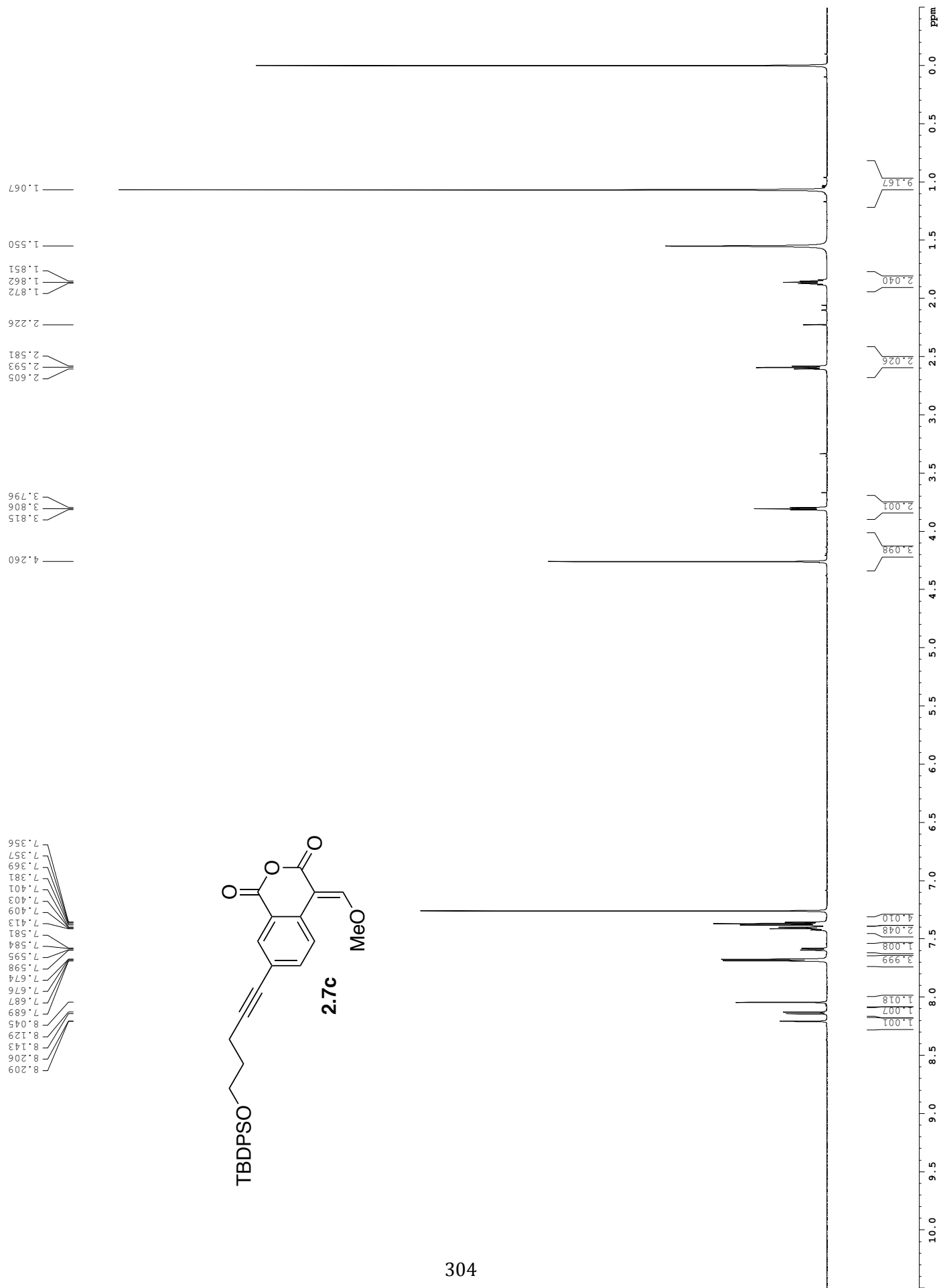


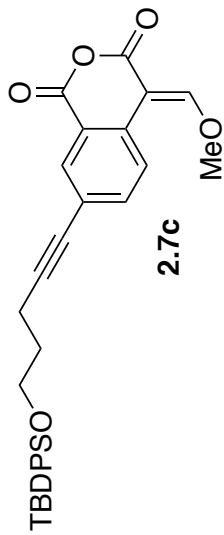
NOESY









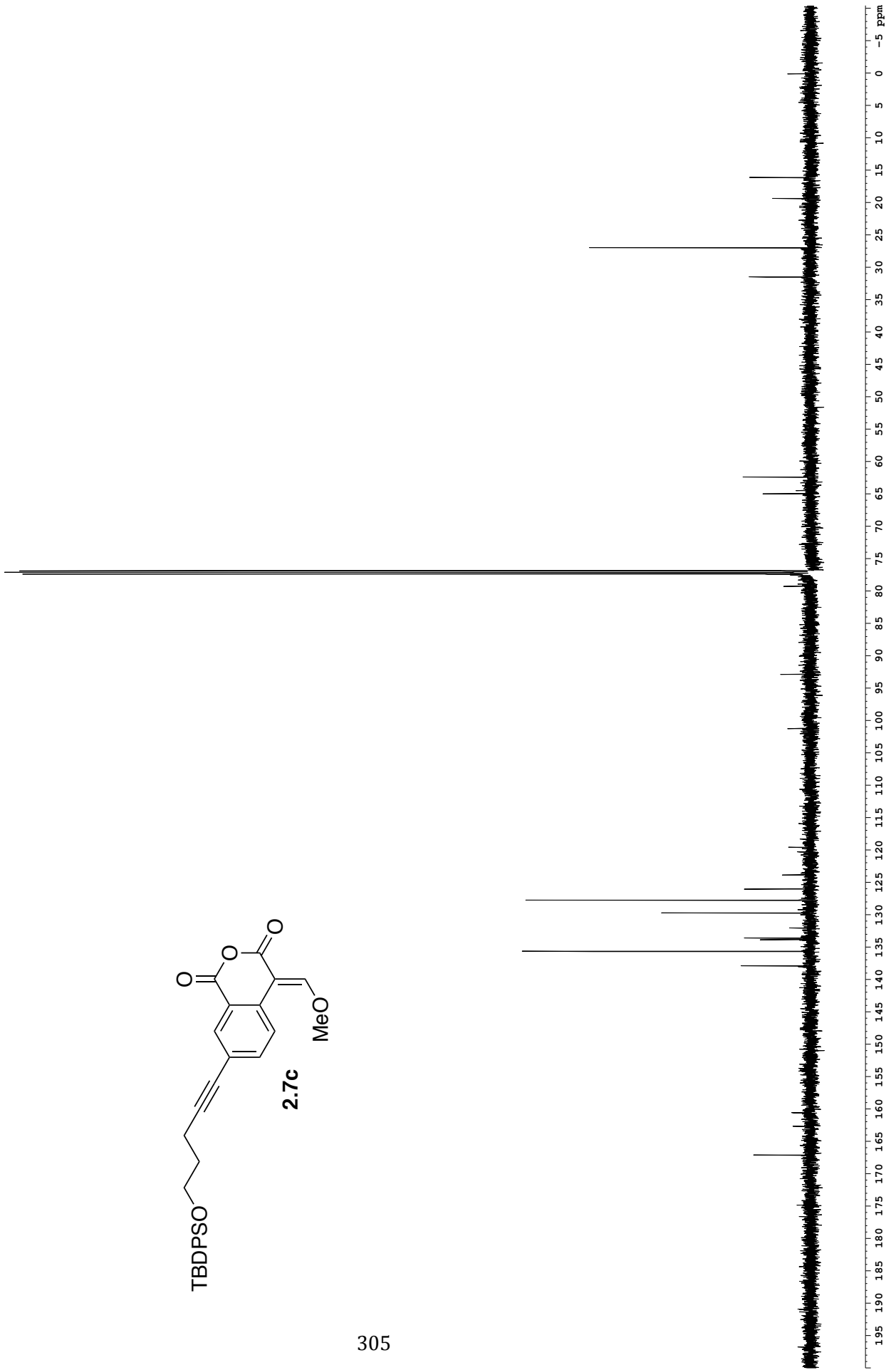


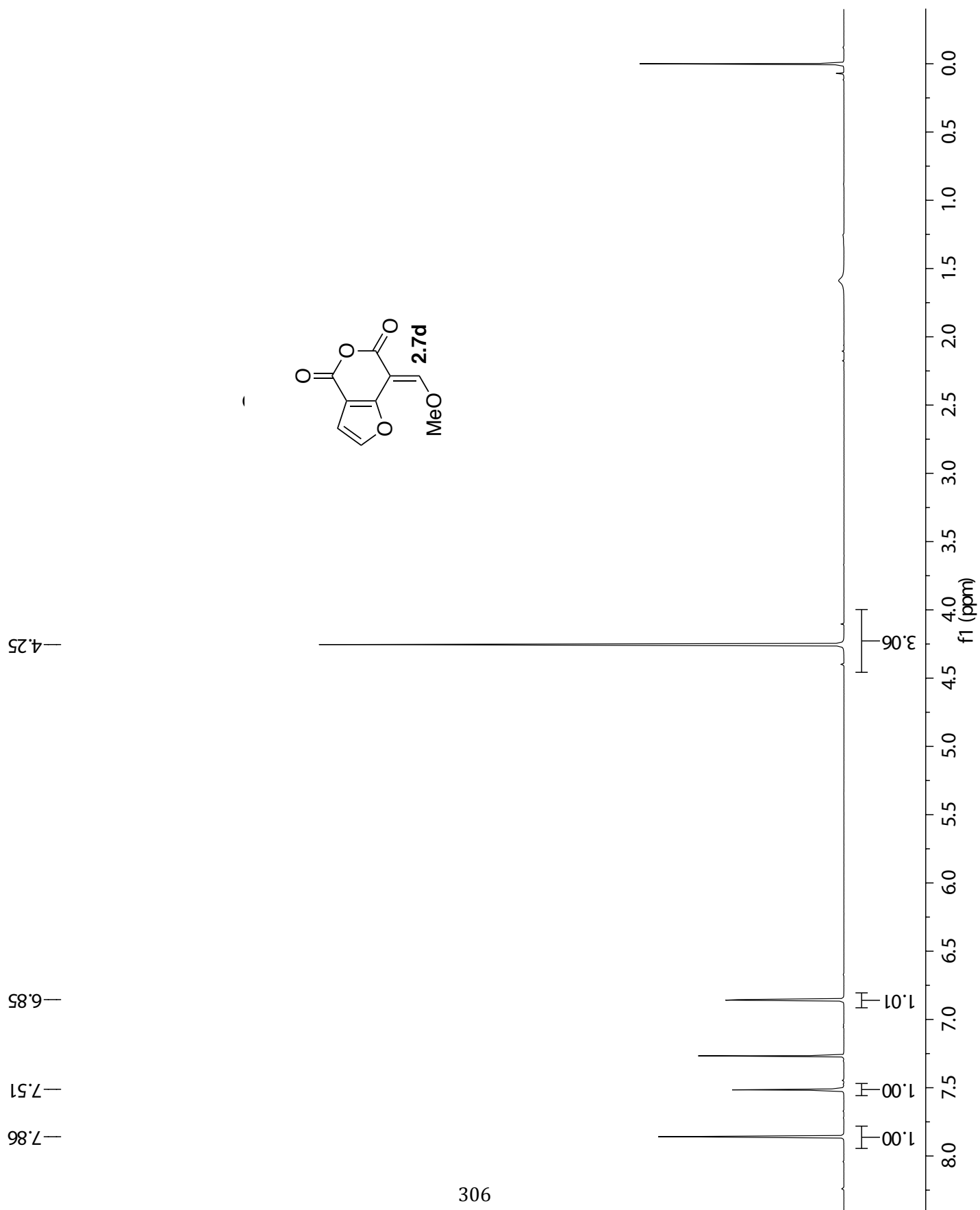
16.054
19.323
26.907
31.444

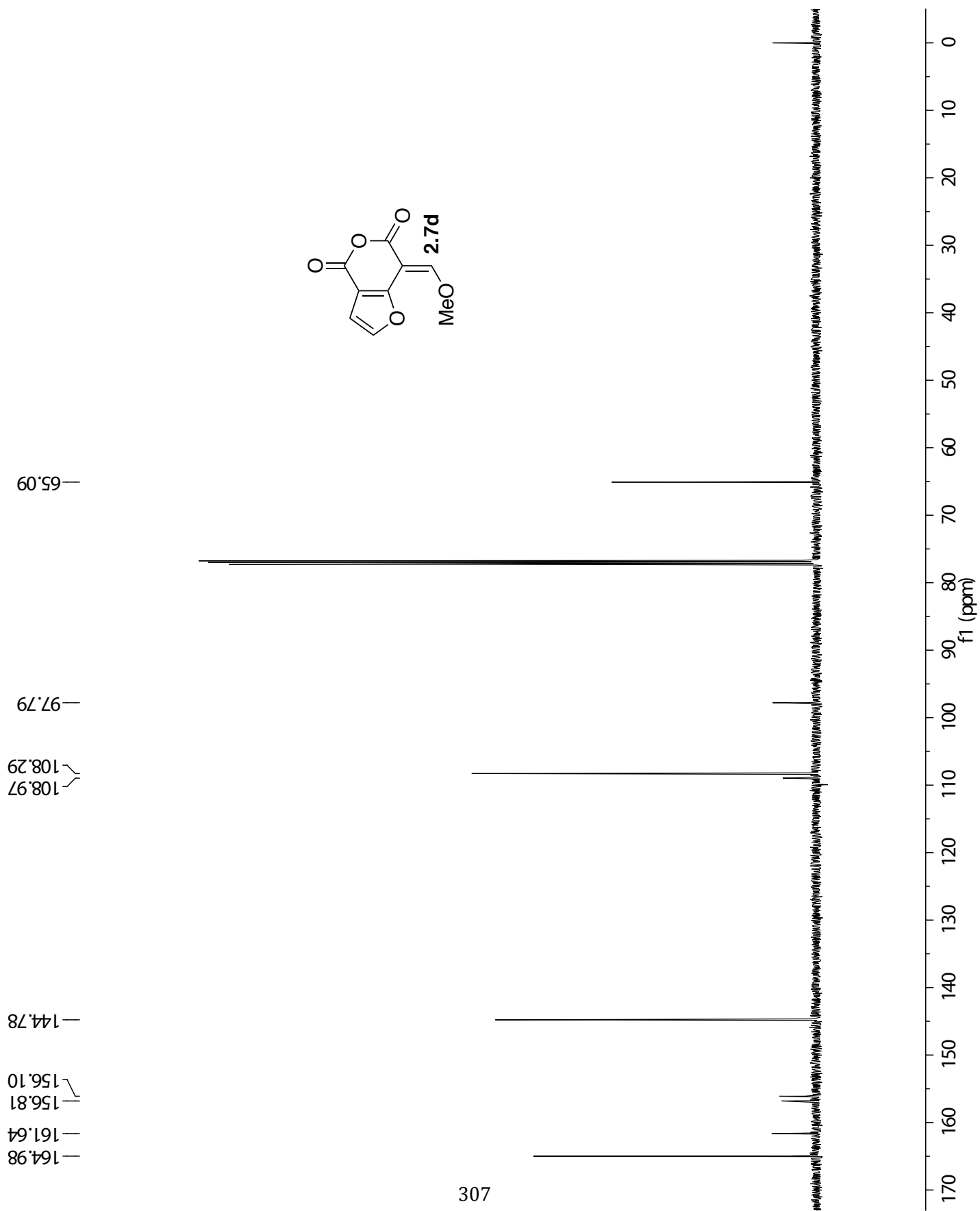
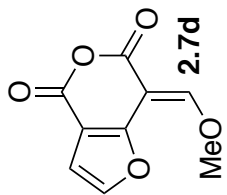
62.341
64.928

123.831
125.987
127.717
129.684
133.801
133.577
135.621
137.866

167.099



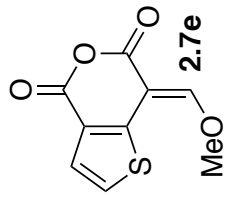




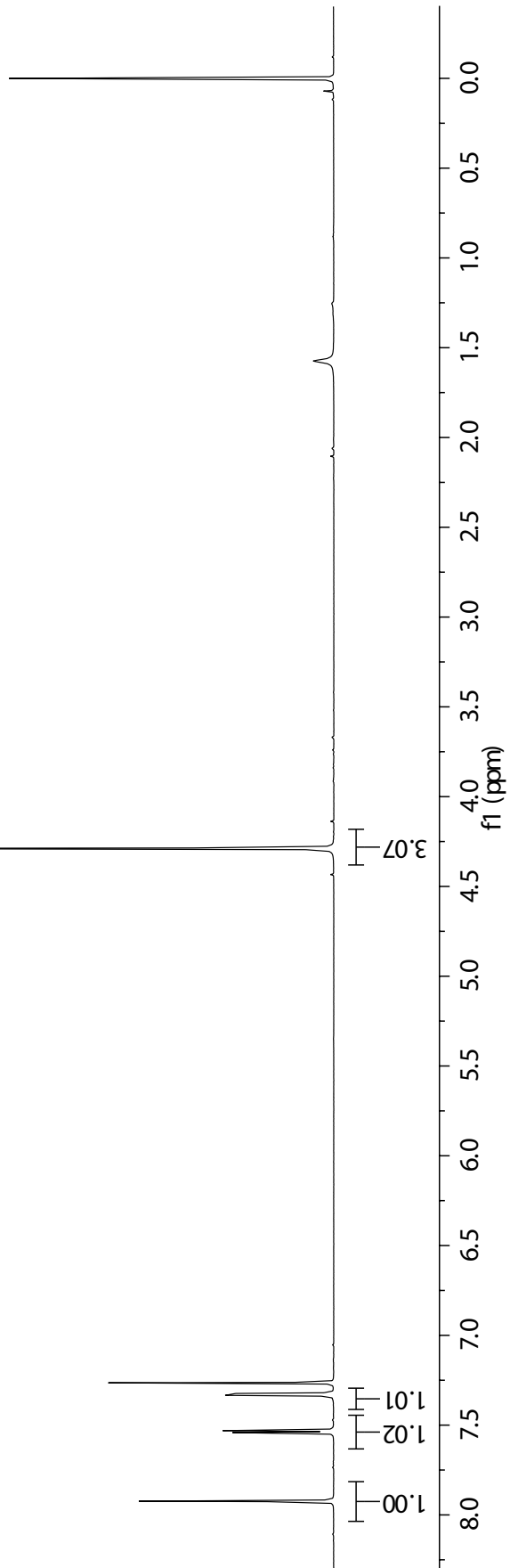
—4.29

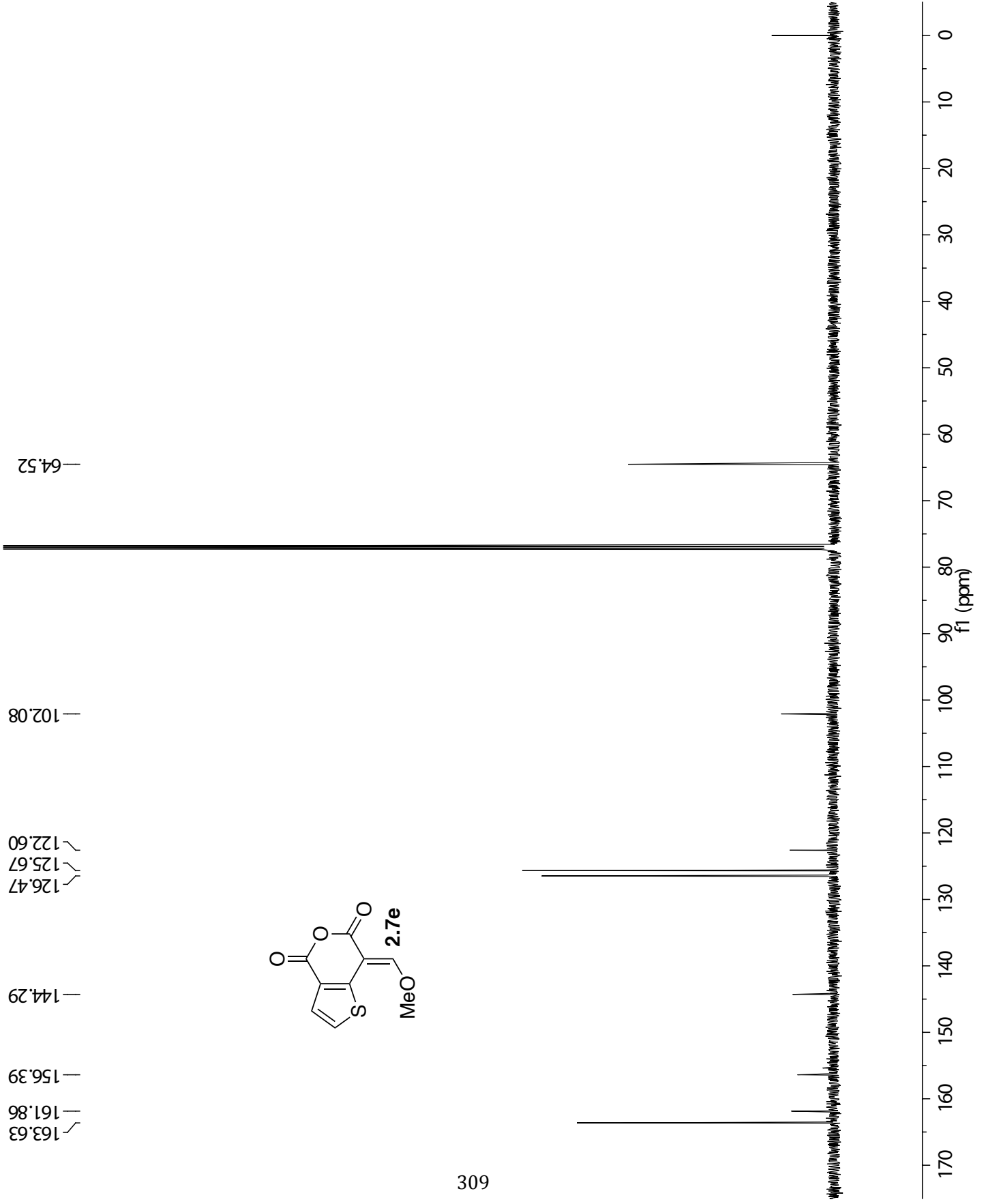
—7.33
—7.53

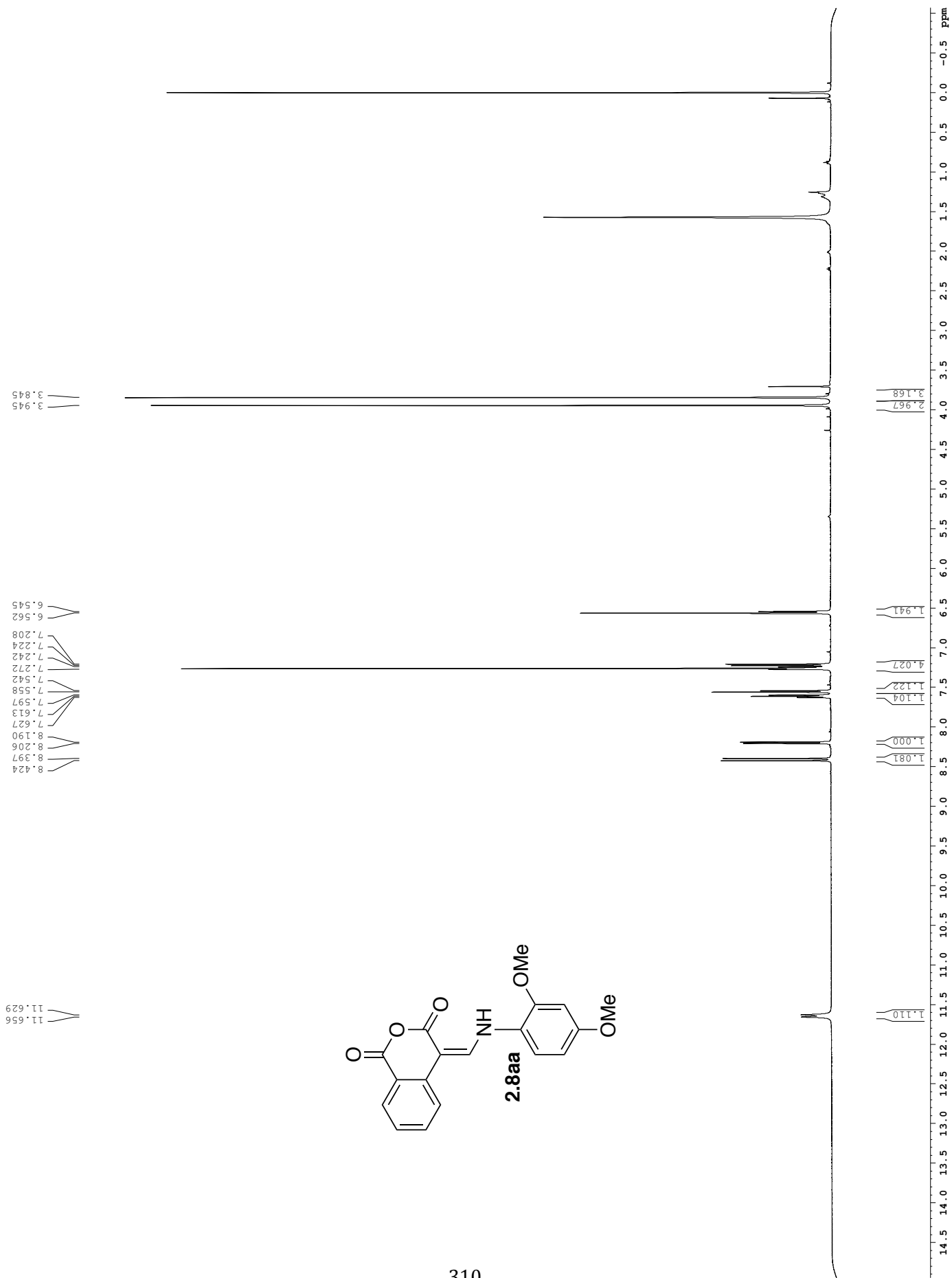
—7.92

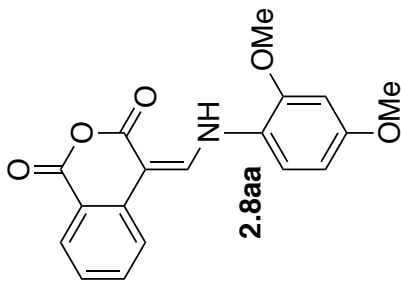


803









56.059
55.702

91.081

99.481

104.799

116.329
117.723
117.282

121.913

124.866

131.063

135.002

137.501

144.255

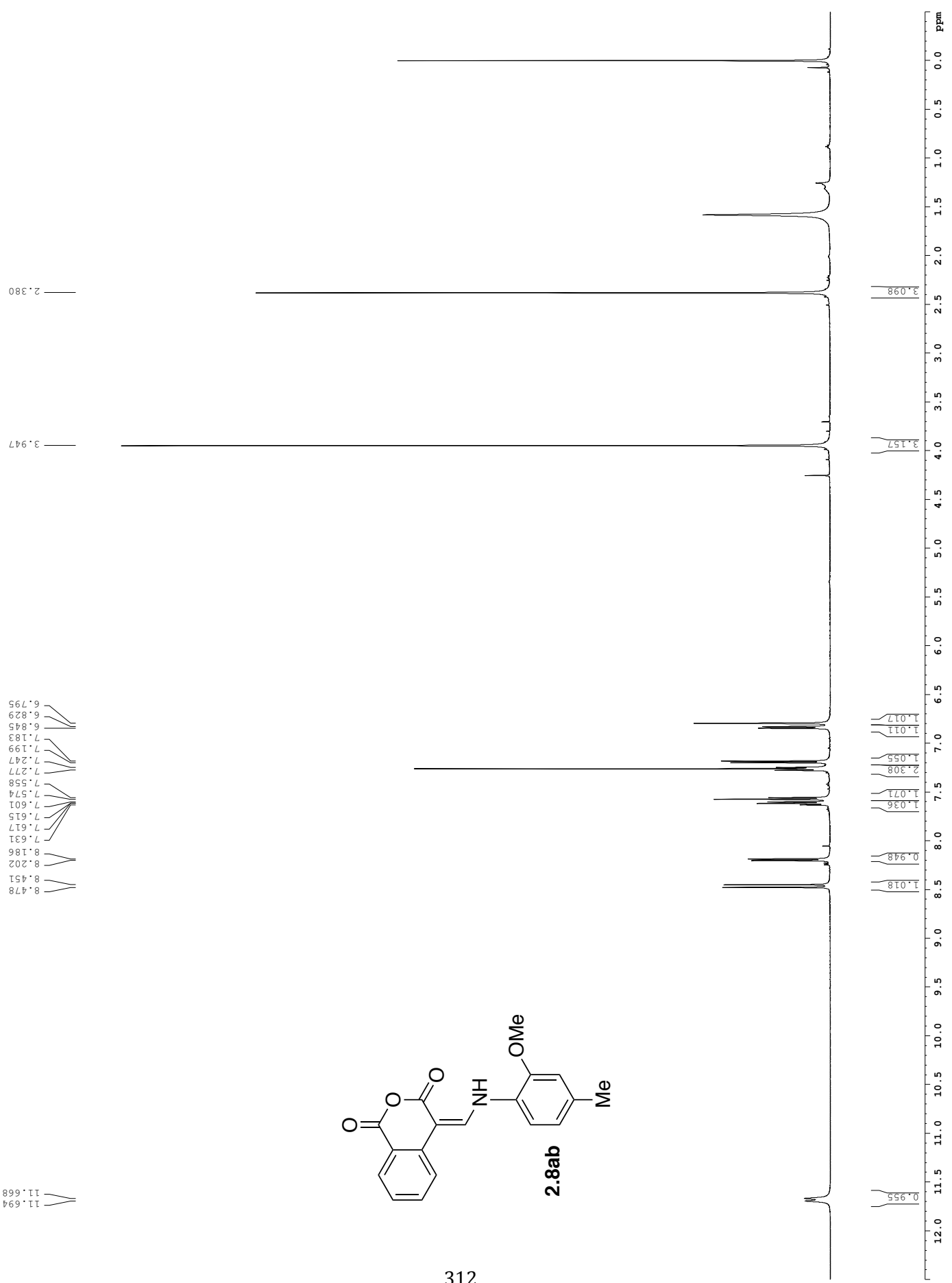
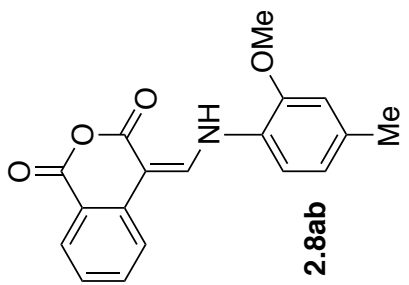
150.721

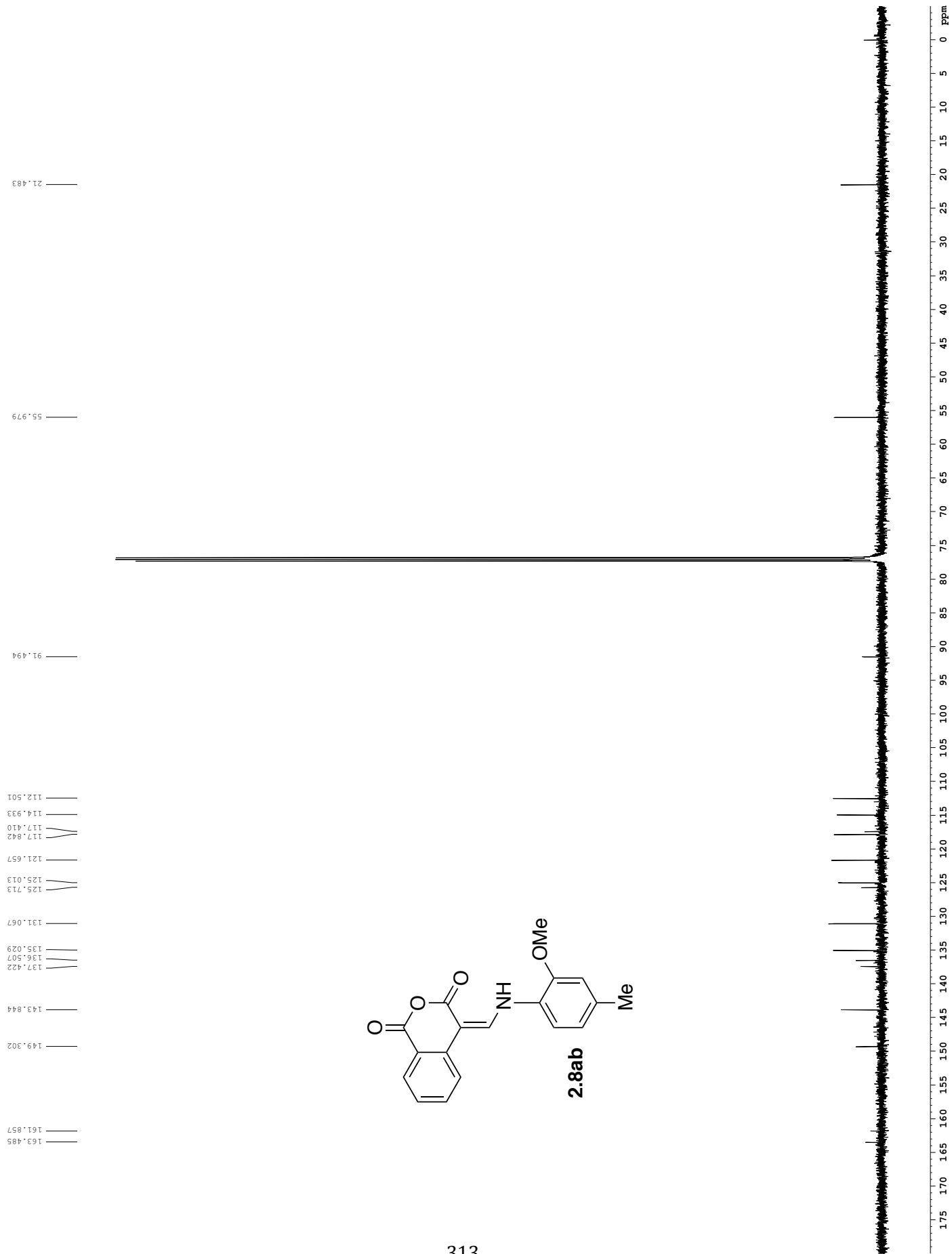
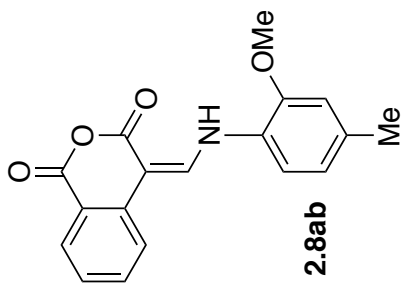
158.576

161.897

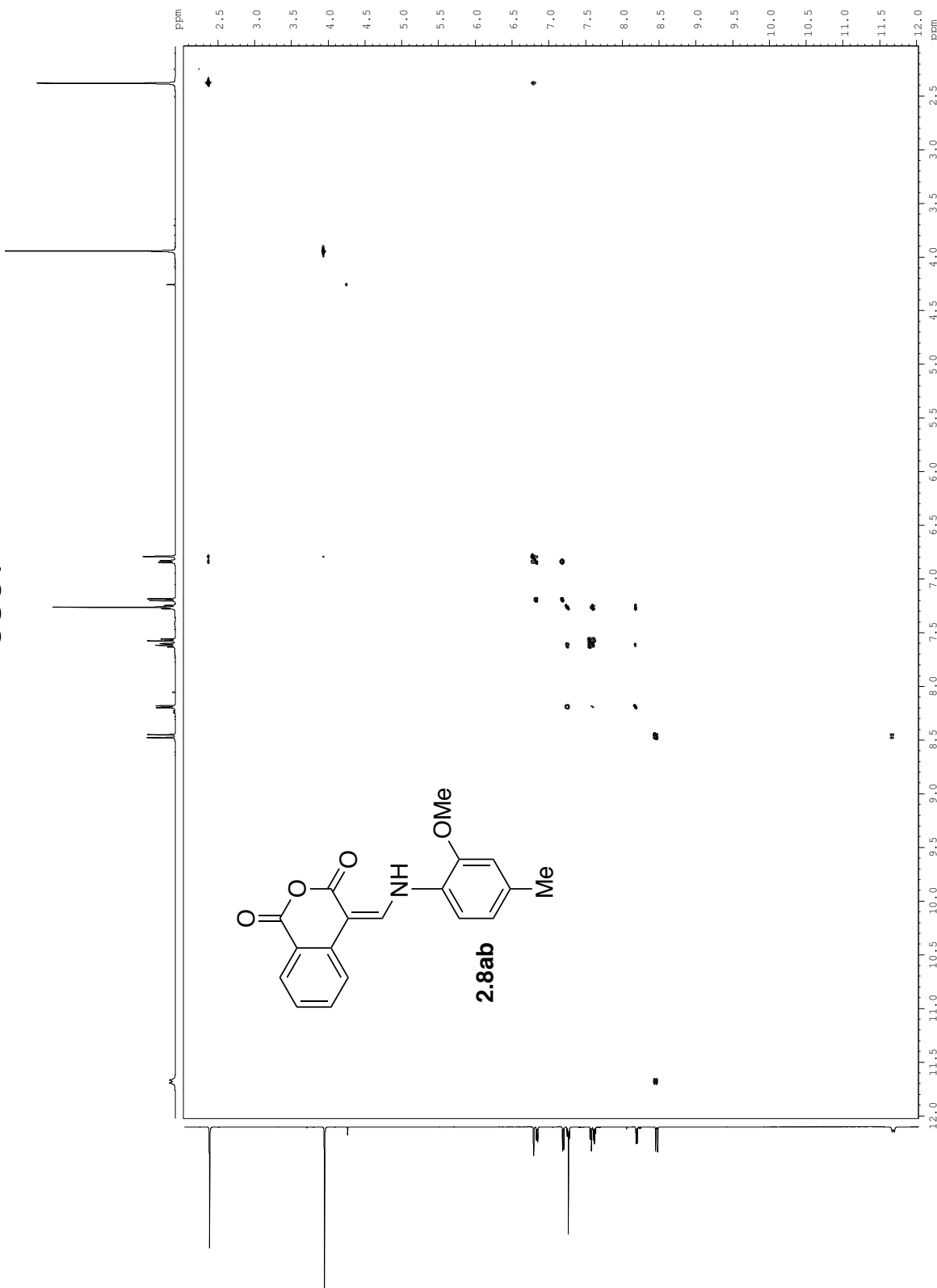
163.526

175 170 165 160 155 150 145 140 135 130 125 120 115 110 105 100 95 90 85 80 75 70 65 60 55 50 45 40 35 30 25 20 15 10 5 0 ppm

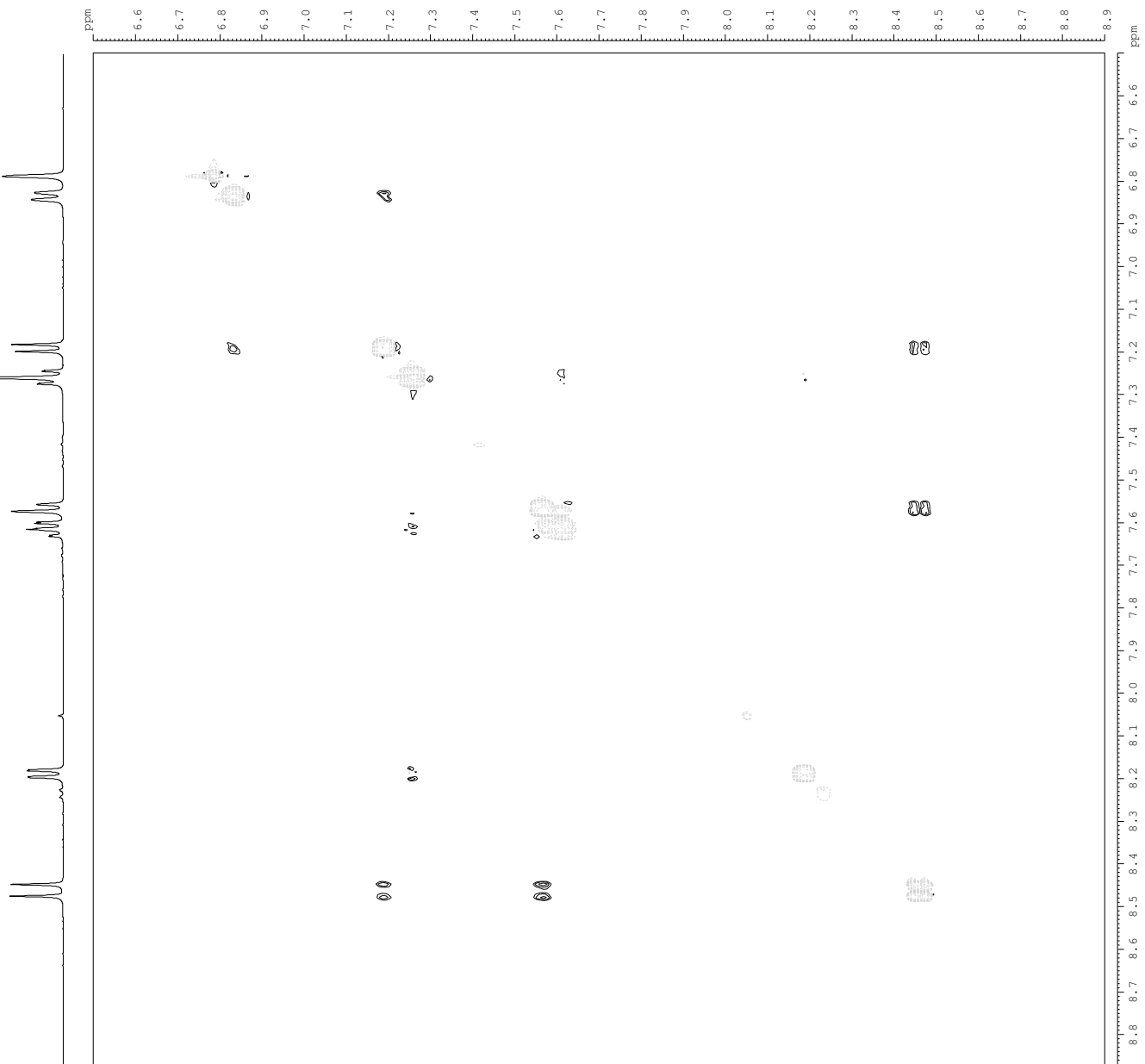
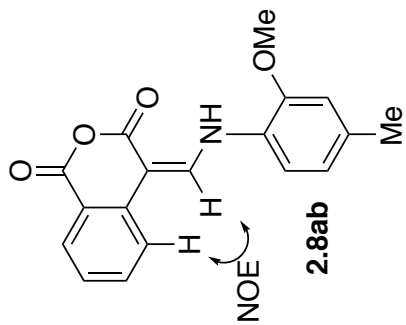


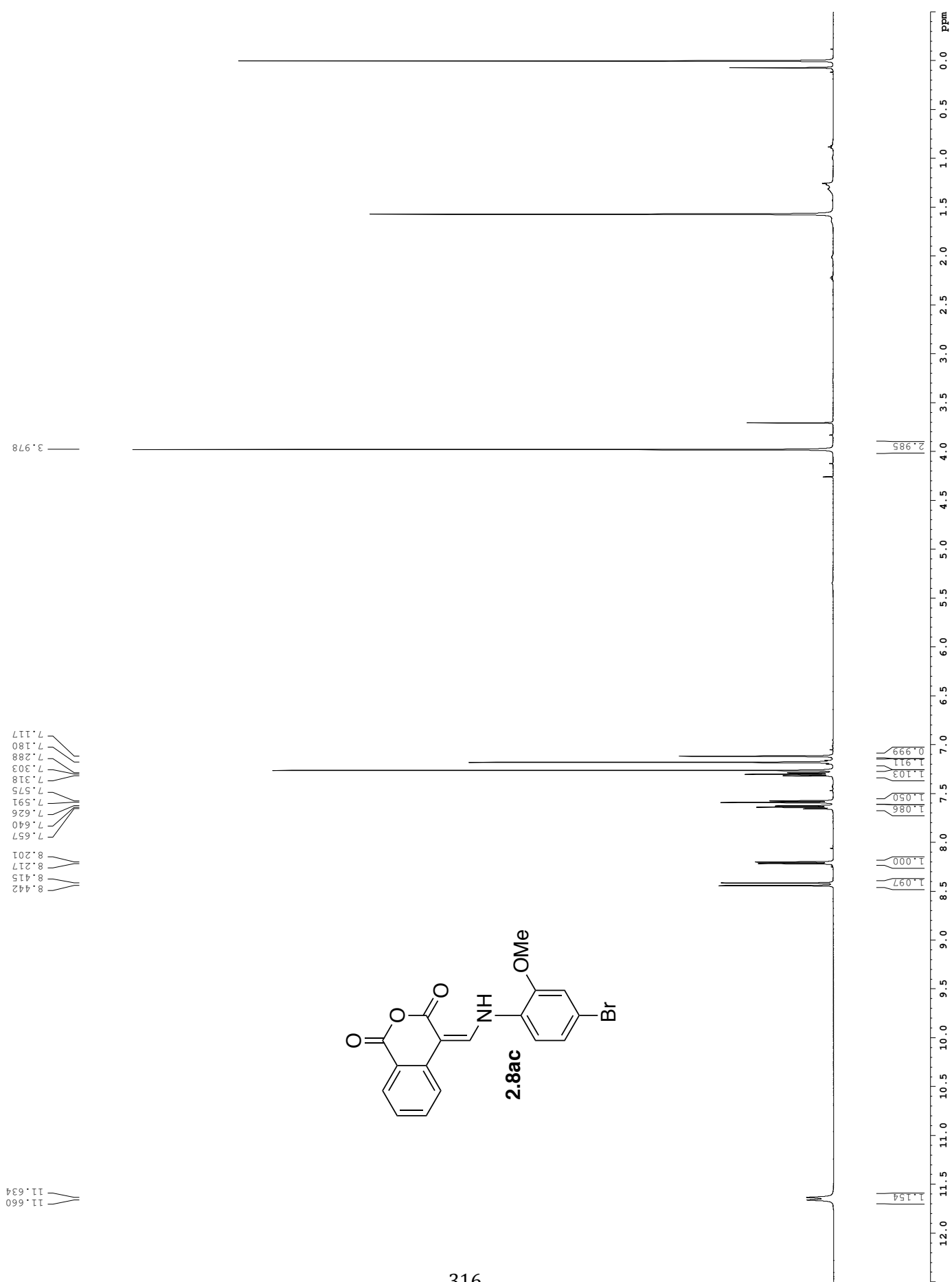


COSY

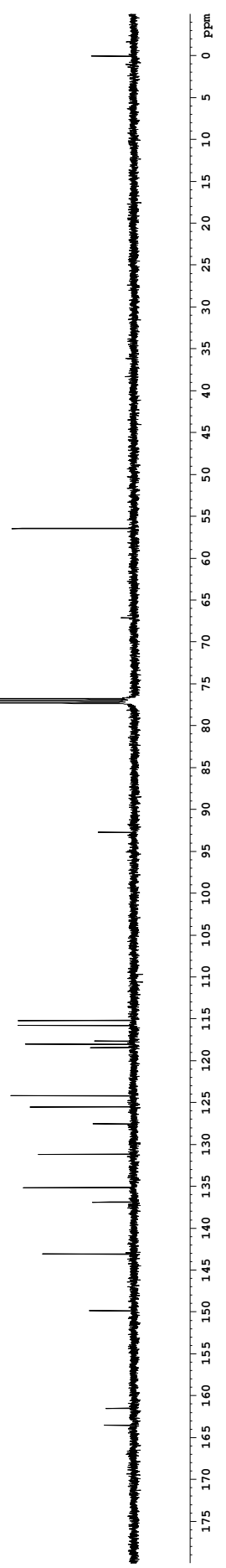
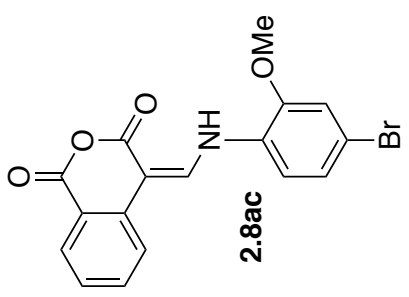


NOESY

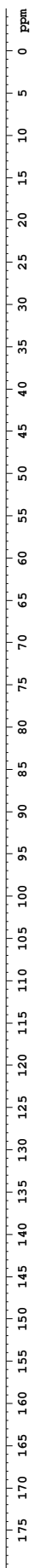
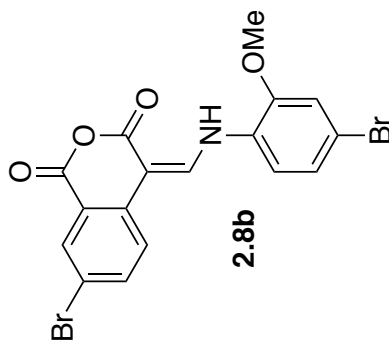


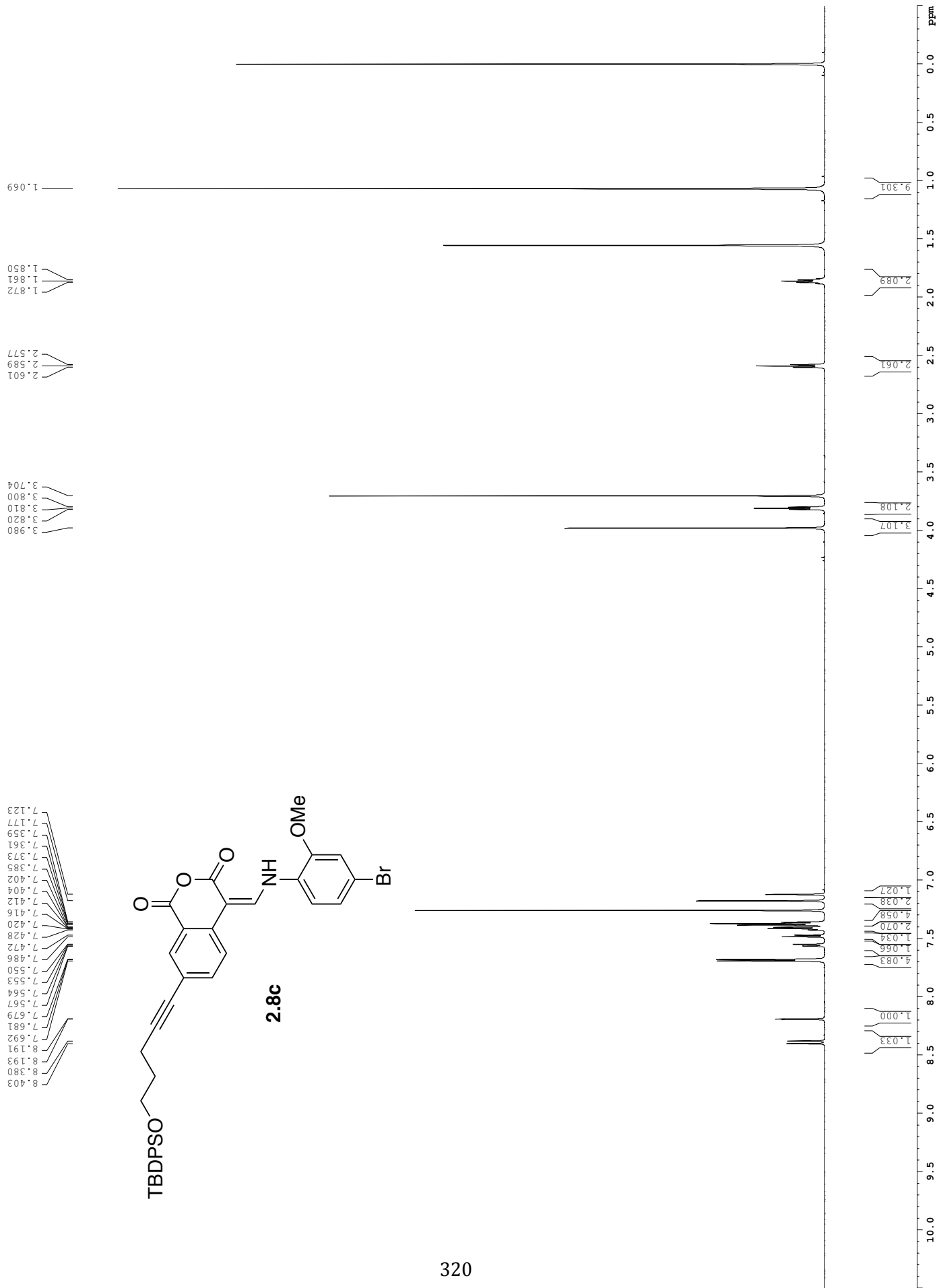


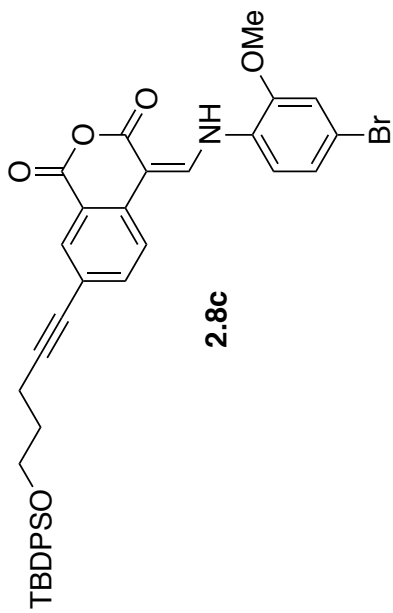
163.519
161.490
149.824
143.059
136.862
135.149
131.158
127.515
125.519
124.156
118.414
118.007
117.623
115.768
115.180
92.691
56.418







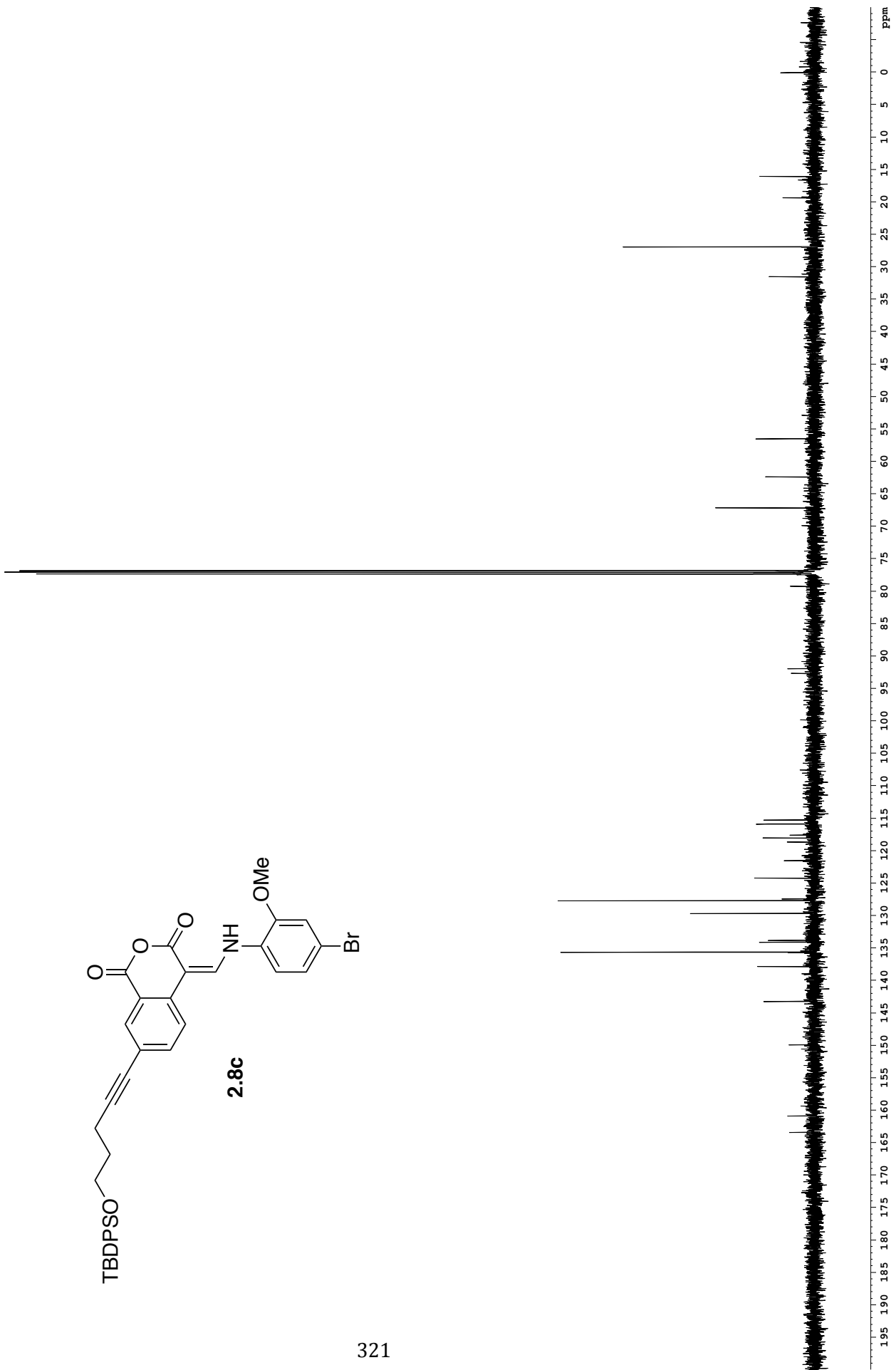


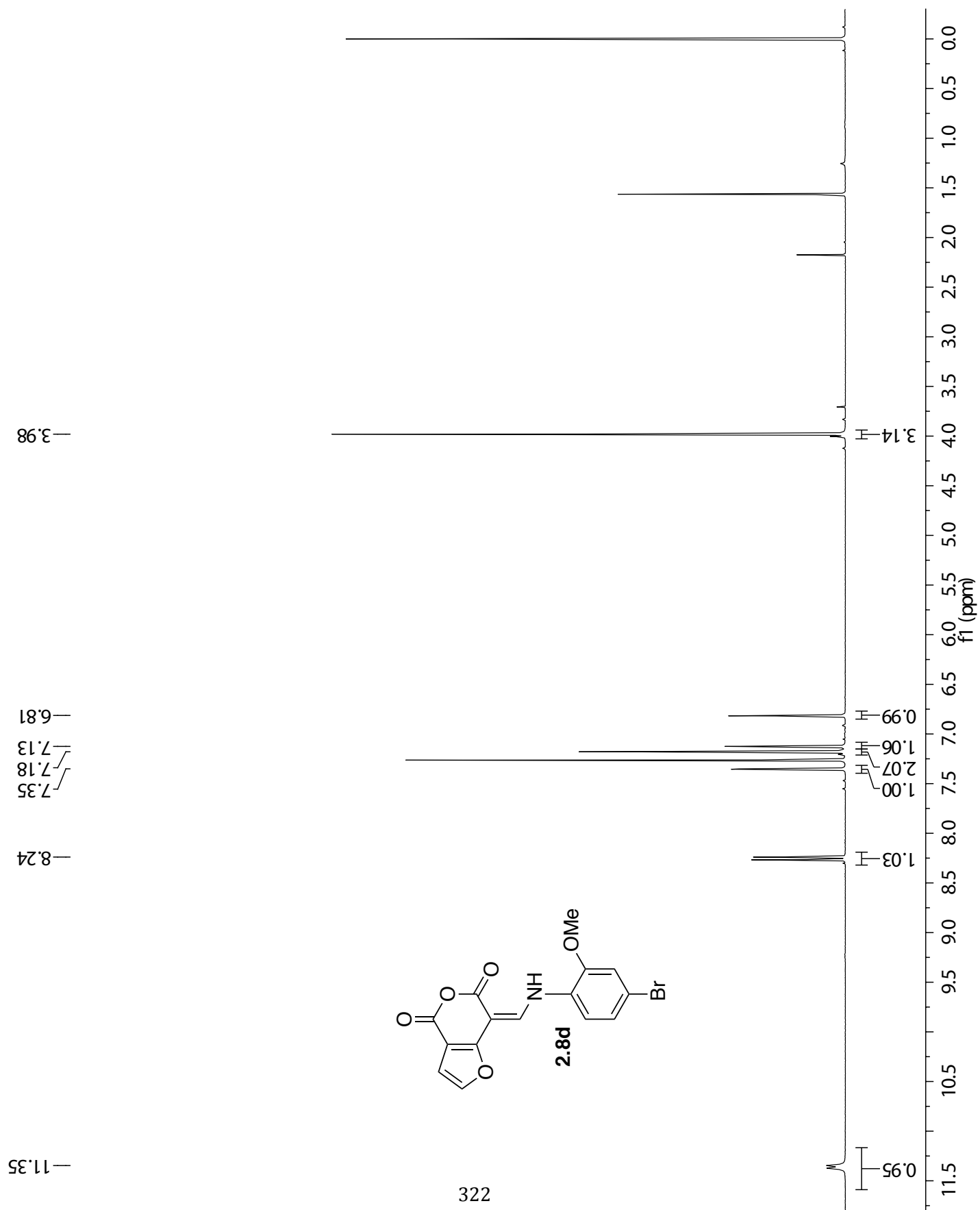
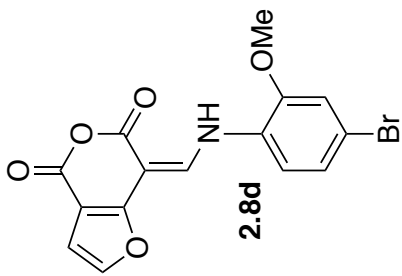


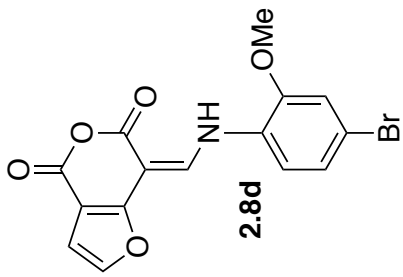
16.048
19.325
26.912
31.523

56.491
62.371
67.147

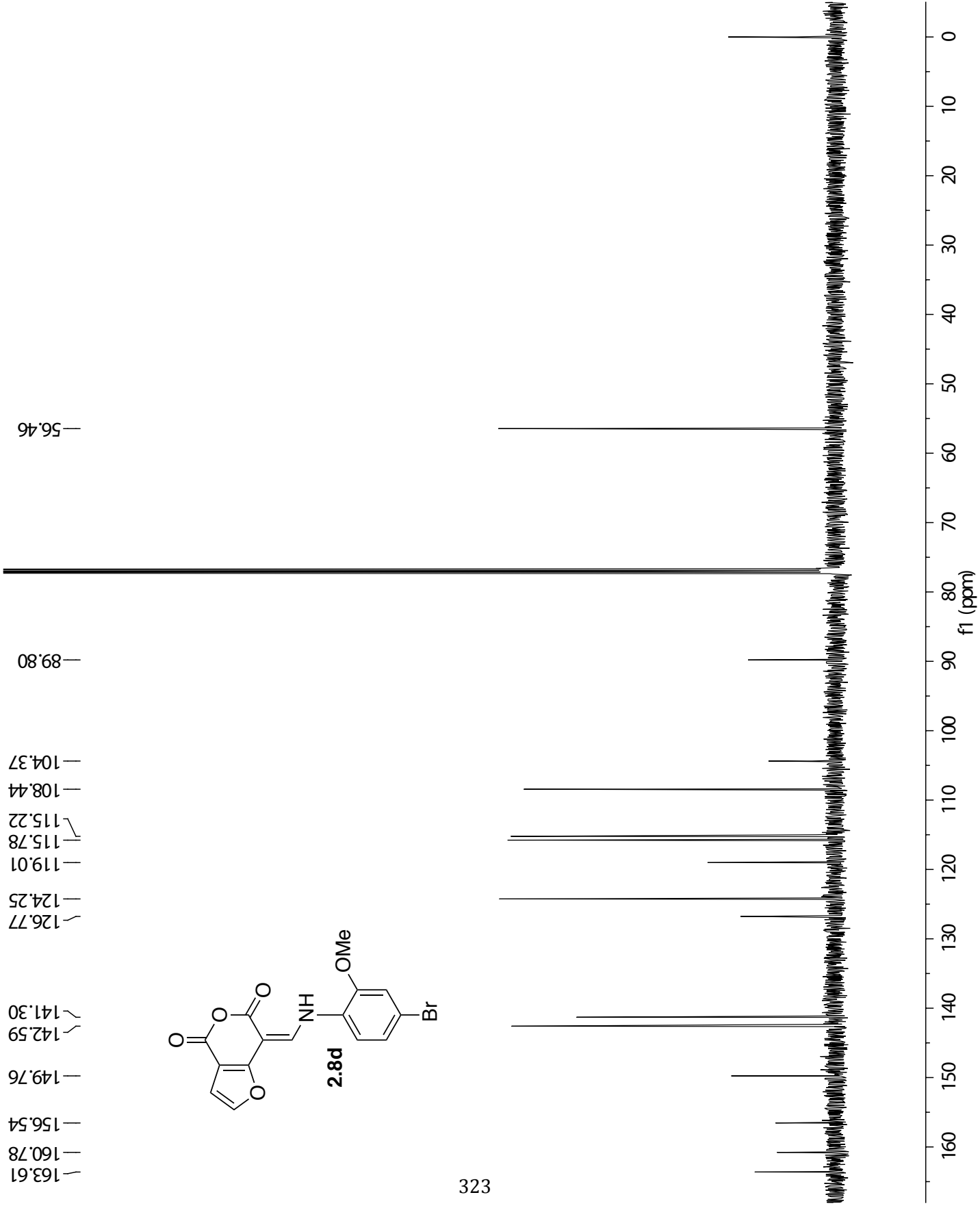
115.272
115.876
118.022
118.657
121.510
124.225
127.441
127.717
129.679
133.826
135.628
137.848
143.226
160.891

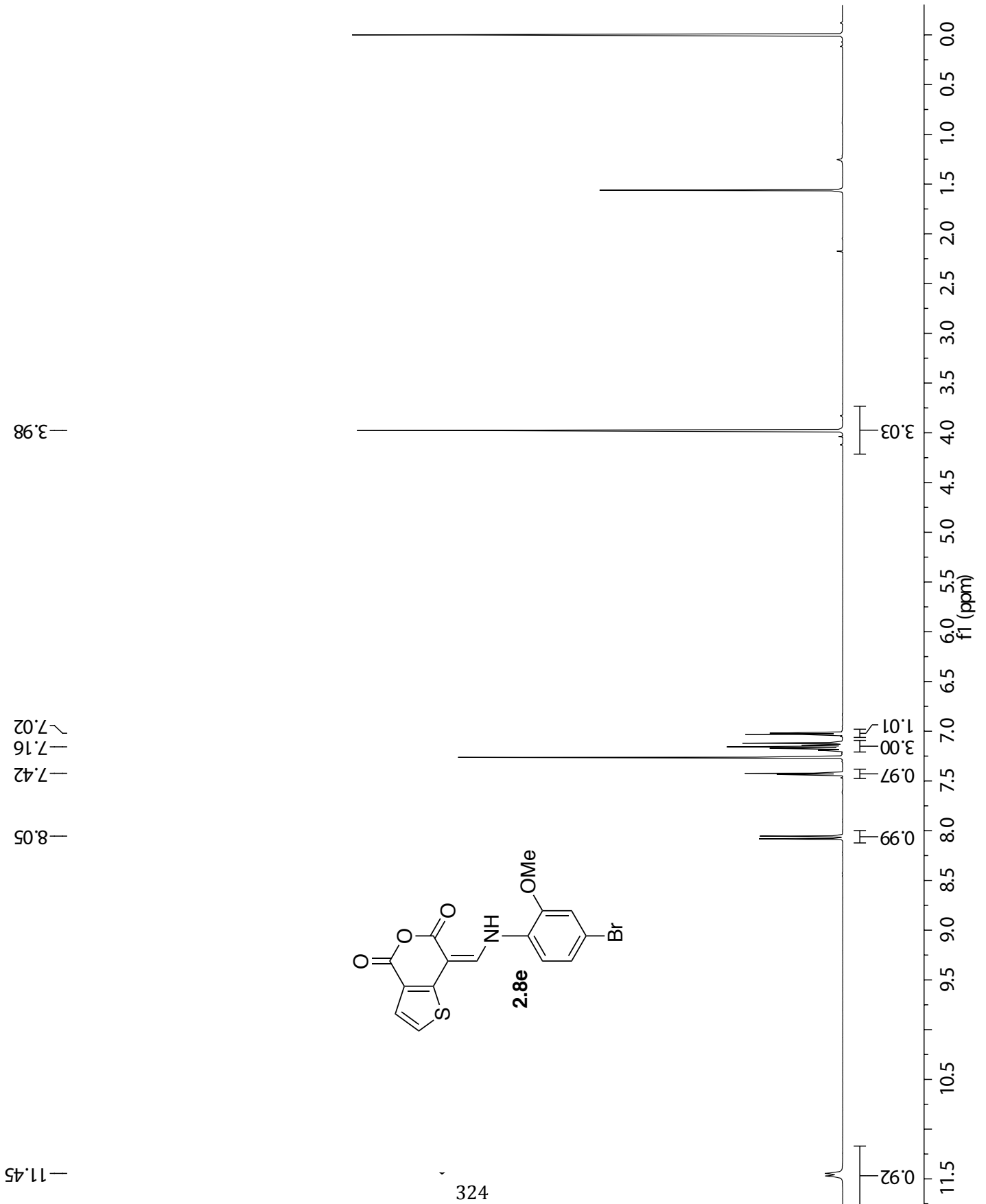
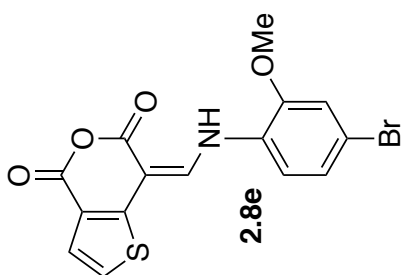


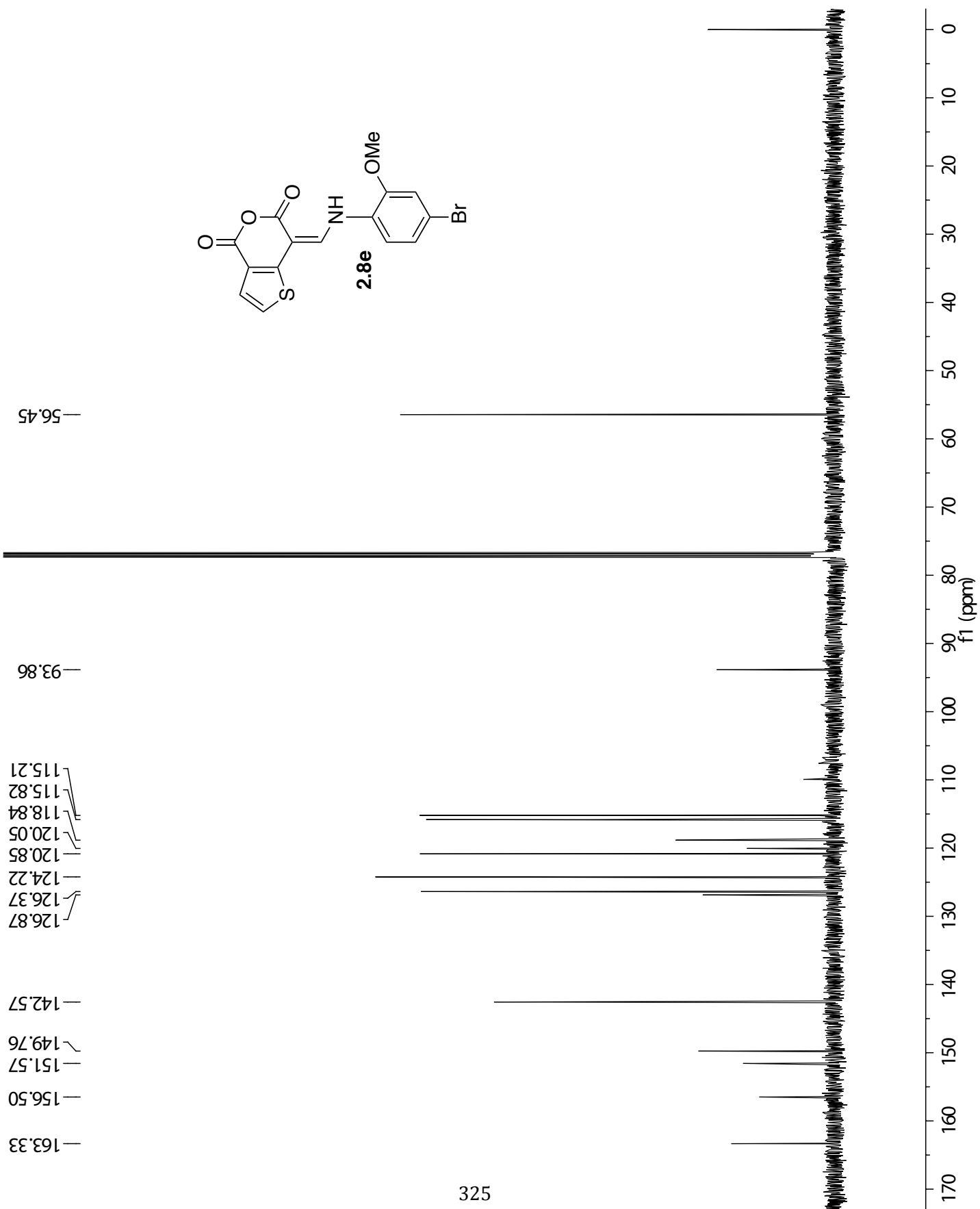
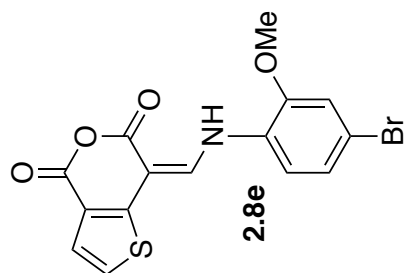


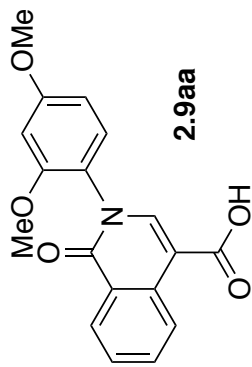


2.8d



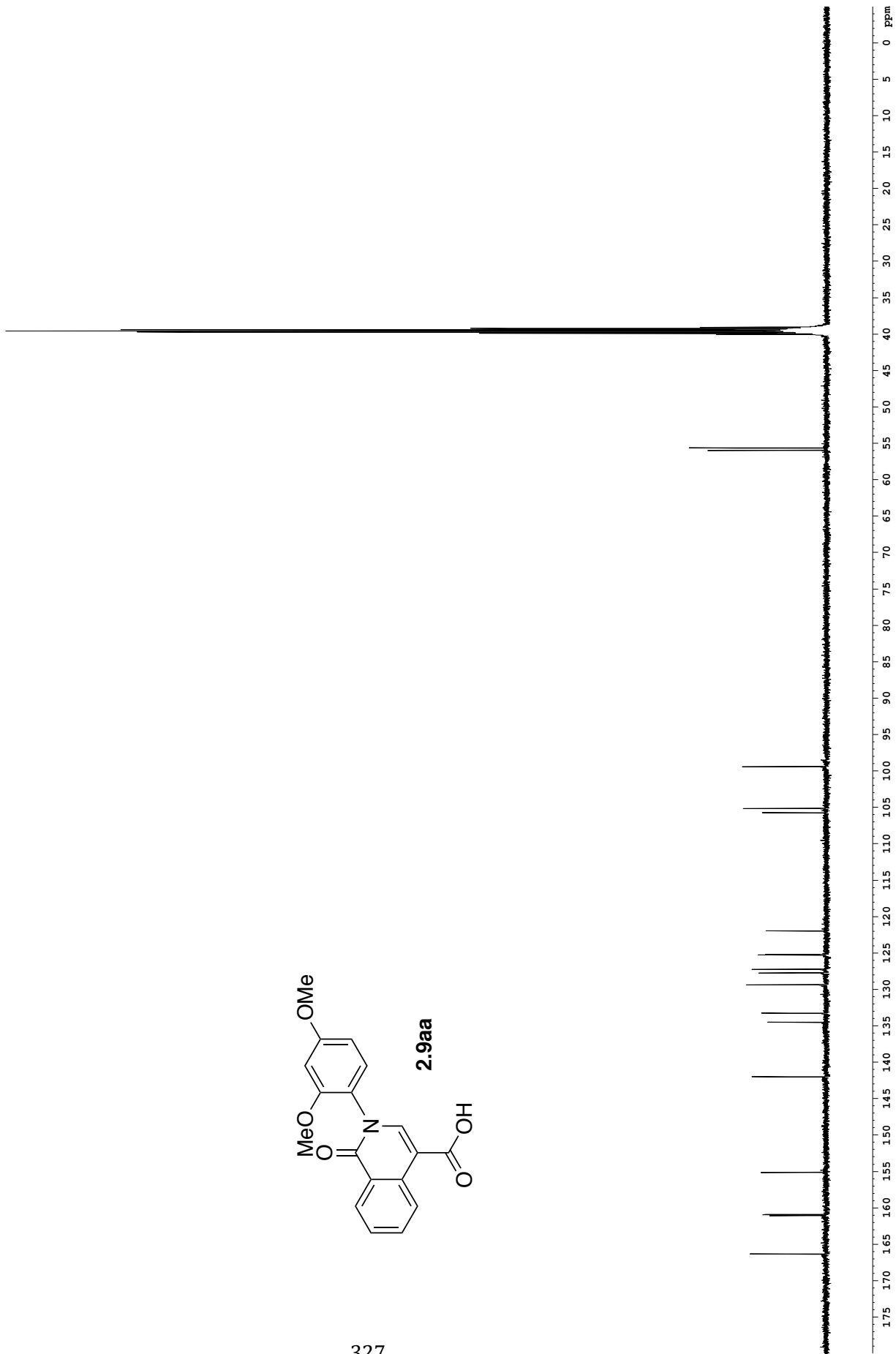
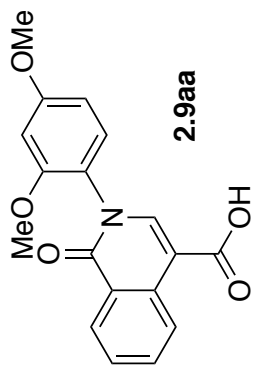


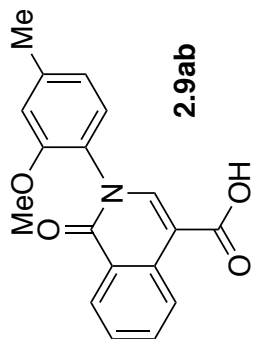


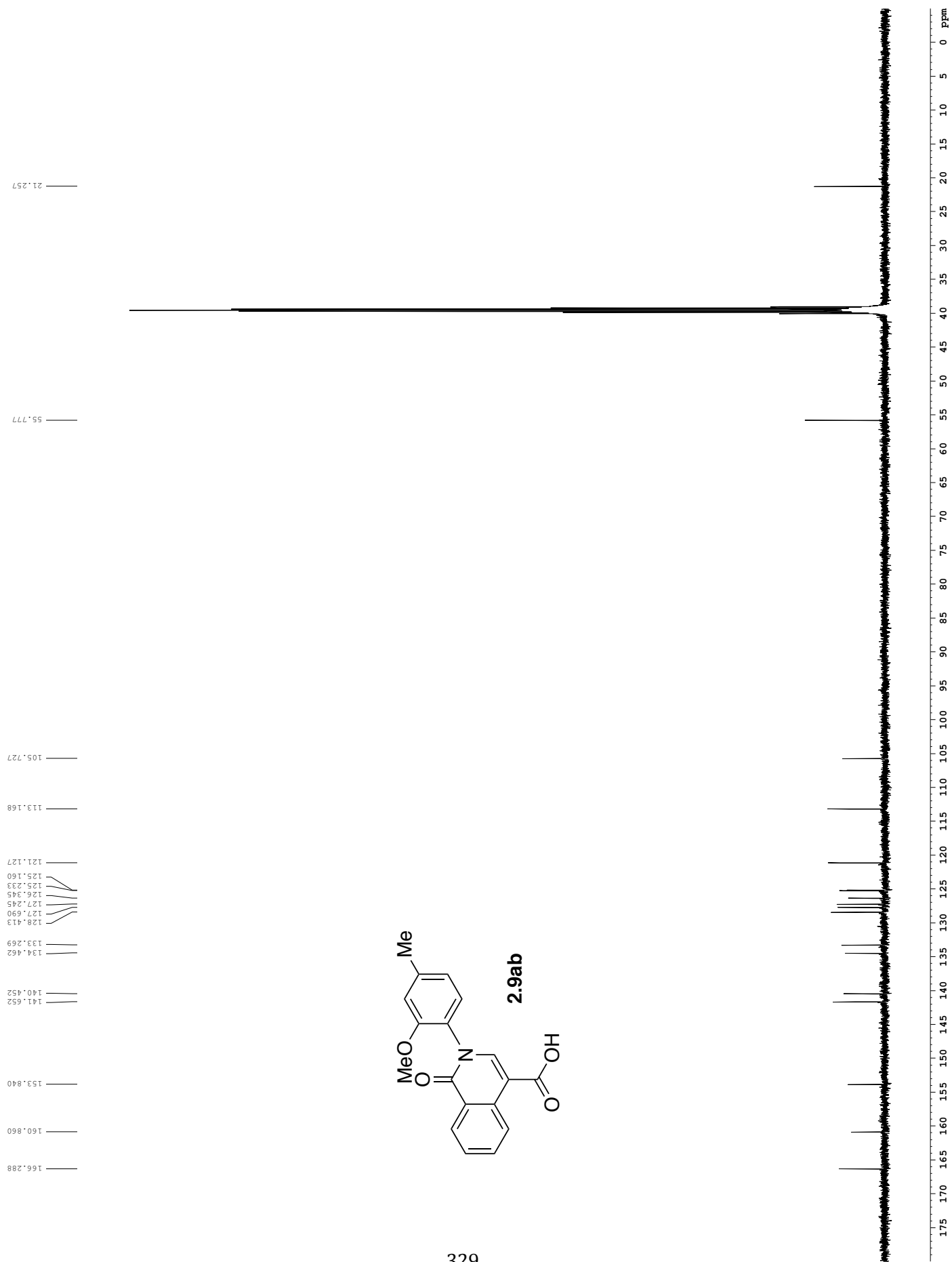
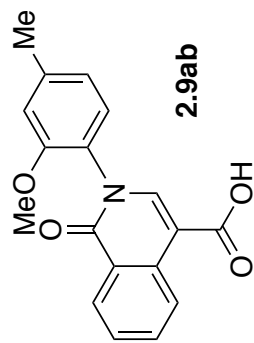


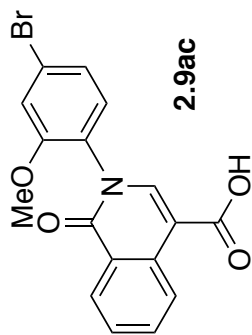
329







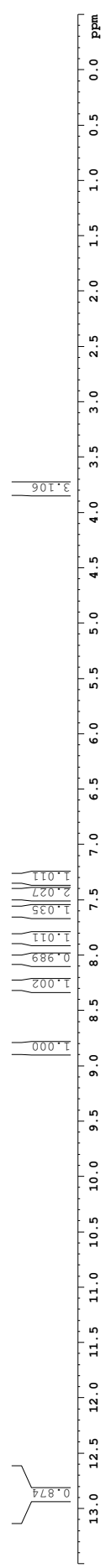


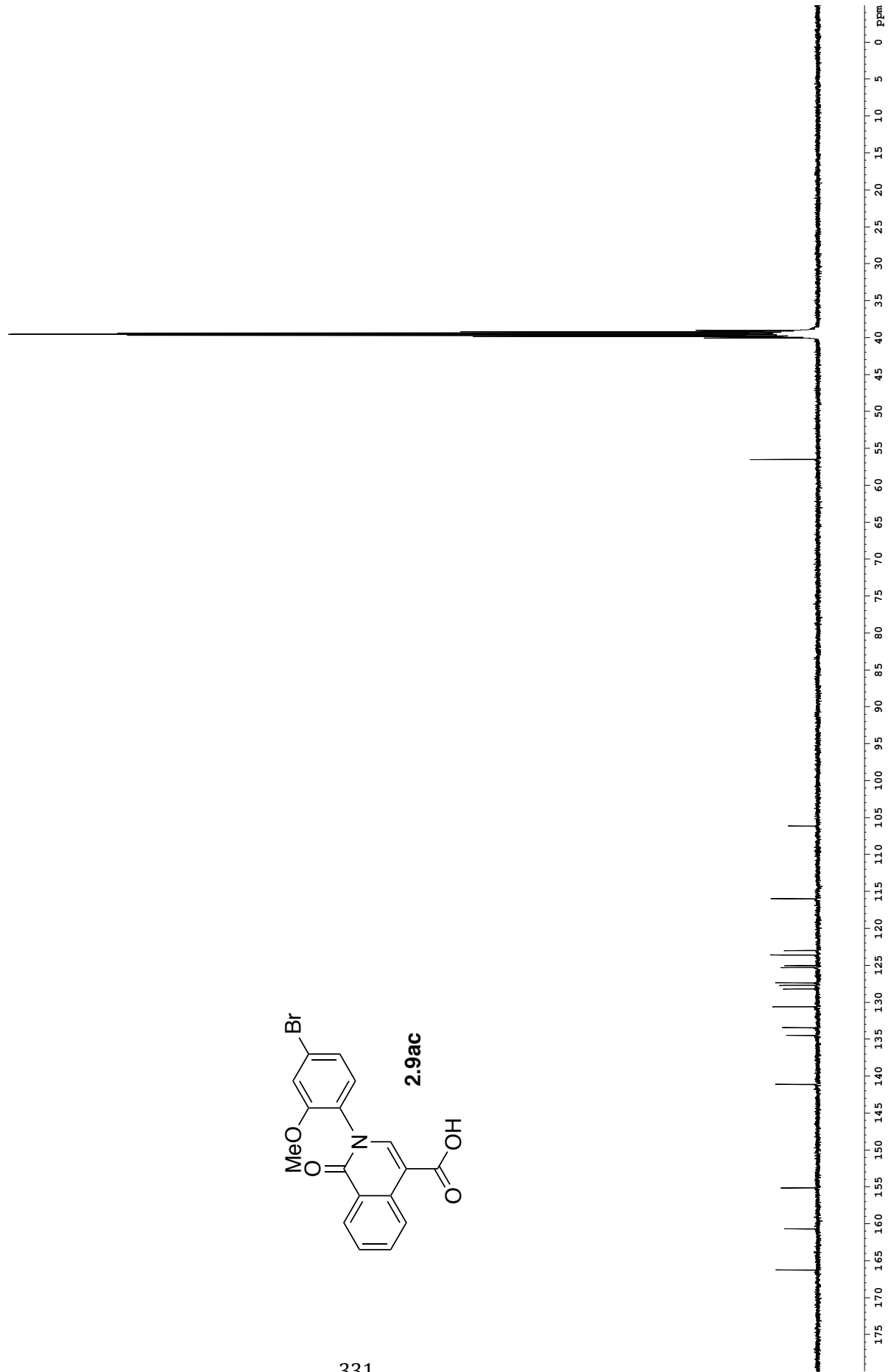
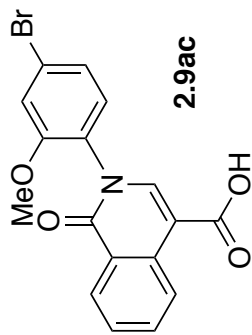


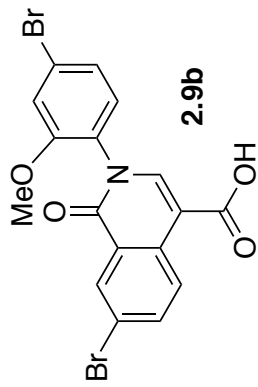
8.864
8.847
8.291
8.275
8.055
7.876
7.861
7.846
7.629
7.613
7.598
7.468
7.465
7.448
7.431
7.421
7.318
7.304
7.301

3.794

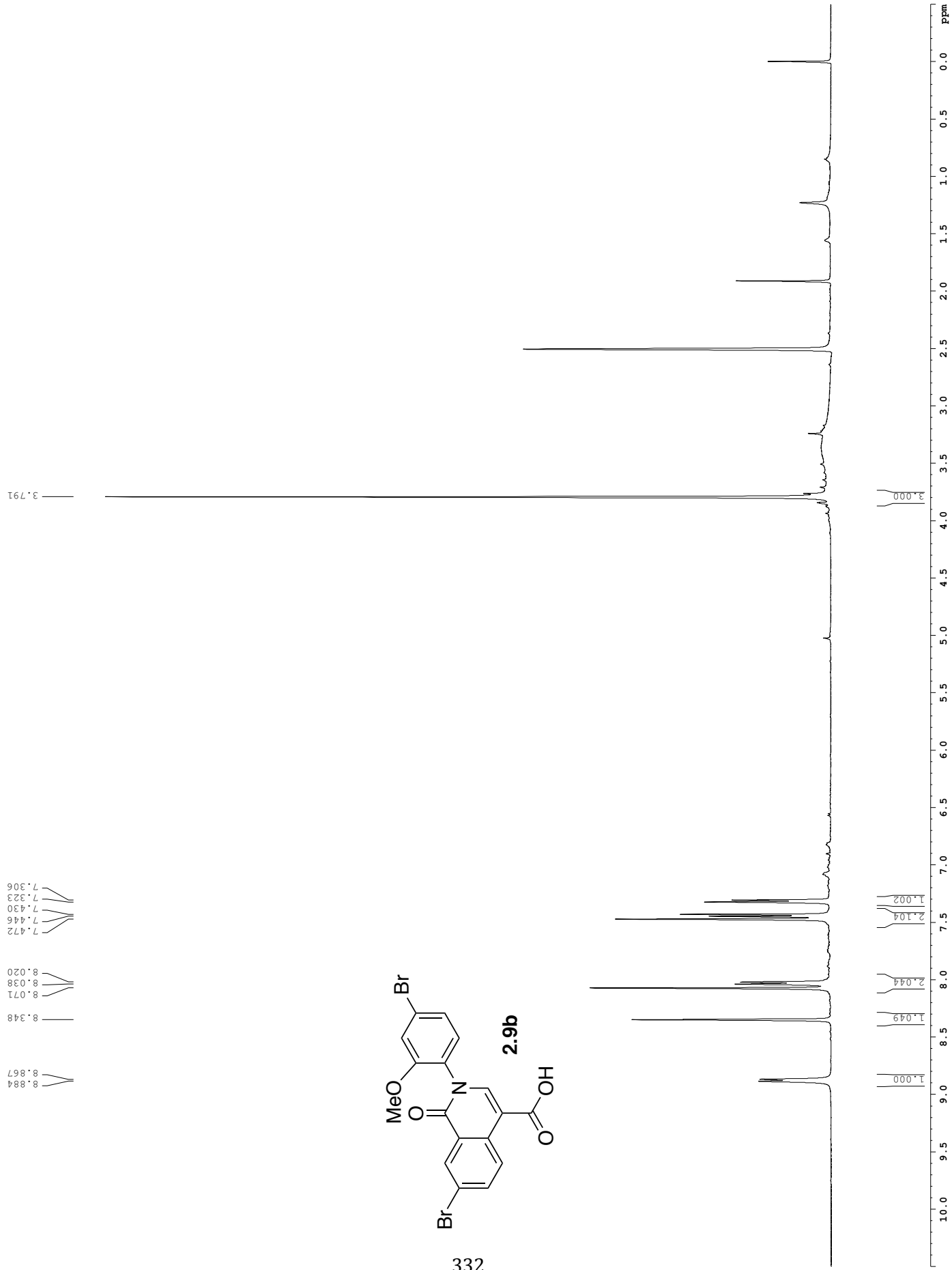
12.897

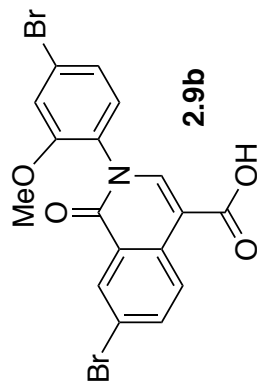




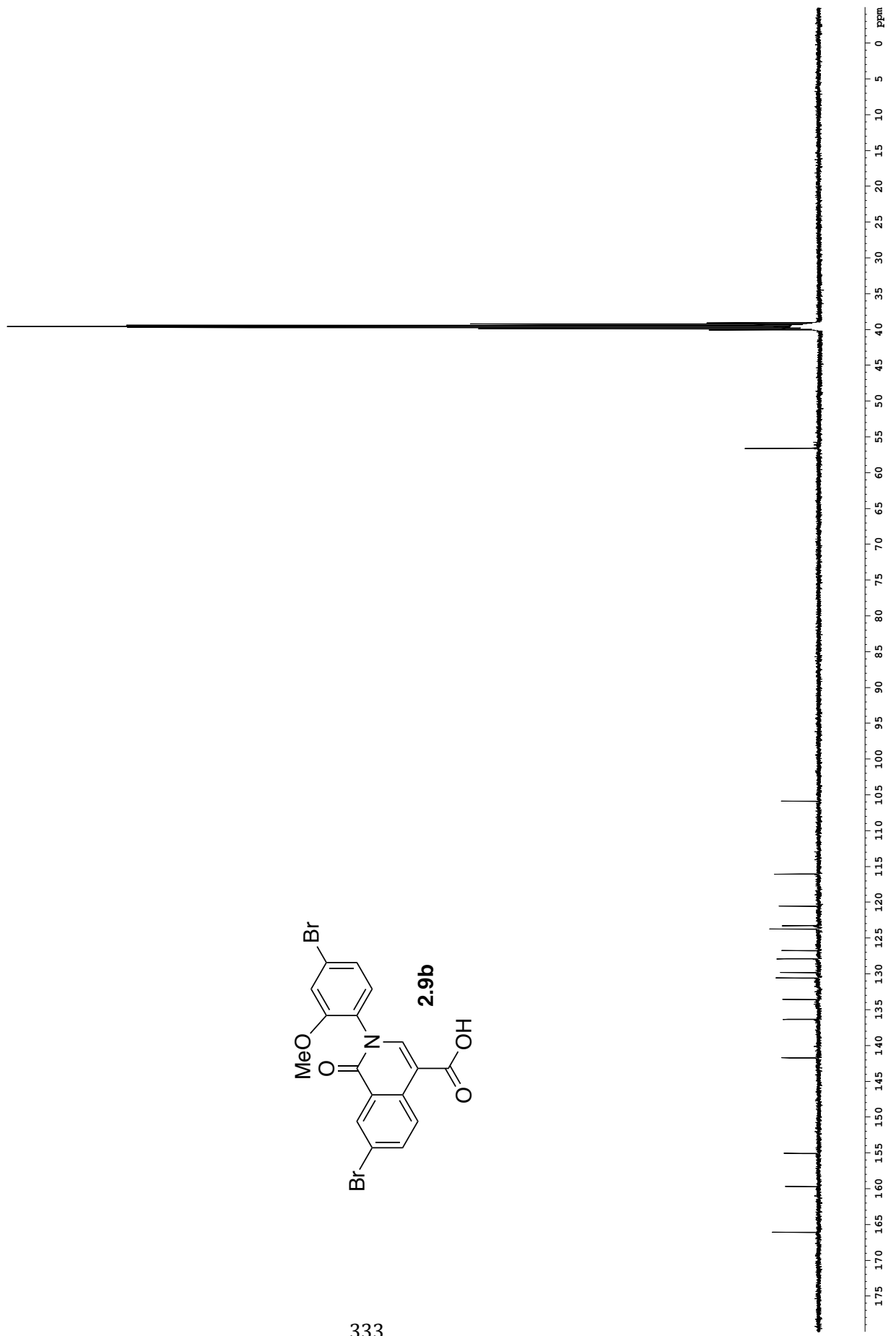
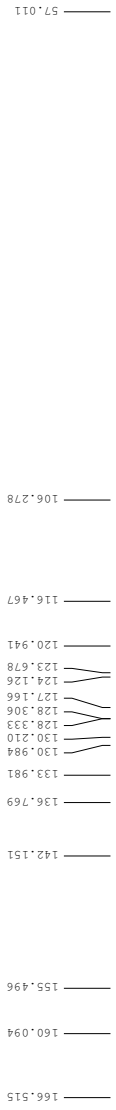


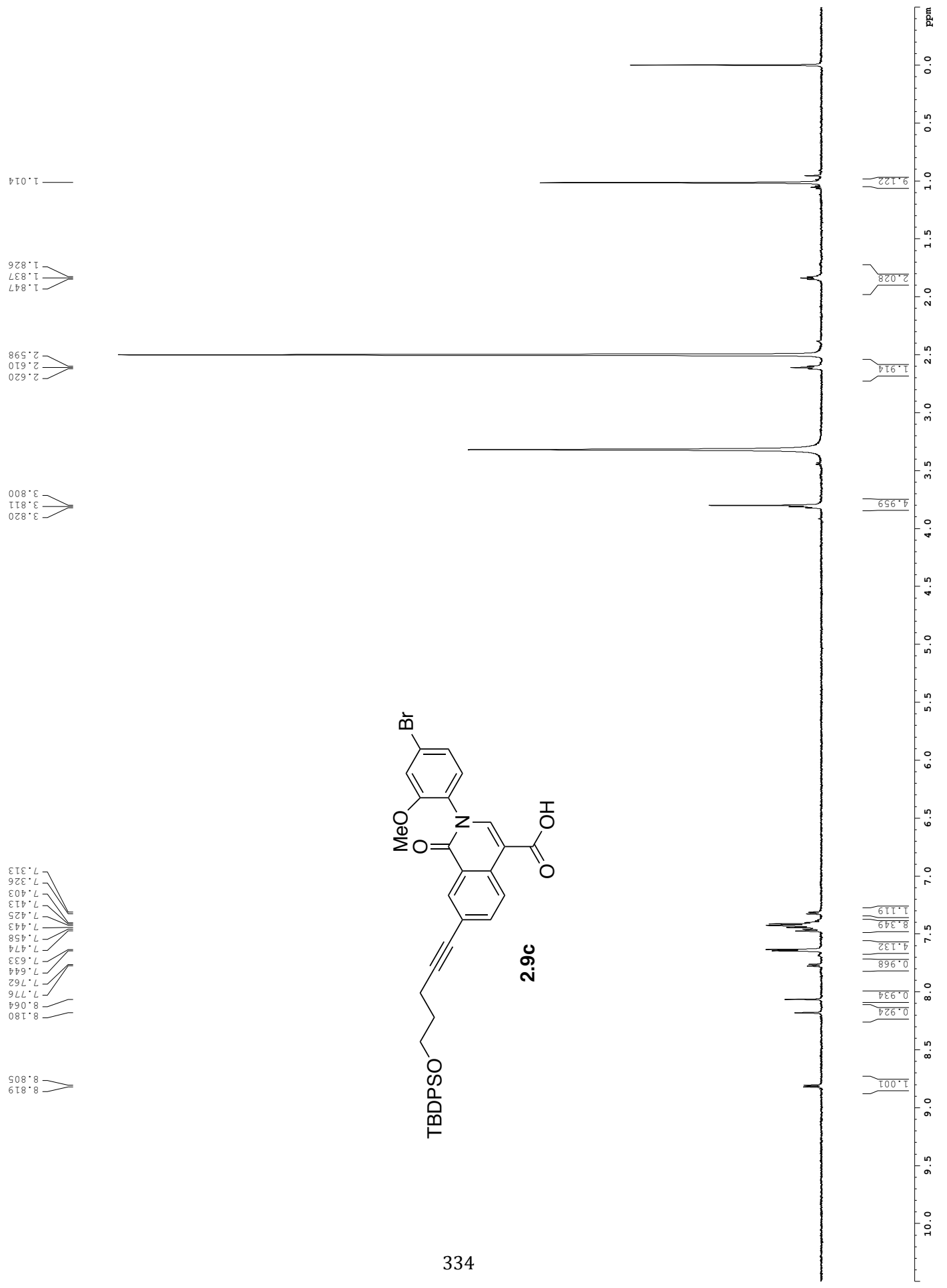
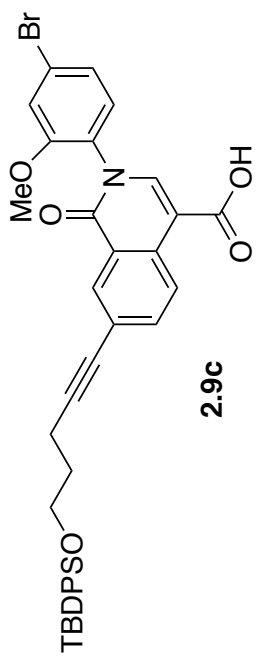
332

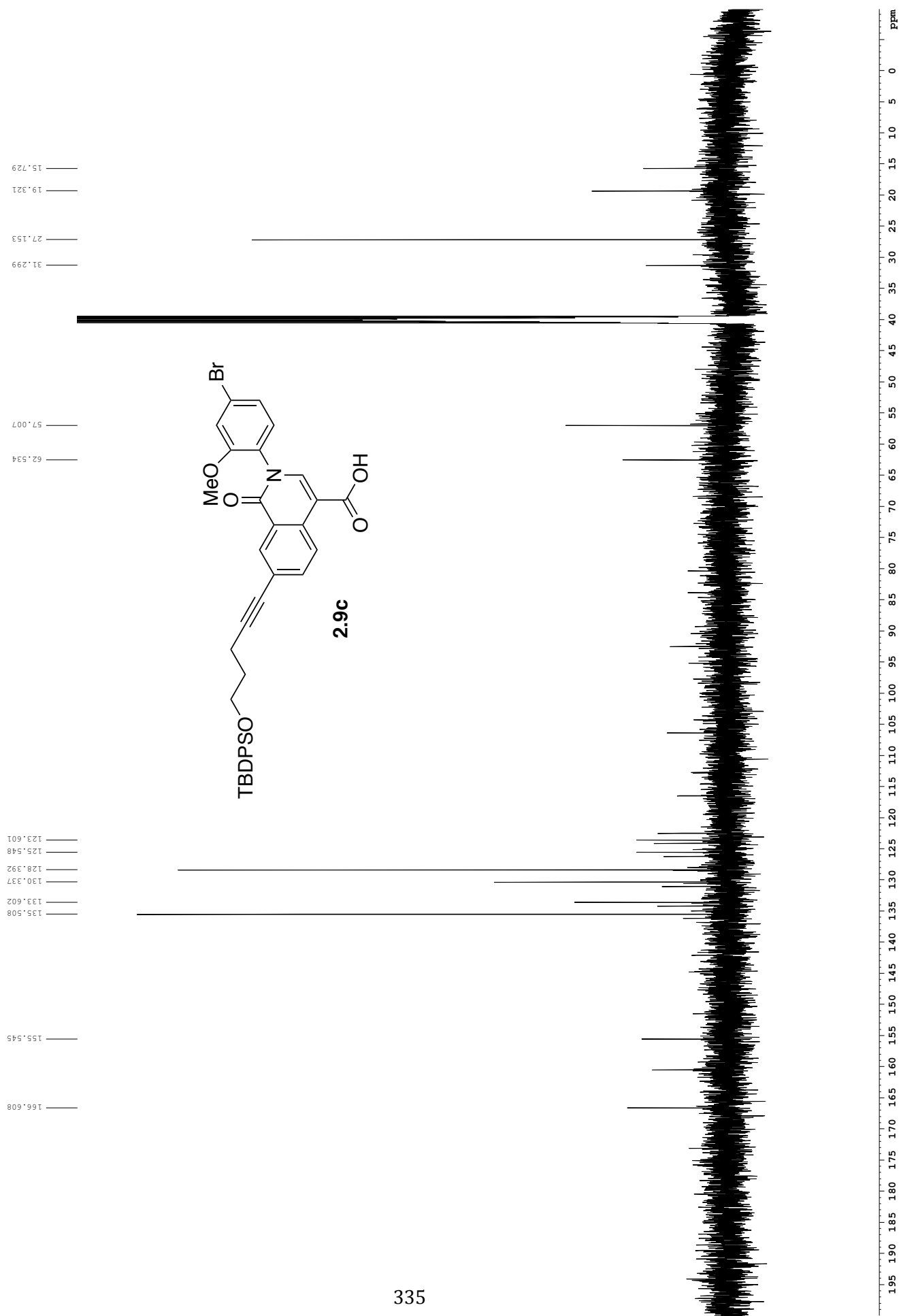


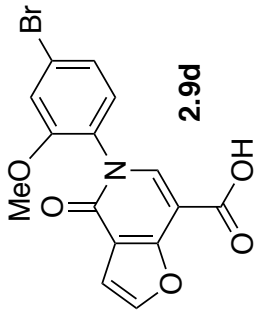


333

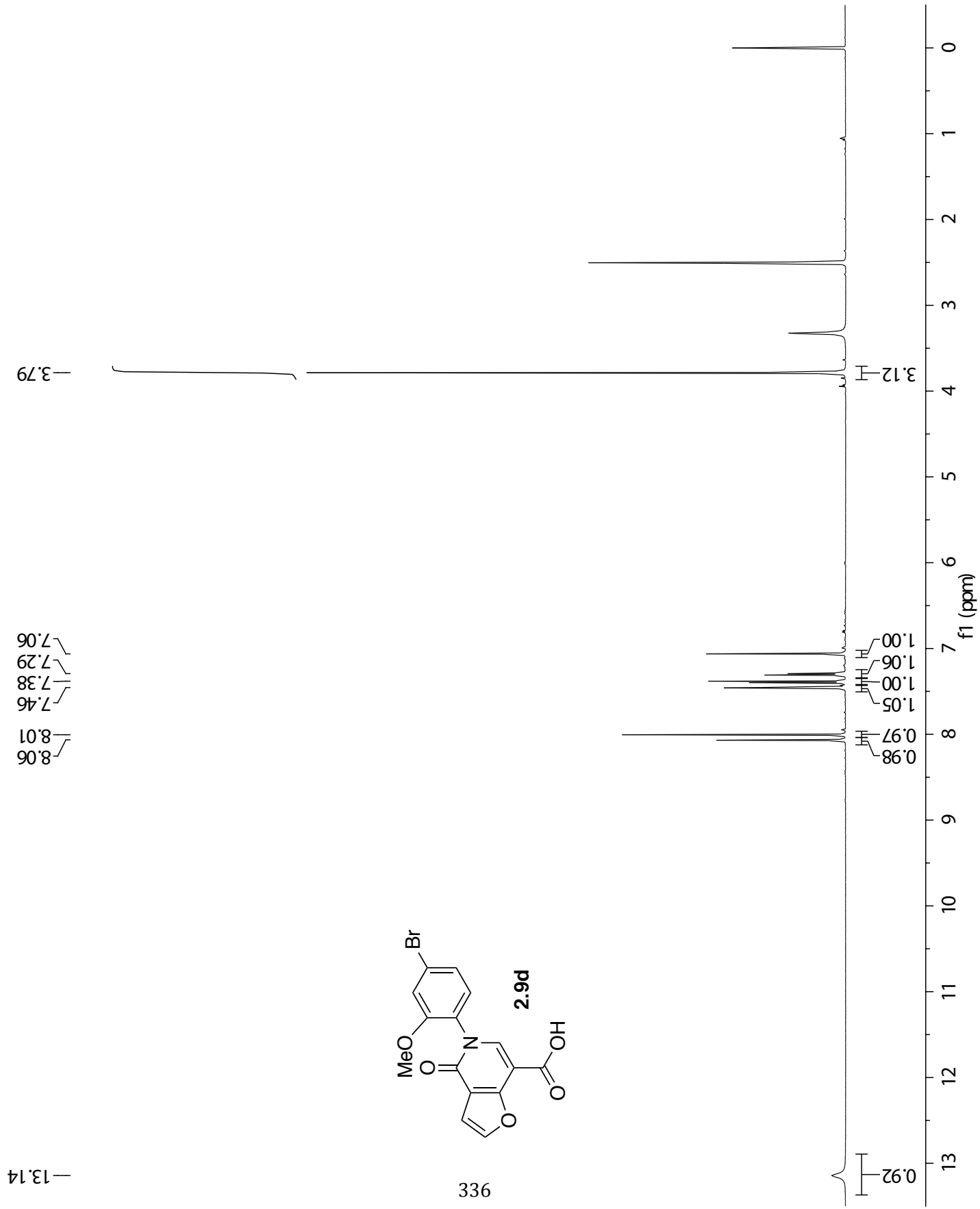


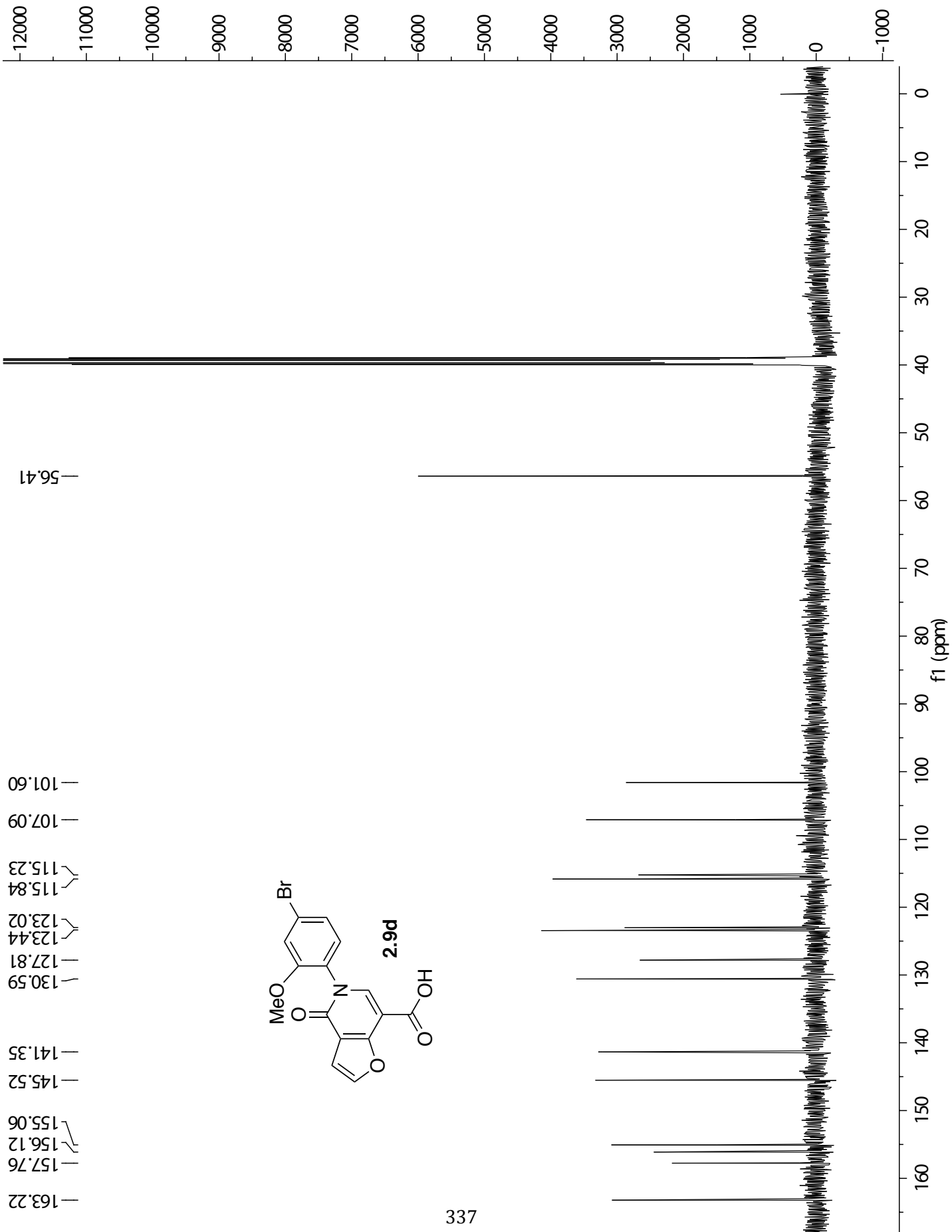


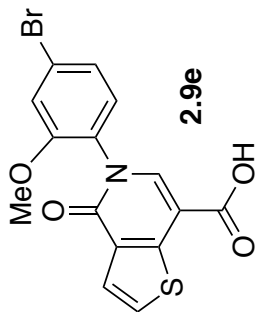




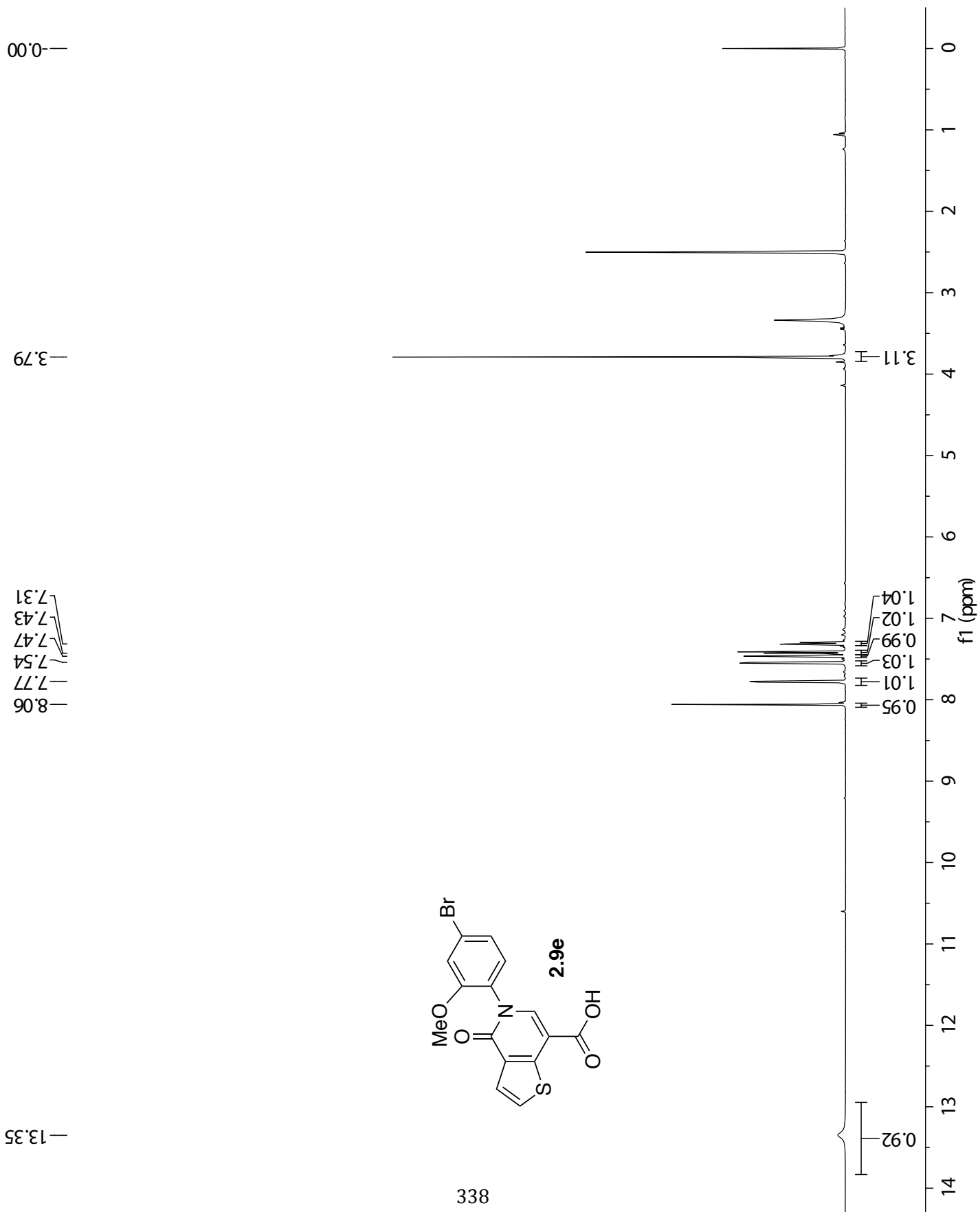
933

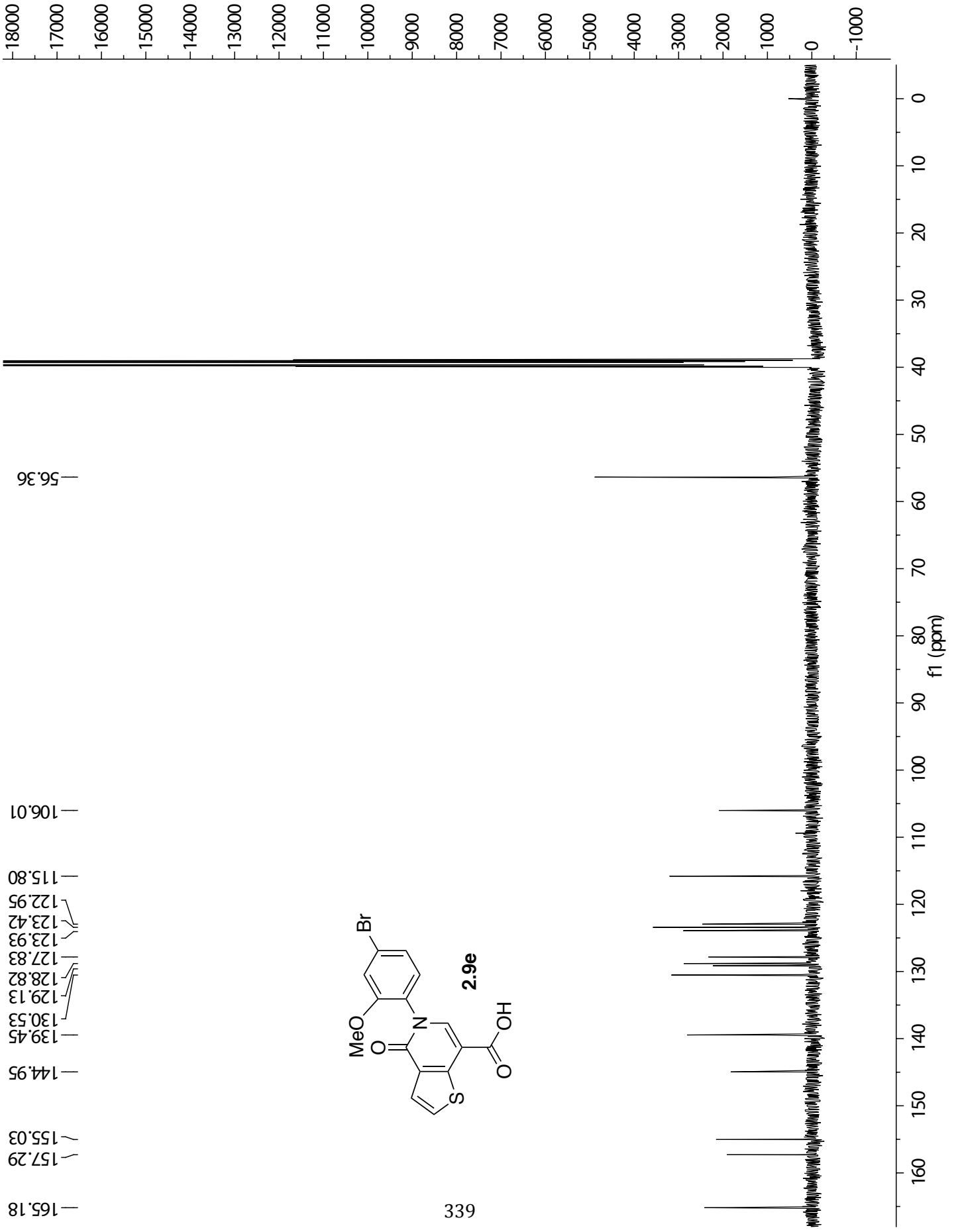


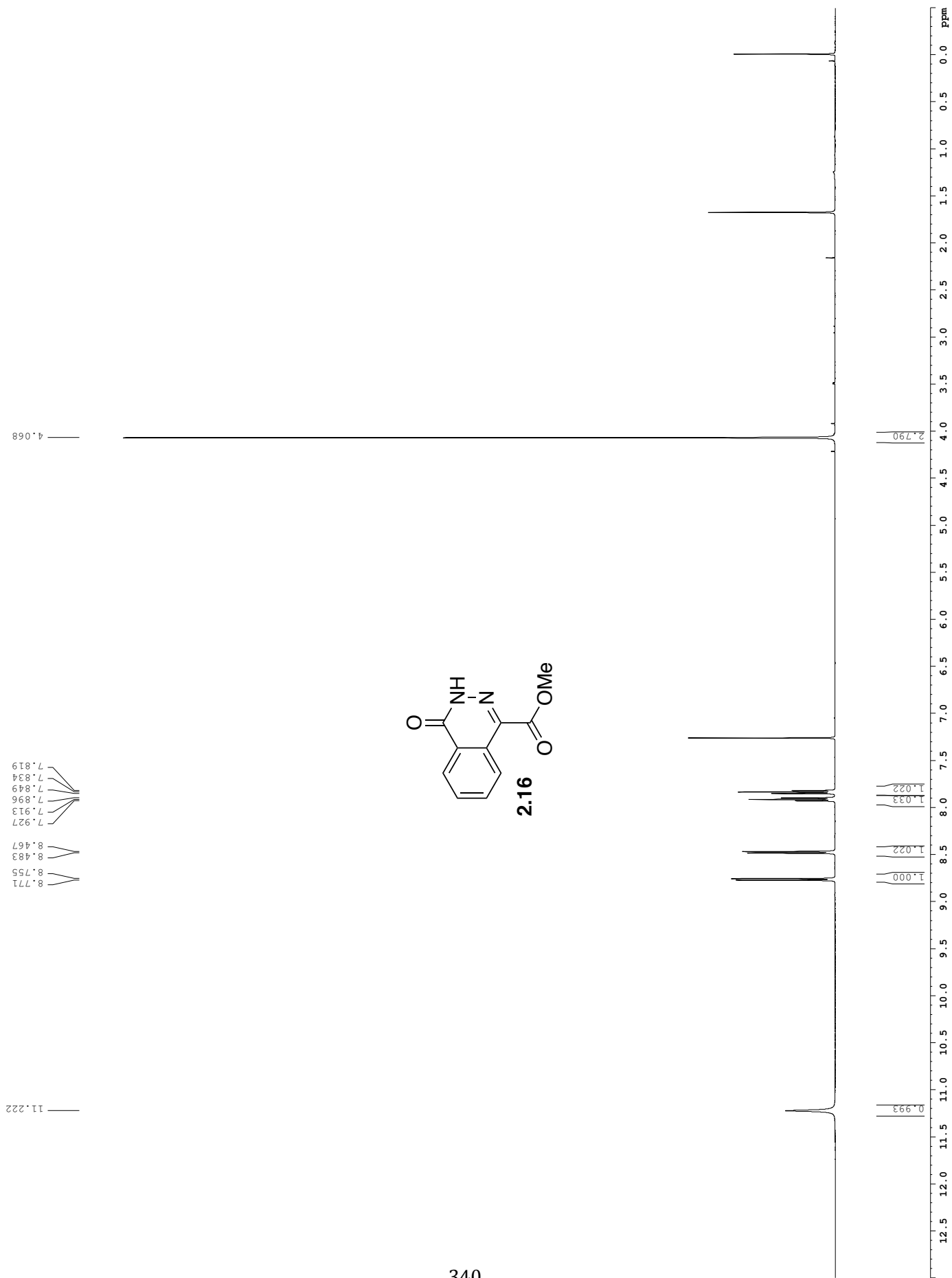
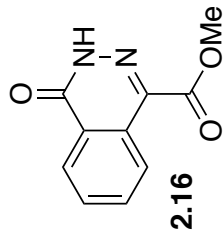


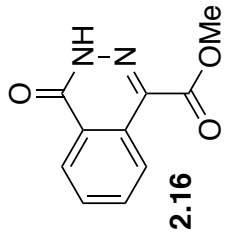


838



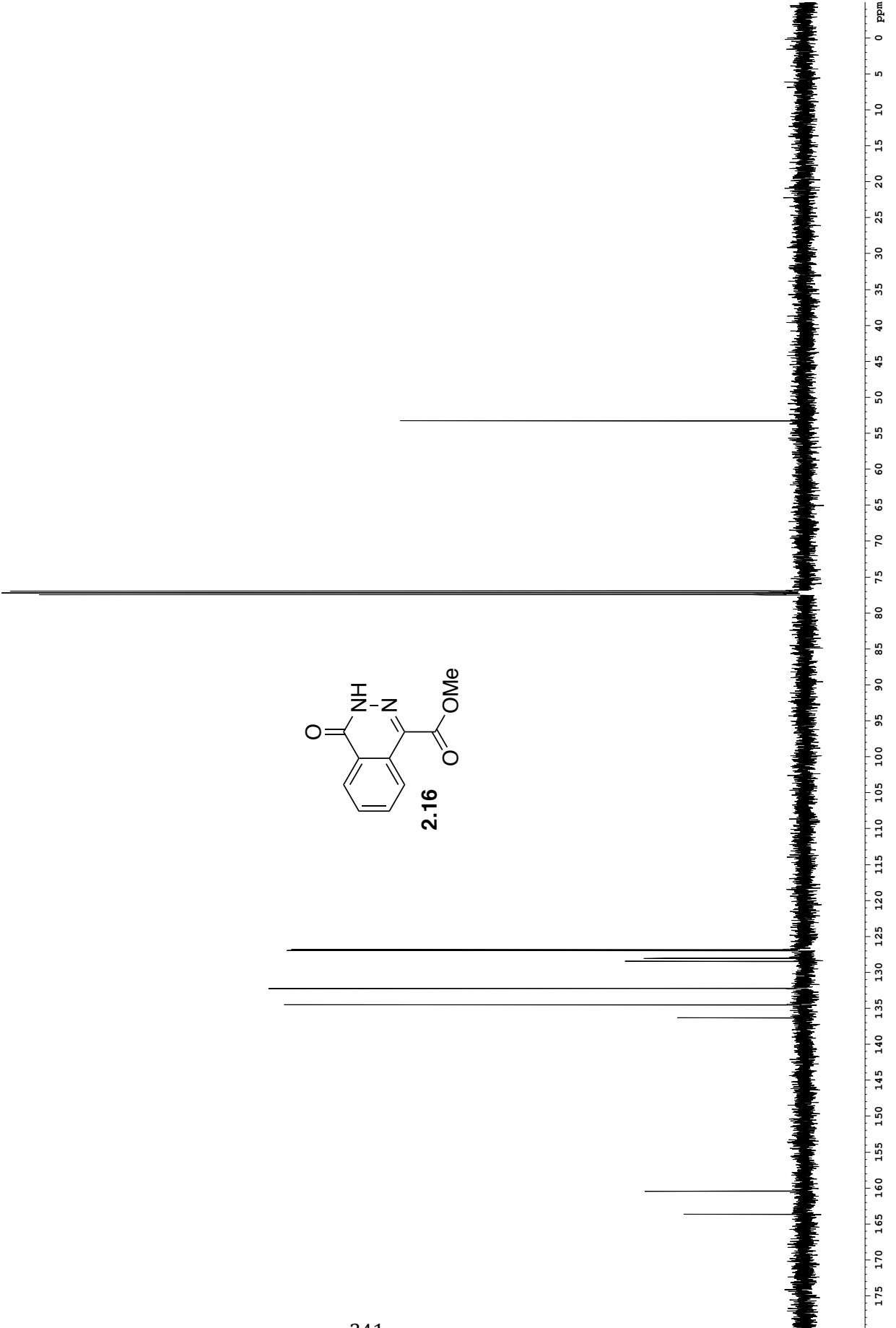


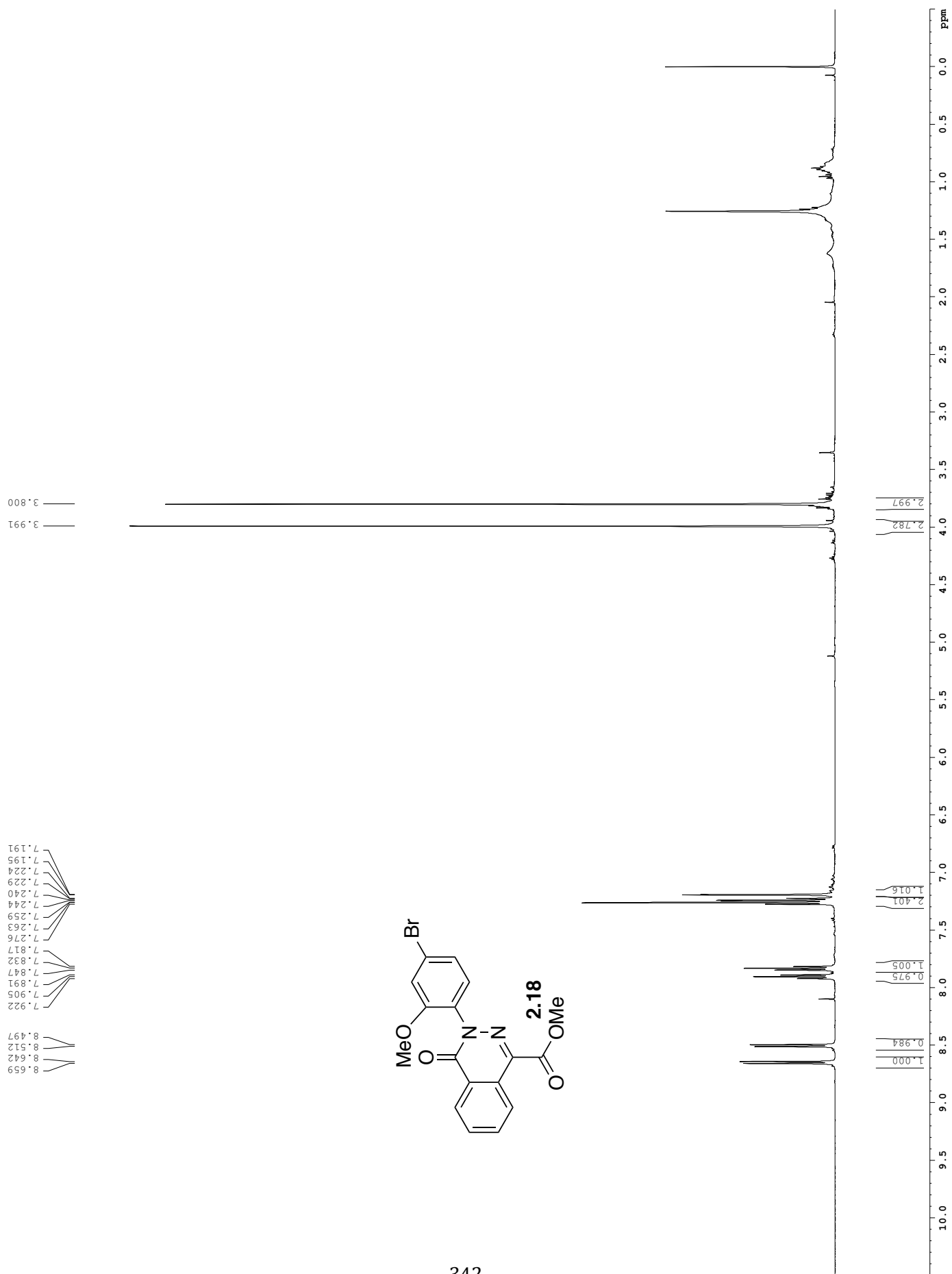


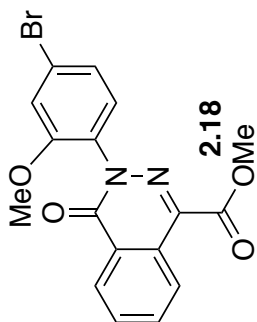


163.635
160.408
136.285
134.478
132.220
128.438
128.009
126.920
126.803

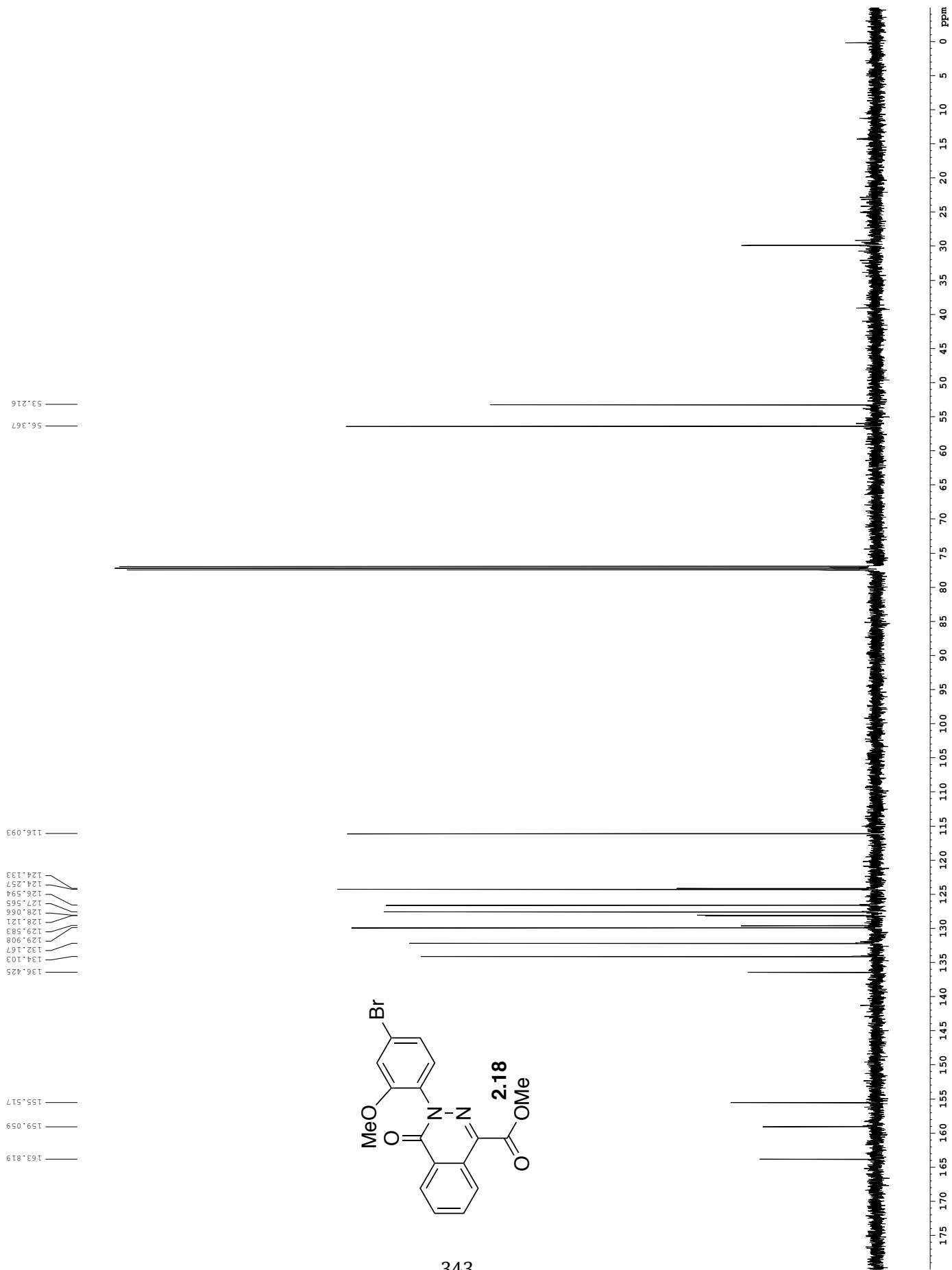
59.223

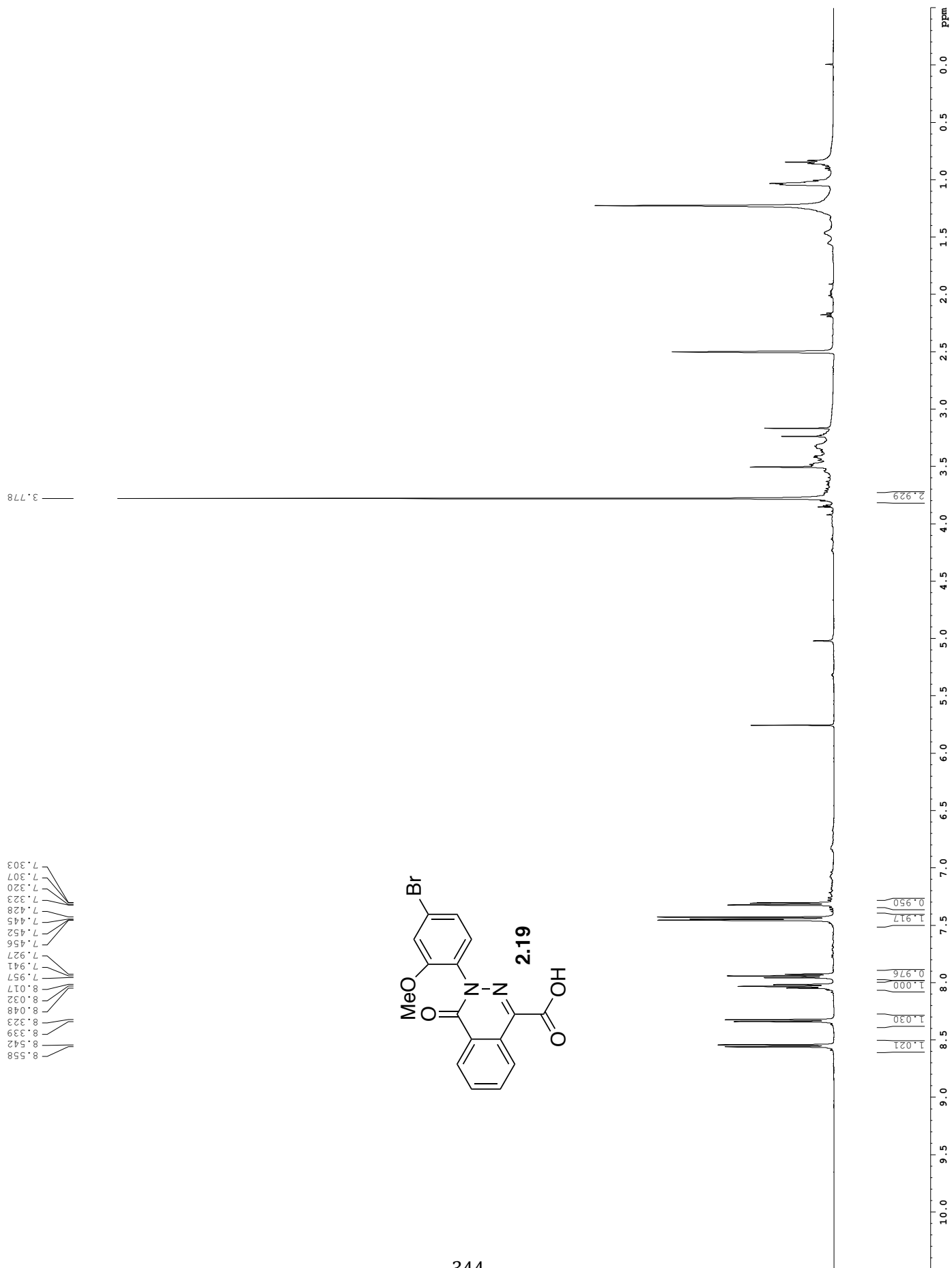
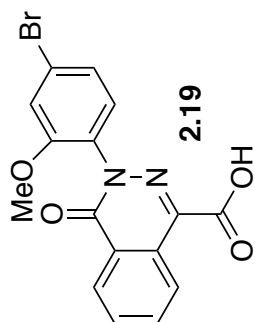


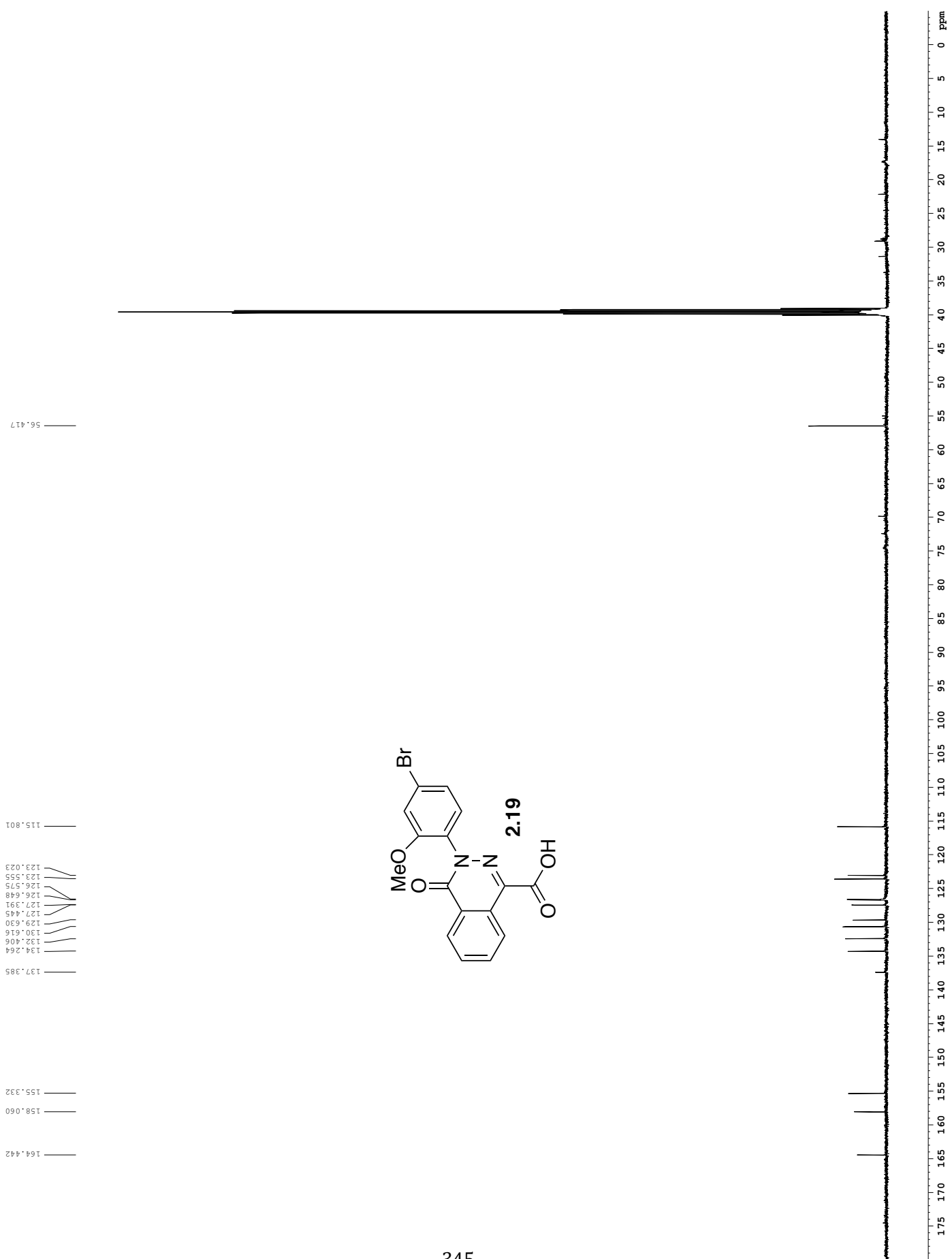


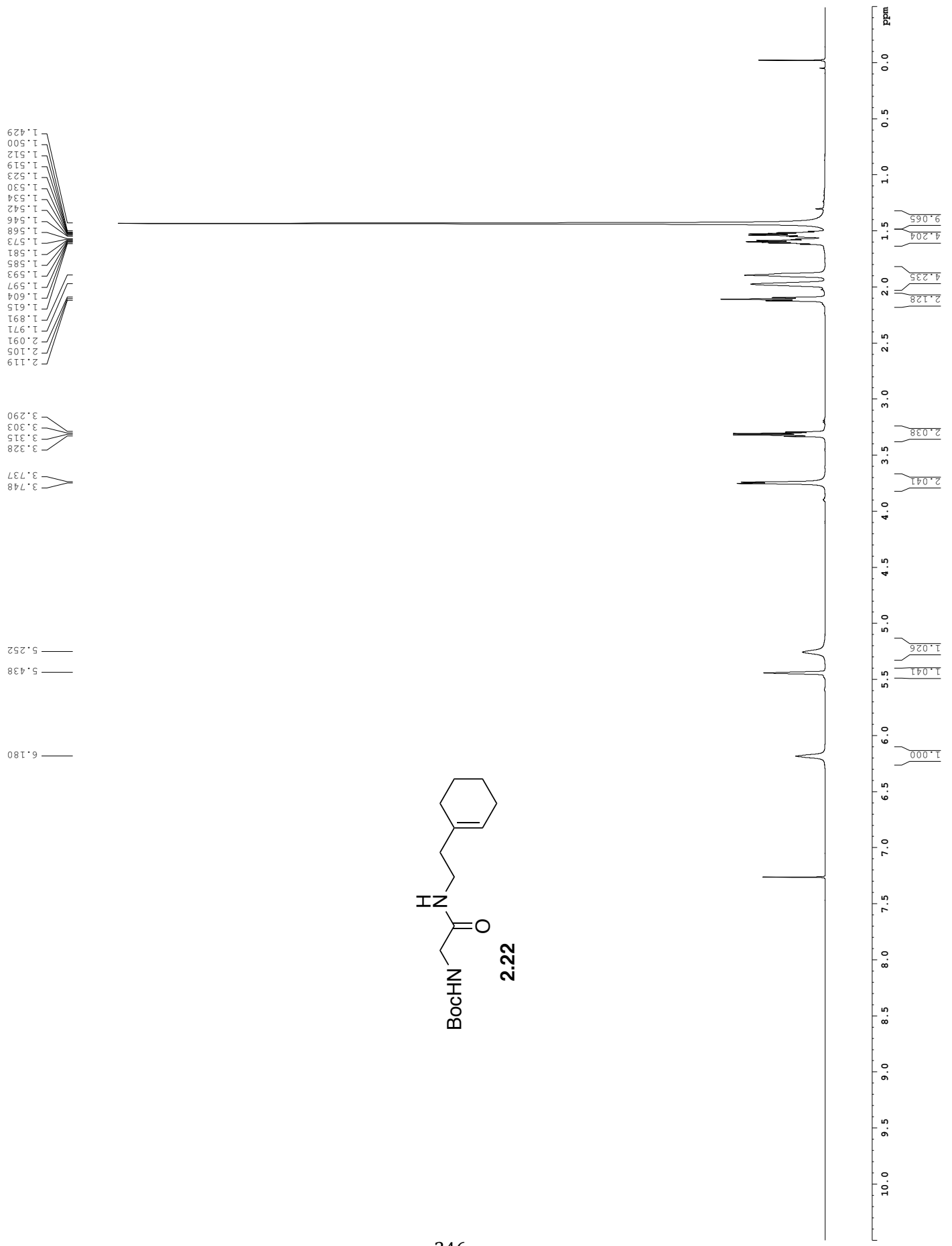
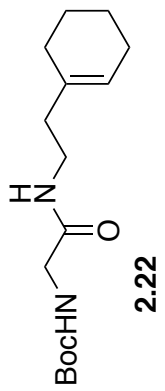


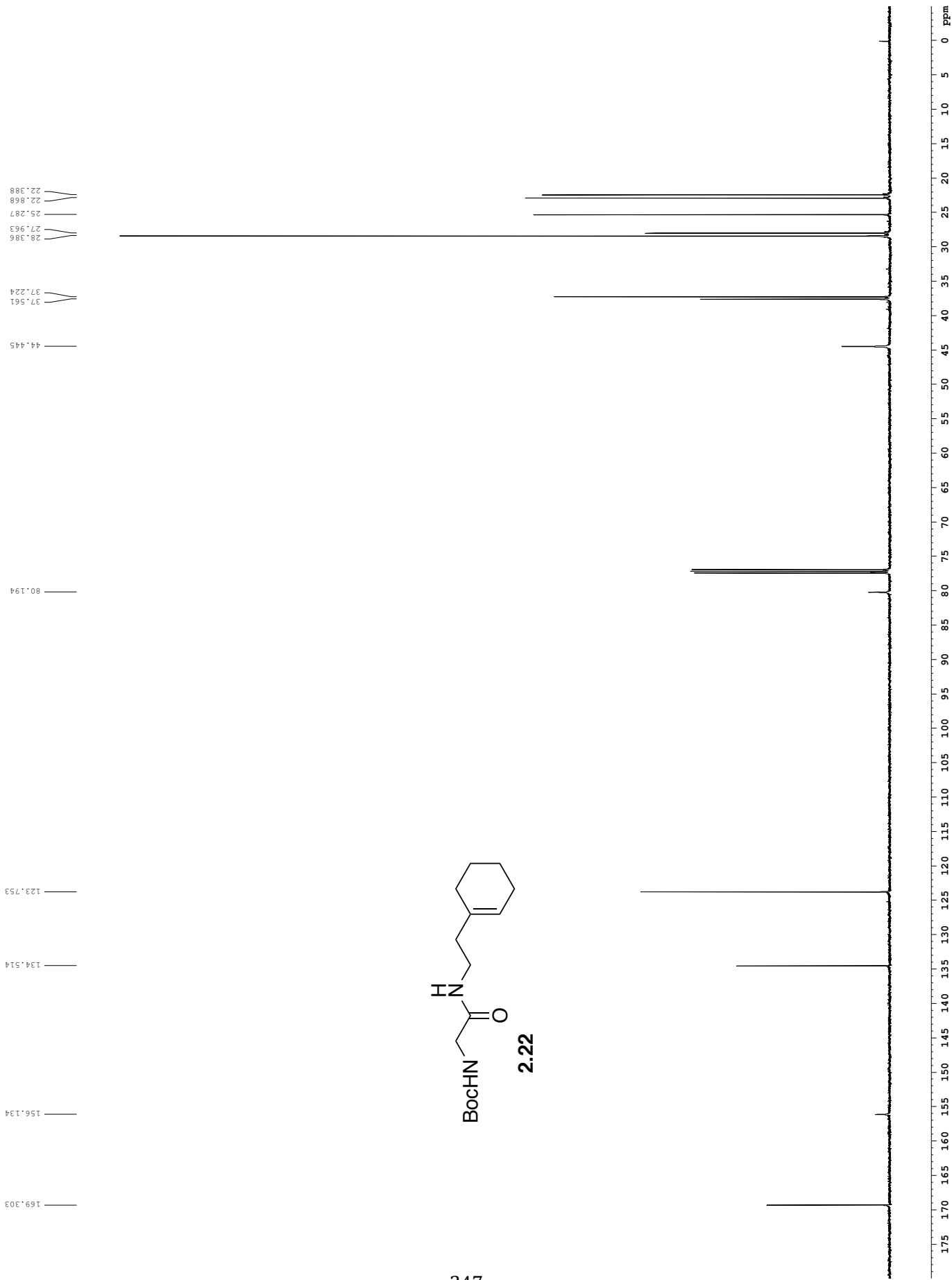
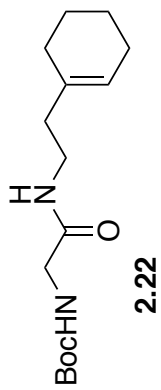
343

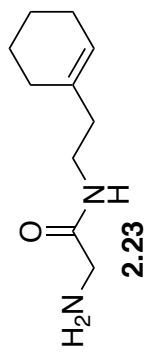




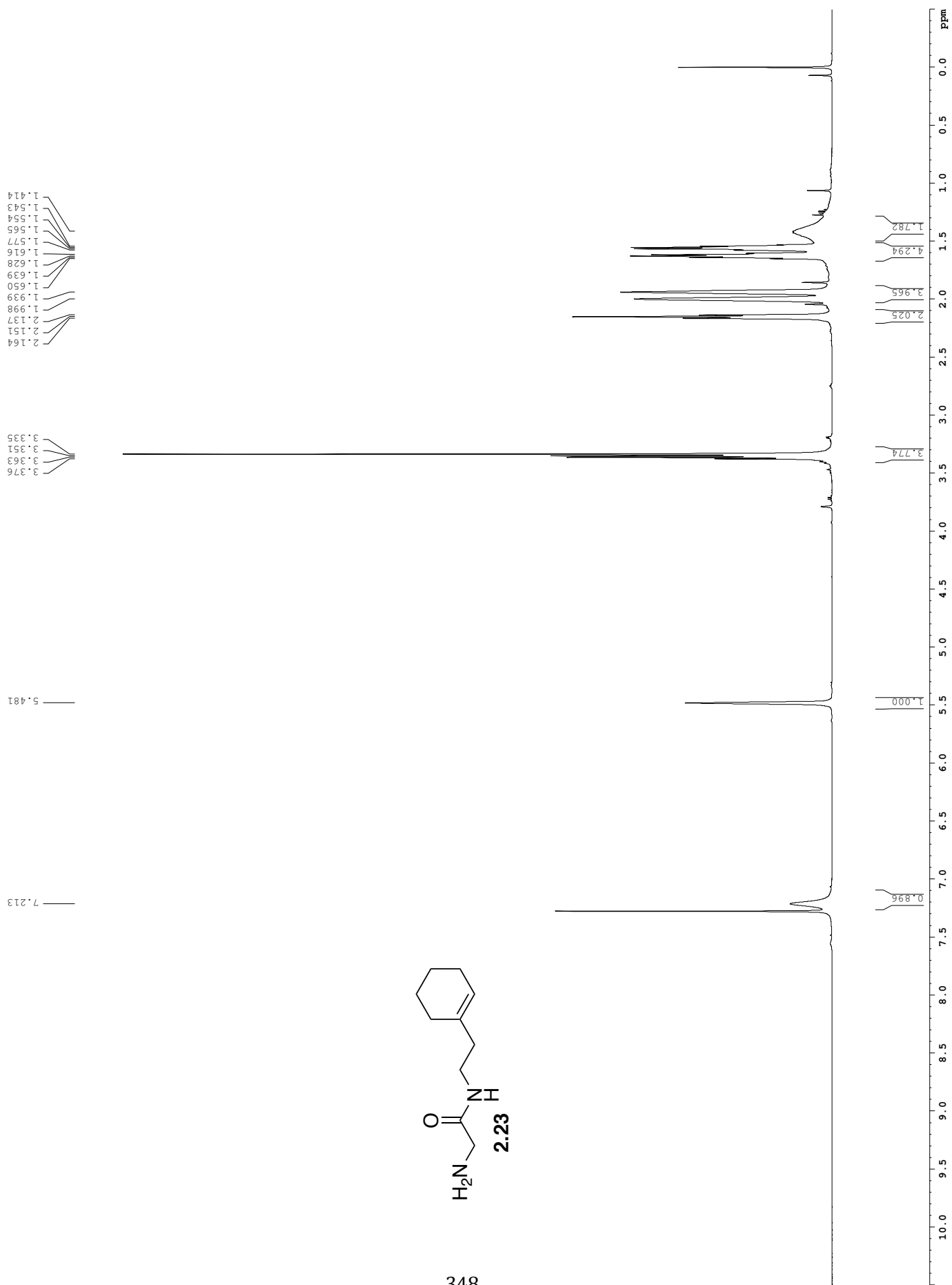


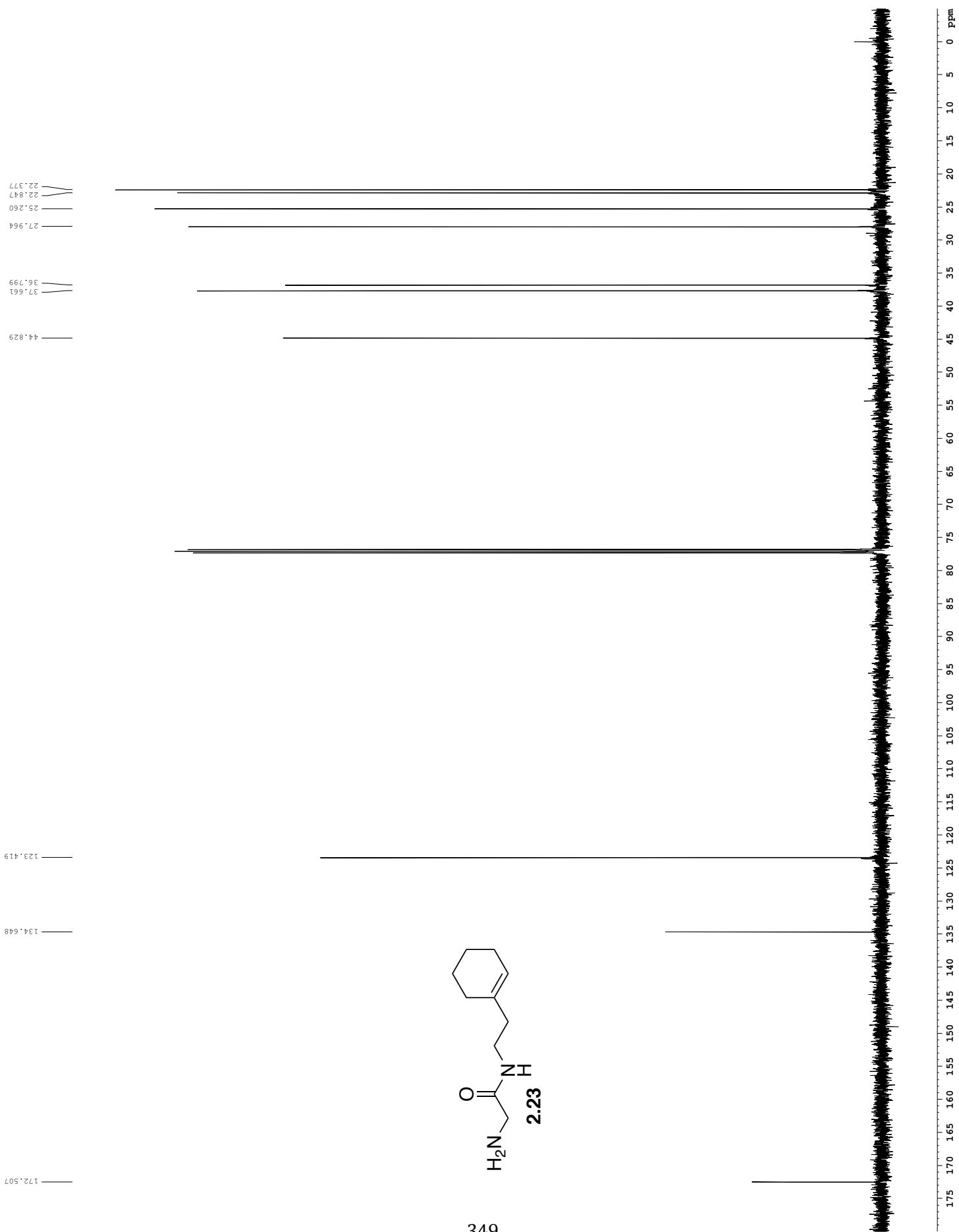
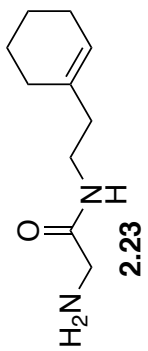


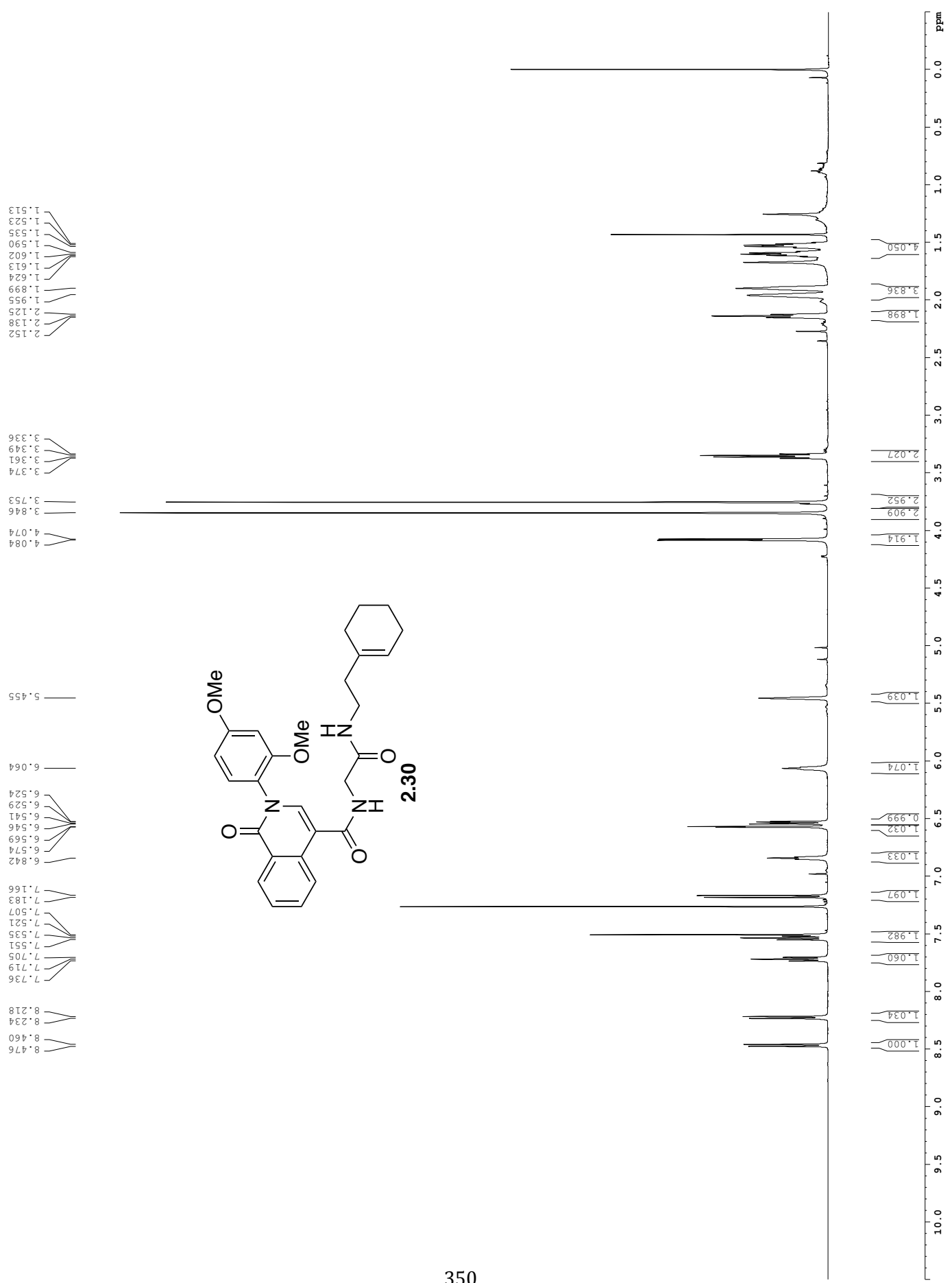




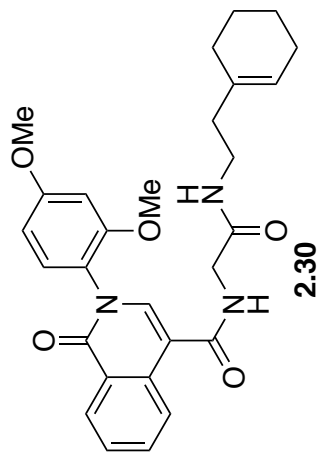
348







351



27.978
25.304
22.877
22.397

37.522
37.522

43.569

55.950
55.785

99.819

104.738

112.817

122.362

123.980

124.779

126.249

127.612

128.744

129.275

133.084

134.242

134.384

135.720

155.541

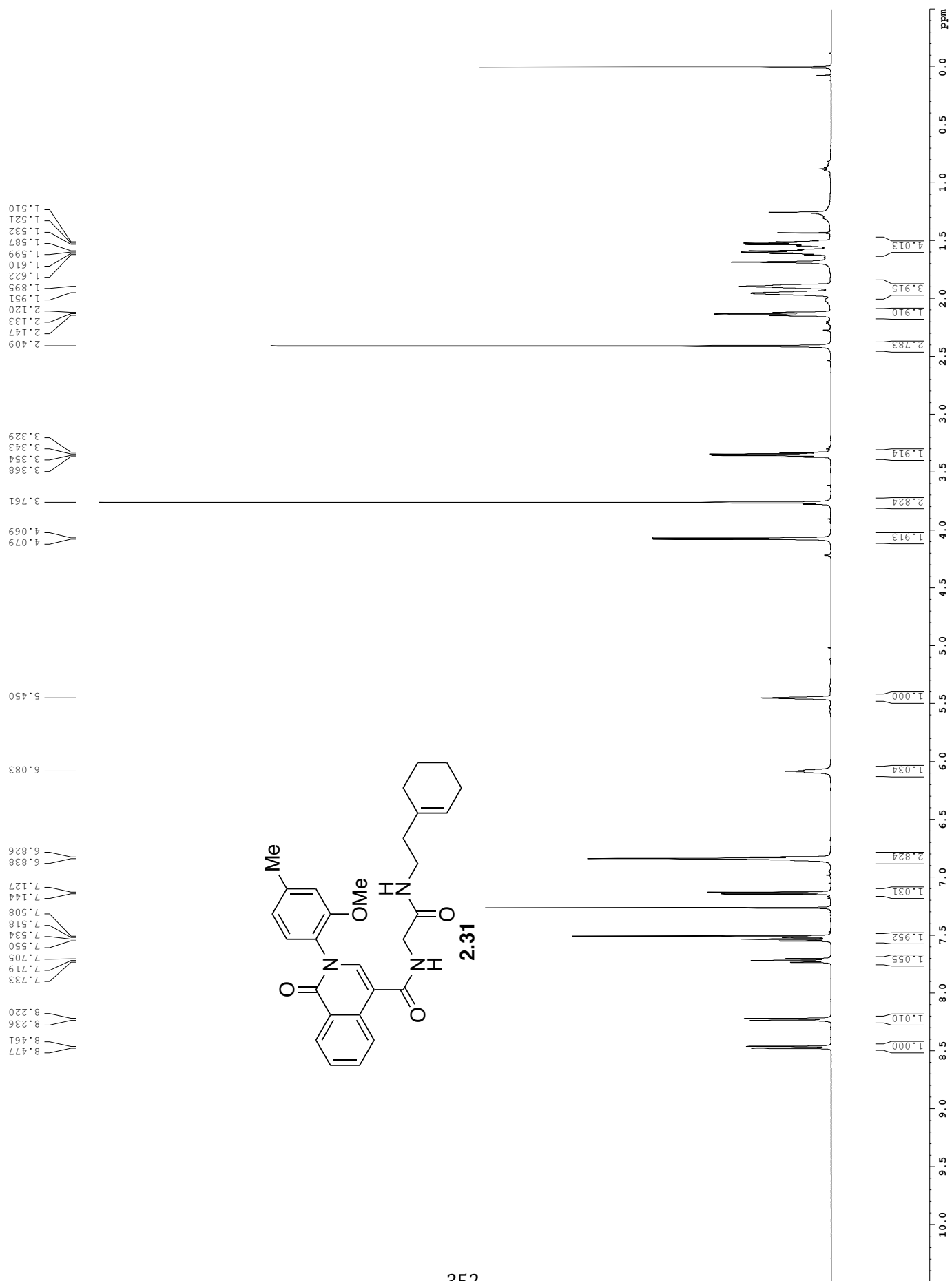
161.405

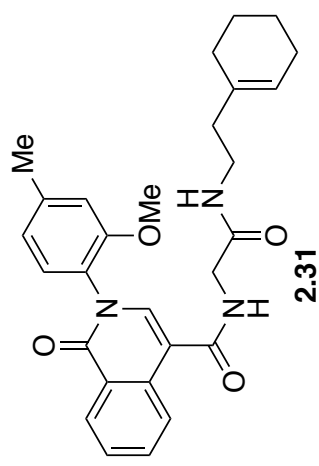
162.041

166.834

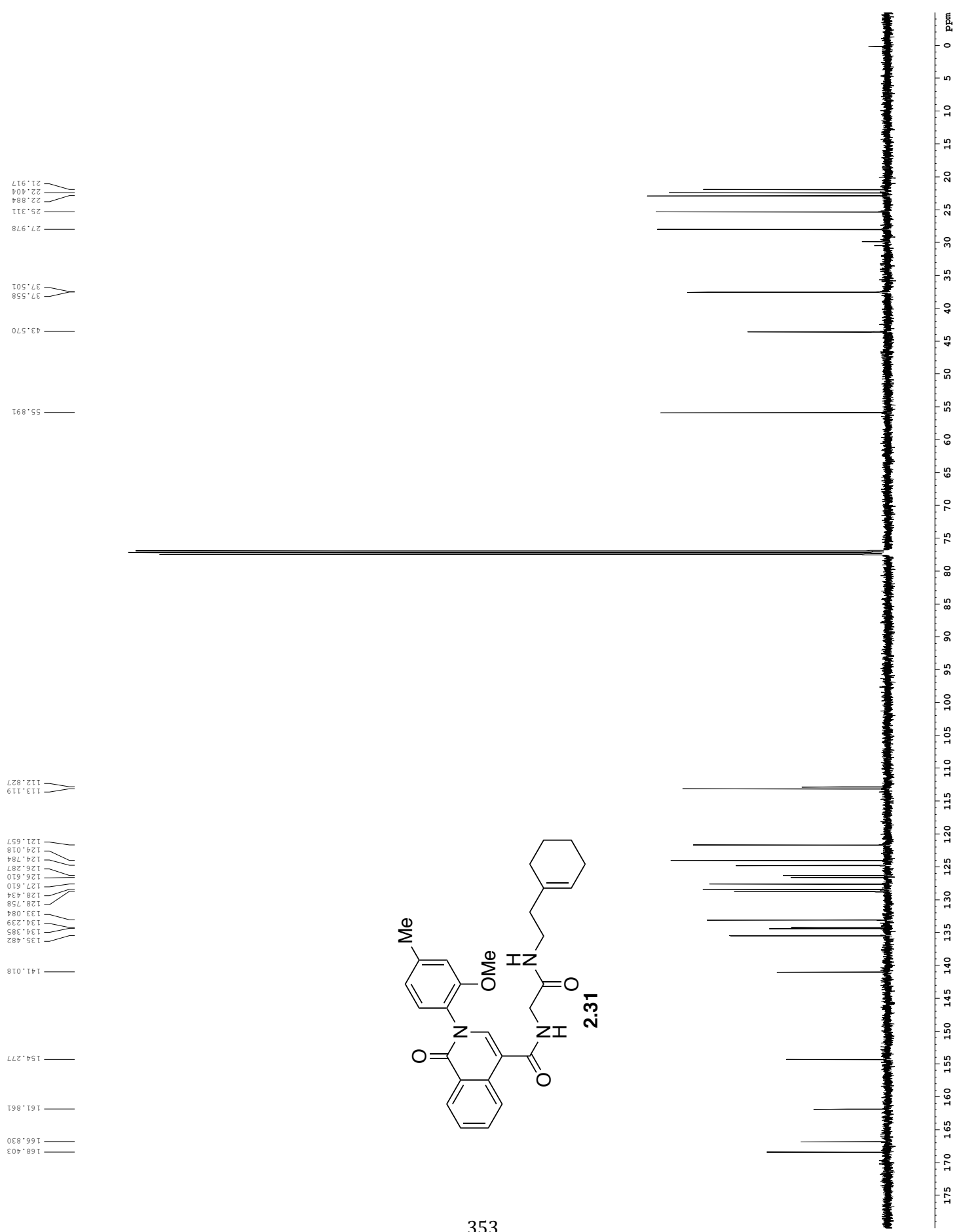
168.438

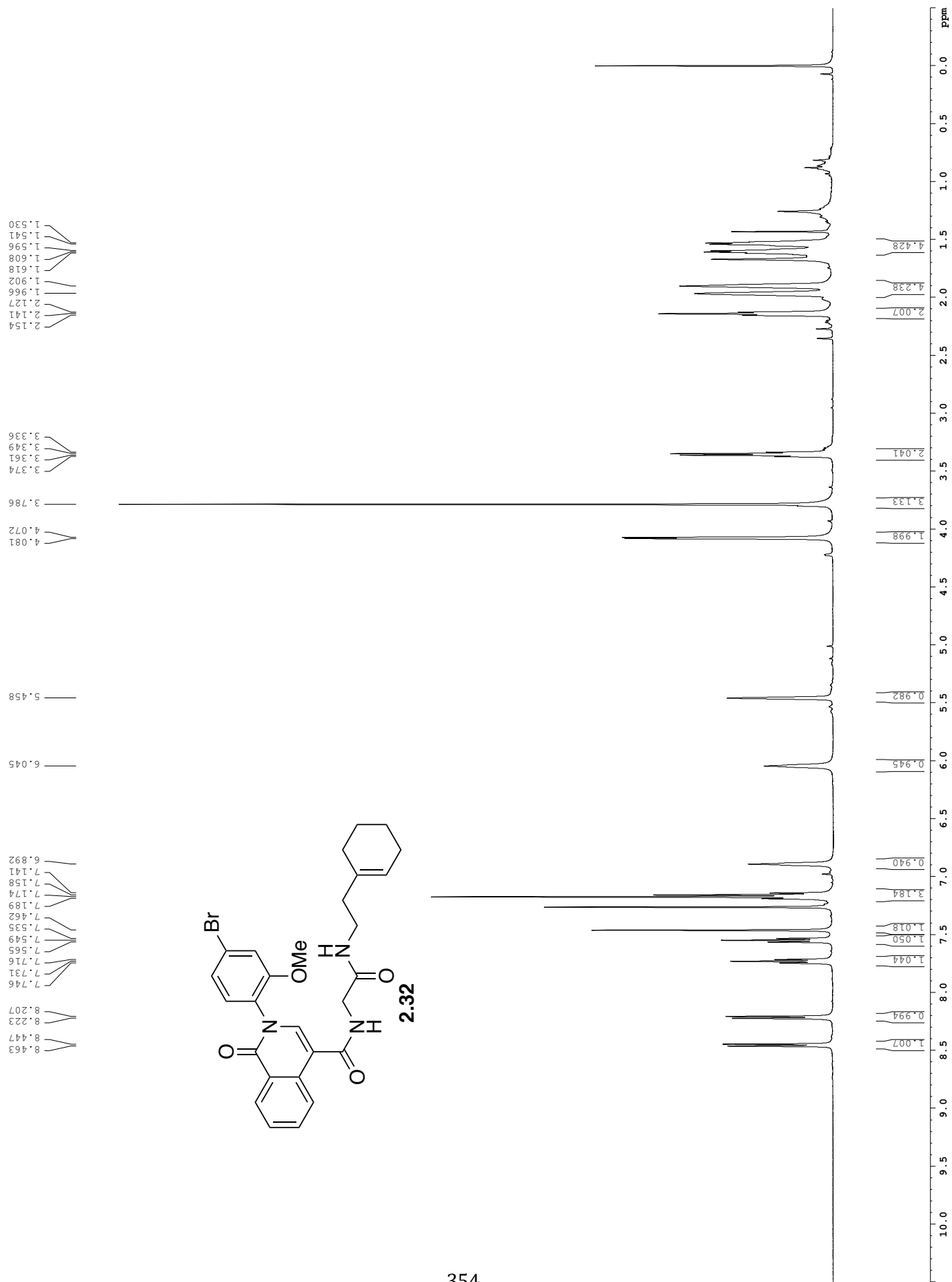
0 ppm
5
10
15
20
25
30
35
40
45
50
55
60
65
70
75
80
85
90
95
100
105
110
115
120
125
130
135
140
145
150
155
160
165
170

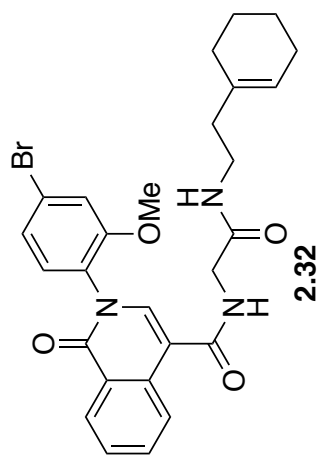




353







355

28.009
25.332
22.897
22.416

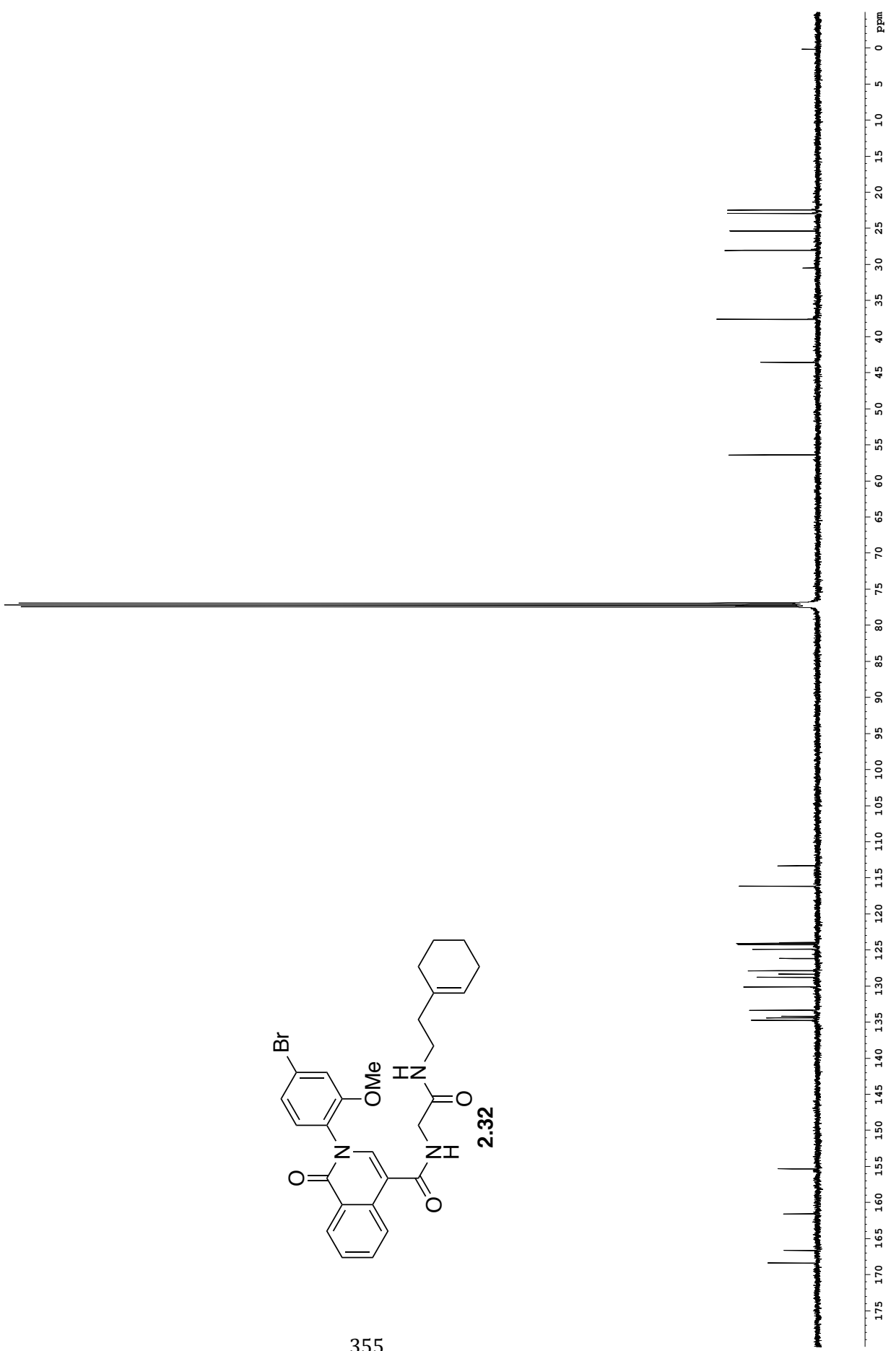
43.539
37.572
37.557

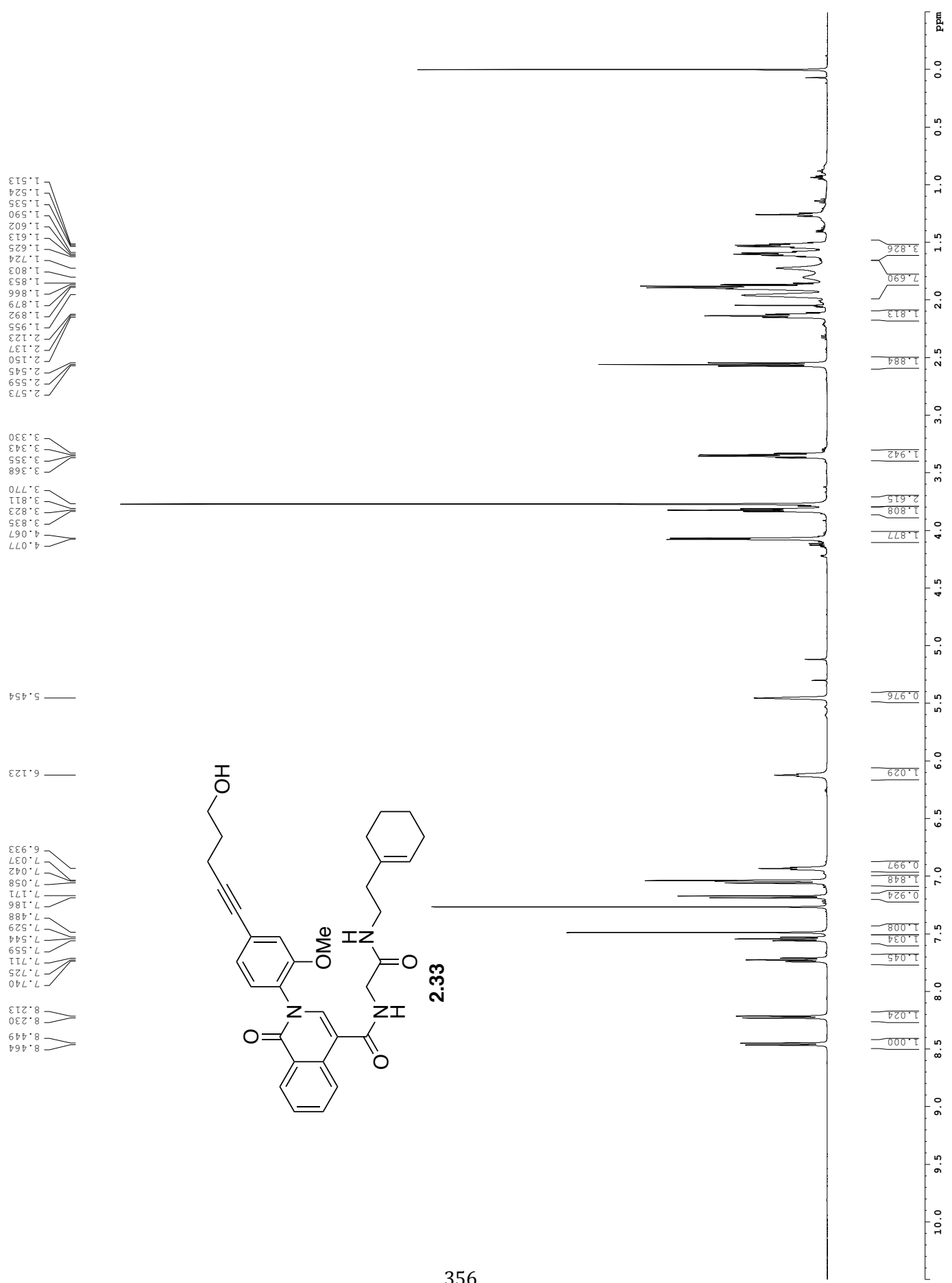
56.359

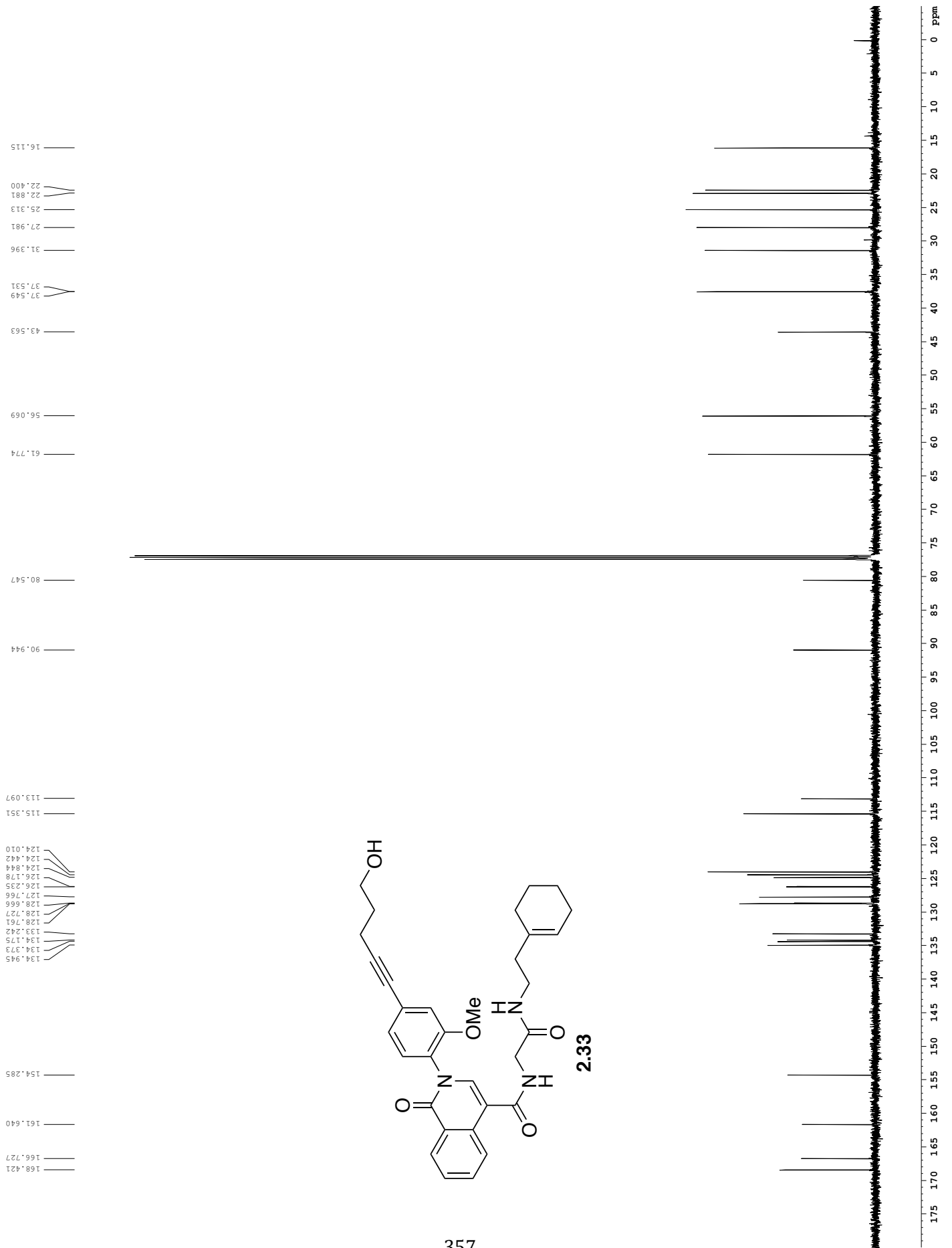
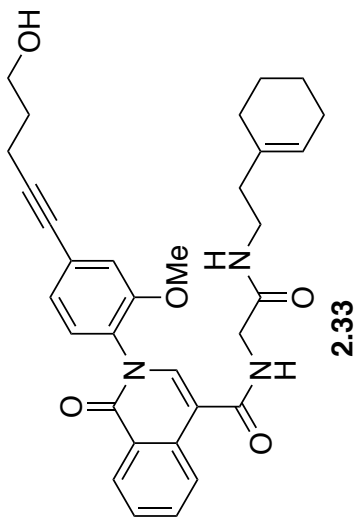
113.305
116.130

123.937
124.056
124.231
124.886
126.162
127.851
128.312
128.764
130.101
133.330
134.172
134.376
134.707

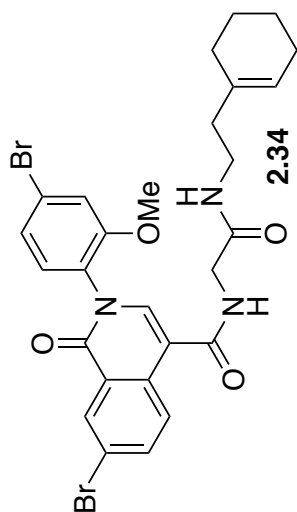
155.316
161.552
166.614
168.344

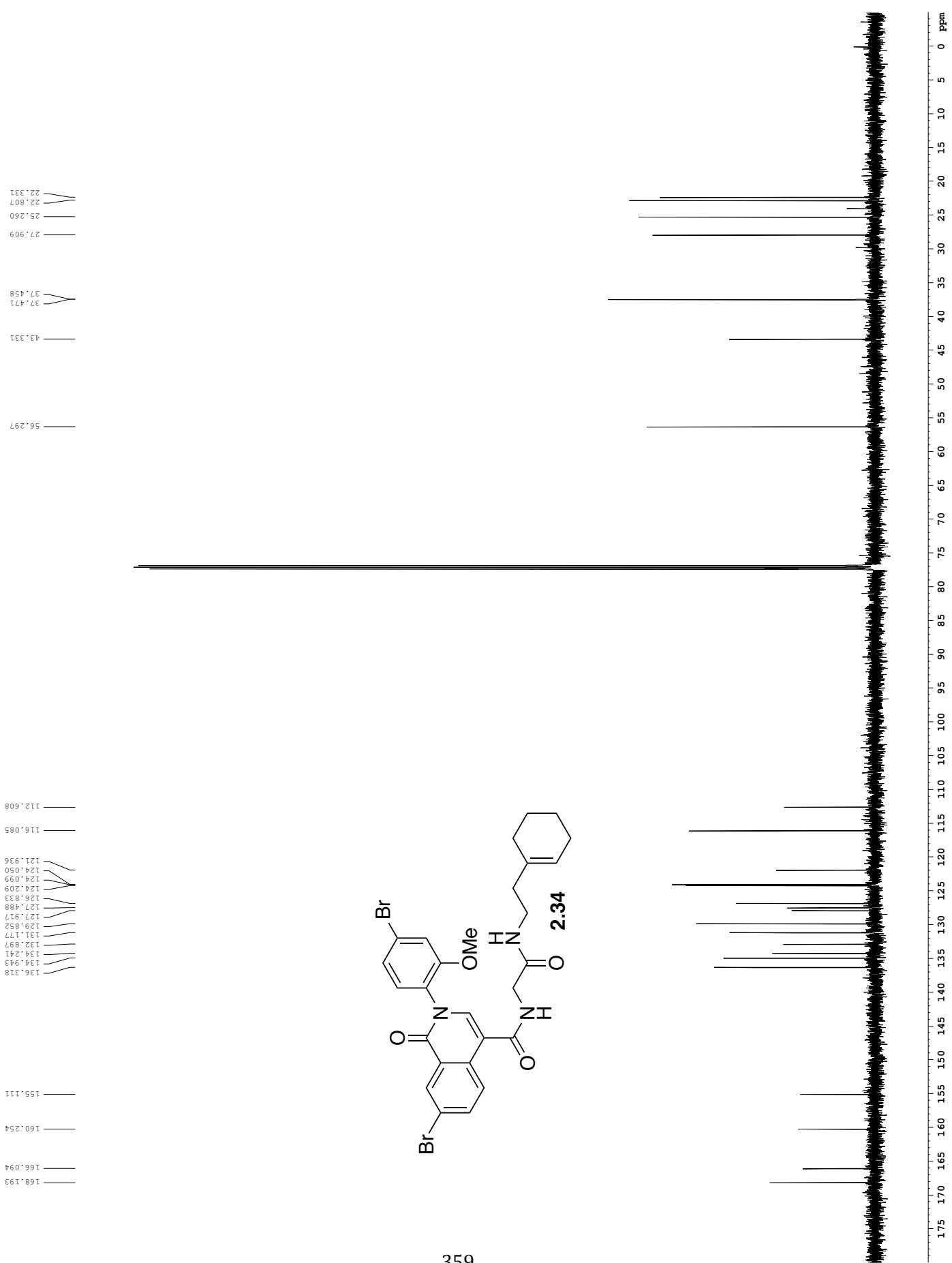






8.567
 8.165
 8.148
 7.812
 7.808
 7.794
 7.790
 7.482
 7.205
 7.202
 7.185
 7.157
 7.141
 6.939
 6.930
 6.921
 5.930
 5.462
 4.055
 4.047
 3.794
 3.366
 3.352
 3.342
 3.328
 2.154
 2.141
 2.128
 1.978
 1.974
 1.905
 1.643
 1.638
 1.626
 1.619
 1.615
 1.607
 1.603
 1.595
 1.590
 1.577
 1.562
 1.558
 1.550
 1.546
 1.539
 1.534
 1.528
 1.516



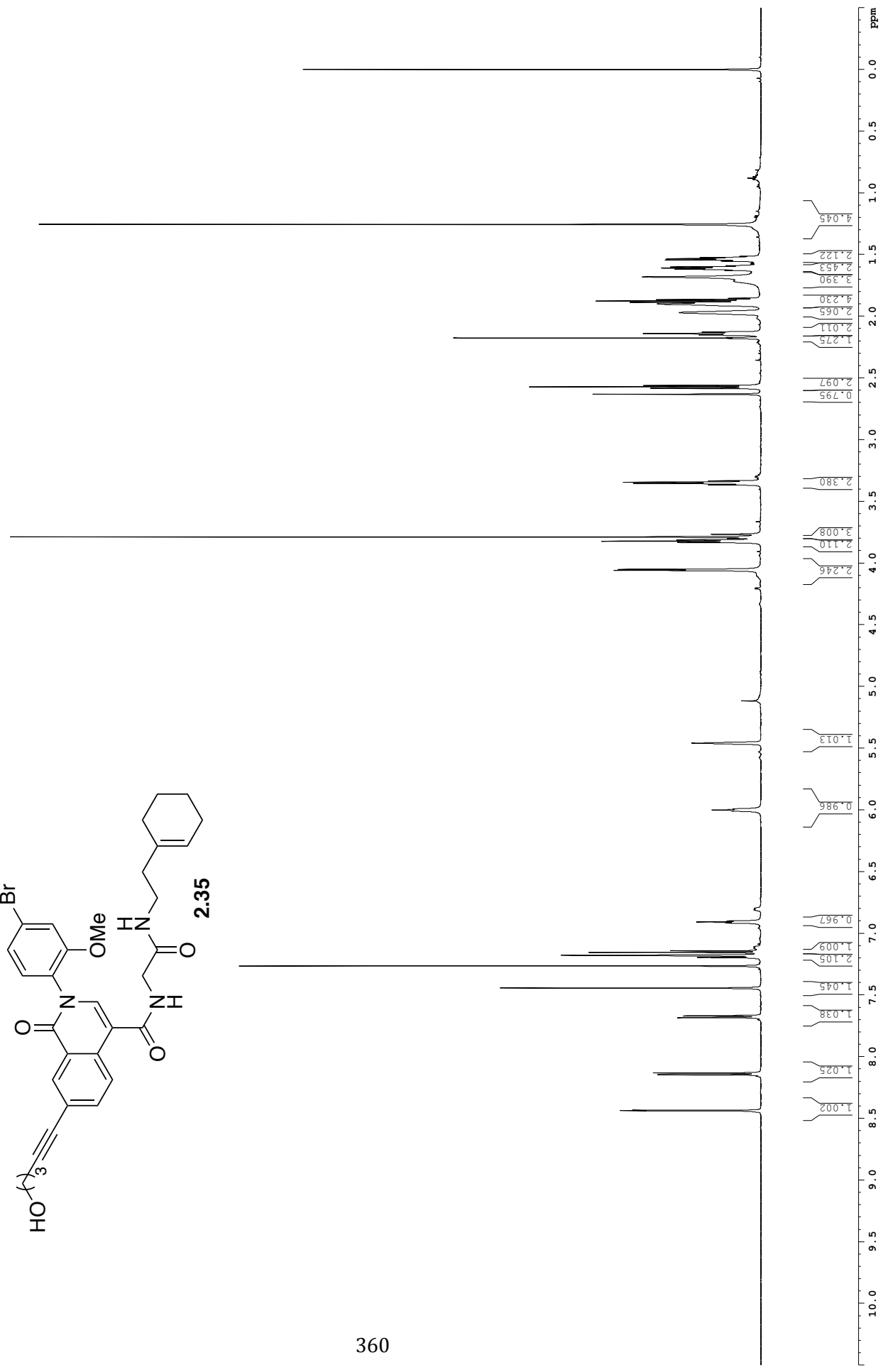
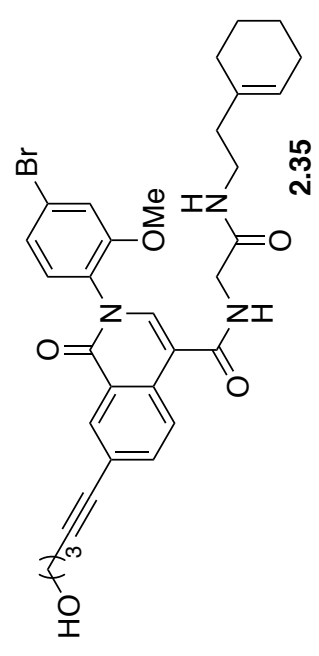


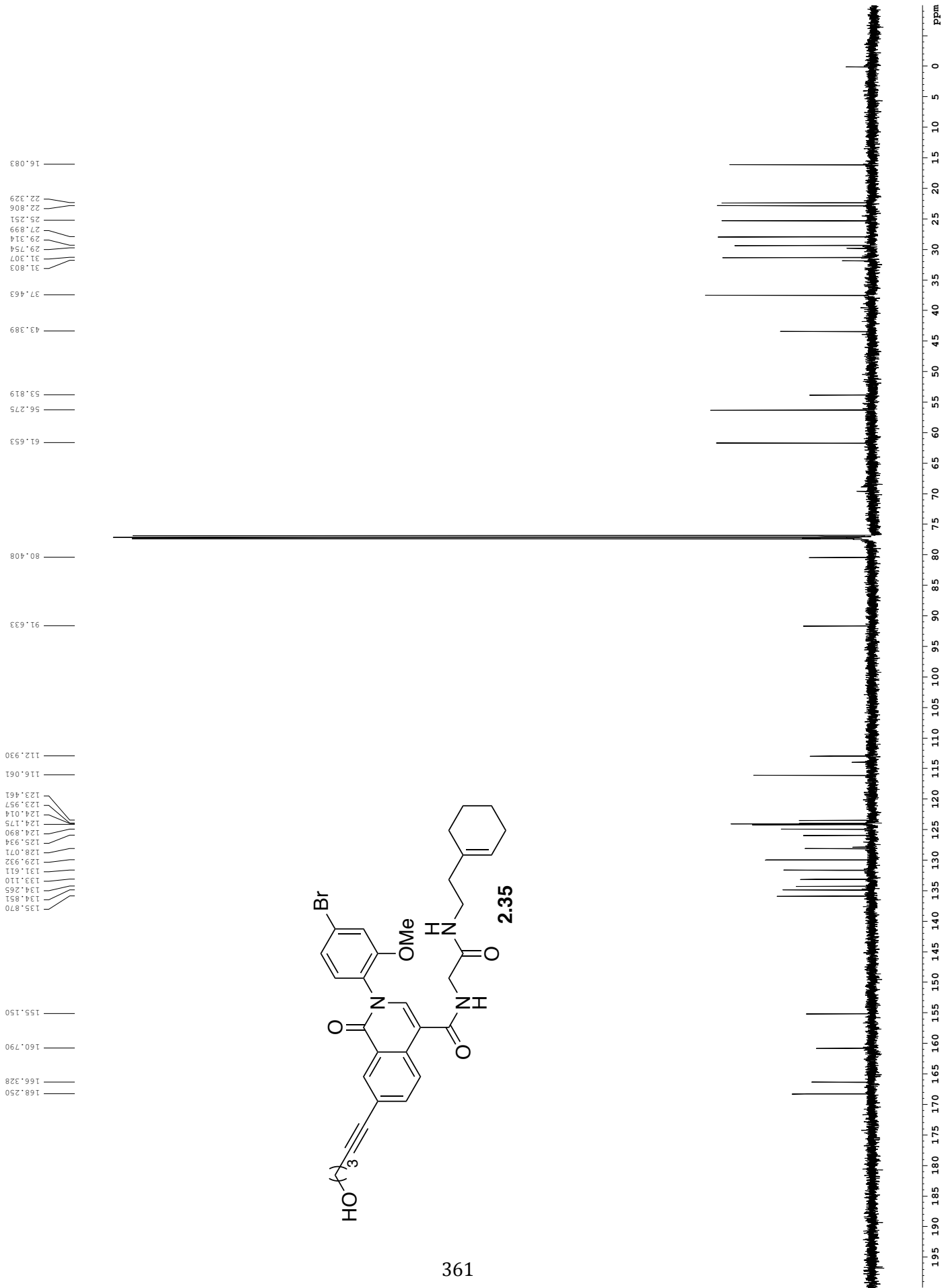
1.254
 1.524
 1.529
 1.533
 1.539
 1.543
 1.553
 1.599
 1.603
 1.609
 1.613
 1.619
 1.681
 1.865
 1.876
 1.887
 1.898
 1.900
 1.903
 1.967
 1.970
 1.973
 2.129
 2.140
 2.151
 2.176
 2.561
 2.572
 2.584
 2.631
 3.334
 3.345
 3.351
 3.354
 3.366
 3.766
 3.788
 3.812
 3.823
 3.833
 4.051
 4.059

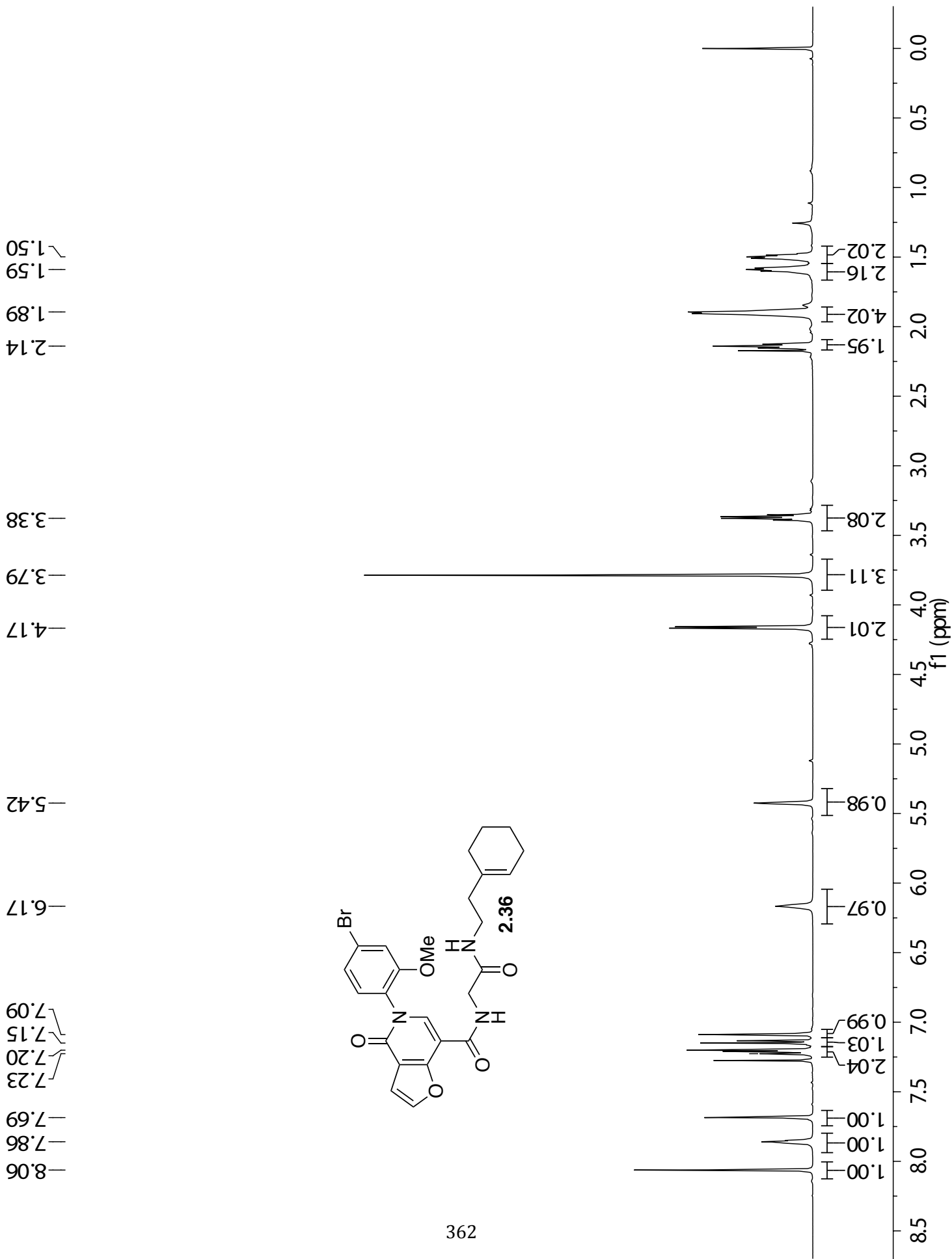
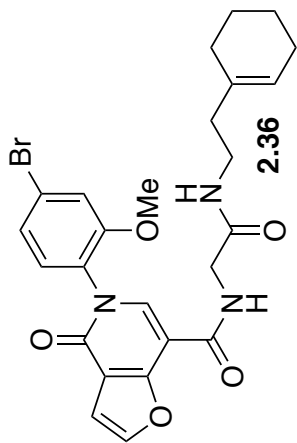
5.459

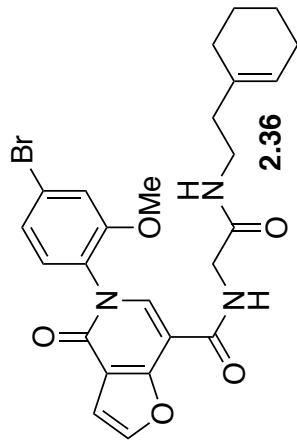
5.993
 6.010

6.909
 6.916
 7.142
 7.155
 7.176
 7.179
 7.182
 7.185
 7.195
 7.198
 7.444
 7.667
 7.670
 7.681
 7.684
 8.132
 8.147
 8.435
 8.438







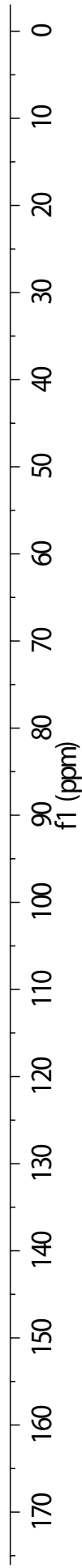


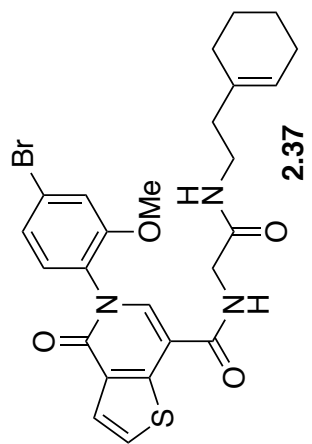
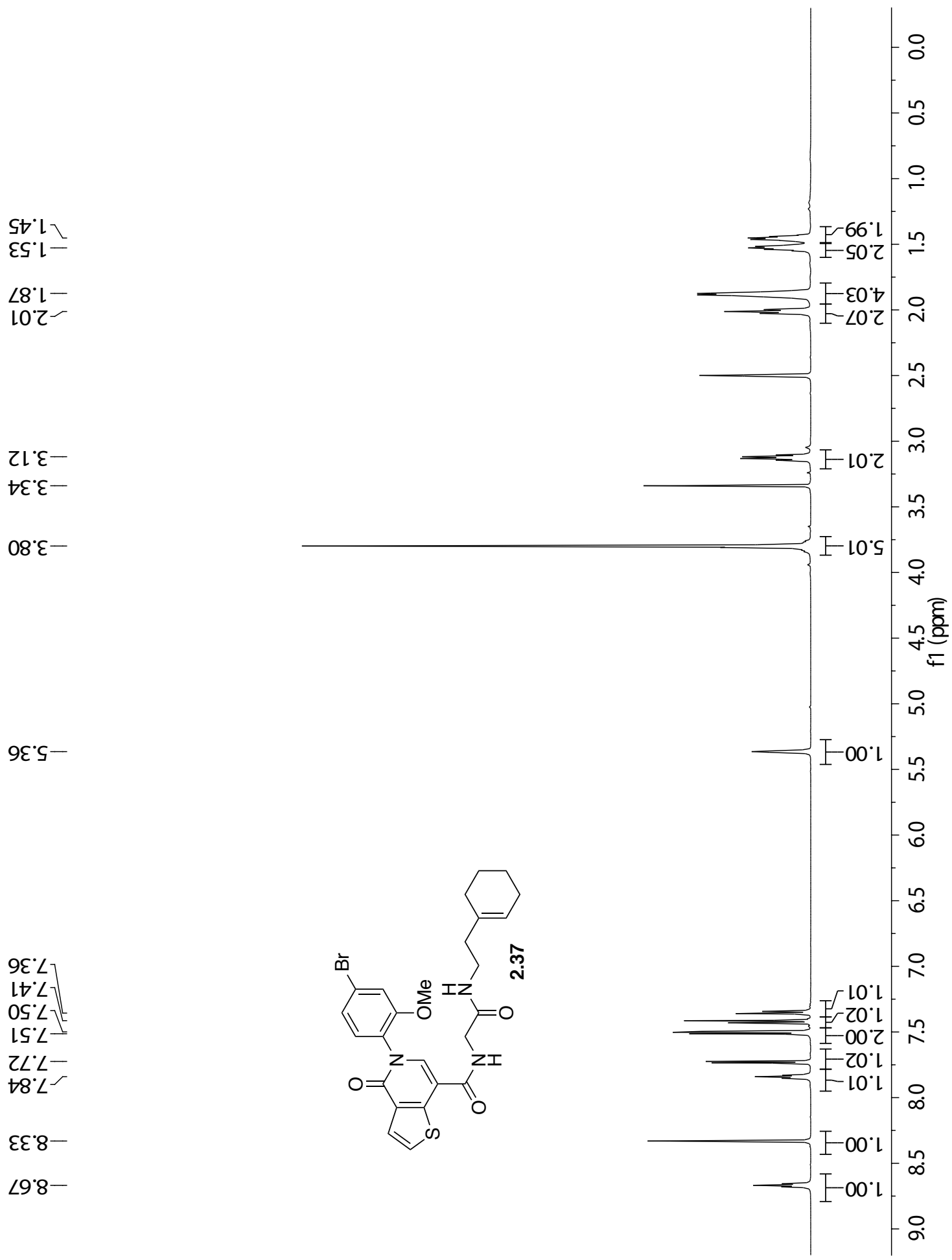
168.3
162.0
158.7
155.9
155.2
144.0
140.7
134.5
130.0
128.0
124.3
124.2
124.1
116.1
115.6
108.5
103.5

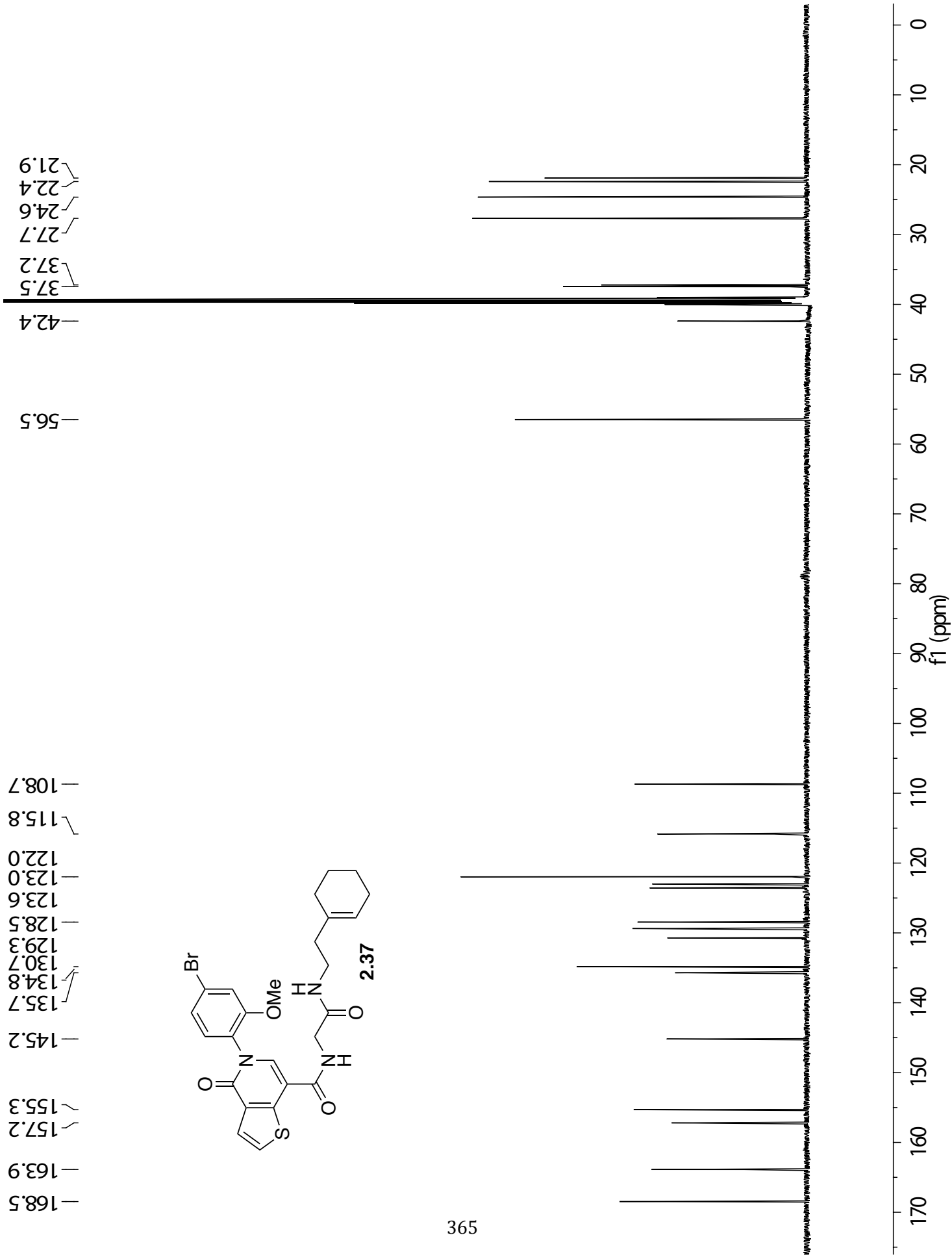
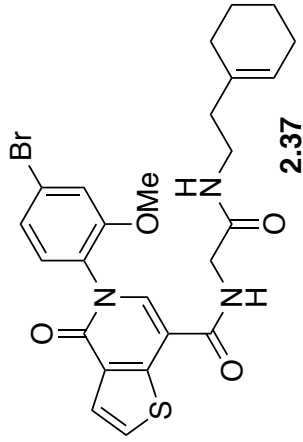
56.4
43.8

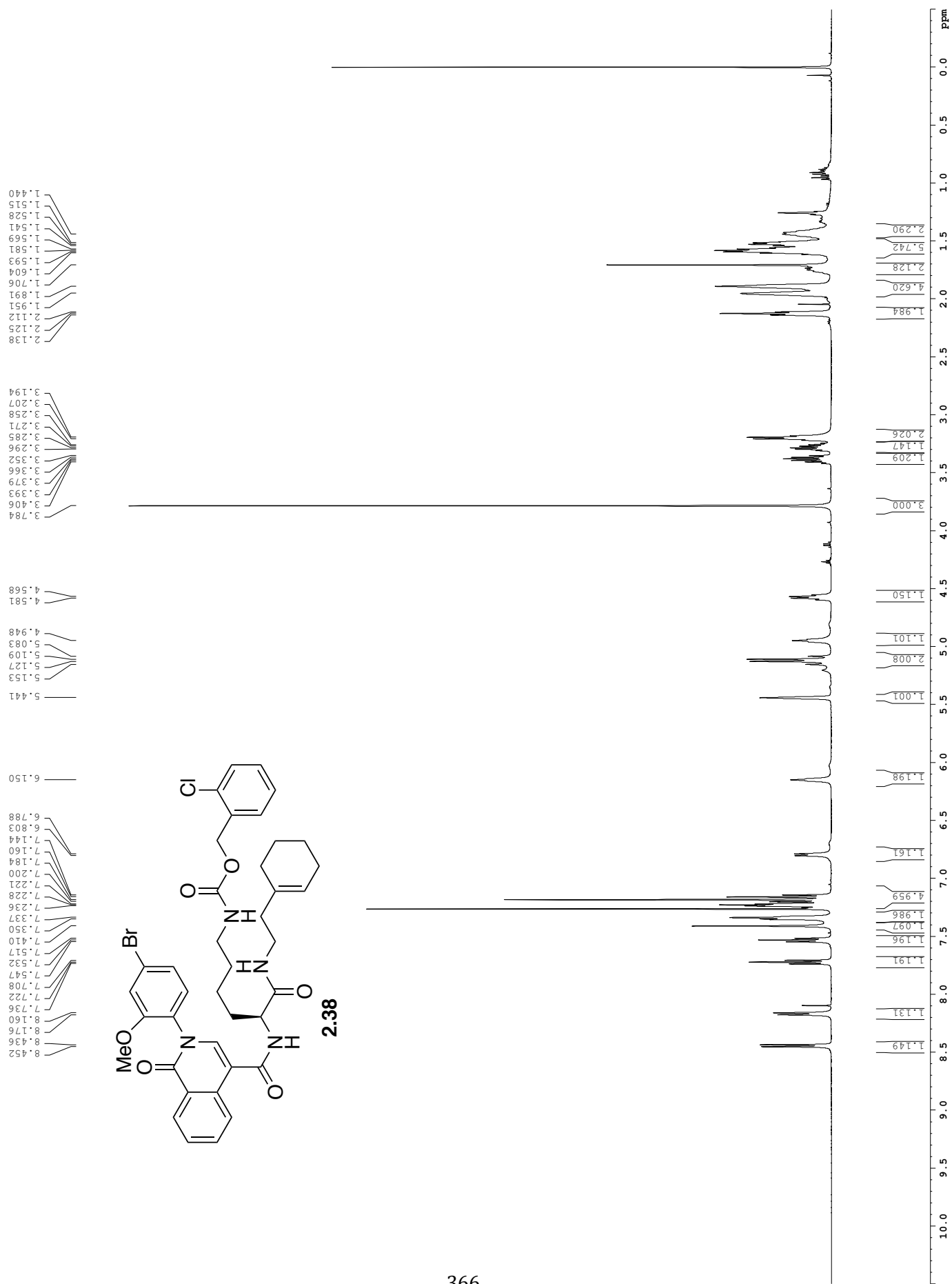
37.6
37.5
28.0
25.3
22.9
22.4

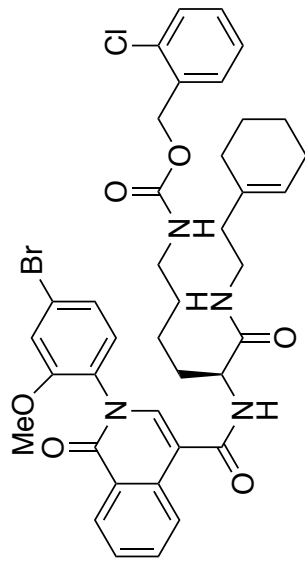
393











367

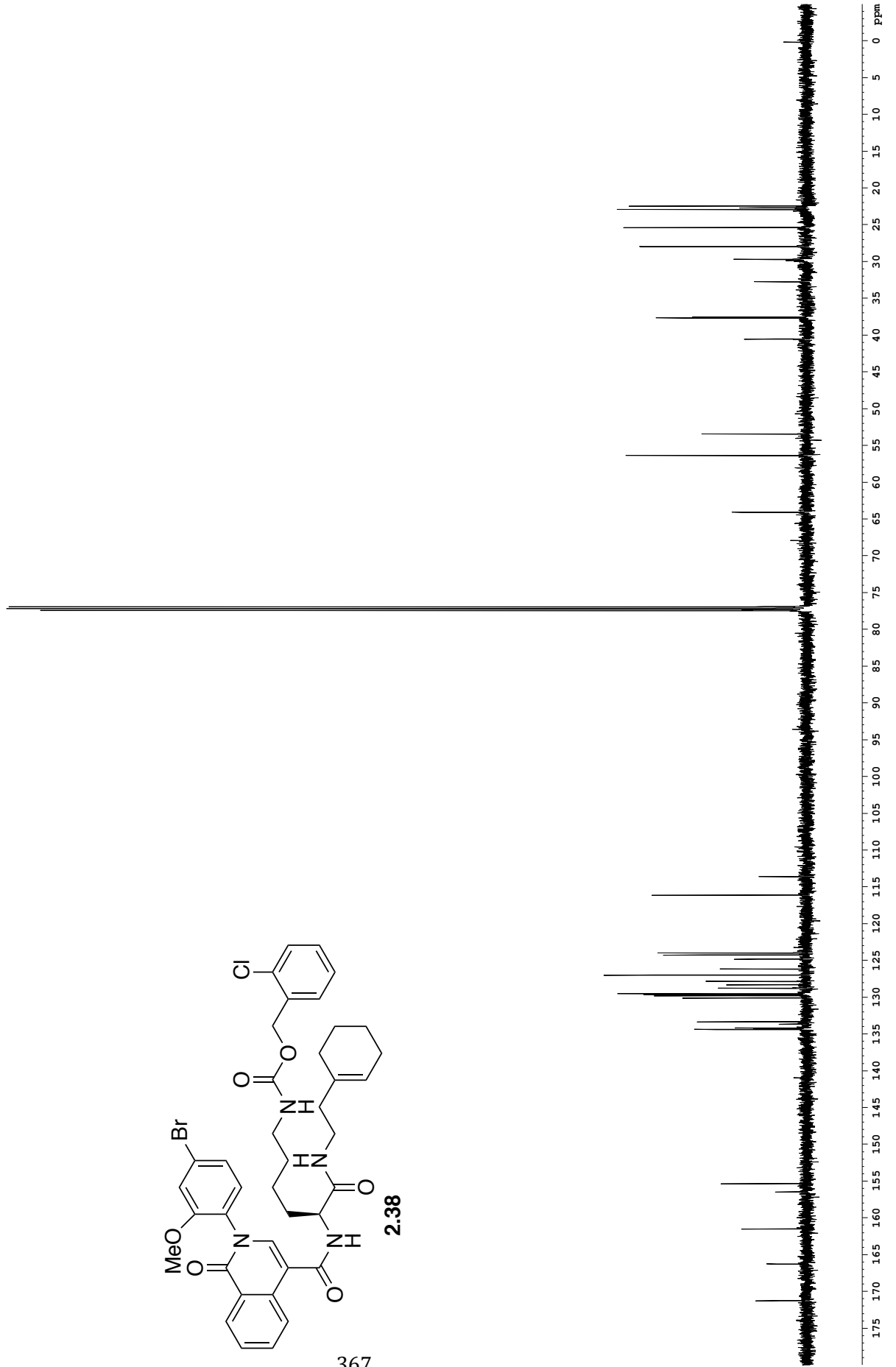
2.38

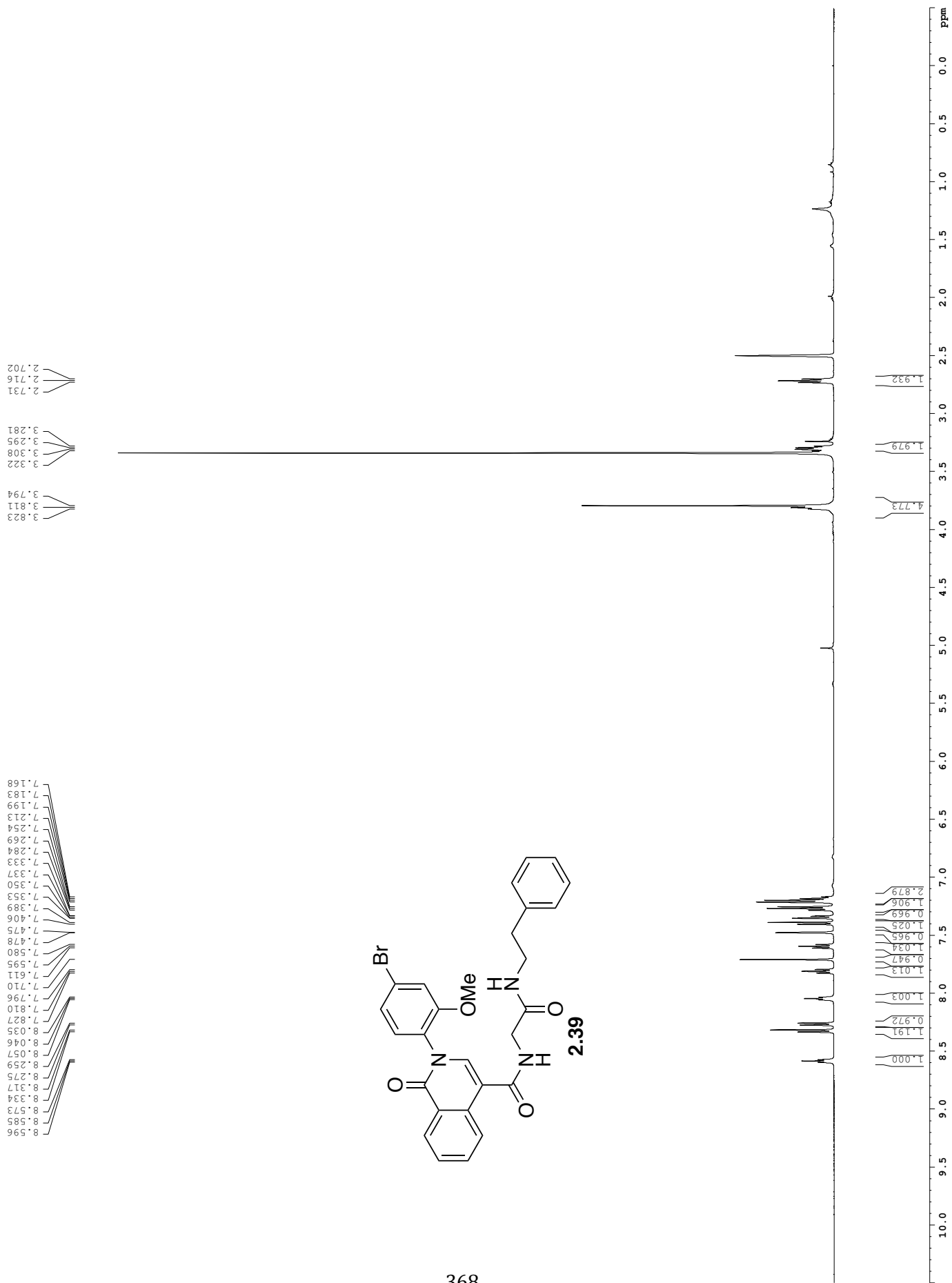
40.521
37.639
37.505
32.706
29.662
27.944
25.345
22.893
22.671
22.423

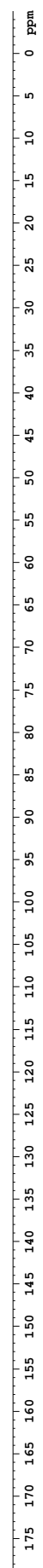
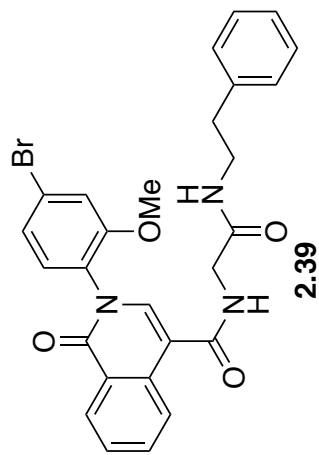
64.057
56.342
53.400

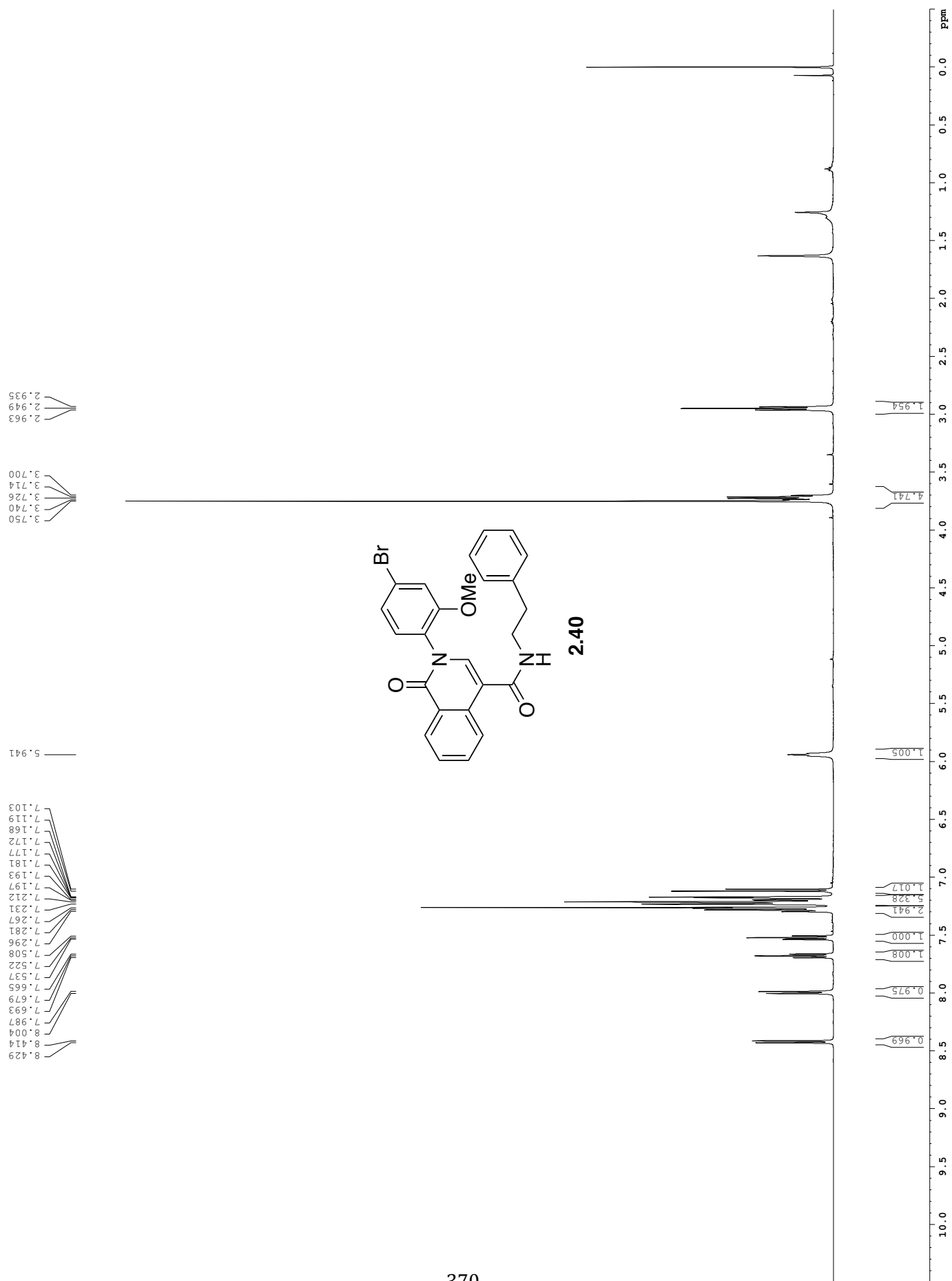
134.406
134.365
134.268
134.165
133.639
133.324
130.091
129.788
129.635
129.518
128.757
128.305
127.827
126.977
126.138
124.809
124.241
123.957
116.118
113.587

171.256
166.256
161.500
156.474
155.337

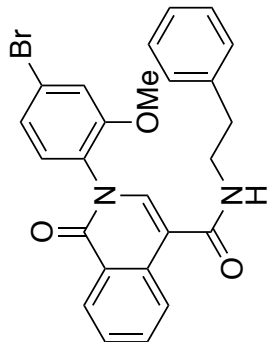








166.254
 161.414
 155.167
 138.705
 134.125
 133.870
 133.186
 130.004
 128.886
 128.792
 128.640
 128.280
 127.691
 126.744
 126.061
 124.722
 124.124
 124.124
 123.761
 116.008
 114.371

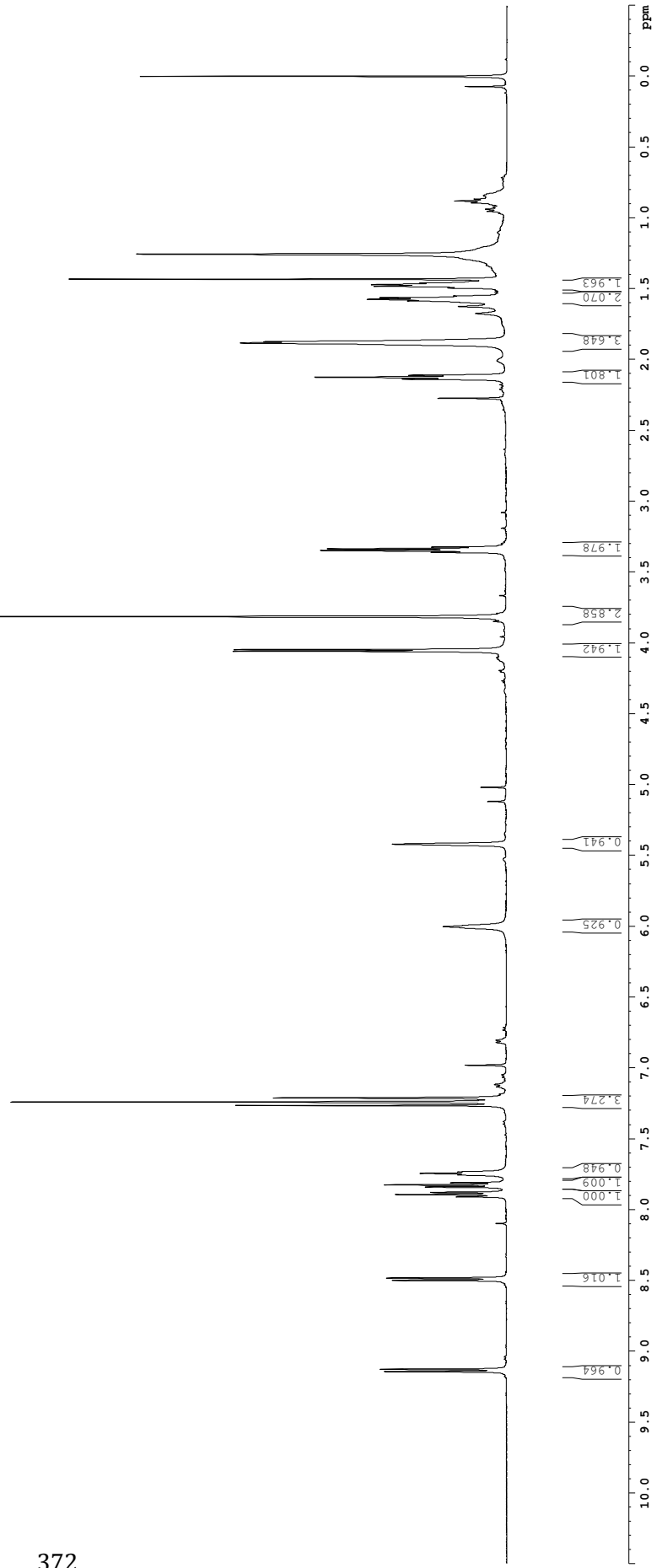
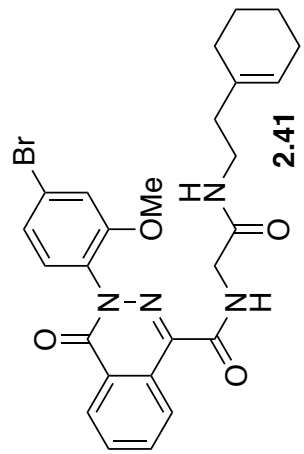


2.40

56.244
 41.021
 35.530

175 170 165 160 155 150 145 140 135 130 125 120 115 110 105 100 95 90 85 80 75 70 65 60 55 50 45 40 35 30 25 20 15 10 5 0 ppm

9.143
 9.127
 8.499
 8.483
 7.910
 7.894
 7.879
 7.841
 7.825
 7.811
 7.758
 7.744
 7.730
 7.265
 7.240
 7.211
 6.002
 5.420
 4.058
 4.047
 3.813
 3.360
 3.347
 3.336
 3.323
 2.137
 2.124
 2.111
 1.882
 1.874
 1.574
 1.563
 1.483
 1.471



27.817
25.194
22.788
22.301

37.456
37.212

43.350

56.318

116.015

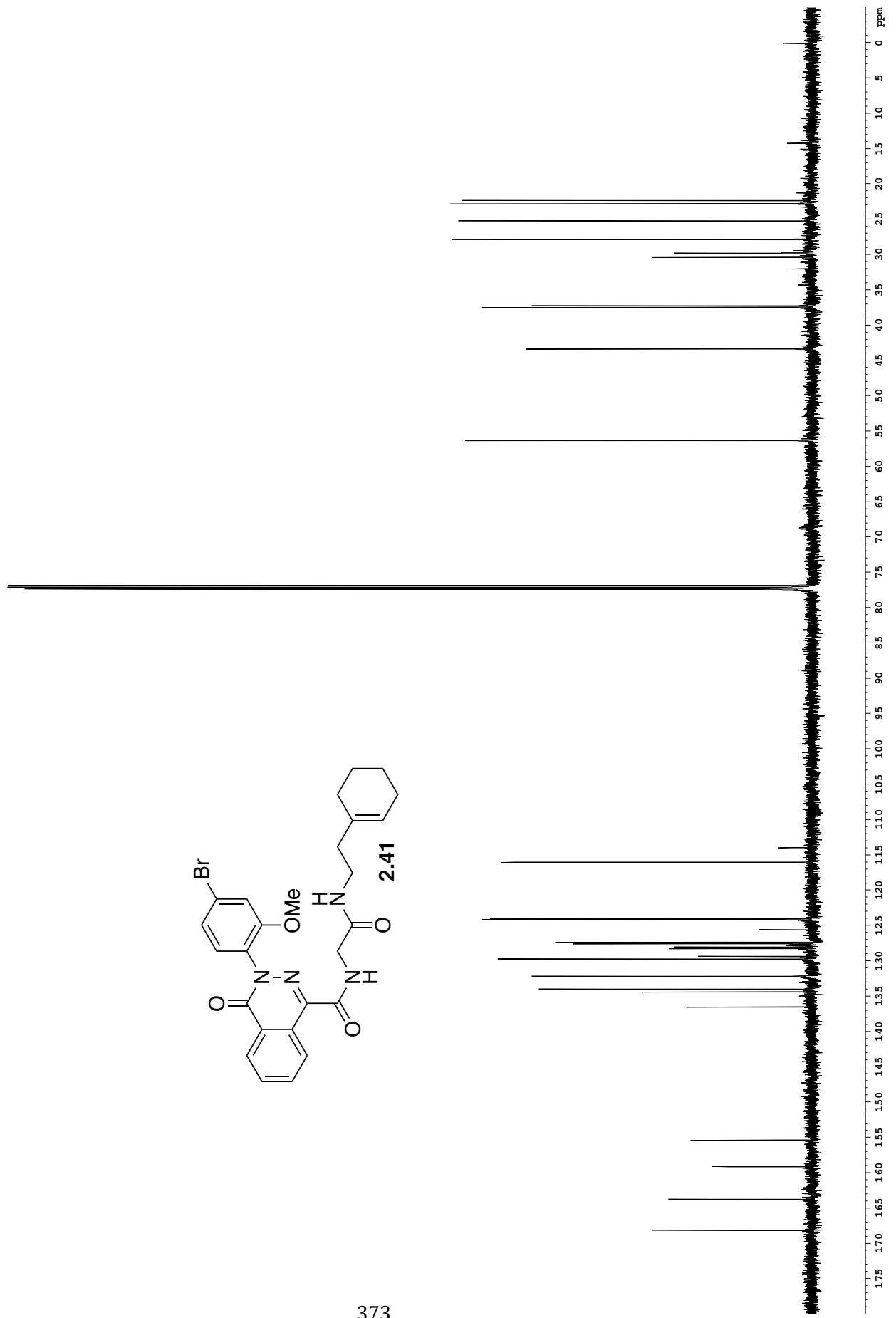
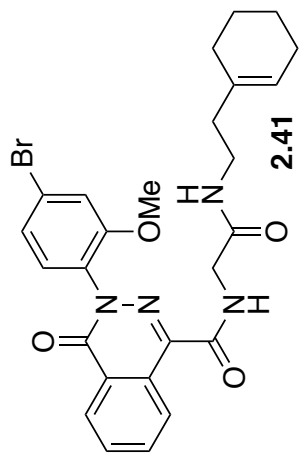
123.987
124.103
124.128
127.367
127.564
128.024
128.250
128.251
129.725
132.150
133.994
134.386
136.521

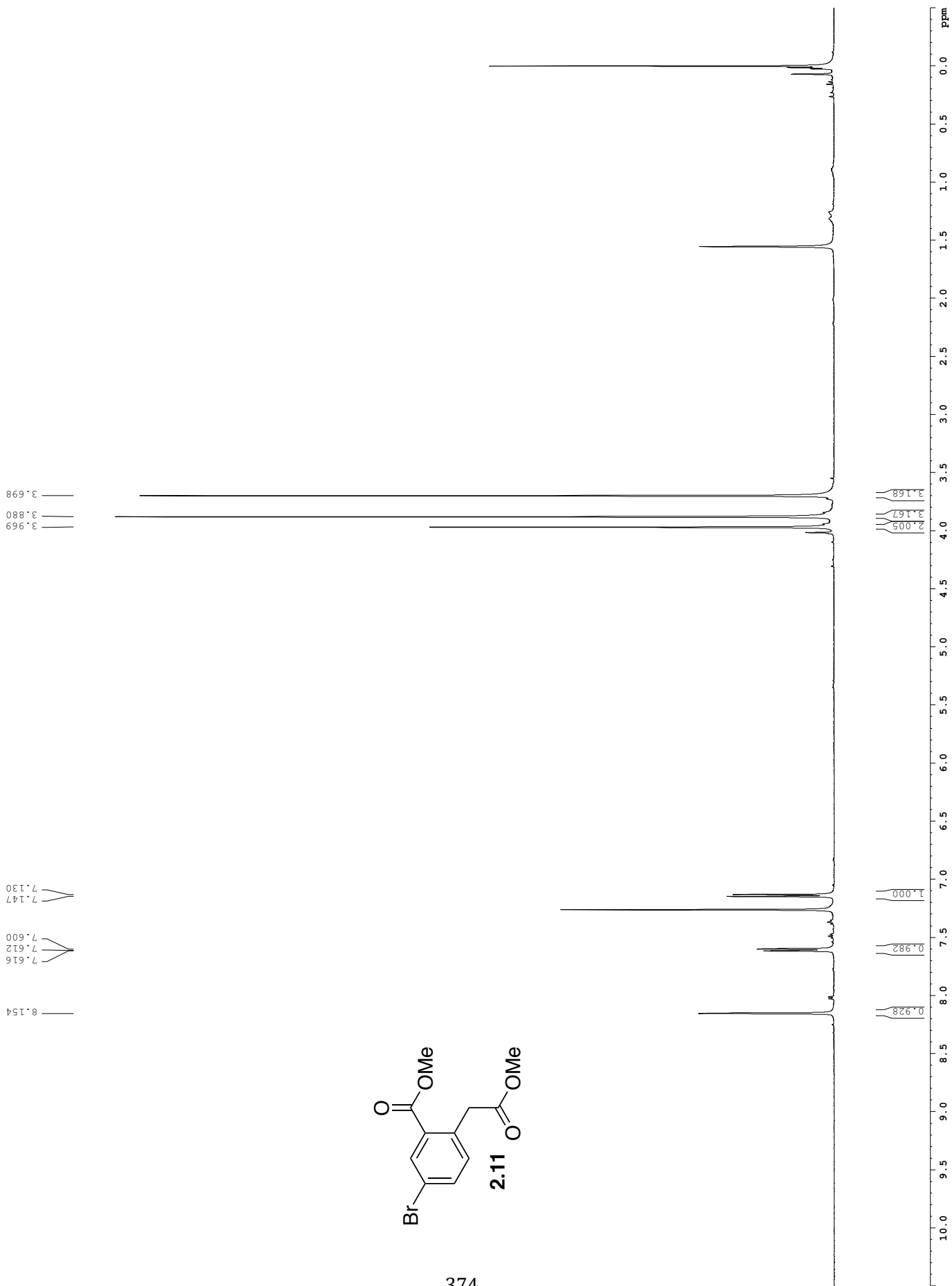
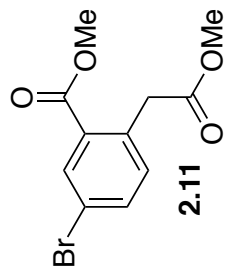
155.379

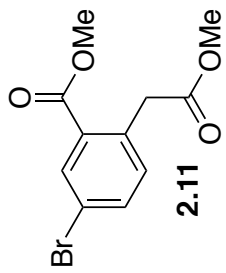
159.131

163.752

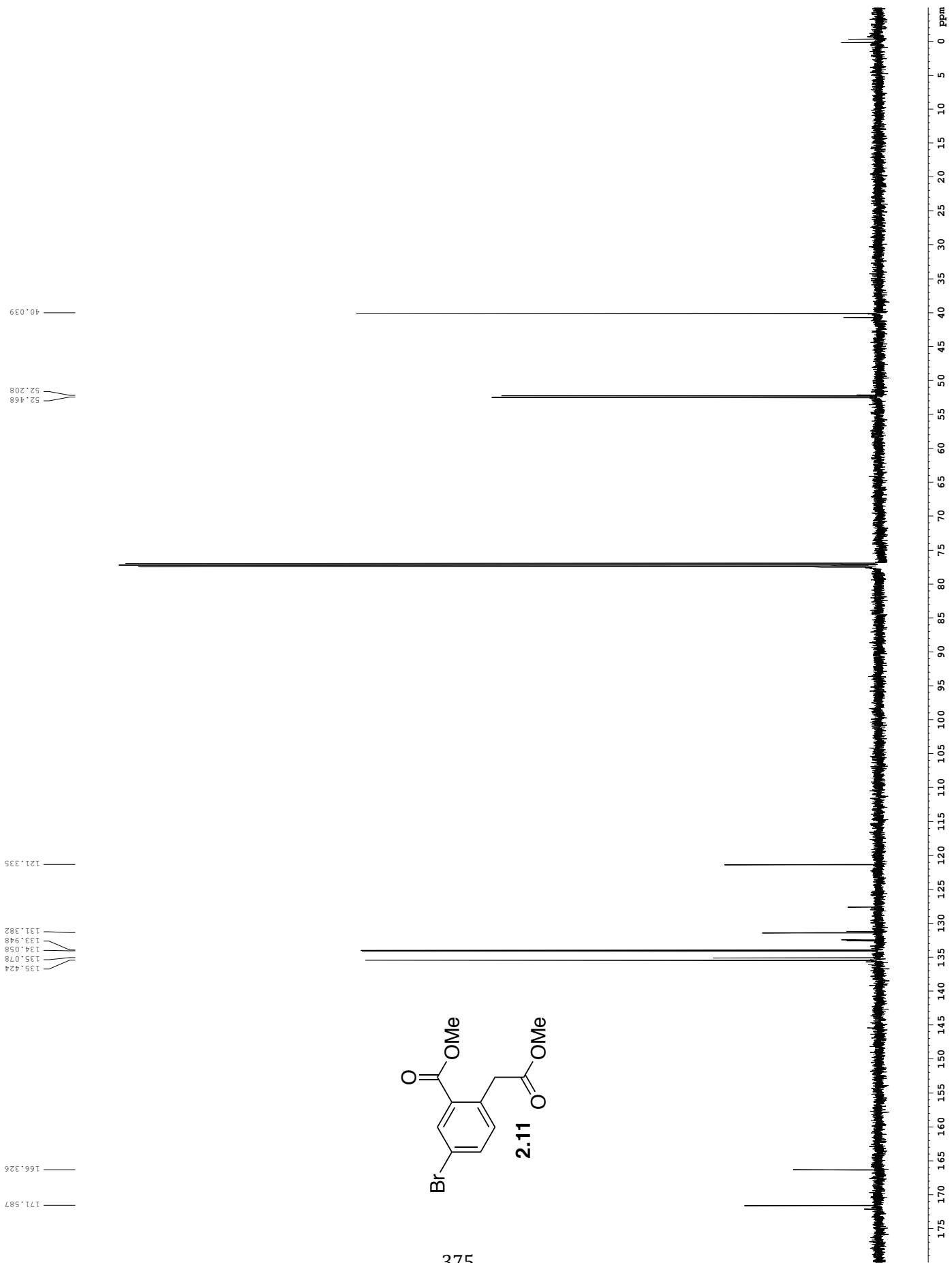
168.148

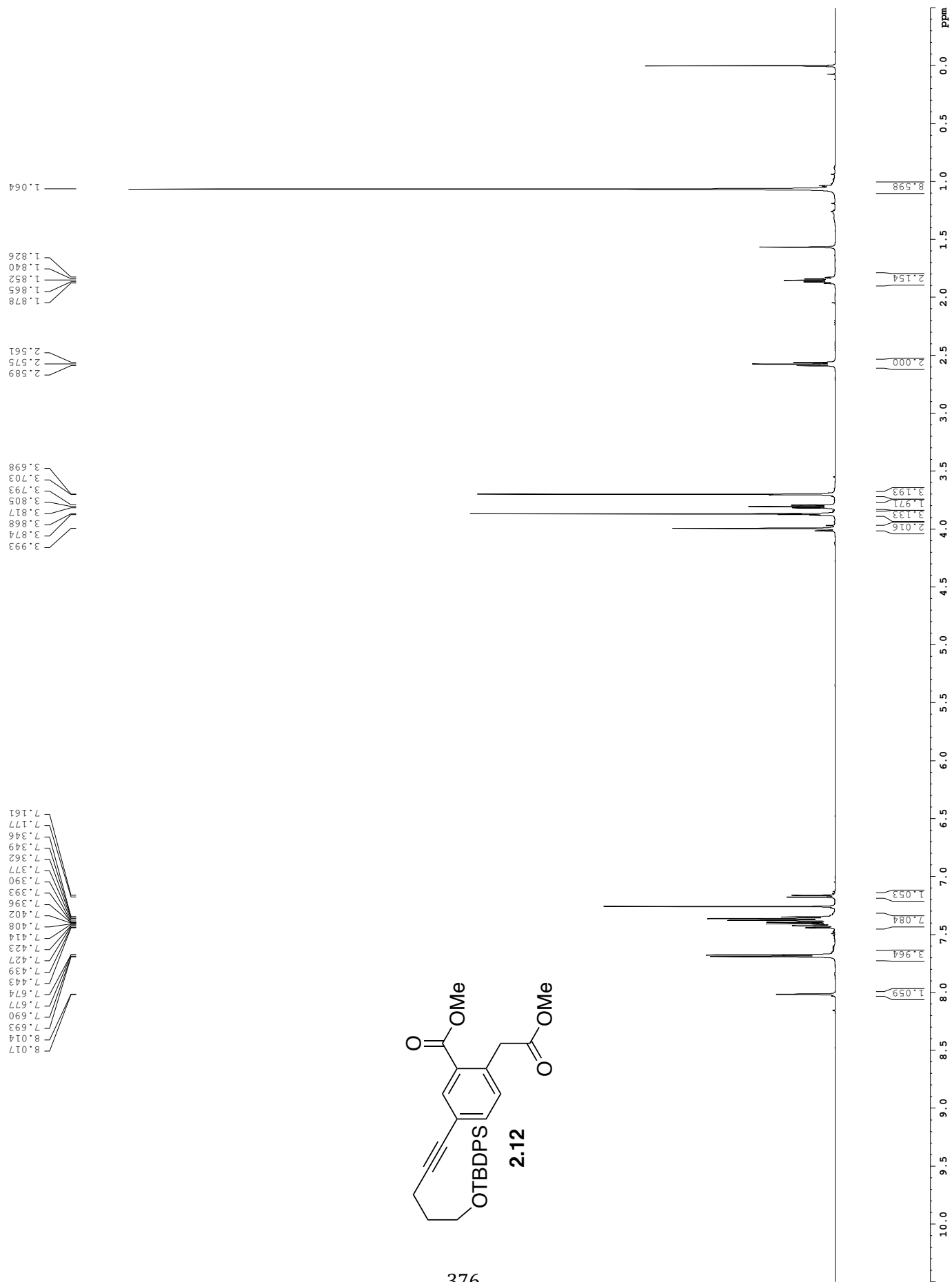
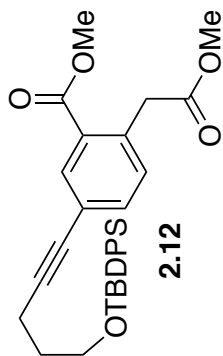


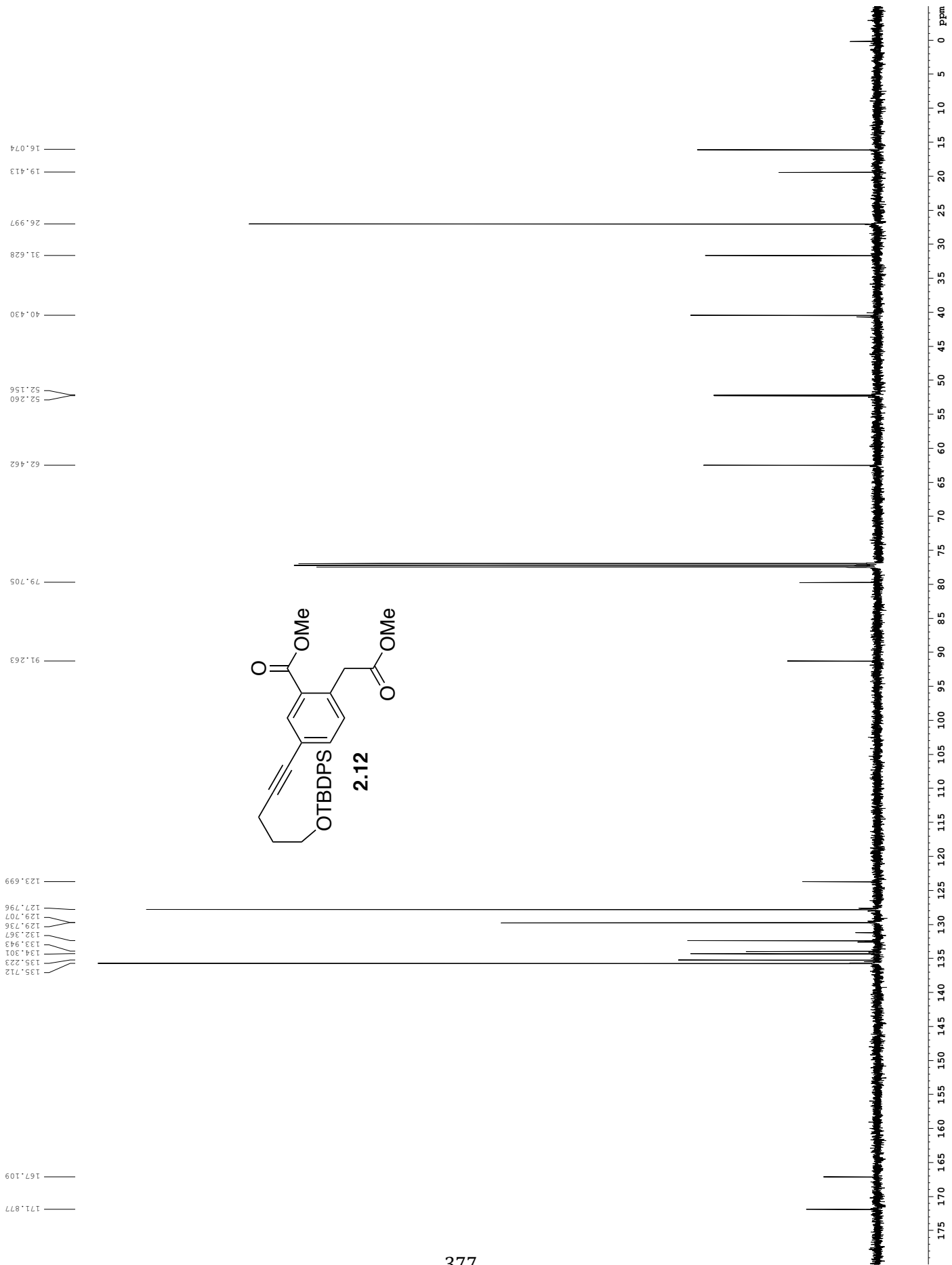


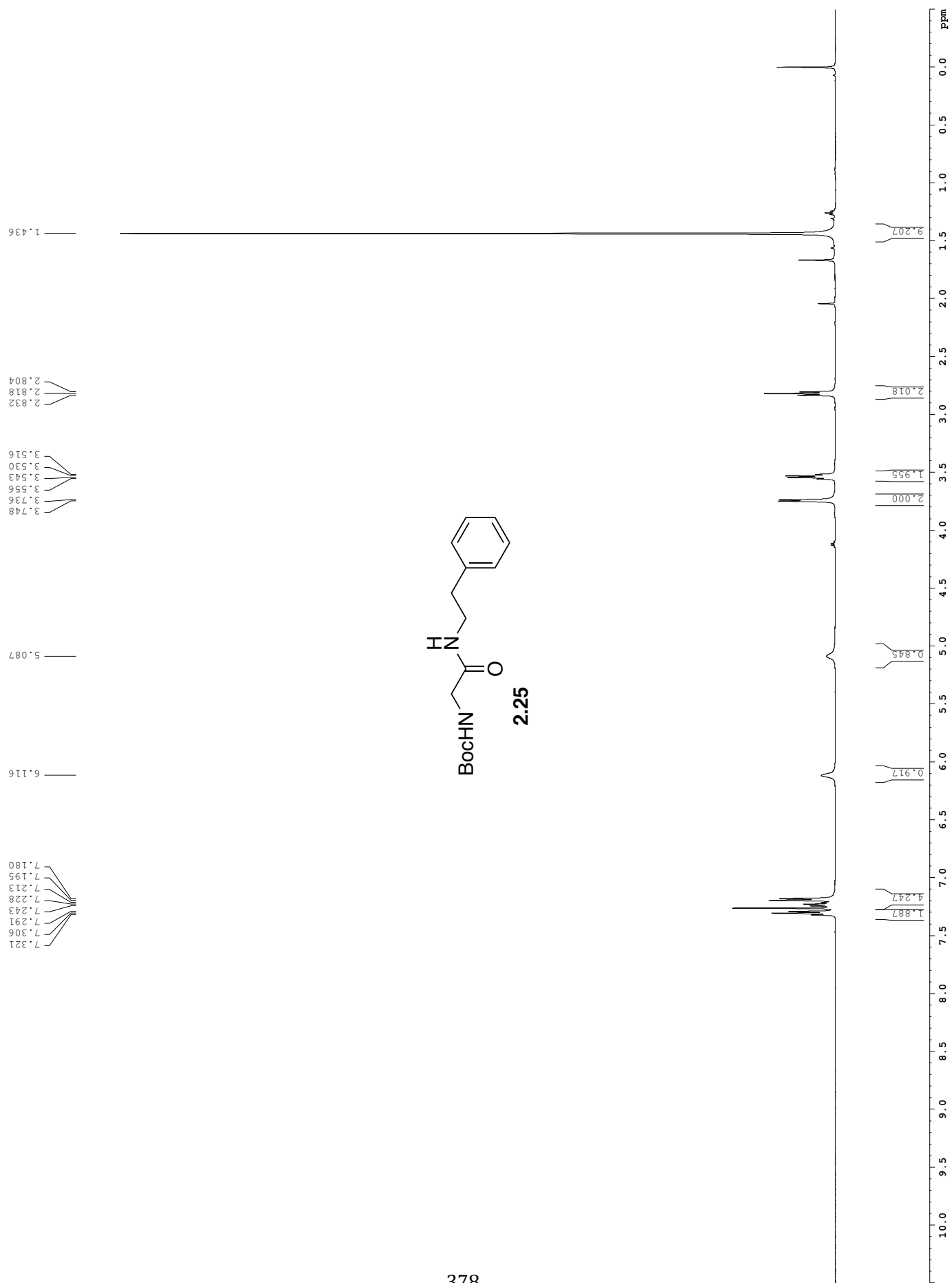


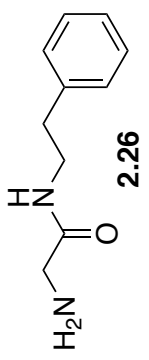
375



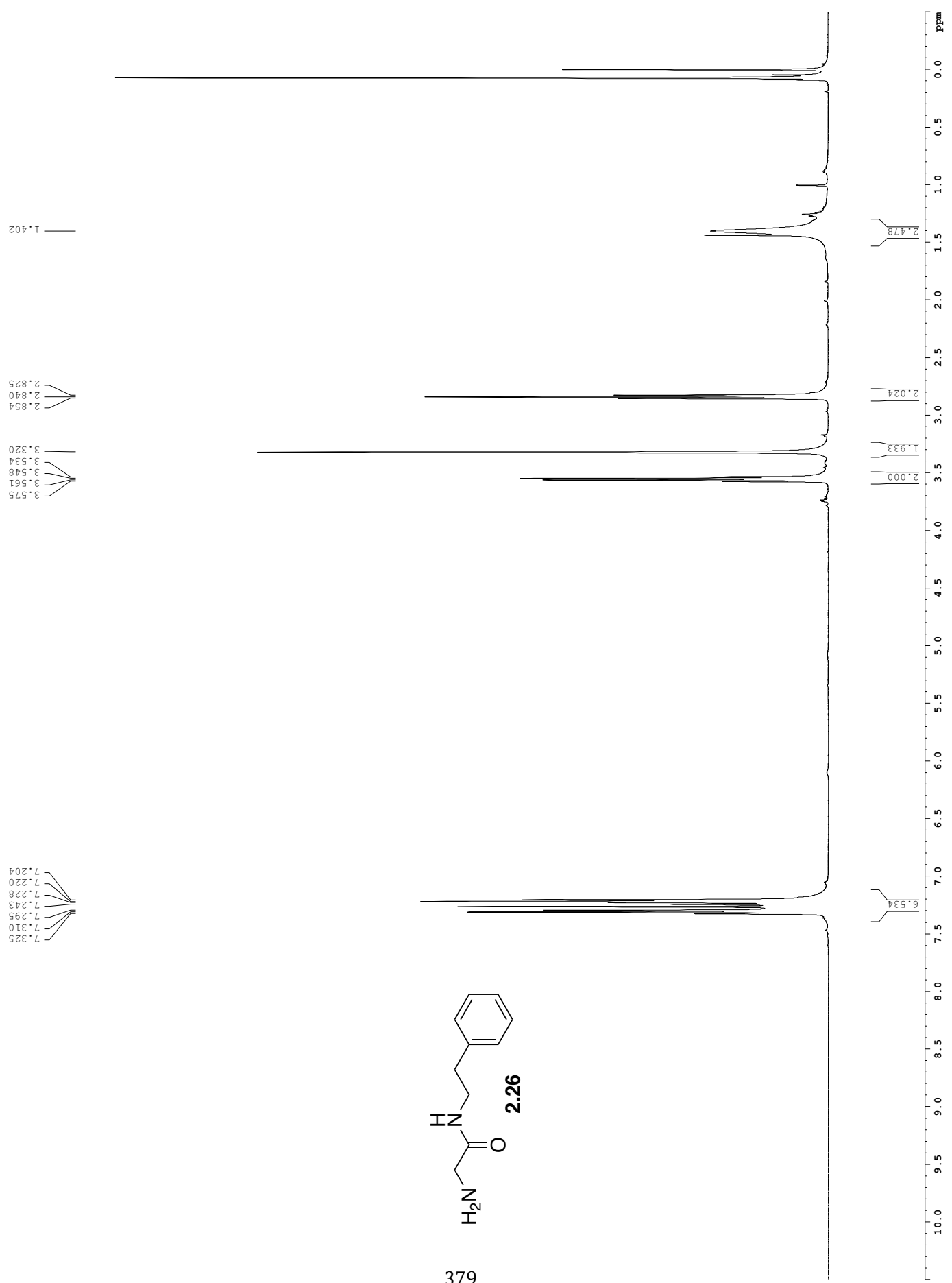




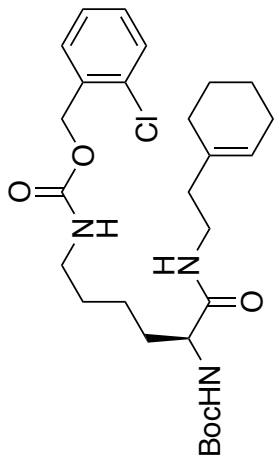




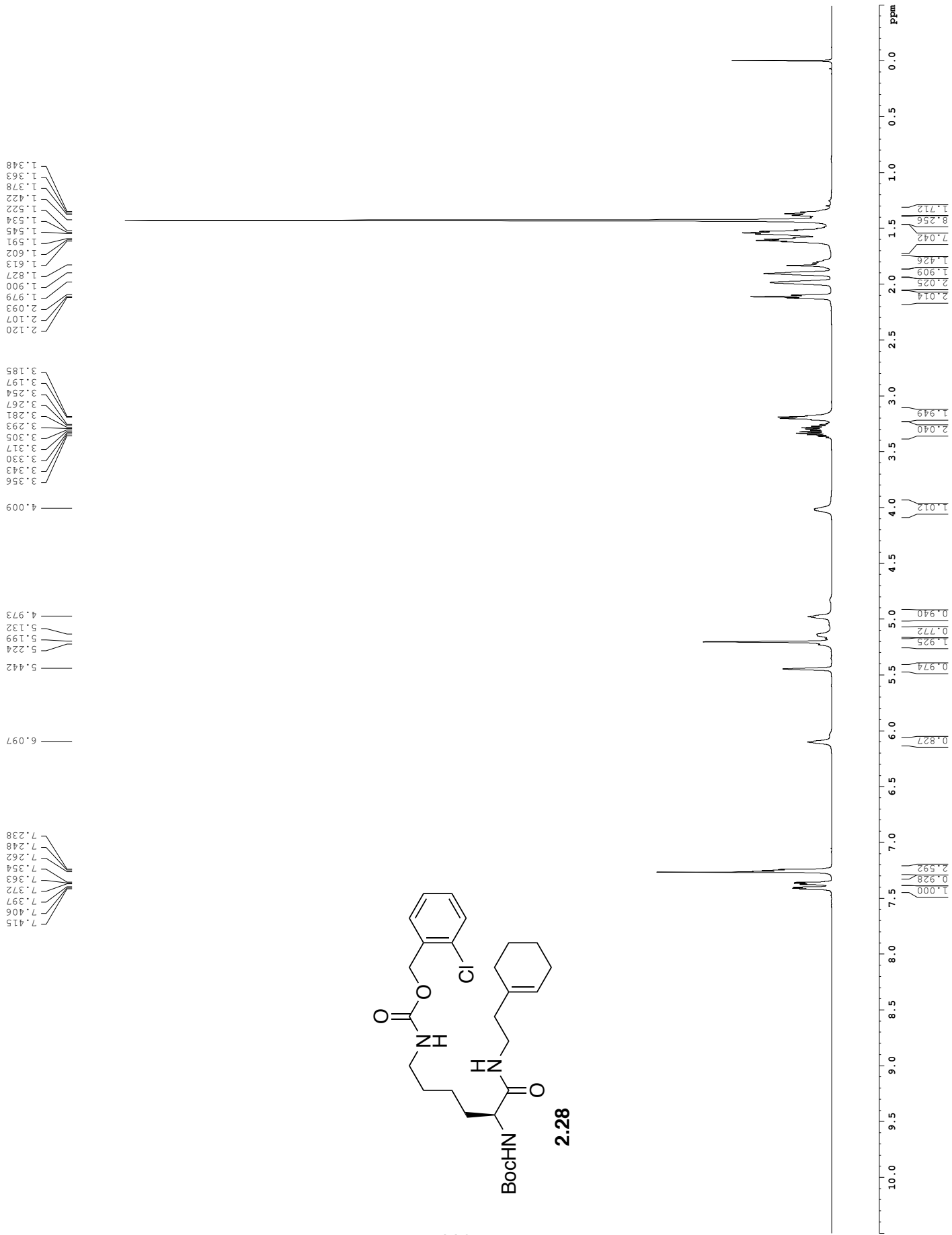
379

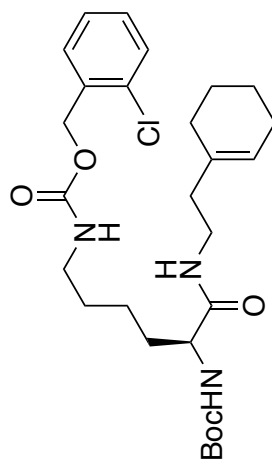


380

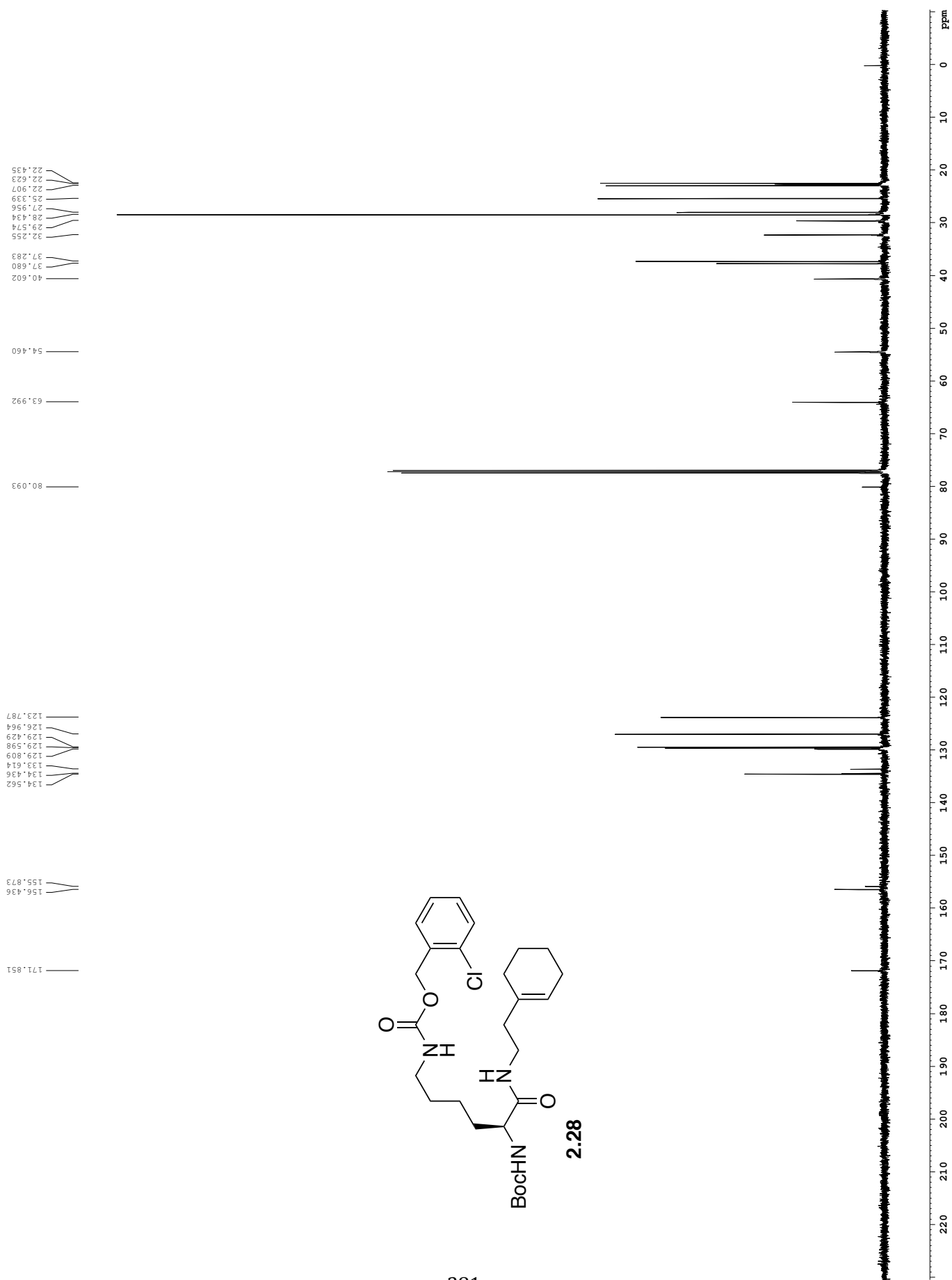


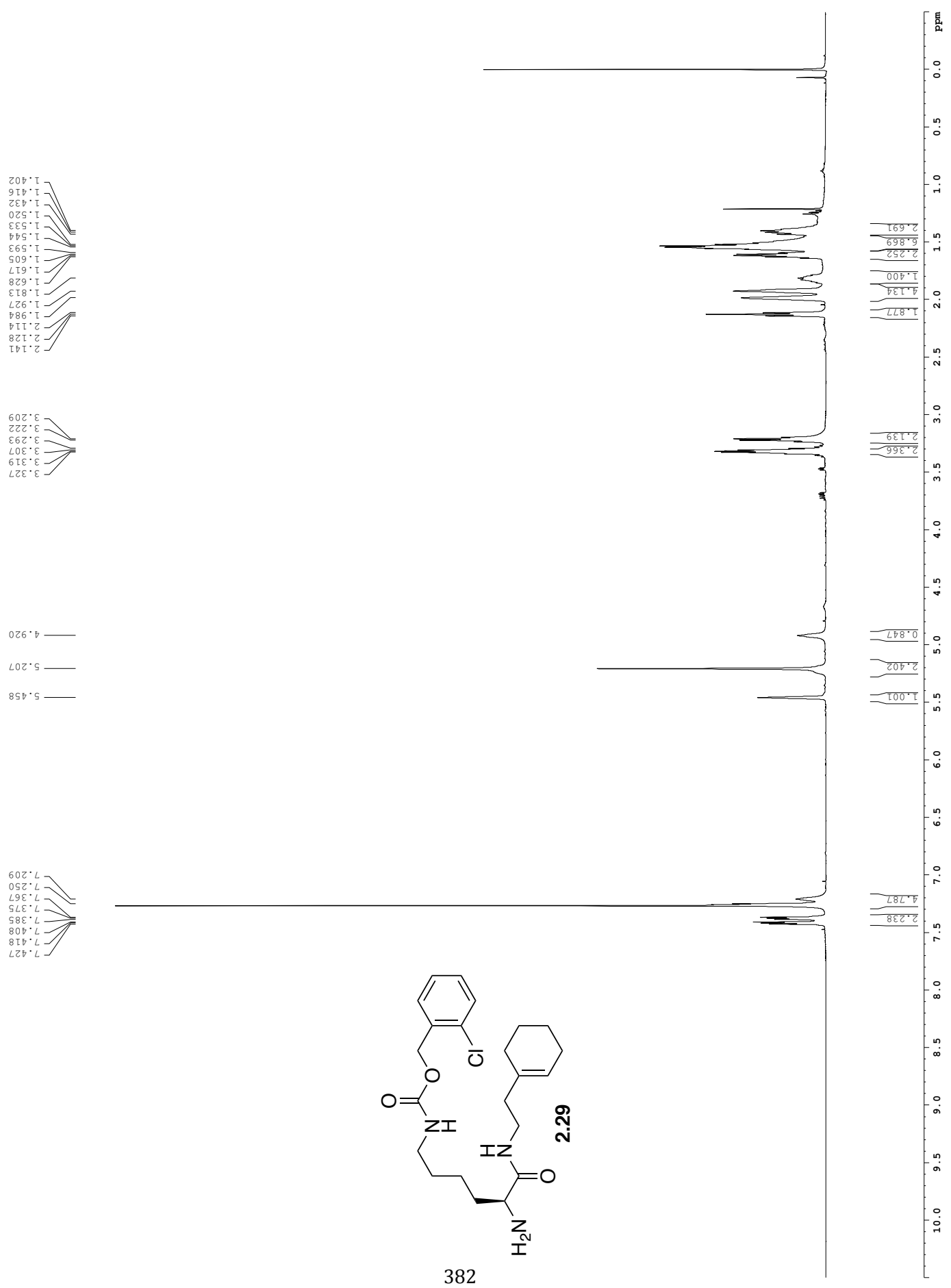
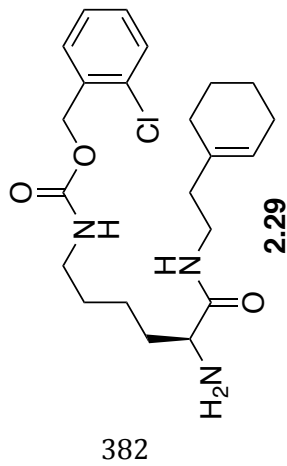
2.28



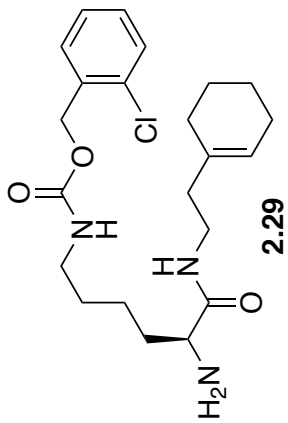


2.28





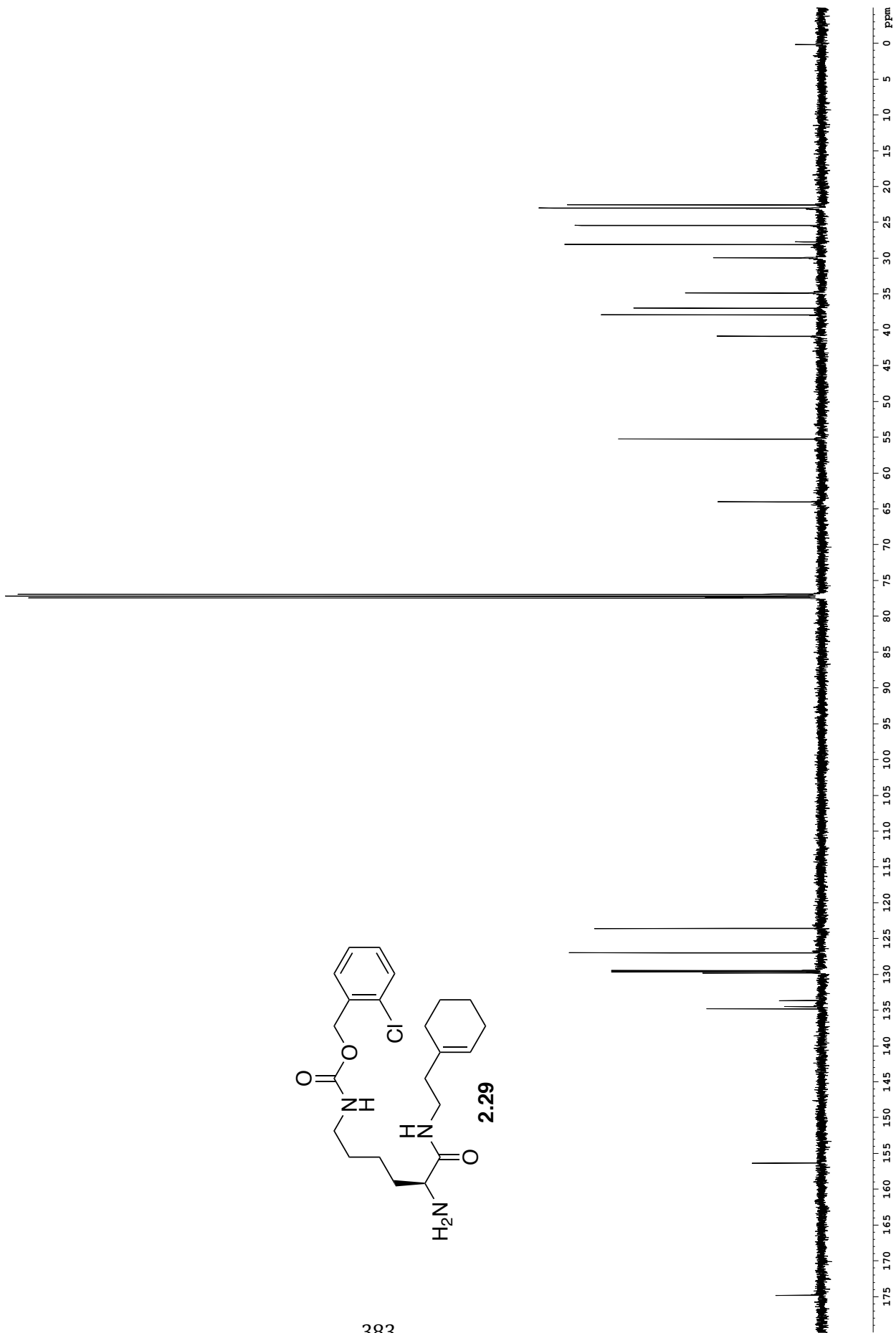
383

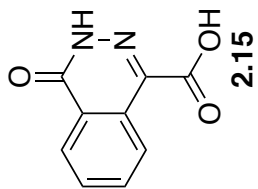


40.861
37.859
36.948
34.814
29.899
28.030
25.396
22.973
22.938
22.513

63.982
55.228

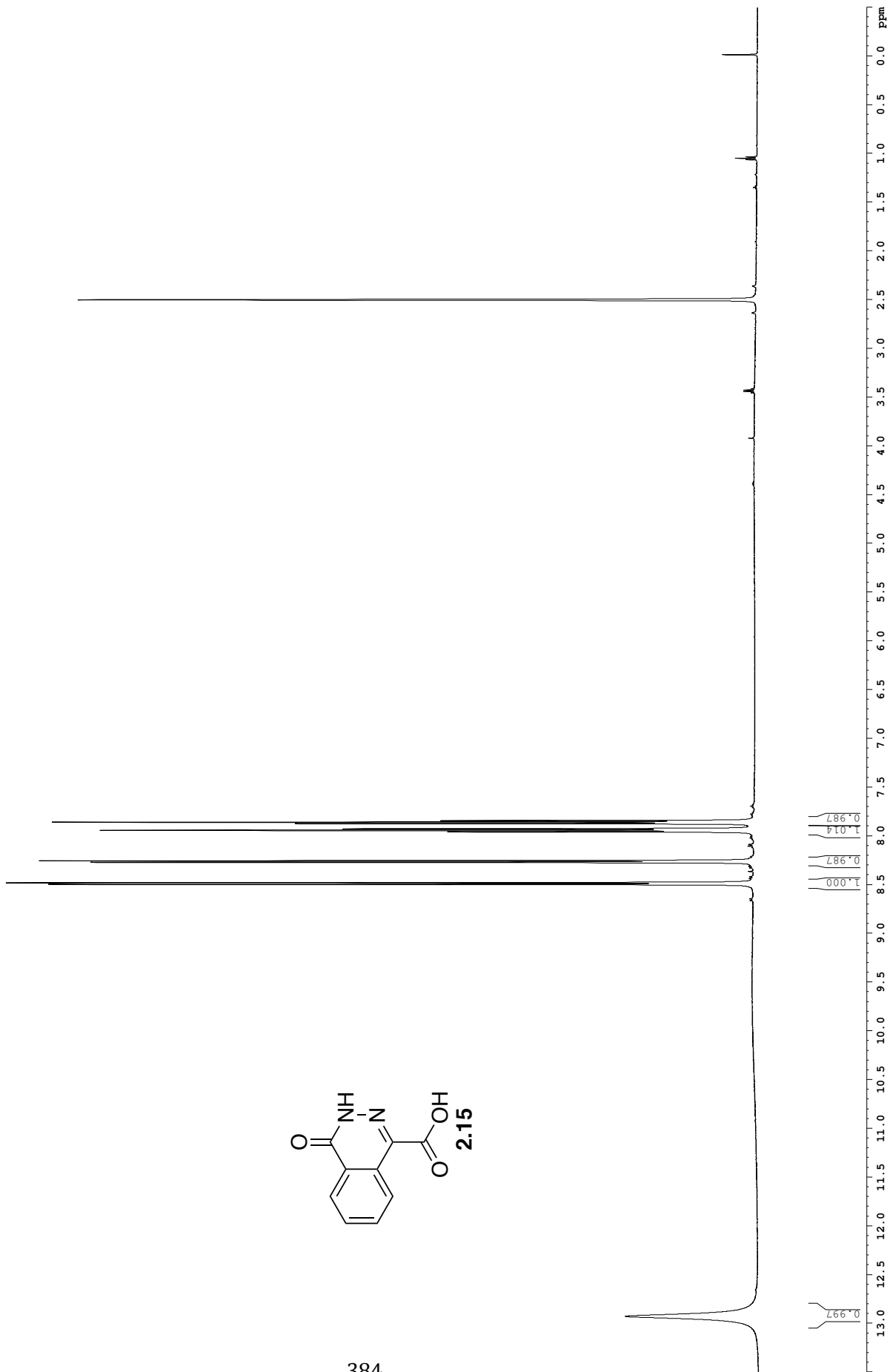
174.808
156.353
134.793
134.481
133.635
129.803
129.622
129.441
126.973
123.559

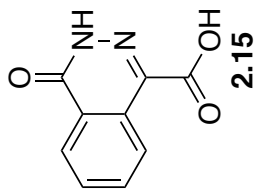




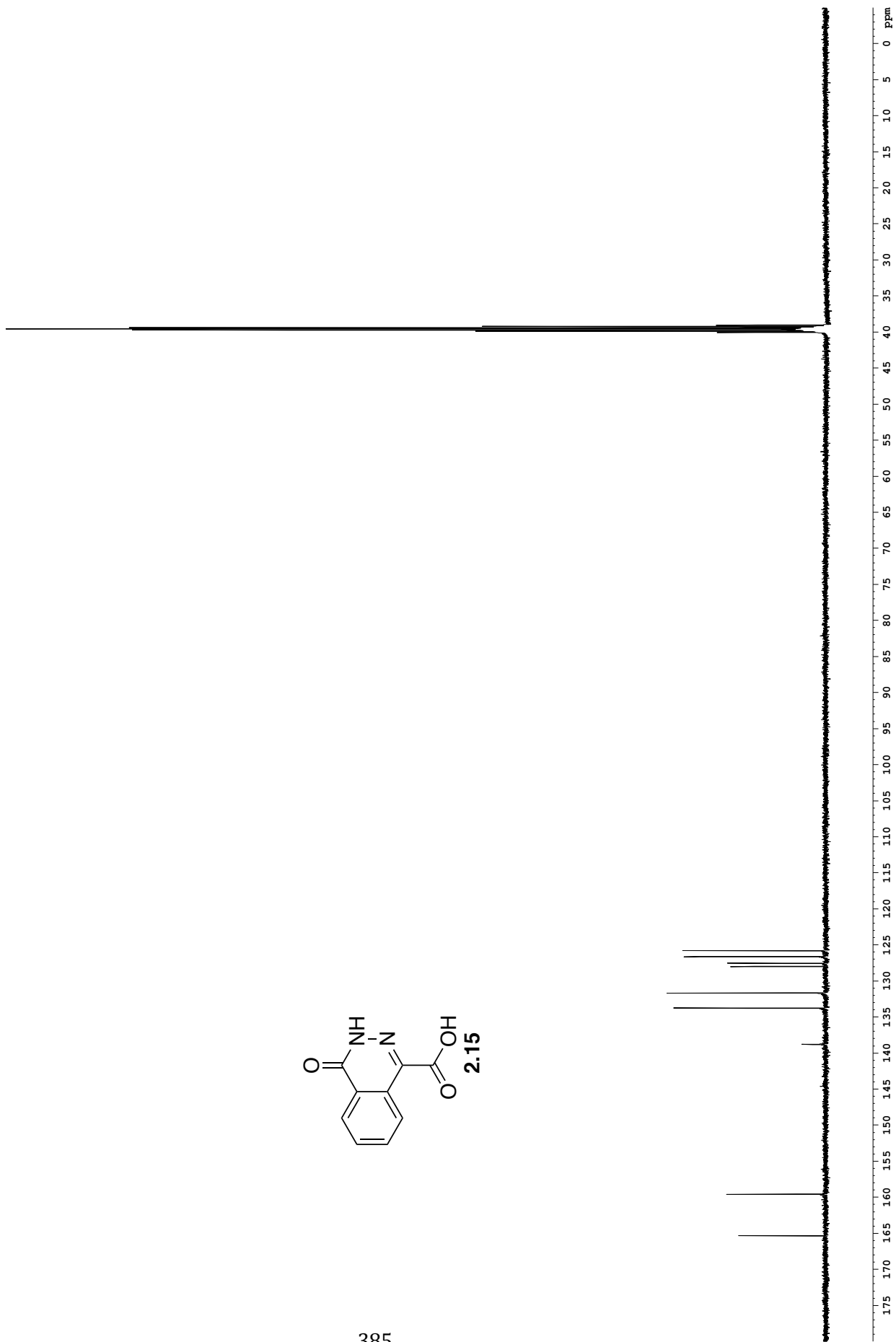
7.844
7.859
7.874
7.928
7.943
7.959
8.255
8.271
8.481
8.497

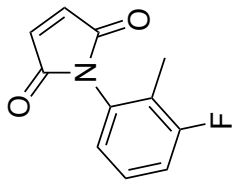
12.928





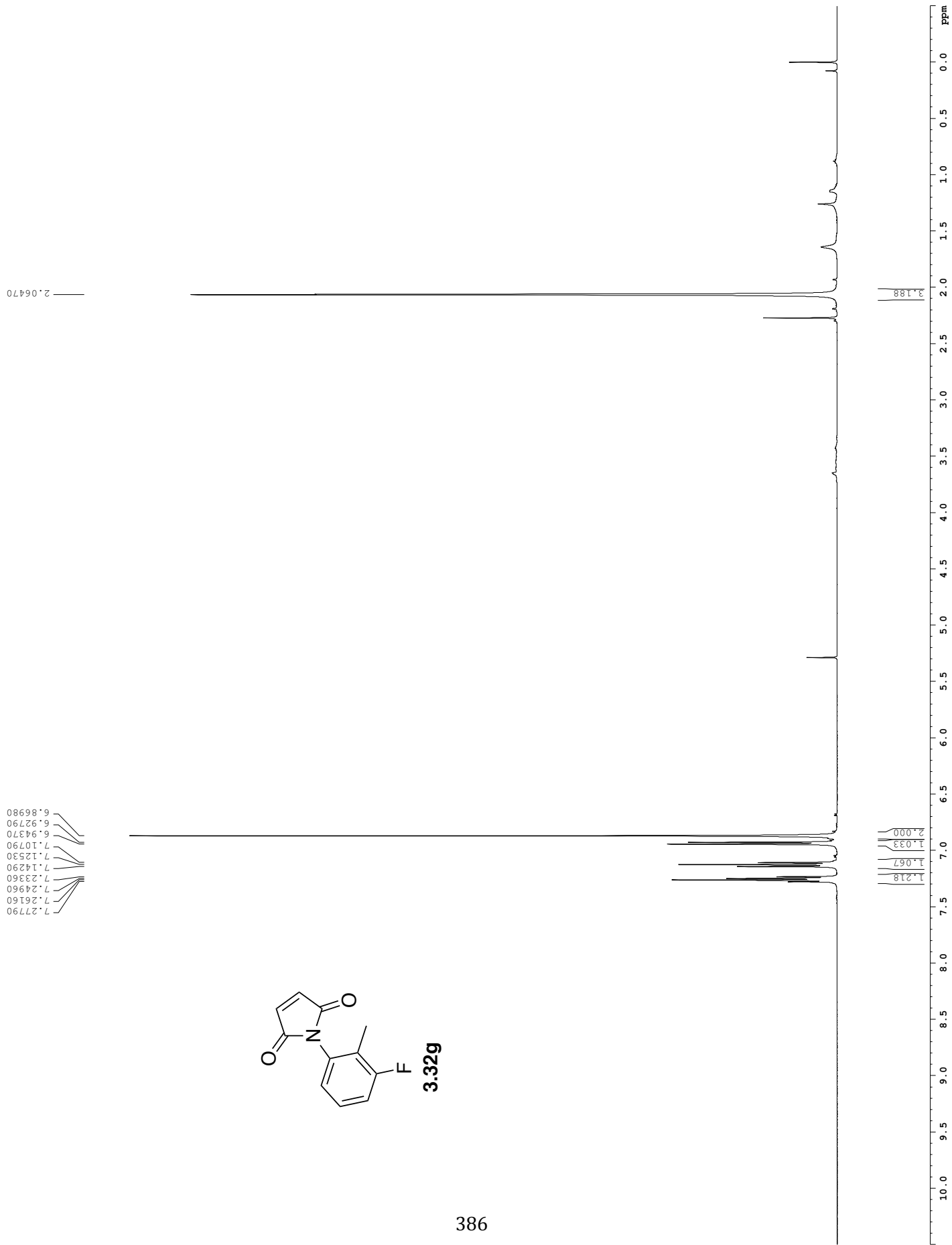
165.312
159.556
138.763
133.743
131.650
127.970
127.529
126.602
125.773

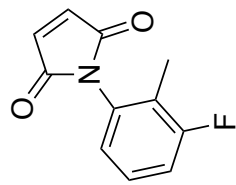




3.32g

386





3.32g

387

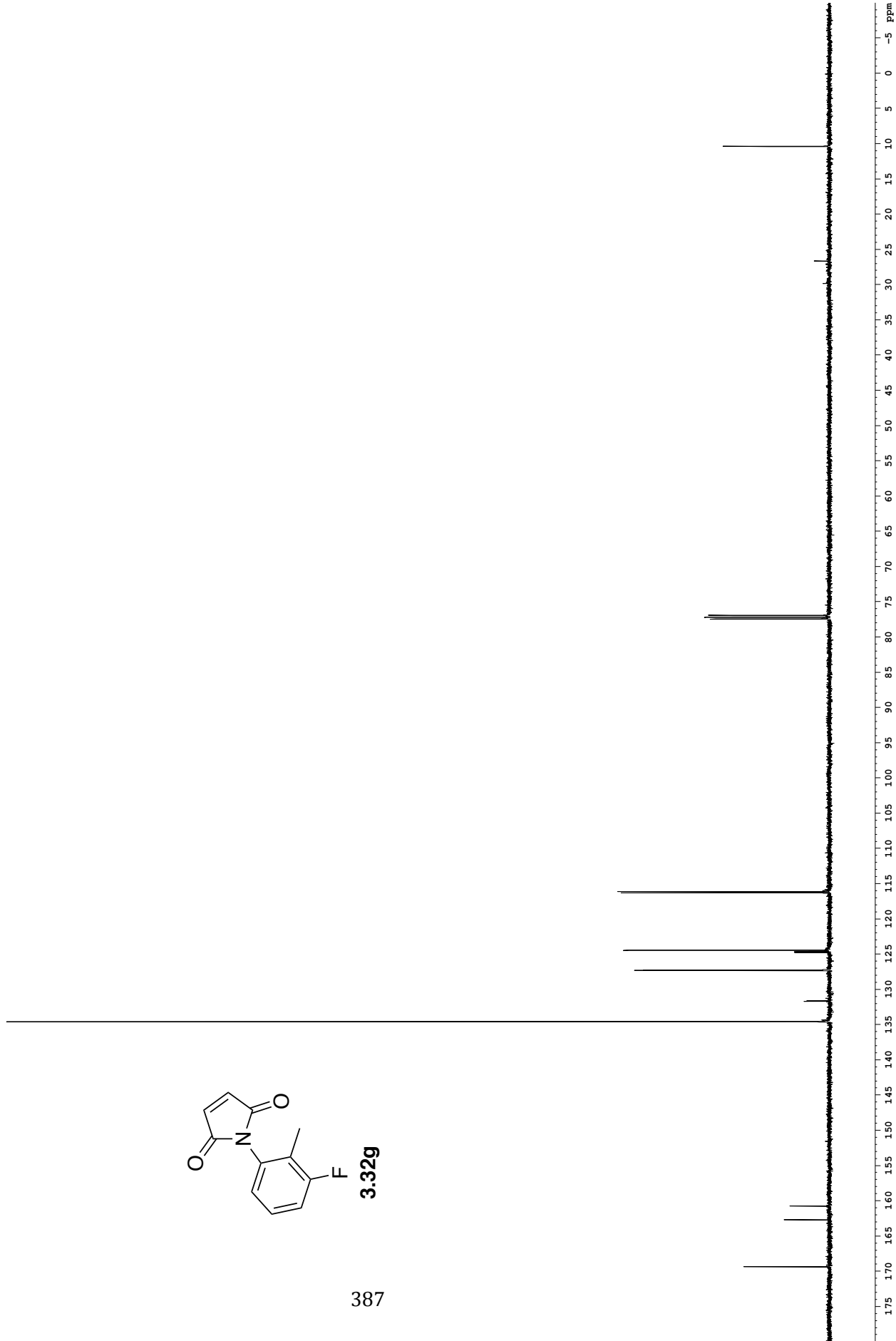
10.359
10.322

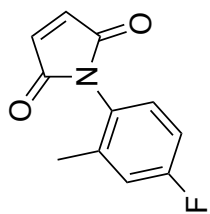
116.298
116.117

124.438
124.466
124.633
124.780
127.239
127.315
131.619
131.671
134.586

160.733
162.688

169.357

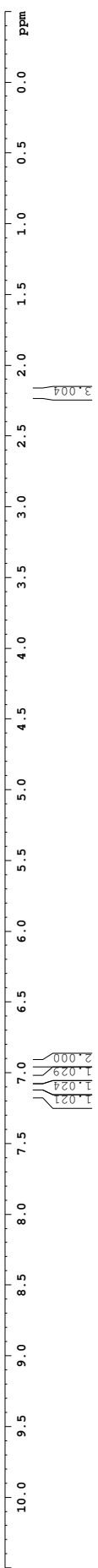




3.32h

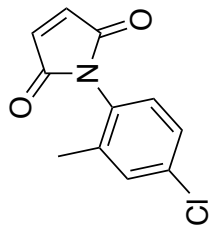
7.160
7.149
7.142
7.132
7.113
7.107
7.095
7.089
7.068
7.062
7.052
7.046
7.035
7.029
6.934

2.204









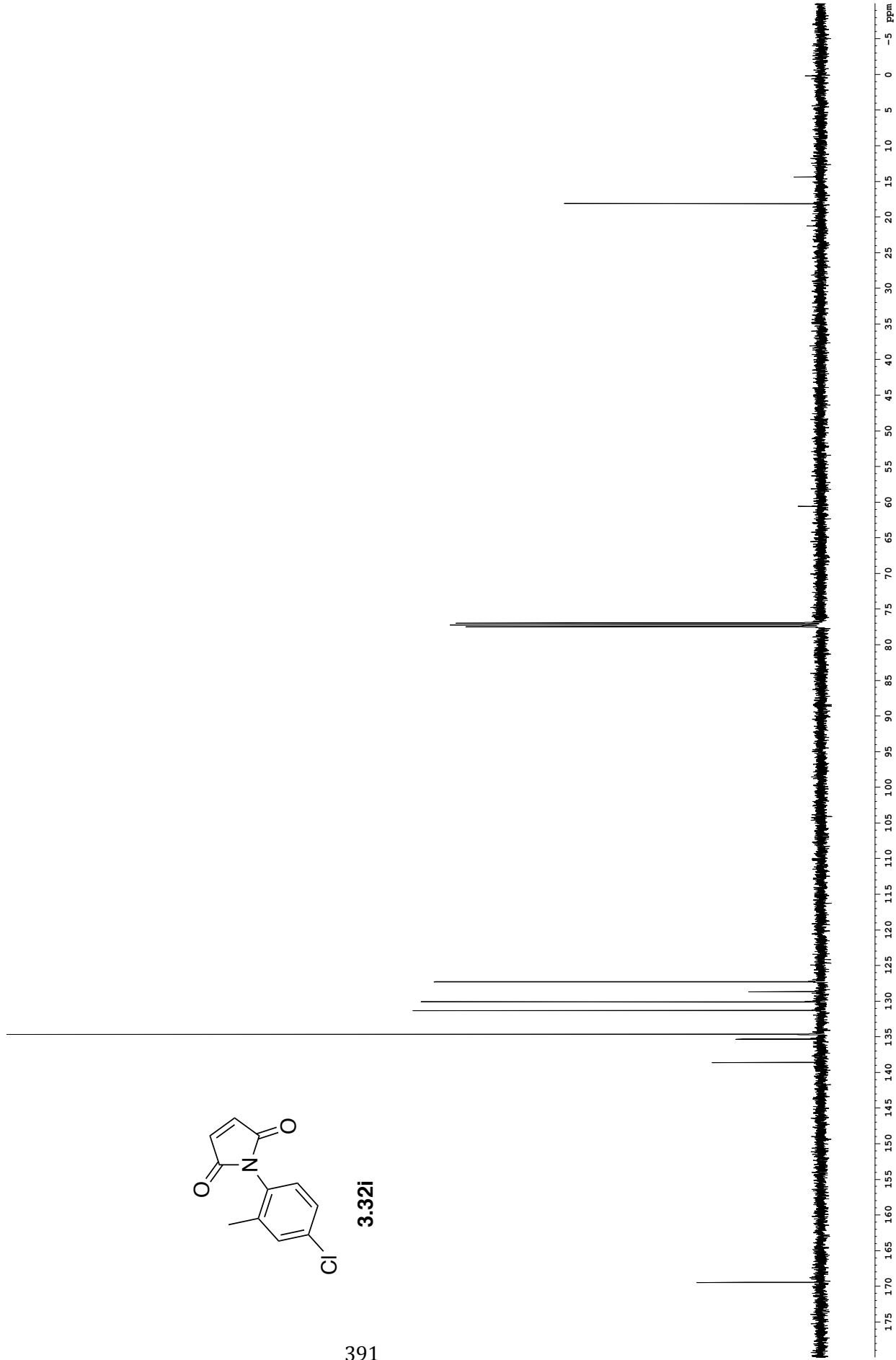
3.32i

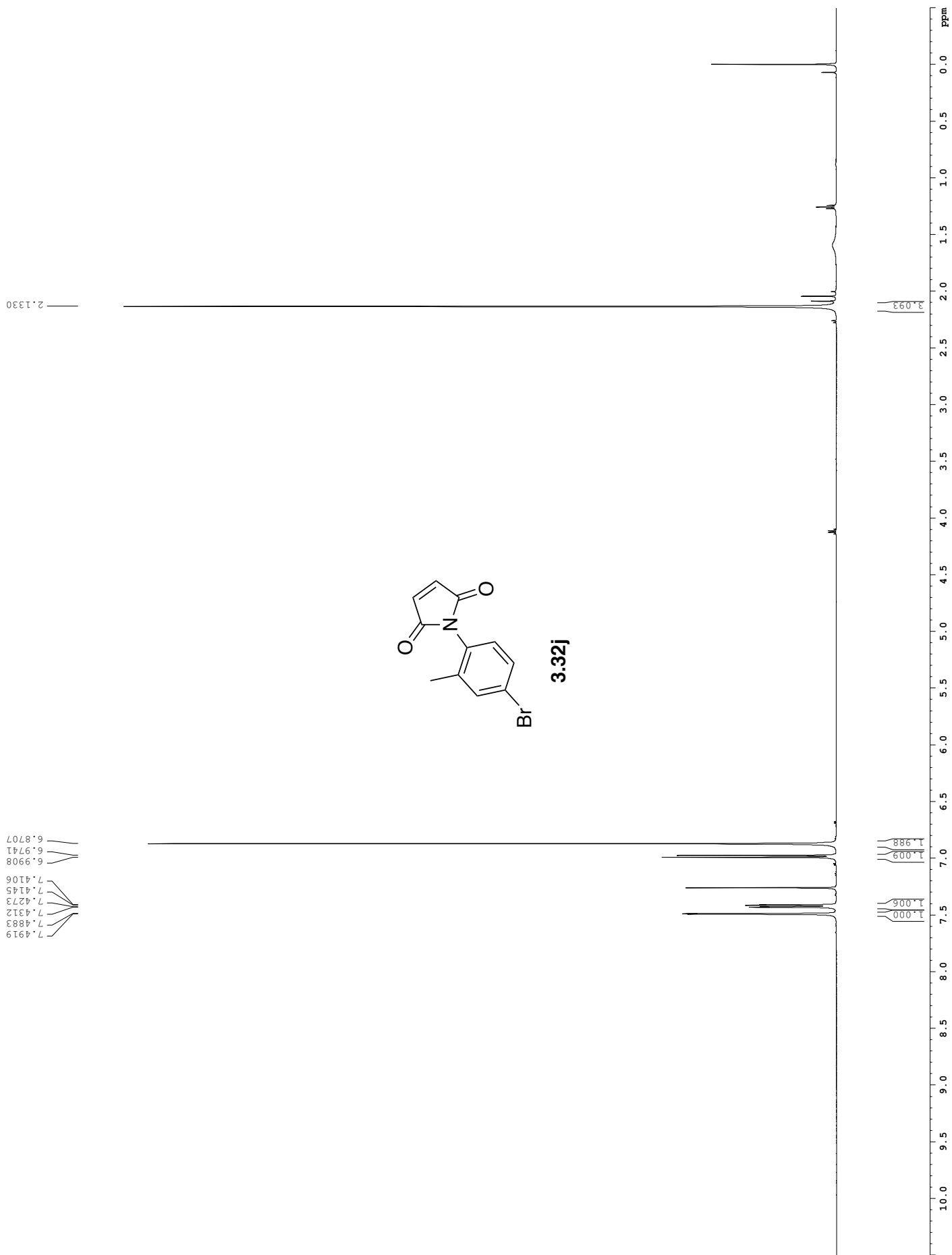
391

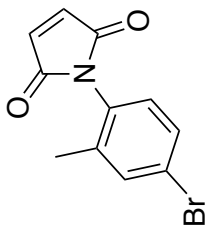
17.974

138.499
135.219
134.553
131.209
129.992
128.569
127.171

169.353

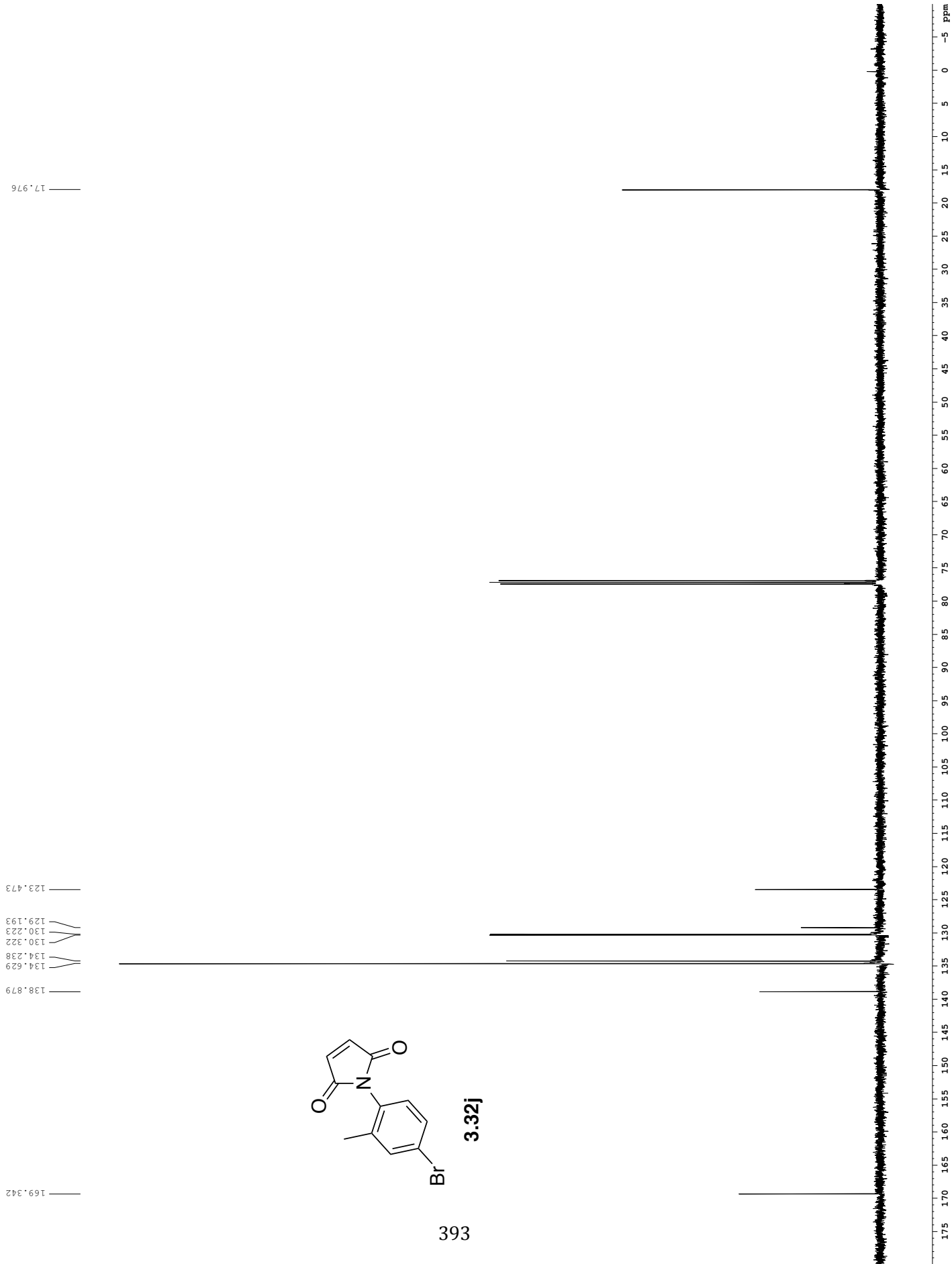


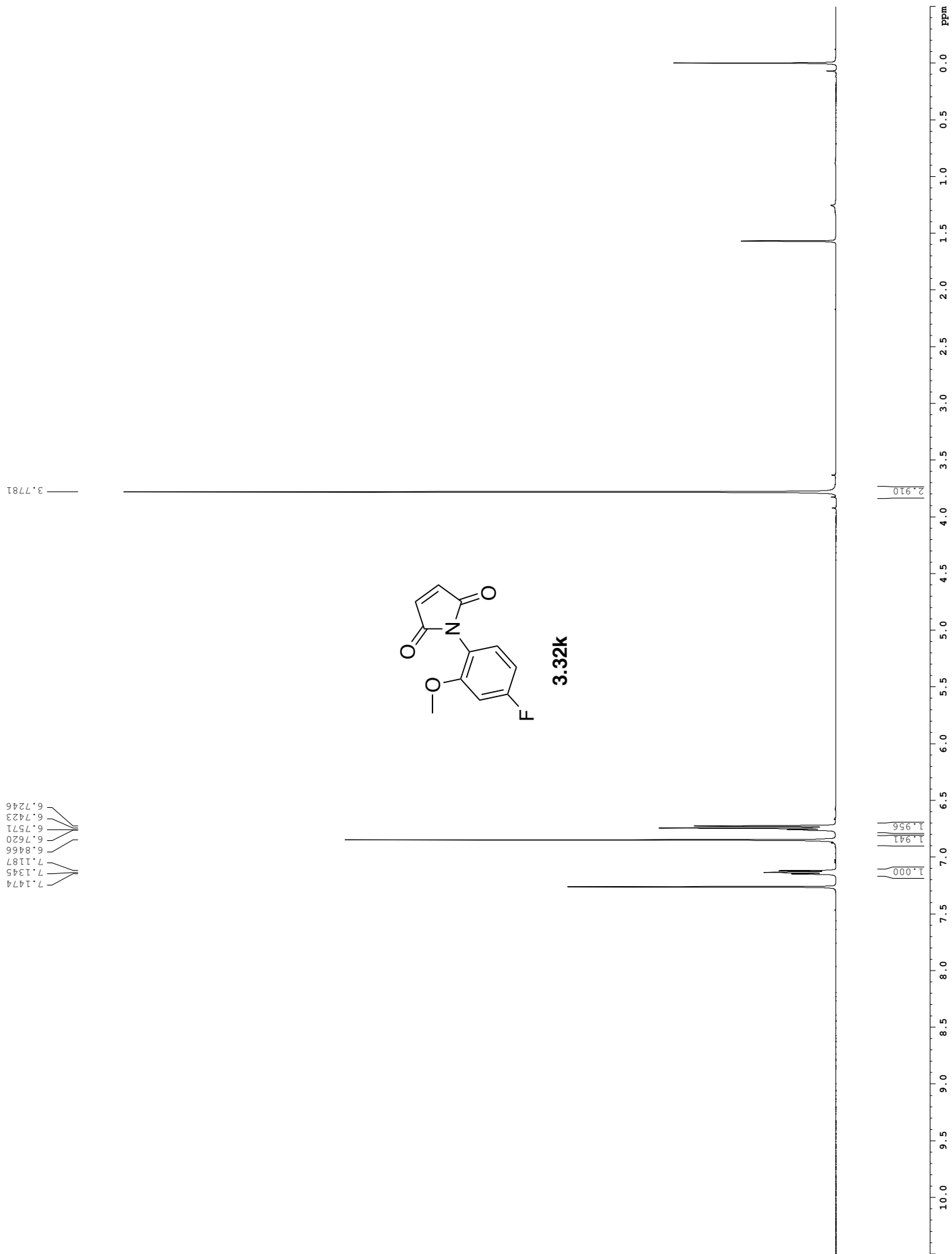




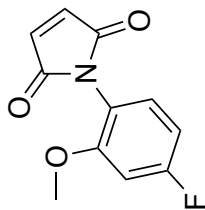
3-32j

393

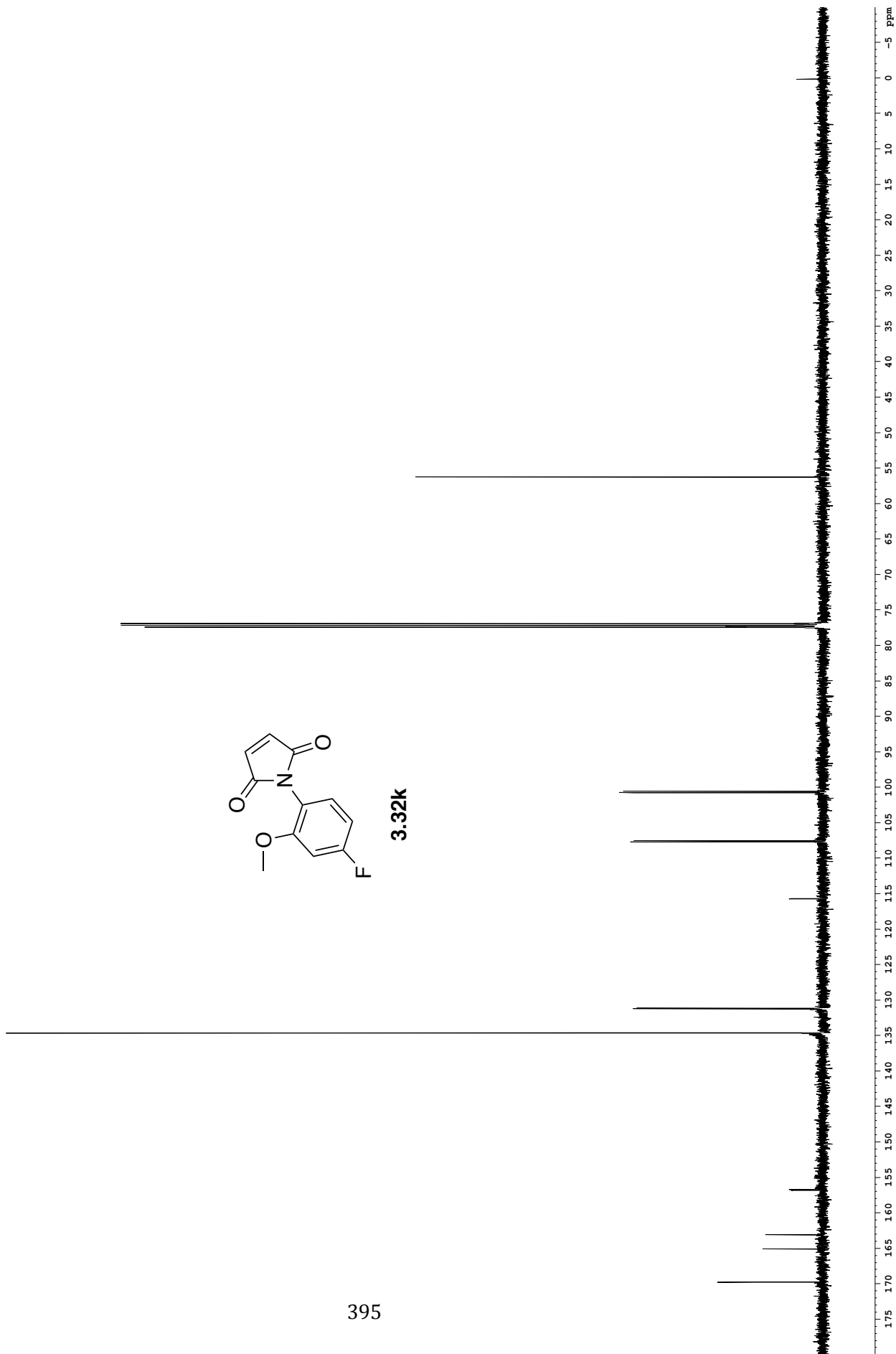


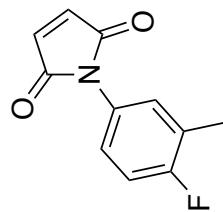


169.760
165.056
163.079
156.809
156.721
134.629
131.211
131.125
115.725
115.699
107.678
107.497
100.742
100.528
56.231



3.32k

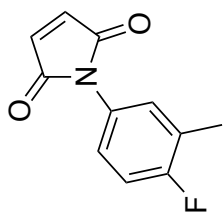




3.321

396





3.32I

397

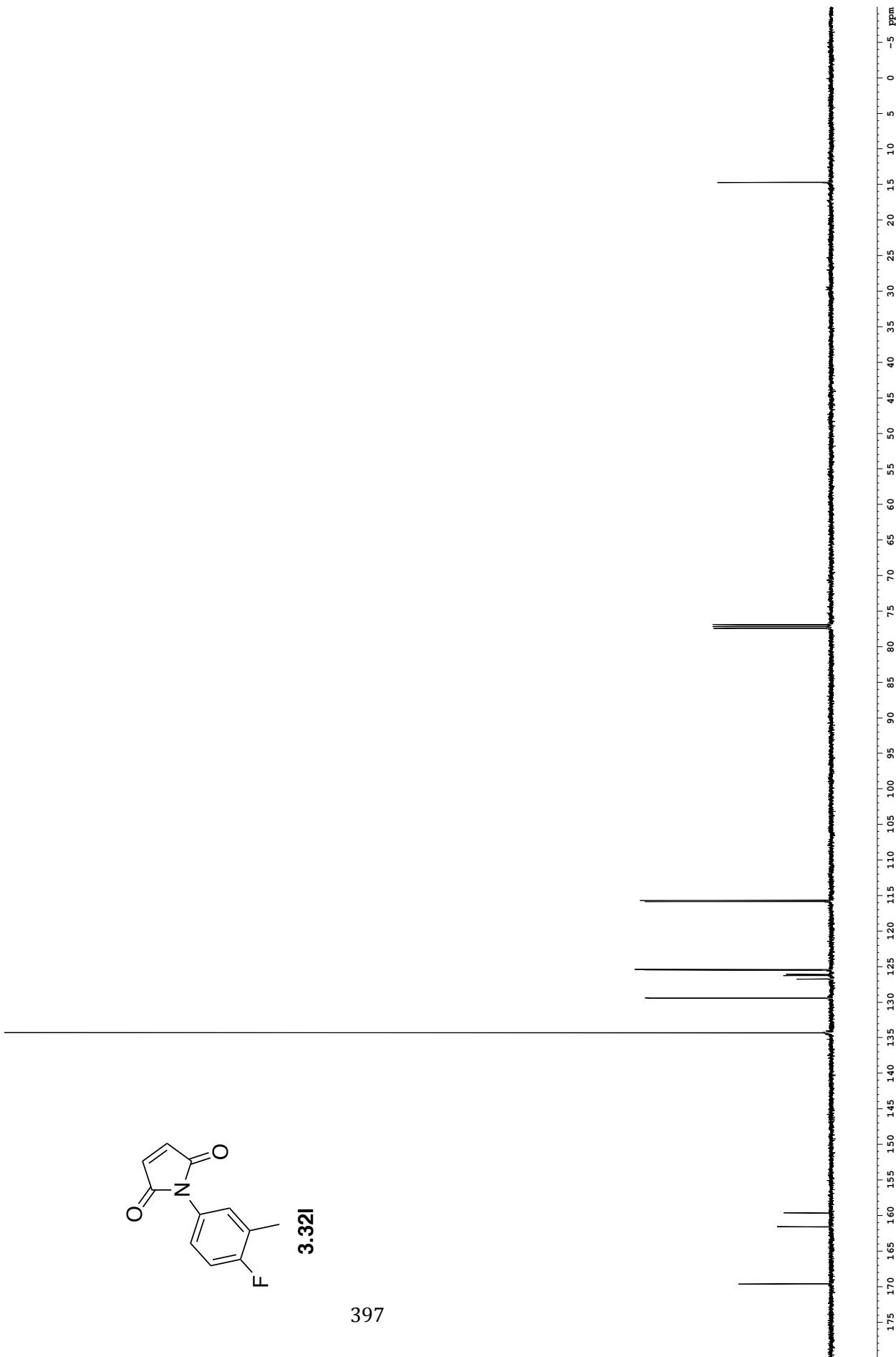
14.699
14.671

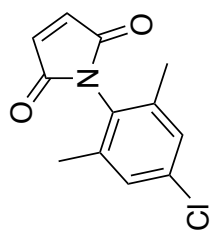
115.859
115.668

134.282
129.435
129.389
126.764
126.738
126.230
126.081
125.471
125.403

161.587
159.627

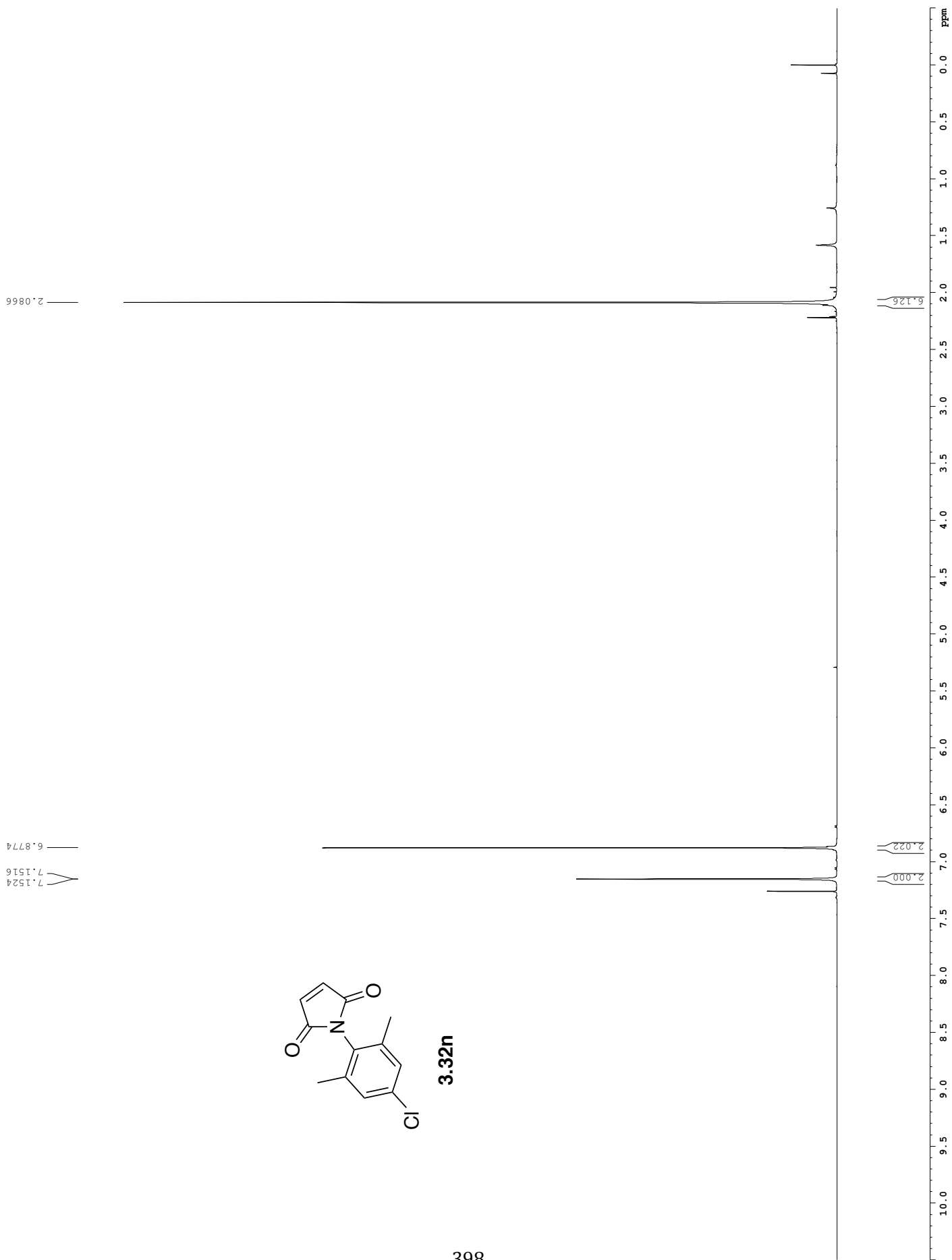
169.619

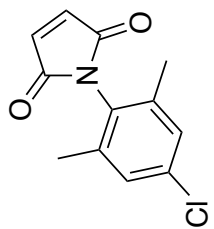




3.32n

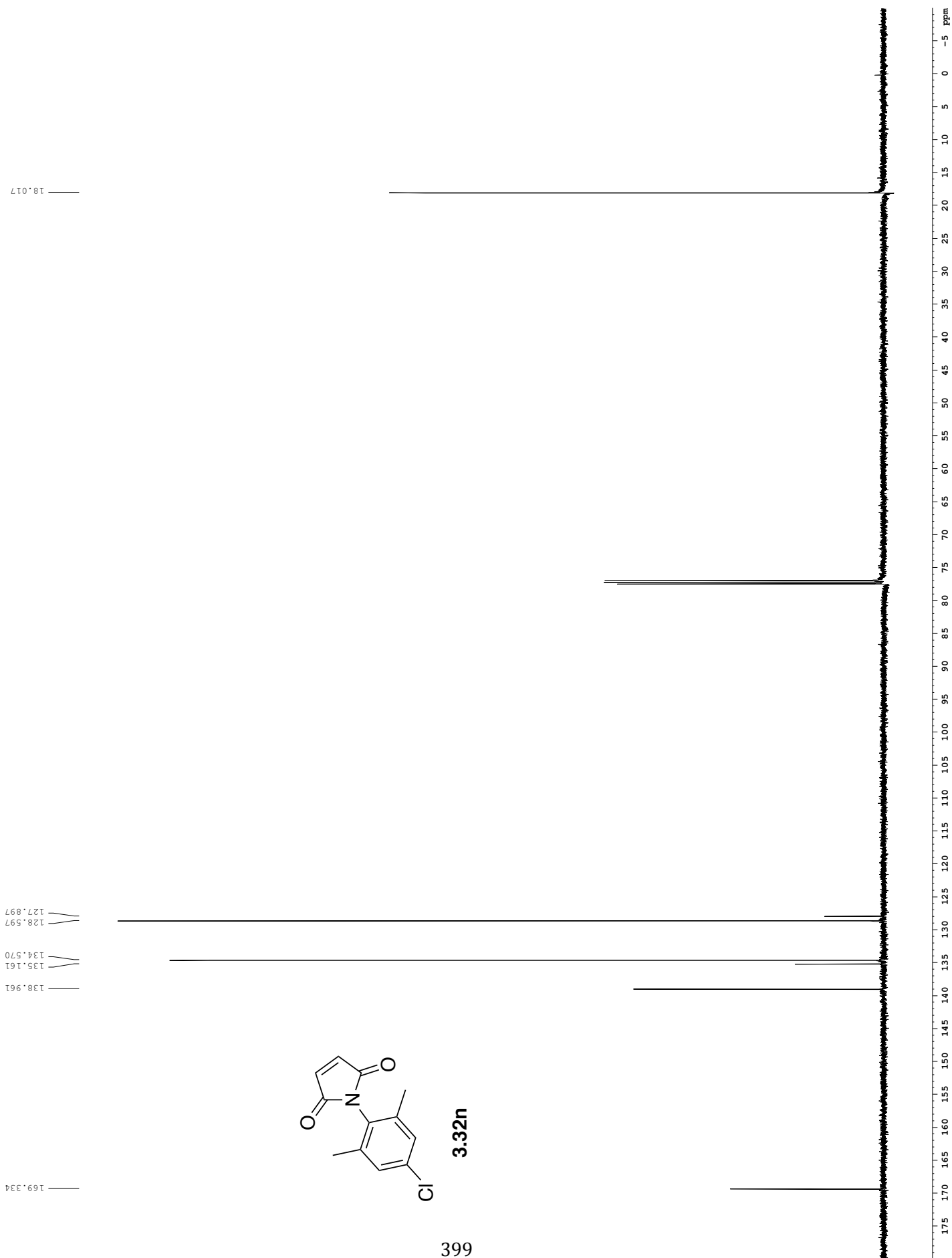
398

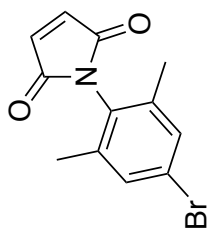




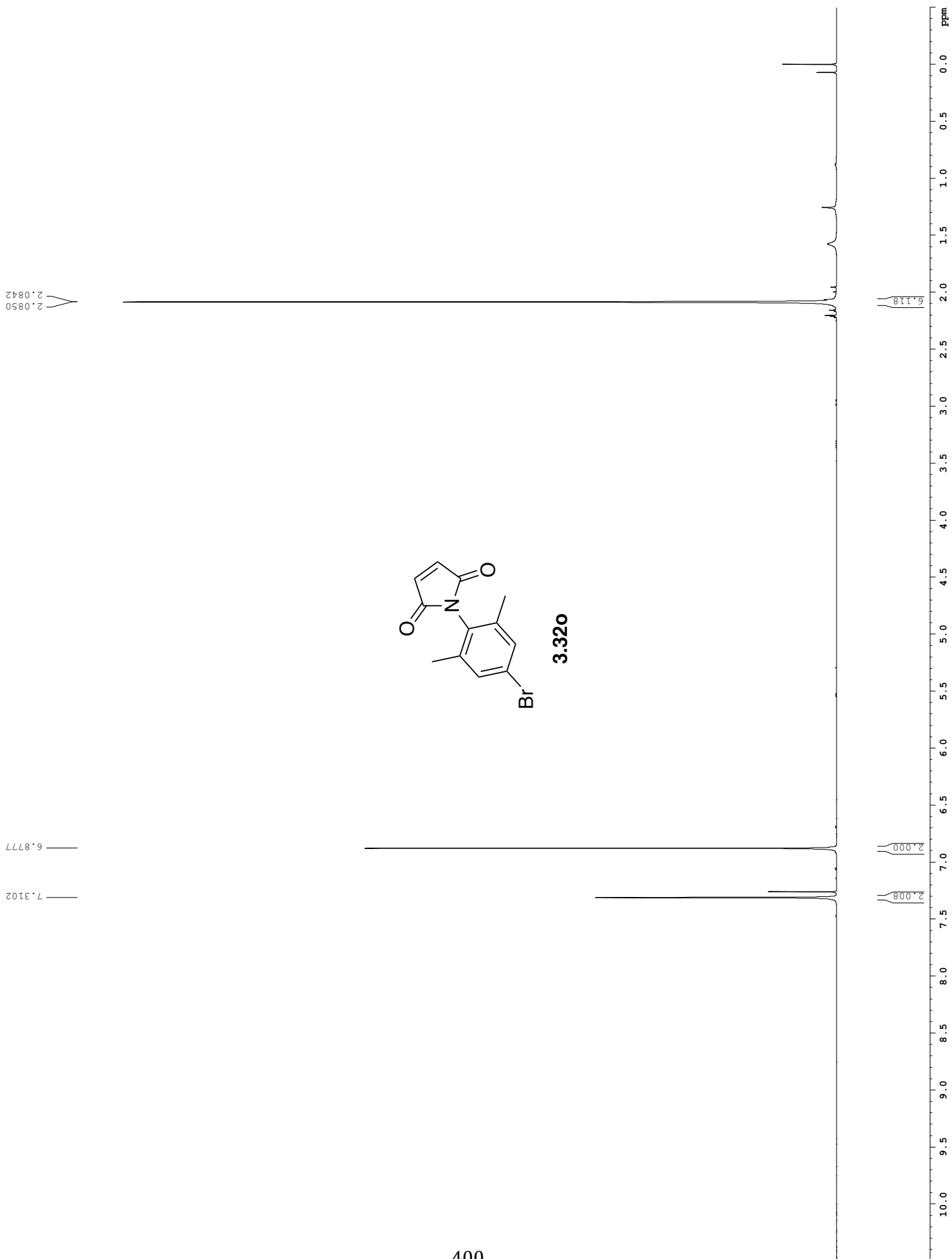
3.32n

399





3.320



17.930

123.501

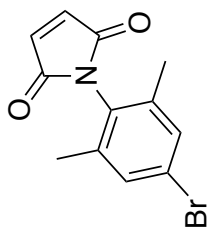
128.470

131.563

134.579

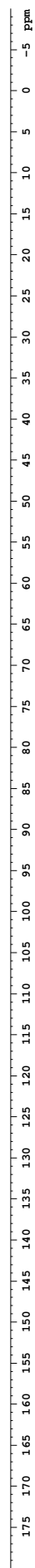
139.239

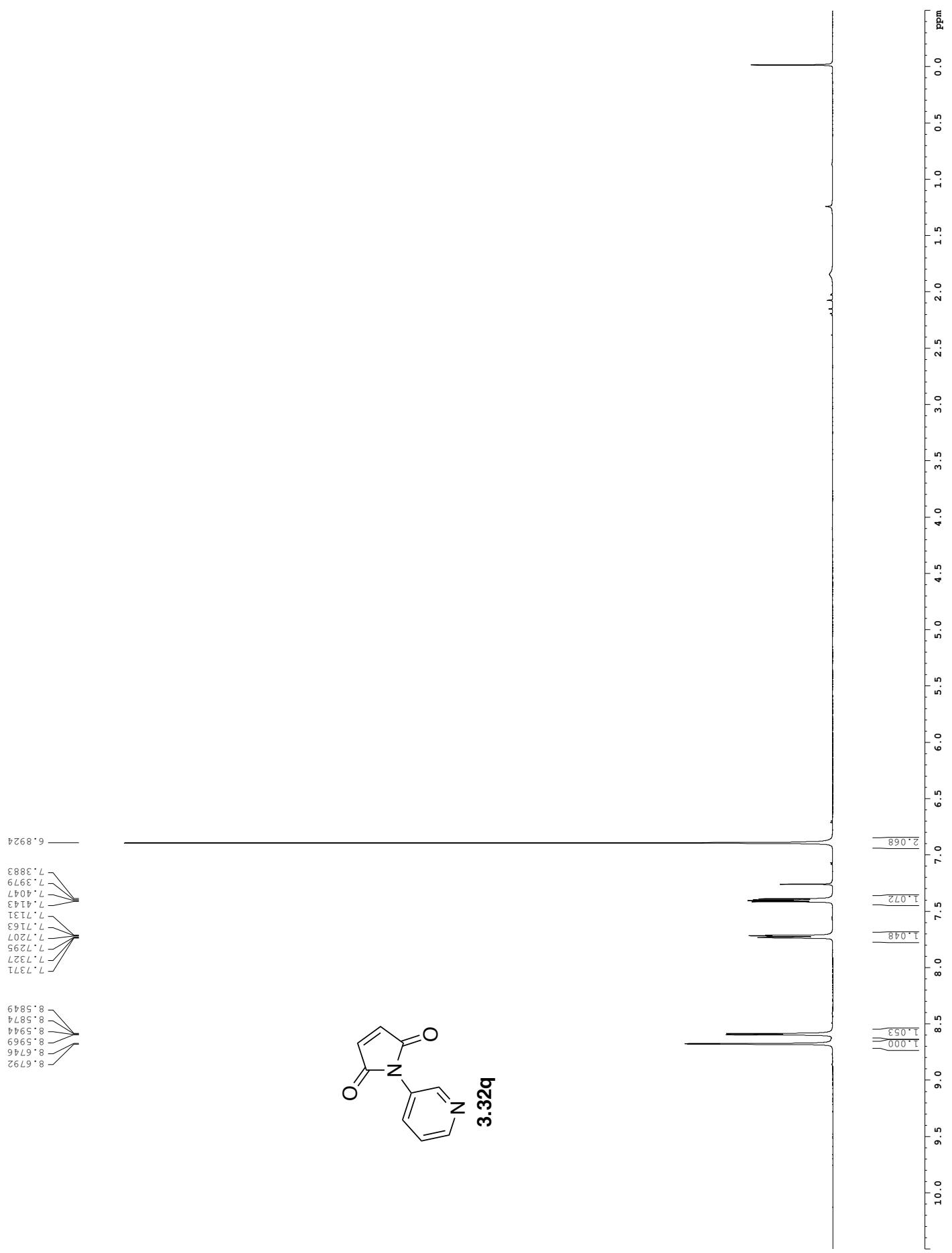
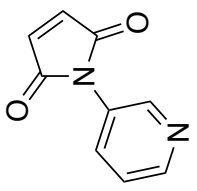
169.256

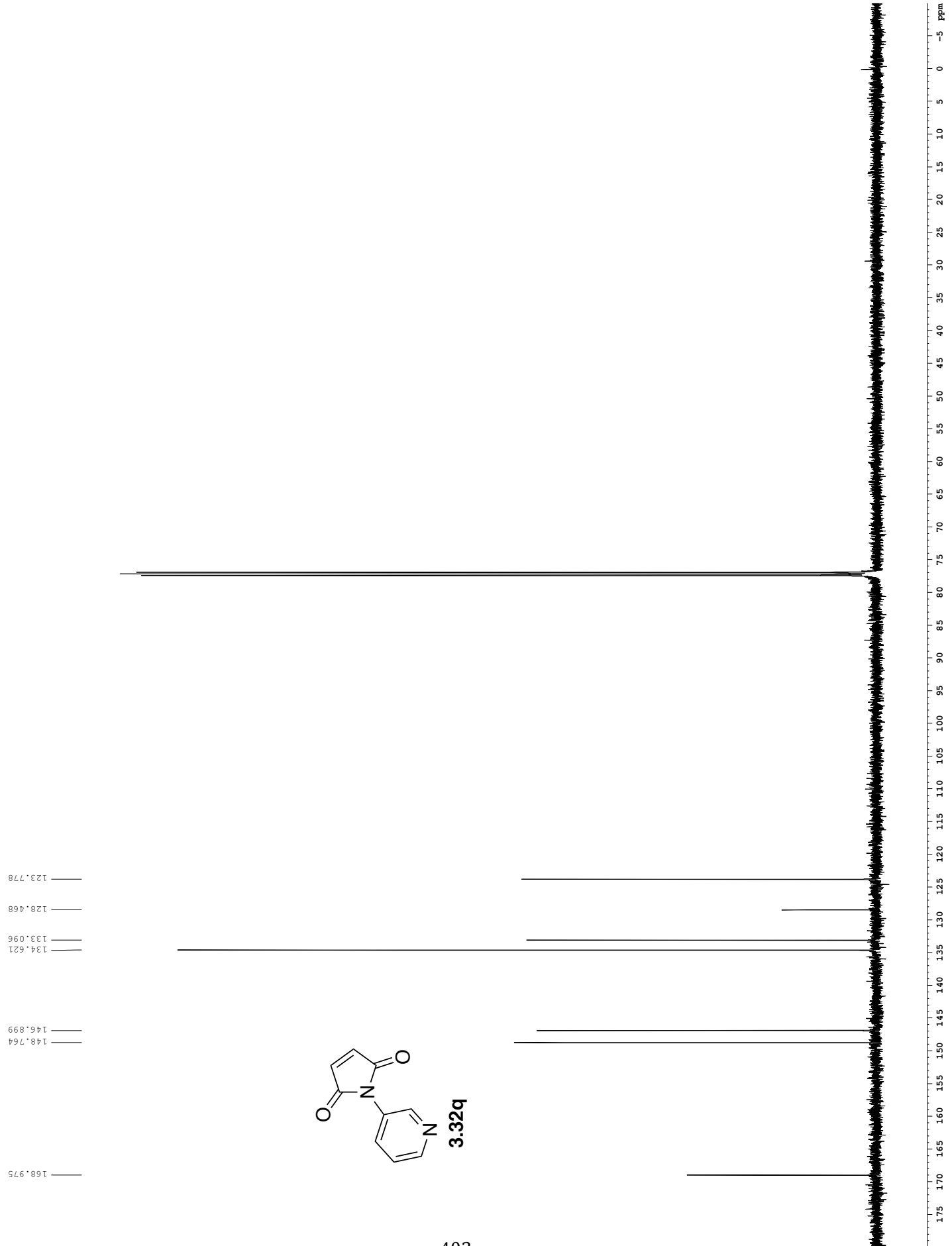


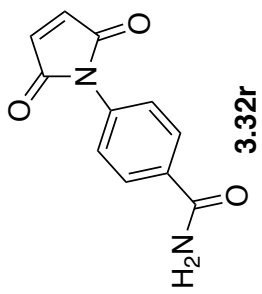
3.320

401





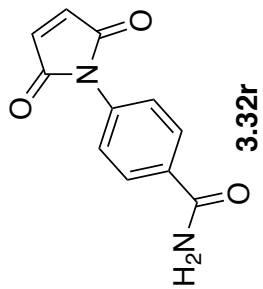




8.0295
7.9708
7.9539
7.4408
7.4241
7.2074

0.959
2.129
3.110
2.000

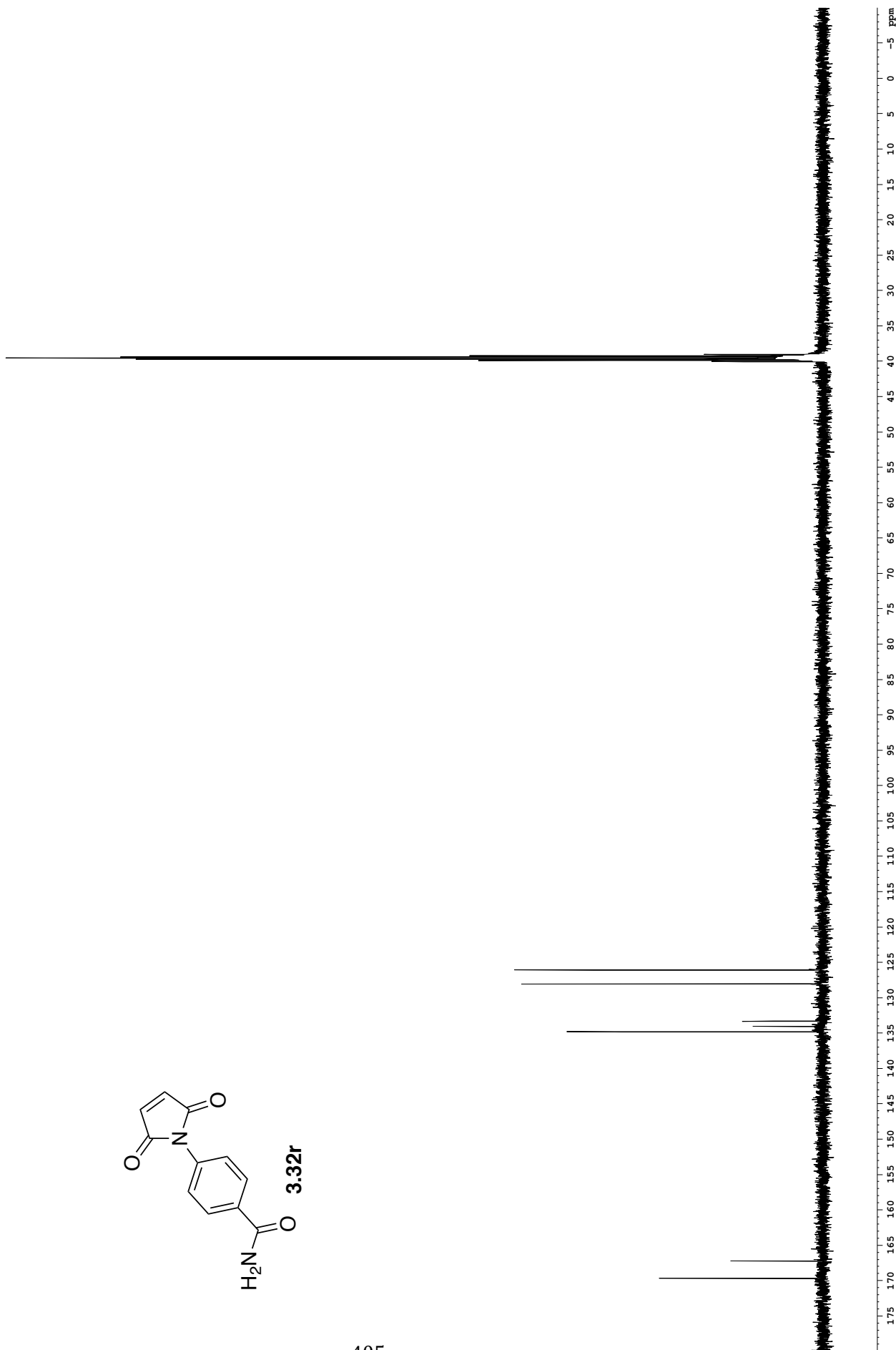
10.0 9.5 9.0 8.5 8.0 7.5 7.0 6.5 6.0 5.5 5.0 4.5 4.0 3.5 3.0 2.5 2.0 1.5 1.0 0.5 0.0 ppm

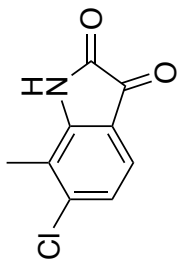


126.072
128.051
133.306
134.050
134.807

167.222
169.672

405



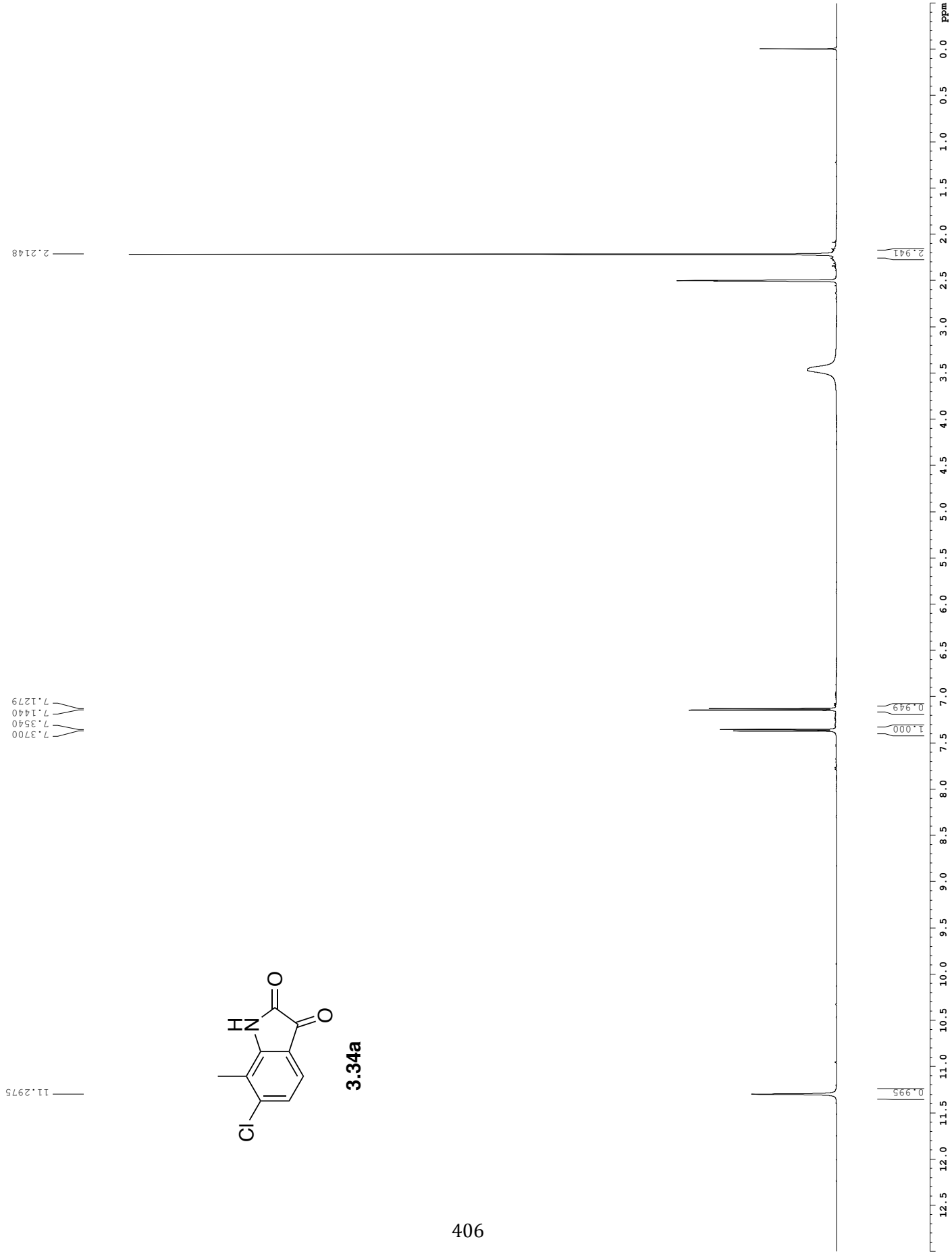


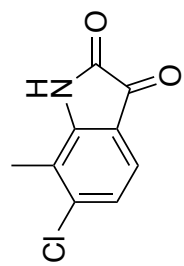
3.34a

7.3700
7.3540
7.1440
7.1279

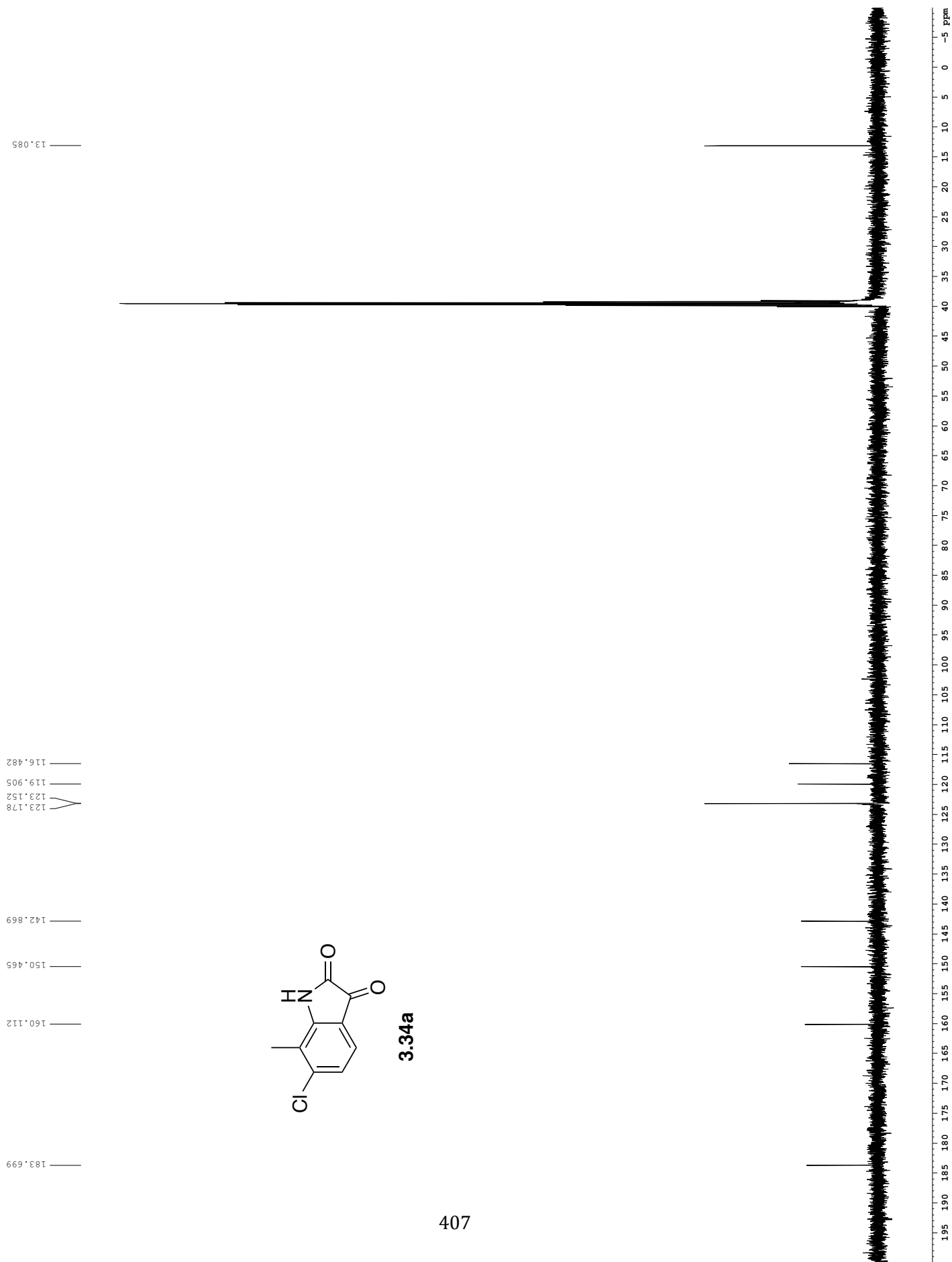
2.2148

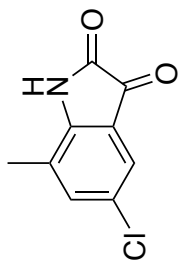
11.2975





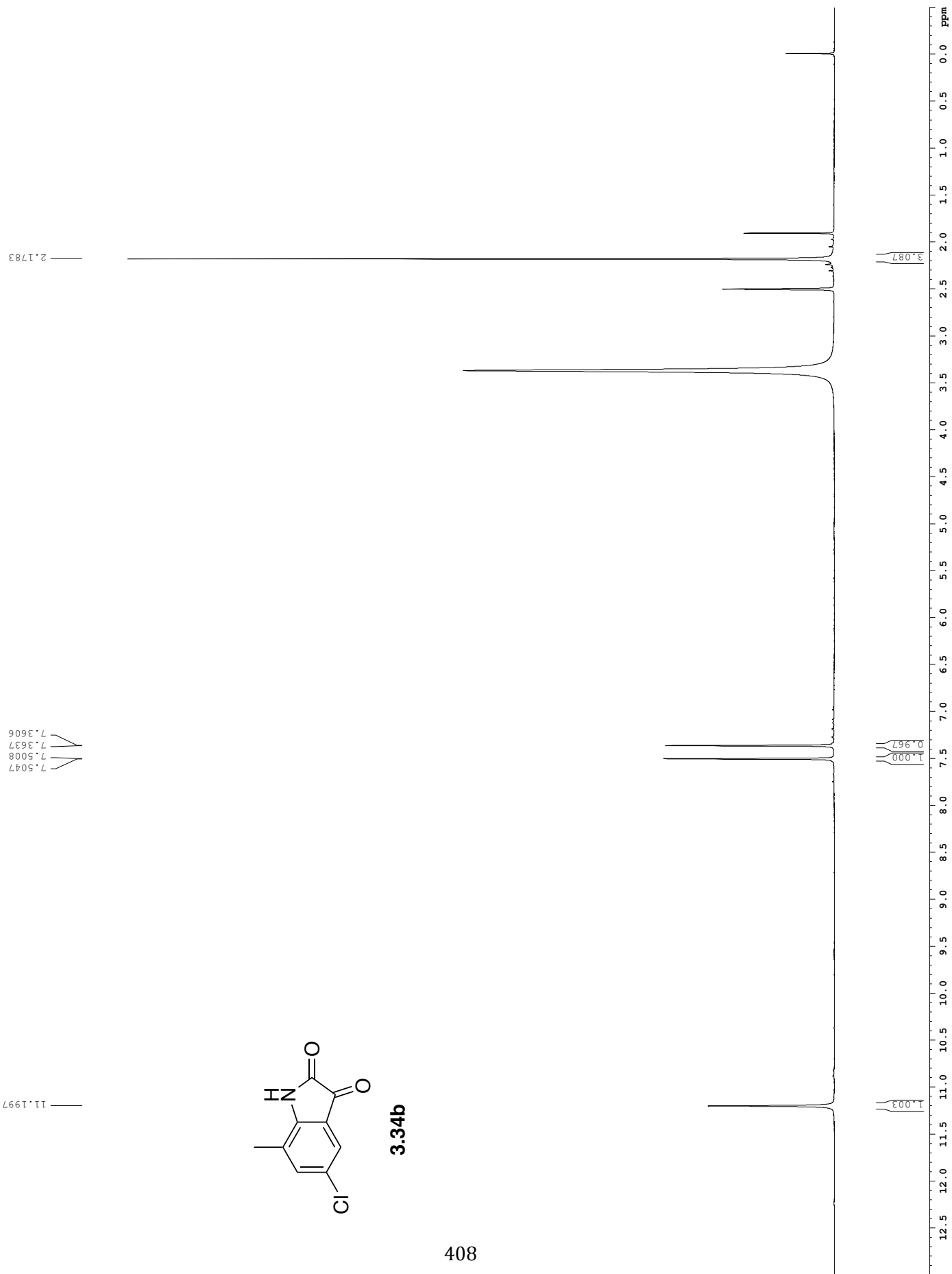
3.34a

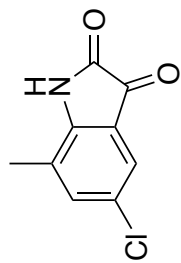




3.34b

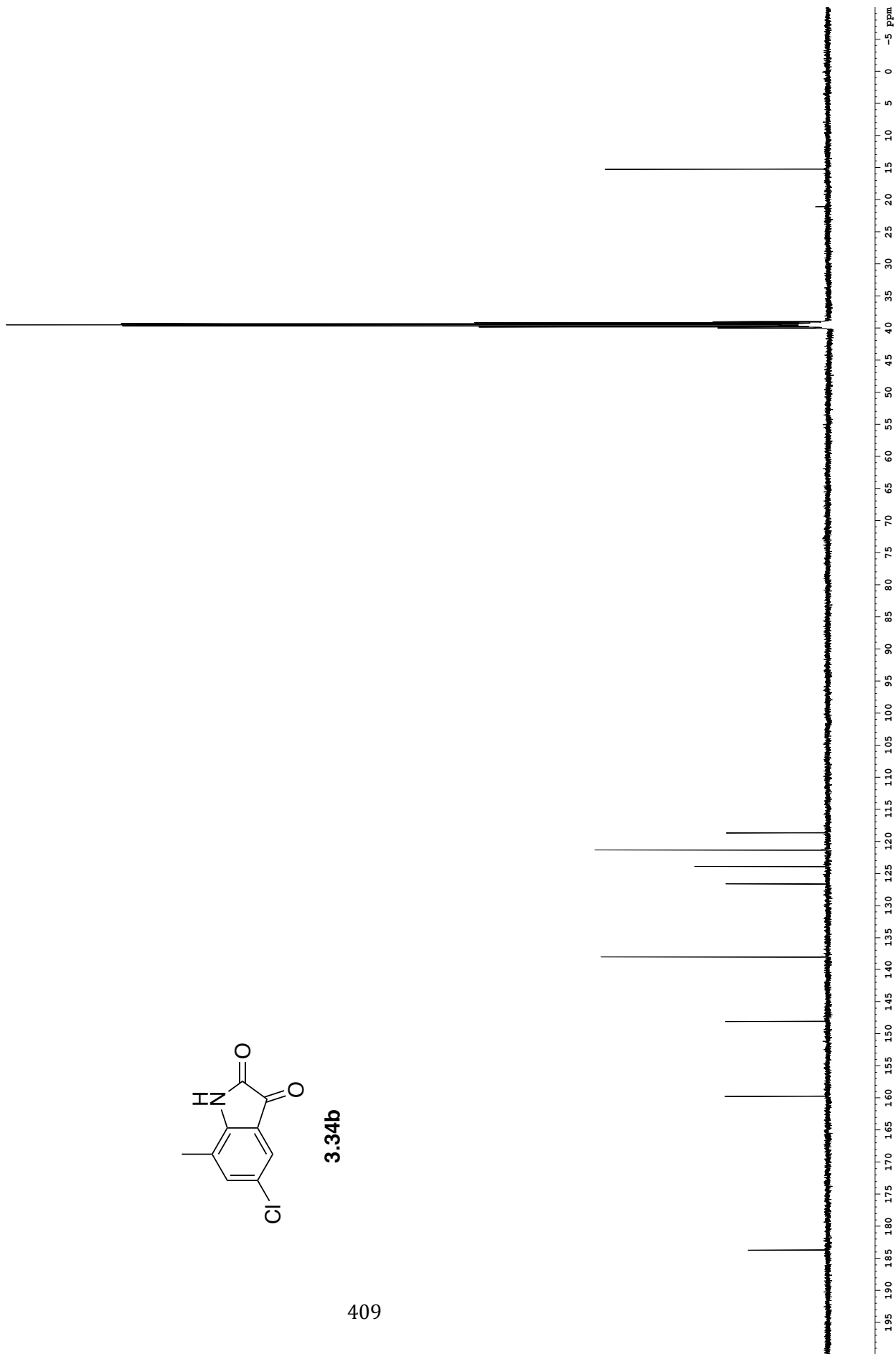
408

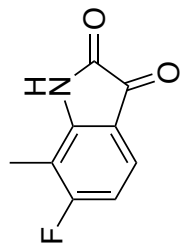




3.34b

183.696
159.728
148.054
138.019
126.622
123.904
121.349
118.674
15.229



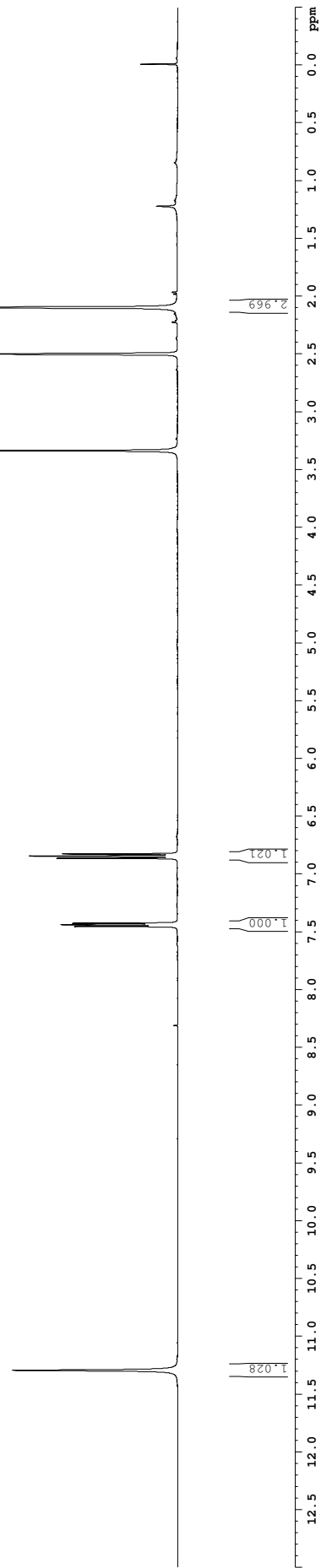


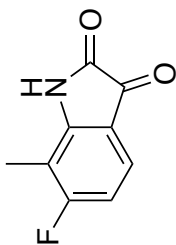
3.34c

2.0975

6.8255
6.8425
6.8454
6.8625
7.4251
7.4363
7.4413
7.4526

11.2936





3.34c

8.183
8.151

109.323
109.469
109.521
109.651
114.354
114.374

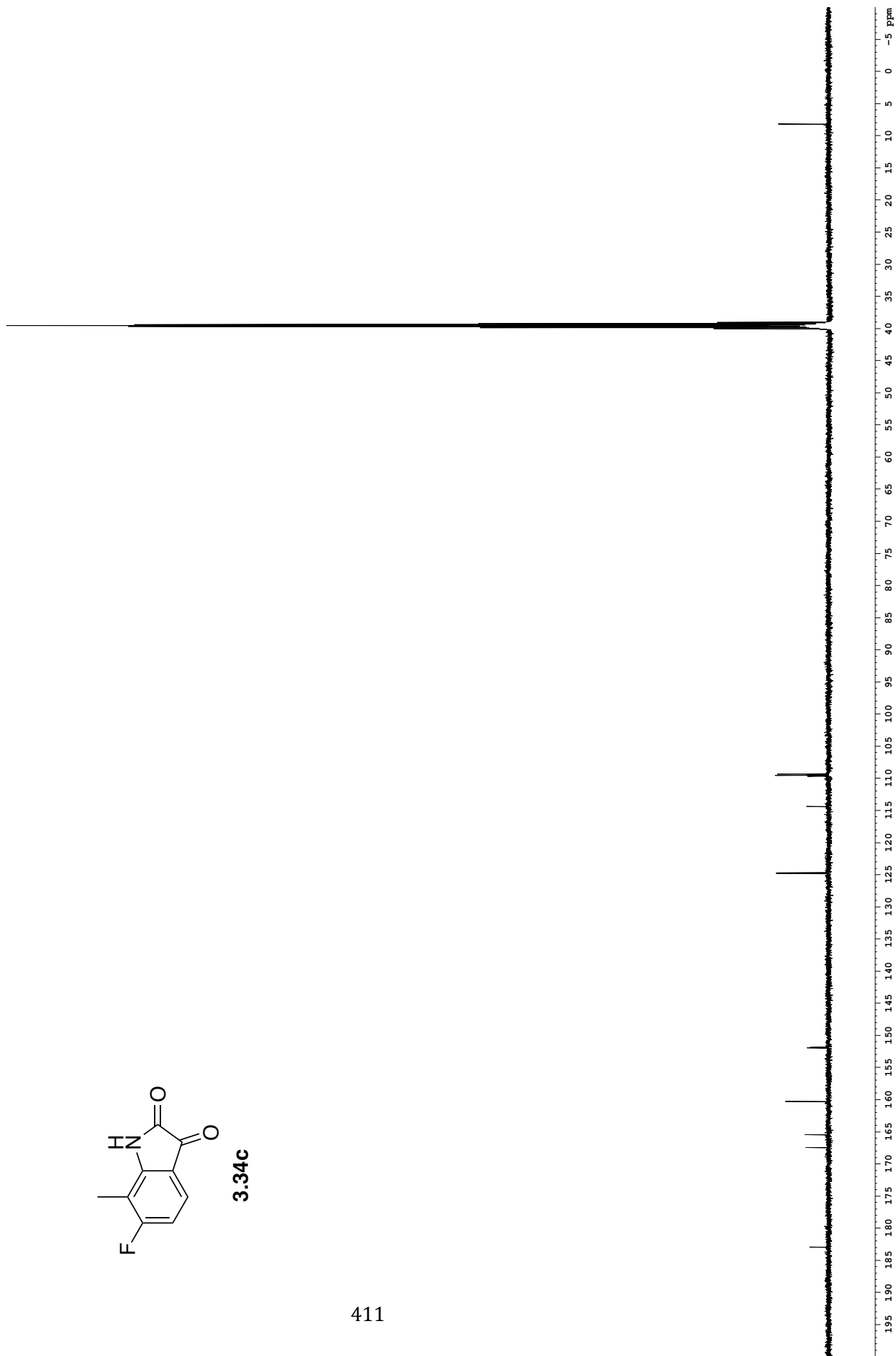
124.702
124.797

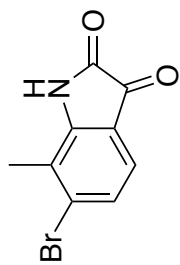
151.867
151.951

160.283

165.439
167.461

182.935



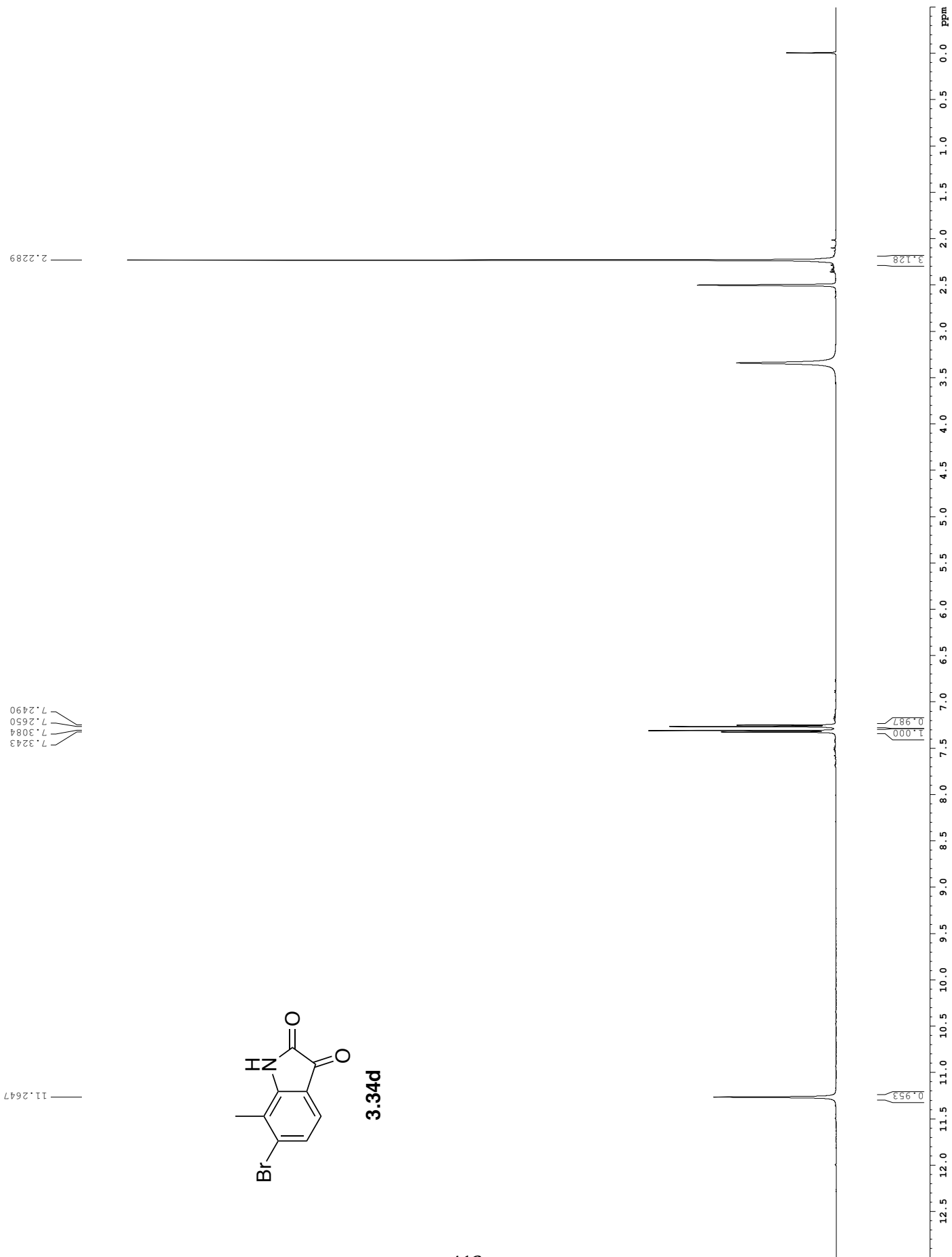


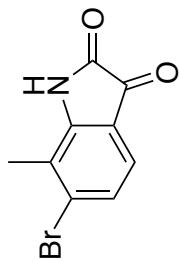
3.34d

7.3243
7.3084
7.2650
7.2490

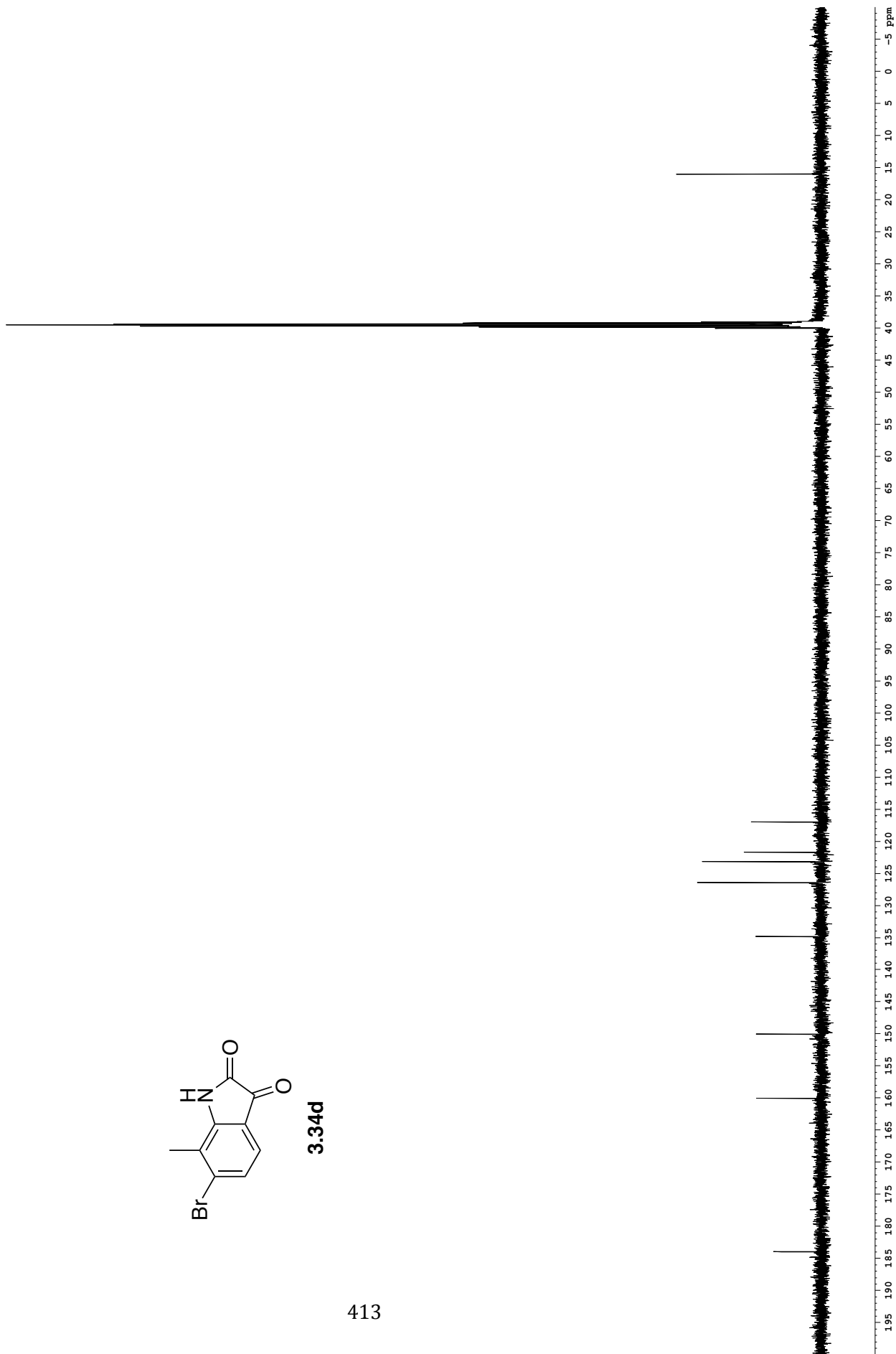
2.2289

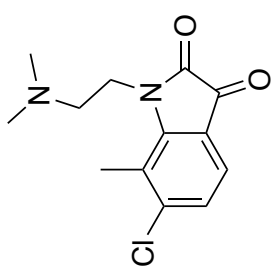
11.2647



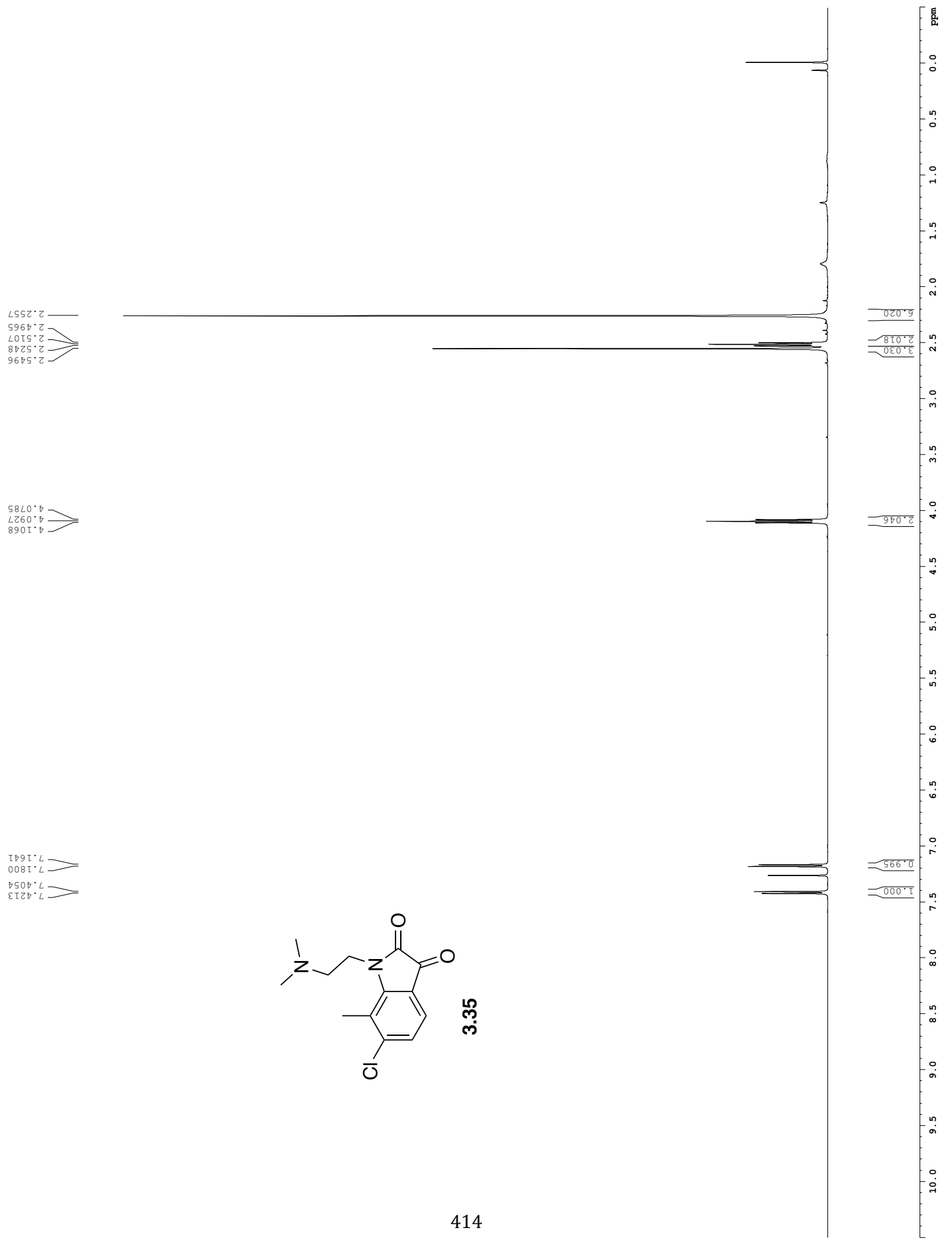


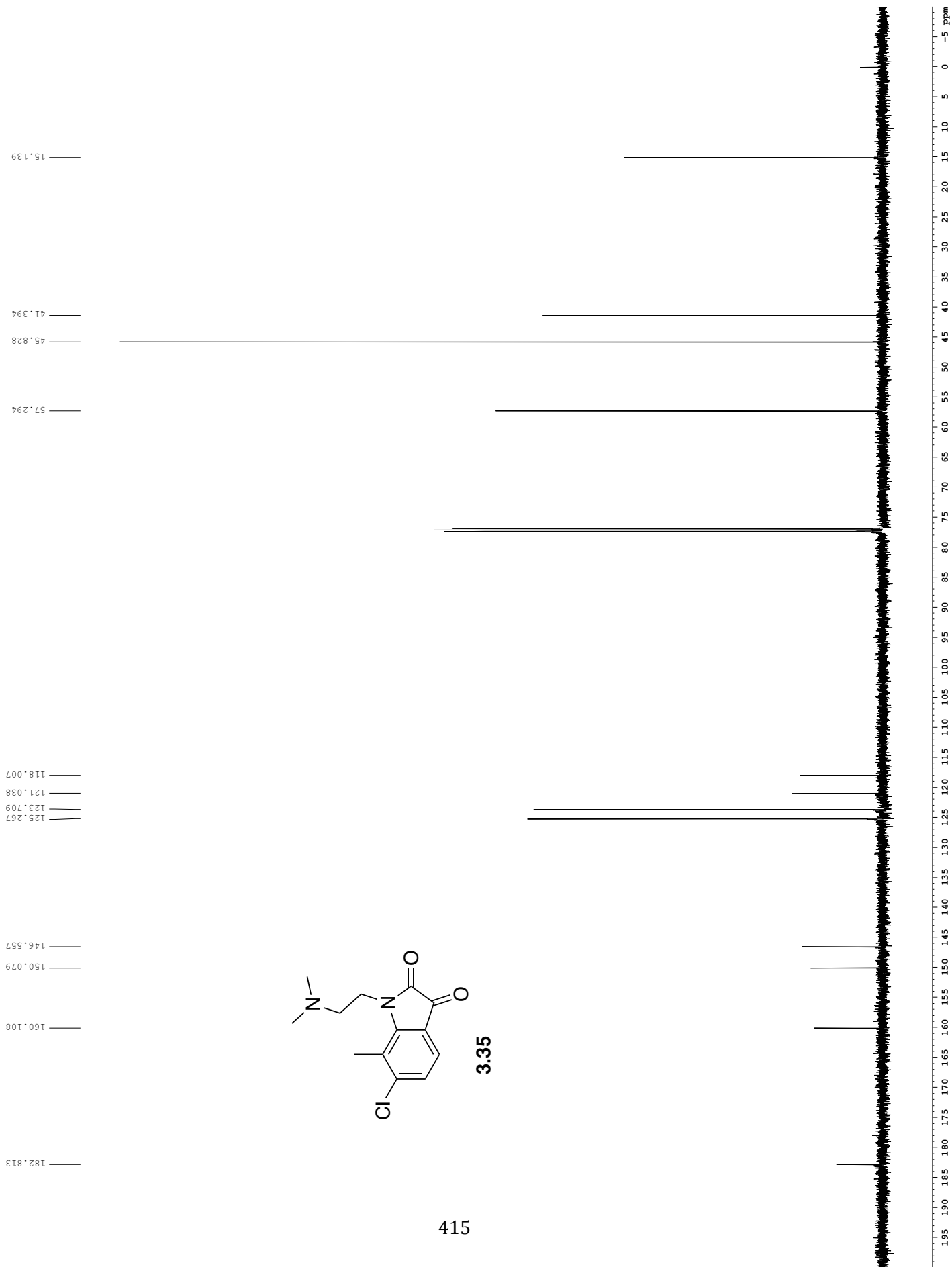
3.34d

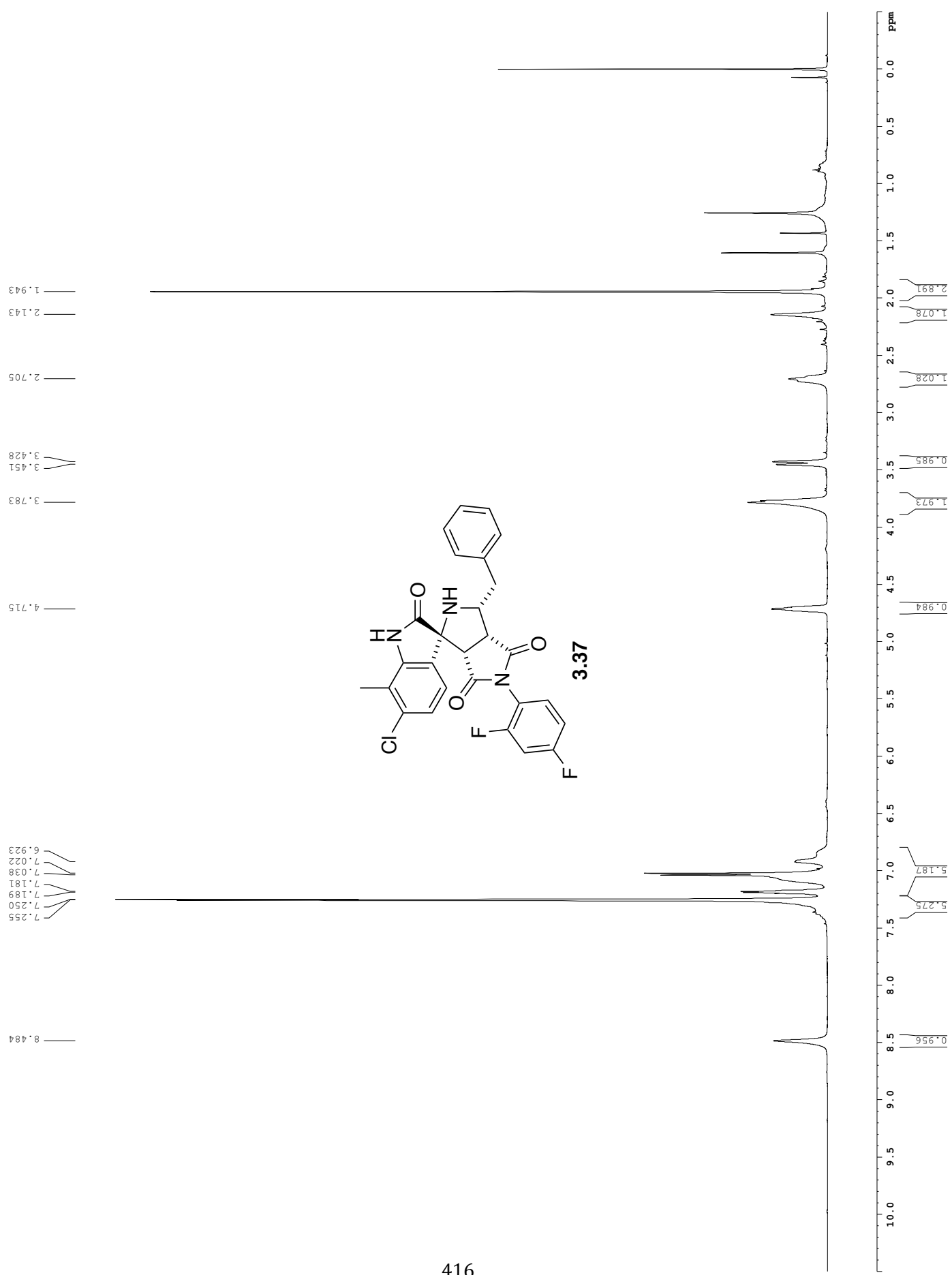




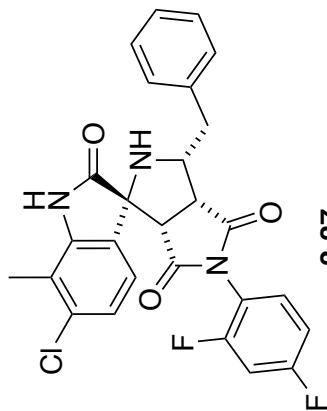
3.35



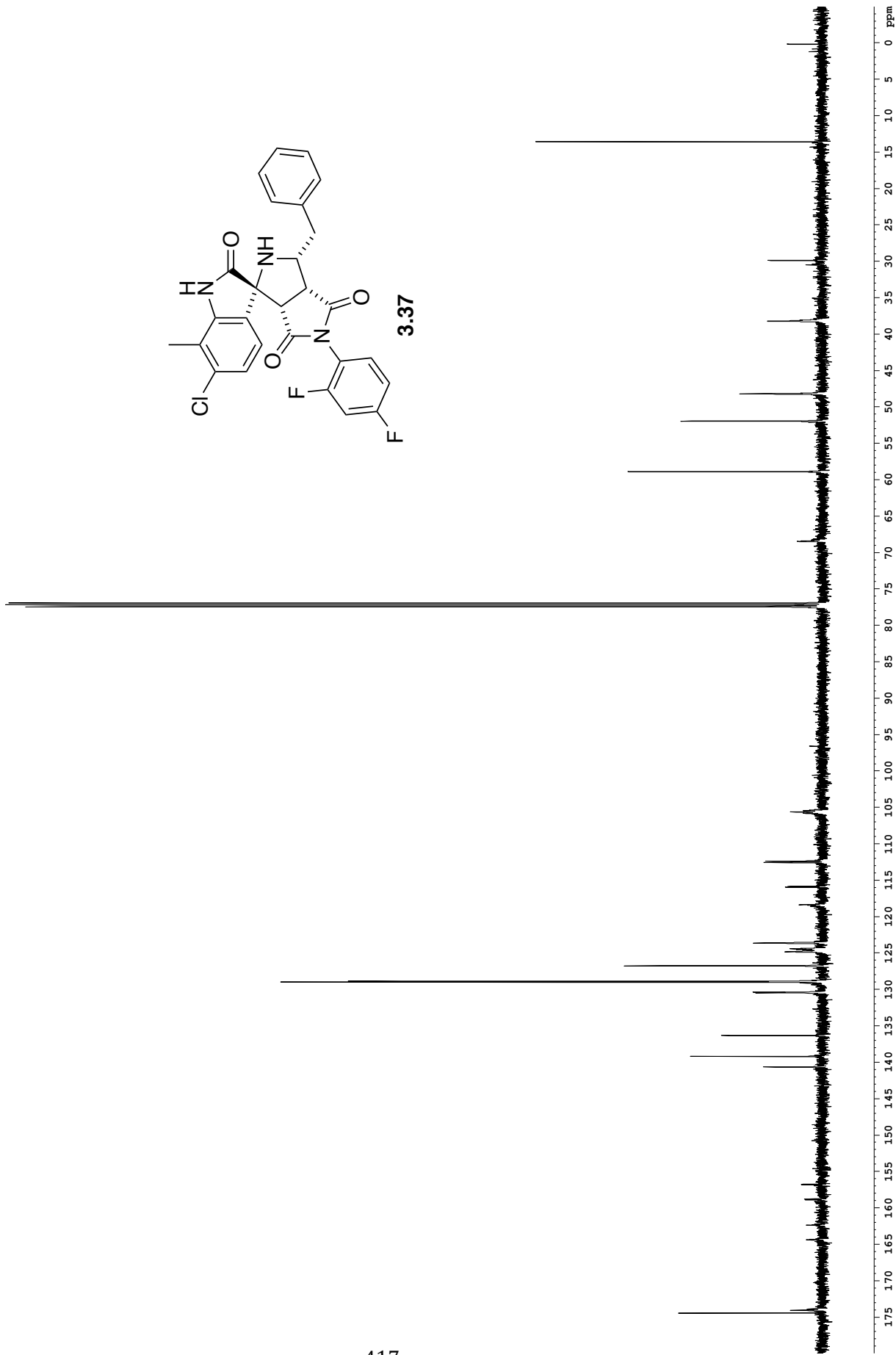


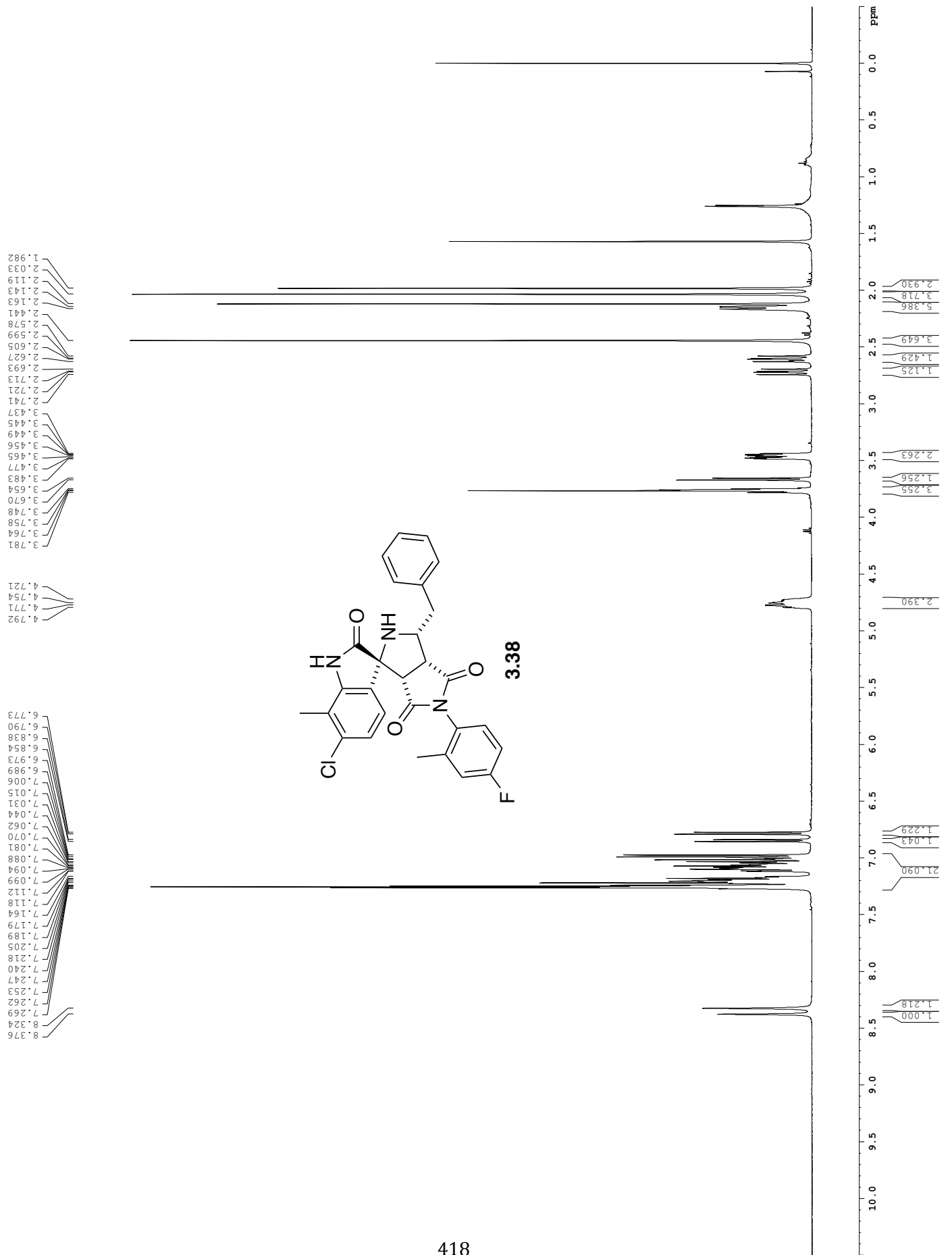


13.528
 38.167
 48.169
 51.906
 58.860
 68.445
 105.582
 112.370
 112.548
 115.847
 118.364
 123.614
 124.397
 124.809
 126.735
 128.858
 128.975
 130.361
 130.441
 136.317
 140.634
 139.181
 156.753
 158.715
 162.437
 164.373
 174.449
 174.061



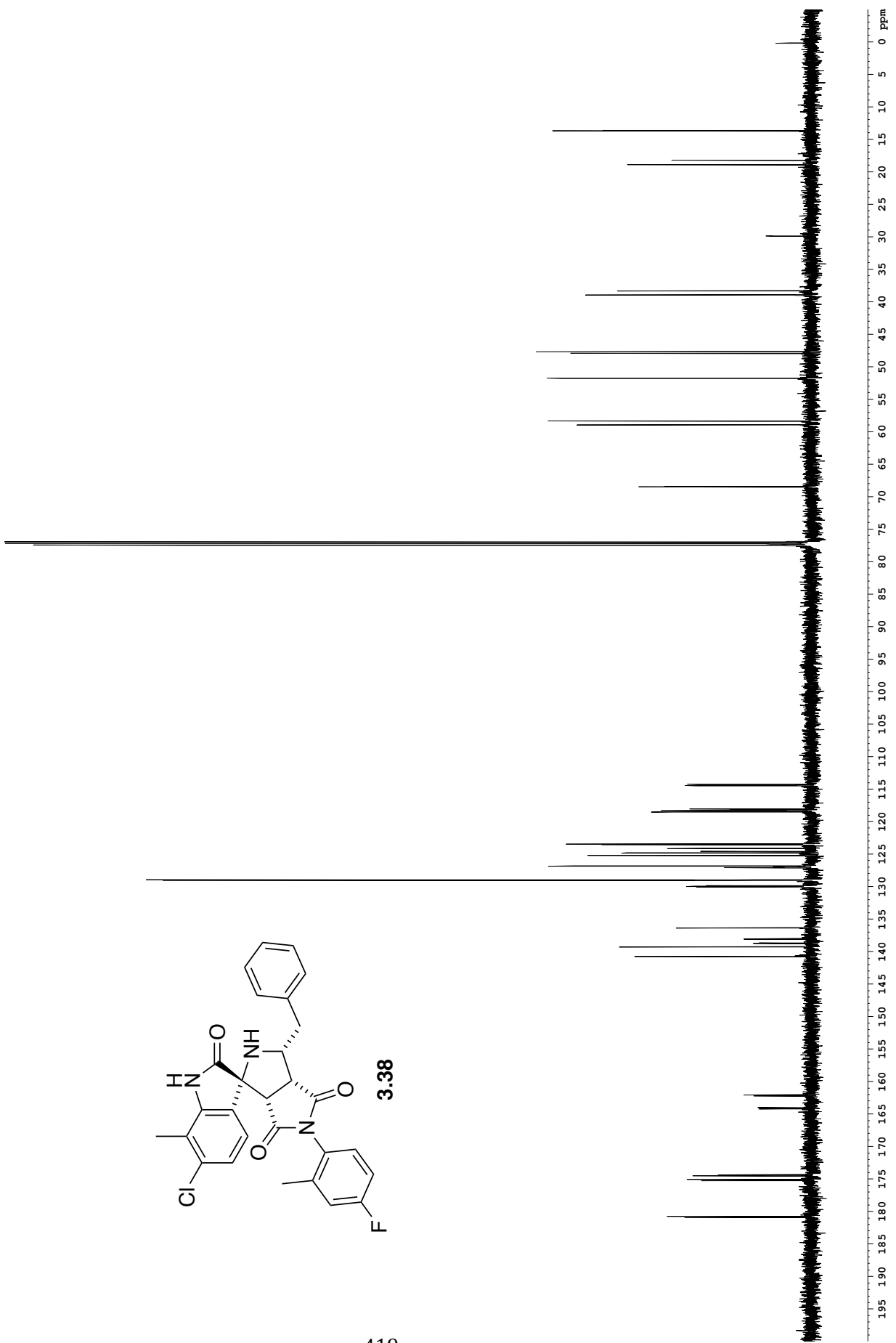
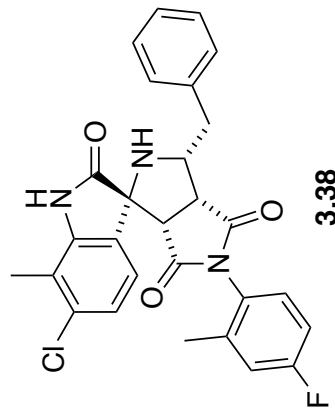
3.37

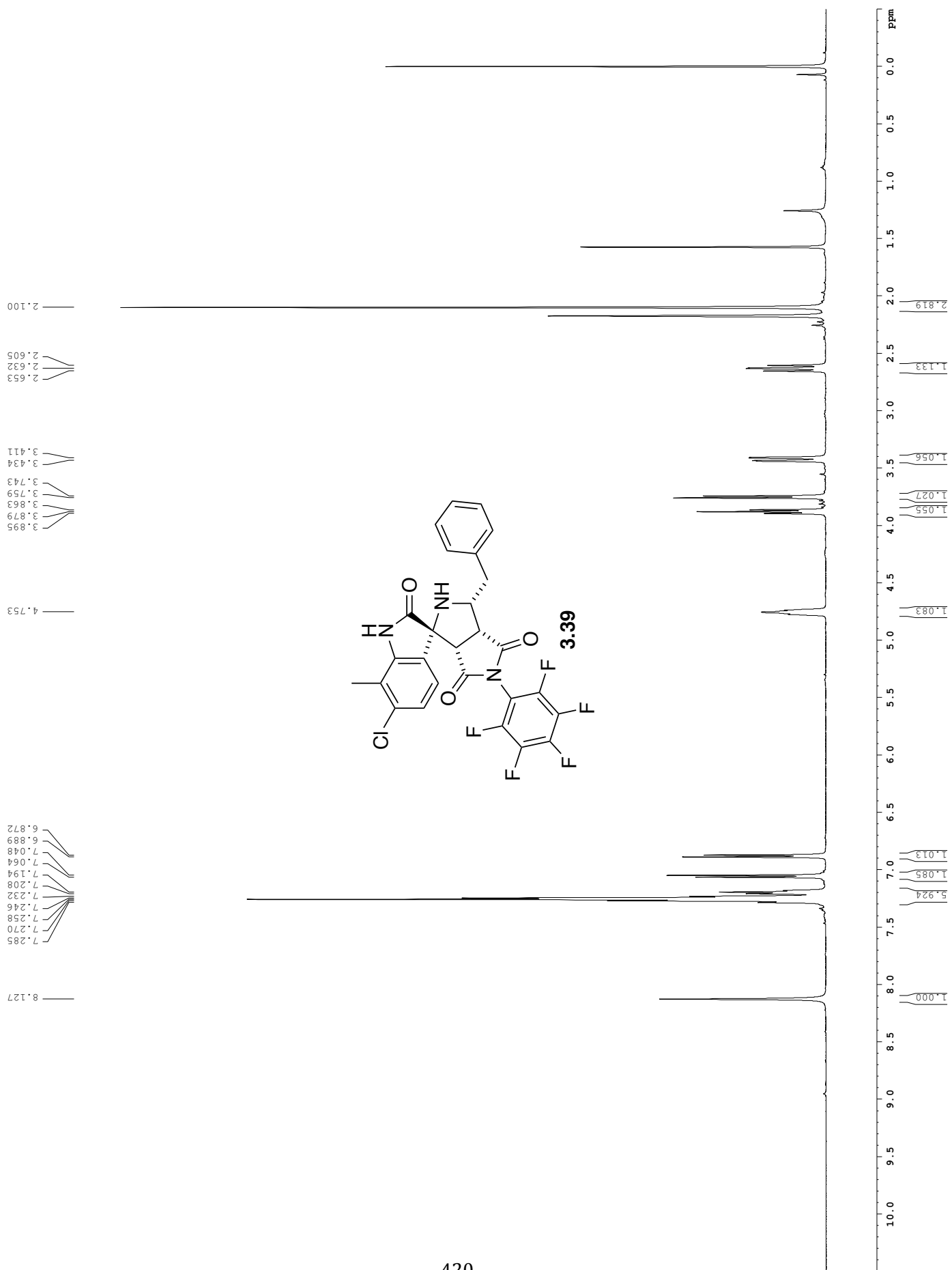




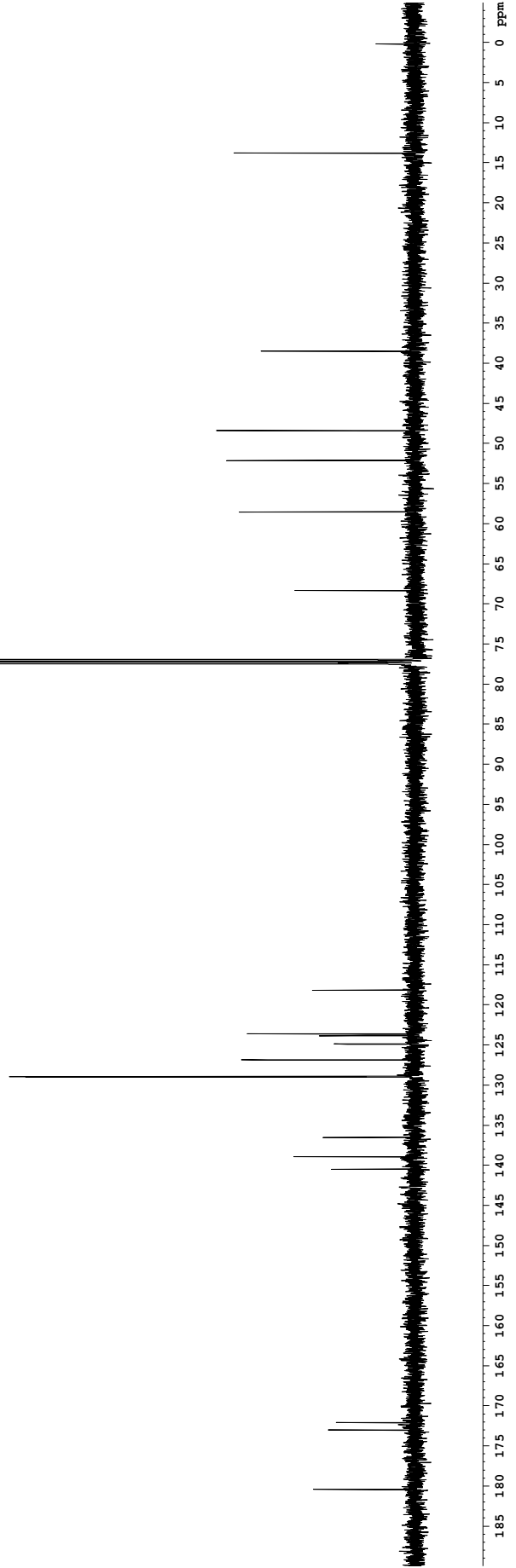
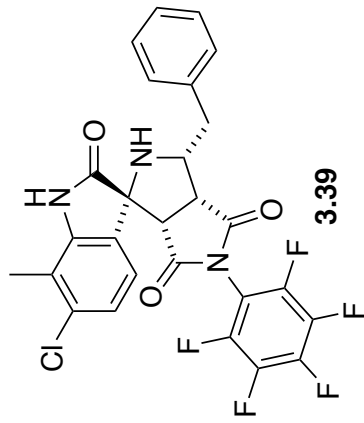
13.586
 13.651
 18.181
 18.860
 38.287
 38.904
 47.644
 47.896
 51.712
 51.762
 58.320
 58.916
 68.368
 68.463

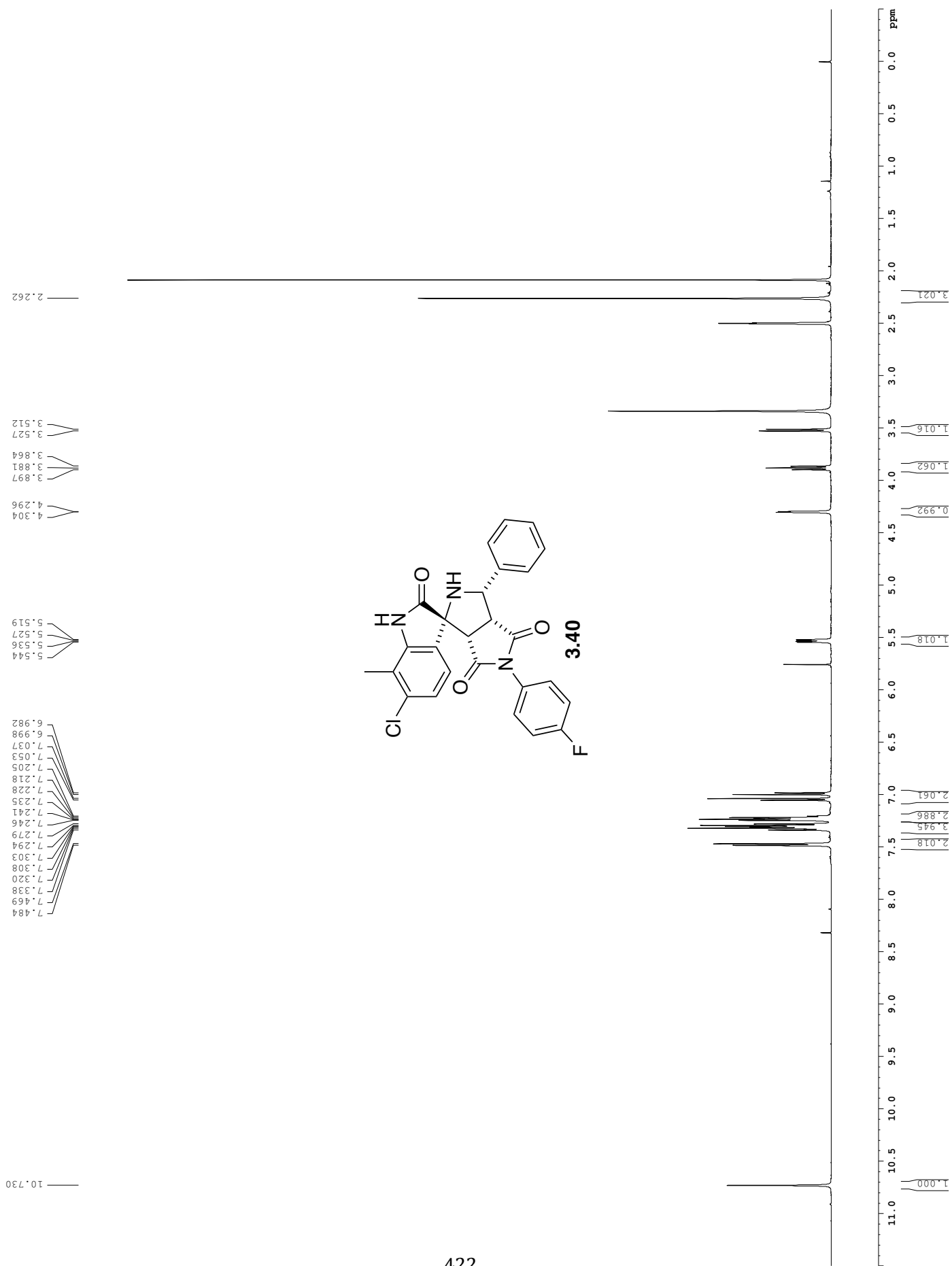
114.219
 114.264
 114.401
 114.447
 118.017
 118.197
 118.244
 118.284
 118.460
 118.476
 123.424
 123.520
 124.097
 124.573
 124.791
 125.190
 126.785
 126.827
 127.018
 127.043
 127.052
 127.079
 128.907
 128.942
 128.987
 129.013
 129.854
 129.928
 129.962
 130.036
 136.327
 136.369
 137.993
 138.063
 138.611
 138.741
 139.257
 139.273
 140.732
 140.739
 162.032
 162.207
 164.014
 164.189
 174.326
 174.505
 175.057
 175.218
 180.755
 180.914

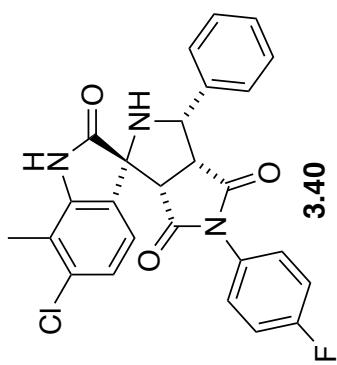




180.418
 173.015
 172.074
 140.507
 138.924
 136.522
 128.980
 128.926
 126.849
 124.866
 123.820
 123.606
 118.149
 68.309
 58.498
 52.081
 48.359
 38.430
 13.734







13.813

49.914
51.376

60.139

67.834

115.817
115.998
116.806
121.428
125.405
126.070
127.287
127.493
127.772
128.542
128.565
128.997
129.069
134.035

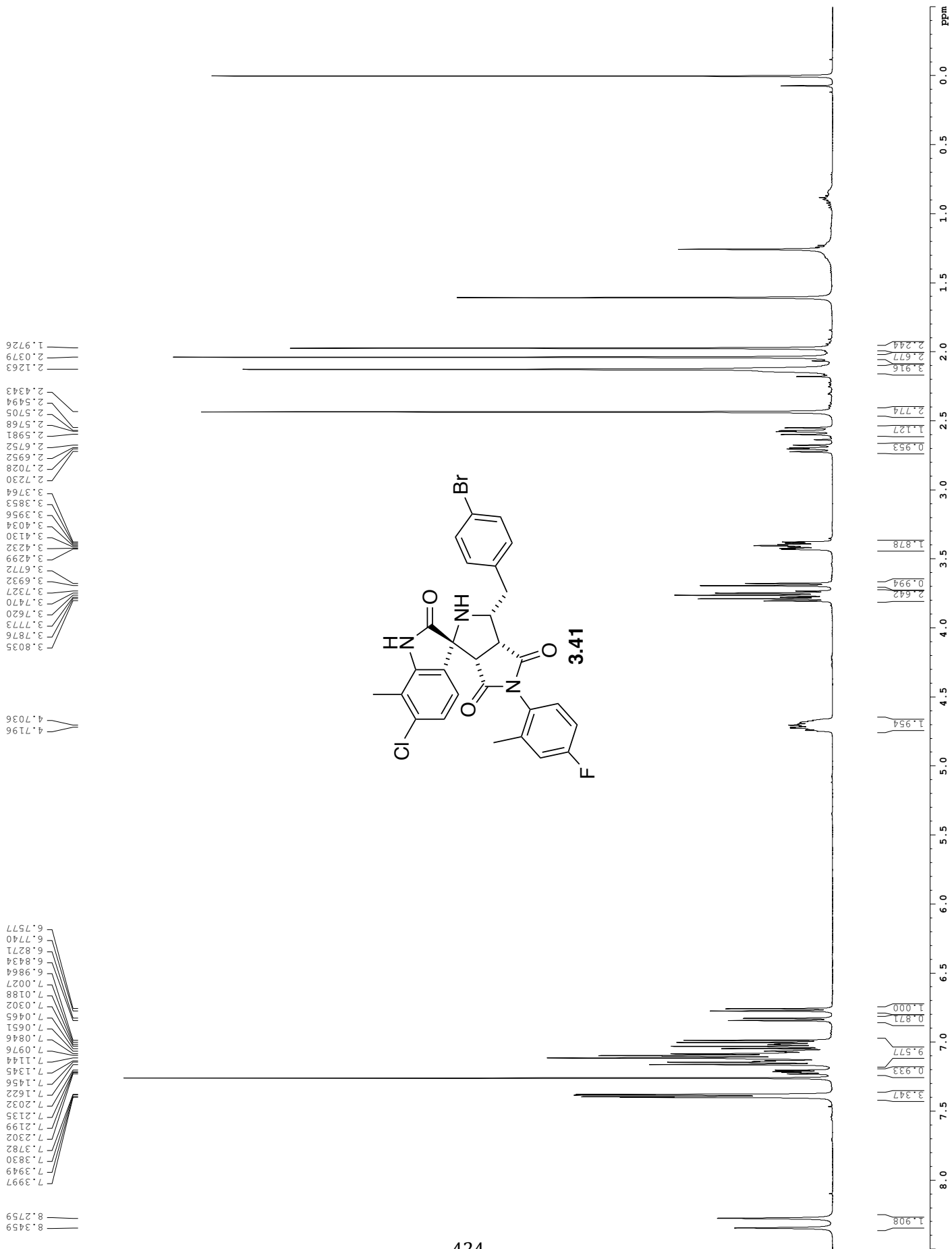
139.441
142.408

160.414
162.364

173.678
174.326

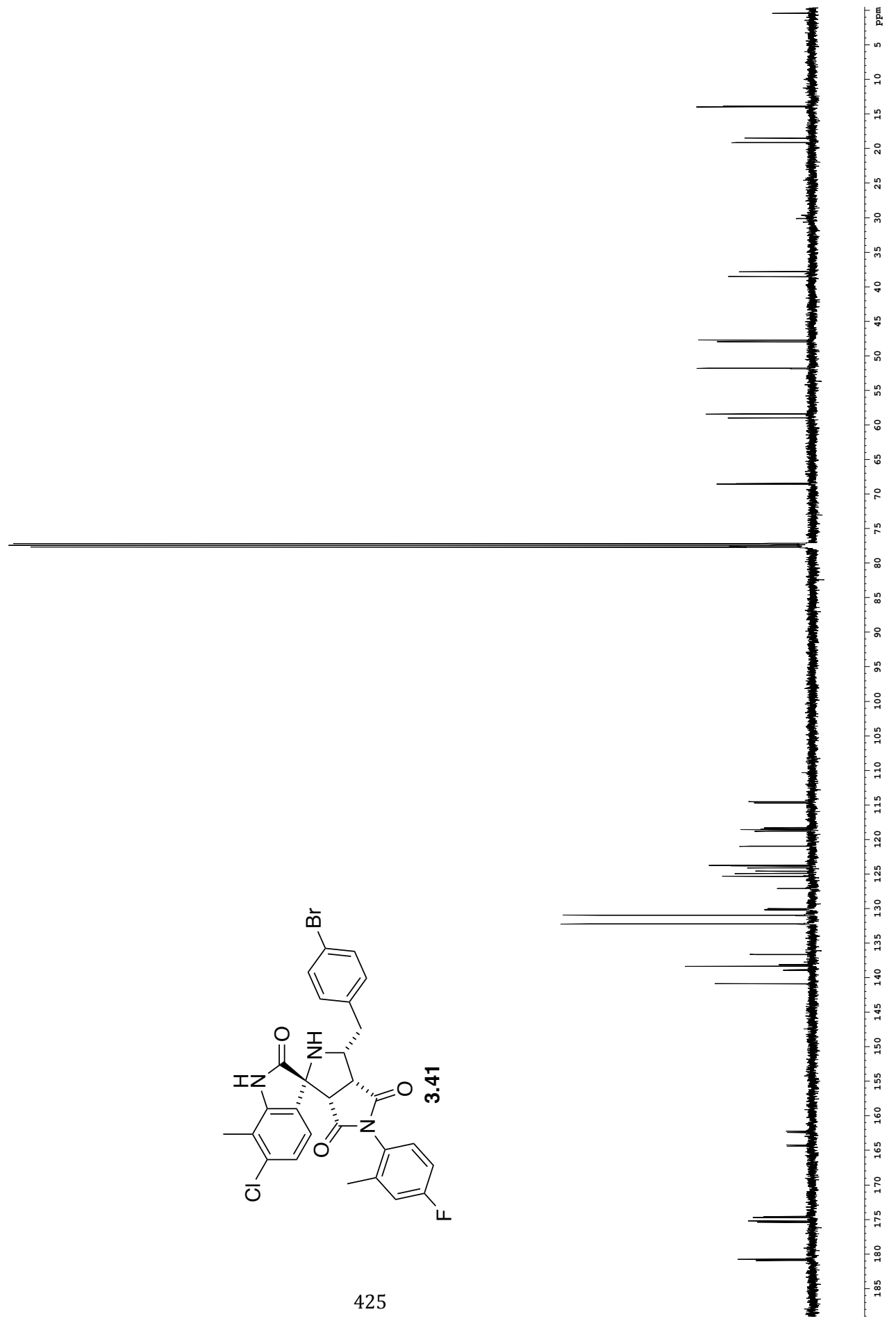
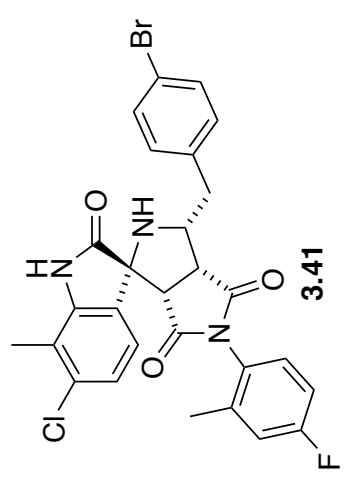
181.382

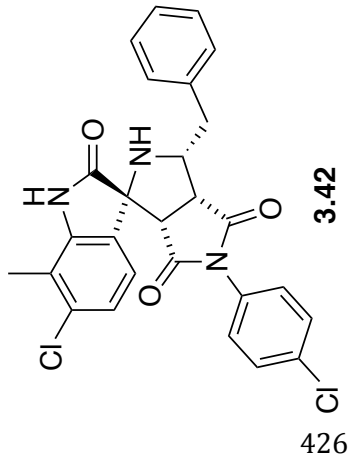
185 180 175 170 165 160 155 150 145 140 135 130 125 120 115 110 105 100 95 90 85 80 75 70 65 60 55 50 45 40 35 30 25 20 15 10 5 0 ppm



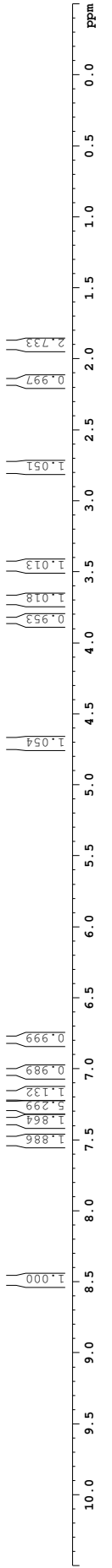
13.788
13.870
19.052
18.399
37.736
38.437
47.647
47.892
51.712
51.758
58.336
58.919
68.391
68.498

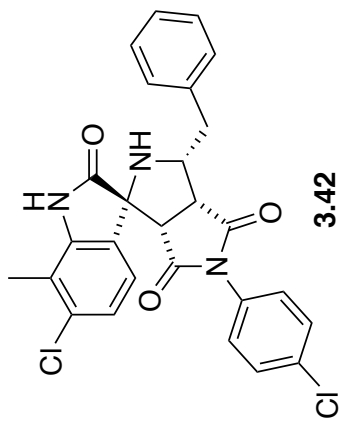
114.479
114.493
114.660
114.675
118.236
118.416
118.498
118.533
118.714
118.756
120.888
120.934
123.674
123.775
124.043
124.532
124.864
125.277
126.987
127.014
127.024
127.048
129.953
130.028
130.080
130.155
130.901
130.944
132.154
132.193
136.571
136.613
138.045
138.115
138.291
138.794
138.864
140.816
162.188
162.363
164.170
164.346
174.525
174.665
175.165
175.364
180.702
180.876





- 8.4894
- 7.5136
- 7.4962
- 7.3756
- 7.3582
- 7.2646
- 7.2563
- 7.2032
- 7.1948
- 7.1860
- 7.1771
- 7.1688
- 7.0308
- 7.0147
- 6.8023
- 6.7861
- 4.7310
- 4.7235
- 4.7169
- 4.7096
- 4.7030
- 4.6962
- 4.6891
- 4.6819
- 3.8497
- 3.8338
- 3.7132
- 3.6983
- 3.6832
- 3.4753
- 3.4677
- 3.4476
- 3.4400
- 2.7885
- 2.7881
- 2.7608
- 2.7405
- 2.1641
- 2.1587
- 1.9018



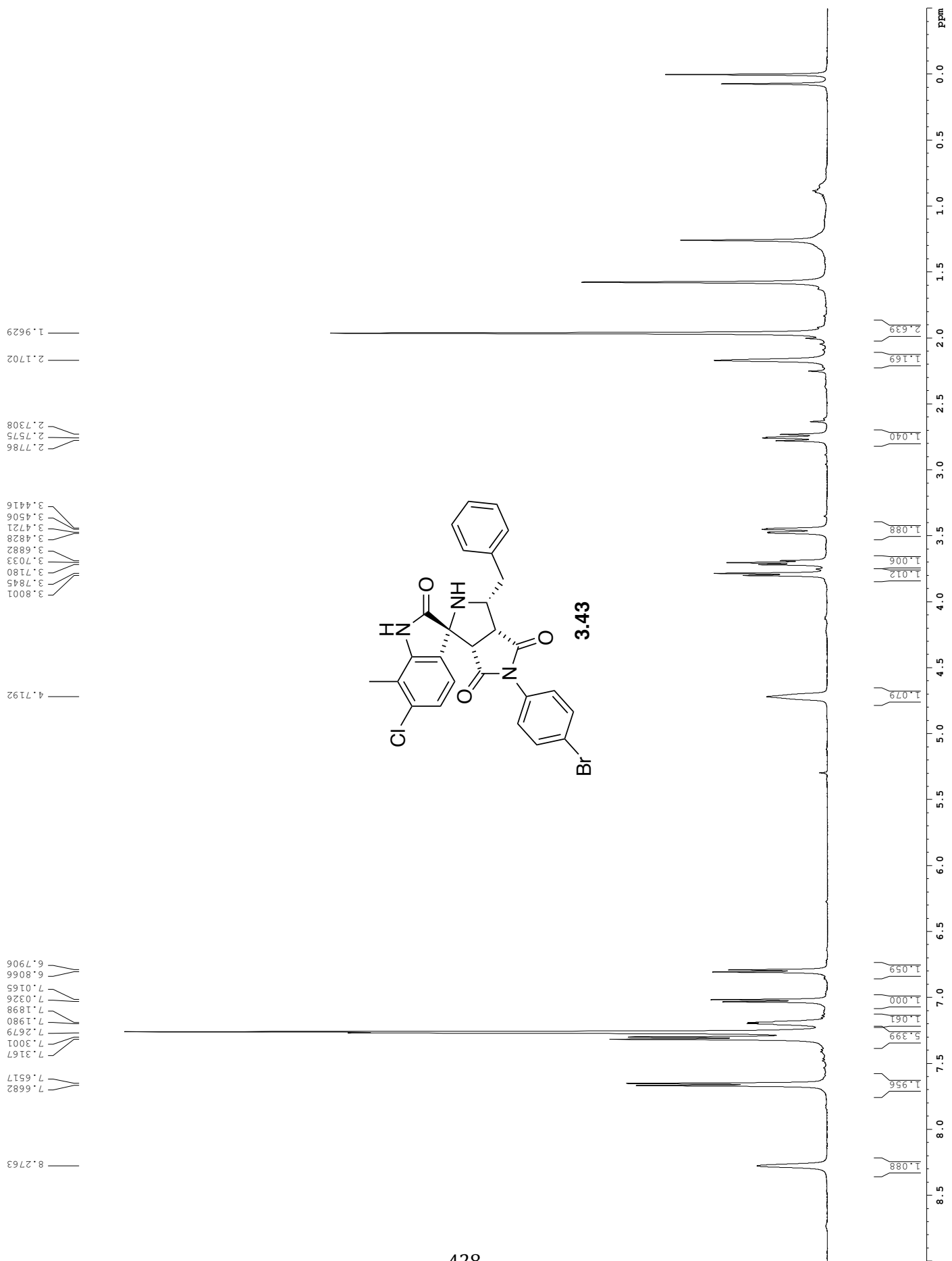


180.833
175.016
174.786
140.673
139.143
136.350
134.880
130.145
129.698
128.945
128.871
127.676
126.754
124.815
124.400
123.572
118.671

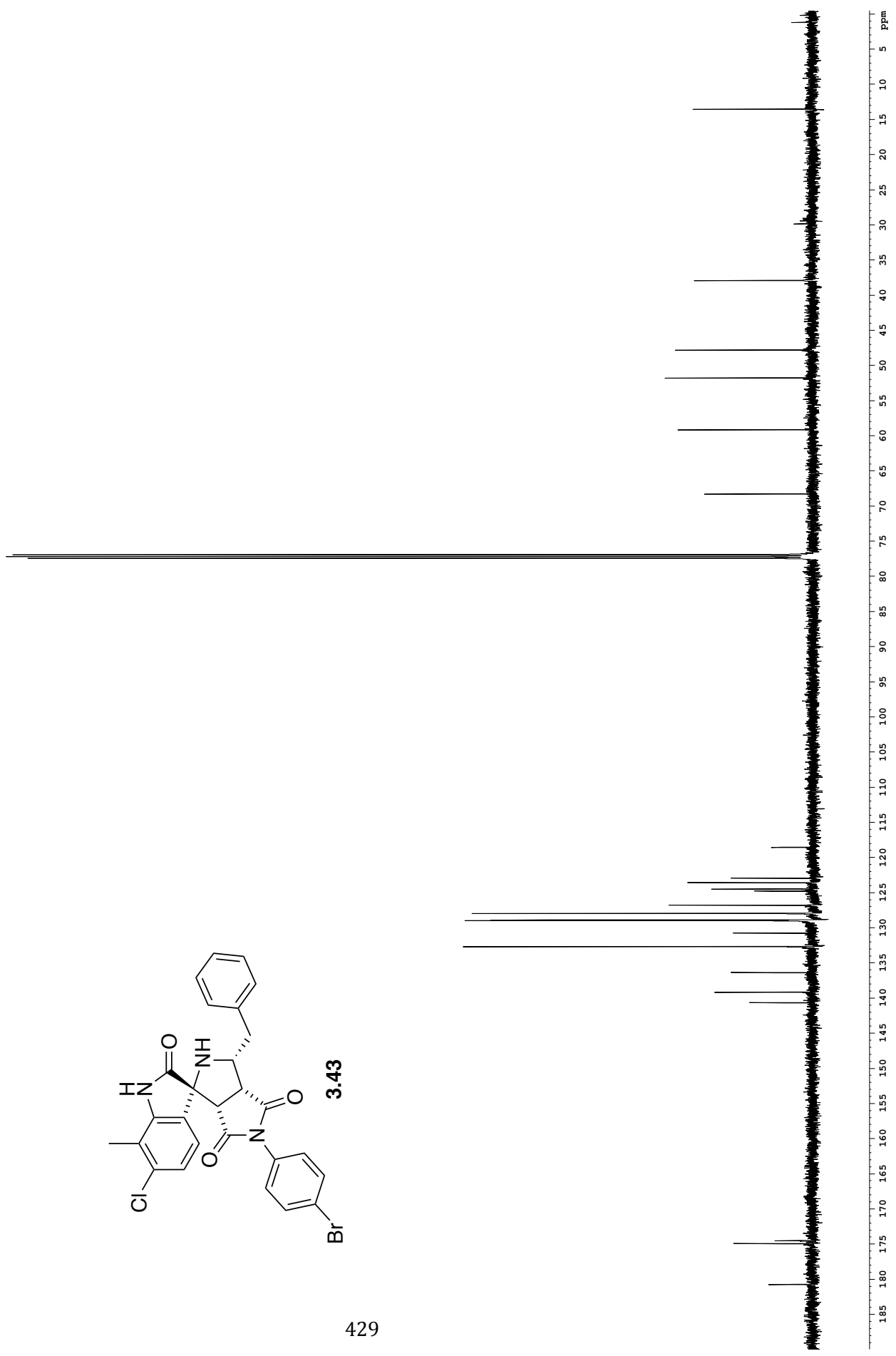
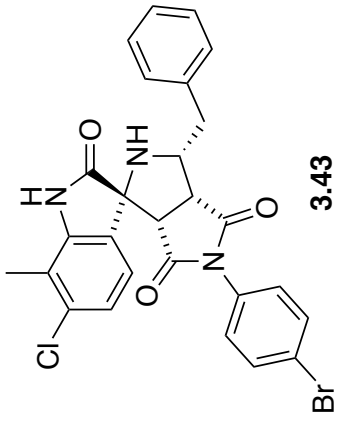
68.220
59.169
51.710
47.800
37.823
13.465

427

195 185 180 175 170 165 160 155 150 145 140 135 130 125 120 115 110 105 100 95 90 85 80 75 70 65 60 55 50 45 40 35 30 25 20 15 10 5 0 -5 ppm



180.757
 174.929
 174.526
 140.647
 139.158
 136.367
 132.671
 130.727
 128.965
 128.878
 127.951
 126.761
 124.769
 124.481
 123.567
 122.918
 118.557
 68.262
 59.148
 51.755
 47.786
 37.899
 13.522

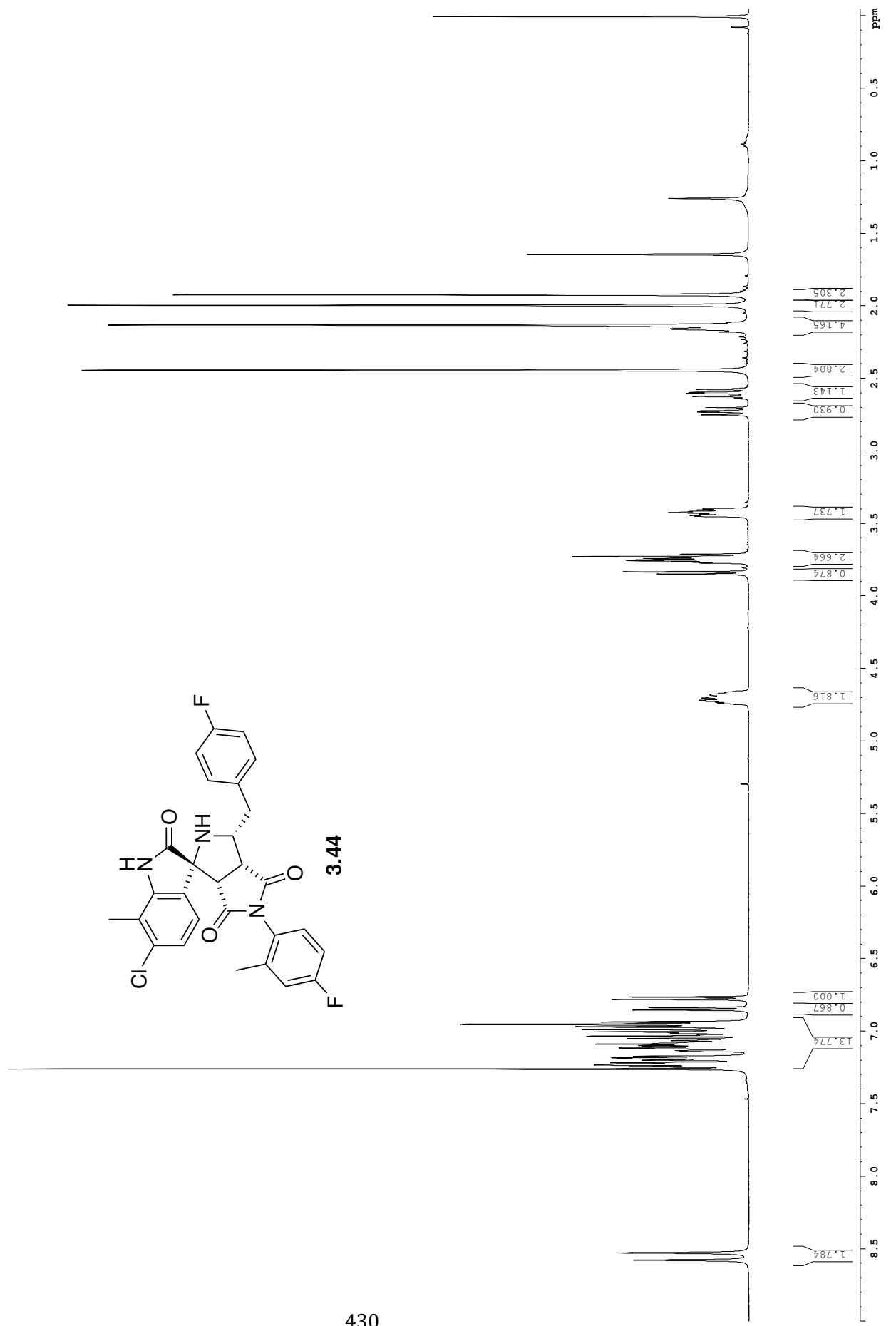
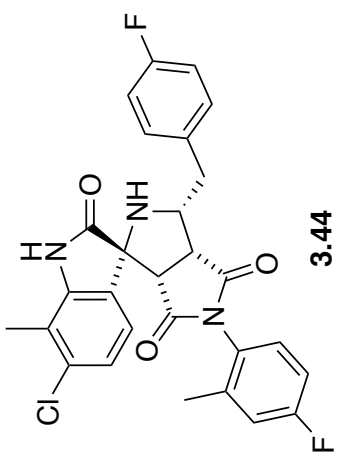


1.9226
1.9947
2.1307
2.1561
2.4420
2.5740
2.5952
2.6016
2.6228
2.7022
2.7222
2.7300
2.7500
3.3990
3.4068
3.4242
3.4346
3.4440
3.7119
3.7279
3.7409
3.7497
3.7562
3.7646
3.7718
3.8326
3.8485

4.6821
4.6947
4.7026
4.7176
4.7247

6.7647
6.7810
6.8377
6.8539
6.9372
6.9518
6.9689
6.9880
7.0043
7.0340
7.0504
7.0652
7.0888
7.0985
7.1058
7.1157
7.1332
7.1722
7.1831
7.1889
7.1998
7.2171
7.2281
7.2328
7.2447

8.5285
8.5787



13.597
13.505

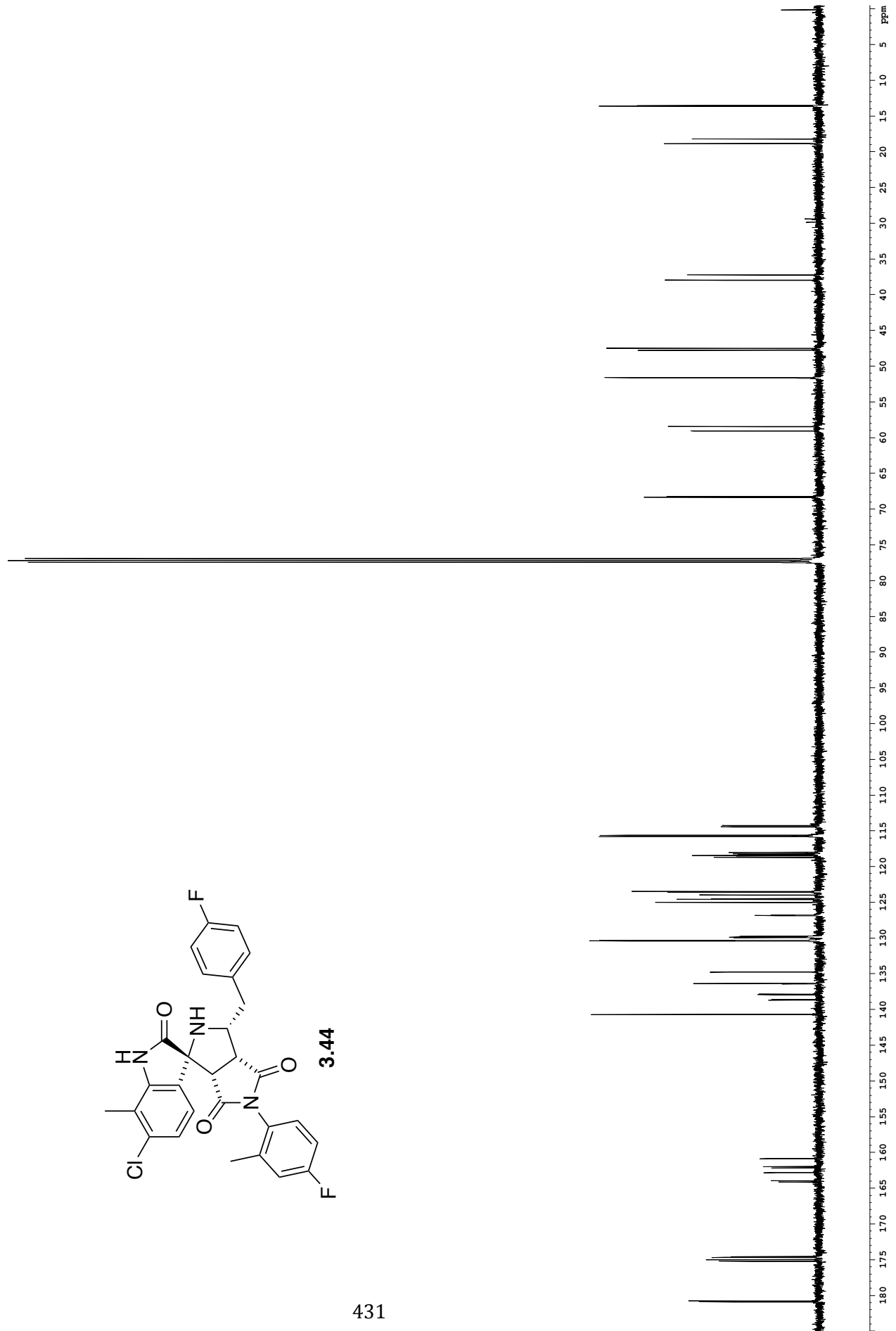
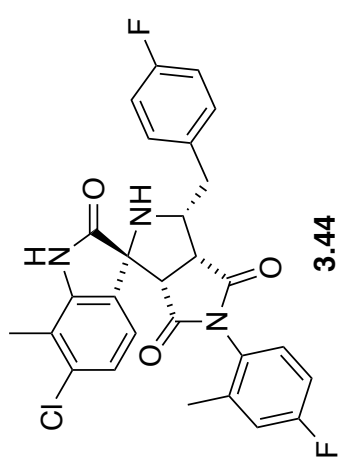
37.949
37.210

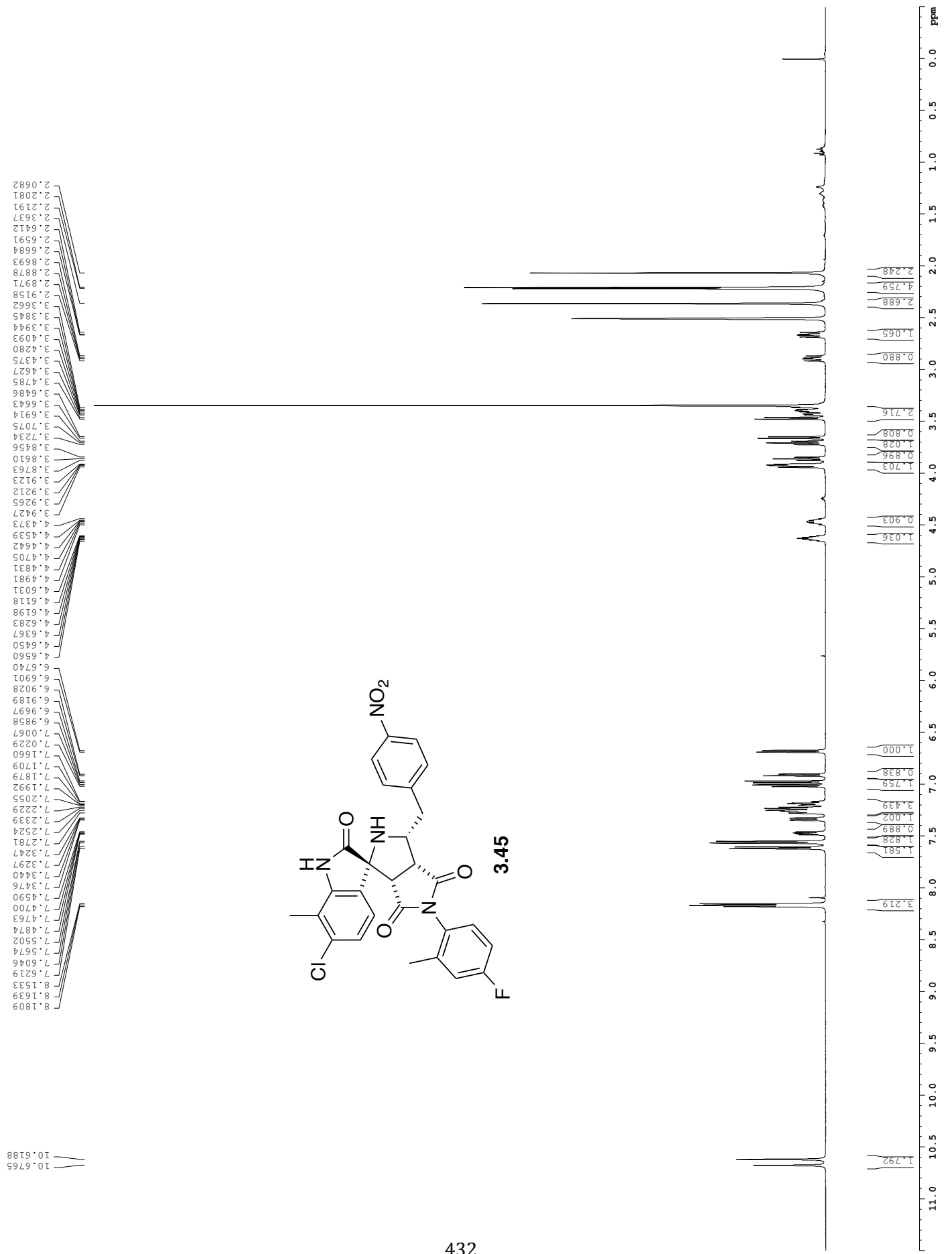
47.476
47.752
51.579
51.620

59.049
58.422

68.324
68.210

180.902
180.772
175.214
175.000
174.671
174.569
164.131
163.944
162.822
162.792
162.148
161.965
160.875
160.845
158.665
158.595
137.920
137.850
136.387
136.339
134.770
134.746
130.431
130.397
130.369
130.335
129.936
129.862
129.820
129.746
126.850
126.826
126.784
125.006
124.568
124.480
123.979
123.575
123.470
118.500
118.426
118.320
118.199
118.019
115.796
115.749
115.628
115.581
114.461
114.429
114.279
114.247





18.874
18.237
14.712
14.663

38.993
37.370

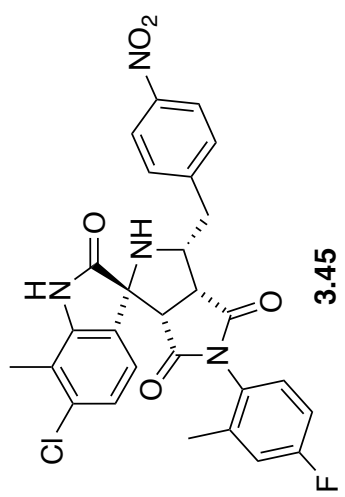
53.469
52.791
50.082
48.927

60.153
58.381

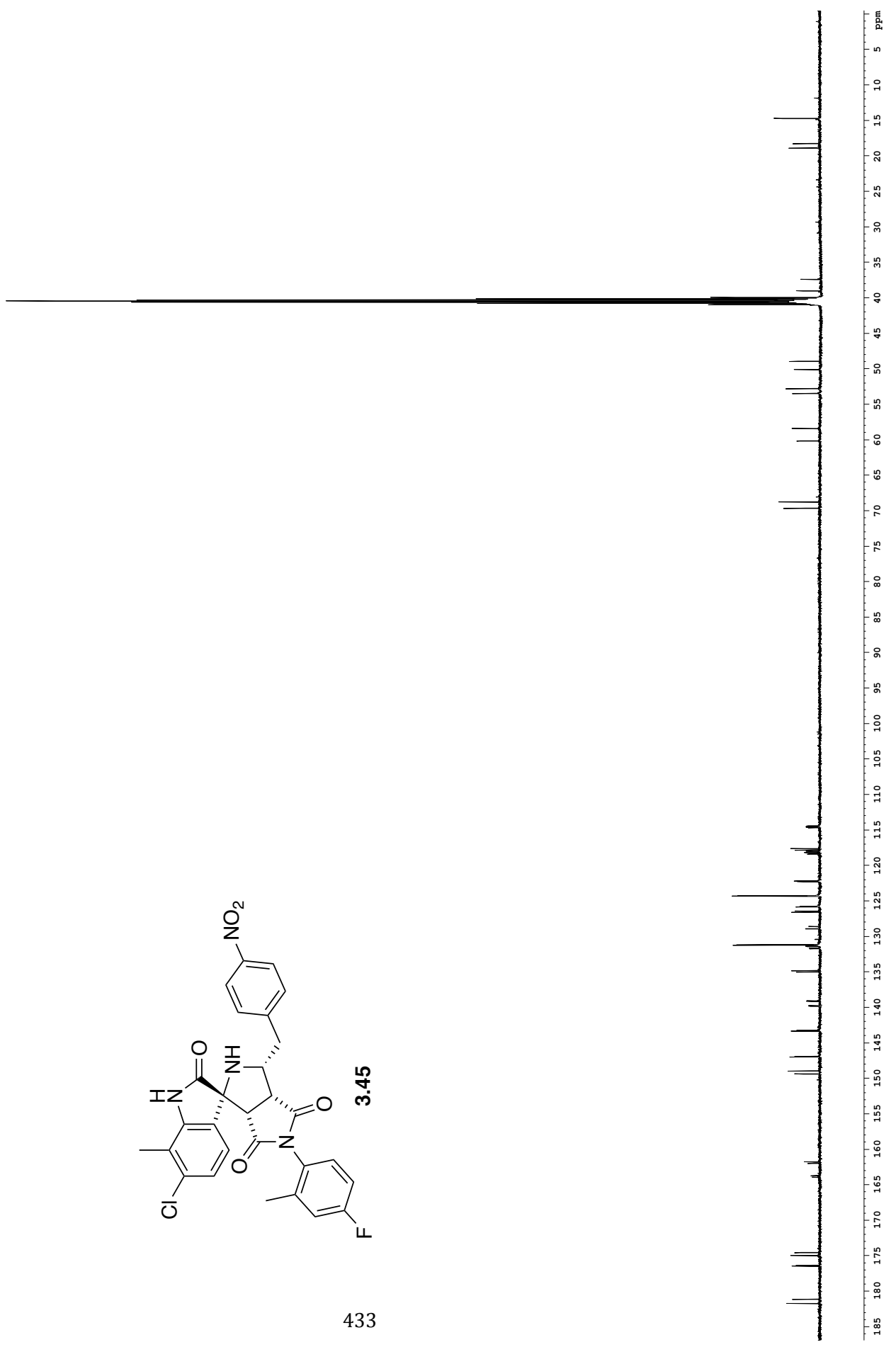
69.639
68.744

163.931
163.726
161.977
161.774
149.381
148.960
146.990
146.914
143.358
143.226
139.832
139.760
139.144
139.073
135.027
134.842
131.720
131.644
131.416
131.343
131.238
131.156
128.919
128.597
128.576
126.578
126.410
125.821
125.736
124.315
124.253
122.277
122.164
118.379
118.199
118.173
117.993
117.824
117.618
114.664
114.592
114.484
114.412

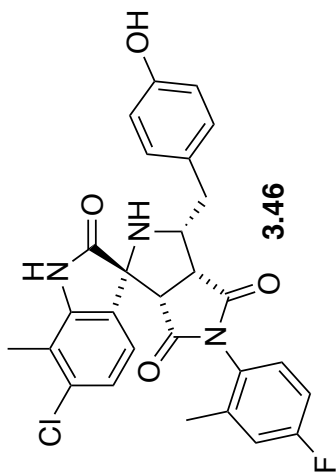
181.725
181.161
176.474
176.367
174.974
174.561



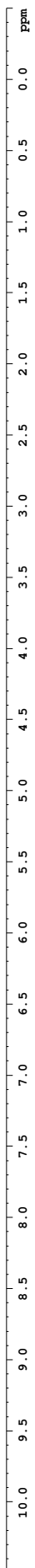
433

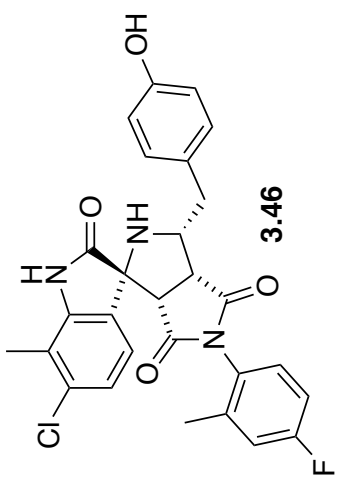


1.8160
 1.8516
 2.0500
 2.1256
 2.1989
 2.2489
 2.4253
 2.5190
 2.5462
 2.5666
 2.6551
 2.6826
 2.7025
 3.3298
 3.3533
 3.3562
 3.3636
 3.6360
 3.6516
 3.6688
 3.6848
 3.7004
 3.7131
 3.7278
 3.8061
 3.8218
 4.1030
 4.1173
 4.1316
 4.1459
 4.6497
 4.6655
 4.6734
 4.6840
 4.6928
 4.7007
 4.7093
 6.4554
 6.5026
 6.6350
 6.6518
 6.7465
 6.7628
 6.8394
 6.8556
 6.9685
 6.9848
 7.0169
 7.0335
 7.0407
 7.0578
 7.0607
 7.0781
 7.0926
 7.0976
 7.1159
 7.1264
 7.1332
 7.1438
 7.2295
 7.2398
 7.2465
 8.7236
 8.6636



5.191
 2.301
 1.817
 2.918
 1.158
 0.908
 1.808
 2.898
 0.836
 1.834
 1.820
 3.510
 1.051
 0.850
 10.019
 0.897
 1.878





13.414
13.448
18.158
18.790

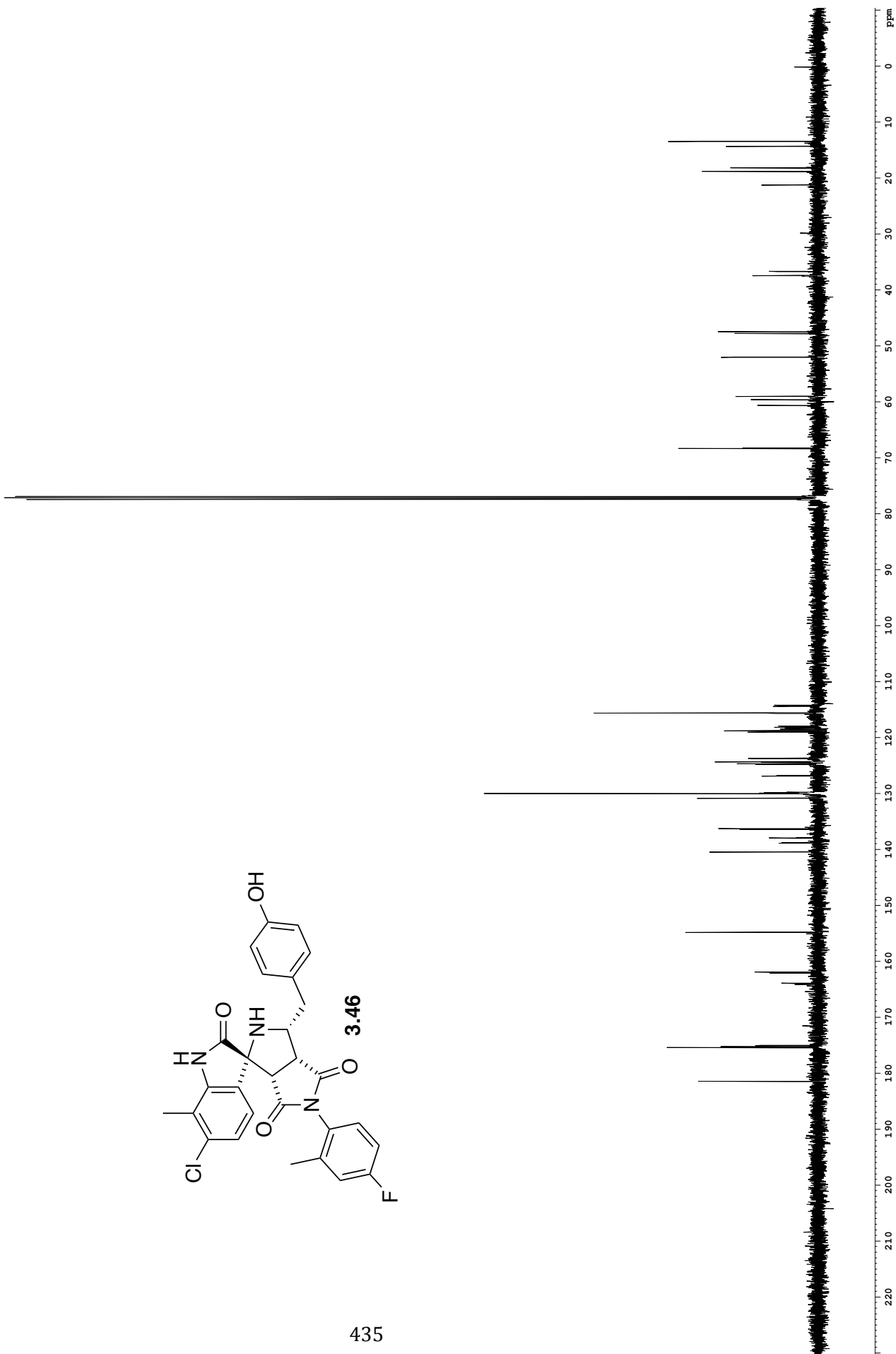
36.669
37.419

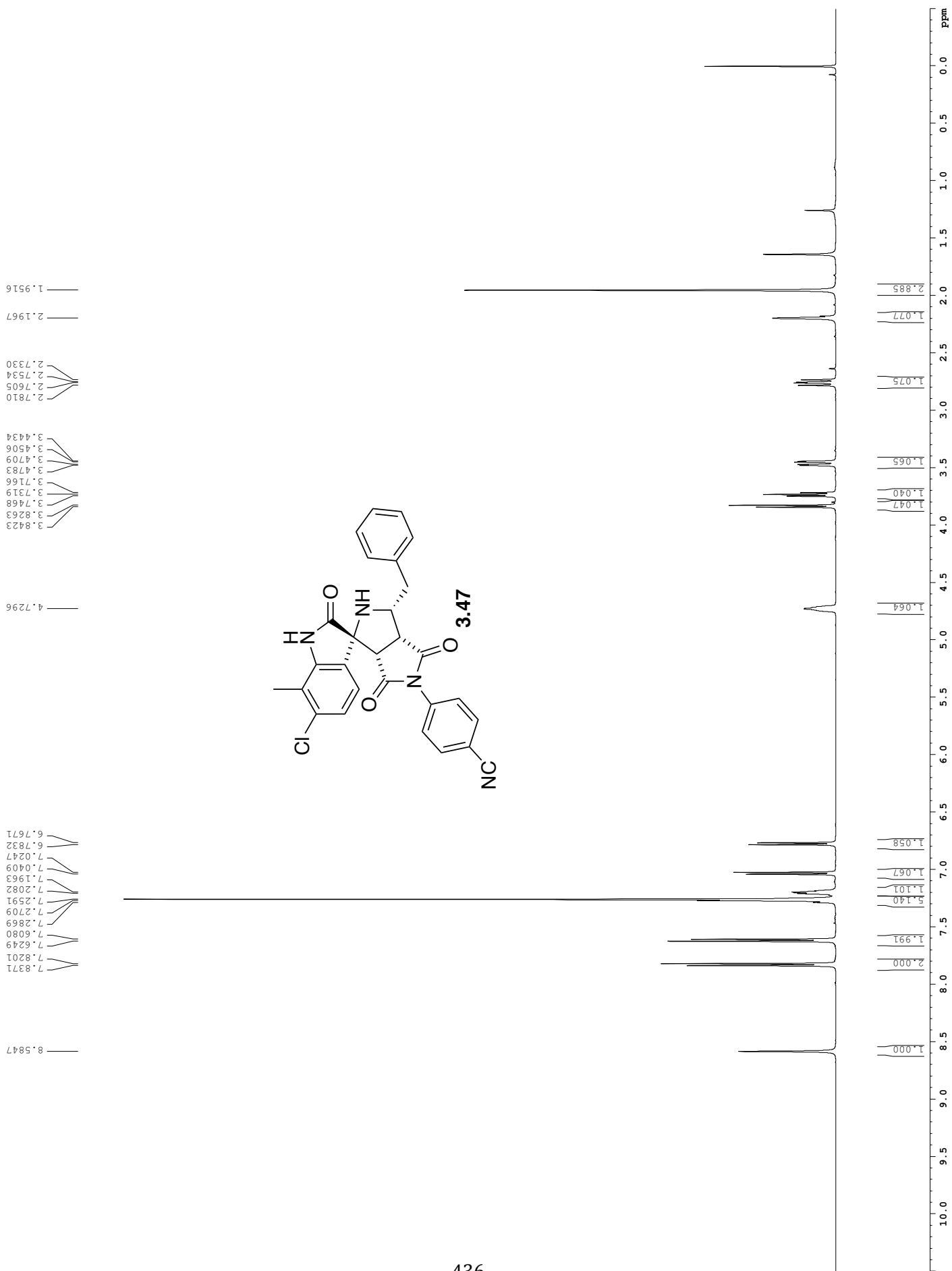
47.455
47.754
51.946
52.001

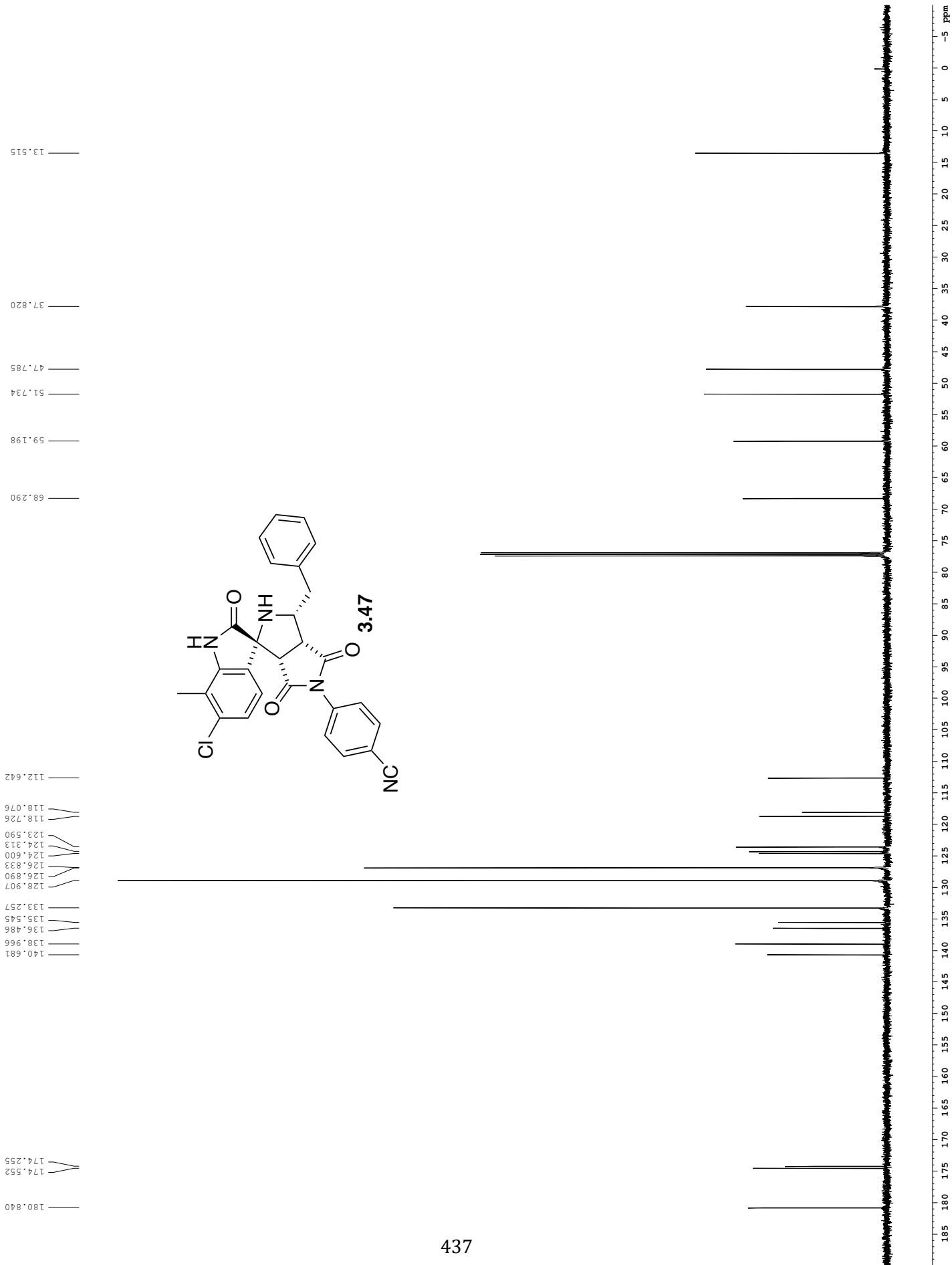
59.003
59.591

68.269
68.330

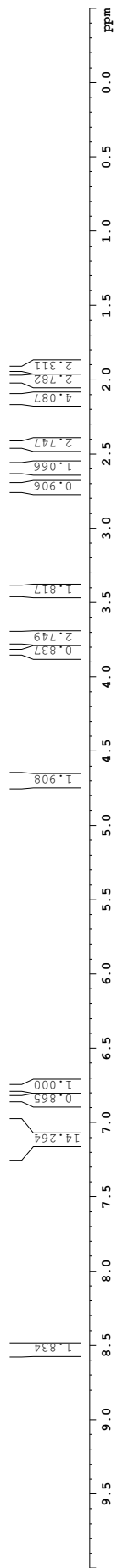
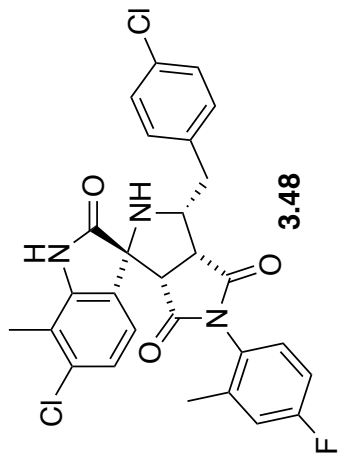
114.215
114.244
114.398
114.434
115.599
115.631
117.958
118.135
118.304
118.482
118.760
118.994
123.705
123.788
124.324
124.438
124.680
124.786
126.736
126.758
126.858
126.877
129.767
129.859
129.942
129.997
130.854
130.866
136.294
136.380
137.889
137.958
138.771
138.840
140.441
140.460
154.799
154.810
161.931
162.138
163.913
164.131
175.035
175.254
175.414
181.439
181.454

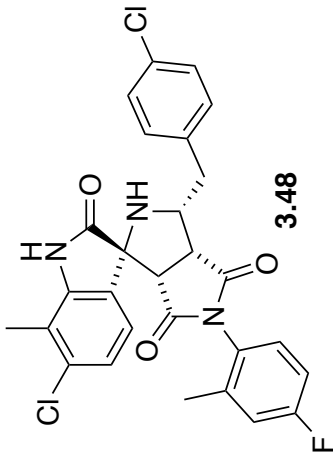






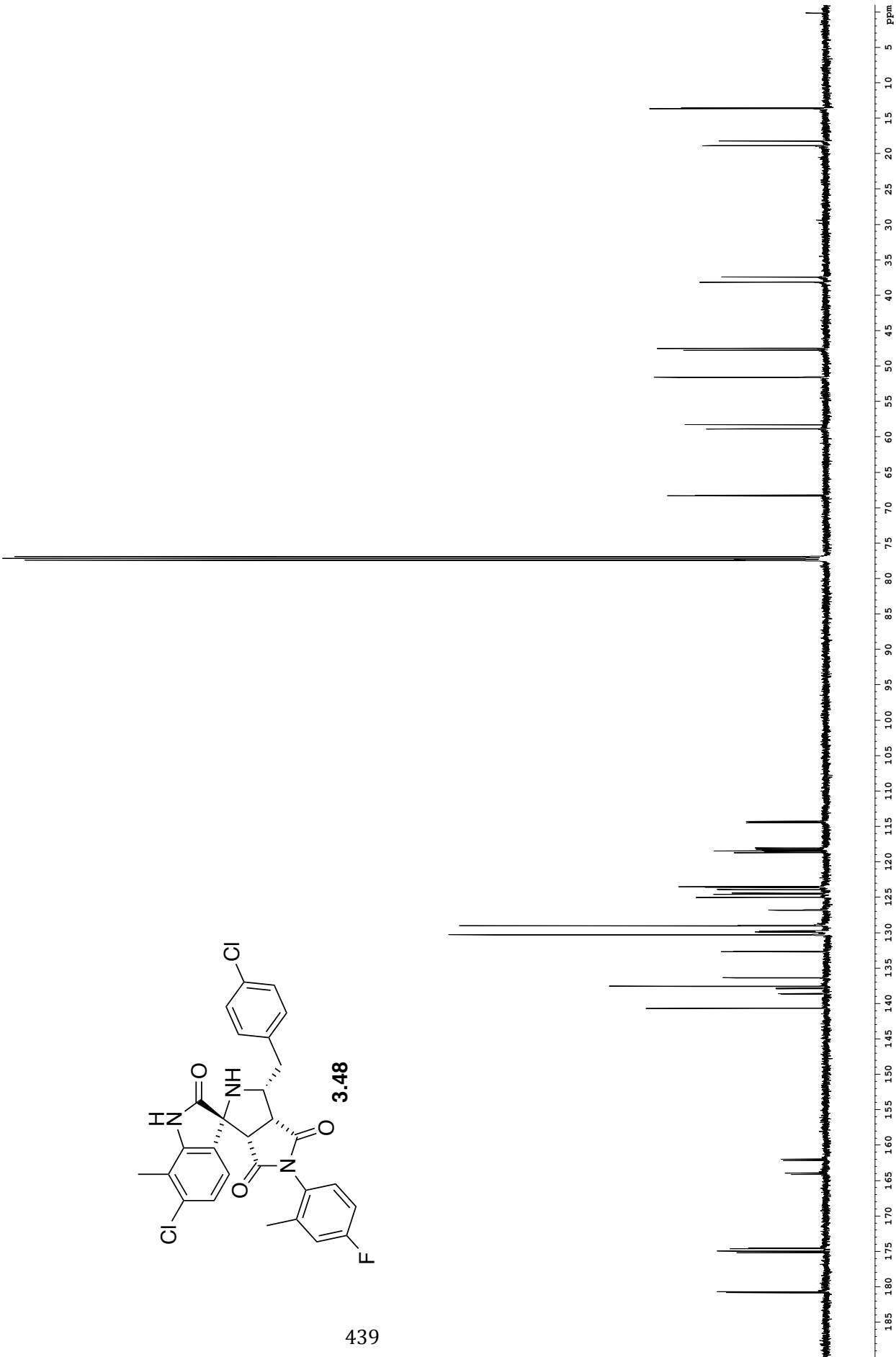
1.9281
 2.0000
 2.1293
 2.1429
 2.1500
 2.4385
 2.5709
 2.5919
 2.5984
 2.6195
 2.7015
 2.7214
 2.7293
 2.7493
 3.3949
 3.4029
 3.4142
 3.4217
 3.4307
 3.4418
 3.4485
 3.7065
 3.7225
 3.7314
 3.7390
 3.7468
 3.7544
 3.7618
 3.7701
 3.8261
 3.8421
 4.6537
 4.6624
 4.6695
 4.6742
 4.6808
 4.6884
 4.6986
 4.7058
 4.7137
 4.7201
 4.7287
 4.7350
 4.7429
 6.7580
 6.7743
 6.8304
 6.8466
 6.9875
 7.0037
 7.0116
 7.0170
 7.0333
 7.0495
 7.0663
 7.0734
 7.0880
 7.0979
 7.1053
 7.1157
 7.1215
 7.1345
 7.1398
 7.1527
 7.1695
 7.1978
 7.2148
 7.2206
 7.2252
 7.2308
 7.2380
 7.2420
 7.2480
 8.5048
 8.5584



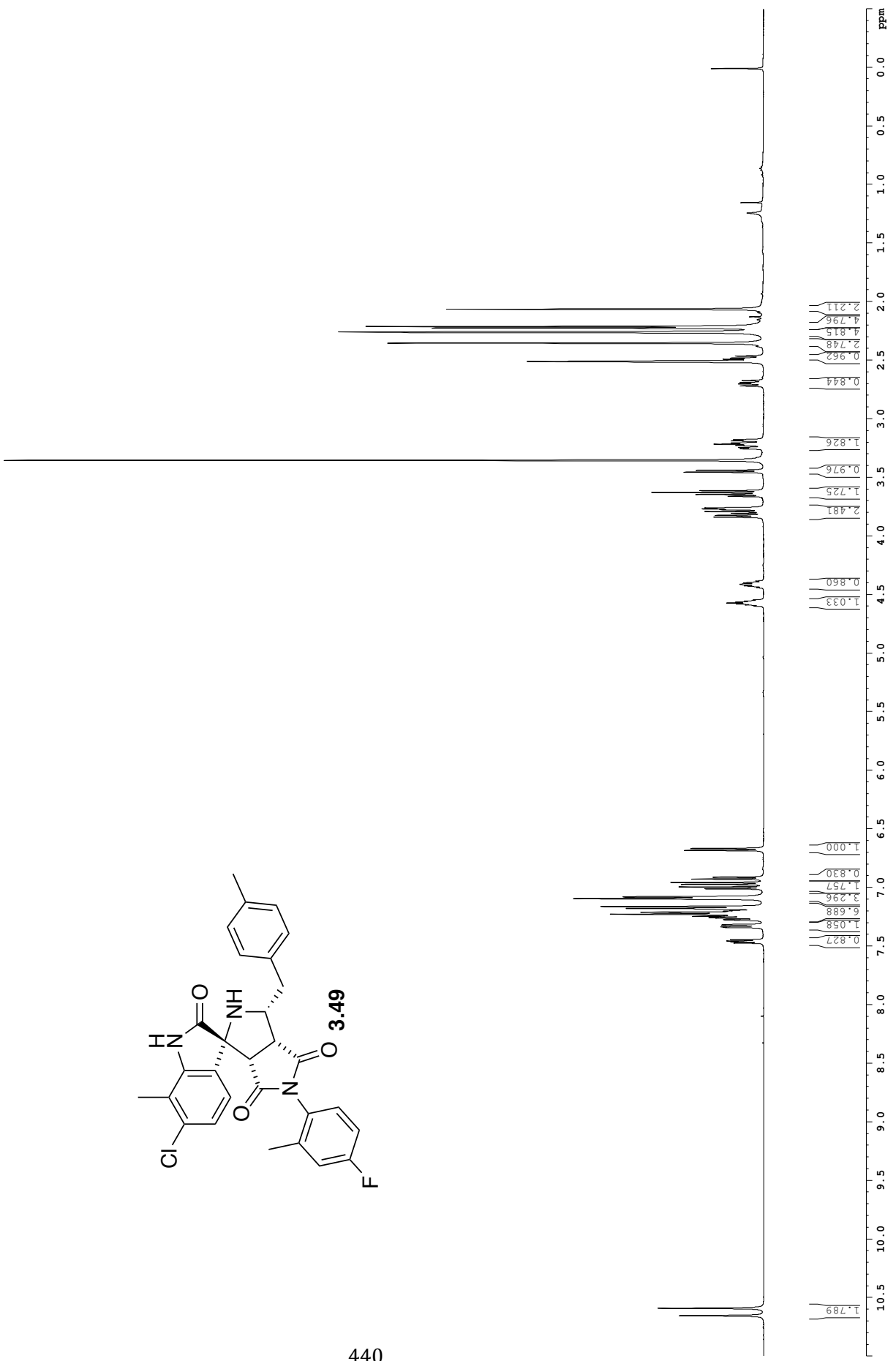
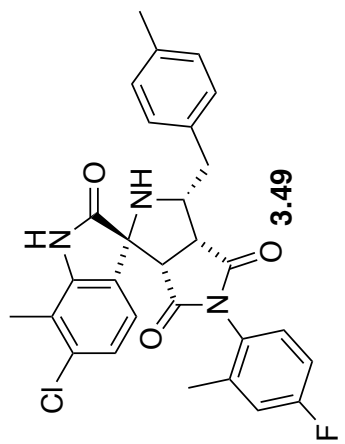


68.307
68.194
58.840
58.241
51.567
51.522
47.738
47.470
38.123
37.383
18.840
18.186
13.604
13.512

180.837
180.696
175.175
174.962
174.621
174.516
164.132
163.947
162.148
161.965
140.665
138.657
138.587
137.906
137.836
137.556
136.403
136.357
132.682
132.625
130.326
130.288
129.930
129.856
129.809
129.735
129.020
128.980
126.829
126.805
126.787
126.763
125.000
124.566
124.413
123.913
123.585
123.482
118.700
118.506
118.424
118.326
118.202
118.022
114.463
114.438
114.281
114.256



10.6550
10.5914
7.4738
7.4627
7.4567
7.4458
7.3409
7.3356
7.3212
7.3149
7.2803
7.2746
7.2618
7.2559
7.2457
7.2341
7.2273
7.2166
7.2108
7.2028
7.1962
7.1850
7.1784
7.1623
7.0941
7.0806
7.0112
6.9950
6.9733
6.9571
6.9281
6.9119
6.8228
6.6666
4.5980
4.5881
4.5795
4.5711
4.5626
4.5546
4.5455
4.4409
4.4252
4.4148
4.4100
4.3986
4.3836
3.8377
3.8230
3.8055
3.7902
3.7747
3.7675
3.7593
3.6606
3.6447
3.6281
3.6123
3.4542
3.4384
3.2539
3.2438
3.2258
3.2151
3.2051
3.1868
3.1776
2.7182
2.7006
2.6902
2.6727
2.4908
2.4804
2.4631
2.3526
2.2568
2.2238
2.2108
2.0628



13.750
13.796
17.914
20.632

36.070
37.652

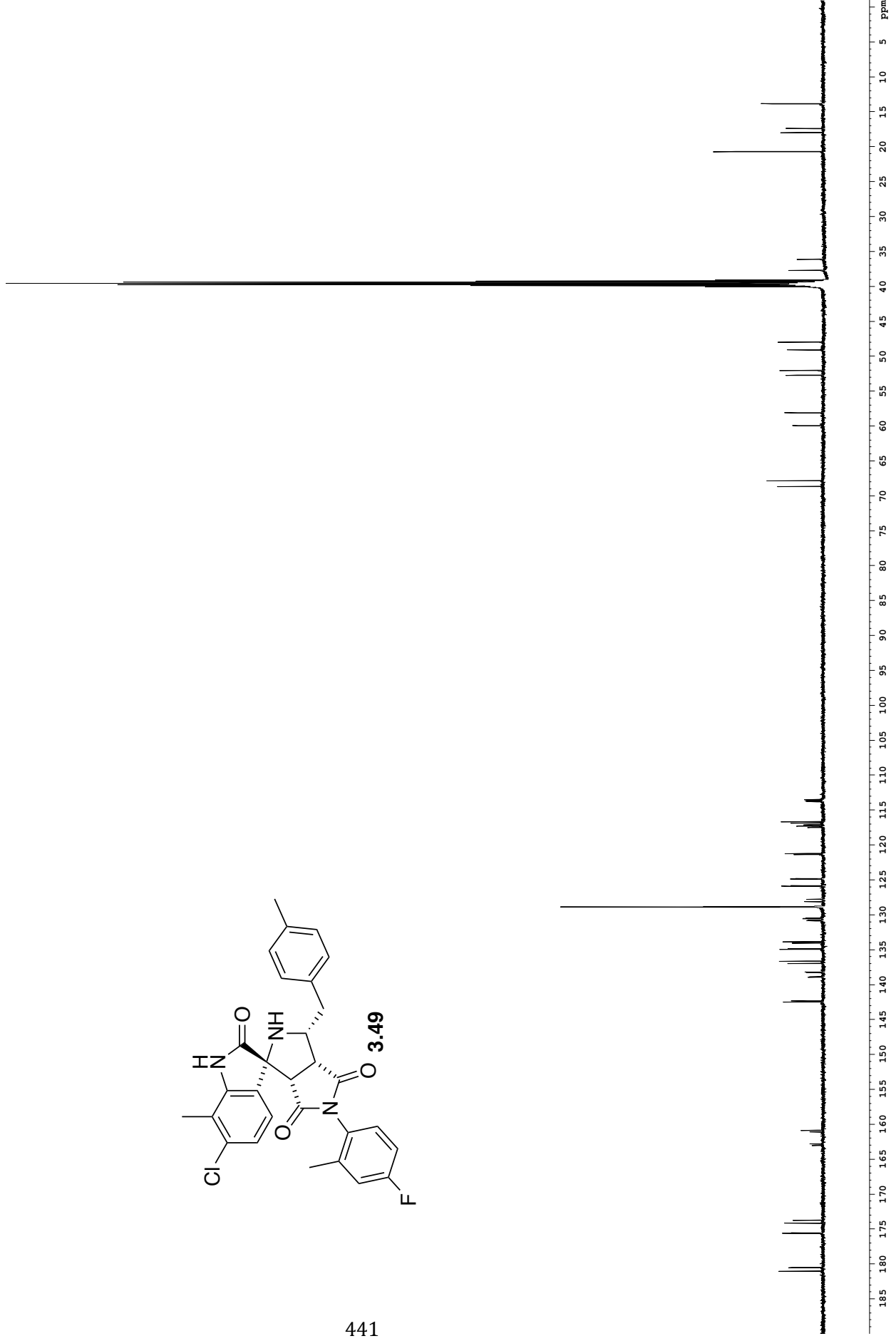
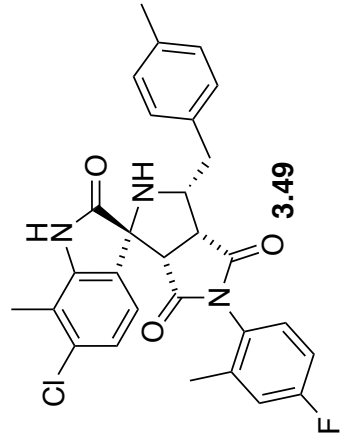
47.926
49.040
51.995
52.668

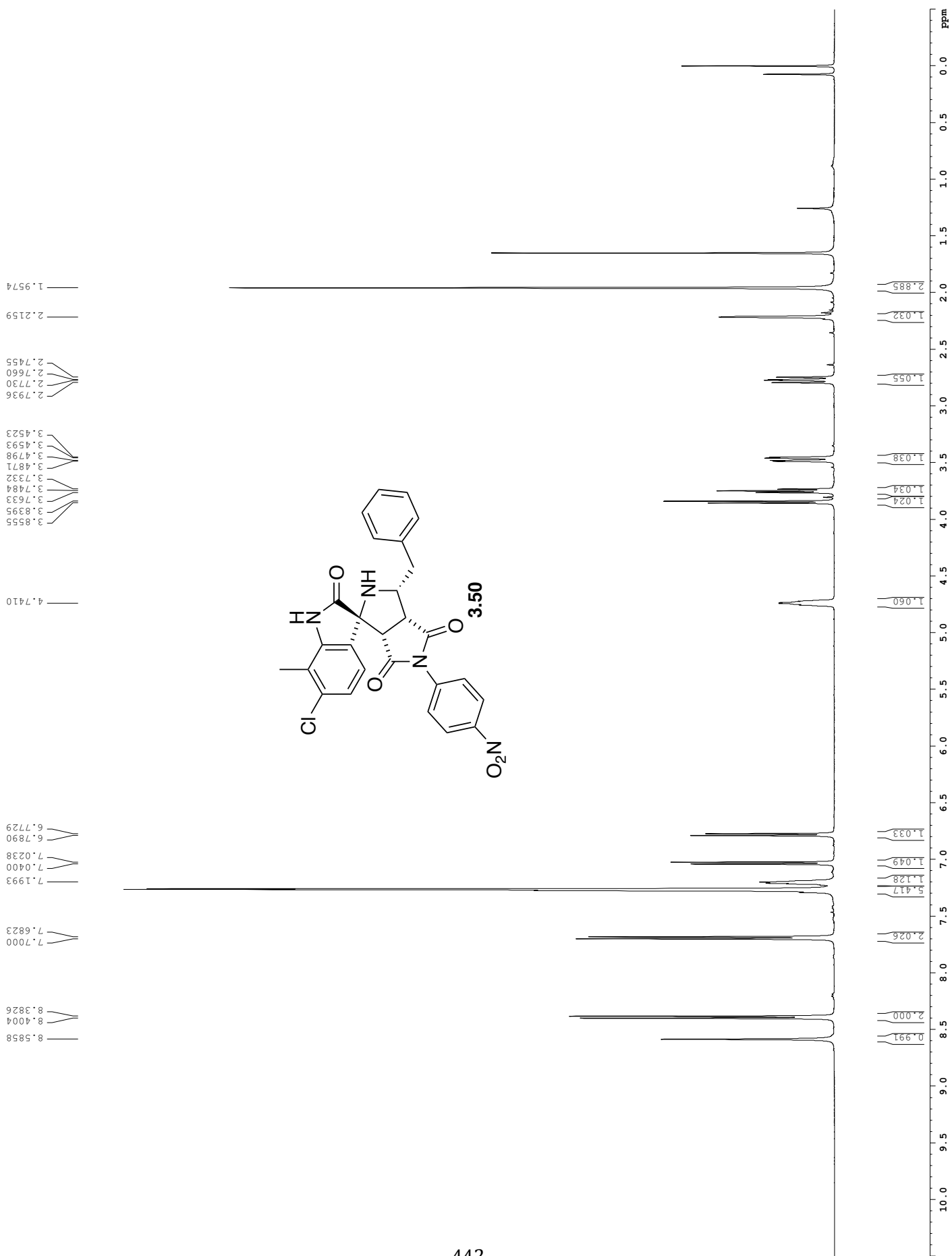
58.050
59.891

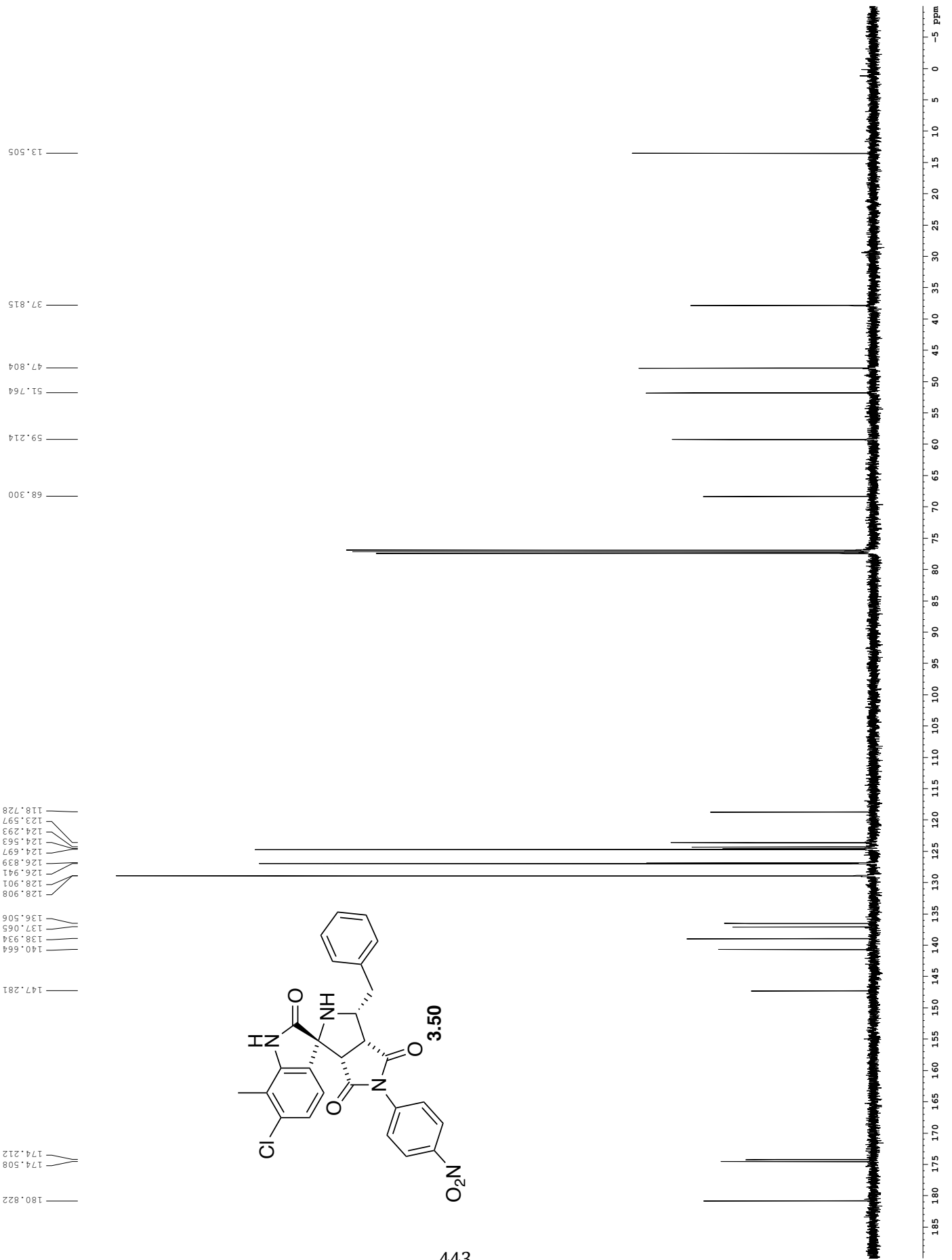
67.782
68.616

113.461
113.562
113.641
113.742
116.627
116.820
117.061
117.252
117.436
121.188
121.328
124.766
124.838
125.787
125.865
127.728
127.747
128.048
128.070
128.755
128.802
128.837
130.425
130.499
130.730
130.806
133.820
134.006
134.809
134.897
136.397
136.928
138.139
138.210
138.830
138.901
142.295
142.440
160.829
161.037
162.780
162.989

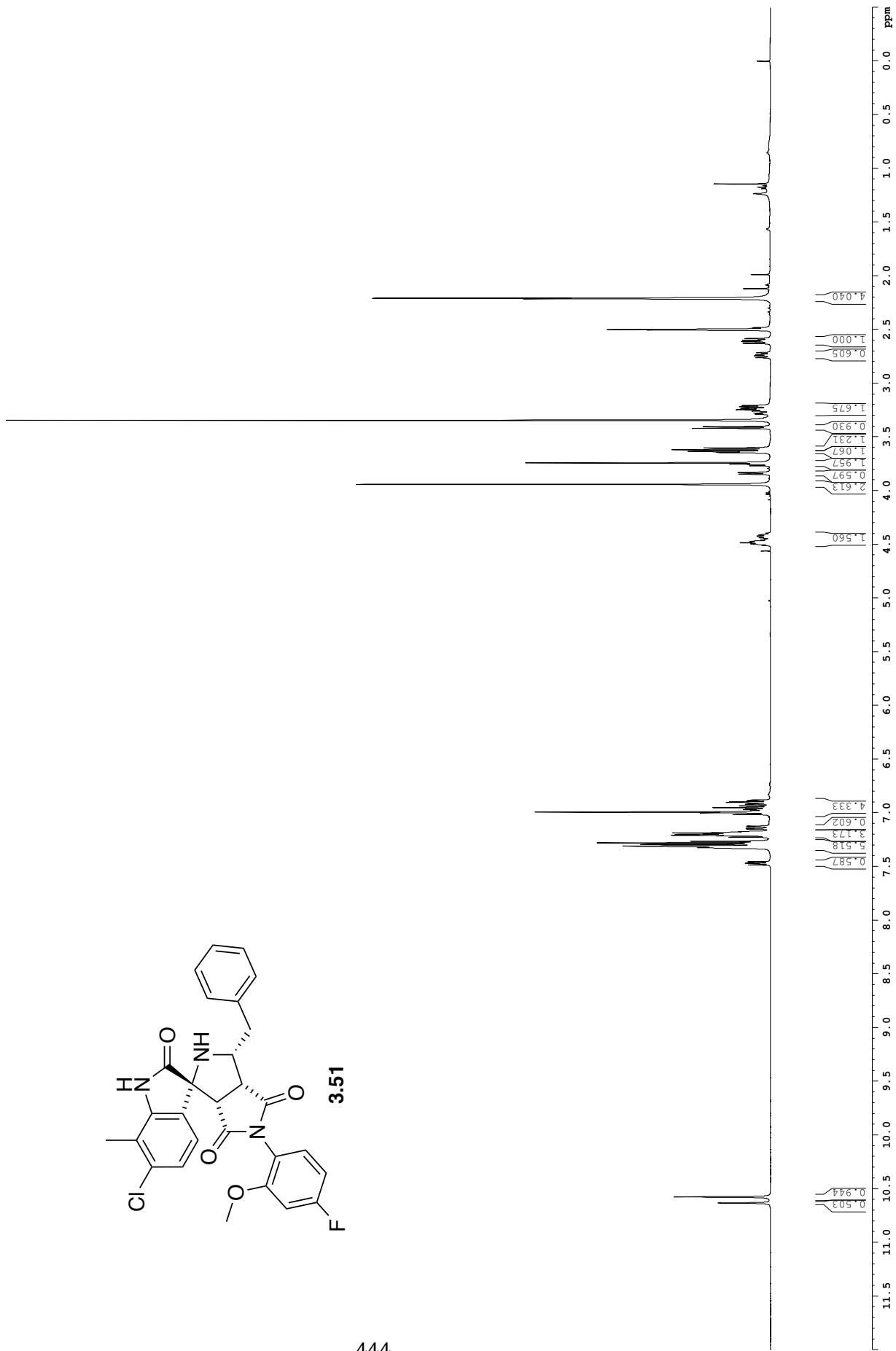
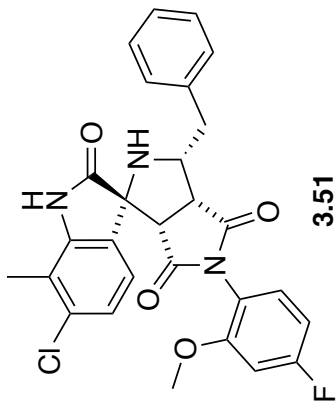
173.720
174.107
175.522
175.581
180.488
181.015



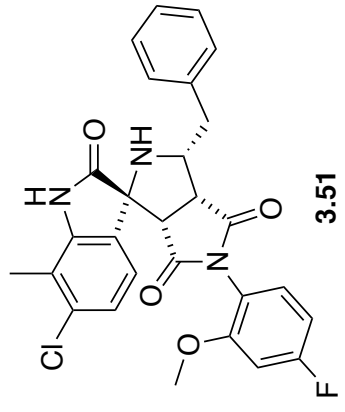




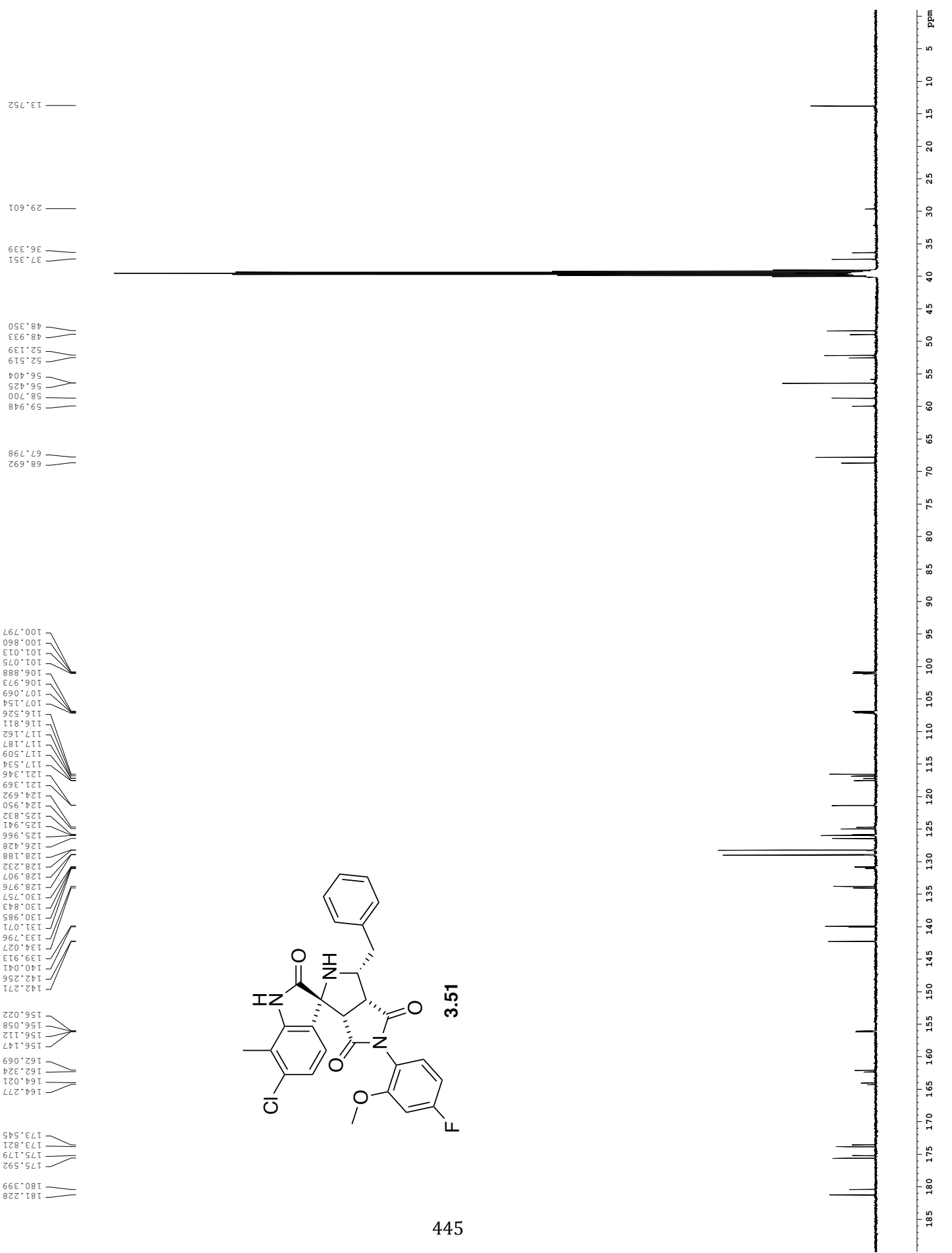
7.4850
 7.4723
 7.4677
 7.4551
 7.3229
 7.3091
 7.2939
 7.2792
 7.2638
 7.2644
 7.2135
 7.2088
 7.2037
 7.1964
 7.1870
 7.1506
 7.1454
 7.1286
 7.1234
 7.1059
 7.0094
 6.9996
 6.9928
 6.9695
 6.9642
 6.9517
 6.9353
 6.9202
 6.9149
 6.9033
 6.8981
 6.8864
 6.8812
 4.5109
 4.5002
 4.4948
 4.4843
 4.4739
 4.4698
 4.4582
 4.4534
 4.4376
 4.4287
 4.4217
 4.4110
 3.9411
 3.8457
 3.8309
 3.7680
 3.7527
 3.7410
 3.6447
 3.6349
 3.6178
 3.6020
 3.4194
 3.4036
 3.2871
 3.2768
 3.2588
 3.2460
 3.2343
 3.2177
 3.2068
 2.7611
 2.7436
 2.7329
 2.7155
 2.6276
 2.6114
 2.5999
 2.5839
 2.2132
 2.2075

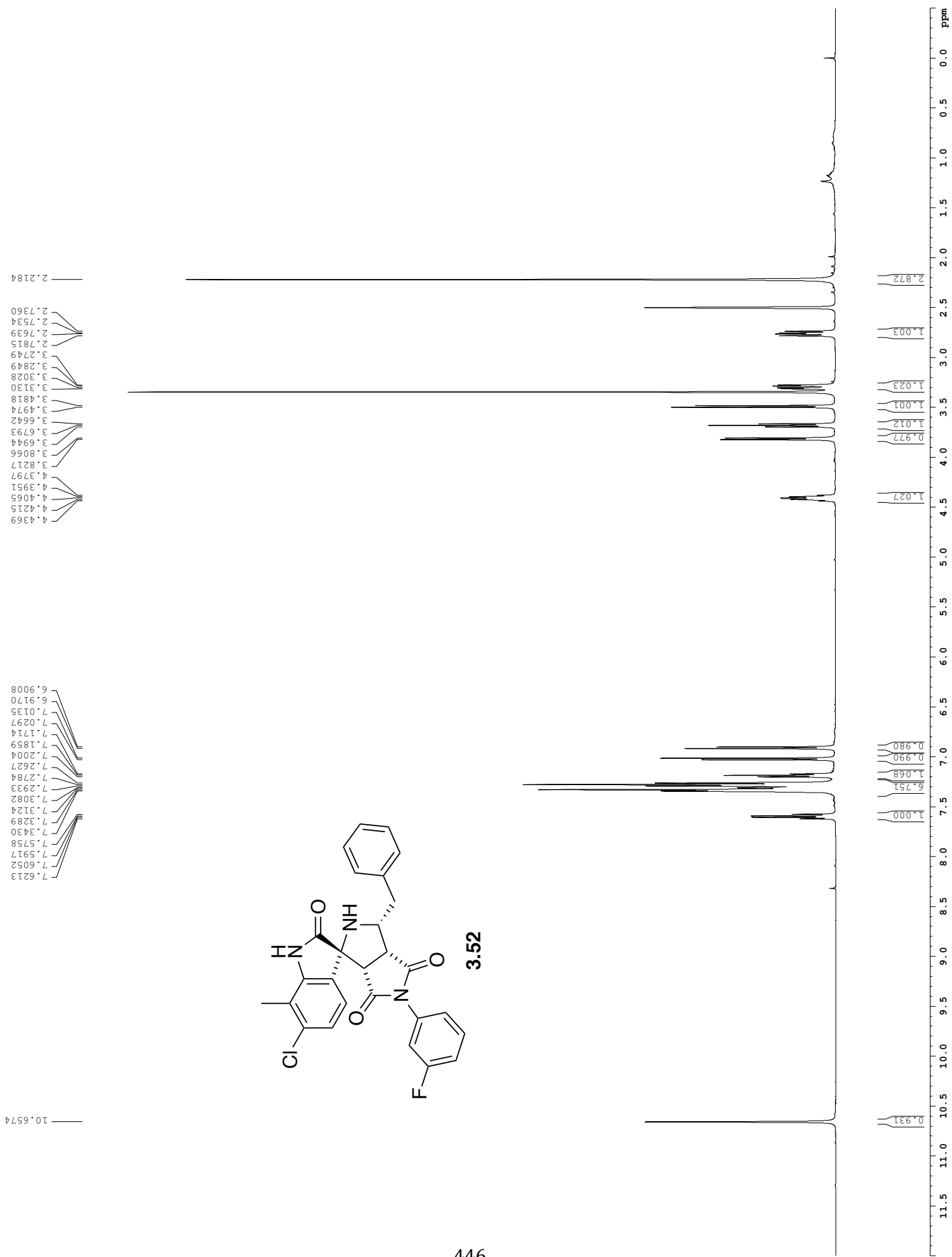
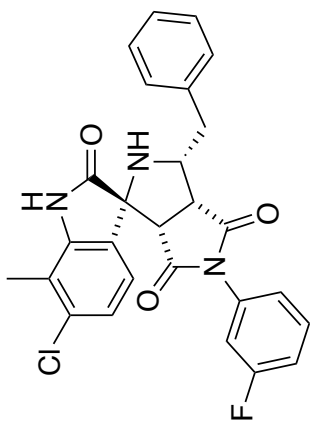


181.228
180.399
175.592
175.179
173.821
173.545
164.277
164.021
162.324
162.069
156.147
156.112
156.058
156.022
142.271
142.256
140.041
139.913
134.027
133.796
131.071
130.985
130.843
130.757
128.976
128.907
128.232
128.188
126.428
125.966
125.941
125.832
124.950
124.692
121.369
121.346
117.534
117.509
117.187
117.162
116.811
116.526
107.134
107.069
106.973
106.888
101.075
101.013
100.860
100.797

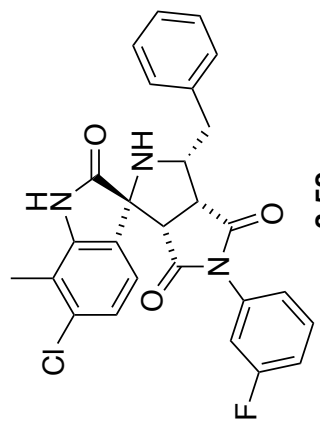


445

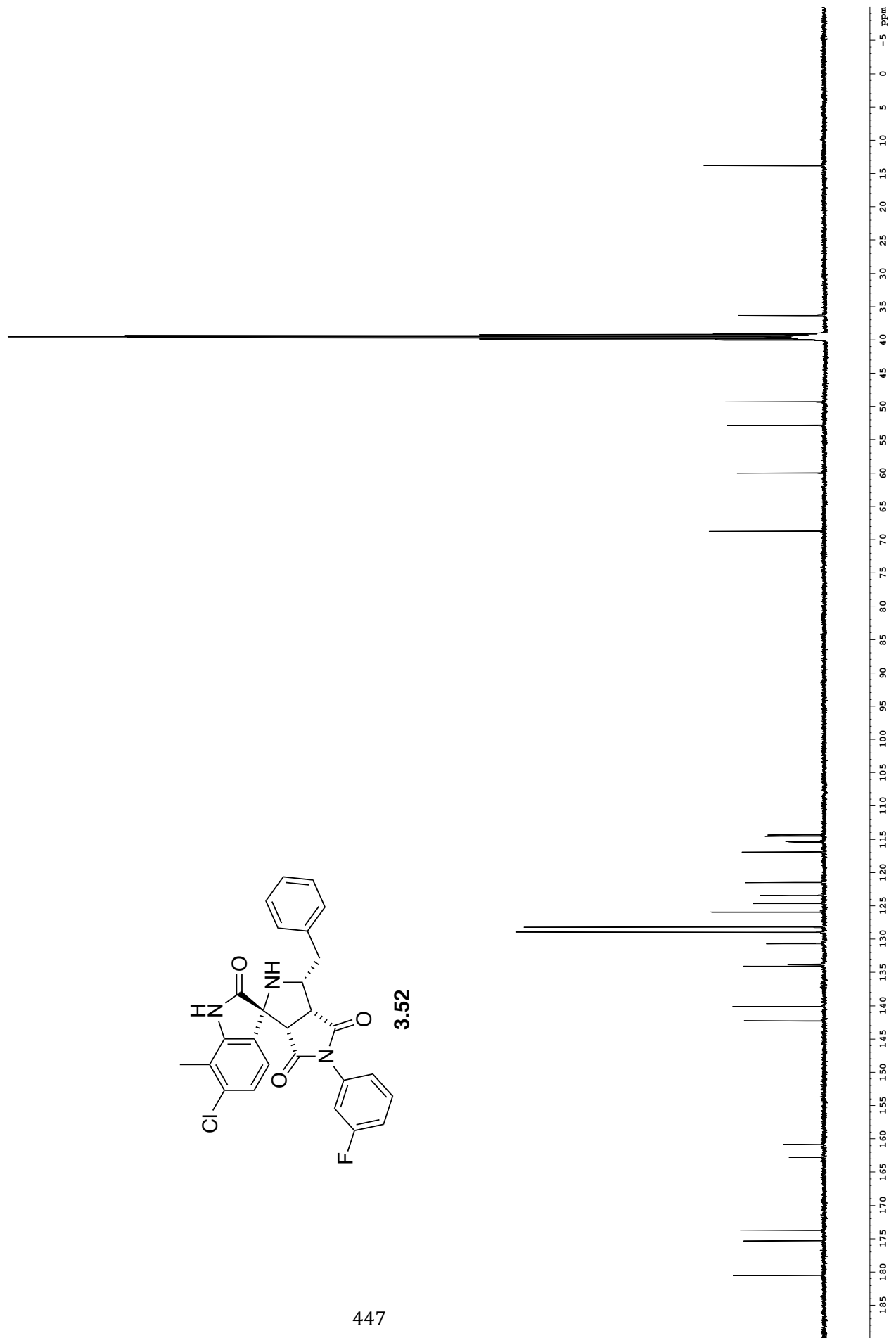




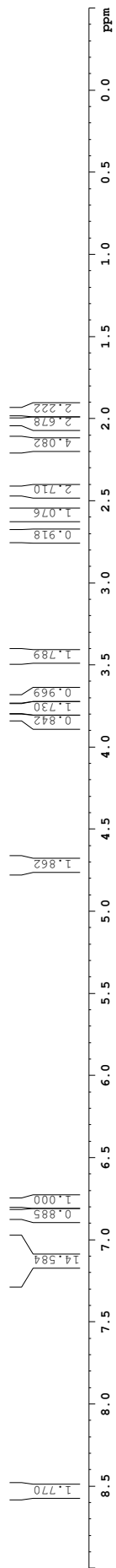
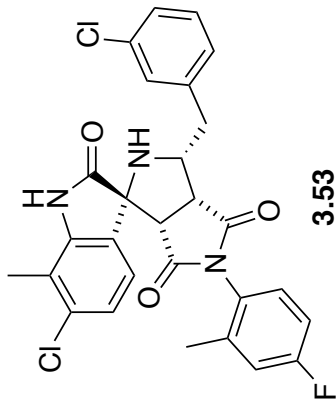
13.812
36.319
49.300
52.849
59.999
68.713
114.332
114.522
115.362
115.527
116.901
121.489
123.410
123.433
124.635
125.929
125.942
128.186
128.939
130.604
130.675
133.775
133.857
134.071
140.101
142.272
160.838
162.779
173.712
175.319
180.512

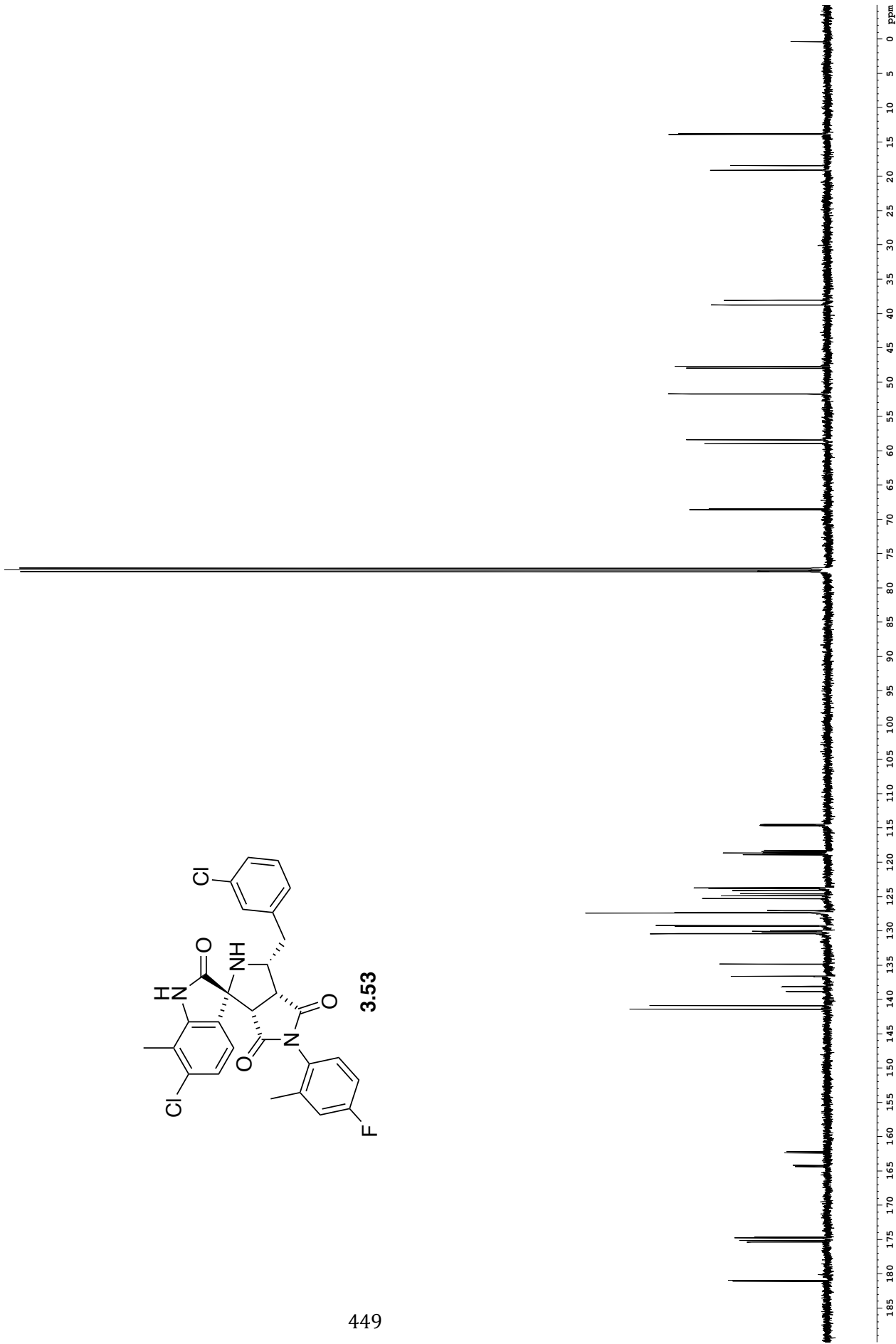
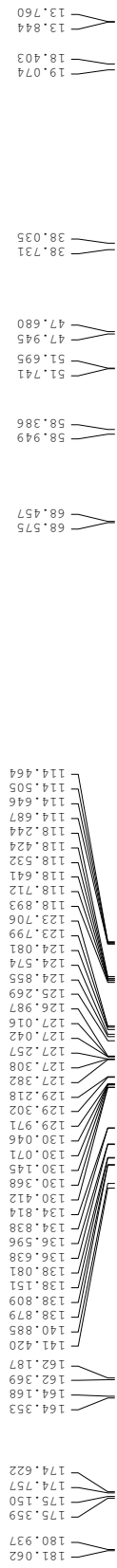
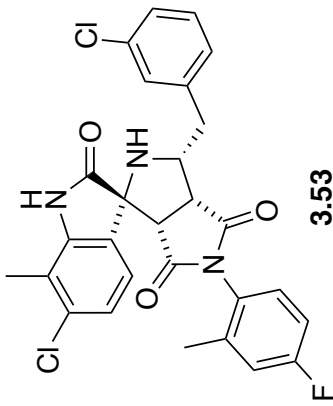


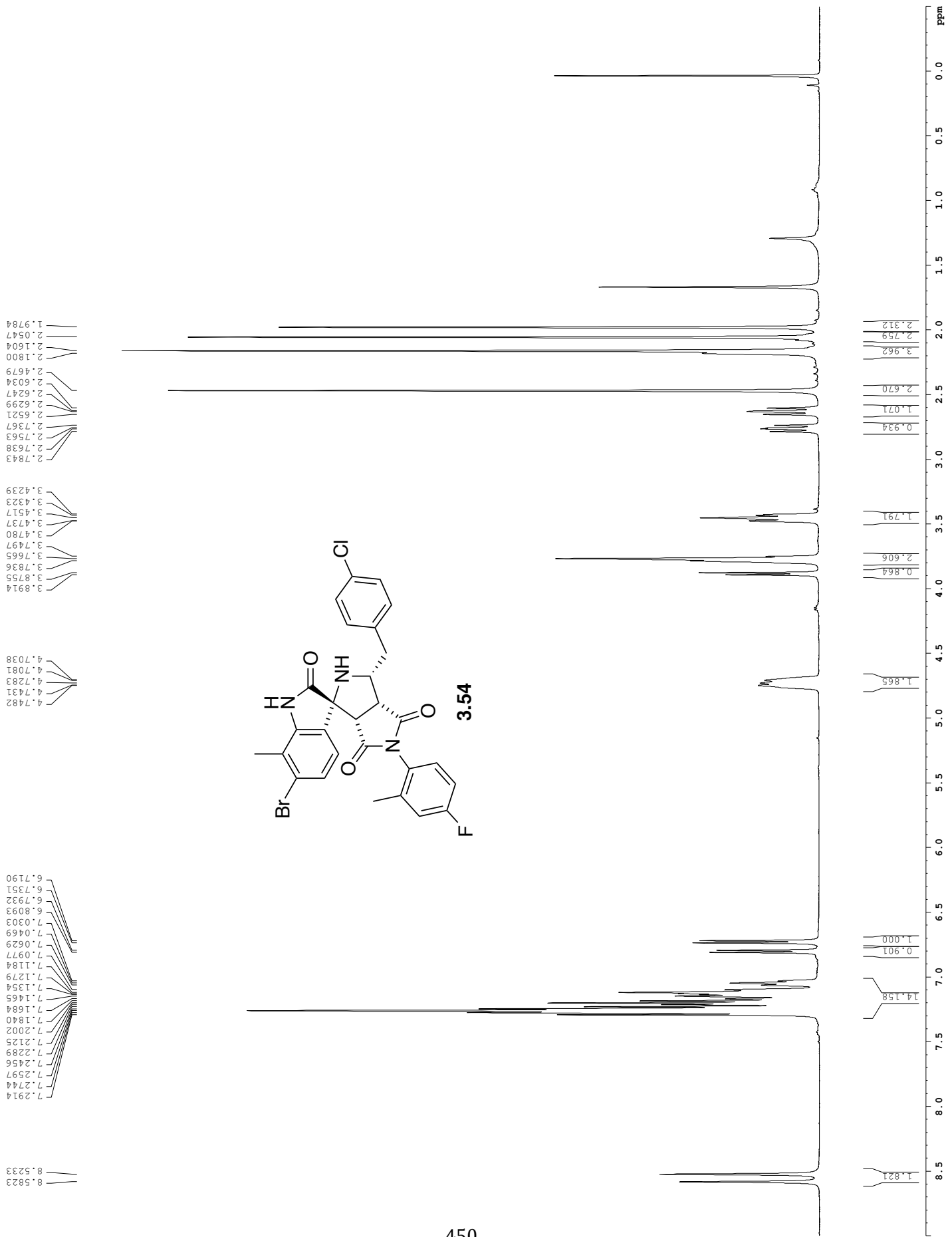
3.52



1.9574
 2.0234
 2.1320
 2.1687
 2.4406
 2.5632
 2.5842
 2.5907
 2.6118
 2.6919
 2.7119
 2.7196
 2.7396
 3.4179
 3.4255
 3.4413
 3.4458
 3.4537
 3.4673
 3.4736
 3.7014
 3.7174
 3.7451
 3.7521
 3.7605
 3.7679
 3.7753
 3.7837
 3.8115
 3.8274
 4.6739
 4.6835
 4.6877
 4.6952
 4.7008
 4.7138
 4.7221
 4.7289
 4.7378
 4.7433
 4.7516
 4.7589
 6.7670
 6.7833
 6.8379
 6.8541
 6.9931
 7.0095
 7.0373
 7.0535
 7.0645
 7.0827
 7.0880
 7.0977
 7.1064
 7.1147
 7.1227
 7.1334
 7.1510
 7.1679
 7.1841
 7.1907
 7.2054
 7.2153
 7.2222
 7.2426
 7.2598
 8.5084
 8.5510







19.042
18.390
16.692
16.598

38.311
37.558

51.747
51.702
47.941
47.665

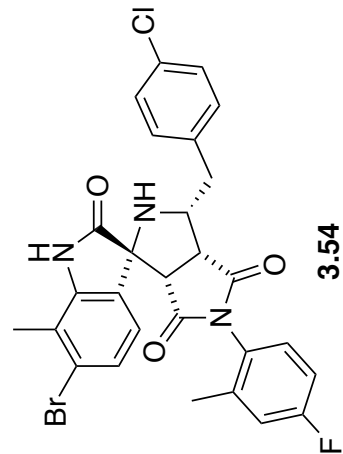
59.094
58.485

68.540
68.423

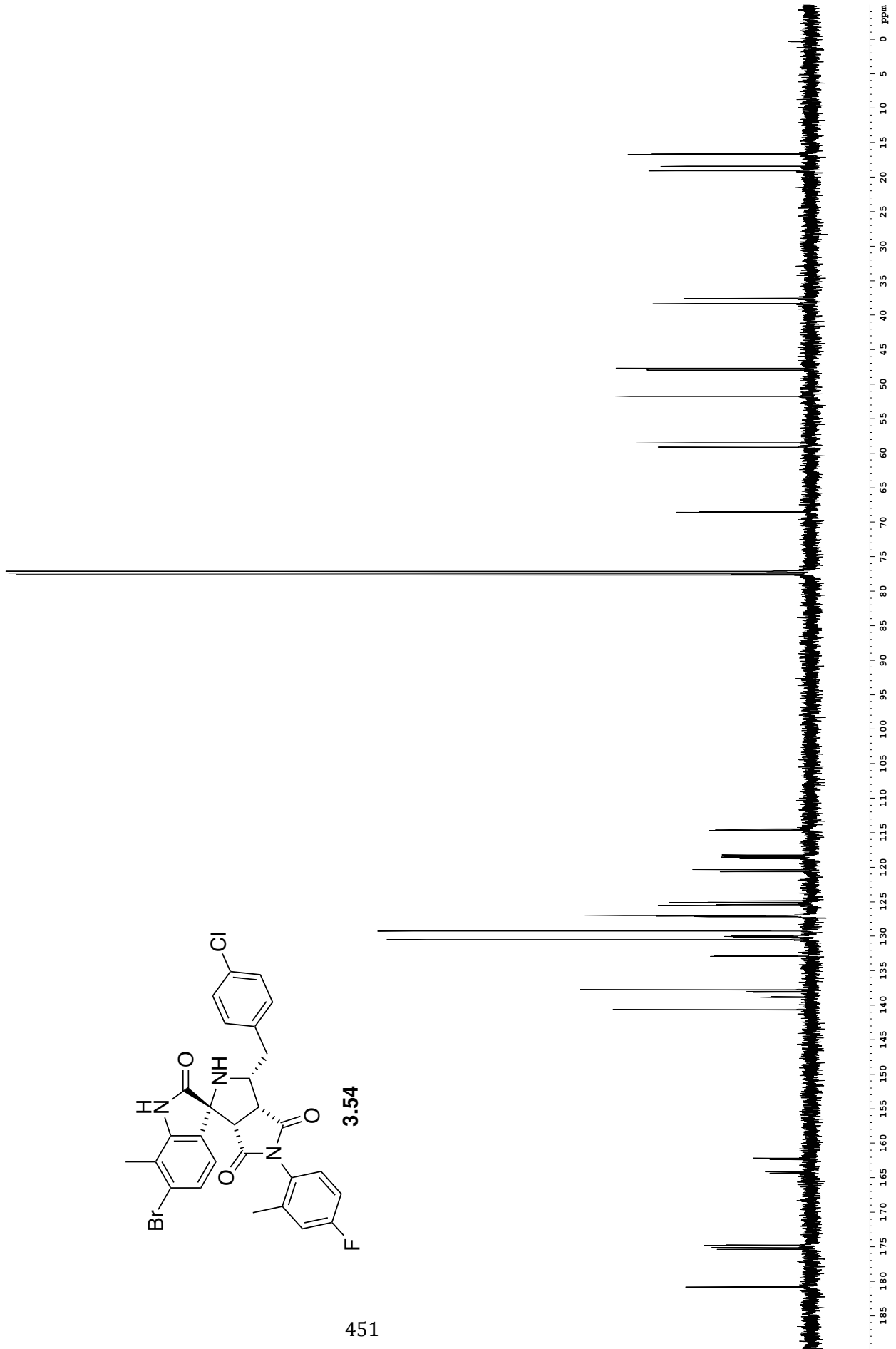
140.628
138.849
138.779
138.093
138.023
137.743
132.887
132.829
130.524
130.487
130.125
130.048
130.002
129.927
129.224
129.184
127.197
127.156
127.064
126.965
125.543
125.393
124.105
120.878
120.825
120.337
118.708
118.528
118.402
118.221
114.663
114.641
114.477
114.460

164.331
164.146
162.345
162.163

180.971
180.825
175.362
175.140
174.823
174.742



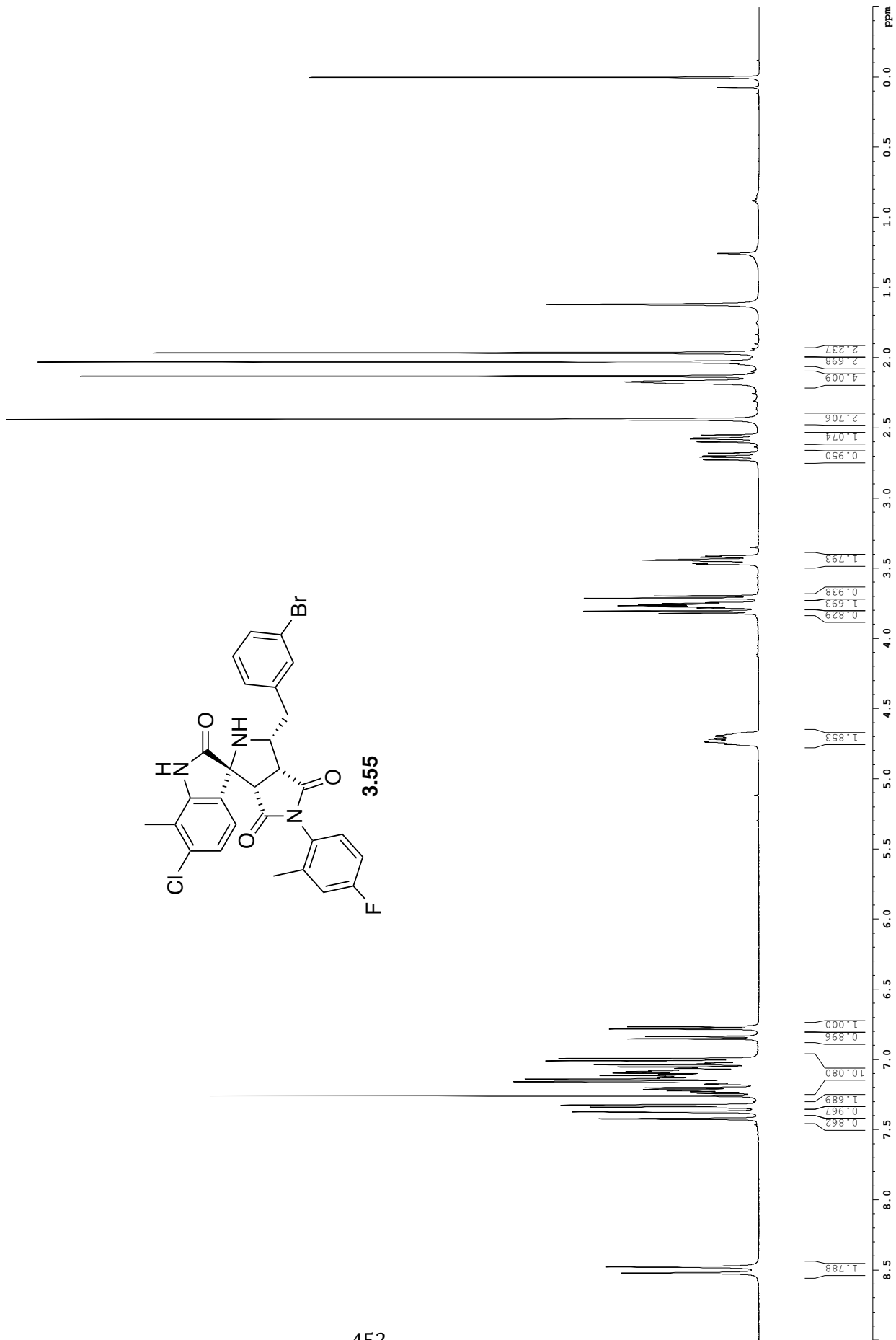
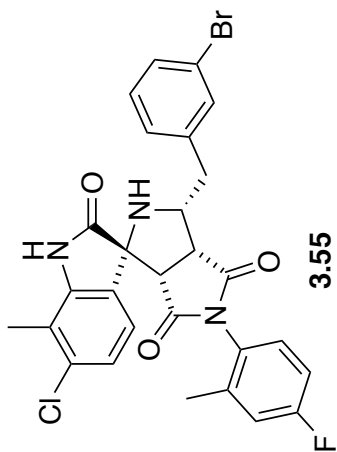
451



1.9645
 2.0294
 2.1304
 2.1709
 2.4379
 2.5503
 2.5713
 2.5777
 2.5988
 2.6789
 2.6990
 2.7066
 2.7267
 3.4126
 3.4201
 3.4410
 3.4630
 3.4693
 3.6963
 3.7123
 3.7432
 3.7505
 3.7586
 3.7663
 3.7733
 3.7821
 3.8045
 3.8205
 4.6774
 4.6845
 4.6908
 4.6962
 4.7113
 4.7173
 4.7332
 4.7385
 4.7472
 4.7563

6.7658
 6.7821
 6.8361
 6.8523
 6.9926
 7.0090
 7.0362
 7.0526
 7.0631
 7.0861
 7.0961
 7.1038
 7.1136
 7.1262
 7.1390
 7.1580
 7.1748
 7.2015
 7.2134
 7.2228
 7.2296
 7.2400
 7.3249
 7.3399
 7.3731
 7.4227

8.5214
8.4776



13.869
18.412
19.093

38.019
38.705

47.672
47.935
51.689
51.736

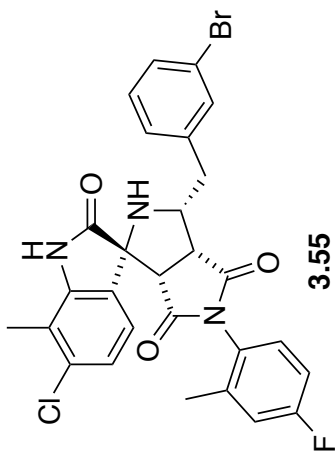
58.422
58.969

68.460
68.577

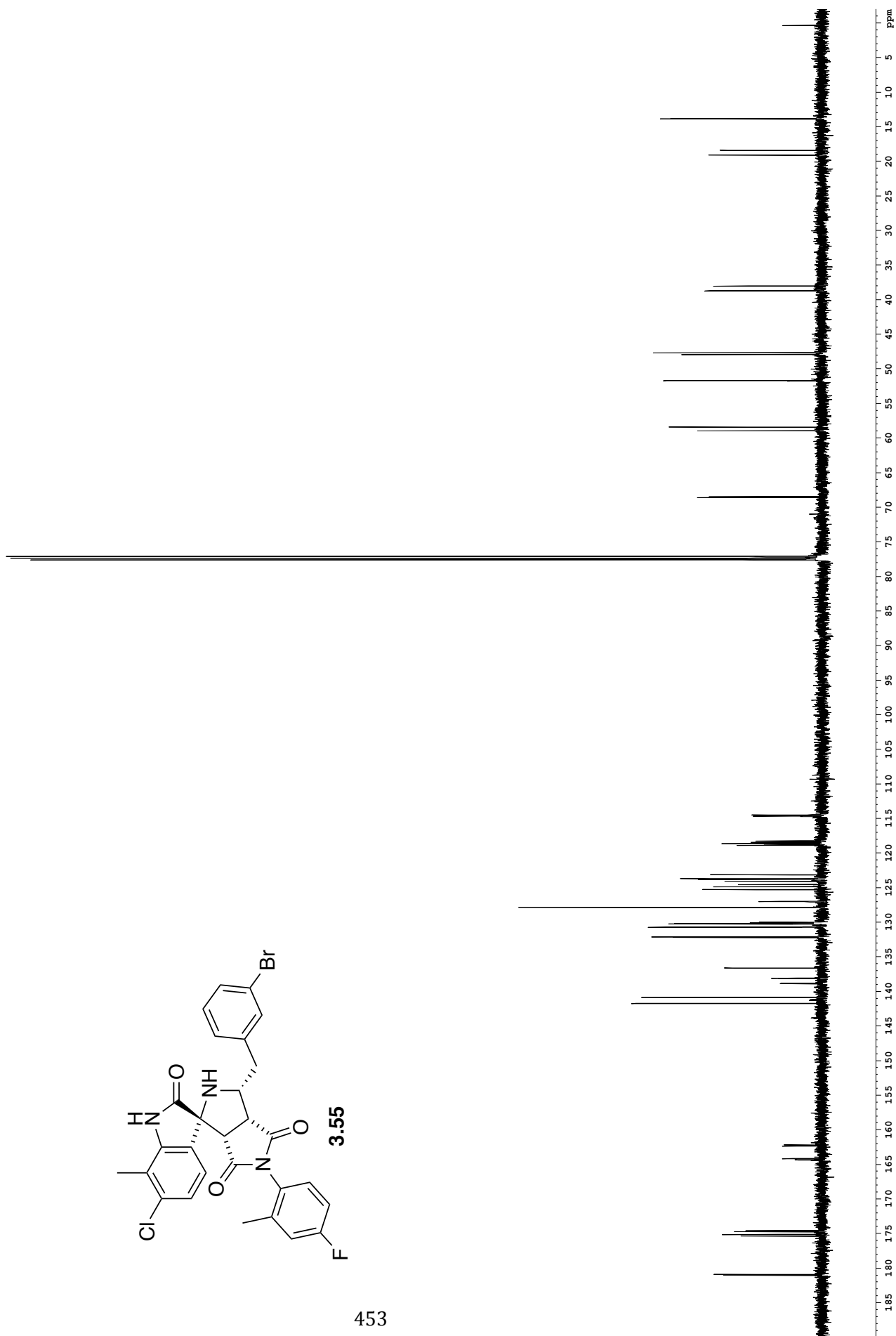
114.467
114.508
114.649
114.690
118.246
118.427
118.534
118.630
118.714
118.877
123.111
123.137
123.708
123.799
124.065
124.554
124.873
125.281
126.992
127.014
127.050
127.858
129.976
130.050
130.078
130.147
130.196
130.250
130.669
130.709
132.111
132.208
136.601
136.642
138.084
138.153
138.809
138.879
140.881
141.736

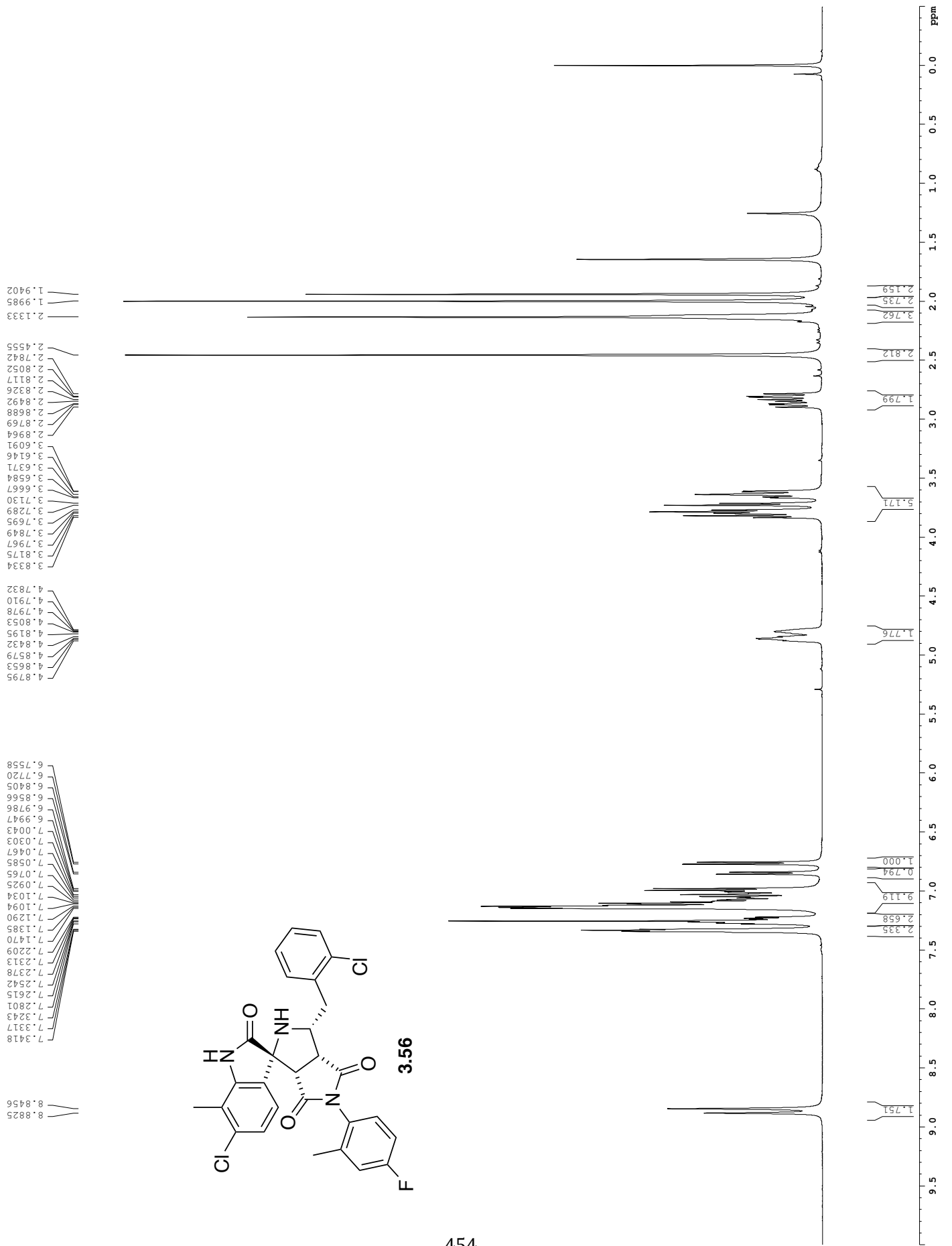
162.189
162.371
164.171
164.354

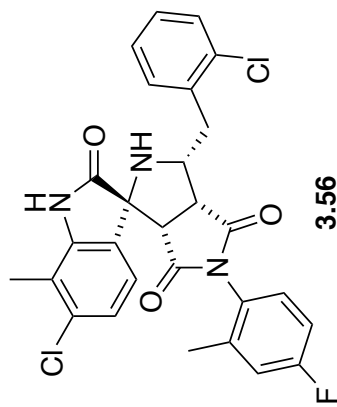
174.589
174.732
175.139
175.349
180.903
181.031



453

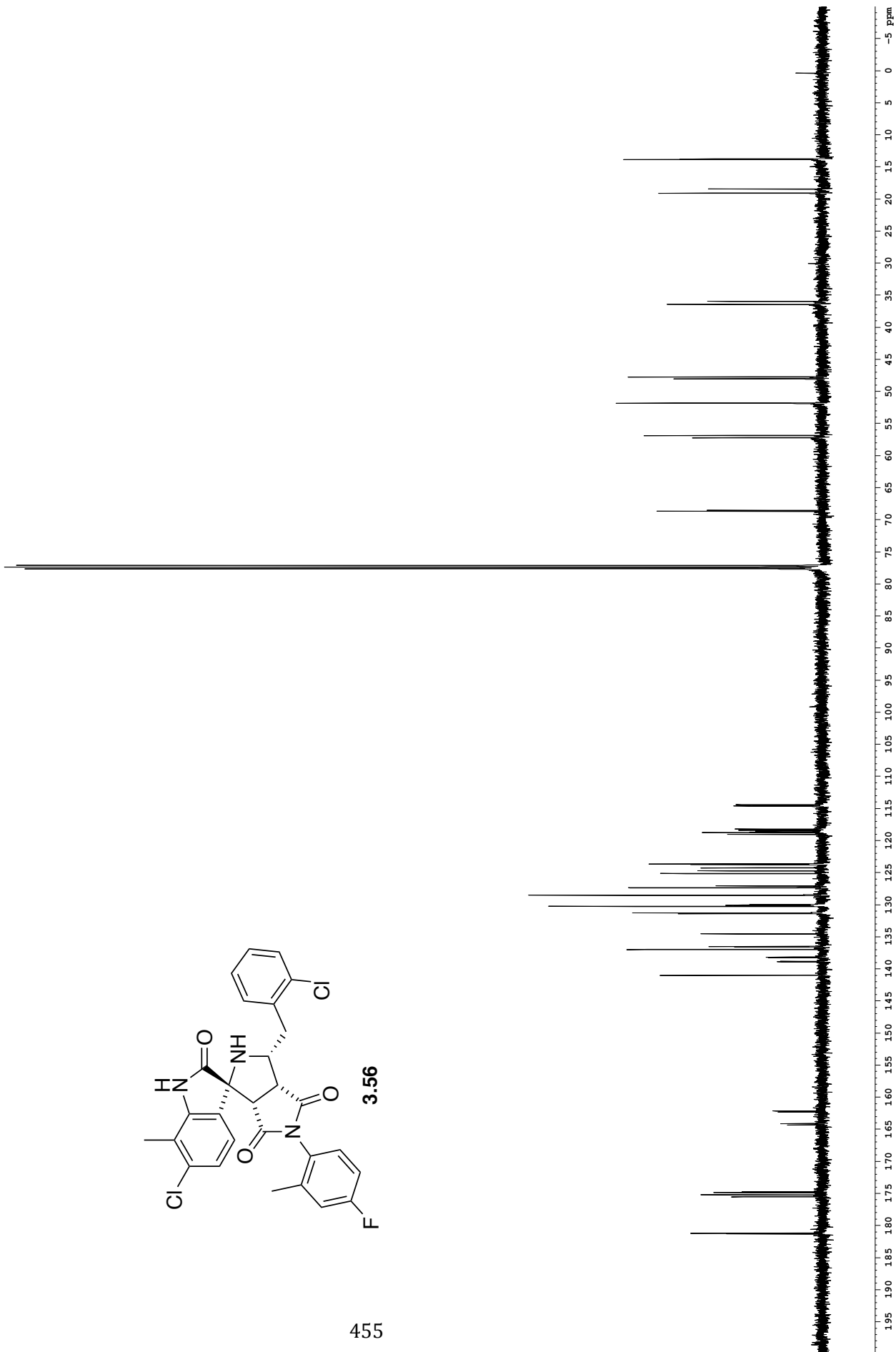






3.56

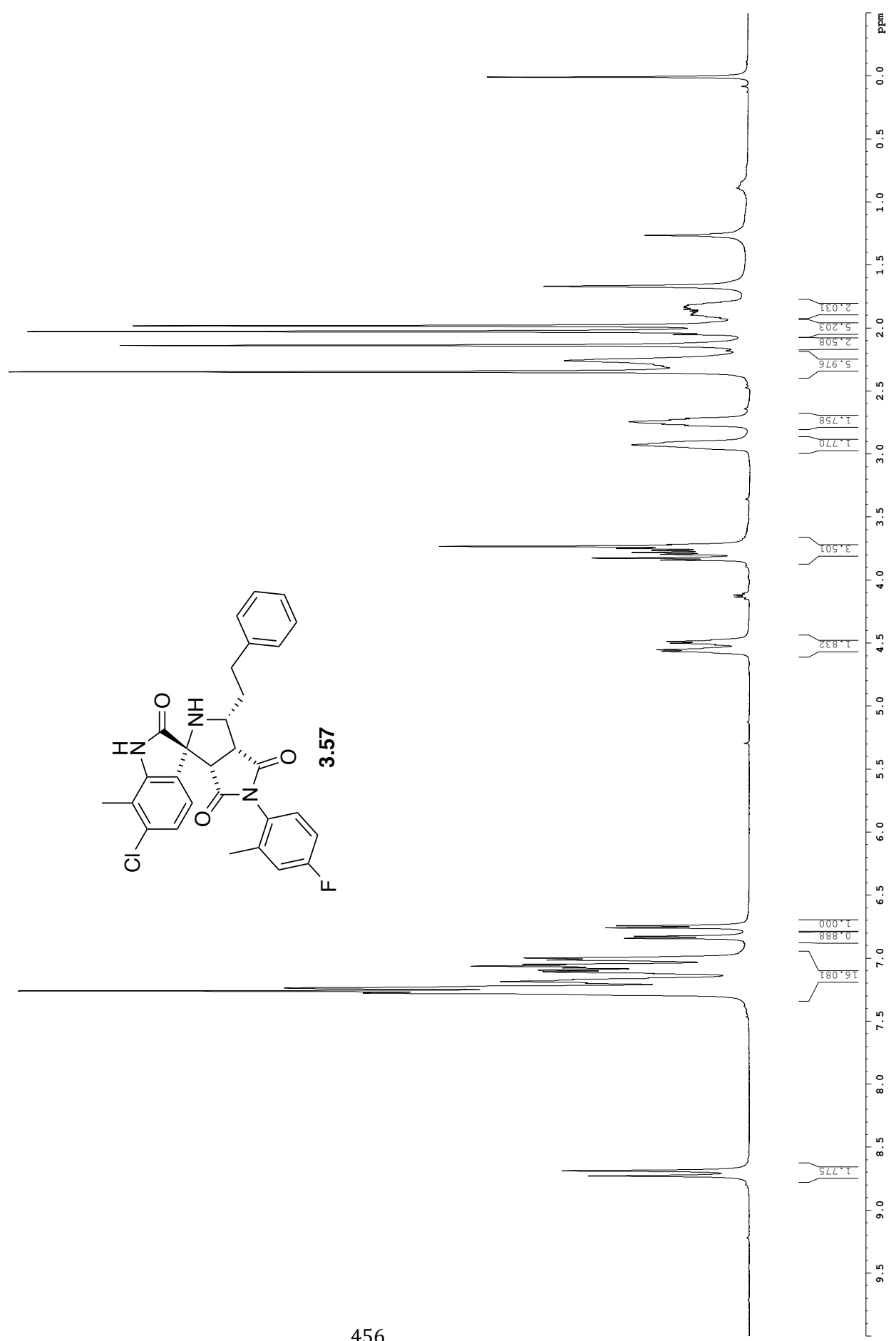
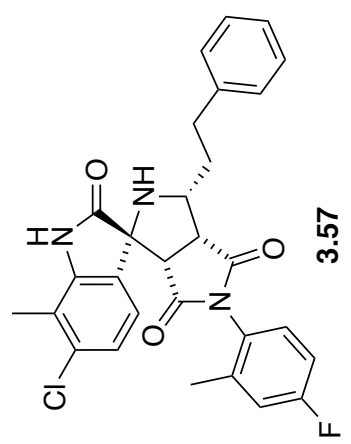
181.304
181.198
175.508
175.211
174.871
174.717
164.317
164.131
162.334
162.150
141.001
138.900
138.831
138.218
138.149
136.967
136.556
136.502
134.570
134.528
131.373
131.275
130.246
130.140
130.067
130.036
129.961
128.514
127.345
127.307
127.079
127.057
127.036
125.129
124.742
124.701
124.231
123.721
123.635
119.013
118.758
118.677
118.497
118.383
118.204
114.661
114.588
114.479
114.407
68.642
68.514
57.193
56.845
51.824
51.790
47.998
47.715
36.400
35.936
19.065
18.410
13.807
13.732

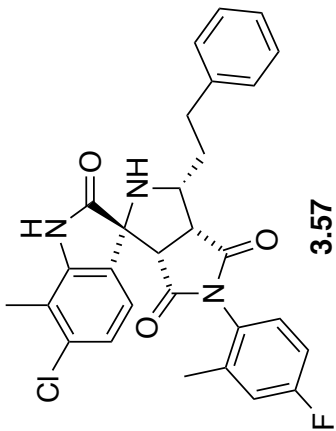
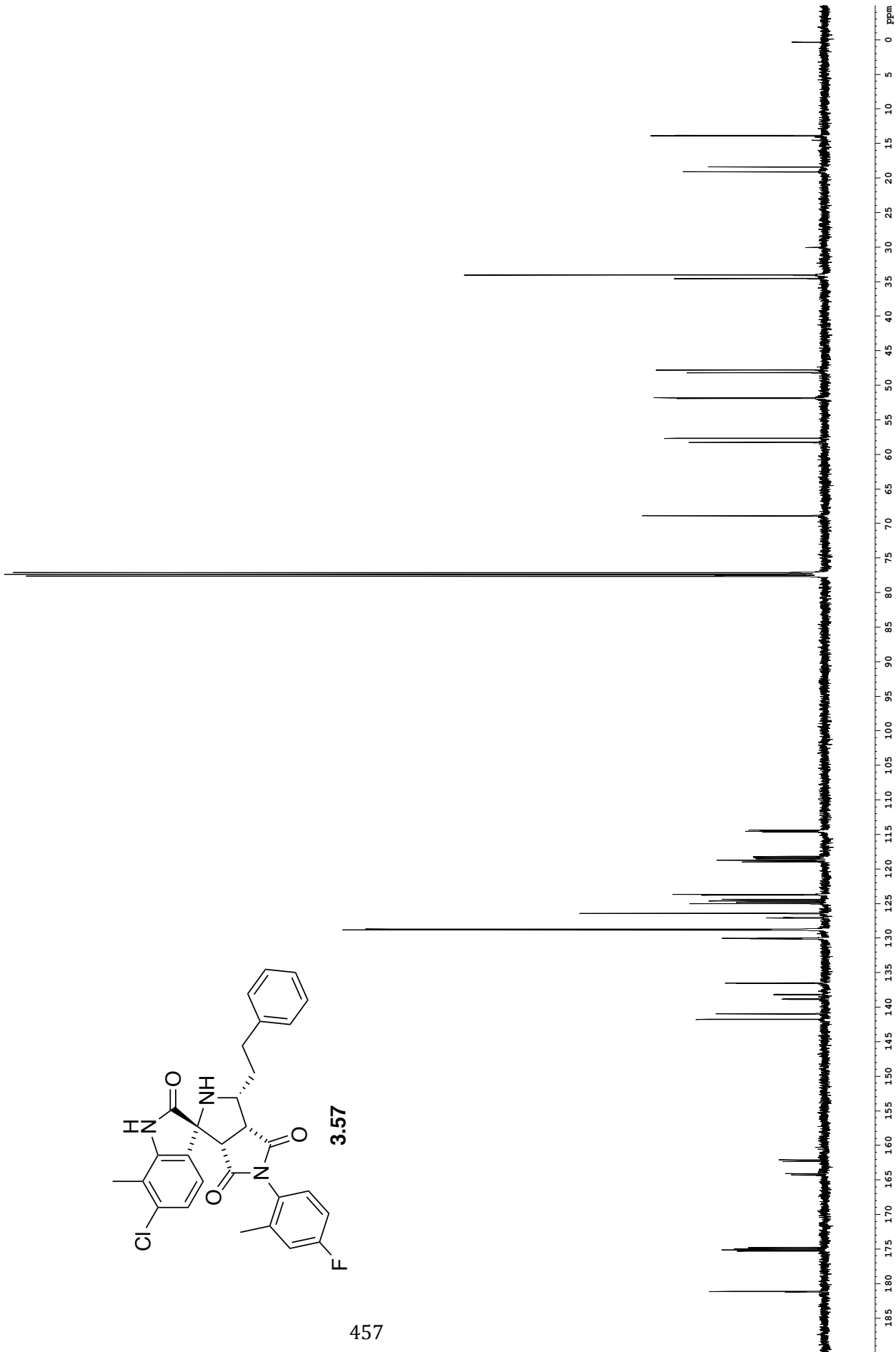


1.8059
 1.8225
 1.8358
 1.8504
 1.8645
 1.8933
 1.9132
 1.9825
 2.0270
 2.1379
 2.2577
 2.3471
 2.7127
 2.7293
 2.7428
 2.7625
 2.7747
 2.9063
 2.9151
 2.9256
 2.9538
 3.7180
 3.7325
 3.7488
 3.7649
 3.7806
 3.7956
 3.8251
 3.8409
 4.4744
 4.4868
 4.5004
 4.5142
 4.5385
 4.5518
 4.5673
 4.5806

6.7427
 6.7588
 6.8265
 6.8425
 6.9987
 7.0144
 7.0484
 7.0636
 7.0774
 7.0954
 7.1075
 7.1859
 7.2366
 7.2772

8.7282
 8.6876





13.814
18.371
19.071

34.539
34.012

47.767
48.154
51.795
51.871

57.644
58.235

68.868

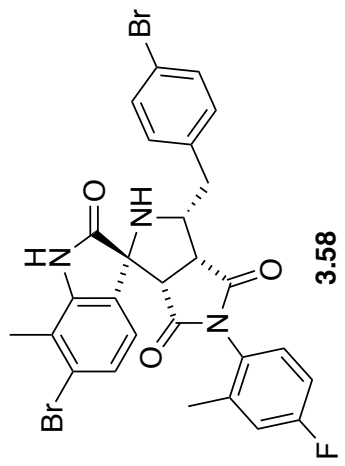
114.362
114.458
114.543
114.641
118.179
118.358
118.469
118.650
118.730
118.949
123.689
123.761
124.399
124.595
124.789
125.003
126.426
127.031
127.054
127.072
127.097
128.681
128.708
128.788
128.814
129.967
130.038
130.100
136.501
136.567
138.123
138.192
138.783
138.853
140.948
140.968
141.732
141.752

162.111
162.315
164.091
164.296

174.797
174.992
175.129
175.292

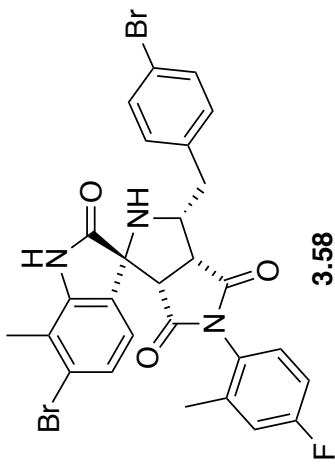
181.137
181.193

8.4547
 8.3883
 7.3919
 7.3751
 7.3797
 7.3919
 7.3751
 7.2579
 7.2391
 7.2293
 7.2229
 7.2127
 7.2023
 7.1939
 7.1776
 7.1586
 7.1419
 7.1368
 7.1313
 7.1113
 7.0943
 7.0826
 7.0689
 7.0631
 7.0563
 7.0314
 7.0259
 7.0151
 7.0105
 6.9985
 6.9939
 6.7721
 6.7559
 6.6995
 6.6832

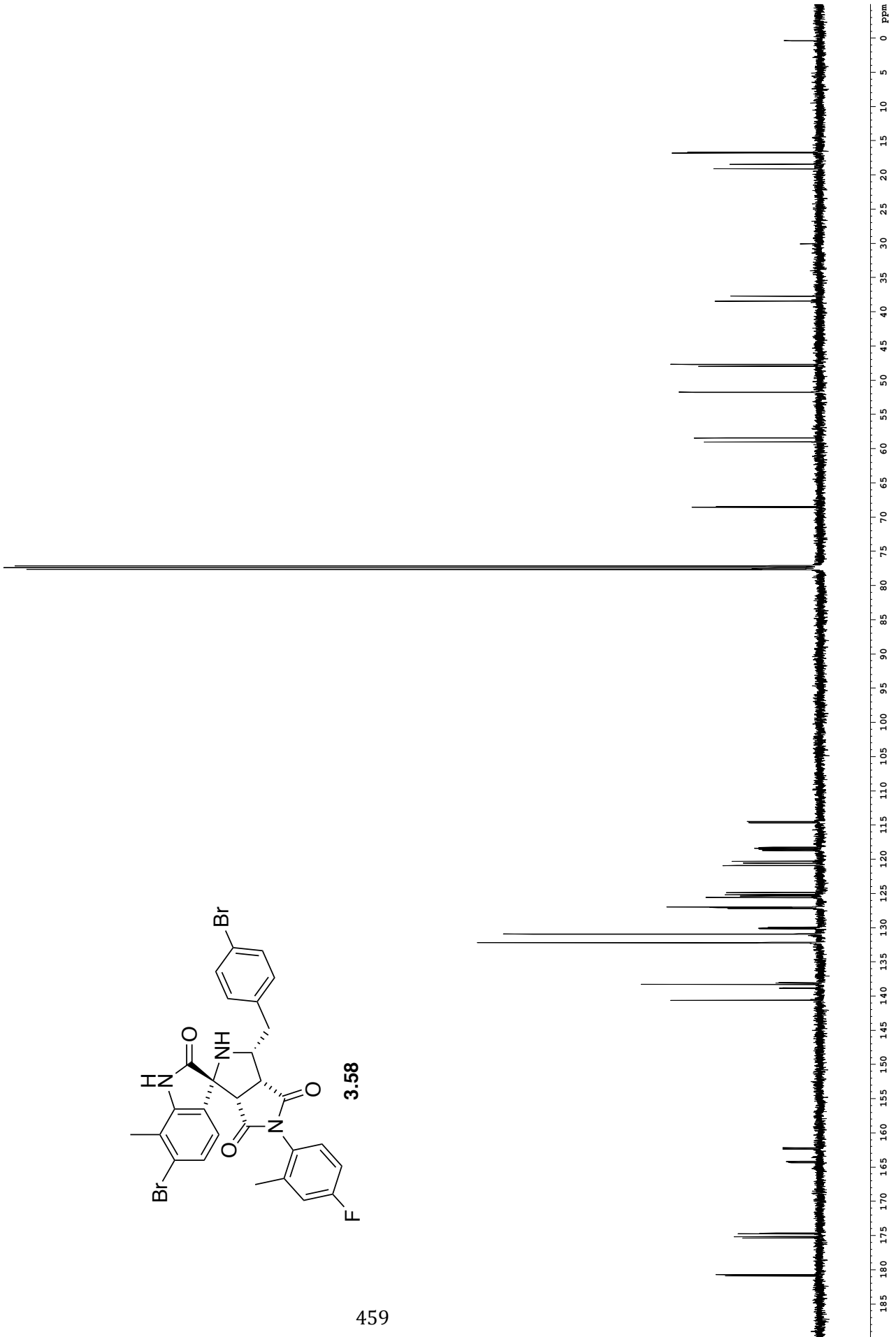


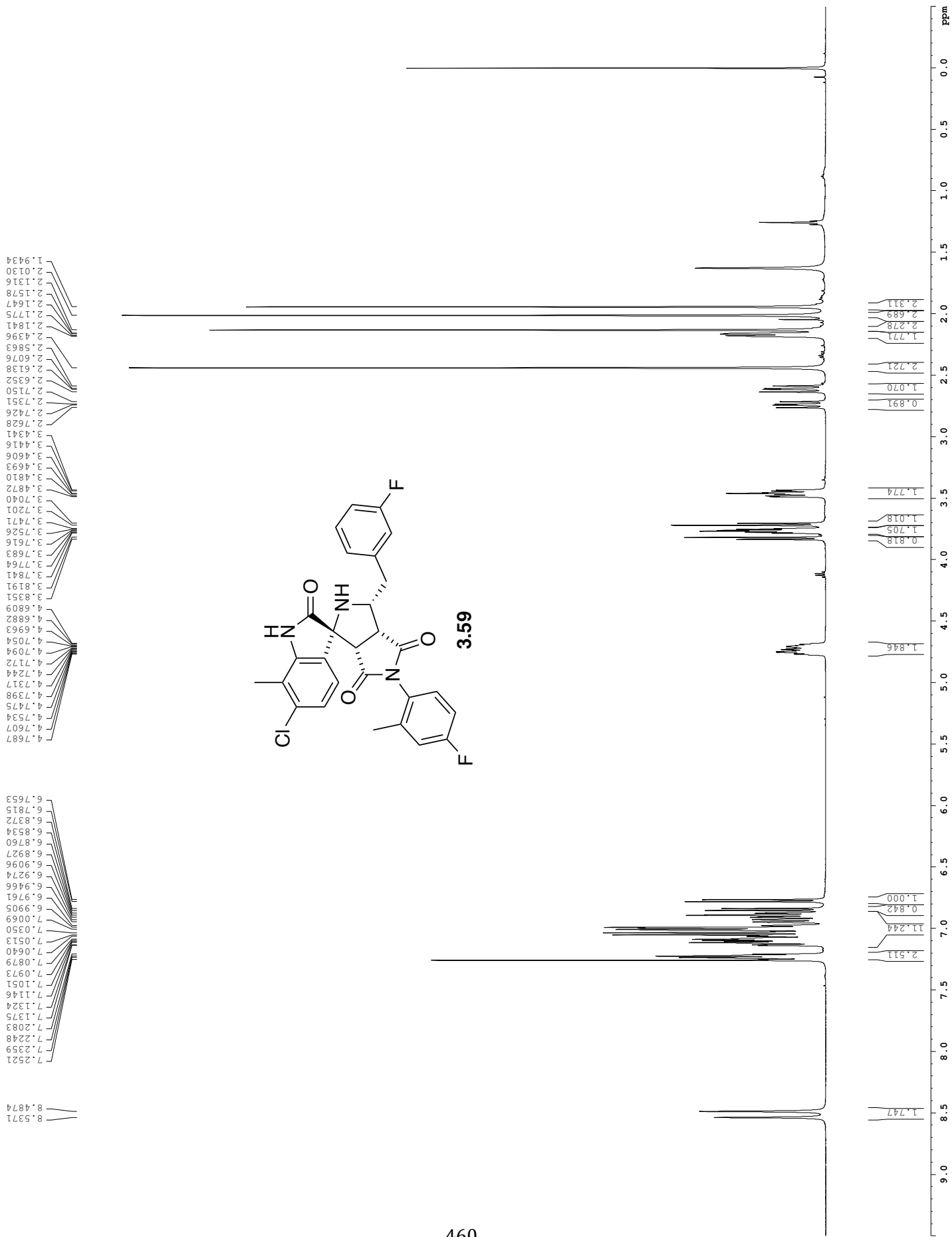
1.931
 3.362
 11.142
 0.874
 1.000
 1.876
 0.997
 2.756
 1.812
 4.215
 2.755
 2.333

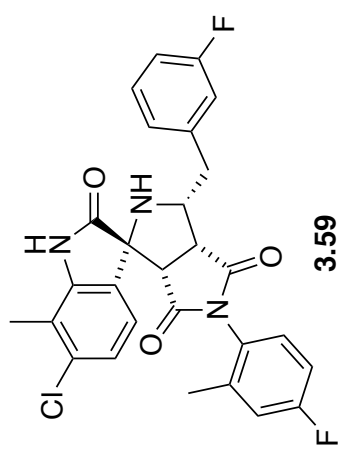
180.889
180.727
175.357
175.146
174.739
174.636
164.340
164.158
162.355
162.177
140.612
138.856
138.786
138.274
138.099
138.030
132.191
132.150
130.933
130.892
130.138
130.064
130.014
129.940
127.202
127.163
127.056
127.025
127.004
126.985
126.957
125.580
125.344
125.155
124.838
120.933
120.886
120.556
120.278
118.713
118.409
118.229
114.668
114.651
114.489
114.469



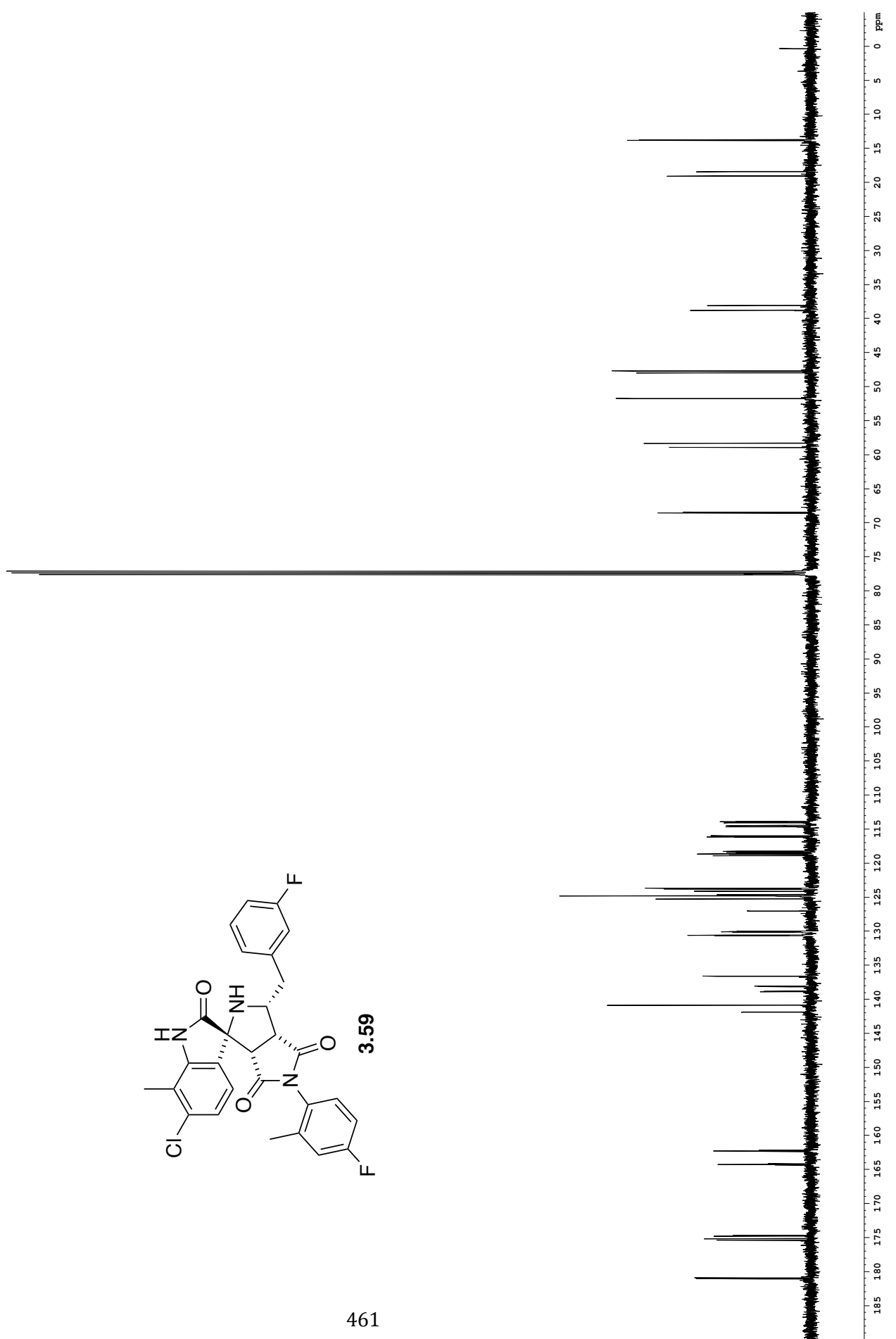
68.535
68.423
58.992
58.394
51.738
51.692
47.916
47.654
38.403
37.668



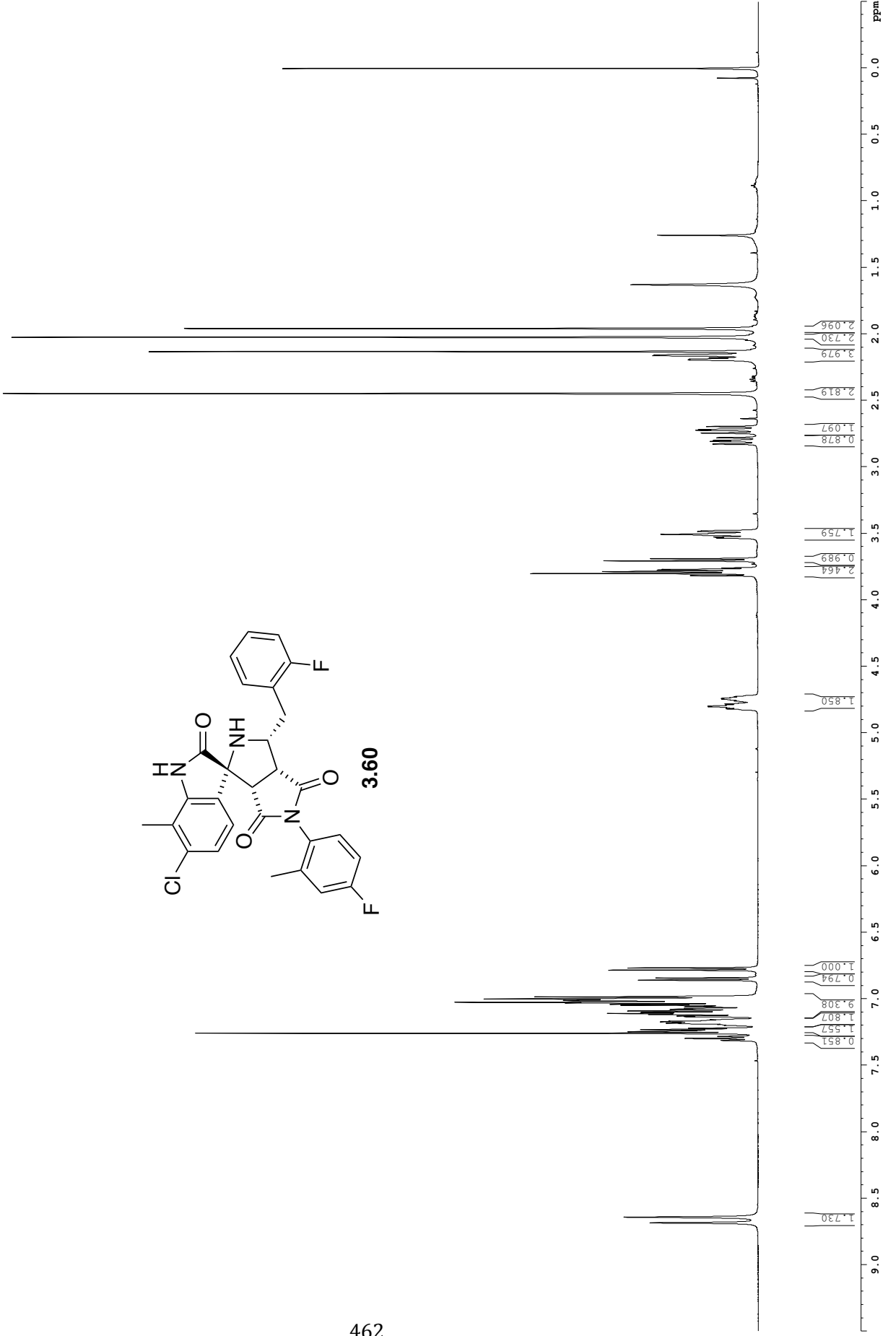
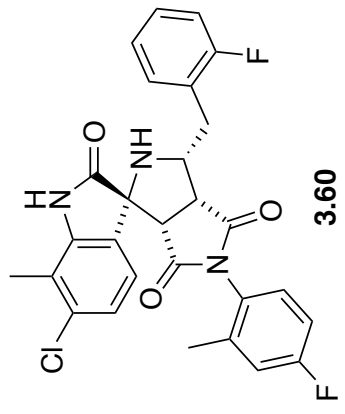


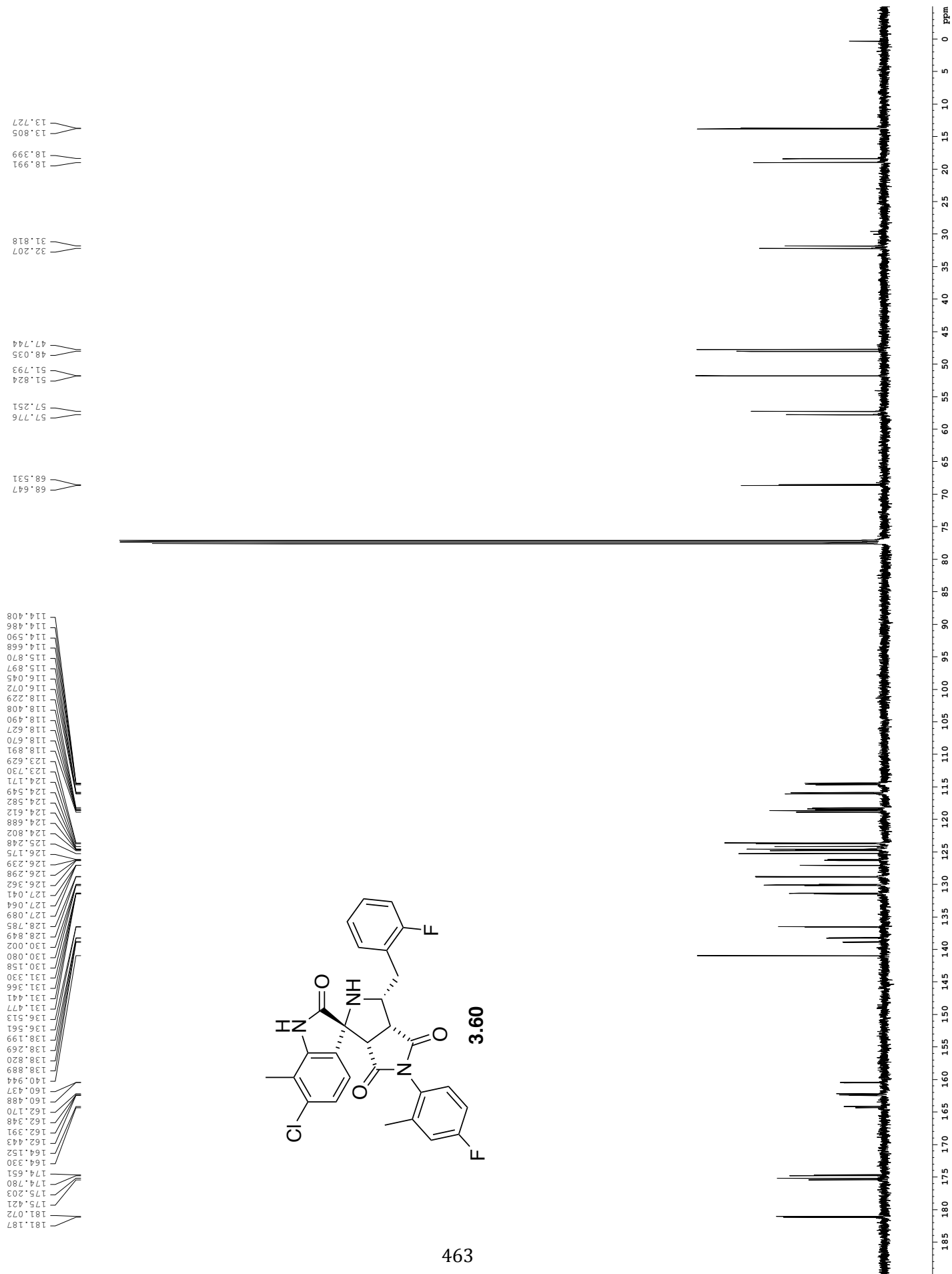


- 181.065
- 180.932
- 175.375
- 175.169
- 174.787
- 174.672
- 164.343
- 164.251
- 164.160
- 162.360
- 162.292
- 162.179
- 141.917
- 141.893
- 141.859
- 141.837
- 140.870
- 138.871
- 138.801
- 138.140
- 138.071
- 136.618
- 136.575
- 130.650
- 130.593
- 130.530
- 130.143
- 130.069
- 130.037
- 129.963
- 127.044
- 127.019
- 126.983
- 125.248
- 124.822
- 124.804
- 124.609
- 124.108
- 123.789
- 123.691
- 118.987
- 118.704
- 118.621
- 118.524
- 118.414
- 118.234
- 116.175
- 116.126
- 116.008
- 115.958
- 114.677
- 114.637
- 114.494
- 114.455
- 114.077
- 114.028
- 113.910
- 113.861
- 68.557
- 68.435
- 58.910
- 58.306
- 51.754
- 51.712
- 47.953
- 47.685
- 38.782
- 38.064
- 19.037
- 18.394
- 13.815
- 13.727



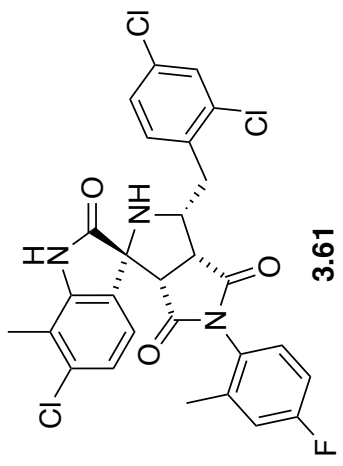
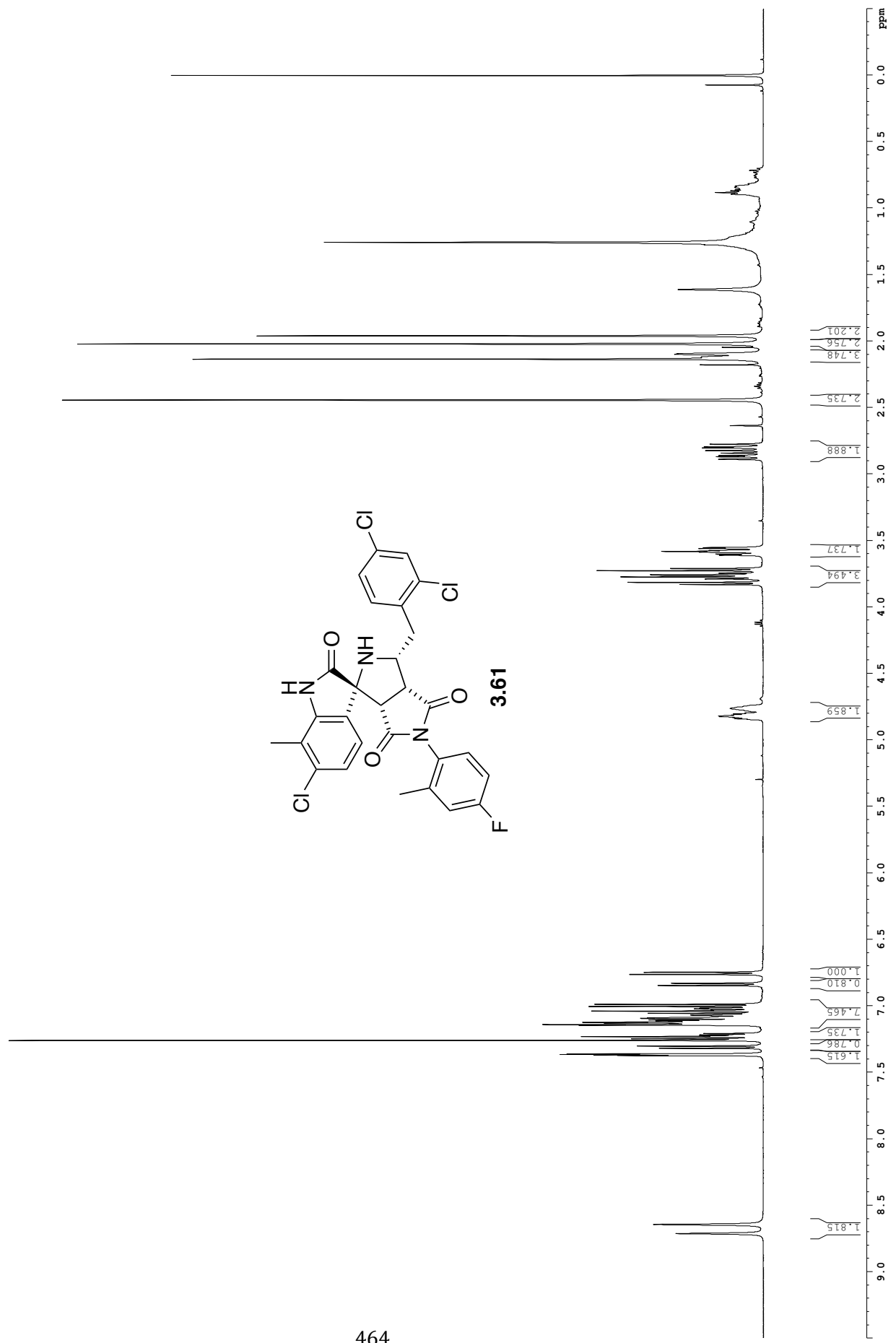
1.9592
 2.0243
 2.1325
 2.1572
 2.1628
 2.1786
 2.1899
 2.1947
 2.4480
 2.6964
 2.7176
 2.7240
 2.7453
 2.7801
 2.8000
 2.8080
 2.8279
 3.4805
 3.4853
 3.5005
 3.5071
 3.5273
 3.5353
 3.6902
 3.7061
 3.7595
 3.7700
 3.7749
 3.7865
 3.8018
 3.8177
 4.7275
 4.7362
 4.7409
 4.7483
 4.7543
 4.7603
 4.7770
 4.7829
 4.7924
 4.7987
 4.8058
 4.8212
 6.7683
 6.7845
 6.8439
 6.8601
 6.9853
 7.0016
 7.0116
 7.0261
 7.0325
 7.0413
 7.0489
 7.0611
 7.0731
 7.0789
 7.0914
 7.1024
 7.1099
 7.1181
 7.1294
 7.1346
 7.1730
 7.1789
 7.1841
 7.2213
 7.2317
 7.2384
 7.2478
 7.2823
 7.2972
 7.3122
 8.6425
 8.6853



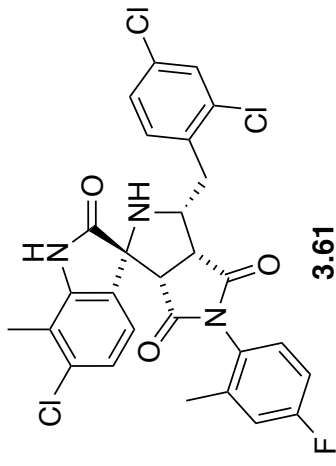


1.9603
 2.0208
 2.0931
 2.0991
 2.1174
 2.1353
 2.4434
 2.7752
 2.7954
 2.8030
 2.8233
 2.8418
 2.8606
 2.8696
 2.8885
 3.5530
 3.5599
 3.5743
 3.5815
 3.5877
 3.6020
 3.6103
 3.7104
 3.7264
 3.7453
 3.7573
 3.7618
 3.7729
 3.7885
 3.8147
 3.8306
 4.7410
 4.7491
 4.7629
 4.785
 4.7987
 4.8048
 4.8139
 4.8194
 4.8251
 4.8332
 4.8403

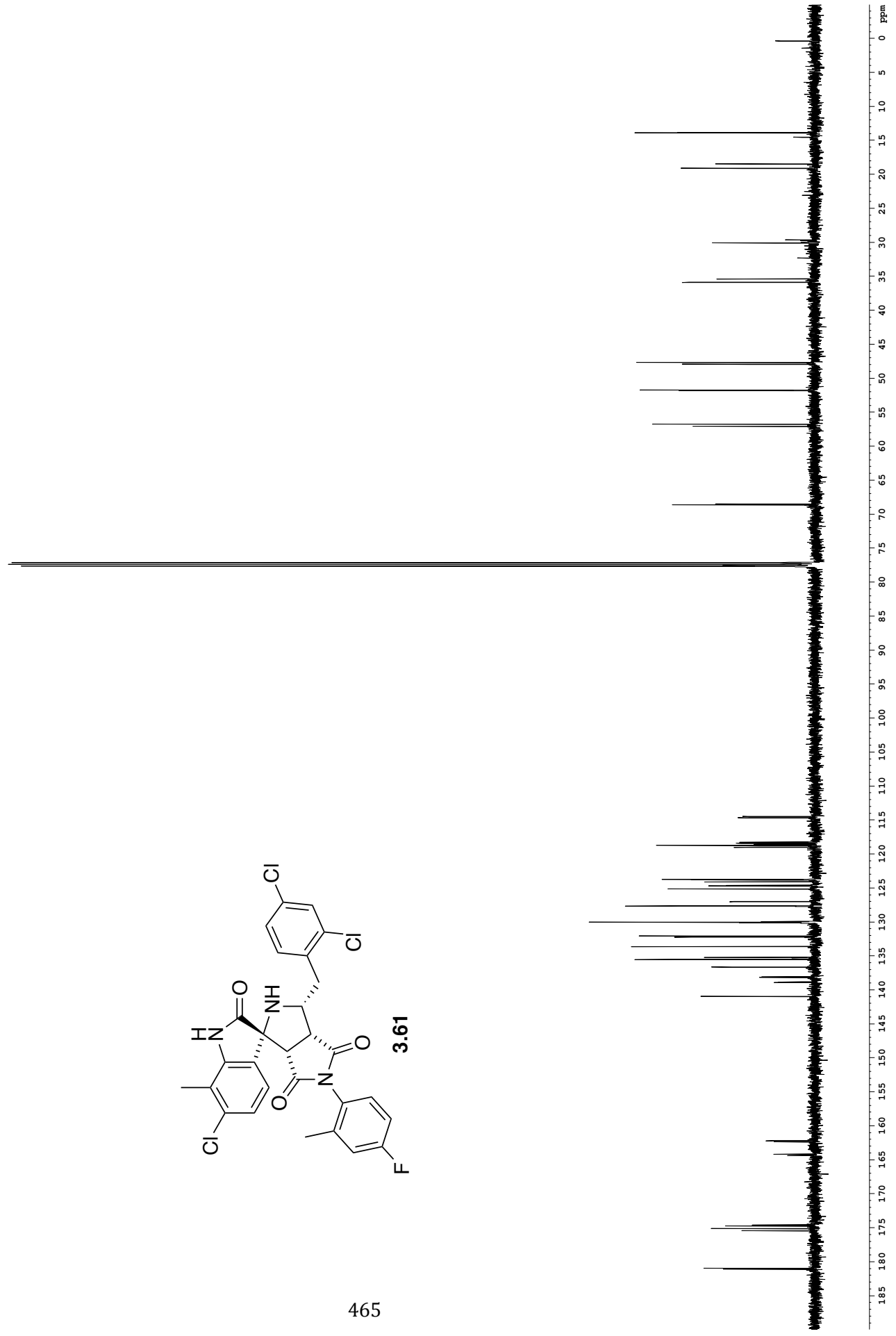
6.7476
 6.7639
 6.8308
 6.8470
 6.9886
 7.0049
 7.0225
 7.0394
 7.0557
 7.0702
 7.0944
 7.1053
 7.1123
 7.1248
 7.1294
 7.1414
 7.1457
 7.2084
 7.2188
 7.2254
 7.2314
 7.2479
 7.3027
 7.3192
 7.3619
 7.3661
 7.3698
 7.3741

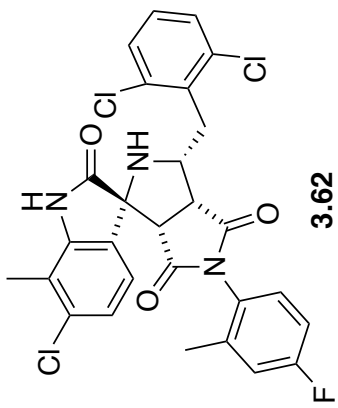


181.086
180.941
175.441
175.127
174.726
174.579
164.347
164.165
162.363
162.183
140.948
140.932
138.881
138.811
138.137
138.067
136.656
136.606
135.508
135.240
135.198
133.607
132.201
132.066
130.132
130.058
130.020
129.998
129.920
127.654
127.615
127.014
126.990
126.967
125.128
124.688
124.592
124.078
123.804
123.721
118.990
118.724
118.548
118.416
118.237
114.691
114.650
114.508
114.469



68.589
68.469
57.040
56.721
51.763
51.707
47.901
47.627
35.841
35.358
30.036
19.066
18.422
13.838
13.764

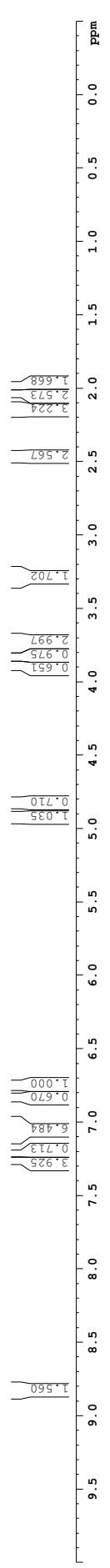


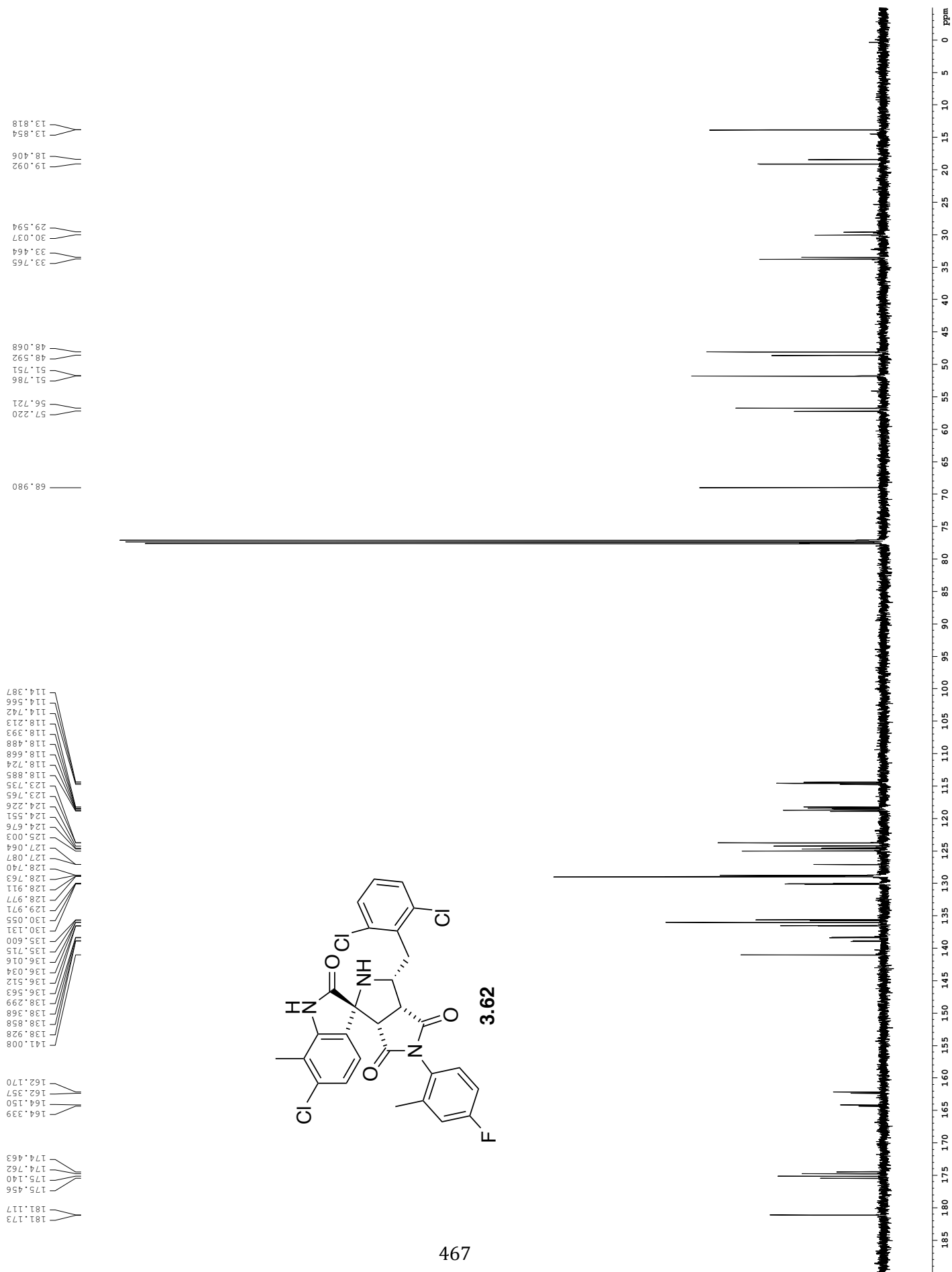


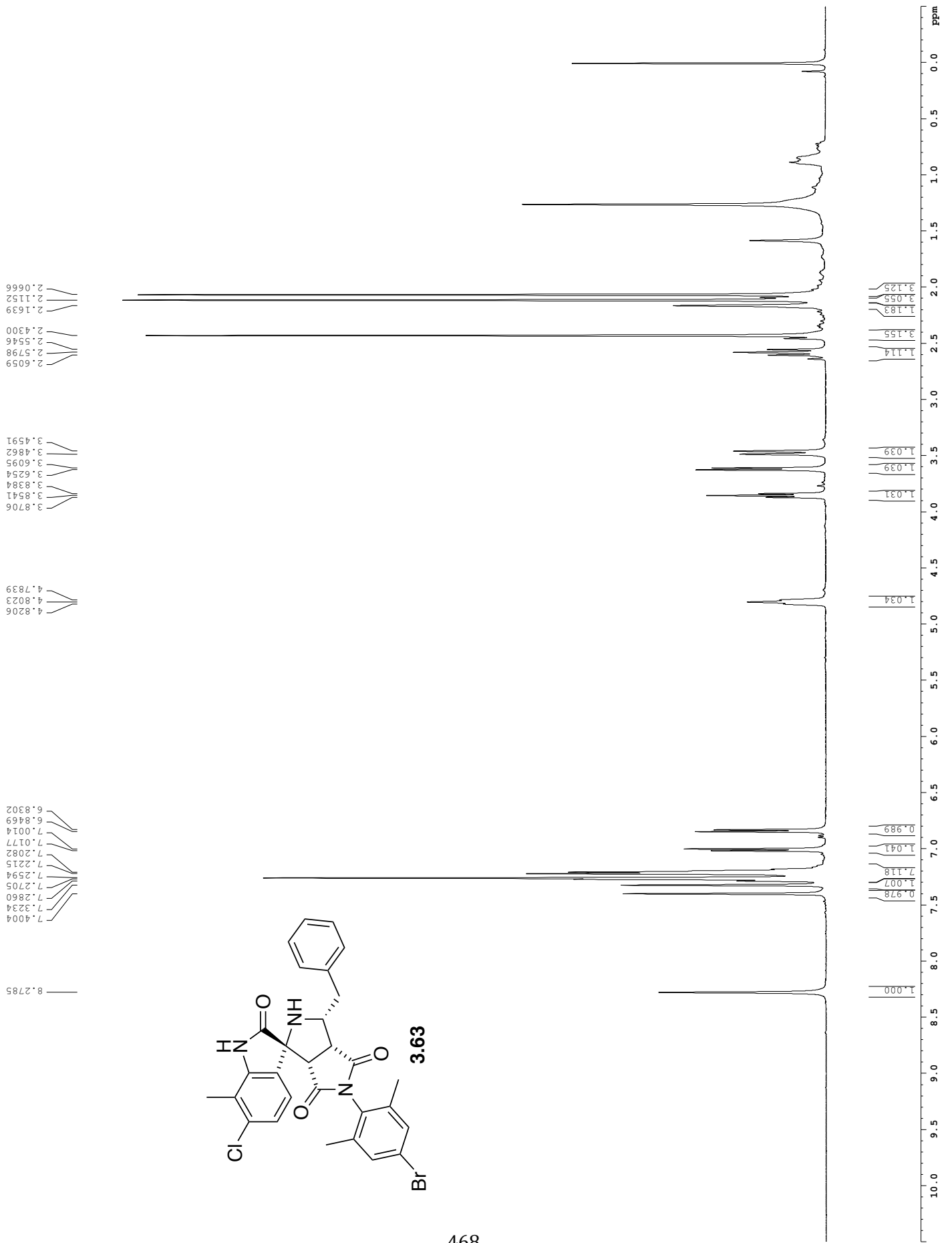
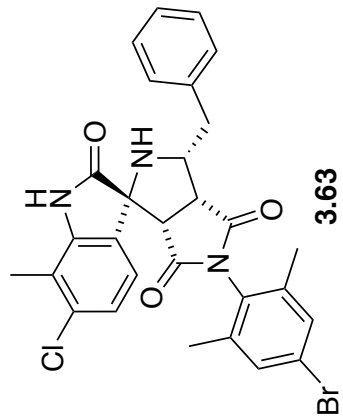
3.62

466

- 1.9932
- 2.0272
- 2.1399
- 2.1527
- 2.1616
- 2.1774
- 2.4646
- 3.2337
- 3.2561
- 3.2615
- 3.2840
- 3.2957
- 3.3174
- 3.3238
- 3.3456
- 3.6931
- 3.7097
- 3.7425
- 3.7598
- 3.7756
- 3.8161
- 3.8320
- 3.8479
- 3.8732
- 3.8887
- 3.9043
- 4.8298
- 4.9230
- 6.7425
- 6.7588
- 6.8235
- 6.8397
- 6.8937
- 6.9999
- 7.0066
- 7.0151
- 7.0271
- 7.0434
- 7.0538
- 7.0698
- 7.0860
- 7.0981
- 7.1084
- 7.1256
- 7.2017
- 7.2121
- 7.2308
- 7.2484
- 7.2589
- 7.2645
- 8.8352



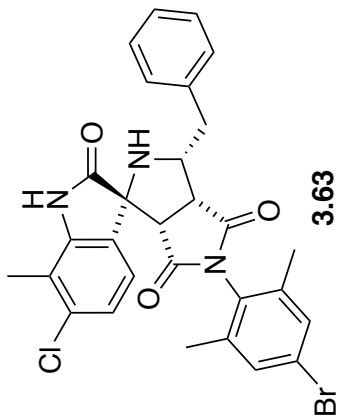




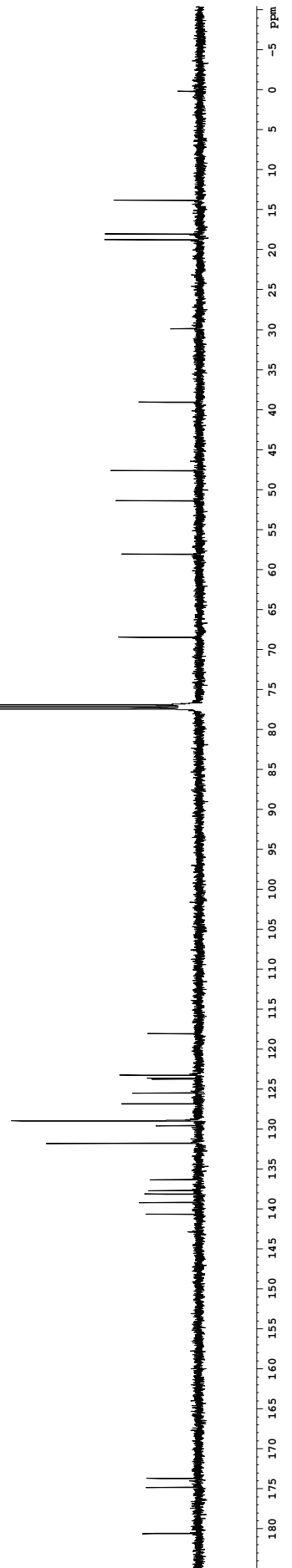
13.746
17.979
18.709
29.841
39.028
47.579
51.355
58.051
68.449

118.044
123.249
123.632
123.724
125.490
126.824
128.931
128.973
129.576
131.773
136.327
137.680
138.117
139.172
140.635

173.701
174.820
180.589

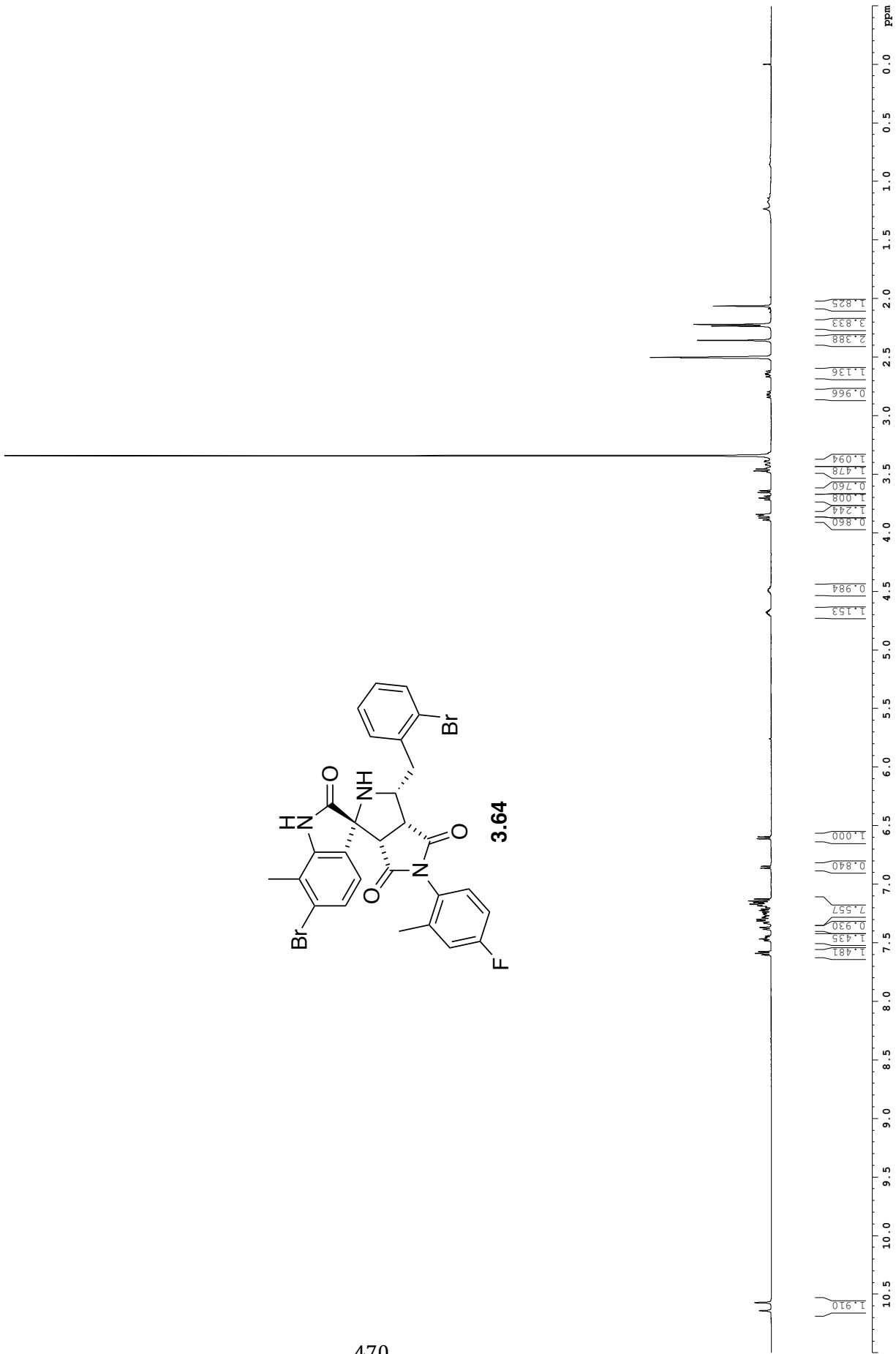
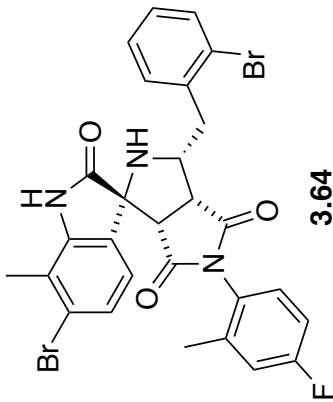


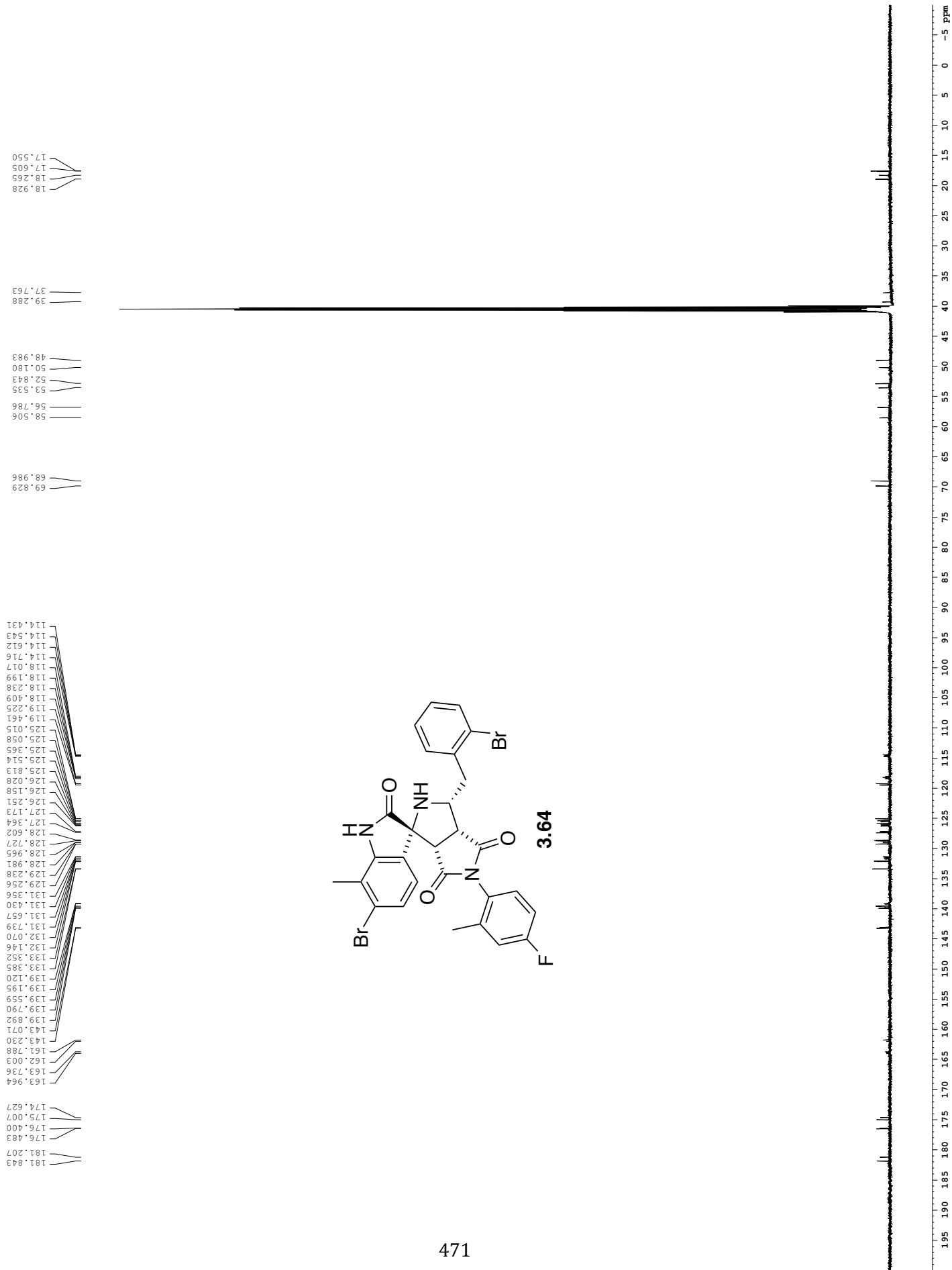
469



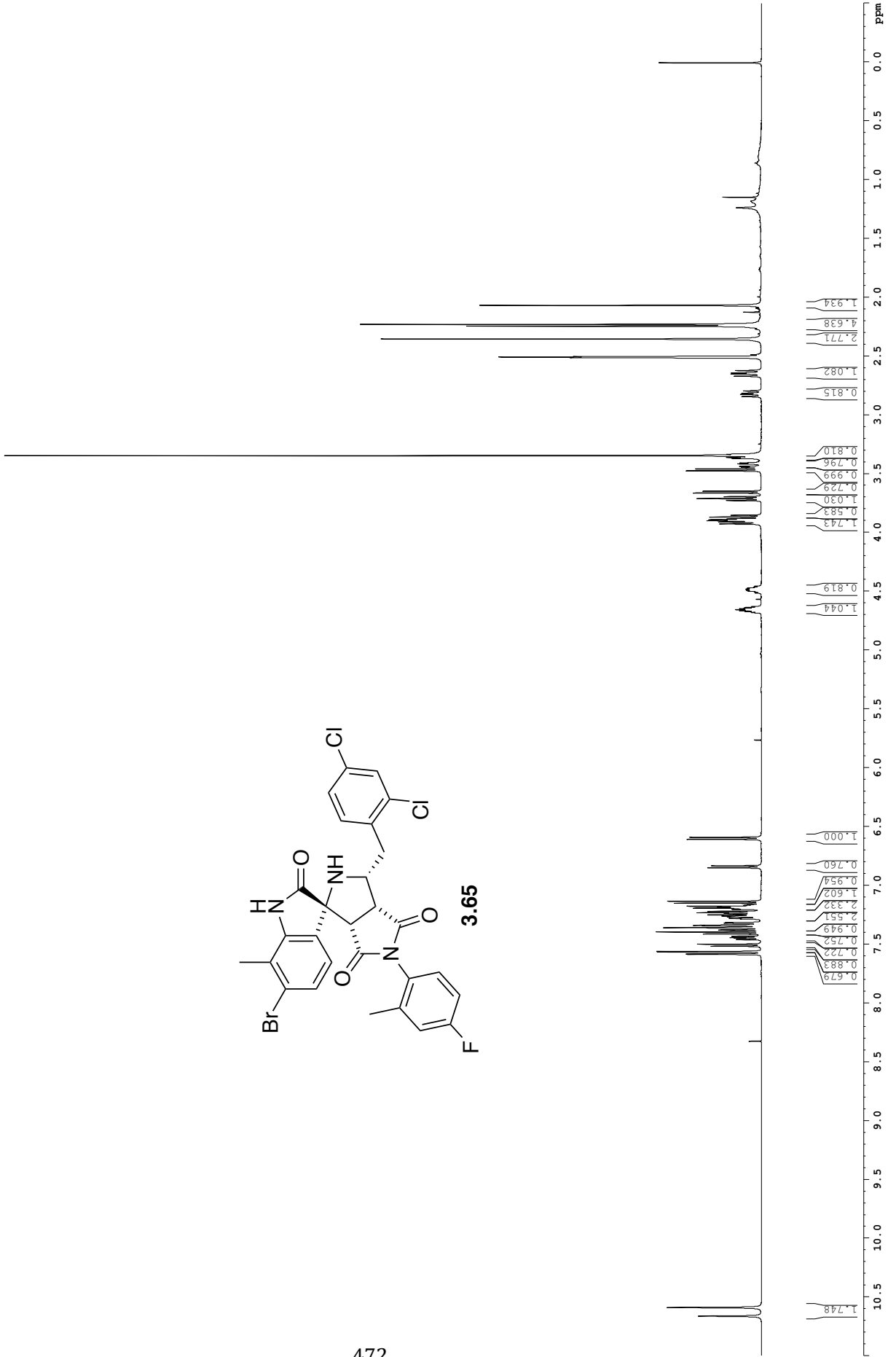
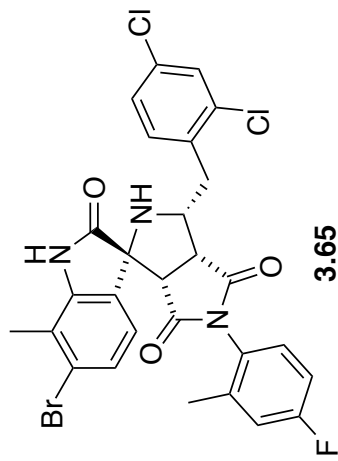
7.6022
 7.5895
 7.5746
 7.4797
 7.4674
 7.4514
 7.4404
 7.3829
 7.3677
 7.3293
 7.3109
 7.2985
 7.2809
 7.2549
 7.2470
 7.2406
 7.2292
 7.2230
 7.2116
 7.1847
 7.1687
 7.1567
 7.1419
 7.1260
 6.8622
 6.8461
 6.6109
 6.5948
 4.7058
 4.6979
 4.6900
 4.6806
 4.6726
 4.6639
 4.6552
 4.5179
 4.5115
 4.5021
 4.4958
 4.4838
 4.4768
 4.4689
 4.4602
 3.8891
 3.8723
 3.8558
 3.8412
 3.7172
 3.7011
 3.6849
 3.6545
 3.6389
 3.4812
 3.4703
 3.4537
 3.4433
 3.4212
 3.4131
 3.3917
 3.3848
 2.8420
 2.8229
 2.8127
 2.7938
 2.6656
 2.6465
 2.6369
 2.6181
 2.3552
 2.2331
 2.2193
 2.0626

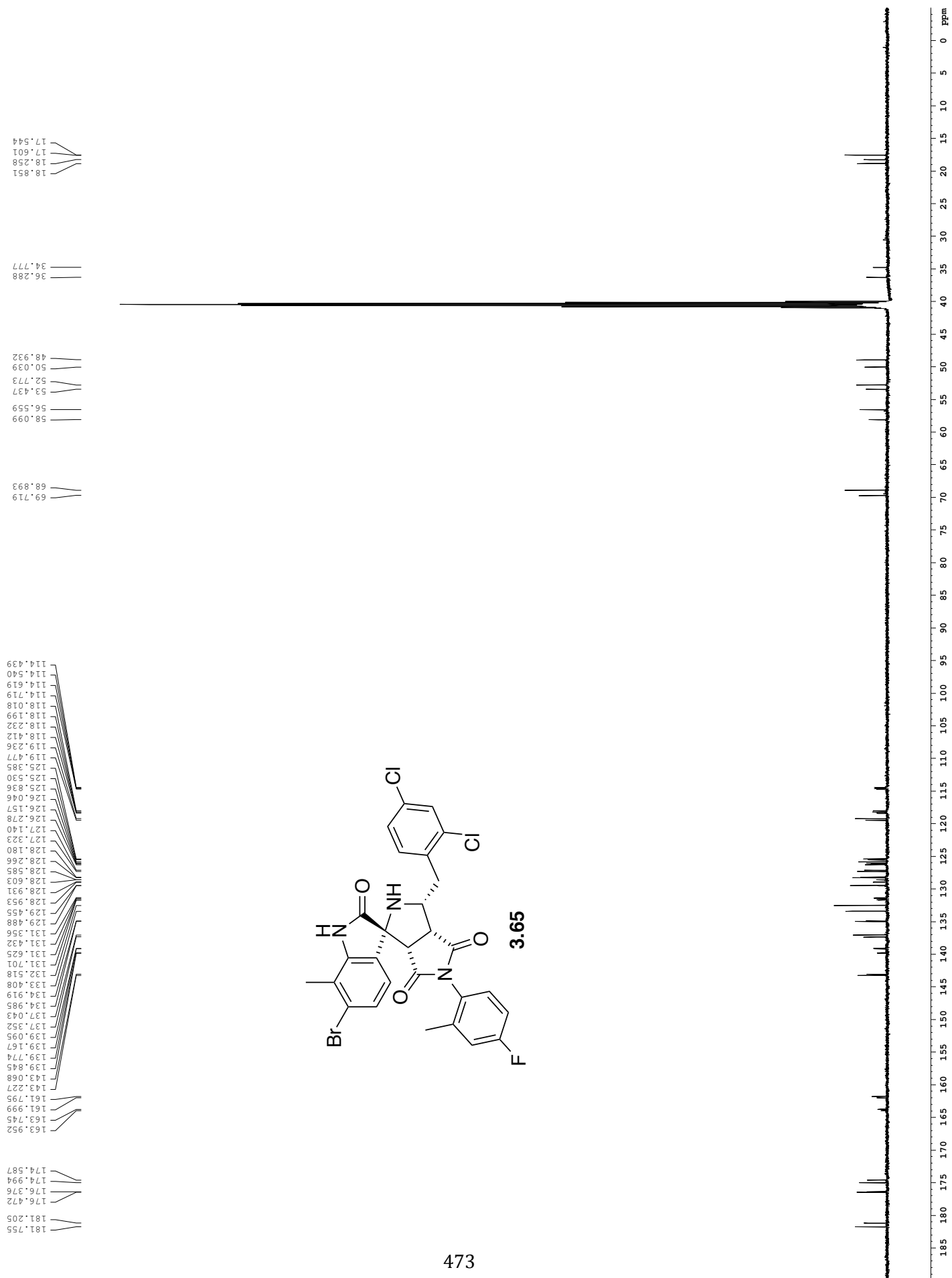
10.6412
 10.5714



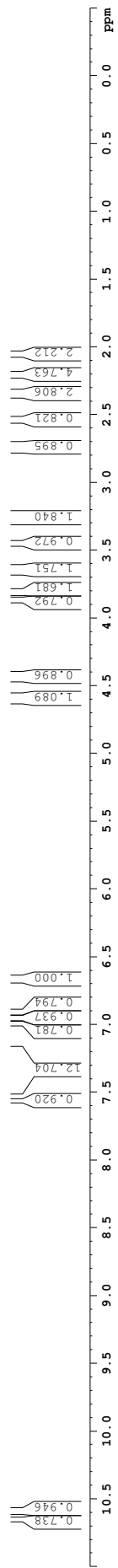
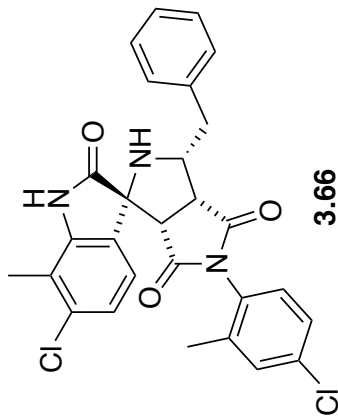


10.6630
10.5898
7.5879
7.5836
7.5664
7.5622
7.5176
7.5009
7.4615
7.4504
7.4444
7.4133
7.3966
7.3813
7.3770
7.3609
7.3571
7.3406
7.3227
7.3174
7.2868
7.2804
7.2687
7.2617
7.2513
7.2403
7.2331
7.2217
7.2048
7.2000
7.1940
7.1882
7.1779
7.1732
7.1660
7.1520
7.1359
6.8510
6.8348
6.6088
6.5927
4.6743
4.6655
4.6564
4.6476
4.6387
4.5886
4.5163
4.5092
4.5013
4.4934
4.4815
4.4744
4.4665
4.4586
3.9277
3.9124
3.9010
3.8924
3.8851
3.8695
3.8540
3.7284
3.7123
3.6961
3.6647
3.6491
3.6476
3.4601
3.4465
3.4383
3.4171
3.4091
3.3703
3.3627
3.3359
2.8452
2.8260
2.8159
2.7968
2.6717
2.6523
2.6434
2.6242
2.3557
2.2463
2.2313
2.0695





7.5636
 7.5592
 7.4958
 7.4870
 7.4702
 7.4659
 7.4584
 7.4204
 7.4158
 7.4035
 7.3989
 7.3380
 7.3237
 7.2939
 7.2835
 7.2773
 7.2733
 7.2637
 7.2210
 7.2039
 7.1861
 7.1719
 7.0014
 6.9852
 6.9622
 6.9461
 6.9168
 6.9007
 6.6686
 6.6525
 4.6127
 4.6046
 4.5962
 4.5877
 4.5796
 4.5629
 4.4614
 4.4451
 4.4345
 4.4288
 4.4184
 4.4028
 3.8746
 3.8595
 3.8257
 3.8191
 3.8107
 3.7953
 3.6723
 3.6563
 3.6401
 3.6347
 3.6191
 3.4572
 3.4415
 3.3020
 3.2918
 3.2738
 3.2593
 3.2493
 3.2312
 3.2218
 2.7639
 2.7463
 2.7358
 2.7183
 2.5524
 2.5350
 2.5247
 2.5452
 2.5345
 2.2141
 2.2019
 2.0583



17.733
17.125
13.816
13.771

38.045
36.439

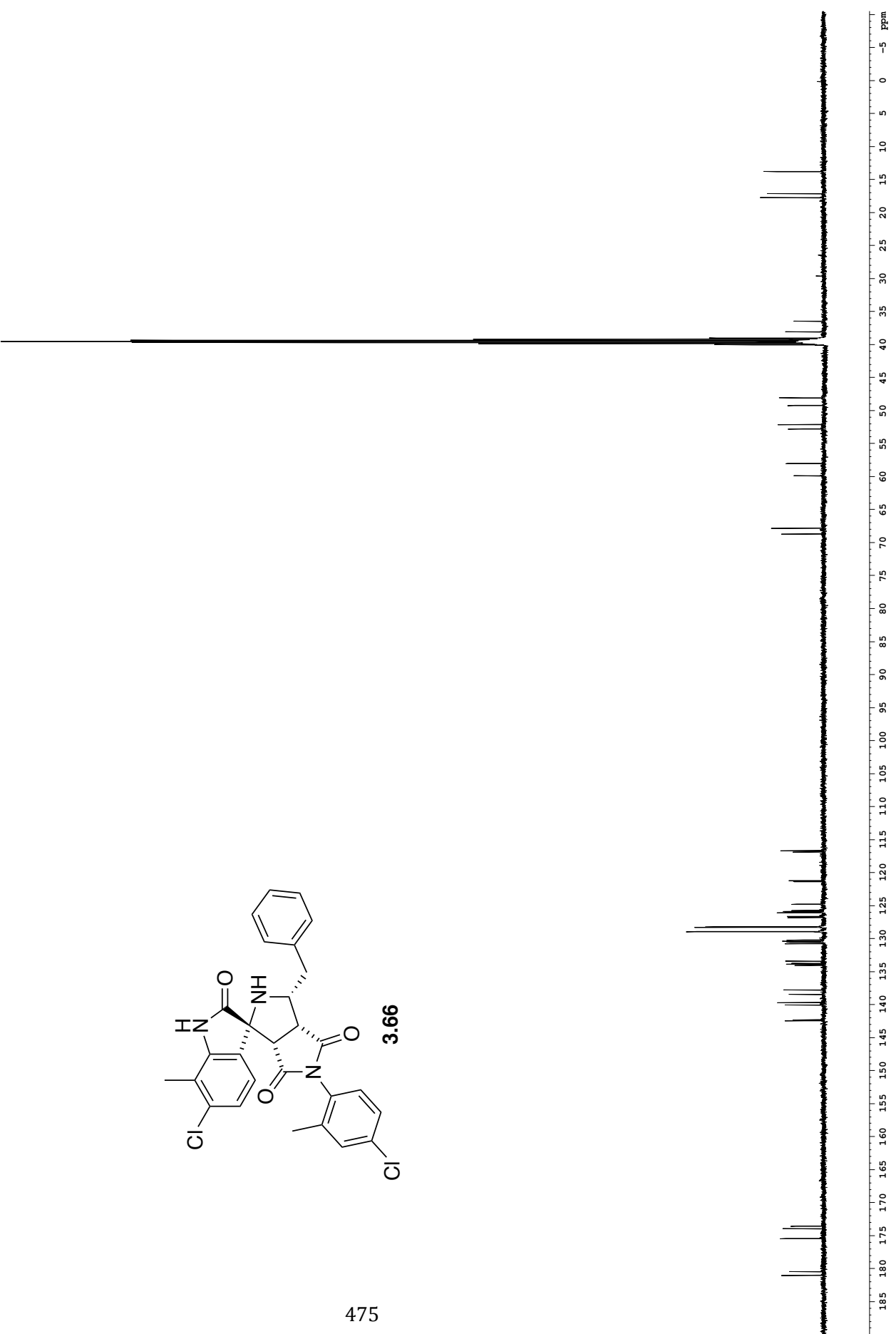
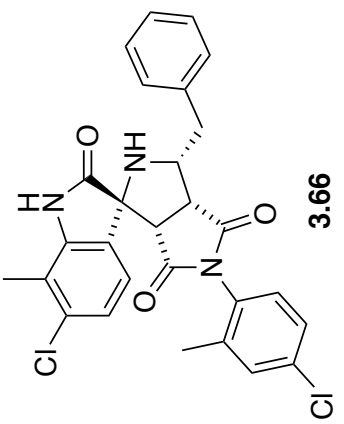
52.784
52.125
49.225
48.070

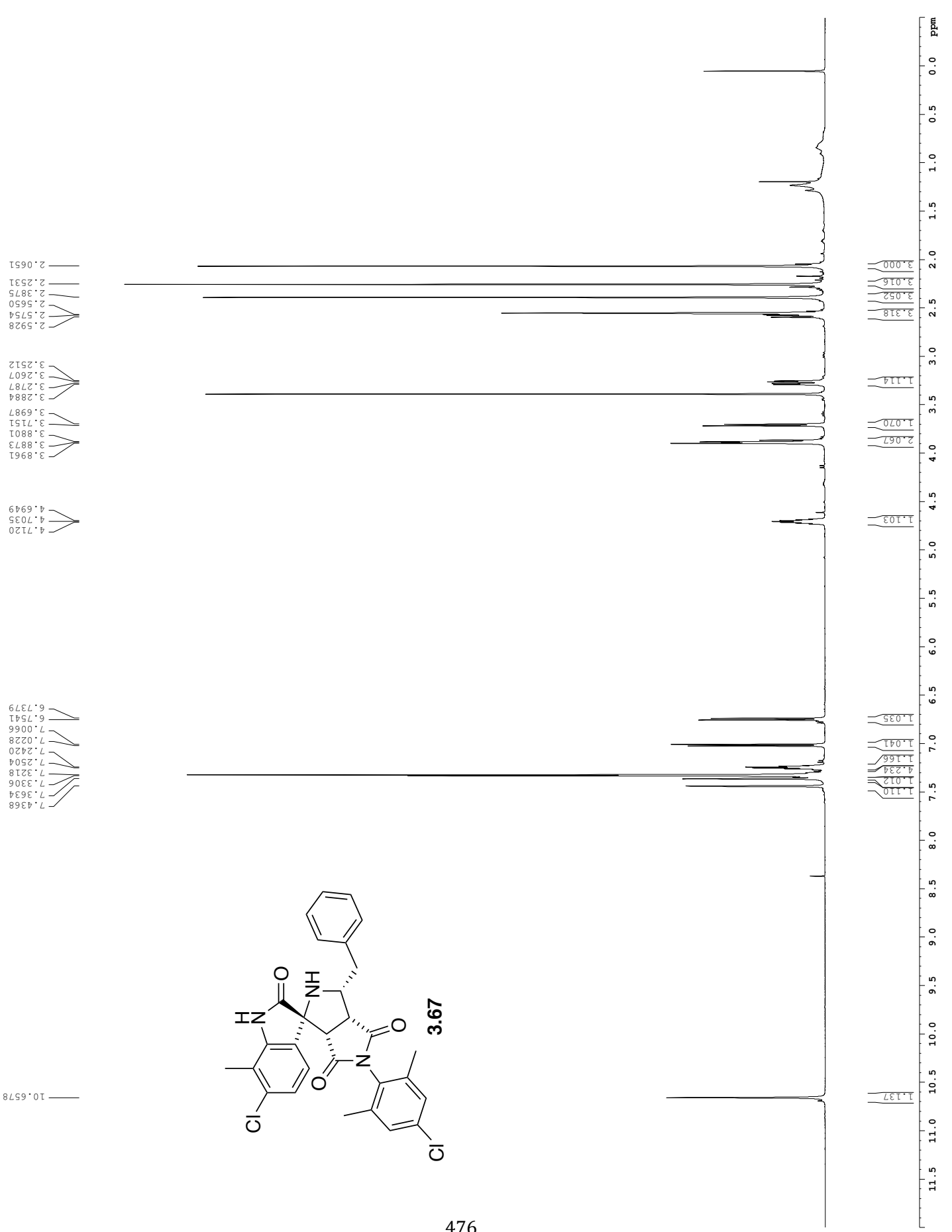
59.867
58.013

68.698
67.838

142.447
142.308
140.057
139.690
138.459
137.782
134.053
133.865
133.728
133.423
130.777
130.563
130.529
130.450
130.408
130.222
128.980
128.937
128.281
128.201
126.826
126.659
126.059
125.964
125.863
125.736
124.808
124.775
121.355
121.223
116.873
116.678

181.027
180.450
175.455
173.944
173.565





18.006
17.295
13.733

38.132

47.713

51.364

57.735

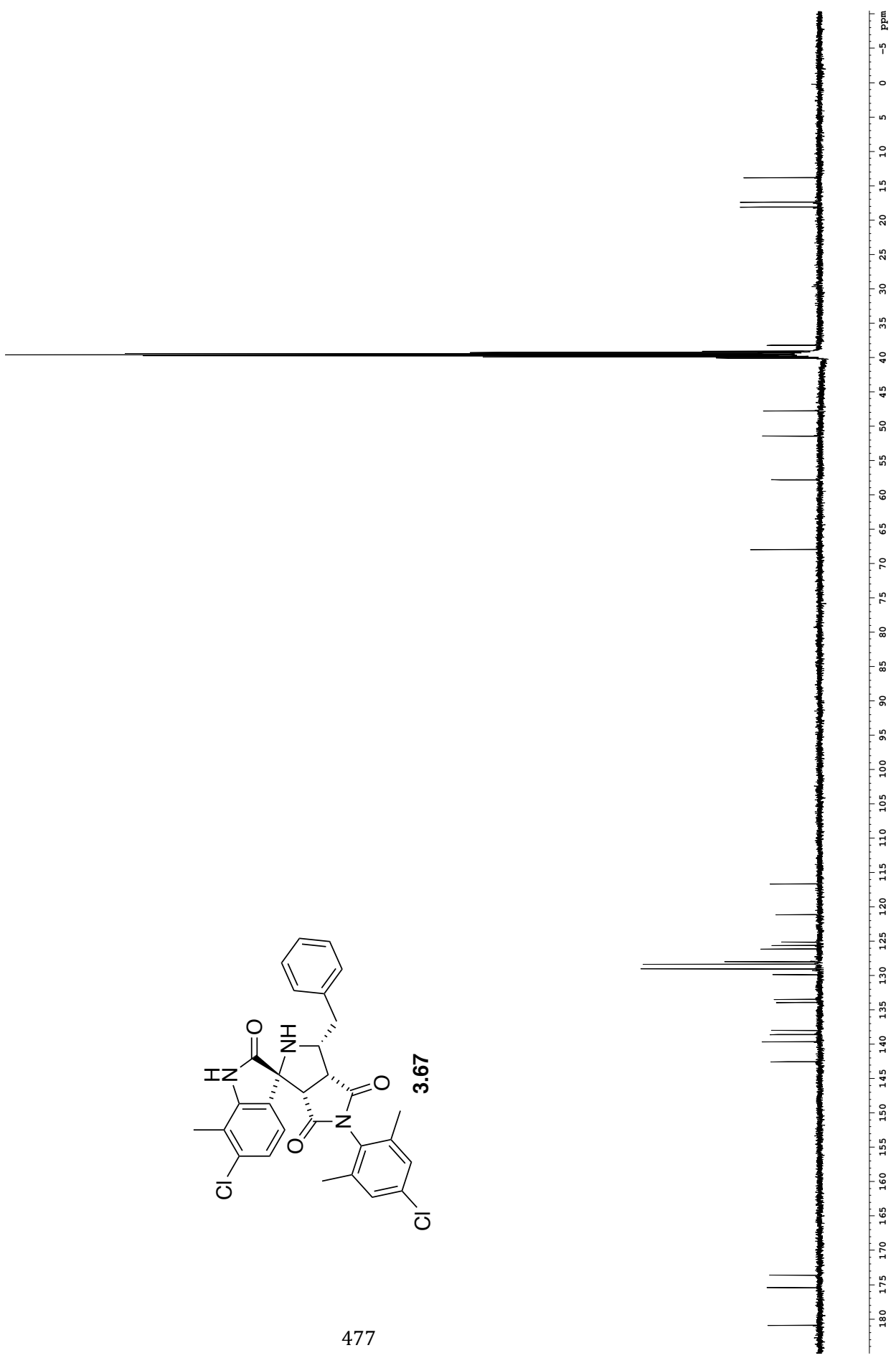
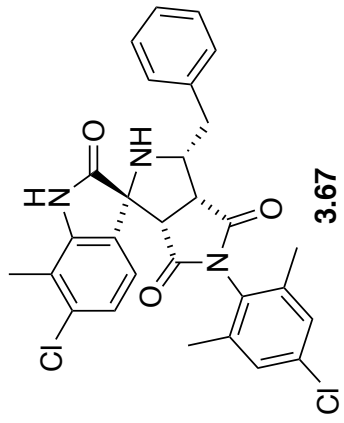
67.894

116.607

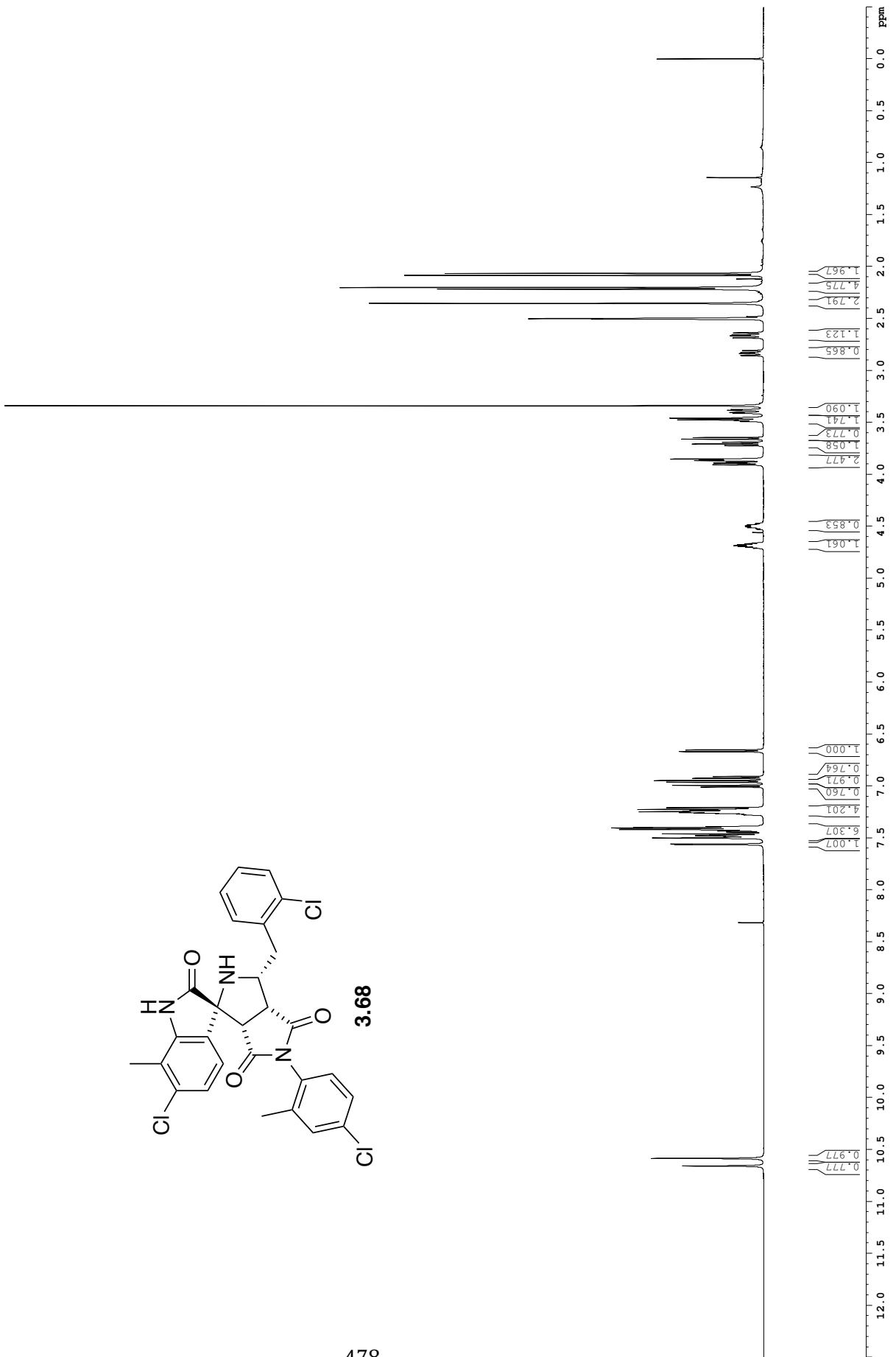
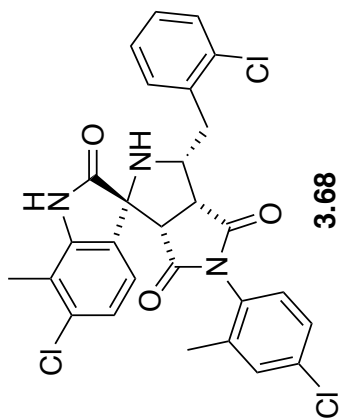
121.080
125.050
125.552
126.059
127.910
128.278
128.958
129.789
133.394
133.846
137.902
138.516
139.571
142.477

173.558
175.359

180.881



10.5850
 10.6582
 7.4999
 7.4778
 7.4733
 7.4602
 7.4437
 7.4326
 7.4293
 7.4182
 7.4045
 7.3940
 7.3900
 7.2707
 7.2658
 7.2594
 7.2554
 7.2484
 7.2340
 7.2252
 7.2083
 7.0095
 6.9934
 6.9634
 6.9472
 6.9254
 6.9092
 6.8888
 6.8527
 4.7113
 4.7028
 4.6939
 4.6851
 4.6766
 4.6679
 4.6592
 4.6289
 4.5210
 4.5108
 4.5044
 4.4942
 4.4871
 4.4792
 3.9063
 3.8904
 3.8822
 3.8668
 3.8597
 3.8512
 3.7223
 3.7063
 3.6901
 3.6603
 3.6446
 3.4893
 3.4812
 3.4741
 3.4587
 3.4110
 3.4032
 3.3824
 3.3749
 3.3384
 2.8549
 2.8361
 2.8255
 2.8068
 2.6844
 2.6655
 2.6558
 2.6371
 2.3520
 2.2152
 2.2001
 2.0833
 2.0644



13.742
13.799
17.103
17.712

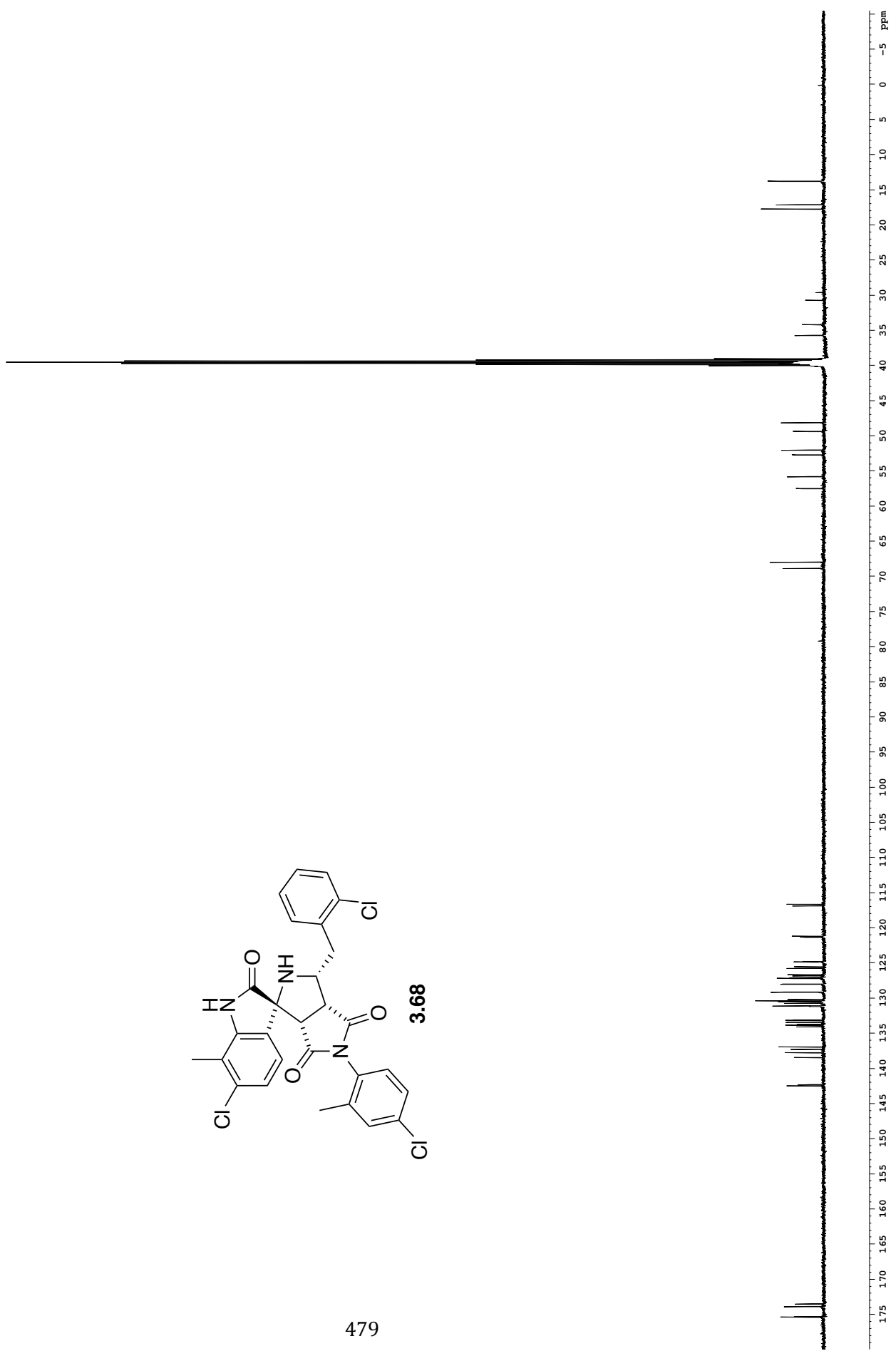
29.601
30.698
34.150
35.707

48.134
49.356
52.704
52.704
55.806
57.492

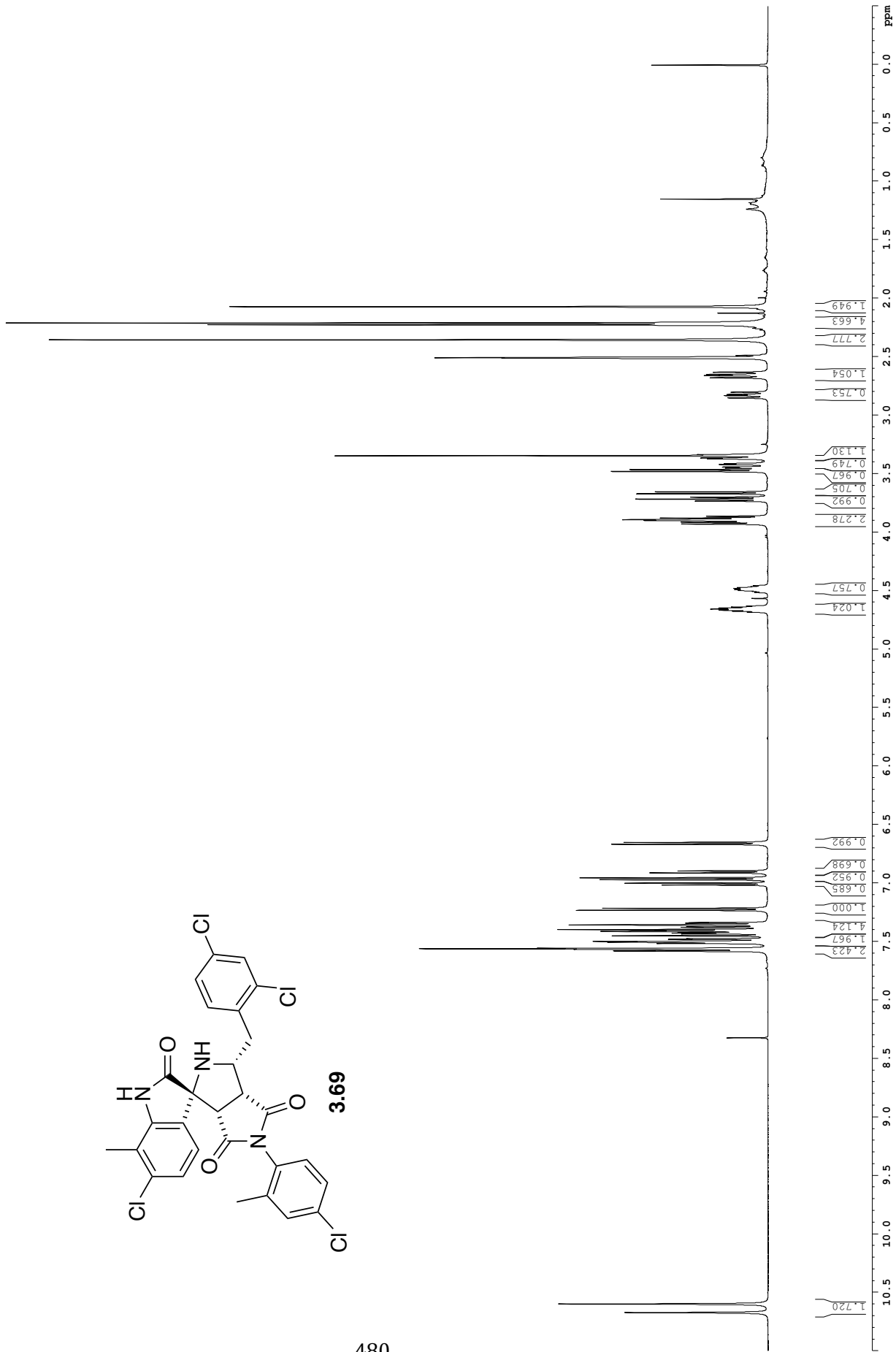
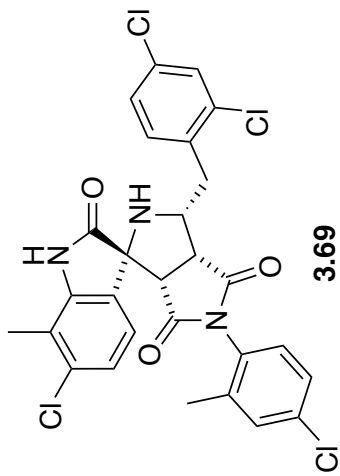
67.972
68.856

116.642
116.879
121.180
121.328
124.790
124.845
125.536
125.751
126.662
126.825
127.078
127.190
127.995
128.013
129.125
129.165
130.191
130.396
130.823
130.733
131.109
131.153
133.086
133.154
133.435
133.743
133.859
134.079
136.947
137.292
137.771
138.437
142.323
142.471

173.517
173.895
175.325
175.396



10.6734
10.5997
7.5833
7.5791
7.5622
7.5578
7.5166
7.5051
7.4997
7.4810
7.4515
7.4348
7.4284
7.4239
7.4139
7.4071
7.3979
7.3792
7.3751
7.3588
7.3423
7.3382
7.2330
7.2160
7.0169
7.0007
6.9717
6.9556
6.9130
6.8969
6.6990
6.6528
4.6855
4.6755
4.6666
4.6578
4.6491
4.6401
4.6319
4.5145
4.4988
4.4910
4.4809
4.4753
4.4675
4.4597
3.9295
3.9139
3.8995
3.8935
3.8788
3.8633
3.7331
3.7171
3.7009
3.6709
3.6553
3.4807
3.4649
3.4506
3.4425
3.4212
3.4134
3.3723
3.3648
3.3385
2.8516
2.8323
2.8222
2.8032
2.6797
2.6602
2.6514
2.6321
2.3548
2.2258
2.2105
2.0718



18.650
18.047
14.741
14.683

36.251
34.732
30.544

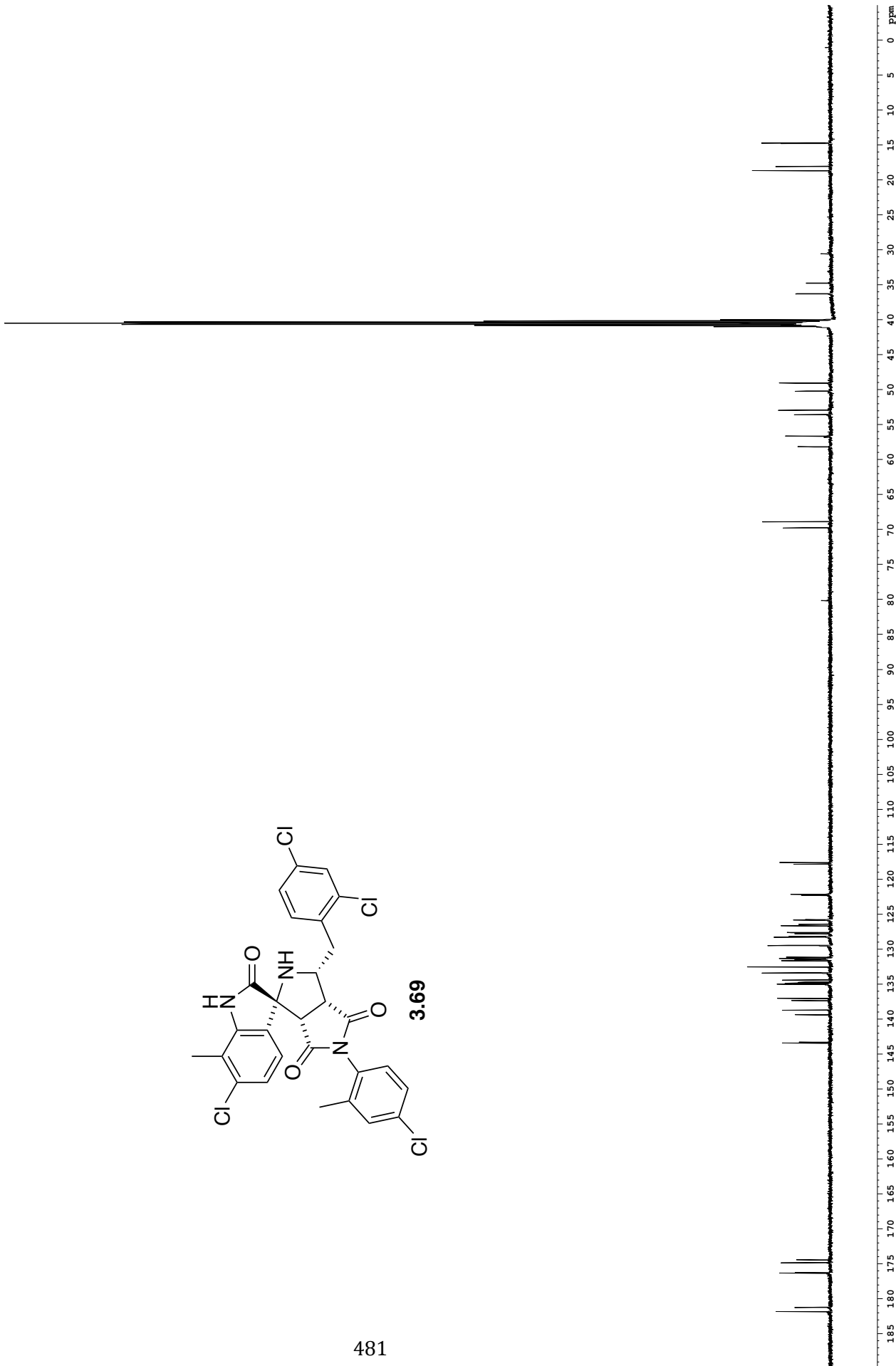
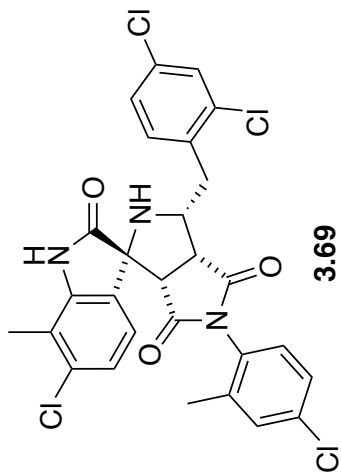
58.131
56.597
53.548
52.904
50.174
49.027

69.725
68.857

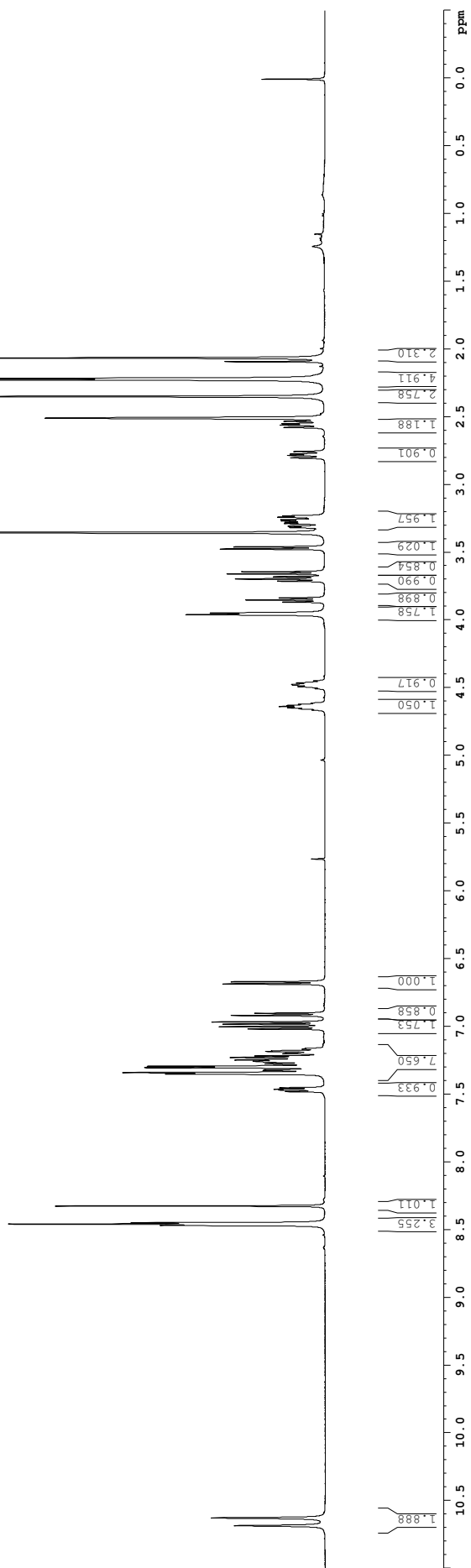
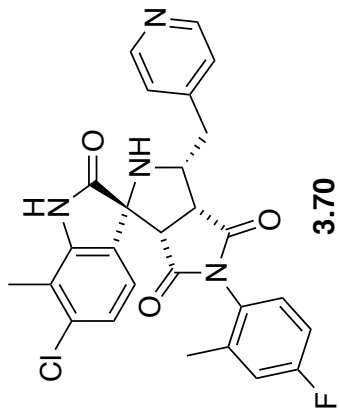
80.128

143.416
143.273
139.377
138.705
137.349
137.034
135.046
134.990
134.917
134.833
134.703
134.397
133.397
132.523
131.653
131.482
131.424
131.333
131.305
131.131
129.488
129.453
128.264
128.177
127.772
127.612
126.649
126.427
125.824
125.748
122.276
122.137
117.834
117.595

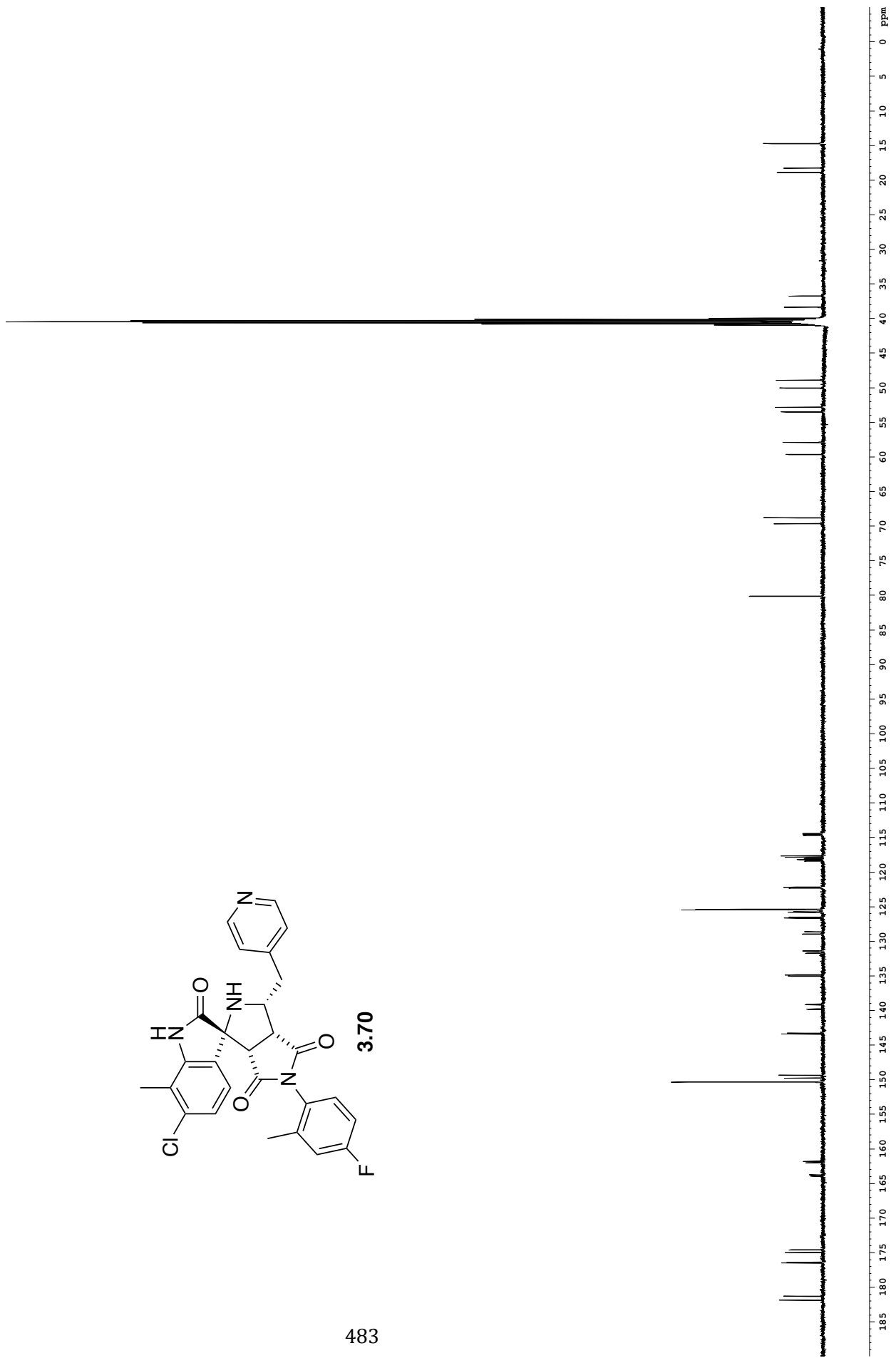
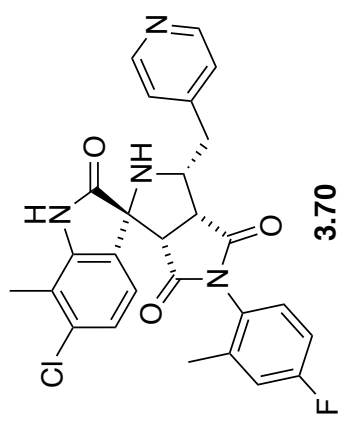
181.798
181.217
176.320
176.236
174.827
174.425



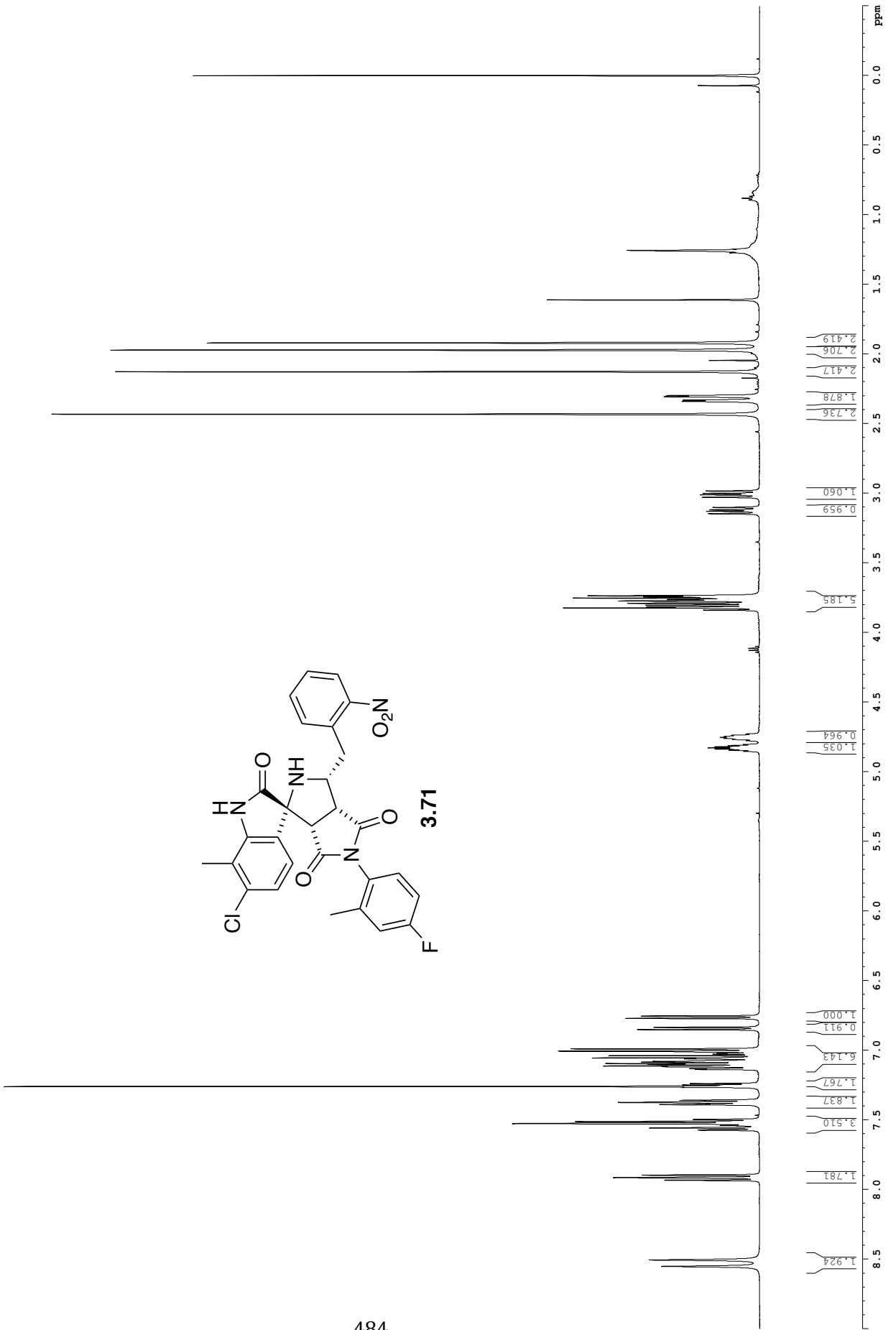
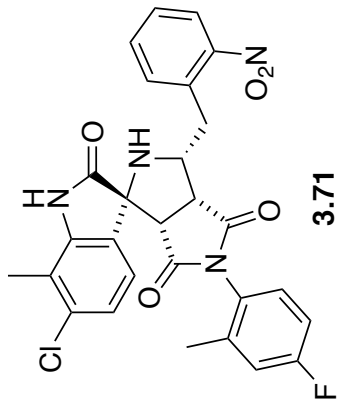
10.6858
 10.6286
 8.4691
 8.4590
 8.4495
 8.3256
 7.4813
 7.4699
 7.4644
 7.4535
 7.3517
 7.3411
 7.3250
 7.3048
 7.2940
 7.2760
 7.2572
 7.2482
 7.2299
 7.2185
 7.2018
 7.1851
 7.1851
 7.10191
 7.0029
 6.9837
 6.9675
 6.9194
 6.9032
 6.8868
 6.8707
 4.6653
 4.6560
 4.6479
 4.6395
 4.6233
 4.6310
 4.6136
 4.5076
 4.4915
 4.4831
 4.4759
 4.4654
 4.4496
 3.9609
 3.9492
 3.8680
 3.8527
 3.8374
 3.7133
 3.6975
 3.6814
 3.6603
 3.6446
 3.4763
 3.4605
 3.3175
 3.3078
 3.2890
 3.2793
 3.2693
 3.2596
 3.2411
 3.2319
 2.8036
 2.7853
 2.753
 2.751
 2.5791
 2.5615
 2.5513
 2.5338
 2.3507
 2.2273
 2.2170
 2.0660



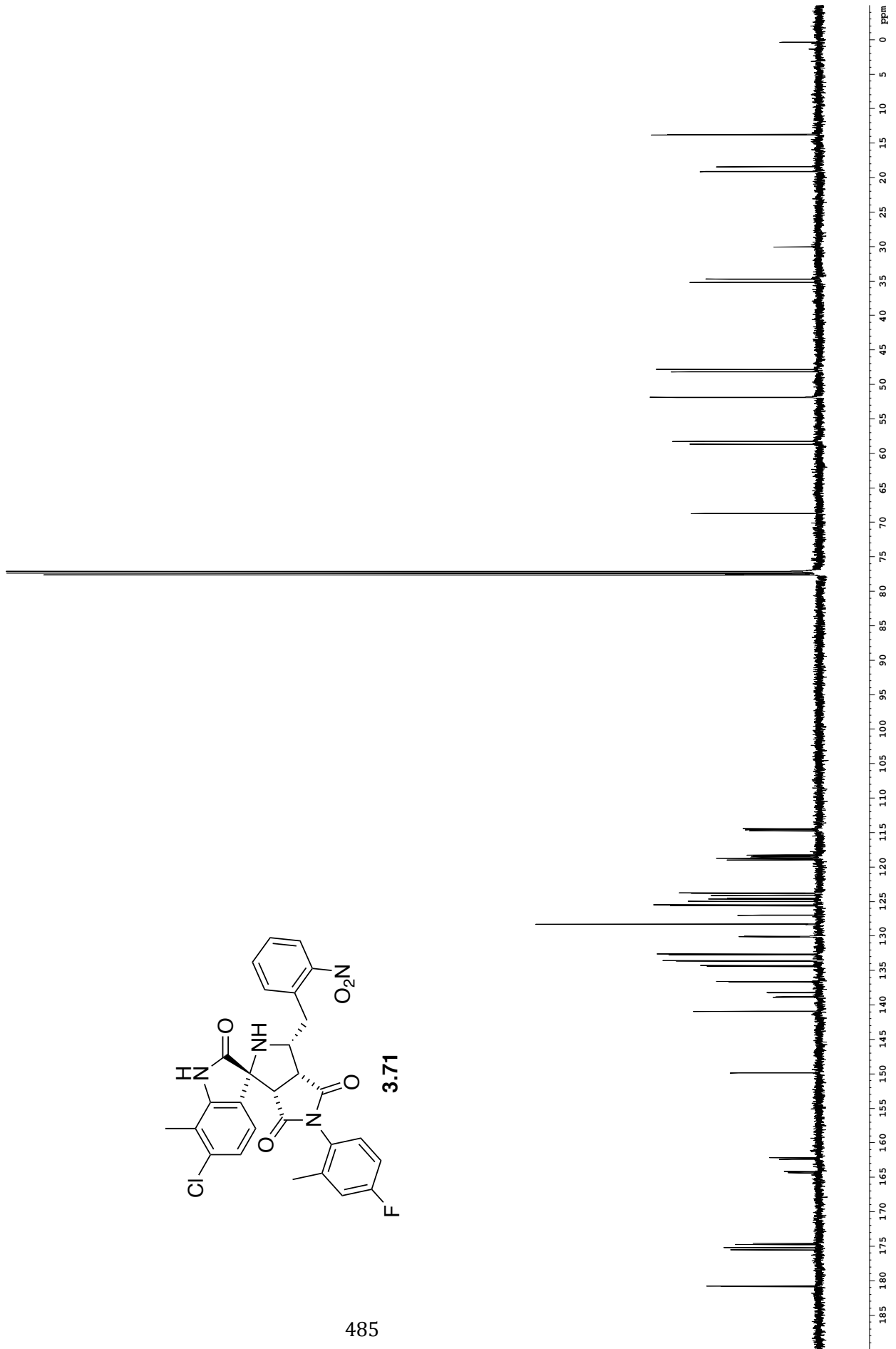
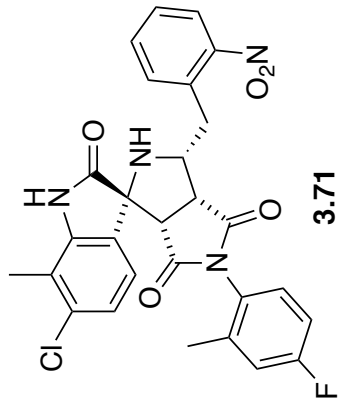
181.858
 181.288
 176.478
 174.981
 174.577
 163.943
 163.738
 161.990
 161.786
 150.340
 150.305
 149.757
 149.346
 143.379
 143.247
 139.840
 139.769
 139.160
 139.089
 135.027
 134.841
 131.734
 131.661
 131.427
 131.353
 128.950
 128.931
 128.614
 128.595
 126.639
 126.485
 125.796
 125.730
 125.450
 125.269
 122.292
 122.172
 118.389
 118.188
 118.007
 117.837
 117.632
 114.680
 114.600
 114.499
 114.420
 80.118
 69.647
 68.782
 59.636
 57.881
 53.493
 52.814
 50.037
 48.902
 38.353
 36.735
 18.877
 18.255
 14.738
 14.690



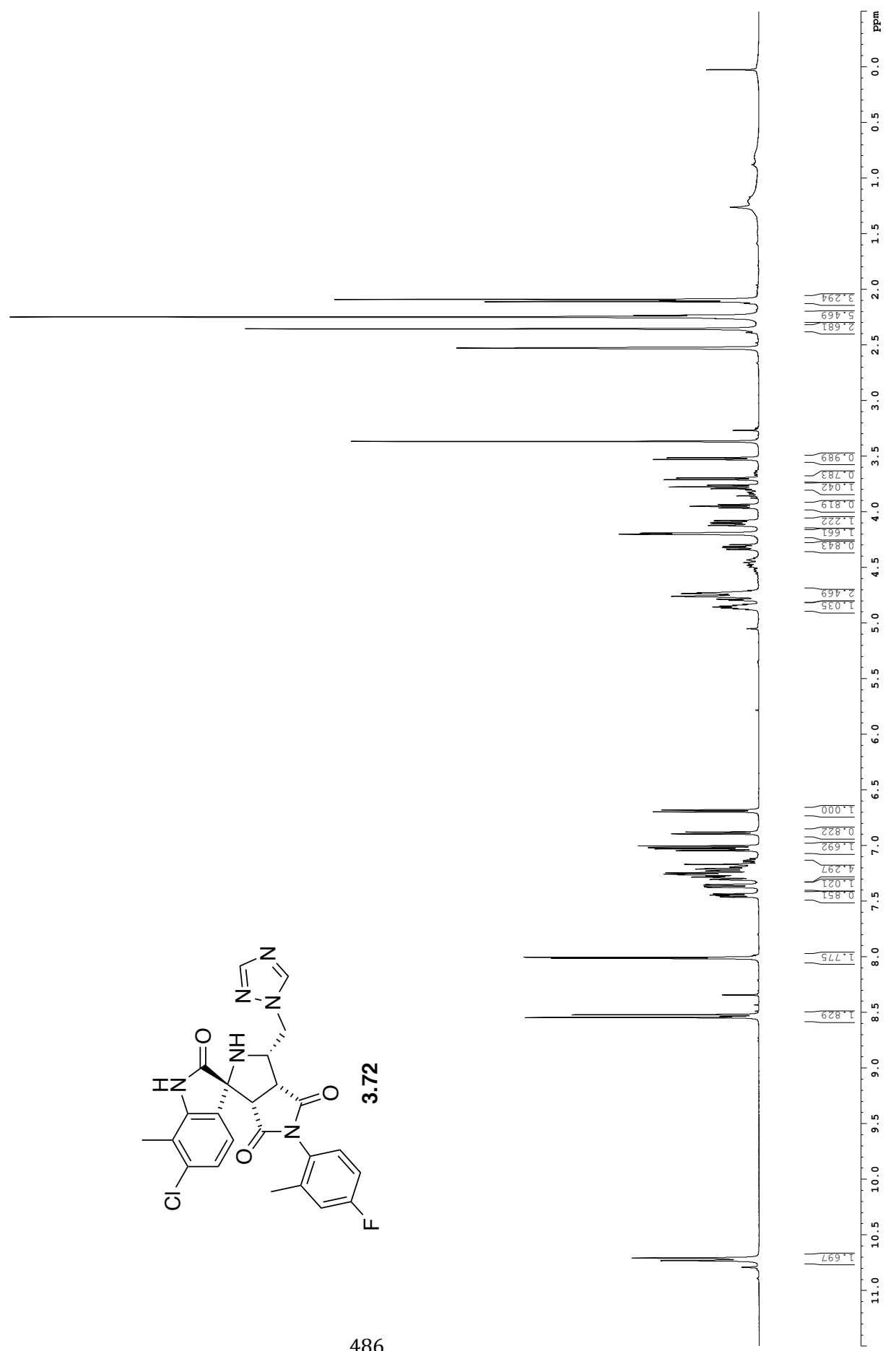
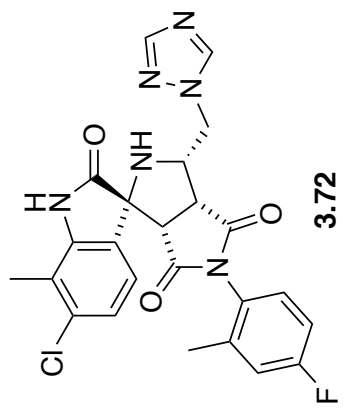
8.5517
 7.9356
 7.9144
 7.8966
 7.5720
 7.5582
 7.5387
 7.5265
 7.5123
 7.4970
 7.3896
 7.3851
 7.3735
 7.3596
 7.2493
 7.2389
 7.1368
 7.1316
 7.1178
 7.1126
 7.1017
 7.0952
 7.0845
 7.0794
 7.0612
 7.0549
 7.0386
 7.0279
 7.0224
 7.0063
 6.9901
 6.8514
 6.8352
 6.7706
 6.7544
 4.8531
 4.8449
 4.8365
 4.8285
 4.8205
 4.8121
 4.8037
 4.7769
 4.7676
 4.7524
 4.7467
 4.7390
 4.7285
 3.8393
 3.8235
 3.8175
 3.8044
 3.7901
 3.7737
 3.7630
 3.7522
 3.7437
 3.7359
 3.1466
 3.1295
 3.1189
 3.1018
 3.0289
 3.0112
 3.0011
 2.9834
 2.4223
 2.3401
 2.3316
 2.3066
 2.2989
 2.1275
 1.9716
 1.9200



180.843
 180.764
 175.511
 175.184
 174.765
 174.546
 164.358
 164.154
 162.376
 162.173
 149.855
 149.822
 140.929
 138.867
 138.797
 138.238
 138.168
 136.650
 136.602
 134.408
 134.285
 133.640
 133.561
 132.605
 132.113
 130.091
 130.039
 130.017
 128.276
 127.000
 126.975
 126.950
 125.600
 125.481
 124.975
 124.624
 124.511
 124.085
 123.809
 123.741
 118.950
 118.744
 118.670
 118.490
 118.241
 114.739
 114.601
 114.556
 114.420
 68.714
 68.682
 58.661
 58.224
 51.891
 51.829
 48.135
 47.803
 35.162
 34.700
 30.034
 19.097
 18.398
 13.719



10.7307
 10.7077
 8.5449
 8.5203
 8.0129
 7.4508
 7.4618
 7.4446
 7.4338
 7.3743
 7.3694
 7.3551
 7.3502
 7.3502
 7.2830
 7.2734
 7.2621
 7.2558
 7.2443
 7.2277
 7.2111
 7.2061
 7.1938
 7.1685
 7.1459
 7.1340
 7.1167
 7.0449
 7.0288
 7.0186
 7.0024
 6.8943
 6.8781
 6.6957
 6.6795
 4.8794
 4.8705
 4.8629
 4.8547
 4.8464
 4.8388
 4.8297
 4.7950
 4.7852
 4.7584
 4.7439
 4.7344
 4.7261
 4.7052
 4.3374
 4.3214
 4.3104
 4.2949
 4.1999
 4.1901
 4.1217
 4.1054
 4.0938
 4.0779
 3.9645
 3.9494
 3.9343
 3.7910
 3.7751
 3.7592
 3.7097
 3.6939
 3.5284
 3.5125
 2.3538
 2.2474
 2.1097
 2.0899



13.881
13.934
14.373
18.266
18.982

29.938

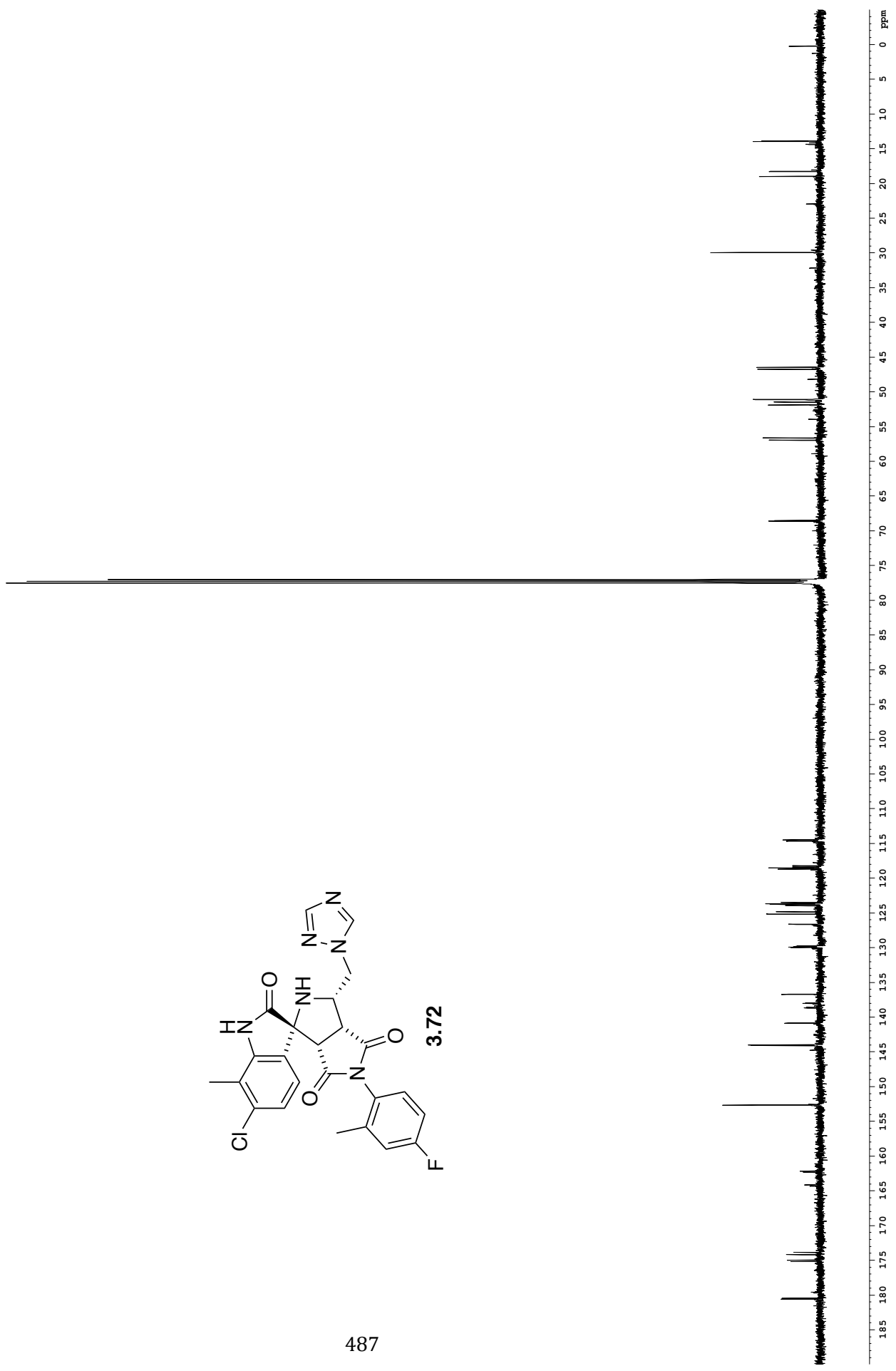
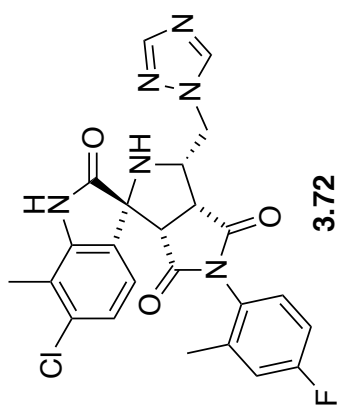
46.466
46.739
51.074
51.135
51.470
51.888
56.618
56.946

68.621
68.511

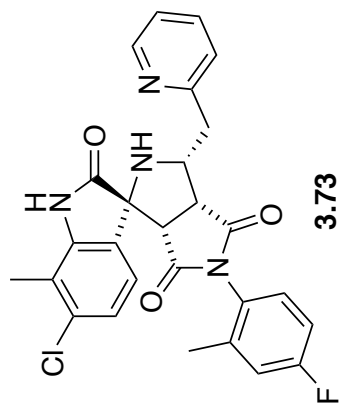
114.478
114.676
118.205
118.383
118.516
118.702
123.507
123.673
123.763
123.952
124.840
125.169
126.631
129.756
129.827
129.897
129.973
136.714
136.749
137.951
138.018
138.516
138.684
140.827
140.857
144.001
144.082
152.657

162.171
162.327
164.154
164.315

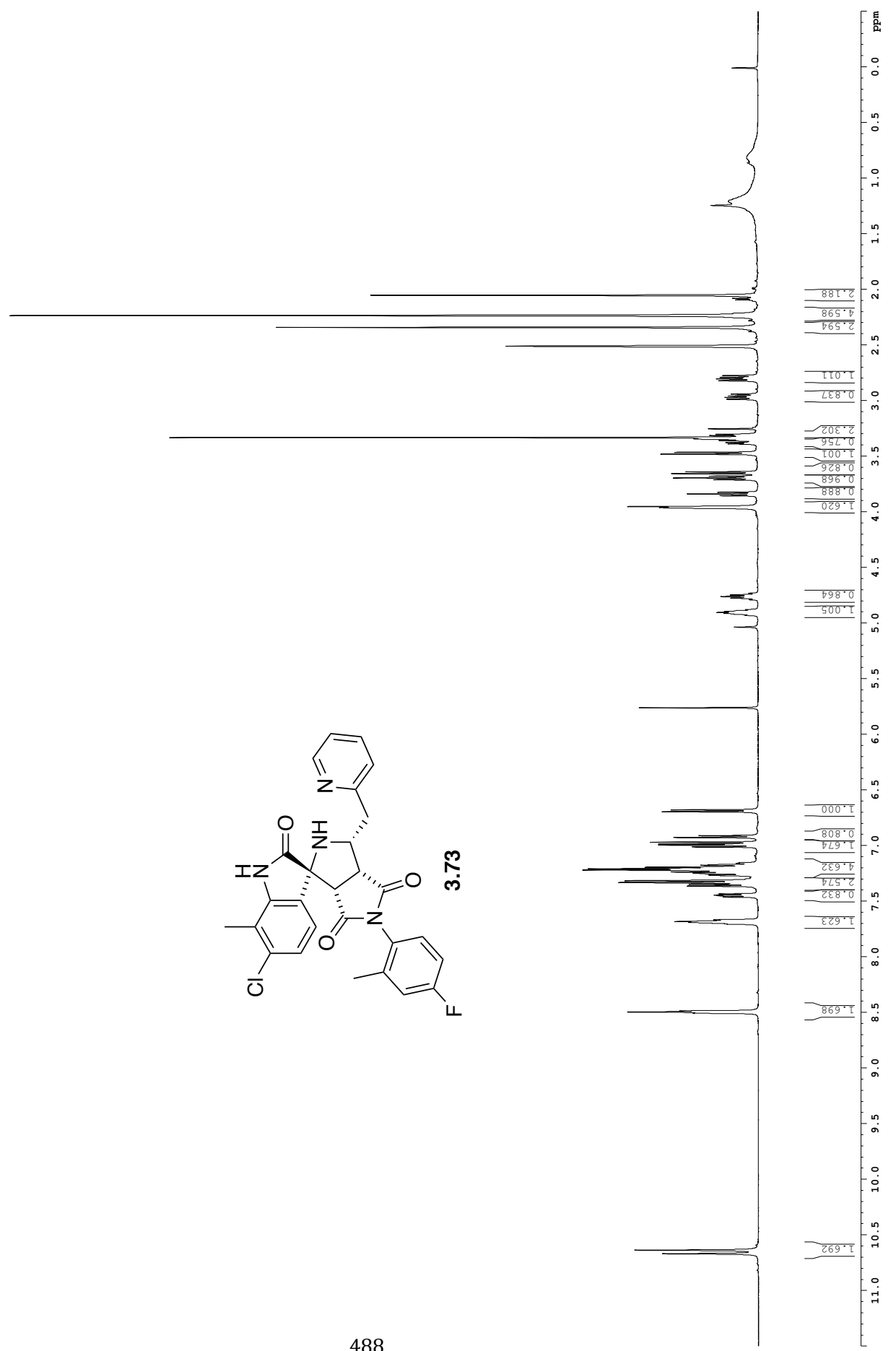
173.841
174.185
174.985
175.178
180.462
180.575



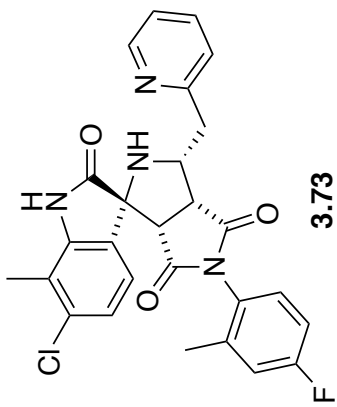
8.4956
 7.6909
 7.6875
 7.6827
 7.6676
 7.4616
 7.4504
 7.4446
 7.4337
 7.3631
 7.3475
 7.3311
 7.3156
 7.2650
 7.2464
 7.2368
 7.2193
 7.2081
 7.1940
 7.1762
 7.1592
 7.0112
 6.9950
 6.9853
 6.9692
 6.9266
 6.9105
 6.8950
 6.6789
 4.9292
 4.9125
 4.9039
 4.8950
 4.8778
 4.7887
 4.7740
 4.7604
 4.7464
 4.7314
 3.9603
 3.9518
 3.8538
 3.8385
 3.8231
 3.7106
 3.6946
 3.6786
 3.6553
 3.6397
 3.4800
 3.4642
 3.3880
 3.3762
 3.3585
 3.3131
 3.3025
 2.9868
 2.9704
 2.9575
 2.9413
 2.8202
 2.8037
 2.7908
 2.7744
 2.3407
 2.2339
 2.0522



10.6364
 10.685



180.825
180.374
175.548
175.483
174.049
173.659
162.903
162.702
160.950
160.752
159.346
159.117
148.799
148.766
142.325
142.223
138.815
138.743
138.128
138.058
136.202
136.159
133.969
133.857
130.688
130.614
130.401
130.326
127.964
127.638
125.727
125.685
124.784
124.736
123.523
123.445
121.280
121.242
121.196
117.336
117.162
117.134
116.954
116.791
116.688
113.651
113.548
113.472
113.369



17.861
17.213
13.709
13.682

38.617

57.473
55.703
54.825
52.471
51.776
48.721
47.701

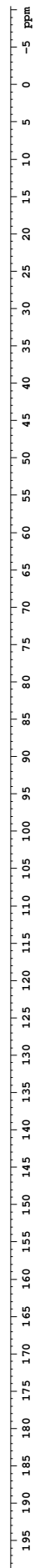
68.447
67.670

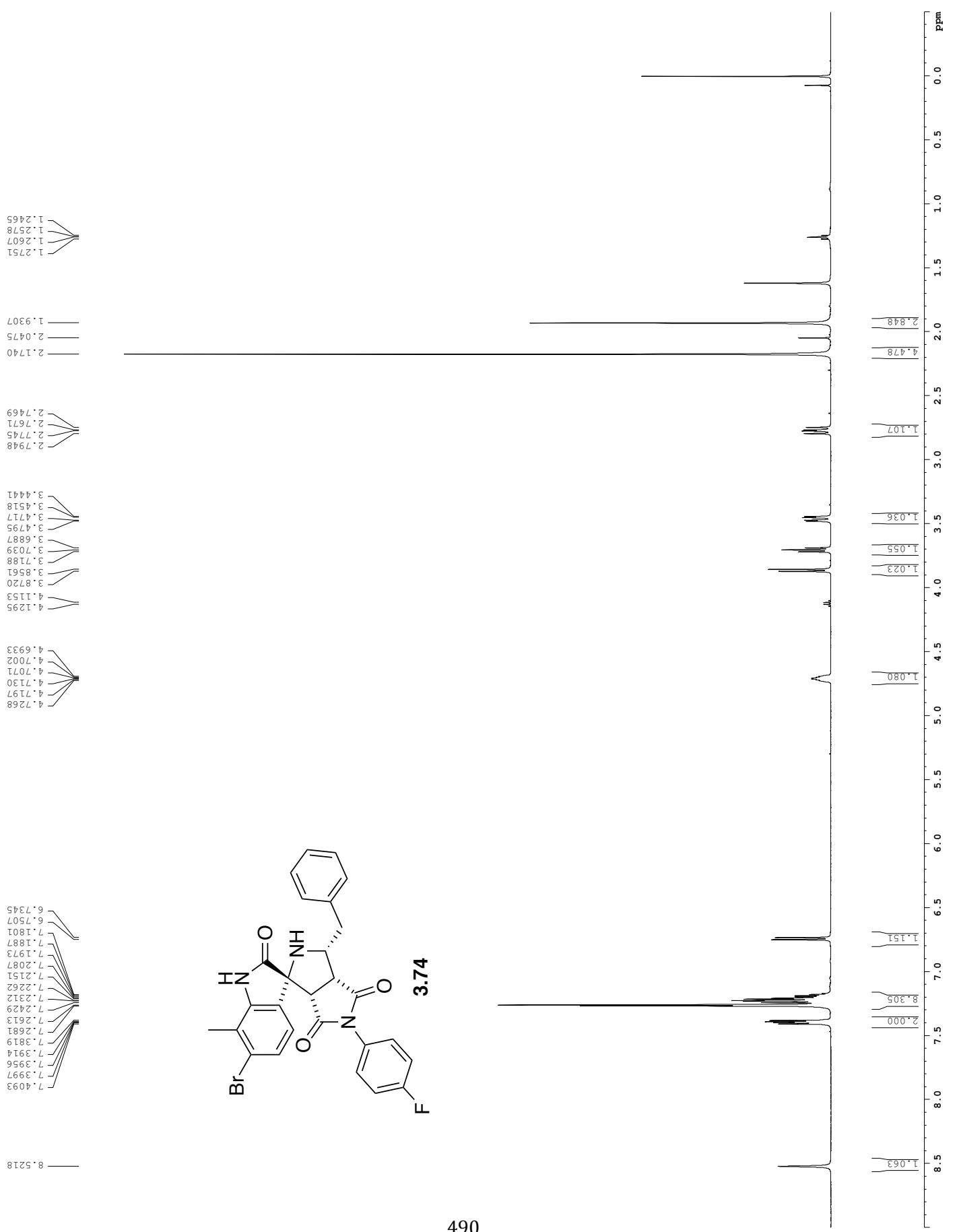
68.447
67.670

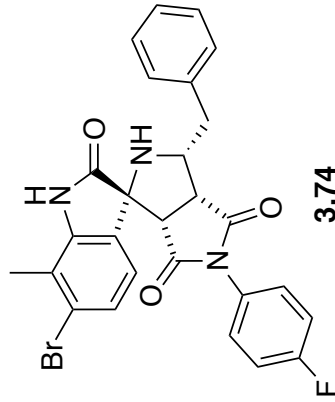
68.447
67.670

68.447
67.670

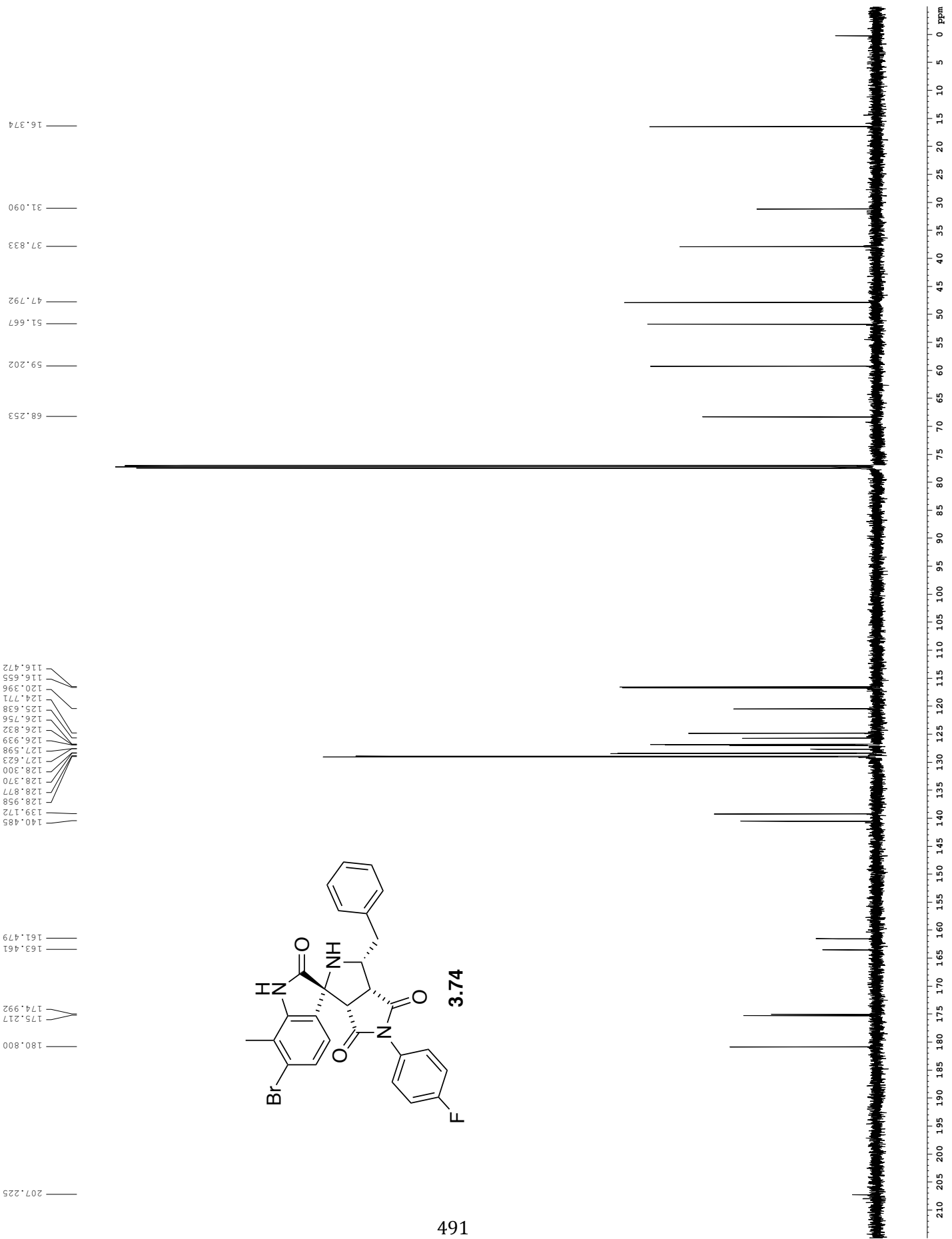
68.447
67.670







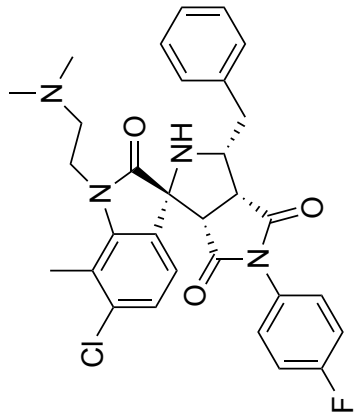
207.225
180.800
175.217
174.992
163.461
161.479
140.485
139.172
128.958
128.877
128.370
128.300
127.623
127.598
126.939
126.832
126.756
125.638
124.771
120.396
116.655
116.472



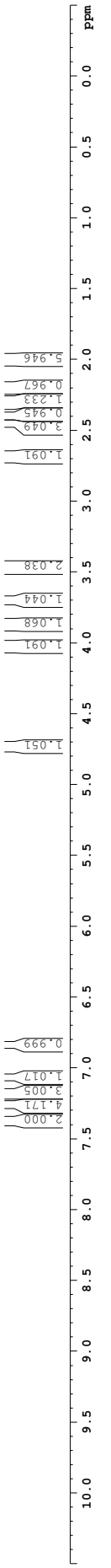
¹H spectrum

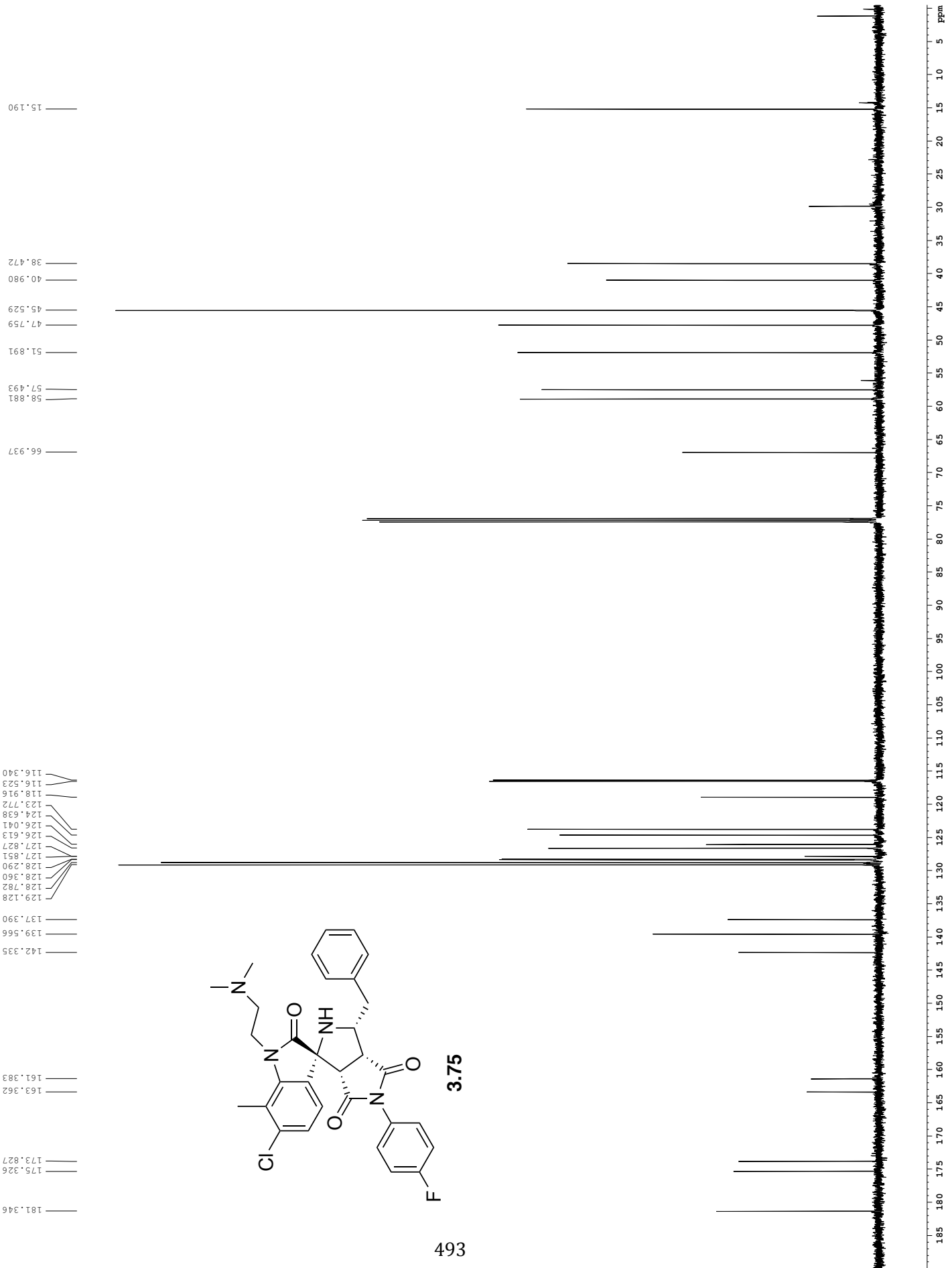
5.1049
4.7518
4.7451
4.7306
4.7159
4.7093
4.0576
4.0430
4.0285
4.0140
3.9993
3.8995
3.8896
3.8856
3.8754
3.8710
3.8606
3.8566
3.8467
3.7164
3.7008
3.6851
3.5016
3.4855
3.4730
3.4661
3.4455
3.4387
3.3390
2.7089
2.6880
2.6816
2.6606
2.4483
2.4213
2.4106
2.3961
2.3814
2.3619
2.3219
2.3182
2.3077
2.2968
2.2930
2.2830
2.2085
2.0008
1.8024
1.2459
0.8834
0.8699
0.8570
0.8307

7.3879
7.3783
7.3701
7.3605
7.2597
7.2501
7.2094
7.1926
7.1752
7.0782
7.0621
6.8477
6.8316

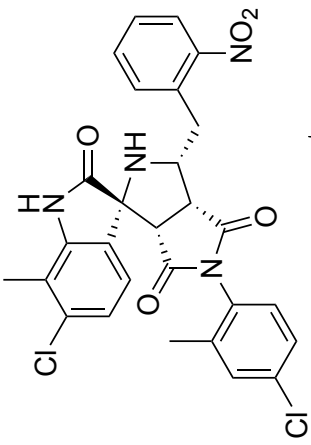
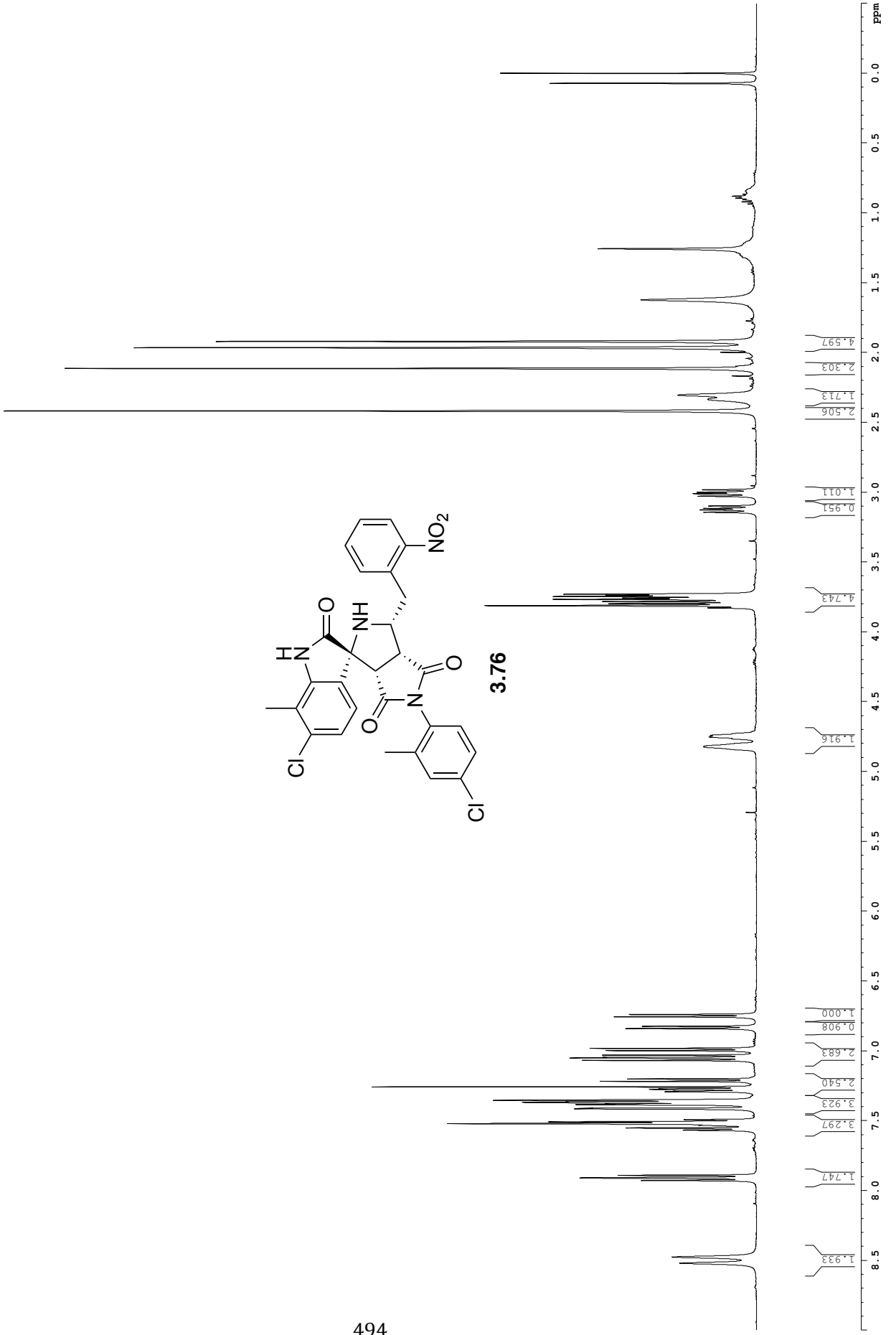


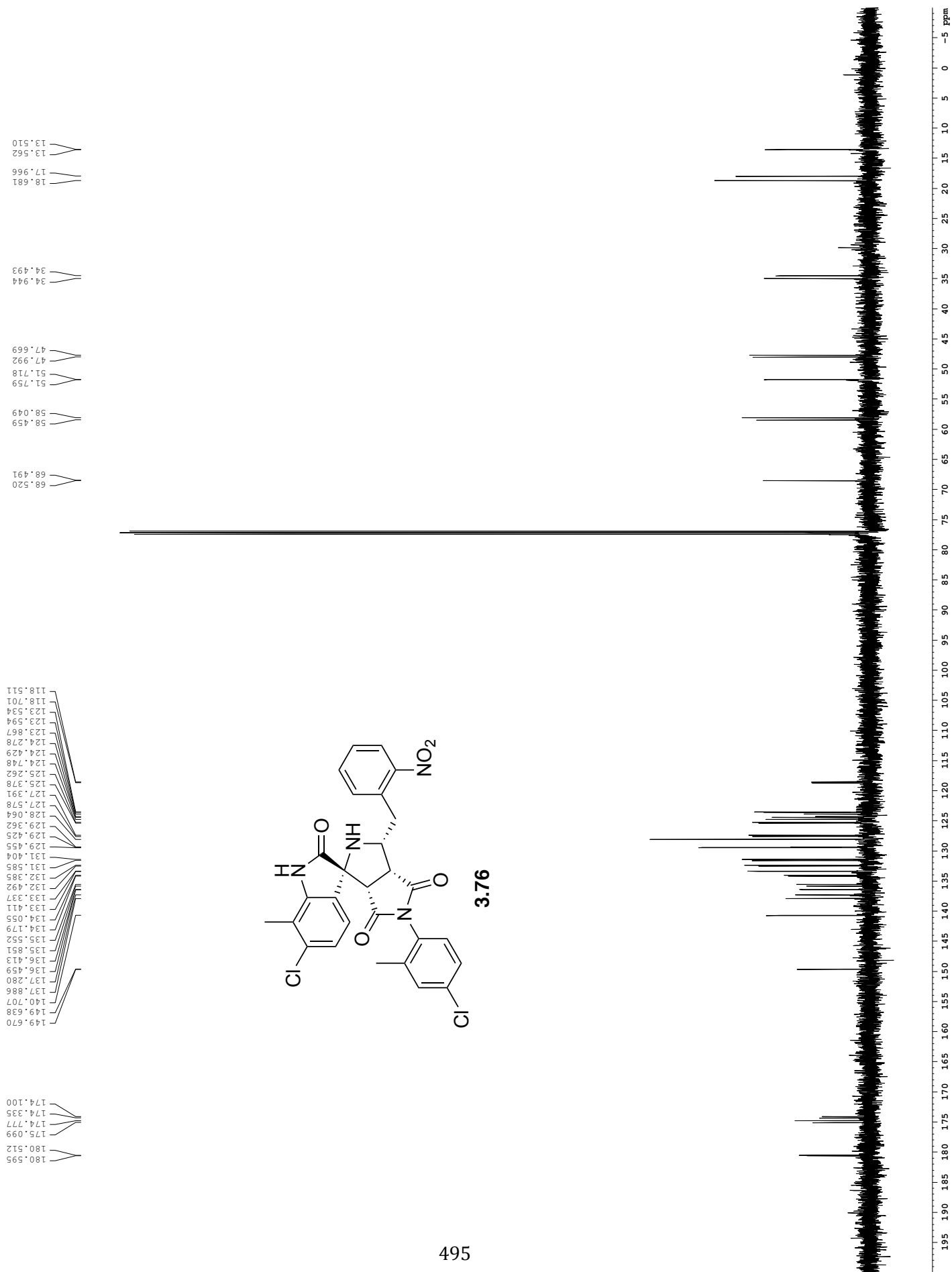
3.75

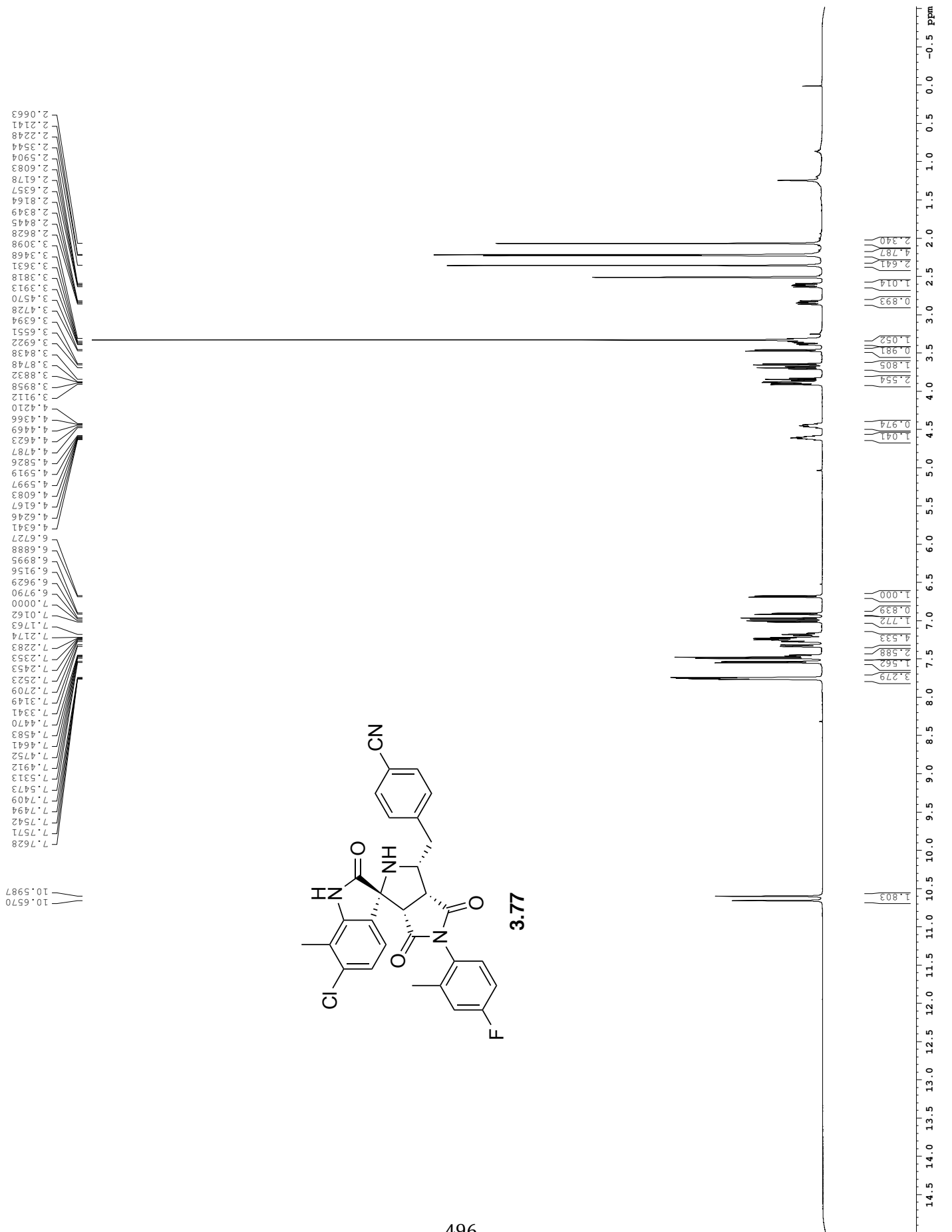


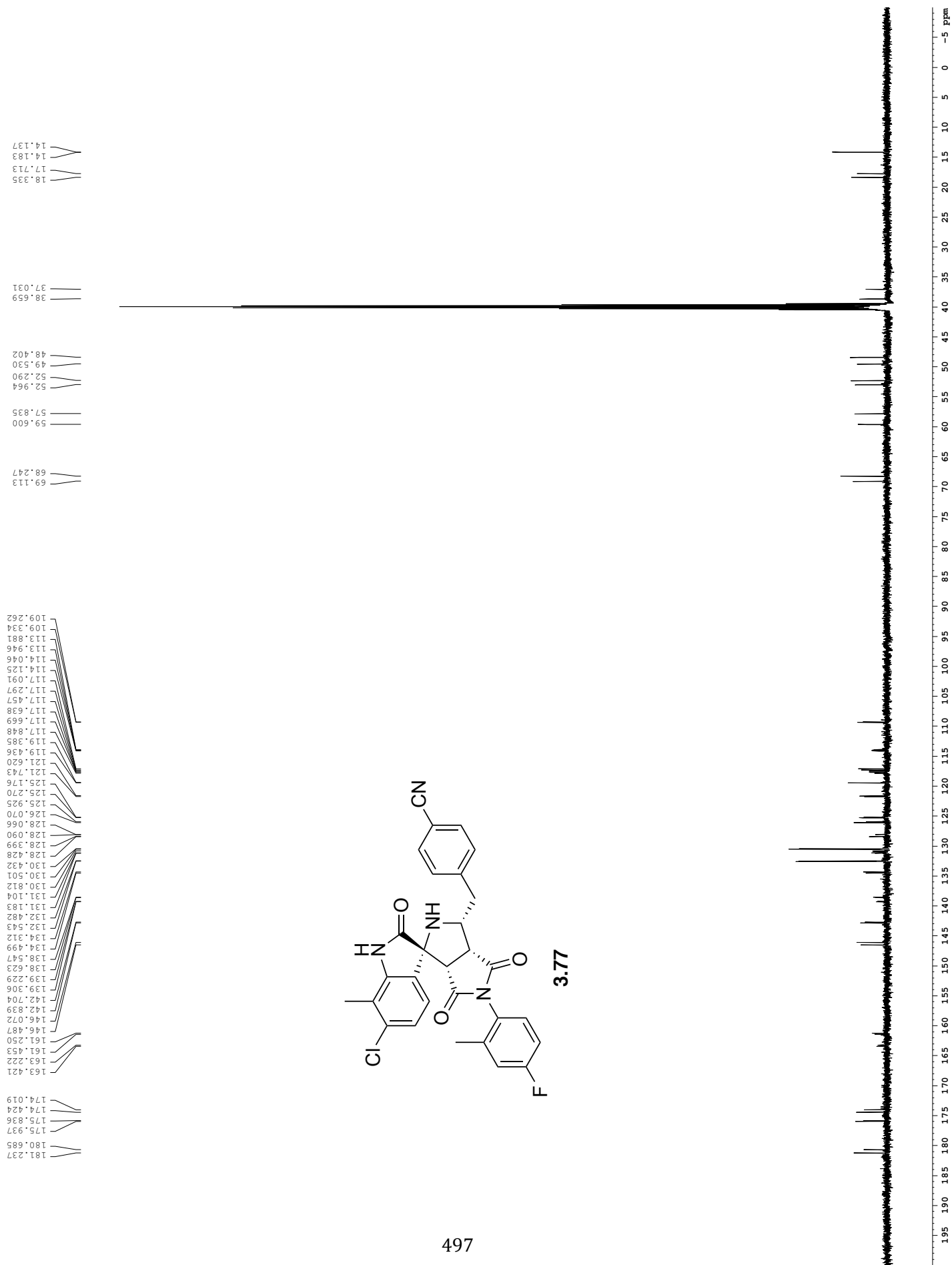


1.9203
 1.9649
 2.1138
 2.3050
 2.4176
 2.3351
 2.506
 1.713
 2.506
 1.011
 0.951
 4.743
 1.916
 4.8214
 4.7519
 4.7409
 6.7397
 6.7558
 6.8242
 6.8402
 6.8820
 6.9980
 7.0306
 7.0469
 7.0504
 7.0677
 7.2012
 7.2177
 7.2574
 7.2714
 7.2756
 7.2884
 7.2925
 7.3545
 7.3641
 7.3684
 7.3803
 7.3846
 7.4113
 7.4153
 7.4926
 7.5080
 7.5211
 7.5322
 7.5528
 7.5682
 7.8911
 7.9091
 7.9280
 8.4761
 8.5200

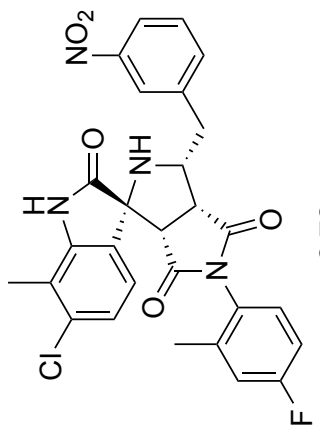




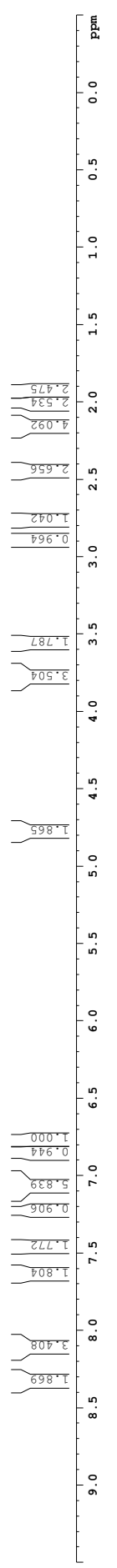


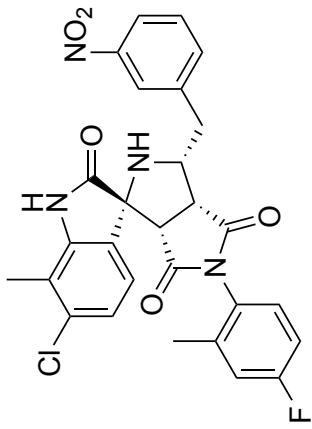


1.9444
 2.0055
 2.1287
 2.1754
 2.4523
 2.7453
 2.7650
 2.7732
 2.7928
 2.8699
 2.8885
 2.8978
 2.9166
 3.5383
 3.5477
 3.5564
 3.5653
 3.5756
 3.5841
 3.5923
 3.7203
 3.7364
 3.7485
 3.7625
 3.7781
 3.7930
 3.8272
 3.8432
 4.8019
 4.7782
 4.7594
 4.7337
 4.7354
 6.7711
 6.7874
 6.8423
 6.8585
 6.9977
 7.0140
 7.0283
 7.0337
 7.0417
 7.0580
 7.0630
 7.0687
 7.0859
 7.0964
 7.1003
 7.1031
 7.1139
 7.1229
 7.1269
 7.1323
 7.1354
 7.1454
 7.1506
 7.2251
 7.2355
 7.2423
 7.4453
 7.4611
 7.4770
 7.6095
 7.6249
 7.6486
 7.6640
 8.0548
 8.0567
 8.0592
 8.0610
 8.0712
 8.0732
 8.0756
 8.1164
 8.1605
 8.1639
 8.2951
 8.3641



3.78





3.78

499

13.748
13.823
18.396
19.129

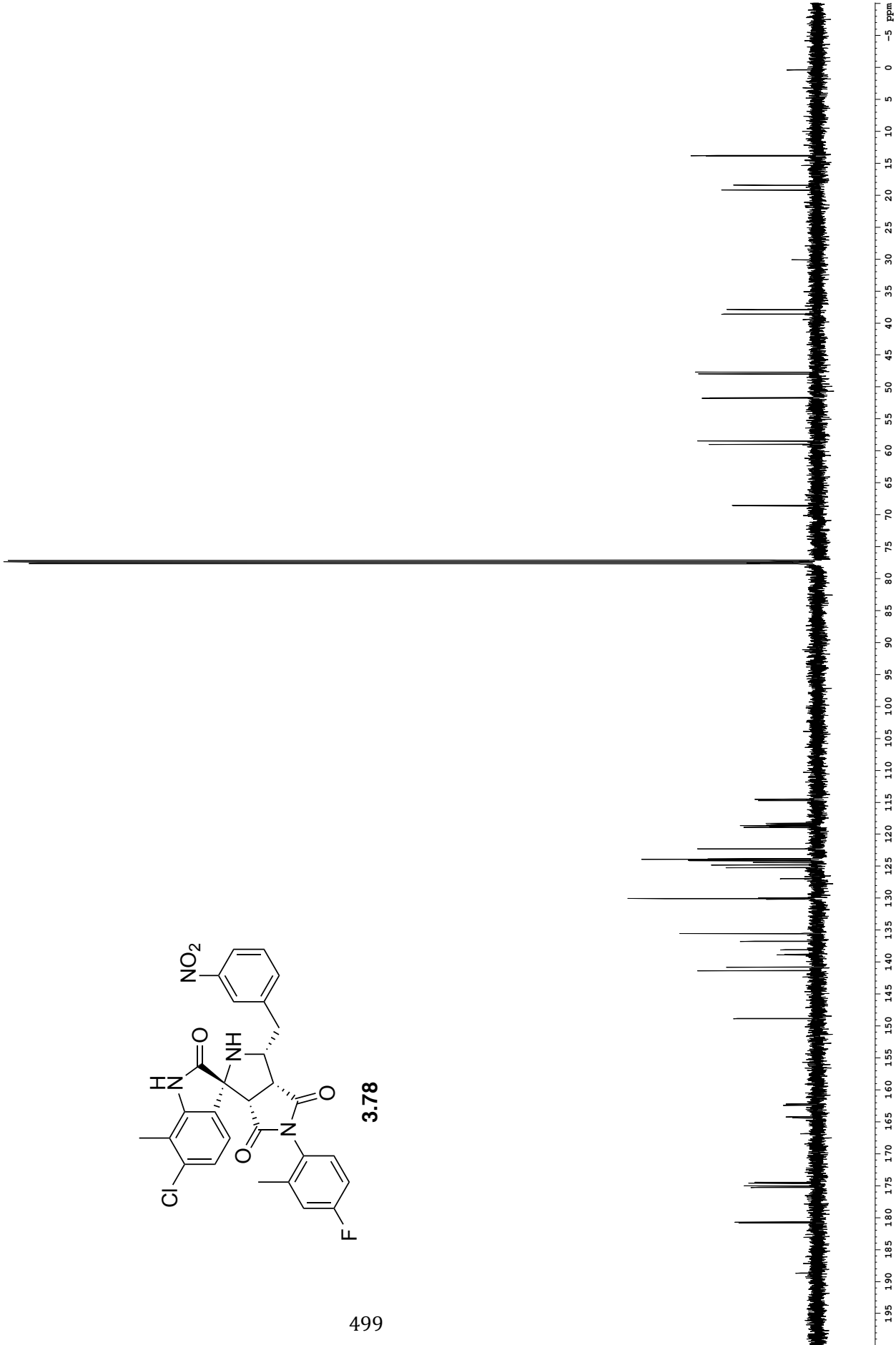
37.861
38.568

47.638
47.907
51.655
51.738

58.407
58.958

68.502
68.591

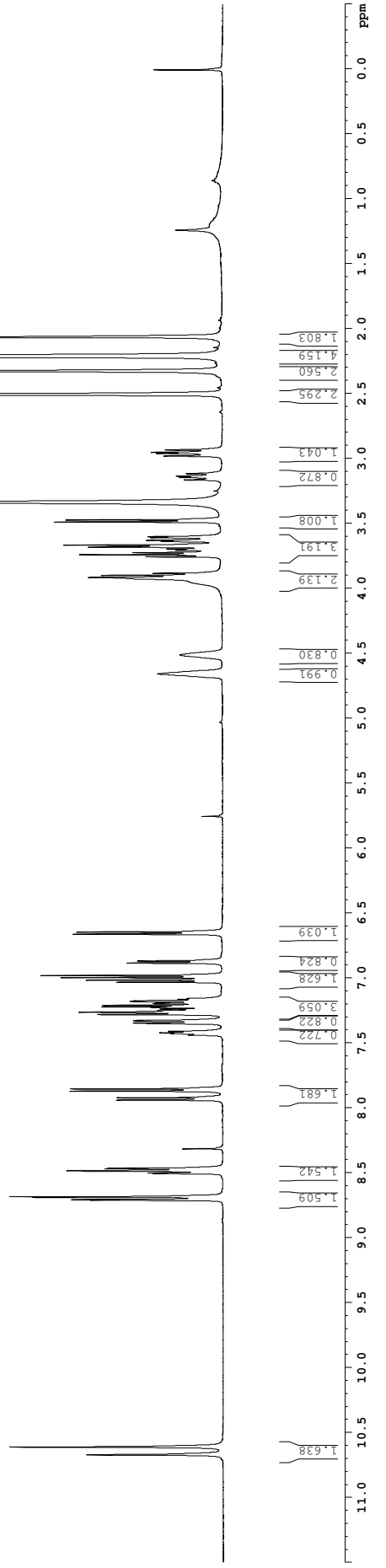
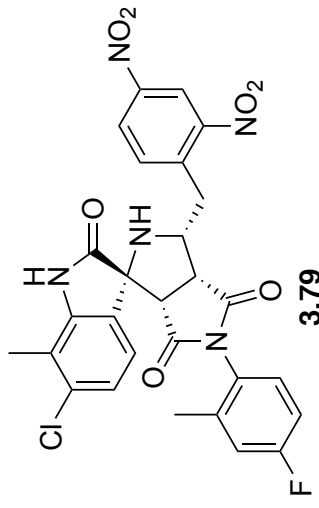
114.507
114.539
114.682
114.721
114.721
118.272
118.452
118.569
118.657
118.749
118.913
122.234
122.287
123.819
123.905
124.043
124.135
124.402
124.785
125.212
126.924
126.947
126.967
126.996
129.954
130.028
130.072
130.130
135.512
135.535
135.535
136.721
136.766
138.035
138.101
138.793
138.863
140.822
141.337
148.828
148.846
162.223
162.409
164.204
164.395
174.472
174.616
175.031
175.251
180.684
180.826



4.6593
3.9126
3.9159
3.9001
3.8844
3.7565
3.7404
3.7242
3.7054
3.6970
3.6826
3.6671
3.6385
3.6304
3.6101
3.6021
3.4889
3.4730
3.1644
3.1452
3.1356
3.1164
2.9808
2.9616
2.9526
2.9335
2.5070
2.5039
2.3284
2.2194
2.2081
2.0652

8.7117
8.7071
8.6893
8.6846
8.5016
8.4842
8.4697
8.4649
7.9401
7.9228
7.8716
7.8544
7.4397
7.4218
7.4106
7.3467
7.3325
7.3275
7.2817
7.2641
7.2515
7.2397
7.2281
7.2221
7.2109
7.1971
7.1917
7.1803
7.1750
7.1636
7.0326
7.0164
6.9979
6.9817
6.8851
6.8690
6.6626
6.6465

10.6716
10.6122



14.625
14.673
18.197
18.756

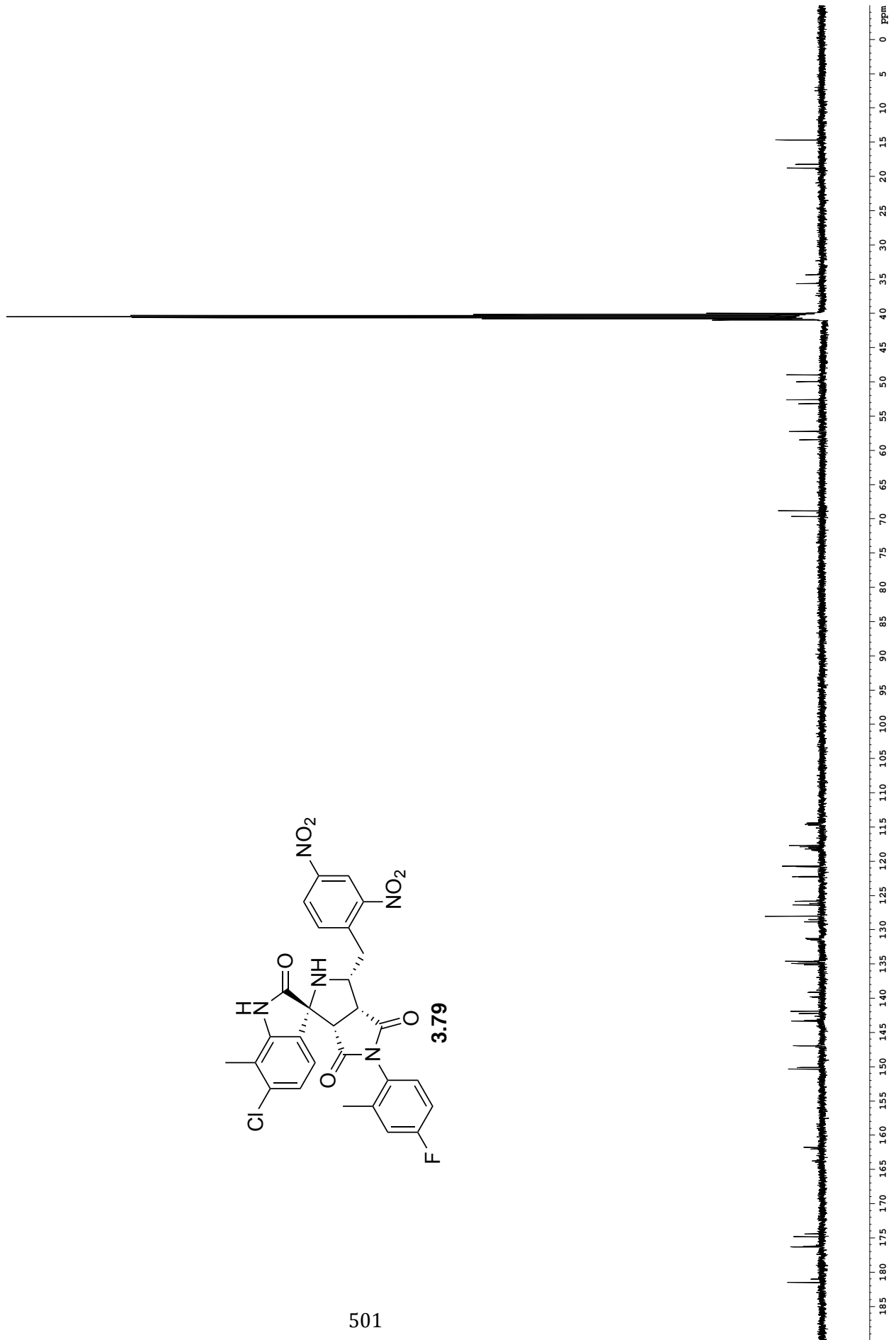
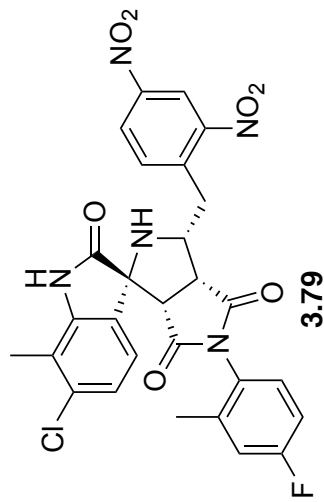
34.358
35.631

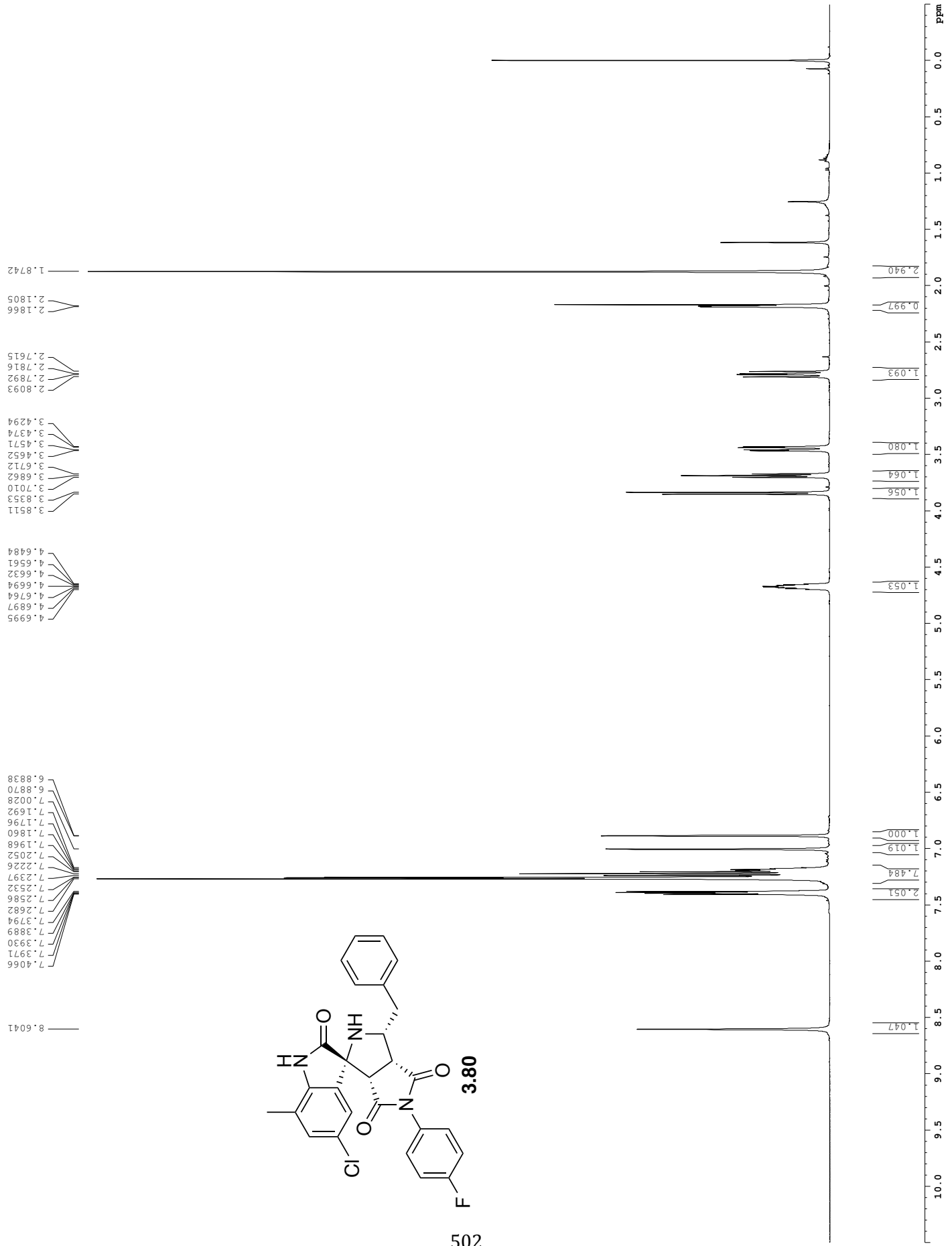
48.948
49.945
52.599
53.161
57.220
58.442

68.804
69.636

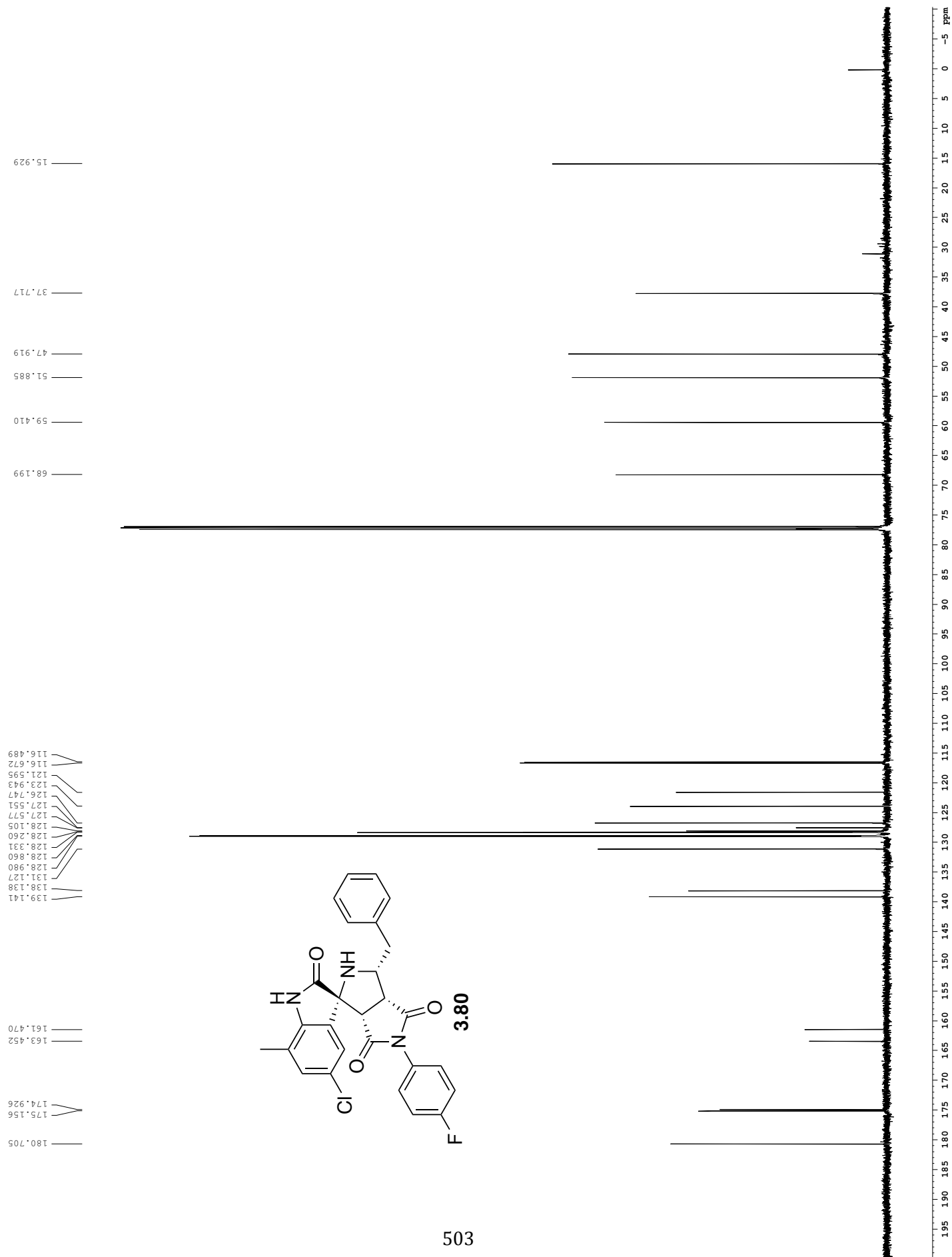
114.392
114.525
114.574
114.704
117.675
117.852
117.995
118.176
120.699
120.789
122.224
122.289
125.780
125.826
126.159
126.377
128.026
128.489
128.508
128.827
128.849
131.272
131.352
131.453
131.525
134.595
134.662
134.934
135.098
139.091
139.157
139.776
139.855
141.909
142.221
143.229
143.330
146.925
146.961
150.102
150.341
161.788
161.997

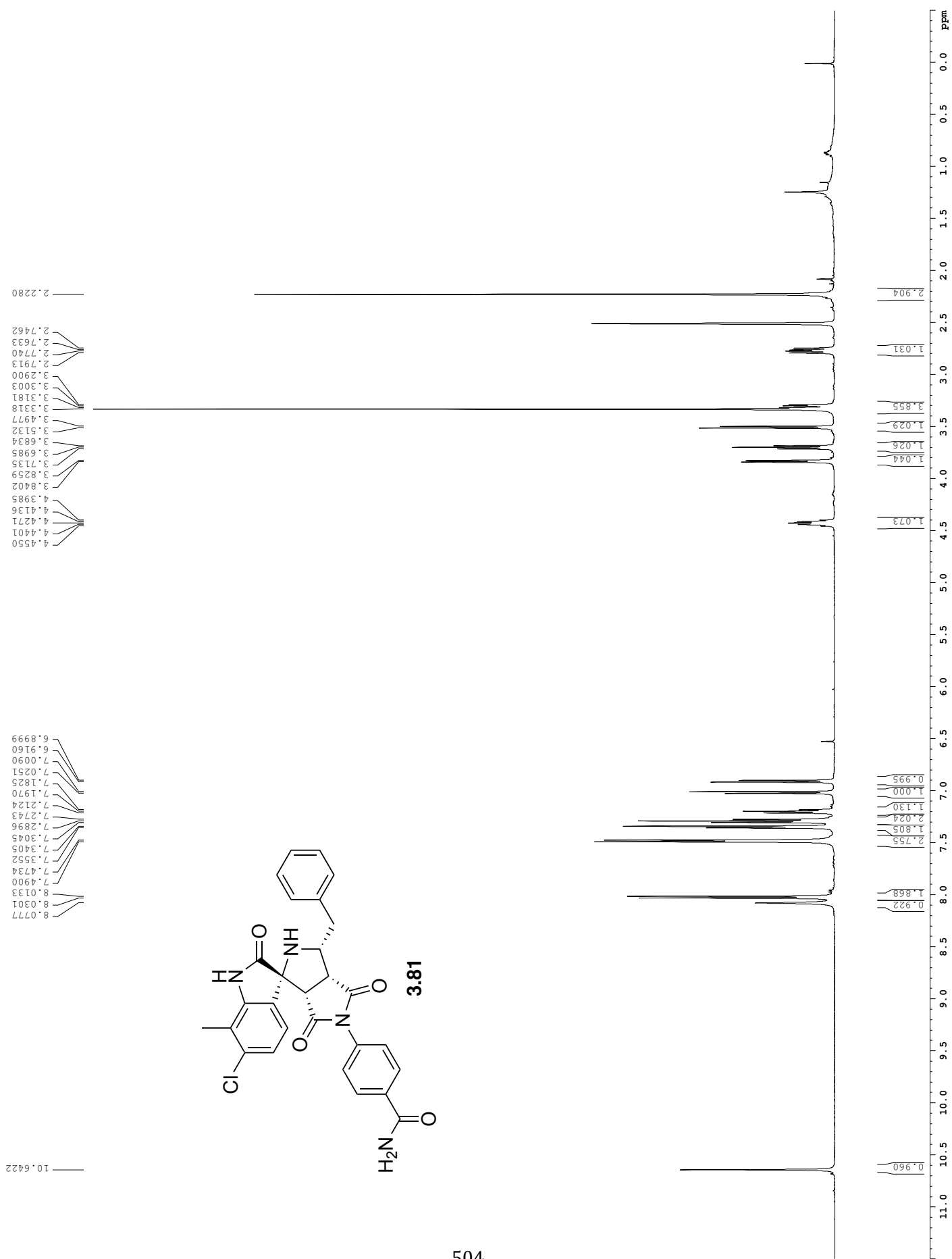
174.418
174.827
176.200
176.314
181.009
181.508



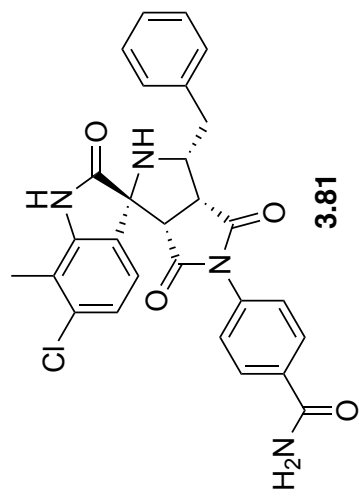


502

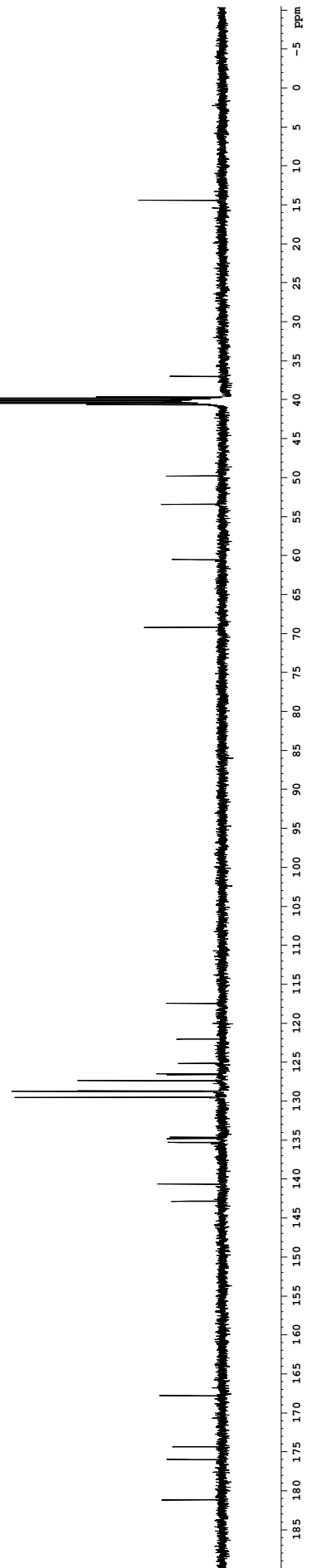


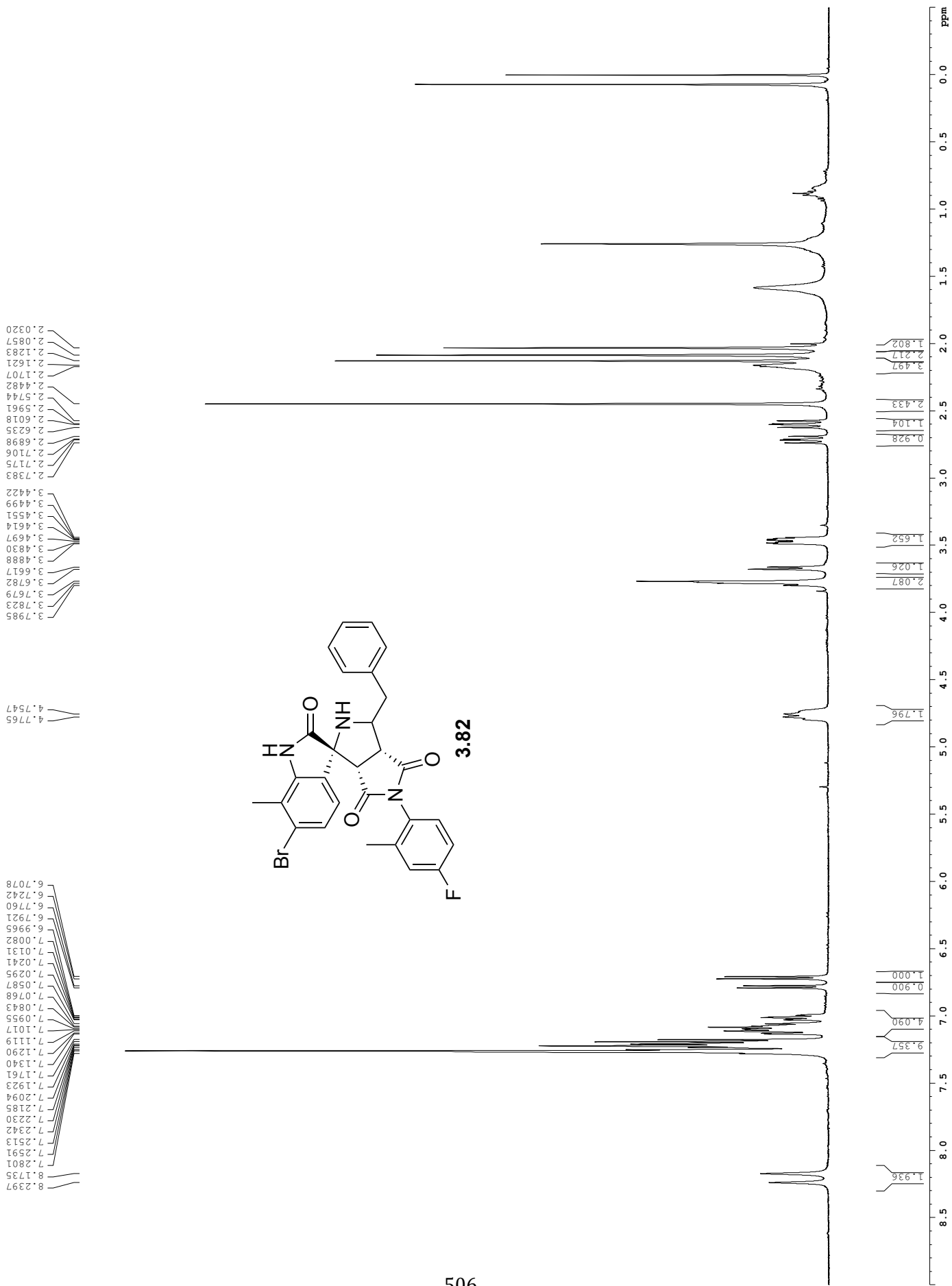


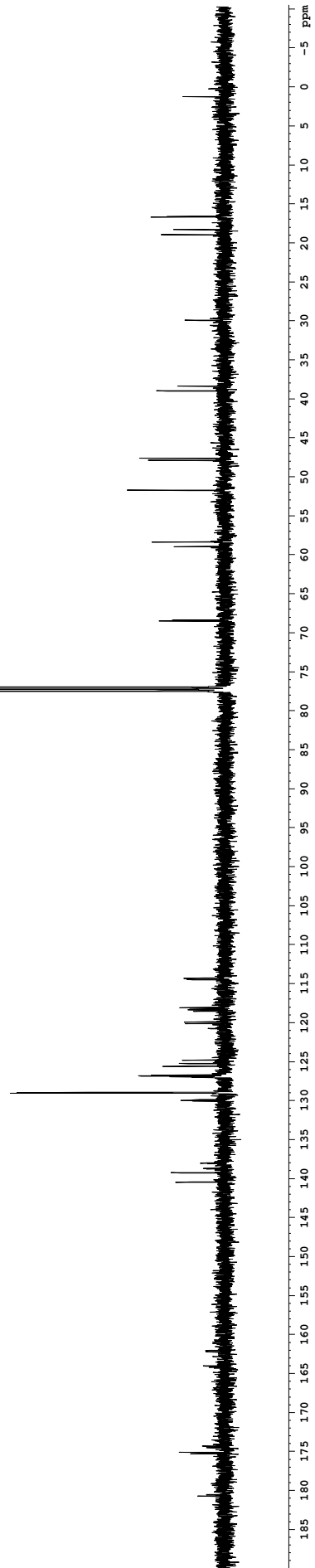
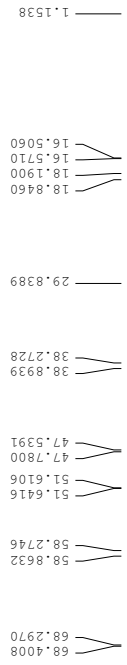
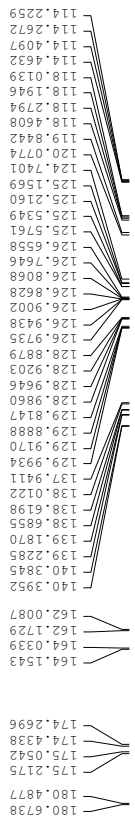
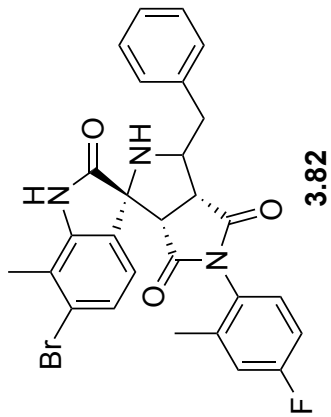
181.167
175.991
174.342
167.790
142.830
140.634
135.292
134.779
134.593
129.494
128.737
128.668
127.355
126.594
126.491
125.142
122.016
117.442
69.175
60.486
53.399
49.742
36.949
14.347



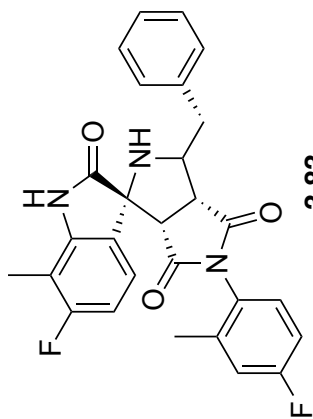
505



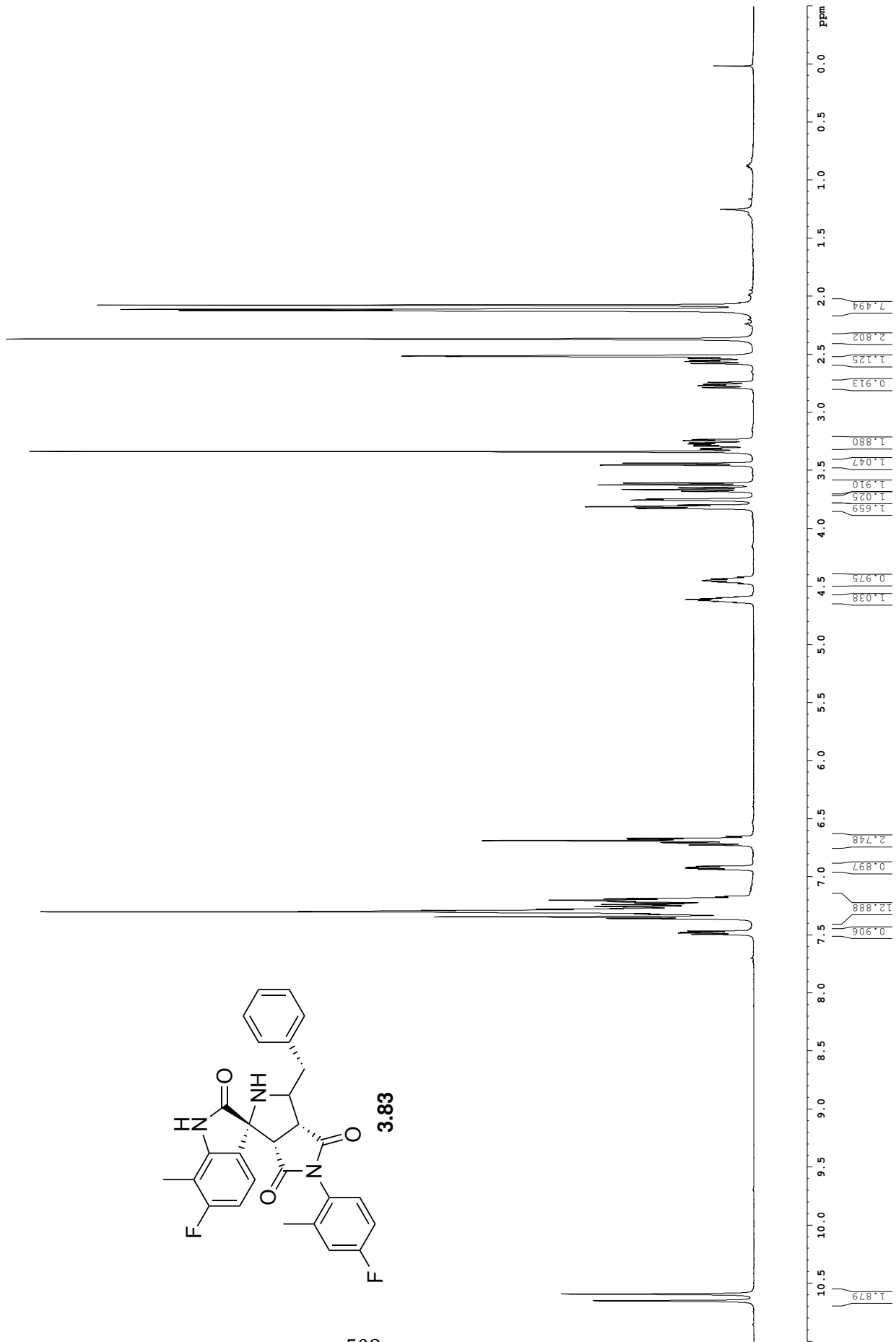


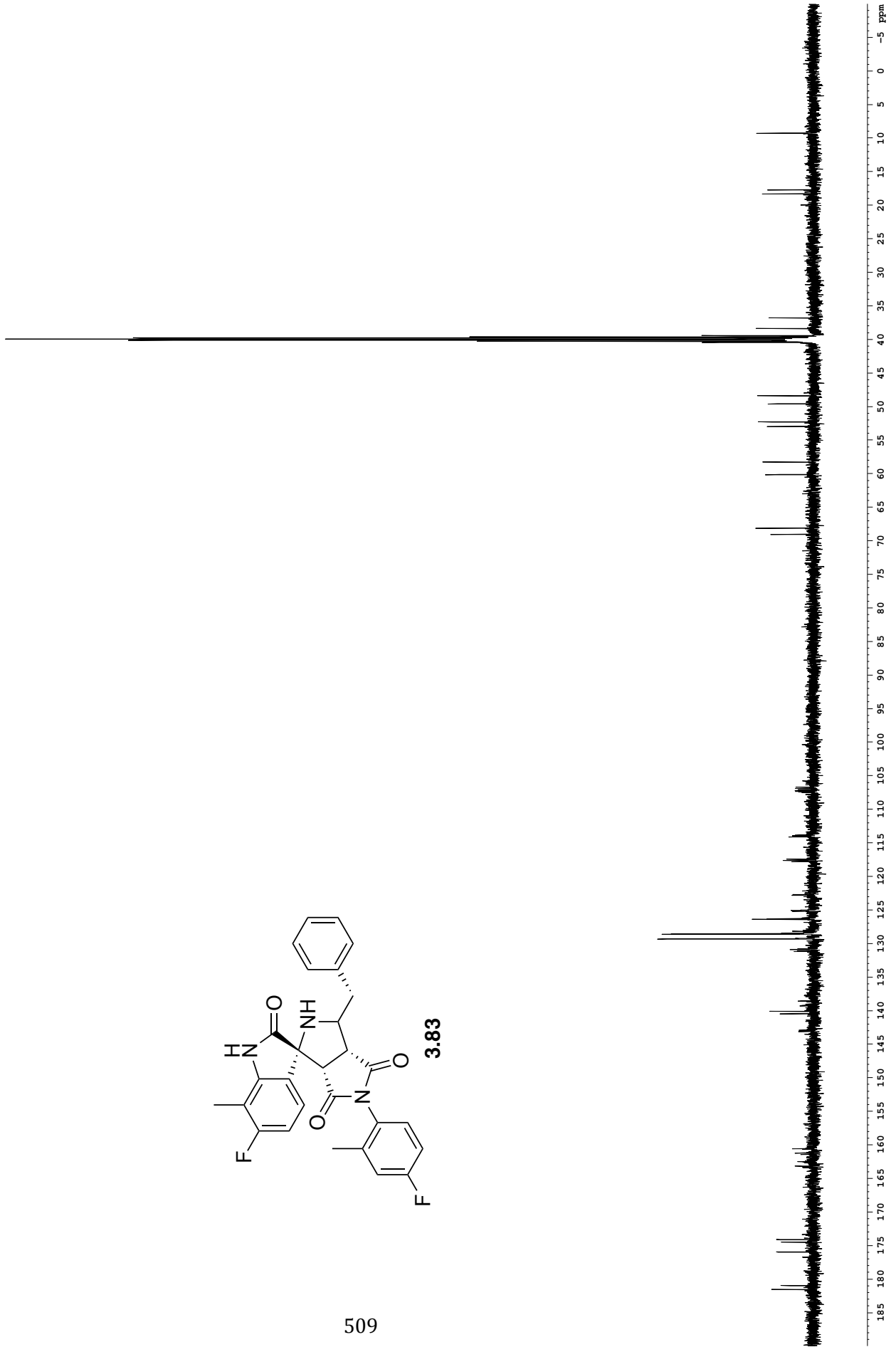
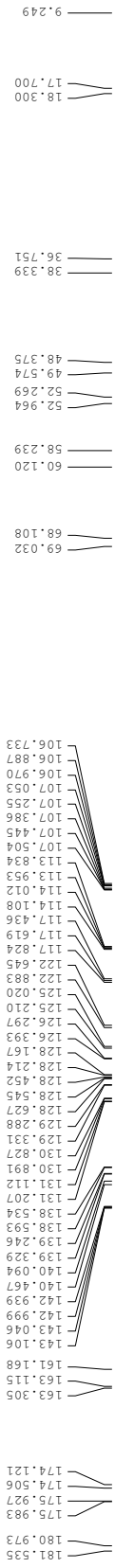
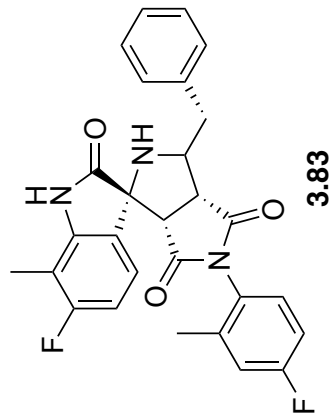


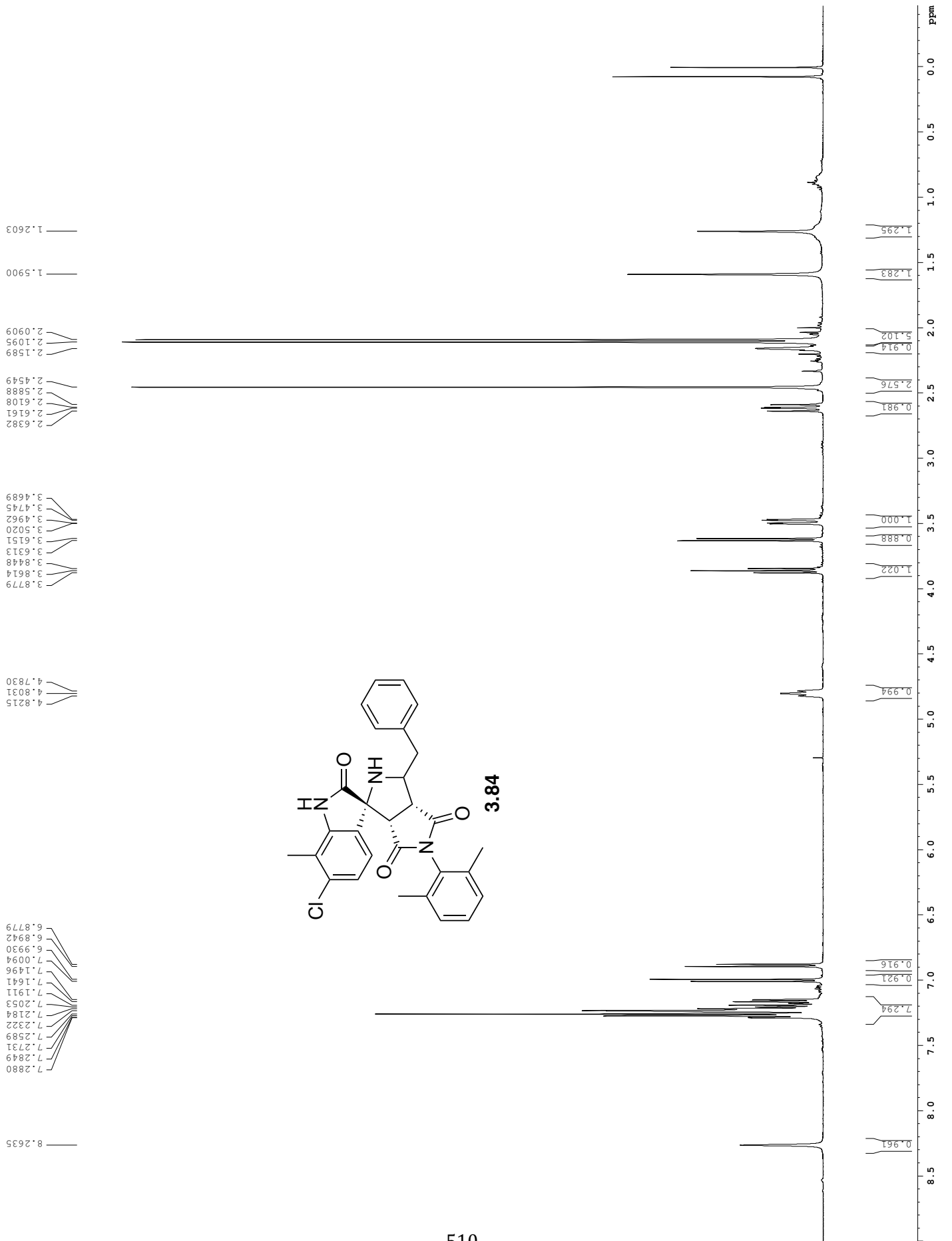
10.6477
 10.5897
 7.4919
 7.4806
 7.4749
 7.4641
 7.3554
 7.3412
 7.3217
 7.3158
 7.2980
 7.2939
 7.2854
 7.2757
 7.2690
 7.2624
 7.2567
 7.2523
 7.2459
 7.2408
 7.2350
 7.2237
 7.2115
 7.1977
 7.1864
 7.1818
 7.1694
 7.1640
 6.9323
 6.9215
 6.9158
 6.9055
 6.7224
 6.7053
 6.7021
 6.6849
 6.6733
 6.6442
 6.6475
 6.6347
 6.6252
 6.6177
 6.6090
 6.6005
 4.5927
 4.5831
 4.4715
 4.4559
 4.4453
 4.4296
 4.4135
 3.8239
 3.8200
 3.8090
 3.7940
 3.7515
 3.7435
 3.6762
 3.6604
 3.6444
 3.6206
 3.6050
 3.4966
 3.4339
 3.3151
 3.3048
 3.2868
 3.2765
 3.2676
 3.2577
 3.2397
 3.2301
 2.7825
 2.7650
 2.7543
 2.7370
 2.5752
 2.5580
 2.5475
 2.5304
 2.3636
 2.1196
 2.1092
 2.0720



508







13.843
18.956
18.197

39.164

47.675

51.438

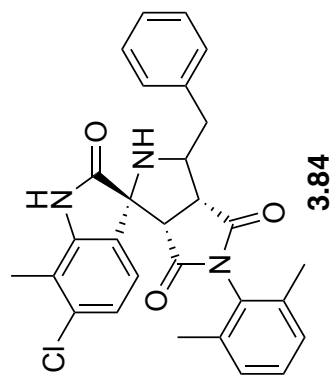
58.181

68.598

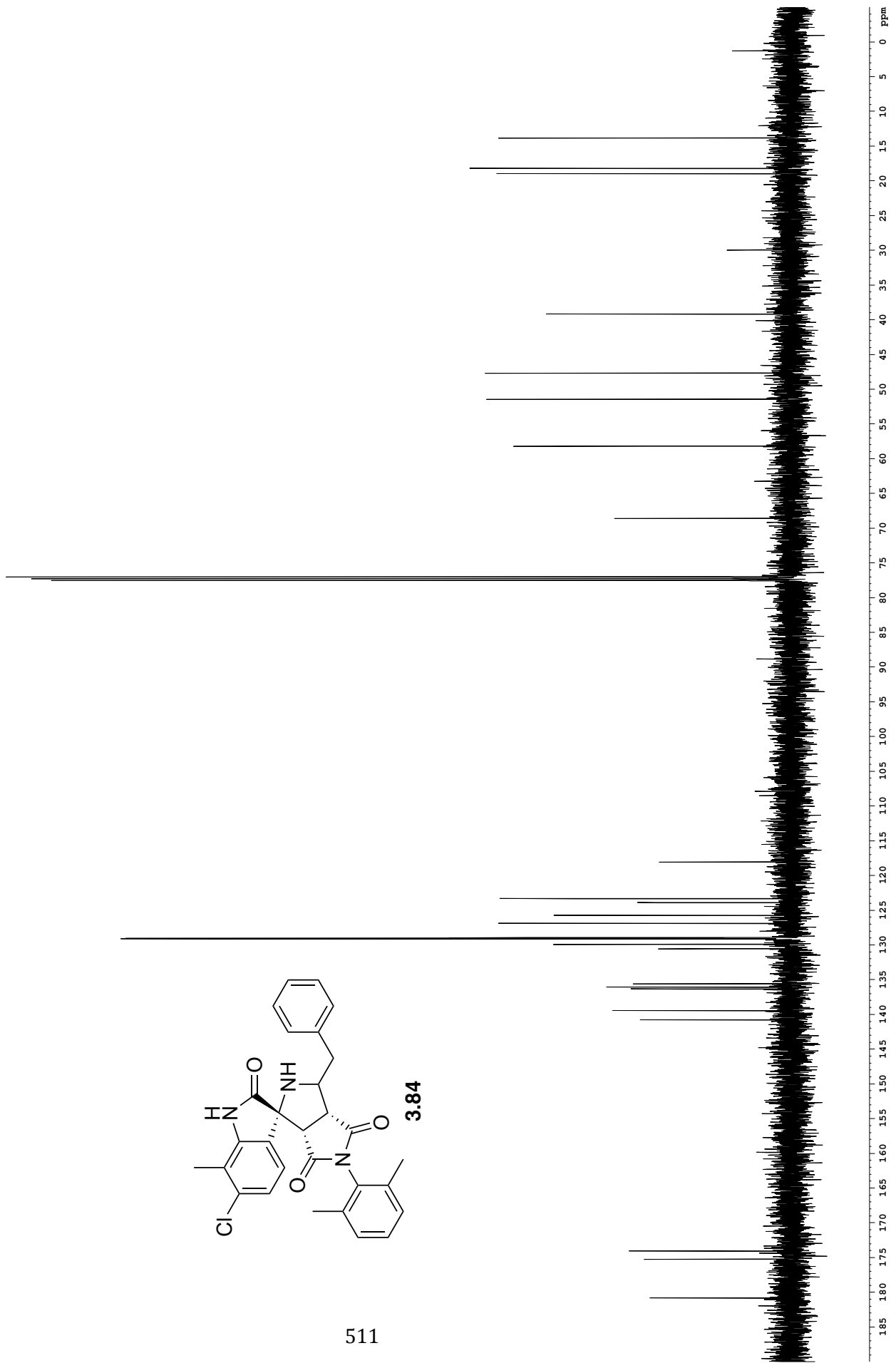
118.075
123.319
123.894
123.724
125.875
126.934
128.954
129.007
129.120
129.897
130.531
135.582
136.054
136.326
139.444
140.766

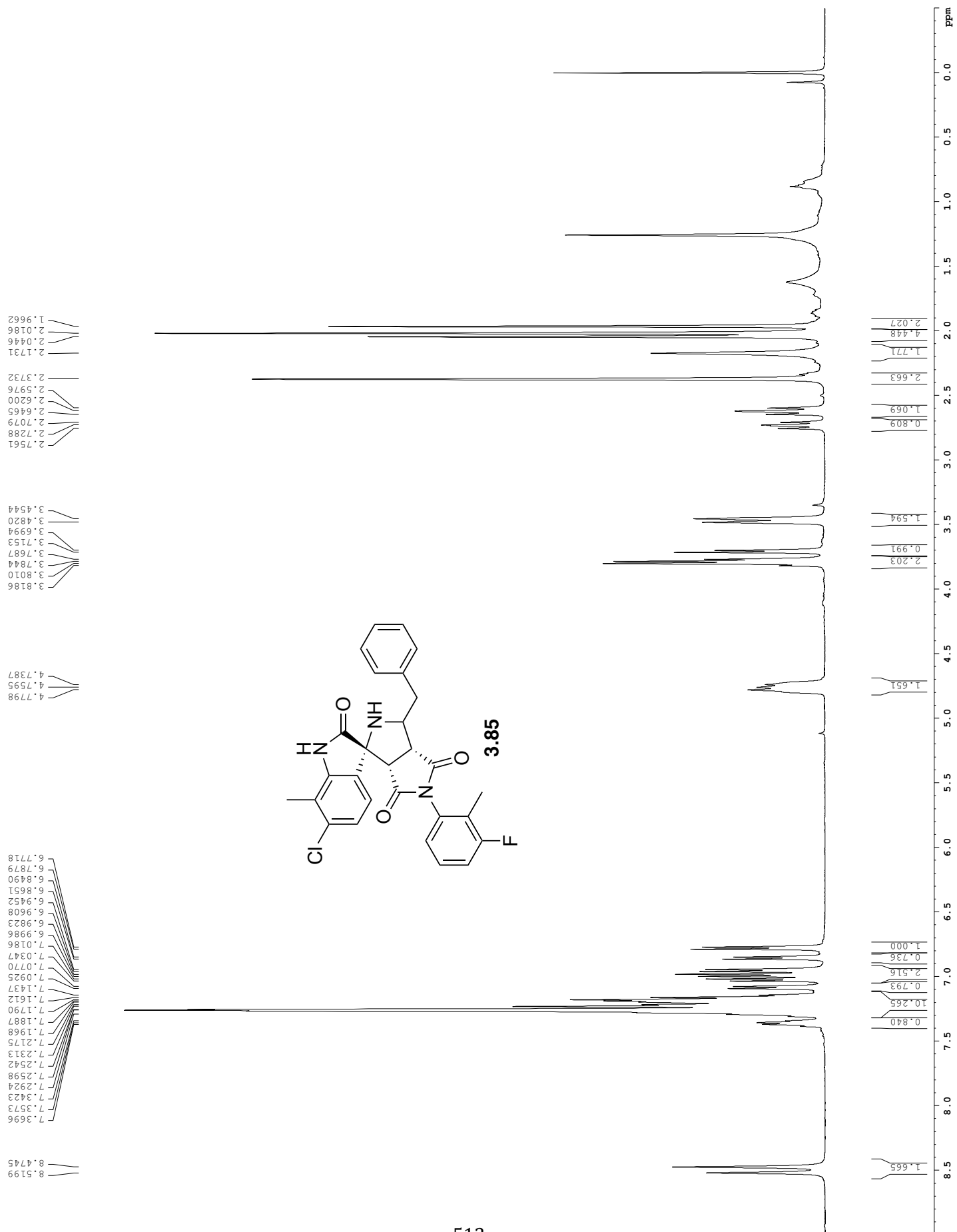
174.048
175.224

180.799



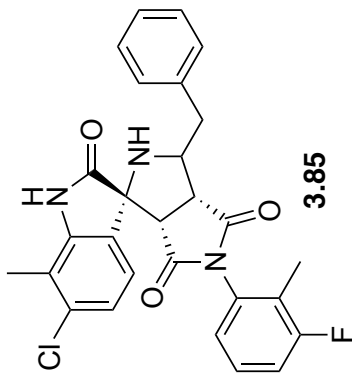
511



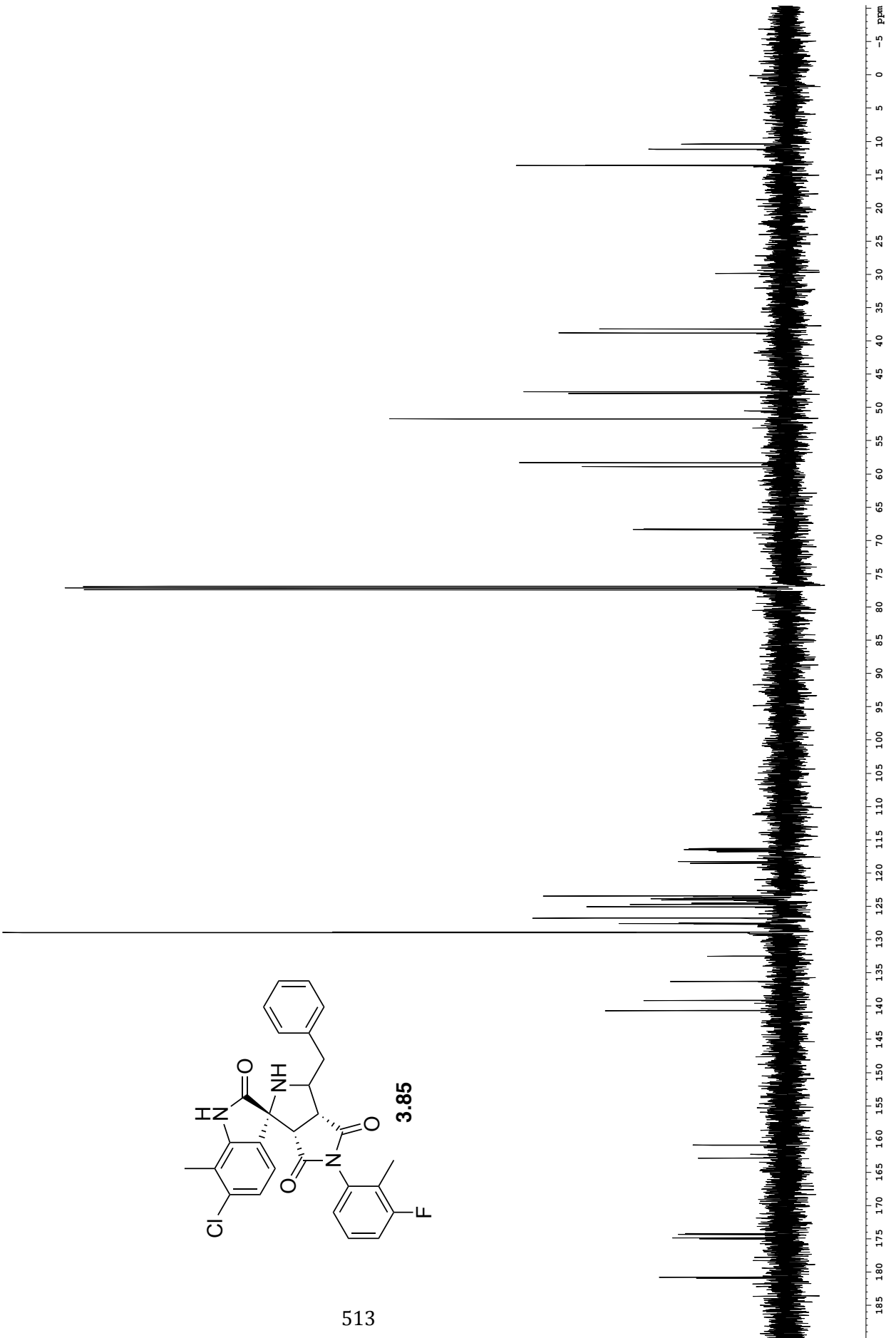


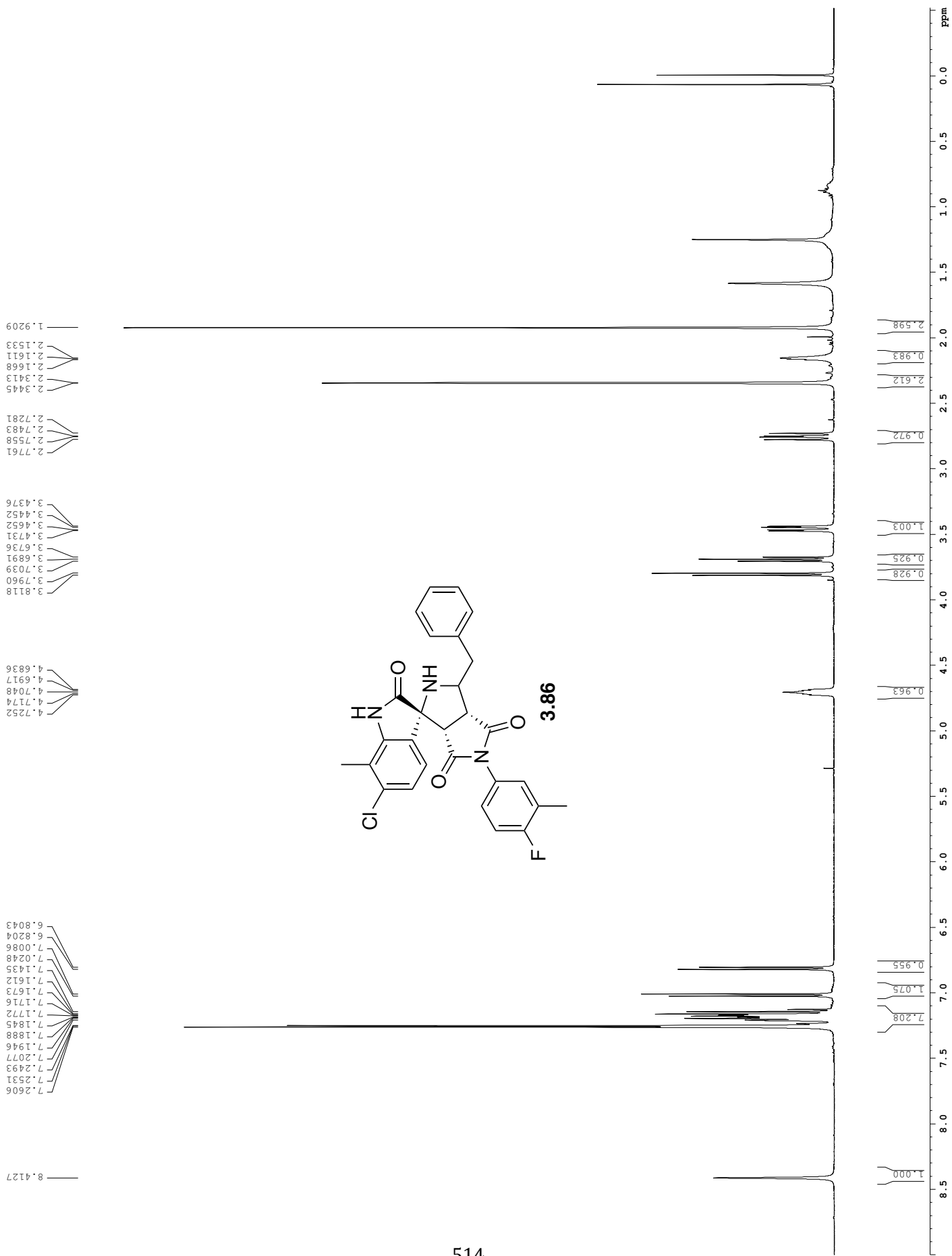
10.379
11.167
13.545
13.614
29.830
29.818
38.181
38.791
47.633
47.875
51.711
58.289
58.900
68.284
68.357
68.394
68.412

116.305
116.482
116.613
116.803
118.286
118.520
123.435
123.481
123.545
123.687
123.761
123.773
123.803
123.842
123.863
124.024
124.094
124.496
124.706
125.070
126.749
126.792
126.930
127.601
127.672
128.869
128.907
128.948
132.472
132.512
136.283
136.313
139.146
139.191
140.677
160.897
162.857
174.188
174.330
174.851
175.008
180.768
180.906



513





15.077
15.051
13.702

38.118

47.973

51.904

59.311

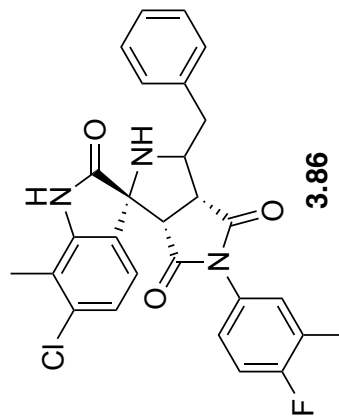
68.441

116.185
116.376
118.775
123.737
124.718
125.042
125.852
125.921
126.677
126.826
126.934
127.448
127.476
129.062
129.174
129.779
129.826
136.512
139.427
140.888

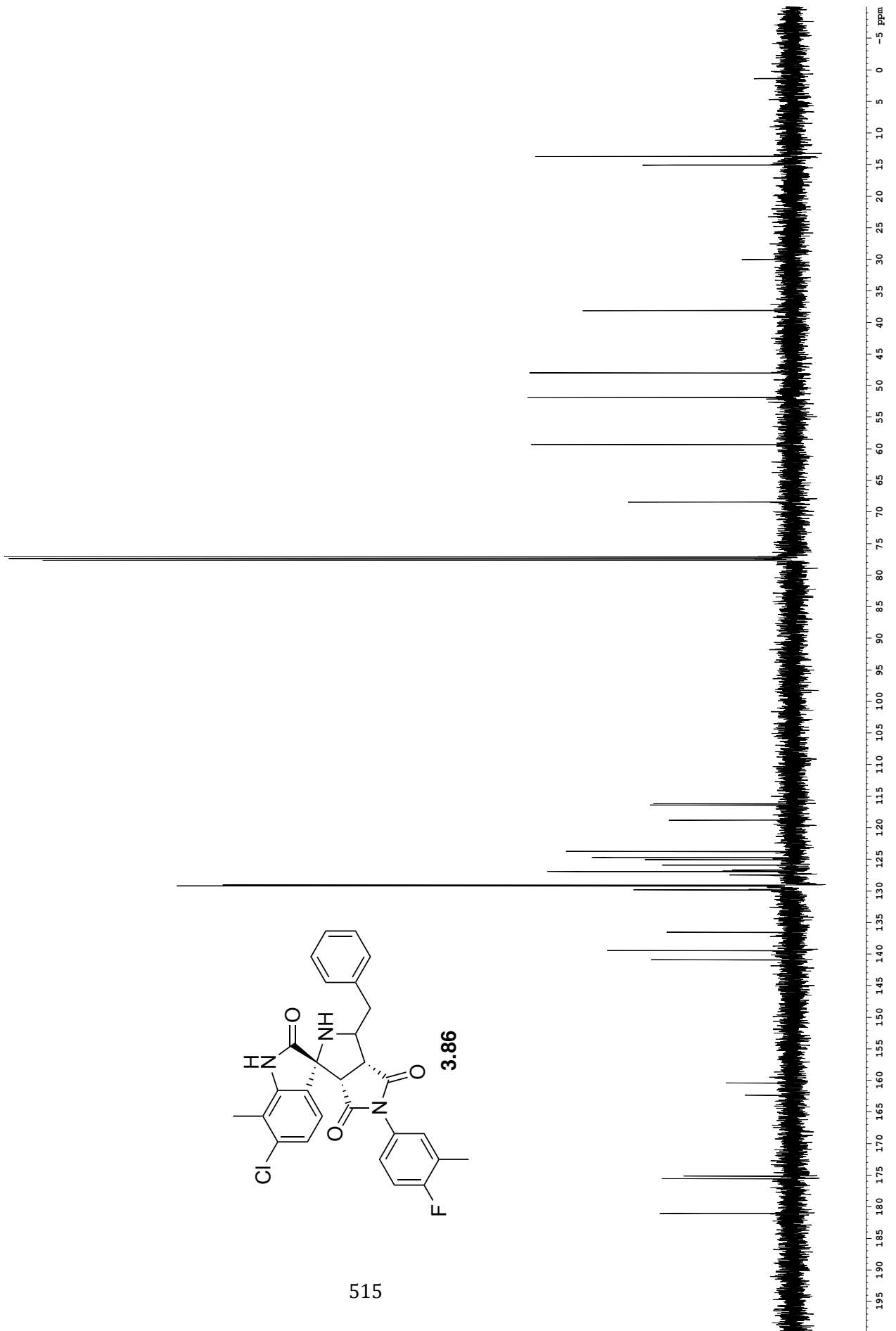
160.378
162.348

175.530
175.133

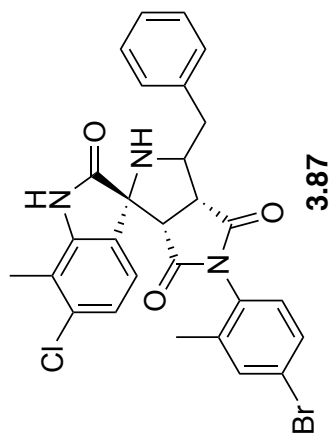
181.048



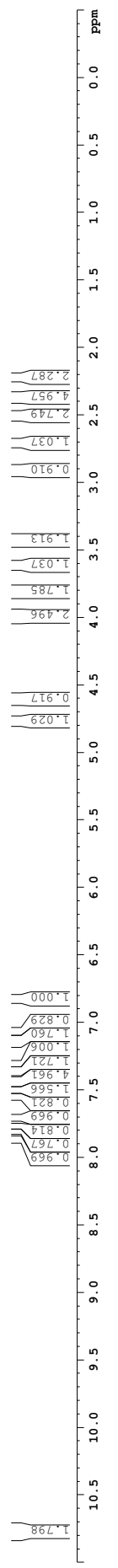
515



7.8621
 7.7978
 7.7804
 7.7637
 7.7151
 7.7117
 7.6983
 7.6948
 7.5556
 7.5389
 7.5047
 7.4898
 7.4595
 7.4497
 7.4442
 7.4297
 7.3663
 7.3520
 7.3376
 7.3181
 7.3012
 7.1642
 7.1480
 7.1258
 7.1096
 7.0784
 7.0623
 6.8350
 6.8188
 4.7911
 4.7819
 4.7738
 4.7654
 4.7554
 4.7491
 4.7396
 4.6313
 4.6155
 4.6001
 4.5892
 4.5739
 4.0274
 4.0124
 3.9913
 3.9760
 3.9667
 3.9604
 3.8393
 3.8234
 3.8073
 3.7996
 3.7840
 3.6240
 3.6083
 3.4694
 3.4592
 3.4411
 3.4267
 3.4165
 3.3983
 3.3889
 2.9319
 2.9144
 2.9038
 2.7236
 2.7062
 2.6960
 2.5100
 2.3821
 2.3701
 2.2227



516



18.046
17.428
14.198
14.154

38.414
36.838

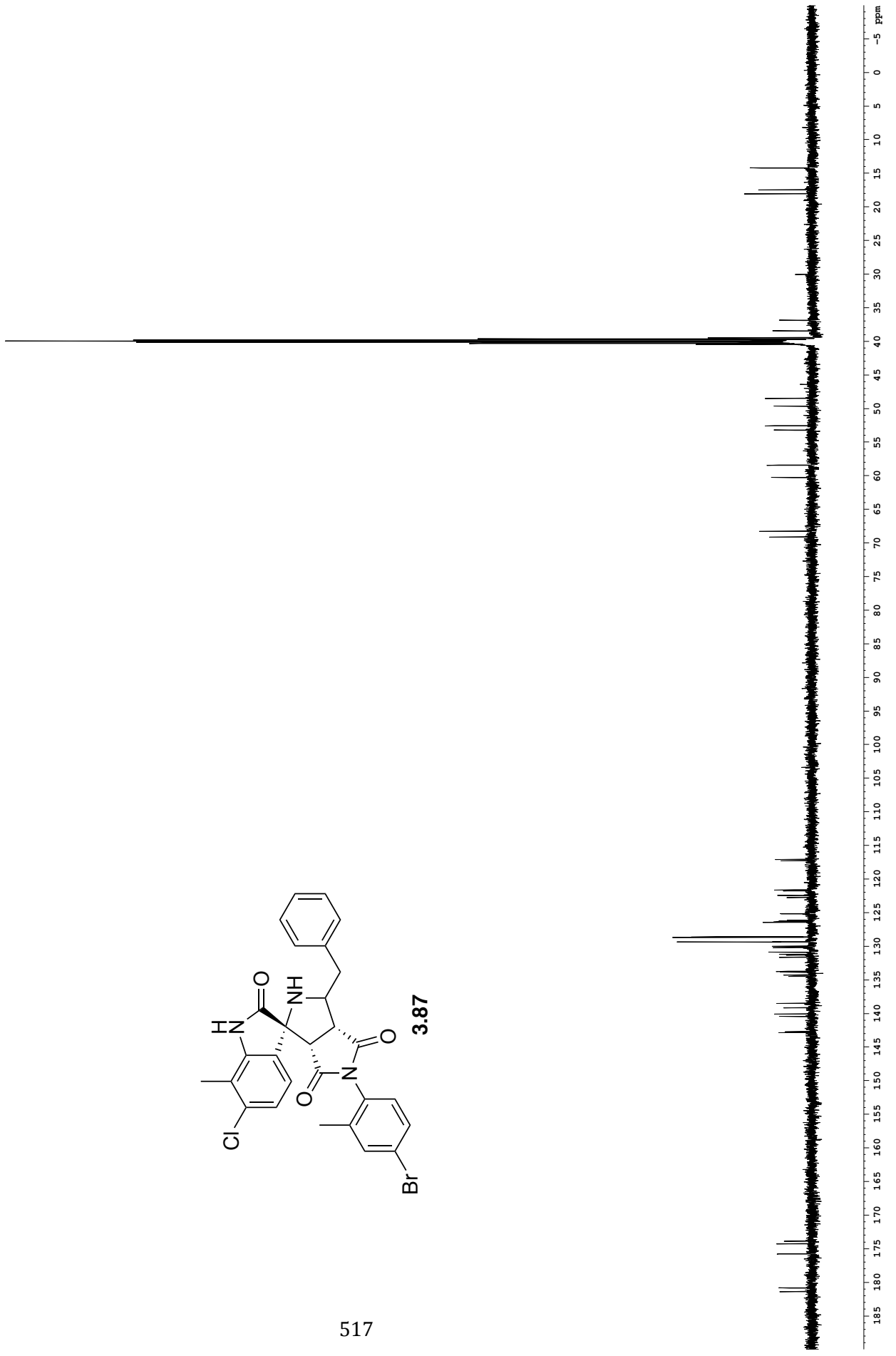
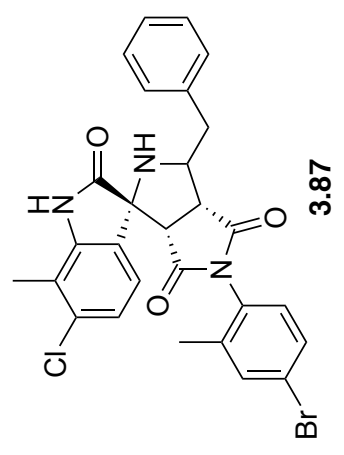
53.186
52.541
49.617
48.475

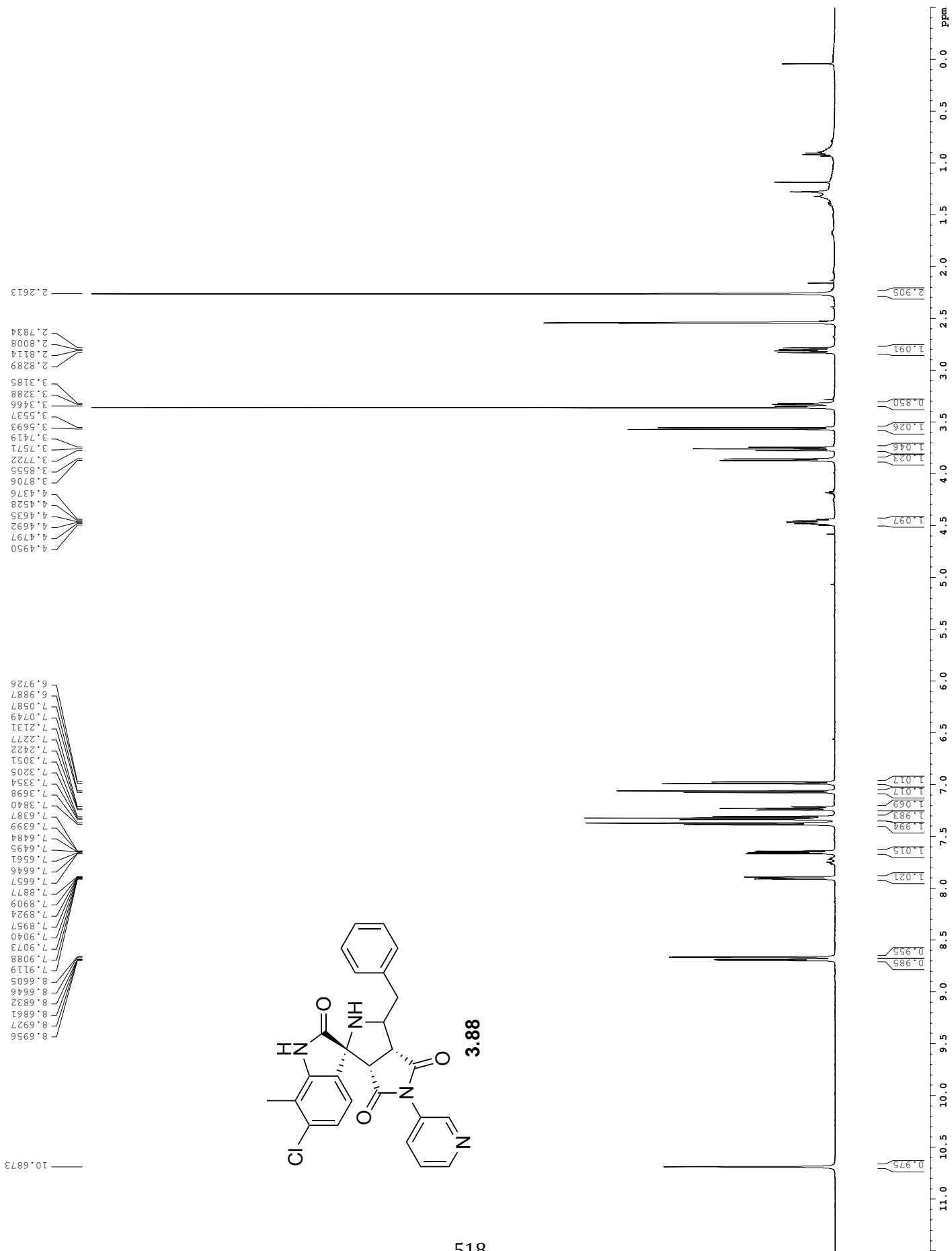
60.237
58.407

69.088
68.236

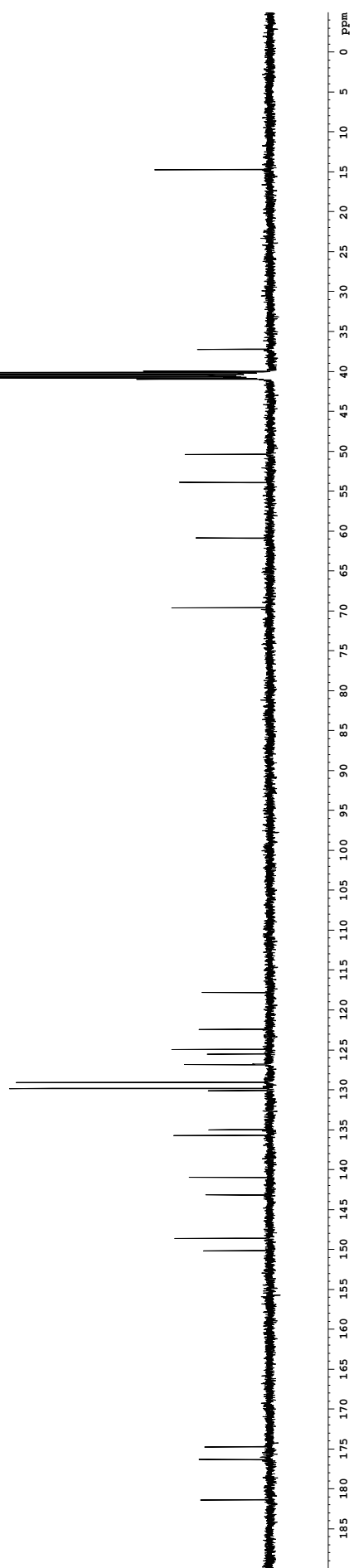
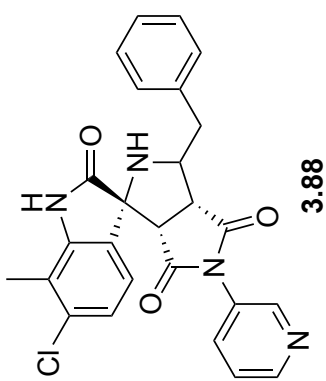
142.841
142.704
140.437
140.075
139.155
138.486
134.449
134.266
133.838
133.728
131.626
131.304
131.209
130.878
129.996
129.359
129.318
128.665
128.585
126.442
126.347
126.244
126.128
125.150
122.729
122.420
121.738
121.610
117.266
117.078

181.399
180.837
175.778
175.736
174.261
173.883





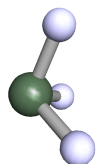
181.387
 176.319
 174.730
 150.159
 148.602
 143.167
 140.954
 135.710
 134.982
 130.087
 129.819
 129.080
 126.839
 126.792
 125.521
 124.924
 122.412
 117.803
 69.587
 60.843
 53.880
 50.369
 37.205
 14.697



Appendix B: Energies and Coordinates of Calculated Molecules for Chapter 5

Energies and Coordinates of Molecules Calculated at the B3LYP/6-311++G(3df,2dp)//B3LYP/6-31G(d,p), B3LYP/6-311++G(3df,2dp) COSMO (∞)//B3LYP/6-31G(d,p), and B3LYP/6-311++G(3df,2pd) SMD(DMSO)//B3LYP/6-31G(d,p) Levels of Theory

Methanide Anion:



B3LYP/6-31G(d,p) geometry

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
-0.03609377	-0.23130248	0.20446837	c	6.000	0
-0.03609377	1.88481285	-0.11584021	h	1.000	0
1.59908625	-0.78555915	-1.05994739	h	1.000	0
-1.67127379	-0.78555915	-1.05994739	h	1.000	0

B3LYP/6-311++G(3df,2dp)//B3LYP/6-31G(d,p)

Total Energy = -39.82188180543 hartree

Enthalpy Correction = 0.030973 hartree

Entropy = 0.000074 hartree/K

B3LYP/6-311++G(3df,2dp) COSMO (∞)//B3LYP/6-31G(d,p)

Total Energy = -39.93678287046 hartree

Enthalpy Correction = 0.031203 hartree

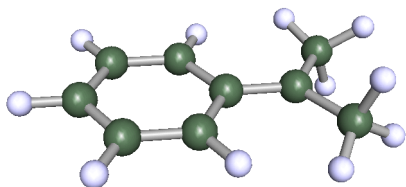
Entropy = 0.000074 hartree/K

B3LYP/6-311++G(3df,2pd) SMD(DMSO)//B3LYP/6-31G(d,p)

Total Energy = -39.9303430849 hartree

Free Energy Correction = 5.059 kcal/mol

2-Phenylpropan-2-ylum (E = 5.74):



B3LYP/6-31G(d,p) geometry

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
-14.18031594	4.12621701	4.31632346	c	6.000	0

-13.98945360	1.48116734	4.25339558	c	6.000	0
-12.13789993	5.59132169	3.61202253	c	6.000	0
-9.82147364	4.44709251	2.80000721	c	6.000	0
-9.69977527	1.74213852	2.75049639	c	6.000	0
-11.74786046	0.29555317	3.47388355	c	6.000	0
-7.71896434	5.93581876	2.07813183	c	6.000	0
-7.74126311	8.74867611	2.09740704	c	6.000	0
-5.27158002	4.82220315	1.24079418	c	6.000	0
-15.92377727	5.01590008	4.92424836	h	1.000	0
-15.59855540	0.33656022	4.81407733	h	1.000	0
-12.31836878	7.62787954	3.67438349	h	1.000	0
-7.98787237	0.79576367	2.15183115	h	1.000	0
-11.62861874	-1.75026435	3.43249855	h	1.000	0
-5.90085883	9.47111841	2.70930036	h	1.000	0
-9.22545401	9.62135164	3.21914847	h	1.000	0
-7.95706983	9.38267923	0.12547782	h	1.000	0
-4.36470045	6.03710808	-0.16535104	h	1.000	0
-5.38345181	2.90243037	0.51362756	h	1.000	0
-3.99525899	4.81237657	2.88655667	h	1.000	0

B3LYP/6-311++G(3df,2dp)//B3LYP/6-31G(d,p) (MAA = 825.9 kJ/mol)

Total Energy = -349.19704651821 hartree

Enthalpy Correction = 0.180526 hartree

Entropy = 0.000139 hartree/K

B3LYP/6-311++G(3df,2dp) COSMO (∞)//B3LYP/6-31G(d,p) (MAA* = 325.4 kJ/mol)

Total Energy = -349.27721765696 hartree

Enthalpy Correction = 0.180067 hartree

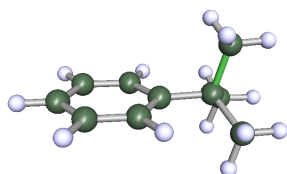
Entropy = 0.000139 hartree/K

B3LYP/6-311++G(3df,2dp) SMD(DMSO)//B3LYP/6-31G(d,p) (MAA* = 351.6 kJ/mol)

Total Energy = -349.2815794165 hartree

Free Energy Correction = 87.187 kcal/mol

2-Phenylpropan-2-ylum Product:



B3LYP/6-31G(d,p) geometry

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
-0.30766064	2.12044091	-2.26530731	c	6.000	0
-0.57521185	4.74515146	-2.27122972	c	6.000	0
-0.17387370	0.74222773	0.00000000	c	6.000	0
-0.30766064	2.12044091	2.26530731	c	6.000	0
-0.57521185	4.74515146	2.27122972	c	6.000	0
-0.71371555	6.07571896	0.00000000	c	6.000	0
-0.92746436	8.11768522	0.00000000	h	1.000	0

-0.67973827	5.74720519	-4.06135594	h	1.000	0
-0.20627495	1.14679542	-4.06669442	h	1.000	0
-0.20627495	1.14679542	4.06669442	h	1.000	0
-0.67973827	5.74720519	4.06135594	h	1.000	0
0.22866631	-2.14452358	0.00000000	c	6.000	0
-0.96052890	-3.39440356	-2.35538489	c	6.000	0
-0.96052890	-3.39440356	2.35538489	c	6.000	0
3.10677024	-2.67534954	0.00000000	c	6.000	0
-2.97815547	-2.95767840	-2.50475451	h	1.000	0
-0.75856820	-5.45099251	-2.23468241	h	1.000	0
-0.04437077	-2.79959525	-4.11081008	h	1.000	0
4.01196228	-1.85749685	-1.67142686	h	1.000	0
3.47671247	-4.71461726	0.00000000	h	1.000	0
4.01196228	-1.85749685	1.67142686	h	1.000	0
-0.04437077	-2.79959525	4.11081008	h	1.000	0
-2.97815547	-2.95767840	2.50475451	h	1.000	0
-0.75856820	-5.45099251	2.23468241	h	1.000	0

B3LYP/6-311++G(3df,2dp)//B3LYP/6-31G(d,p)

Total Energy = -389.36404450845 hartree

Enthalpy Correction = 0.223271 hartree

Entropy = 0.00015 hartree/K

B3LYP/6-311++G(3df,2dp) COSMO (∞)//B3LYP/6-31G(d,p)

Total Energy = -389.3691012365 hartree

Enthalpy Correction = 0.221552 hartree

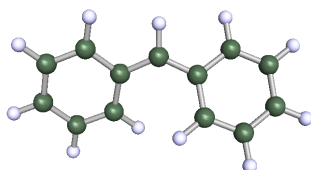
Entropy = 0.000143 hartree/K

B3LYP/6-311++G(3df,2pd) SMD(DMSO)//B3LYP/6-31G(d,p)

Total Energy = -389.375799857 hartree

Free Energy Correction = 111.043 kcal/mol

Diphenylmethylum (E = 5.47):



B3LYP/6-31G(d,p) geometry

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
-8.19007306	4.27002517	0.53932784	c	6.000	0
-8.53853856	1.72777660	-0.11867480	c	6.000	0
-5.78123916	5.28991037	0.51551729	c	6.000	0
-3.64528171	3.75507480	-0.07936850	c	6.000	0
-4.05818687	1.18920466	-0.79462984	c	6.000	0
-6.47854810	0.20371248	-0.81163737	c	6.000	0
-1.23588089	4.92009096	0.00925966	c	6.000	0
1.22567637	3.86751351	0.09202966	c	6.000	0
1.76519318	1.32526494	0.80710203	c	6.000	0
4.22996298	0.45636886	0.80710203	c	6.000	0
6.21001802	2.07473032	0.09448631	c	6.000	0

5.73645265	4.59656985	-0.56238250	c	6.000	0
3.28264327	5.50118175	-0.51797393	c	6.000	0
-9.80106459	5.43485236	1.03840451	h	1.000	0
-10.43223312	0.93673724	-0.13813898	h	1.000	0
-5.49267798	7.26108370	1.00986965	h	1.000	0
-2.49292672	0.04478651	-1.45074275	h	1.000	0
-6.79262059	-1.73533551	-1.39801939	h	1.000	0
-1.28104535	6.98008142	0.01096041	h	1.000	0
0.25945940	0.10998206	1.47474227	h	1.000	0
4.64154533	-1.46510467	1.39178330	h	1.000	0
8.13886149	1.37345295	0.09939959	h	1.000	0
7.28602808	5.83623019	-1.07638801	h	1.000	0
2.89619427	7.45667035	-1.00873581	h	1.000	0

B3LYP/6-311++G(3df,2dp)//B3LYP/6-31G(d,p) (MAA = 824.4 kJ/mol)

Total Energy = -501.58434760415 hartree

Enthalpy Correction = 0.209635 hartree

Entropy = 0.000156 hartree/K

B3LYP/6-311++G(3df,2dp) COSMO (∞)//B3LYP/6-31G(d,p) (MAA* = 352.0 kJ/mol)

Total Energy = -501.6582058686 hartree

Enthalpy Correction = 0.209431 hartree

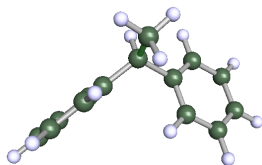
Entropy = 0.000156 hartree/K

B3LYP/6-311++G(3df,2dp) SMD(DMSO)//B3LYP/6-31G(d,p) (MAA* = 363.4 kJ/mol)

Total Energy = -501.6670762708 hartree

Free Energy Correction = 101.747 kcal/mol

Diphenylmethylium Product:



B3LYP/6-31G(d,p) geometry

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
-5.82772642	-0.83129053	-2.72215050	c	6.000	0
-7.44041871	-2.01766059	-0.99890923	c	6.000	0
-3.50241842	0.10676953	-1.92355223	c	6.000	0
-2.72725276	-0.10639158	0.60546825	c	6.000	0
-4.36281073	-1.29559624	2.31113506	c	6.000	0
-6.69813428	-2.24537259	1.51669420	c	6.000	0
-7.93514901	-3.16113388	2.87654112	h	1.000	0
-9.25701244	-2.74974050	-1.61495995	h	1.000	0
-6.38481769	-0.63702668	-4.68897746	h	1.000	0
-2.25293150	1.01629471	-3.27867484	h	1.000	0
-3.83349844	-1.48249015	4.28363120	h	1.000	0
-0.14513097	0.94977635	1.36098076	c	6.000	0
2.02805409	-0.57409880	0.21391700	c	6.000	0
0.23357015	1.23966034	4.23374243	c	6.000	0
-0.02759000	2.85462030	0.54556393	h	1.000	0

2.10175341	-3.21612491	0.40326756	c	6.000	0
4.04325804	0.65667983	-0.98152375	c	6.000	0
6.08302843	-0.70543477	-1.95586655	c	6.000	0
6.13707459	-3.33272101	-1.74837462	c	6.000	0
4.13623256	-4.58315279	-0.56427222	c	6.000	0
0.53989476	-4.20860907	1.29389548	h	1.000	0
4.01529009	2.70552091	-1.15141013	h	1.000	0
7.62372214	0.28761632	-2.88202133	h	1.000	0
7.71858639	-4.39871552	-2.50823350	h	1.000	0
4.15588571	-6.63029311	-0.40251167	h	1.000	0
0.27476618	-0.59715346	5.18540851	h	1.000	0
-1.27348644	2.37840931	5.07901693	h	1.000	0
2.04090422	2.16751588	4.61452225	h	1.000	0

B3LYP/6-311++G(3df,2dp)//B3LYP/6-31G(d,p)

Total Energy = -541.74567802067 hartree

Enthalpy Correction = 0.248776 hartree

Entropy = 0.000172 hartree/K

B3LYP/6-311++G(3df,2dp) COSMO (∞)//B3LYP/6-31G(d,p)

Total Energy = -541.75378242447 hartree

Enthalpy Correction = 0.248661 hartree

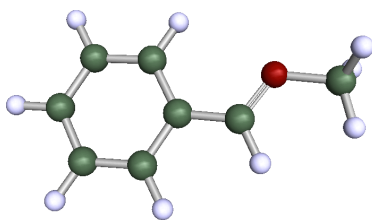
Entropy = 0.000174 hartree/K

B3LYP/6-311++G(3df,2dp) SMD(DMSO)//B3LYP/6-31G(d,p)

Total Energy = -541.7641352035 hartree

Free Energy Correction = 124.565 kcal/mol

(*E*)-Benzylidene(methyl)oxonium (E = 2.97):



B3LYP/6-31G(d,p) geometry

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
-8.31196040	4.48734368	-0.12869035	c	6.000	0
-8.50584630	1.84550654	-0.10639158	c	6.000	0
-5.94772403	5.60625052	-0.03174740	c	6.000	0
-3.75186227	4.06366708	0.08749432	c	6.000	0
-3.97333817	1.38498028	0.10847028	c	6.000	0
-6.34683419	0.29952159	0.01171630	c	6.000	0
-1.38573617	5.28367427	0.18368138	c	6.000	0
0.69541922	4.04250215	0.28950604	o	8.000	0
3.13297696	5.33998811	0.39986605	c	6.000	0
-10.00118659	5.64442299	-0.22072001	h	1.000	0
-10.36231326	0.97301999	-0.18065782	h	1.000	0
-5.76347574	7.65112317	-0.04667624	h	1.000	0

-2.28524581	0.22601125	0.20106686	h	1.000	0
-6.54941283	-1.74005982	0.02721206	h	1.000	0
-1.28161226	7.34763315	0.17045330	h	1.000	0
4.20388476	4.70844164	-1.24230596	h	1.000	0
4.04080139	4.72053588	2.14143765	h	1.000	0
2.85707694	7.38448281	0.37889009	h	1.000	0

B3LYP/6-311++G(3df,2dp)//B3LYP/6-31G(d,p) (MAA = 802.3 kJ/mol)

Total Energy = -385.11854248365 hartree

Enthalpy Correction = 0.160058 hartree

Entropy = 0.000145 hartree/K

B3LYP/6-311++G(3df,2dp) COSMO (∞)//B3LYP/6-31G(d,p) (MAA* = 309.1 kJ/mol)

Total Energy = -385.20091797221 hartree

Enthalpy Correction = 0.159864 hartree

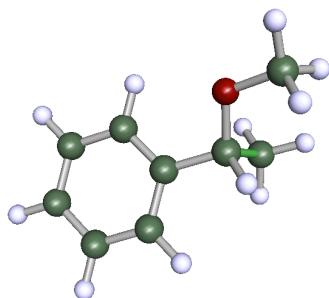
Entropy = 0.000142 hartree/K

B3LYP/6-311++G(3df,2pd) SMD(DMSO)//B3LYP/6-31G(d,p) (MAA* = 323.3 kJ/mol)

Total Energy = -385.2046586233 hartree

Free Energy Correction = 73.576 kcal/mol

(*E*)-Benzylidene(methyl)oxonium Product:



B3LYP/6-31G(d,p) geometry

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
-6.55375921	0.44238489	-0.83412512	c	6.000	0
-6.51861030	-2.13161108	-0.25756967	c	6.000	0
-4.32992949	1.85363236	-0.70959216	c	6.000	0
-2.04657340	0.71960771	-0.00245664	c	6.000	0
-2.02484155	-1.86251408	0.57107524	c	6.000	0
-4.24697051	-3.27754101	0.44068413	c	6.000	0
-8.30855889	1.35002035	-1.39442891	h	1.000	0
-8.24525307	-3.23785676	-0.36112666	h	1.000	0
-4.36829093	3.85579720	-1.17692144	h	1.000	0
-0.25265638	-2.75276406	1.08829328	h	1.000	0
-4.20161709	-5.28310735	0.88117930	h	1.000	0
0.33429255	2.30886739	0.21637364	c	6.000	0
2.45267555	0.69825381	-0.21240522	o	8.000	0
0.49491927	3.61447918	2.80775509	c	6.000	0

0.28723837	3.77529487	-1.26668343	h	1.000	0
4.72129177	1.97419689	-0.80256669	c	6.000	0
6.11307507	0.52855640	-1.29162781	h	1.000	0
5.46168647	3.08592278	0.78933861	h	1.000	0
4.48261936	3.24787231	-2.43207753	h	1.000	0
0.55368976	2.19094848	4.30649689	h	1.000	0
-1.15934698	4.81634500	3.11672531	h	1.000	0
2.18036601	4.80425075	2.95779934	h	1.000	0

B3LYP/6-311++G(3df,2dp)//B3LYP/6-31G(d,p)

Total Energy = -425.27263207834 hartree

Enthalpy Correction = 0.197371 hartree

Entropy = 0.000151 hartree/K

B3LYP/6-311++G(3df,2dp) COSMO (∞)//B3LYP/6-31G(d,p)

Total Energy = -425.28064867168 hartree

Enthalpy Correction = 0.197216 hartree

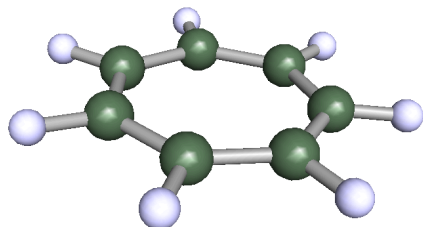
Entropy = 0.000152 hartree/K

B3LYP/6-311++G(3df,2dp) SMD(DMSO)//B3LYP/6-31G(d,p)

Total Energy = -425.2866141972 hartree

Free Energy Correction = 96.507 kcal/mol

Cyclohepta-2,4,6-trien-1-ylum (E = -3.72):



B3LYP/6-31G(d,p) geometry

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
-1.66619107	2.55115738	-0.01812049	c	6.000	0
0.95482031	2.89211007	-0.09006707	c	6.000	0
2.85683896	1.05533575	-0.09419740	c	6.000	0
2.60772970	-1.57617417	-0.02731144	c	6.000	0
0.39487457	-3.02099607	0.05993599	c	6.000	0
-2.11547916	-2.19079114	0.10216697	c	6.000	0
-3.03273356	0.28913676	0.06734036	c	6.000	0
-2.78981612	4.27186132	-0.03008628	h	1.000	0
1.59891795	4.84268652	-0.15064272	h	1.000	0
4.78364657	1.76727264	-0.15769692	h	1.000	0
4.36654725	-2.63907325	-0.04557279	h	1.000	0
0.66116797	-5.05839851	0.10041776	h	1.000	0
-3.54218285	-3.66827560	0.17102121	h	1.000	0
-5.07814053	0.48414831	0.11281283	h	1.000	0

B3LYP/6-311++G(3df,2dp)//B3LYP/6-31G(d,p) (MAA = 753.3 kJ/mol)

Total Energy = -270.58457746788 hartree
Enthalpy Correction = 0.12526 hartree
Entropy = 0.000118 hartree/K

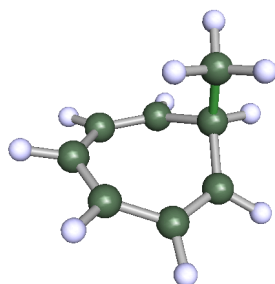
B3LYP/6-311++G(3df,2dp) COSMO (∞)/B3LYP/6-31G(d,p) (MAA* = 236.0 kJ/mol)

Total Energy = -270.67120125704 hartree
Enthalpy Correction = 0.125126 hartree
Entropy = 0.000118 hartree/K

B3LYP/6-311++G(3df,2dp) SMD(DMSO)/B3LYP/6-31G(d,p) (MAA* = 253.1 kJ/mol)

Total Energy = -270.6746746147 hartree
Free Energy Correction = 55.753 kcal/mol

Cyclohepta-2,4,6-trien-1-ylum Product:



B3LYP/6-31G(d,p) geometry

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
-3.49218530	-0.30621204	0.89103066	h	1.000	0
-1.43281701	-0.09180585	0.97019311	c	6.000	0
-0.75861042	2.27874042	-0.48981974	c	6.000	0
1.61673231	3.08109993	-0.98583864	c	6.000	0
3.94496756	1.71072862	-0.57184858	c	6.000	0
4.20831328	-0.85007318	-0.49568213	c	6.000	0
2.21022413	-2.68693353	-0.81519223	c	6.000	0
-0.28163237	-2.35611257	-0.35404919	c	6.000	0
-0.69220356	0.06692445	3.78871006	c	6.000	0
-2.32365812	3.45533092	-1.12433501	h	1.000	0
1.82474651	4.93977408	-1.84880781	h	1.000	0
5.66631399	2.83743457	-0.53165167	h	1.000	0
6.12273493	-1.59886995	-0.39955739	h	1.000	0
2.79730640	-4.51173517	-1.56901638	h	1.000	0
-1.57081772	-3.86082211	-0.91096017	h	1.000	0
1.34934672	0.28306398	4.00924353	h	1.000	0
-1.61610564	1.68703301	4.68769077	h	1.000	0
-1.27291755	-1.65225862	4.78582999	h	1.000	0

B3LYP/6-311++G(3df,2dp)/B3LYP/6-31G(d,p)

Total Energy = -310.71826645837 hartree
Enthalpy Correction = 0.162933 hartree
Entropy = 0.000131 hartree/K

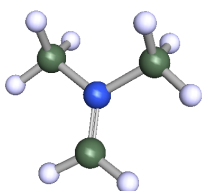
B3LYP/6-311++G(3df,2dp) COSMO (∞)/B3LYP/6-31G(d,p)

Total Energy = -310.7229824 hartree
Enthalpy Correction = 0.163247 hartree
Entropy = 0.000131 hartree/K

B3LYP/6-311++G(3df,2pd) SMD(DMSO)/B3LYP/6-31G(d,p)

Total Energy = -310.7290268656 hartree
Free Energy Correction = 78.123 kcal/mol

N-Methyl-*N*-methylenemethanaminium (E = -6.69):



B3LYP/6-31G(d,p) geometry

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
-7.84500907	1.79958620	-0.00018897	n	7.000	0
-7.74863304	-0.61775147	0.00018897	c	6.000	0
-10.27047257	3.19288128	-0.00037795	c	6.000	0
-5.53916524	3.38298772	0.00000000	c	6.000	0
-9.48453547	-1.71303674	0.00037795	h	1.000	0
-5.93071650	-1.57036242	0.00037795	h	1.000	0
-11.84234676	1.86383689	0.00037795	h	1.000	0
-10.34058140	4.38321977	-1.68582468	h	1.000	0
-10.34058140	4.38435360	1.68412393	h	1.000	0
-3.86430097	2.18660211	-0.00113384	h	1.000	0
-5.56543244	4.57502697	1.68582468	h	1.000	0
-5.56656627	4.57729464	-1.68393496	h	1.000	0

B3LYP/6-311++G(3df,2dp)/B3LYP/6-31G(d,p) (MAA = 786.2 kJ/mol)

Total Energy = -173.56676746901 hartree
Enthalpy Correction = 0.11495 hartree
Entropy = 0.000107 hartree/K

B3LYP/6-311++G(3df,2dp) COSMO (∞)/B3LYP/6-31G(d,p) (MAA* = 240.7 kJ/mol)

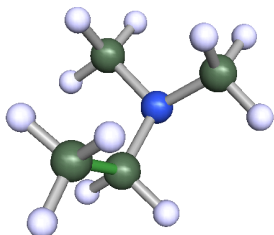
Total Energy = -173.66296375356 hartree
Enthalpy Correction = 0.115749 hartree
Entropy = 0.000114 hartree/K

B3LYP/6-311++G(3df,2pd) SMD(DMSO)//B3LYP/6-31G(d,p) (MAA* = 263.1 kJ/mol)

Total Energy = -173.6616520519 hartree

Free Energy Correction = 52.115 kcal/mol

N-Methyl-*N*-methylenemethanaminium Product:



B3LYP/6-31G(d,p) geometry

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
-6.73366113	1.79883031	-0.05650281	c	6.000	0
-4.16306667	0.43652674	0.01568473	c	6.000	0
-6.99916765	3.03338839	1.58264564	h	1.000	0
-8.26944156	0.41025954	-0.04724315	h	1.000	0
-6.94682224	2.95231914	-1.76103578	h	1.000	0
-1.88613565	2.00764504	0.01285014	n	7.000	0
-4.02889612	-0.83979429	-1.61439304	h	1.000	0
-4.08010770	-0.76231552	1.70680064	h	1.000	0
-1.53521351	3.46178930	-2.29374958	c	6.000	0
-1.58831482	3.55098438	2.26786033	c	6.000	0
-1.70302119	2.21627081	-3.93856721	h	1.000	0
0.36660687	4.28193045	-2.30773355	h	1.000	0
-2.89392660	5.03290761	-2.53525658	h	1.000	0
-2.95080736	5.13060645	2.41979431	h	1.000	0
0.31256070	4.37320422	2.29280472	h	1.000	0
-1.79278318	2.37066144	3.95576372	h	1.000	0

B3LYP/6-311++G(3df,2dp)//B3LYP/6-31G(d,p)

Total Energy = -213.71380154097 hartree

Enthalpy Correction = 0.153741 hartree

Entropy = 0.000121 hartree/K

B3LYP/6-311++G(3df,2dp) COSMO (∞)//B3LYP/6-31G(d,p)

Total Energy = -213.71784688568 hartree

Enthalpy Correction = 0.153415 hartree

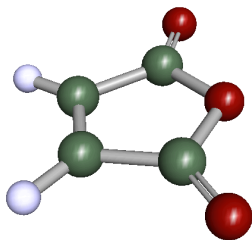
Entropy = 0.000121 hartree/K

B3LYP/6-311++G(3df,2pd) SMD(DMSO)//B3LYP/6-31G(d,p)

Total Energy = -213.7202789009 hartree

Free Energy Correction = 74.792 kcal/mol

Furan-2,5-dione (E = -11.31):



B3LYP/6-31G(d,p) geometry

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
-4.22675777	-2.04203112	-0.22370615	o	8.000	0
-2.12926313	-1.19597301	-0.11242618	c	6.000	0
-1.26978731	1.48766508	-0.05098901	c	6.000	0
1.25180191	1.50203564	0.07034959	c	6.000	0
0.01629963	-2.71965776	-0.01708772	o	8.000	0
2.14347569	-1.17167961	0.09728464	c	6.000	0
4.25108140	-1.99372249	0.19700714	o	8.000	0
-2.58518623	3.05206816	-0.10343019	h	1.000	0
2.54833582	3.08129512	0.14299790	h	1.000	0

B3LYP/6-311++G(3df,2dp)//B3LYP/6-31G(d,p) (MAA = 262.3 kJ/mol)

Total Energy = -379.26164206206 hartree
 Enthalpy Correction = 0.061451 hartree
 Entropy = 0.000117 hartree/K

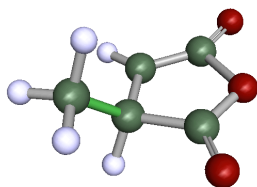
B3LYP/6-311++G(3df,2dp) COSMO (∞)//B3LYP/6-31G(d,p) (MAA* = 206.9 kJ/mol)

Total Energy = -379.26164206206 hartree
 Enthalpy Correction = 0.061338 hartree
 Entropy = 0.000115 hartree/K

B3LYP/6-311++G(3df,2dp) SMD(DMSO)//B3LYP/6-31G(d,p) (MAA* = 188.0 kJ/mol)

Total Energy = -379.2688861518 hartree
 Free Energy Correction = 16.523 kcal/mol

Furan-2,5-dione Product:



B3LYP/6-31G(d,p) geometry

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
6.02969508	-0.18974396	-0.66083031	o	8.000	0
3.77449311	-0.01410134	-0.18239274	c	6.000	0
1.81275041	-1.41138258	0.77919314	c	6.000	0
-0.60955903	0.03374086	0.88136257	c	6.000	0

-2.87916511	-1.07397446	-0.57752853	c	6.000	0
0.14592087	2.60642228	-0.24507154	c	6.000	0
2.57819967	2.64320745	-0.82943352	o	8.000	0
-1.30103508	4.38446926	-0.58096250	o	8.000	0
2.06255942	-3.33510772	1.43500615	h	1.000	0
-1.29411145	0.42943057	2.82234492	h	1.000	0
-4.46946504	0.25584613	-0.58009148	h	1.000	0
-2.34328937	-1.47223352	-2.53823968	h	1.000	0
-3.50699348	-2.85657296	0.27664351	h	1.000	0

B3LYP/6-311++G(3df,2dp)//B3LYP/6-31G(d,p)

Total Energy = -419.20750379579 hartree

Enthalpy Correction = 0.099527 hartree

Entropy = 0.000134 hartree/K

B3LYP/6-311++G(3df,2dp) COSMO (∞)//B3LYP/6-31G(d,p)

Total Energy = -419.30140911931 hartree

Enthalpy Correction = 0.100022 hartree

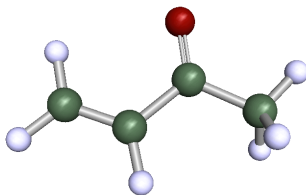
Entropy = 0.000133 hartree/K

B3LYP/6-311++G(3df,2dp) SMD(DMSO)//B3LYP/6-31G(d,p)

Total Energy = -419.2971087481 hartree

Free Energy Correction = 38.068 kcal/mol

But-3-en-2-one (E = -16.76):



B3LYP/6-31G(d,p) geometry

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
-5.38099517	-1.01157040	-0.68426983	c	6.000	0
-4.97130254	1.47889967	-0.73226888	c	6.000	0
-2.49935178	2.57645261	0.09562014	c	6.000	0
-2.27277362	5.43220674	-0.02872384	c	6.000	0
-0.76344936	1.24854206	0.83280231	o	8.000	0
-7.16281794	-1.83624688	-1.27896665	h	1.000	0
-3.89963885	-2.27560821	-0.03382610	h	1.000	0
-6.42544680	2.78318865	-1.37628754	h	1.000	0
-3.68987925	6.31640960	1.19959815	h	1.000	0
-2.64618351	6.10457130	-1.95359888	h	1.000	0
-0.38607105	6.01575417	0.56030380	h	1.000	0

B3LYP/6-311++G(3df,2dp)//B3LYP/6-31G(d,p) (MAA = 224.5 kJ/mol)

Total Energy = -231.18409269704 hartree

Enthalpy Correction = 0.095166 hartree

Entropy = 0.000122 hartree/K

B3LYP/6-311++G(3df,2dp) COSMO (∞)/B3LYP/6-31G(d,p) (MAA* = 151.3 kJ/mol)

Total Energy = -231.19422139417 hartree

Enthalpy Correction = 0.094006 hartree

Entropy = 0.000115 hartree/K

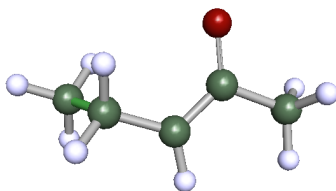
B3LYP/6-311++G(3df,2dp) SMD(DMSO)/B3LYP/6-31G(d,p) (MAA* = 137.1 kJ/mol)

Total Energy = -231.1957900185 hartree

Free Energy Correction = 37.9 kcal/mol

But-3-en-2-one Product:

The CH₃-CH₂-C-C Torsion Angle was constrained to 90°.



B3LYP/6-31G(d,p) geometry

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
-6.07323397	0.30356561	-3.43040473	c	6.000	0
-3.86580519	-1.01530072	-2.03903151	c	6.000	0
-7.15897235	1.42569821	-2.07150267	h	1.000	0
-7.37408932	-1.04220664	-4.35439955	h	1.000	0
-5.37036735	1.60193974	-4.89156366	h	1.000	0
-2.06488296	0.74578609	-0.72847242	c	6.000	0
-2.88499198	-2.25403510	-3.40789809	h	1.000	0
-4.70040274	-2.25263670	-0.59236678	h	1.000	0
-2.46538774	1.46037469	1.76233970	c	6.000	0
-0.53806928	1.59536538	-1.82139931	h	1.000	0
-0.55941374	3.35555079	2.91526728	c	6.000	0
0.95719731	3.93132011	1.61883200	h	1.000	0
0.30119400	2.52780161	4.61676157	h	1.000	0
-1.56365578	5.06163901	3.55152673	h	1.000	0
-4.21634561	0.70953736	3.23669647	o	8.000	0

B3LYP/6-311++G(3df,2dp)/B3LYP/6-31G(d,p)

Total Energy = -271.11589532563 hartree

Enthalpy Correction = 0.131469 hartree

Entropy = 0.000132 hartree/K

B3LYP/6-311++G(3df,2dp) COSMO (∞)/B3LYP/6-31G(d,p)

Total Energy = -271.21315520678 hartree

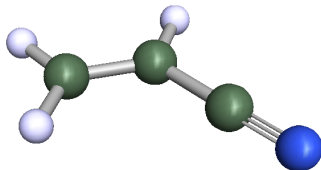
Enthalpy Correction = 0.131867 hartree

Entropy = 0.000129 hartree/K

B3LYP/6-311++G(3df,2dp) SMD(DMSO)/B3LYP/6-31G(d,p)

Total Energy = -271.2047227588 hartree
Free Energy Correction = 59.507 kcal/mol

Acrylonitrile (E = -19.05):



B3LYP/6-31G(d,p) geometry

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
-3.68609980	-0.98964958	0.00000000	c	6.000	0
-3.53756732	1.53502454	0.00000000	c	6.000	0
-1.18637007	2.87181681	0.00000000	c	6.000	0
0.70108840	4.00036125	0.00000000	n	7.000	0
-5.50874065	-1.92789860	0.00000000	h	1.000	0
-2.01010169	-2.17091738	0.00000000	h	1.000	0
-5.22887221	2.70174145	0.00000000	h	1.000	0

B3LYP/6-311++G(3df,2dp)//B3LYP/6-31G(d,p) (MAA = 206.1 kJ/mol)

Total Energy = -170.79211210583 hartree
Enthalpy Correction = 0.055509 hartree
Entropy = 0.000104 hartree/K

B3LYP/6-311++G(3df,2dp) COSMO (∞)//B3LYP/6-31G(d,p) (MAA* = 128.8 kJ/mol)

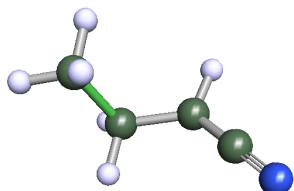
Total Energy = -170.80297510552 hartree
Enthalpy Correction = 0.055514 hartree
Entropy = 0.000104 hartree/K

B3LYP/6-311++G(3df,2dp) SMD(DMSO)//B3LYP/6-31G(d,p) (MAA* = 136.9 kJ/mol)

Total Energy = -170.8016521707 hartree
Free Energy Correction = 15.517 kcal/mol

Acrylonitrile Product:

The CH₃-C-C-C Torsion Angle was constrained to 90°.



B3LYP/6-31G(d,p) geometry

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
-4.16210669	2.24575243	0.34243160	c	6.000	0
-4.25003565	-0.54801302	-0.18408956	c	6.000	0
-1.99614228	3.39598715	1.25818155	c	6.000	0
-0.11990312	4.41339302	1.96677594	n	7.000	0
-5.95887153	3.18953835	0.71215841	h	1.000	0
-2.37061041	-1.20174110	-0.79471110	h	1.000	0
-5.52579543	-0.98134990	-1.78991269	h	1.000	0
-5.09957904	-2.25622907	2.04366134	c	6.000	0
-3.80383729	-2.03772571	3.64633429	h	1.000	0
-5.18695620	-4.28294901	1.54117749	h	1.000	0
-6.98505896	-1.69372563	2.70605381	h	1.000	0

B3LYP/6-311++G(3df,2dp)//B3LYP/6-31G(d,p)

Total Energy = -210.71570594231 hartree

Enthalpy Correction = 0.093593 hartree

Entropy = 0.000124 hartree/K

B3LYP/6-311++G(3df,2dp) COSMO (∞)//B3LYP/6-31G(d,p)

Total Energy = -210.81296800959 hartree

Enthalpy Correction = 0.093885 hartree

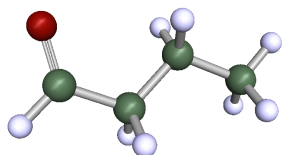
Entropy = 0.000121 hartree/K

B3LYP/6-311++G(3df,2pd) SMD(DMSO)//B3LYP/6-31G(d,p)

Total Energy = -210.8092727782 hartree

Free Energy Correction = 36.355 kcal/mol

Butyraldehyde (E = -18.7):



B3LYP/6-31G(d,p) geometry

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
-6.45643831	0.59715346	0.56956346	c	6.000	0
-5.77632587	3.31514656	-0.19350796	c	6.000	0
-8.13905046	0.56332736	1.77653154	h	1.000	0
-4.90931952	-0.30027748	1.62100708	h	1.000	0
-6.85139107	-0.57844517	-1.09358451	h	1.000	0
-3.43136471	3.44194718	-1.89482839	c	6.000	0
-5.44808044	4.46863539	1.49855282	h	1.000	0
-7.37390035	4.20048325	-1.17654349	h	1.000	0
-2.67982063	6.07603644	-2.68189933	c	6.000	0
-3.70537500	2.32077267	-3.63148671	h	1.000	0
-1.78371250	2.57380699	-0.95582348	h	1.000	0
-3.79475905	8.02623381	-2.03504607	o	8.000	0
-1.00060999	6.19282151	-3.92647296	h	1.000	0

B3LYP/6-311++G(3df,2dp)//B3LYP/6-31G(d,p) (MAA = 146.2 kJ/mol)

Total Energy = -232.3995097356 hartree
Enthalpy Correction = 0.118044 hartree
Entropy = 0.000123 hartree/K

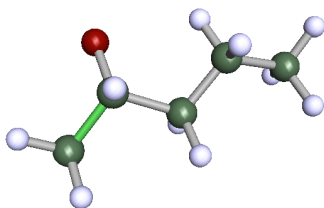
B3LYP/6-311++G(3df,2dp) COSMO (∞)//B3LYP/6-31G(d,p) (MAA* = 88.9 kJ/mol)

Total Energy = -232.40920944202 hartree
Enthalpy Correction = 0.117771 hartree
Entropy = 0.000123 hartree/K

B3LYP/6-311++G(3df,2dp) SMD(DMSO)//B3LYP/6-31G(d,p) (MAA* = 62.2 kJ/mol)

Total Energy = -232.4122762436 hartree
Free Energy Correction = 52.167 kcal/mol

Butyraldehyde Product:



B3LYP/6-31G(d,p) geometry

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
-3.36692505	-1.64576249	0.81220429	c	6.000	0
-3.15943312	1.28709247	0.46033729	c	6.000	0
-0.82089703	2.06925012	0.05140055	o	8.000	0
-4.41647895	2.58420049	2.84309297	c	6.000	0
-4.59751471	1.70585578	-1.12854445	h	1.000	0
-4.20105017	5.45374962	2.61613686	c	6.000	0
-3.34840574	1.96342545	4.52381539	h	1.000	0
-6.40617159	2.00499943	3.11955990	h	1.000	0
-4.76645623	6.93642875	5.03800987	c	6.000	0
-5.46168647	6.11761041	1.09679705	h	1.000	0
-2.25992348	5.77802663	1.95624449	h	1.000	0
-2.20096403	-2.22553047	2.43358932	h	1.000	0
-2.58609021	-2.57890925	-0.86851813	h	1.000	0
-5.31315400	-2.34401630	1.10794643	h	1.000	0
-6.70115784	6.60270311	5.72001203	h	1.000	0
-4.55386204	8.98810441	4.77250335	h	1.000	0
-3.48314321	6.37574700	6.57001085	h	1.000	0

B3LYP/6-311++G(3df,2dp)//B3LYP/6-31G(d,p)

Total Energy = -272.30176473616 hartree
Enthalpy Correction = 0.156117 hartree
Entropy = 0.000138 hartree/K

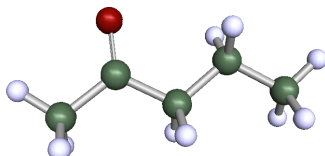
B3LYP/6-311++G(3df,2dp) COSMO (∞)//B3LYP/6-31G(d,p)

Total Energy = -272.40588445876 hartree
Enthalpy Correction = 0.156814 hartree
Entropy = 0.000136 hartree/K

B3LYP/6-311++G(3df,2pd) SMD(DMSO)//B3LYP/6-31G(d,p)

Total Energy = -272.3917844908 hartree
Free Energy Correction = 73.221 kcal/mol

Pentan-2-one (E = -22.3):



B3LYP/6-31G(d,p) geometry

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
-7.88790586	2.37255116	-0.32767851	c	6.000	0
-5.39006585	3.57800746	0.50002154	c	6.000	0
-7.89527579	1.95813422	-2.35800027	h	1.000	0
-9.48661416	3.62751829	0.05914843	h	1.000	0
-8.23315882	0.59129531	0.67274250	h	1.000	0
-3.10935538	1.87252963	0.00566918	c	6.000	0
-5.45545038	4.04193523	2.51711521	h	1.000	0
-5.10944152	5.38118414	-0.47847866	h	1.000	0
-0.59318503	2.99389311	0.85321135	c	6.000	0
-2.95439784	1.40406652	-2.01482600	h	1.000	0
-3.33839019	0.03760555	0.95884704	h	1.000	0
1.74705181	1.39253919	0.38644899	c	6.000	0
3.41775869	2.37840931	1.08489177	h	1.000	0
1.96663799	1.00079896	-1.63631386	h	1.000	0
1.57244112	-0.43992824	1.33754816	h	1.000	0
-0.45882551	5.05936378	1.85533312	o	8.000	0

B3LYP/6-311++G(3df,2pd)//B3LYP/6-31G(d,p) (MAA = 116.1 kJ/mol)

Total Energy = -271.7104964846 hartree
Enthalpy Correction = 0.149009 hartree
Entropy = 0.000141 hartree/K

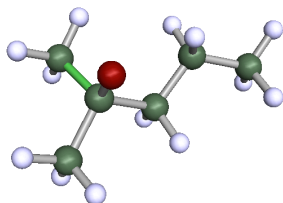
B3LYP/6-311++G(3df,2pd) COSMO (∞)//B3LYP/6-31G(d,p) (MAA* = 51.9 kJ/mol)

Total Energy = -271.72028169782 hartree
Enthalpy Correction = 0.148533 hartree
Entropy = 0.00014 hartree/K

B3LYP/6-311++G(3df,2pd) SMD(DMSO)//B3LYP/6-31G(d,p) (MAA* = 24.9 kJ/mol)

Total Energy = -271.7245486011 hartree
Free Energy Correction = 68.775 kcal/mol

Pentan-2-one Product:



B3LYP/6-31G(d,p) geometry

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
-8.75415632	-0.22393255	0.36282742	c	6.000	0
-6.47080023	-1.96871669	0.00831479	c	6.000	0
-8.48392548	1.03065663	1.99385004	h	1.000	0
-10.51292443	-1.28652555	0.68162422	h	1.000	0
-9.06331551	0.99550773	-1.29143884	h	1.000	0
-3.95330707	-0.60622414	-0.38626002	c	6.000	0
-6.84817854	-3.25543121	-1.58226769	h	1.000	0
-6.15086959	-3.16037799	1.67883270	h	1.000	0
-1.62610934	-2.45154171	0.14248535	c	6.000	0
-3.82367186	0.92313122	1.02158595	h	1.000	0
-3.87809597	0.29914365	-2.26767136	h	1.000	0
0.80445642	-0.73907189	0.11886377	c	6.000	0
-1.38573617	-4.29893798	-2.18962567	c	6.000	0
-1.88537976	-3.69082411	2.31132403	o	8.000	0
1.08016746	0.39174023	-1.61458201	h	1.000	0
2.47591918	-1.94074874	0.38588208	h	1.000	0
0.71129292	0.55520154	1.73798113	h	1.000	0
-1.15367780	-3.37070451	-4.04476982	h	1.000	0
-3.06097839	-5.51800031	-2.27882074	h	1.000	0
0.24793207	-5.53878730	-1.87252963	h	1.000	0

B3LYP/6-311++G(3df,2dp)//B3LYP/6-31G(d,p)

Total Energy = -311.60217192367 hartree

Enthalpy Correction = 0.183477 hartree

Entropy = 0.000141 hartree/K

B3LYP/6-311++G(3df,2dp) COSMO (∞)//B3LYP/6-31G(d,p)

Total Energy = -311.70357890725 hartree

Enthalpy Correction = 0.184122 hartree

Entropy = 0.000139 hartree/K

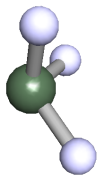
B3LYP/6-311++G(3df,2pd) SMD(DMSO)//B3LYP/6-31G(d,p)

Total Energy = -311.6900573884 hartree

Free Energy Correction = 89.955 kcal/mol

Energies and Coordinates of Molecules with Experimental E Values Calculated at the PBE0(disp)/def2-TZVP COSMO (∞) level of theory.

Methanide Anion:



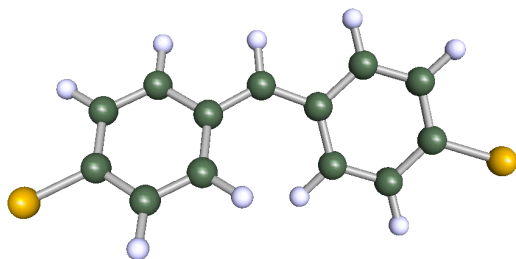
Total Energy = -39.90909816942 hartree

Enthalpy Correction = 0.033249 hartree

Entropy = 0.000074 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
0.00000000	0.00000000	0.60369755	c	6.000	0
-0.96200051	-1.66623376	-0.20072885	h	1.000	0
-0.96200051	1.66623376	-0.20072885	h	1.000	0
1.92400102	0.00000000	-0.20072885	h	1.000	0

Bis(4-chlorophenyl)methylium (MAA* = 414.1 kJ/mol, E = 5.48):



Total Energy = -1420.34595036446 hartree

Enthalpy Correction = 0.195101 hartree

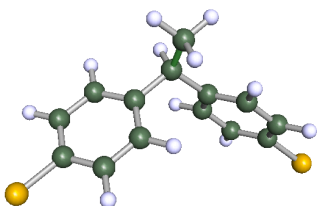
Entropy = 0.000177 hartree/K

LUMO Energy = -0.1547 hartree

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
10.01441033	3.21570065	-0.17848427	cl	17.000	0
7.14750713	1.73668487	-0.08531016	c	6.000	0
7.00611145	-0.82270287	-0.68527008	c	6.000	0
4.69664184	-1.99814787	-0.57444505	c	6.000	0
2.48509085	-0.63119648	0.04283657	c	6.000	0
0.19440293	-1.97674548	0.00009422	c	6.000	0
-2.31381079	-1.10150495	-0.03746927	c	6.000	0
-4.21917267	-2.87958414	0.55347337	c	6.000	0
-6.71433844	-2.17860226	0.66031242	c	6.000	0
-7.34995846	0.31031680	0.08281737	c	6.000	0
-10.45093327	1.19972965	0.16880653	cl	17.000	0
-5.53106693	2.08851271	-0.62099349	c	6.000	0
-3.03675086	1.38979338	-0.67753912	c	6.000	0
2.71238039	1.94622899	0.70688941	c	6.000	0
5.02179285	3.11878621	0.64605158	c	6.000	0

8.69227747	-1.85569498	-1.20357330	h	1.000	0
4.54580215	-3.99122904	-1.01878816	h	1.000	0
0.39504296	-4.02199125	-0.00803553	h	1.000	0
-3.68428047	-4.80991892	0.97842597	h	1.000	0
-8.16890849	-3.52624789	1.15731021	h	1.000	0
-6.09989058	3.98067169	-1.14567196	h	1.000	0
-1.64895797	2.73698560	-1.33417927	h	1.000	0
1.09283163	2.98933314	1.38524176	h	1.000	0
5.21377696	5.08082244	1.18750024	h	1.000	0

Bis(4-chlorophenyl)methylium Product:



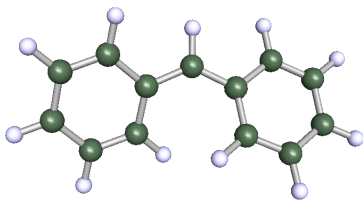
Total Energy = -1460.43719239932 hartree

Enthalpy Correction = 0.235201 hartree

Entropy = 0.000192 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
9.54215168	3.57584692	-1.14847157	cl	17.000	0
6.76966820	1.97070102	-0.44649166	c	6.000	0
5.16038558	2.92393413	1.39022347	c	6.000	0
2.95436975	1.62946310	1.93189029	c	6.000	0
2.32171529	-0.60091389	0.67978321	c	6.000	0
-0.14996418	-1.88879225	1.31868300	c	6.000	0
-0.31422035	-4.62652495	0.43653228	c	6.000	0
-2.36108262	-0.37792107	0.31207642	c	6.000	0
-2.48642120	0.30160518	-2.22796192	c	6.000	0
-4.52850209	1.63571563	-3.17646872	c	6.000	0
-6.47400130	2.30514805	-1.55277184	c	6.000	0
-9.03624109	3.98828324	-2.71988552	cl	17.000	0
-6.40244156	1.66145269	0.98101793	c	6.000	0
-4.33941174	0.32082645	1.89238523	c	6.000	0
3.97922561	-1.51194463	-1.14189983	c	6.000	0
6.20190190	-0.23967486	-1.71894705	c	6.000	0
5.63053395	4.65121819	2.38218435	h	1.000	0
1.69048772	2.37588448	3.36435653	h	1.000	0
-0.31129467	-1.88063700	3.38094479	h	1.000	0
1.26378130	-5.73669970	1.17047810	h	1.000	0
-0.30346699	-4.76275187	-1.62366854	h	1.000	0
-2.07205730	-5.47085153	1.10768747	h	1.000	0
-0.95736580	-0.20320458	-3.49666200	h	1.000	0
-4.60818896	2.15813024	-5.15345791	h	1.000	0
-7.93094179	2.20122911	2.23012819	h	1.000	0
-4.27691560	-0.18476693	3.87814888	h	1.000	0
3.56158153	-3.24555742	-2.14671645	h	1.000	0
7.47671475	-0.96919776	-3.14408377	h	1.000	0

Diphenylmethylium (MAA* = 406.7 kJ/mol, E = 5.47):



Total Energy = -501.40767076378 hartree

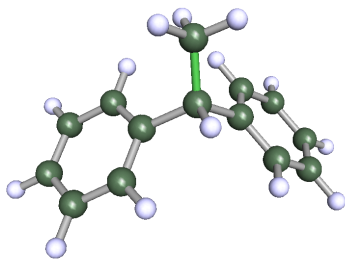
Enthalpy Correction = 0.212047 hartree

Entropy = 0.000156 hartree/K

LUMO Energy = -0.1519 hartree

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
2.36323507	-0.70492562	-0.35097640	c	6.000	0
-0.08690232	-1.07320274	-1.31635195	c	6.000	0
-2.43826305	-0.21552294	-0.41858237	c	6.000	0
-4.48607505	-0.32307249	-2.13292578	c	6.000	0
-6.82679274	0.57782044	-1.44695690	c	6.000	0
-7.19126877	1.51118980	0.98535220	c	6.000	0
-5.22393997	1.53217591	2.74104911	c	6.000	0
-2.86579813	0.68250723	2.06084891	c	6.000	0
4.27239323	-2.33001436	-1.27795270	c	6.000	0
6.69960520	-2.16927703	-0.35893055	c	6.000	0
7.28741264	-0.32795101	1.42574875	c	6.000	0
5.45699971	1.36492064	2.28451360	c	6.000	0
3.01553182	1.19037368	1.41565171	c	6.000	0
-0.17771926	-2.20139067	-3.03228683	h	1.000	0
-4.16863272	-1.07495507	-4.01143793	h	1.000	0
-8.38009146	0.53653325	-2.77753043	h	1.000	0
-9.04309569	2.18695398	1.54121653	h	1.000	0
-5.56517083	2.18720625	4.64901379	h	1.000	0
-1.37911561	0.59110210	3.45897175	h	1.000	0
3.78116719	-3.73770012	-2.68216948	h	1.000	0
8.14786061	-3.44431875	-1.03844649	h	1.000	0
9.20691424	-0.17368465	2.12352765	h	1.000	0
5.96941489	2.83734887	3.60927336	h	1.000	0
1.63233098	2.57788329	1.99401369	h	1.000	0

Diphenylmethylium Product:



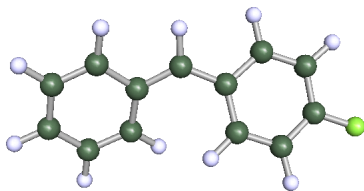
Total Energy = -541.49618169661 hartree

Enthalpy Correction = 0.251928 hartree

Entropy = 0.00017 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
-1.35590129	-4.45505598	-0.48127139	c	6.000	0
-0.19090373	-1.95164766	-1.30797303	c	6.000	0
2.11168787	-1.23839021	0.23768885	c	6.000	0
4.29848854	-0.42097265	-0.97541660	c	6.000	0
6.41998862	0.29517912	0.39307394	c	6.000	0
6.38544279	0.20466106	3.01392686	c	6.000	0
4.21607210	-0.61108632	4.24661435	c	6.000	0
2.10234809	-1.32593199	2.86960472	c	6.000	0
-2.08021182	0.20040547	-1.32952085	c	6.000	0
-2.16435153	1.84179202	-3.38388650	c	6.000	0
-3.83525301	3.86407278	-3.43584371	c	6.000	0
-5.45952269	4.27836944	-1.41888226	c	6.000	0
-5.39714950	2.65192576	0.64019548	c	6.000	0
-3.72419432	0.63317627	0.68141664	c	6.000	0
-2.94857532	-4.93979355	-1.70103028	h	1.000	0
0.04351642	-5.96708048	-0.60139633	h	1.000	0
-2.04716941	-4.39052424	1.46068389	h	1.000	0
0.45974039	-2.17787766	-3.25661265	h	1.000	0
4.34072994	-0.34843490	-3.02500433	h	1.000	0
8.10437979	0.92006113	-0.59294229	h	1.000	0
8.03812466	0.75937356	4.09004380	h	1.000	0
4.16931229	-0.69510594	6.29364065	h	1.000	0
0.43093910	-1.95993001	3.87071306	h	1.000	0
-0.90221560	1.52719945	-4.97018288	h	1.000	0
-3.87027959	5.11394698	-5.05950494	h	1.000	0
-6.77020637	5.85257385	-1.45264951	h	1.000	0
-6.66241322	2.95321308	2.22400587	h	1.000	0
-3.71242316	-0.61411837	2.30654315	h	1.000	0

(4-Fluorophenyl)(phenyl)methylum (MAA* = 403.8 kJ/mol, E = 5.2):



Total Energy = -600.60272492371 hartree

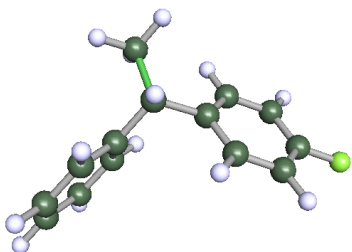
Enthalpy Correction = 0.20461 hartree

Entropy = 0.000163 hartree/K

LUMO Energy = -0.1504 hartree

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
9.48251919	-0.56869804	2.22680467	f	9.000	0
7.16945790	-0.61900315	1.28733323	c	6.000	0
5.37045441	0.98985879	2.33241418	c	6.000	0
2.96821697	0.94217199	1.36804857	c	6.000	0
2.34902253	-0.70893555	-0.64465525	c	6.000	0
-0.06356390	-0.91392314	-1.72324428	c	6.000	0
-2.43222226	-0.08527213	-0.82826408	c	6.000	0
-2.94890909	0.53179628	1.71697272	c	6.000	0
-5.31190784	1.37569328	2.39150908	c	6.000	0
-7.19517158	1.62839304	0.56430268	c	6.000	0
-6.74308313	0.97224766	-1.94194179	c	6.000	0
-4.39908499	0.07651352	-2.62781023	c	6.000	0
4.27754886	-2.22912686	-1.70992514	c	6.000	0
6.67578625	-2.22647171	-0.72658368	c	6.000	0
5.90064295	2.26498572	3.84082963	h	1.000	0
1.58465994	2.26331369	2.08241394	h	1.000	0
-0.11442830	-1.85733714	-3.54843518	h	1.000	0
-1.53515875	0.22641478	3.15995681	h	1.000	0
-5.72162388	1.81376581	4.34764956	h	1.000	0
-9.05032906	2.29840260	1.11589690	h	1.000	0
-8.23222402	1.13786160	-3.33490588	h	1.000	0
-4.01783551	-0.46334806	-4.56649515	h	1.000	0
3.82375372	-3.44493755	-3.29343368	h	1.000	0
8.16347958	-3.40436544	-1.48843762	h	1.000	0

(4-Fluorophenyl)(phenyl)methylum Product:



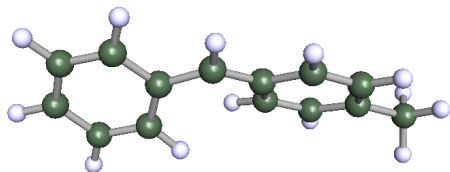
Total Energy = -640.69039312617 hartree

Enthalpy Correction = 0.244446 hartree

Entropy = 0.000176 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
9.00828164	-0.46964518	2.95501540	f	9.000	0
6.81413688	-0.37014210	1.66562598	c	6.000	0
5.79112522	-2.57844205	0.74087128	c	6.000	0
3.52642360	-2.45203409	-0.58508598	c	6.000	0
2.30099107	-0.16116974	-0.97585351	c	6.000	0
-0.20784808	0.05059364	-2.33427471	c	6.000	0
-0.84258878	-2.21853340	-3.99332758	c	6.000	0
-2.32152597	0.56019351	-0.47151750	c	6.000	0
-3.90894527	2.63237269	-0.77991515	c	6.000	0
-5.87522999	3.08554708	0.90206670	c	6.000	0
-6.27884897	1.46225948	2.92120167	c	6.000	0
-4.70231461	-0.61453237	3.24676704	c	6.000	0
-2.74144748	-1.05578423	1.56567750	c	6.000	0
3.41207412	2.02655879	-0.01392231	c	6.000	0
5.66917152	1.94949905	1.30838695	c	6.000	0
6.74639816	-4.36283492	1.04827291	h	1.000	0
2.72728931	-4.18770336	-1.31811178	h	1.000	0
-0.08305842	1.71032959	-3.56324859	h	1.000	0
-2.58461377	-1.85480608	-5.03641055	h	1.000	0
-1.13539904	-3.92476448	-2.86819310	h	1.000	0
0.66622684	-2.58819555	-5.35287098	h	1.000	0
-3.59993710	3.90955244	-2.35483525	h	1.000	0
-7.08933045	4.71447644	0.63375760	h	1.000	0
-7.80737758	1.81315991	4.23930859	h	1.000	0
-4.99863084	-1.89024403	4.82297462	h	1.000	0
-1.50855920	-2.66988753	1.84930894	h	1.000	0
2.48779610	3.83446116	-0.30146135	h	1.000	0
6.53574107	3.64971533	2.04979318	h	1.000	0

Phenyl(*p*-tolyl)methylum (MAA* = 396.0 kJ/mol, E = 4.43):



Total Energy = -540.69729549861 hartree

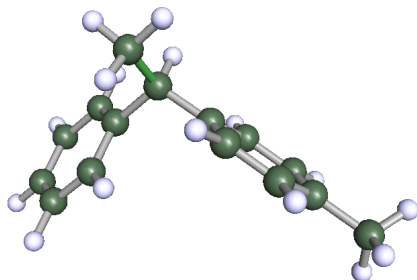
Enthalpy Correction = 0.240989 hartree

Entropy = 0.000168 hartree/K

LUMO Energy = -0.1476 hartree

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
8.67167531	2.14198848	-0.15223653	c	6.000	0
6.10818825	1.00143347	-0.08219900	c	6.000	0
5.73754436	-1.55383078	-0.65192890	c	6.000	0
3.36441989	-2.59303447	-0.54635661	c	6.000	0
1.23550116	-1.08356748	0.04508957	c	6.000	0
-1.12573768	-2.27292500	-0.00343580	c	6.000	0
-3.58600432	-1.23496827	-0.00152779	c	6.000	0
-5.57979799	-2.87628797	0.67063987	c	6.000	0
-8.02388331	-1.99401316	0.81675683	c	6.000	0
-8.53559525	0.51117854	0.20274162	c	6.000	0
-6.60831068	2.13293797	-0.57144586	c	6.000	0
-4.15322191	1.28334066	-0.67416883	c	6.000	0
1.63472651	1.48685107	0.68371763	c	6.000	0
4.01828015	2.48523282	0.61854600	c	6.000	0
10.10603829	0.77214673	-0.69885081	h	1.000	0
8.70756529	3.72411898	-1.48320119	h	1.000	0
9.15590149	2.92166029	1.70013487	h	1.000	0
7.34471702	-2.71758554	-1.15575697	h	1.000	0
3.08297958	-4.57686854	-0.97232315	h	1.000	0
-1.05921607	-4.32742416	-0.04410369	h	1.000	0
-5.15028317	-4.82793354	1.12071846	h	1.000	0
-9.54053591	-3.24758615	1.37745577	h	1.000	0
-10.46311082	1.19926188	0.27966037	h	1.000	0
-7.04911921	4.05338968	-1.12319271	h	1.000	0
-2.68667078	2.51427164	-1.38728646	h	1.000	0
0.07857382	2.63688691	1.33877196	h	1.000	0
4.31537598	4.44132592	1.14791428	h	1.000	0

Phenyl(*p*-tolyl)methylium Product:



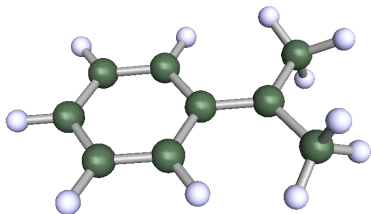
Total Energy = -580.78146870683 hartree

Enthalpy Correction = 0.280927 hartree

Entropy = 0.000183 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
-8.47709641	2.26880565	-0.98614853	c	6.000	0
-5.96964638	1.22950767	-0.17924795	c	6.000	0
-4.87929350	-0.81263344	-1.44583876	c	6.000	0
-2.56681752	-1.77899559	-0.70324407	c	6.000	0
-1.24352511	-0.75480118	1.33494214	c	6.000	0
1.30878883	-1.84785565	2.02264585	c	6.000	0
2.15947177	-1.24454056	4.70912824	c	6.000	0
3.30018466	-1.04051922	0.13162052	c	6.000	0
3.74833008	1.50995498	-0.34871257	c	6.000	0
5.60266901	2.25123007	-2.04435075	c	6.000	0
7.04150840	0.44702188	-3.30032724	c	6.000	0
6.60754950	-2.09729005	-2.84108159	c	6.000	0
4.74957014	-2.82958966	-1.13535272	c	6.000	0
-2.32913591	1.27056231	2.60228720	c	6.000	0
-4.65283155	2.24550127	1.85204206	c	6.000	0
-9.95925353	0.83622987	-0.83762574	h	1.000	0
-9.02672827	3.87953397	0.17749441	h	1.000	0
-8.42706461	2.88683452	-2.95707419	h	1.000	0
-5.86444464	-1.65842598	-3.03448122	h	1.000	0
-1.76008400	-3.36596559	-1.72453877	h	1.000	0
1.13987553	-3.90416425	1.86526681	h	1.000	0
0.73645995	-1.83086238	6.08517463	h	1.000	0
3.91902249	-2.23766662	5.12684404	h	1.000	0
2.50869701	0.77448486	4.95970890	h	1.000	0
2.62020880	2.93285925	0.60473809	h	1.000	0
5.92387197	4.24474393	-2.39486549	h	1.000	0
8.48703436	1.02476317	-4.63235890	h	1.000	0
7.71417201	-3.52137709	-3.81438825	h	1.000	0
4.41739323	-4.82316561	-0.78424994	h	1.000	0
-1.37361543	2.11594615	4.20399420	h	1.000	0
-5.45527087	3.82987331	2.87877907	h	1.000	0

2-Phenylpropan-2-ylum (MAA* = 388.0 kJ/mol, E = 5.74):



Total Energy = -349.10350946272 hartree

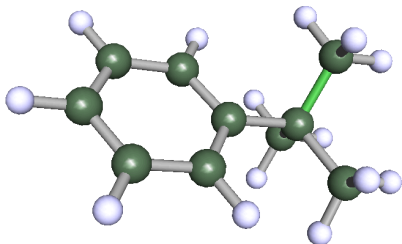
Enthalpy Correction = 0.183482 hartree

Entropy = 0.000141 hartree/K

LUMO Energy = -0.1408 hartree

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
-3.97127231	2.19896364	0.54846317	c	6.000	0
-2.43498879	-0.06417867	0.09942234	c	6.000	0
-3.87906364	-2.40737725	-0.23391095	c	6.000	0
0.23169797	0.00627855	-0.00600296	c	6.000	0
1.55707018	2.28953326	0.42547909	c	6.000	0
4.15205935	2.34567862	0.33524024	c	6.000	0
5.48750754	0.14649945	-0.22224438	c	6.000	0
4.22988975	-2.12220961	-0.67160204	c	6.000	0
1.63704873	-2.20445236	-0.54829848	c	6.000	0
-4.42934342	2.19258178	2.57761998	h	1.000	0
-5.77951338	2.03499294	-0.42924271	h	1.000	0
-3.06056603	3.97959562	0.09737685	h	1.000	0
-4.47178869	-2.44121041	-2.22762919	h	1.000	0
-2.84633519	-4.13482787	0.15997879	h	1.000	0
-5.62239887	-2.33196847	0.86439315	h	1.000	0
0.54010622	4.00757984	0.85557941	h	1.000	0
5.15433792	4.09397332	0.68589967	h	1.000	0
7.53326145	0.20122106	-0.30749434	h	1.000	0
5.29149787	-3.81549381	-1.10713561	h	1.000	0
0.68079333	-3.97517963	-0.89589202	h	1.000	0

2-Phenylpropan-2-ylum Product:



Total Energy = -389.18756620518 hartree

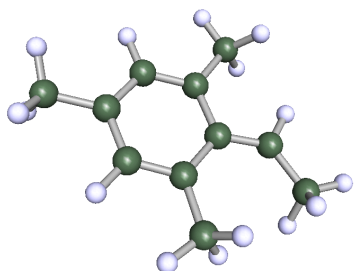
Enthalpy Correction = 0.224253 hartree

Entropy = 0.000149 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
--------------------	--	--	------	--------	--------

-2.98558076	0.19969139	2.82160567	c	6.000	0
-2.14018904	0.07110488	0.05524939	c	6.000	0
-3.16849670	-2.35509479	-1.14528543	c	6.000	0
-3.26694259	2.32410921	-1.34475219	c	6.000	0
0.73751771	0.04105585	-0.05872629	c	6.000	0
2.07479587	-1.90134076	1.12976489	c	6.000	0
4.69092033	-1.99835903	1.06798410	c	6.000	0
6.05319735	-0.14101073	-0.19378117	c	6.000	0
4.75916703	1.80006438	-1.38285131	c	6.000	0
2.13287251	1.88610930	-1.31334486	c	6.000	0
-2.28567426	1.92164705	3.72274789	h	1.000	0
-2.29636003	-1.41685979	3.90286809	h	1.000	0
-5.04926323	0.20590875	2.93150711	h	1.000	0
-5.23325161	-2.36266691	-1.06553057	h	1.000	0
-2.48776788	-4.03732940	-0.16305539	h	1.000	0
-2.59735357	-2.49250087	-3.12558432	h	1.000	0
-2.64116335	4.11881957	-0.53672907	h	1.000	0
-2.76947480	2.30643371	-3.34887378	h	1.000	0
-5.32569841	2.25358680	-1.20519046	h	1.000	0
1.05697741	-3.37428882	2.12655129	h	1.000	0
5.67190597	-3.53219225	2.00924491	h	1.000	0
8.10007082	-0.21113386	-0.24648294	h	1.000	0
5.79069645	3.26629171	-2.37647708	h	1.000	0
1.17909479	3.42795462	-2.26085848	h	1.000	0

1-Mesitylethan-1-ylum (MAA* = 387.6 kJ/mol, E = 6.04):



Total Energy = -427.66988059180 hartree

Enthalpy Correction = 0.241941 hartree

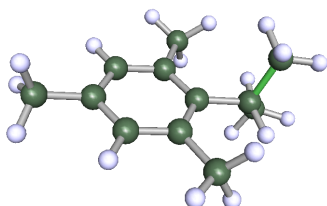
Entropy = 0.000164 hartree/K

LUMO Energy = -0.1375 hartree

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
-1.54825121	-4.41858870	0.93369197	c	6.000	0
-0.10422946	-2.07578938	0.37135923	c	6.000	0
-1.28050008	0.36833381	0.02793110	c	6.000	0
-3.84101187	0.79521527	0.16919494	c	6.000	0
-5.95234607	-0.93370396	0.64539108	c	6.000	0
0.29665945	2.54408256	-0.50217501	c	6.000	0
-0.77833985	5.12521135	-0.87797672	c	6.000	0
2.86061954	2.22691586	-0.67405265	c	6.000	0
3.98933974	-0.14121650	-0.33952946	c	6.000	0
6.77471679	-0.40926840	-0.47192865	c	6.000	0
2.47607050	-2.24621727	0.17533173	c	6.000	0
-0.25417152	-6.00107278	1.16421227	h	1.000	0

-2.86546382	-4.87772911	-0.58904369	h	1.000	0
-2.66038751	-4.23058421	2.66257281	h	1.000	0
-4.40501591	2.74454678	-0.11436909	h	1.000	0
-5.78482180	-1.78126107	2.52827713	h	1.000	0
-5.94998428	-2.51815396	-0.68165364	h	1.000	0
-7.74554580	0.05989897	0.52277766	h	1.000	0
-2.08117353	5.17910771	-2.47879316	h	1.000	0
-1.81052958	5.76769982	0.79081519	h	1.000	0
0.73851213	6.46495492	-1.24501901	h	1.000	0
4.05138215	3.84251139	-1.08139095	h	1.000	0
7.32429071	-2.28672455	-1.11827690	h	1.000	0
7.61971086	1.03309367	-1.67551220	h	1.000	0
7.55492868	-0.16189365	1.43261373	h	1.000	0
3.37554171	-4.06936856	0.42555228	h	1.000	0

1-Mesitylethan-1-ylum Product:



Total Energy = -467.75307842825 hartree

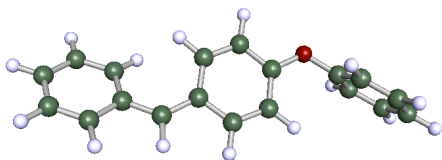
Enthalpy Correction = 0.283214 hartree

Entropy = 0.000176 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
-0.43473834	4.55950430	-0.40032235	c	6.000	0
0.74434086	2.03666601	0.16674149	c	6.000	0
-0.65341522	-0.19042101	0.54057481	c	6.000	0
-3.51328948	-0.31054311	0.34935618	c	6.000	0
-4.95400605	1.63580438	1.92178954	c	6.000	0
-4.39712555	-0.32673072	-2.40134466	c	6.000	0
0.67166200	-2.43893392	1.05398242	c	6.000	0
-0.65792056	-4.92113668	1.43798358	c	6.000	0
3.29651174	-2.42099825	1.21466197	c	6.000	0
4.69527421	-0.23056633	0.86242014	c	6.000	0
7.52505083	-0.25588212	0.97710701	c	6.000	0
3.37204521	1.97050701	0.33750509	c	6.000	0
0.99262461	5.84884591	-1.14253536	h	1.000	0
-1.22480175	5.42408588	1.30075011	h	1.000	0
-1.95618546	4.43597366	-1.78222573	h	1.000	0
-4.05925533	-2.13820762	1.12966004	h	1.000	0
-6.92835236	1.05002640	2.08563916	h	1.000	0
-4.17590665	1.78025348	3.82957342	h	1.000	0
-4.94055753	3.51499809	1.08111449	h	1.000	0
-3.51178535	-1.86974573	-3.44974567	h	1.000	0
-3.93534368	1.43679521	-3.36937490	h	1.000	0
-6.44615202	-0.57863469	-2.49652594	h	1.000	0
0.71991943	-6.42928713	1.71205180	h	1.000	0
-1.89277048	-4.89016044	3.09516937	h	1.000	0
-1.83388921	-5.42872195	-0.18327318	h	1.000	0
4.27258129	-4.18032643	1.62340386	h	1.000	0

8.26680615	1.56559470	1.59969485	h	1.000	0
8.33531884	-0.64804080	-0.88573575	h	1.000	0
8.20938567	-1.71595910	2.26409261	h	1.000	0
4.41397419	3.71524101	0.04211696	h	1.000	0

(4-Phenoxyphenyl)(phenyl)methylum (MAA* = 384.4 kJ/mol, E = 2.9):



Total Energy = -807.46017851526 hartree

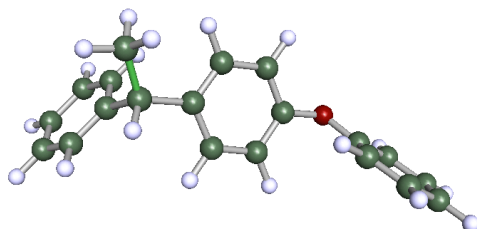
Enthalpy Correction = 0.303109 hartree

Entropy = 0.000202 hartree/K

LUMO Energy = -0.1423 hartree

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
2.69470095	0.40611469	-1.96594594	c	6.000	0
4.85515900	0.60836578	-3.22112750	o	8.000	0
7.12927056	-0.00383640	-2.03768336	c	6.000	0
8.29913834	-2.24440261	-2.68846378	c	6.000	0
10.61983448	-2.80532848	-1.60060617	c	6.000	0
11.72198223	-1.13869638	0.09938381	c	6.000	0
10.50999738	1.10624910	0.71510794	c	6.000	0
8.19314612	1.69514950	-0.36117405	c	6.000	0
0.54037235	1.31754430	-3.23656699	c	6.000	0
-1.76681341	1.17091280	-2.10978759	c	6.000	0
-2.02811663	0.09435631	0.33969988	c	6.000	0
-4.30236636	-0.18336576	1.62808254	c	6.000	0
-6.83491890	0.07370855	0.77975716	c	6.000	0
-7.59367961	-0.08920251	-1.76802350	c	6.000	0
-10.09708192	0.23081970	-2.40477291	c	6.000	0
-11.88500615	0.72278383	-0.53504478	c	6.000	0
-11.18159365	0.83108962	1.99502007	c	6.000	0
-8.68788385	0.46404917	2.65369651	c	6.000	0
0.19563043	-0.72067650	1.60455519	c	6.000	0
2.51461521	-0.60982598	0.47654734	c	6.000	0
7.40504534	-3.51662450	-4.01956262	h	1.000	0
11.56462906	-4.55545544	-2.08768881	h	1.000	0
13.53307581	-1.58719368	0.94281736	h	1.000	0
11.36981013	2.41434569	2.03496956	h	1.000	0
7.22355816	3.44236892	0.08635404	h	1.000	0
0.77691181	2.17174970	-5.08011014	h	1.000	0
-3.38496557	1.98600722	-3.05205909	h	1.000	0
-4.11441657	-0.65822074	3.61889795	h	1.000	0
-6.24231243	-0.58388618	-3.21855071	h	1.000	0
-10.67997768	0.06980110	-4.35964500	h	1.000	0
-13.84956671	0.97652599	-1.05507795	h	1.000	0
-12.58748581	1.17358050	3.44206028	h	1.000	0
-8.11668521	0.52106855	4.62003286	h	1.000	0
0.02359617	-1.49885037	3.49122724	h	1.000	0
4.18239692	-1.28102551	1.44741272	h	1.000	0

(4-Phenoxyphenyl)(phenyl)methylium Product:



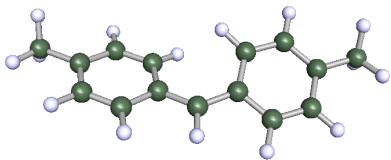
Total Energy = -847.54000375646 hartree

Enthalpy Correction = 0.342816 hartree

Entropy = 0.000216 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
-5.41044704	2.48134320	-3.96194704	c	6.000	0
-4.42836938	1.92319629	-1.31082270	c	6.000	0
-6.24711075	0.22110054	0.09952739	c	6.000	0
-6.51939435	-2.31108726	-0.57049460	c	6.000	0
-8.22070296	-3.85644990	0.68679092	c	6.000	0
-9.67938580	-2.89368251	2.64832121	c	6.000	0
-9.41830090	-0.37733737	3.33557091	c	6.000	0
-7.71301661	1.16460159	2.06593623	c	6.000	0
-1.77986689	0.84451962	-1.25324144	c	6.000	0
-0.66678779	-0.33014688	-3.32068220	c	6.000	0
1.75212903	-1.34381005	-3.16812005	c	6.000	0
3.07365807	-1.19176449	-0.92056503	c	6.000	0
5.40541196	-2.33696213	-0.78039561	o	8.000	0
7.45181956	-0.94902066	-0.02242707	c	6.000	0
9.47546345	-2.29396605	0.97208117	c	6.000	0
11.64895766	-1.01781485	1.68421885	c	6.000	0
11.81204212	1.58933468	1.41724476	c	6.000	0
9.77835025	2.90987420	0.41747057	c	6.000	0
7.59214884	1.65650623	-0.31141521	c	6.000	0
2.00402444	-0.03319089	1.17804982	c	6.000	0
-0.39971183	0.97429528	0.99061807	c	6.000	0
-7.24486952	3.41751712	-3.84499263	h	1.000	0
-5.66259061	0.75089587	-5.05863652	h	1.000	0
-4.11260281	3.71654122	-4.98795319	h	1.000	0
-4.36464150	3.71283887	-0.27608366	h	1.000	0
-5.37507257	-3.08756352	-2.08497650	h	1.000	0
-8.40684559	-5.82273919	0.13994078	h	1.000	0
-11.00604789	-4.10232298	3.63661496	h	1.000	0
-10.54144208	0.39251302	4.86721243	h	1.000	0
-7.51558234	3.13184495	2.61213523	h	1.000	0
-1.67254813	-0.45993619	-5.09895095	h	1.000	0
2.61665603	-2.25143191	-4.78788012	h	1.000	0
9.32233188	-4.32621438	1.17496770	h	1.000	0
13.22345812	-2.07282148	2.46227180	h	1.000	0
13.51167536	2.58190038	1.98152174	h	1.000	0
9.88623625	4.94287805	0.18752111	h	1.000	0
6.01508824	2.69535286	-1.09975254	h	1.000	0
3.05183846	0.07768743	2.93444815	h	1.000	0
-1.23595236	1.87352130	2.63374331	h	1.000	0

Di-*p*-tolylmethylium (MAA* = 383.5 kJ/mol, E = 3.63):



Total Energy = -579.98640318578 hartree

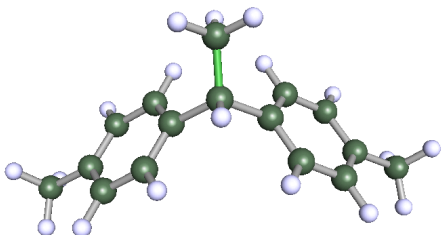
Enthalpy Correction = 0.26997 hartree

Entropy = 0.000181 hartree/K

LUMO Energy = -0.1439 hartree

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
-9.94868974	1.68773916	-0.25481831	c	6.000	0
-7.36067662	0.67997855	0.16781035	c	6.000	0
-5.29522812	1.75249551	-1.11019250	c	6.000	0
-2.88898669	0.87463564	-0.73881779	c	6.000	0
-2.44177332	-1.15115127	0.94944799	c	6.000	0
-0.05111487	-2.16560624	1.50540365	c	6.000	0
2.38636116	-1.20087247	1.07977399	c	6.000	0
2.94168546	1.35033632	0.50711619	c	6.000	0
5.38683034	2.08635009	0.07626179	c	6.000	0
7.38349500	0.34213139	0.18113493	c	6.000	0
10.01301630	1.16543026	-0.36495613	c	6.000	0
6.85547042	-2.16921847	0.81640731	c	6.000	0
4.41998641	-2.92154768	1.29893636	c	6.000	0
-4.54189691	-2.29299587	2.14249618	c	6.000	0
-6.93985694	-1.36278499	1.78973291	c	6.000	0
-10.41767296	1.64406736	-2.26690615	h	1.000	0
-11.36534067	0.61955125	0.78786950	h	1.000	0
-10.04211201	3.66874297	0.33105377	h	1.000	0
-5.62392398	3.27828662	-2.43636388	h	1.000	0
-1.35438891	1.66291639	-1.83242979	h	1.000	0
-0.09482436	-4.00779063	2.41603806	h	1.000	0
1.46046893	2.75679374	0.52515497	h	1.000	0
5.79839144	4.05391477	-0.31653434	h	1.000	0
10.35712354	3.07748960	0.32612824	h	1.000	0
10.30753849	1.19851863	-2.41474798	h	1.000	0
11.39739532	-0.12473108	0.44756648	h	1.000	0
8.38930333	-3.51893631	0.95385622	h	1.000	0
4.02148908	-4.86547261	1.80778853	h	1.000	0
-4.22664575	-3.88859195	3.38786175	h	1.000	0
-8.52542337	-2.22967867	2.75223302	h	1.000	0

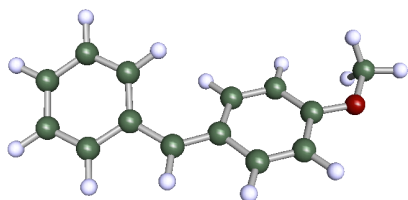
Di-*p*-tolylmethylium Product:



Total Energy = -620.06575288830 hartree
 Enthalpy Correction = 0.310141 hartree
 Entropy = 0.000197 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
-0.05696285	-3.51709258	4.18518827	c	6.000	0
-0.13547111	-2.83290092	1.38634222	c	6.000	0
-2.41278034	-1.23609301	0.70729913	c	6.000	0
-3.87912047	-1.85005296	-1.38623731	c	6.000	0
-5.93926702	-0.38357784	-2.08117279	c	6.000	0
-6.61222799	1.75215409	-0.70197769	c	6.000	0
-8.87232896	3.30422067	-1.40960766	c	6.000	0
-5.13844938	2.36900151	1.39134168	c	6.000	0
-3.08042776	0.90392486	2.08511665	c	6.000	0
2.27390760	-1.57943151	0.48089235	c	6.000	0
3.43372082	0.36777034	1.81879313	c	6.000	0
5.59980207	1.52842558	0.90732943	c	6.000	0
6.69577720	0.78605205	-1.36877884	c	6.000	0
9.07104865	2.00271469	-2.31579302	c	6.000	0
5.53336946	-1.15957508	-2.70516677	c	6.000	0
3.36465608	-2.31907989	-1.79443707	c	6.000	0
0.10754160	-1.84997743	5.38835457	h	1.000	0
-1.78160254	-4.51357706	4.72573197	h	1.000	0
1.55749466	-4.74068251	4.57990943	h	1.000	0
-0.31621019	-4.59274435	0.31718199	h	1.000	0
-3.39876050	-3.50566875	-2.49928460	h	1.000	0
-7.04466022	-0.91136631	-3.72708814	h	1.000	0
-10.56624162	2.62511855	-0.43523189	h	1.000	0
-8.61522763	5.28341620	-0.88787433	h	1.000	0
-9.24538771	3.20396672	-3.43587859	h	1.000	0
-5.60973827	4.03007636	2.49983164	h	1.000	0
-1.98232262	1.45461637	3.72558142	h	1.000	0
2.64586870	1.00610703	3.59907077	h	1.000	0
6.45794986	3.04646163	1.98837320	h	1.000	0
10.74138021	1.01873453	-1.59347319	h	1.000	0
9.20233921	3.96816190	-1.70265584	h	1.000	0
9.16838179	1.95161342	-4.37561449	h	1.000	0
6.33623091	-1.78053550	-4.48810305	h	1.000	0
2.49771835	-3.83018077	-2.87796260	h	1.000	0

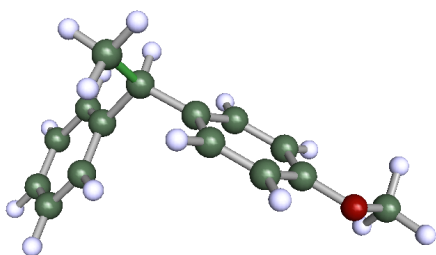
(4-Methoxyphenyl)(phenyl)methylum (MAA* = 375.6 kJ/mol, E = 2.11):



Total Energy = -615.87045780481 hartree
 Enthalpy Correction = 0.247445 hartree
 Entropy = 0.000175 hartree/K
 LUMO Energy = -0.1395 hartree

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
9.26127588	2.04310617	-0.82354107	c	6.000	0
8.23017112	-0.11059942	0.44418512	o	8.000	0
5.78005153	-0.49318075	0.42638359	c	6.000	0
4.93397267	-2.66002017	1.72903451	c	6.000	0
2.42317969	-3.19936488	1.79377159	c	6.000	0
0.61563602	-1.57153039	0.63652796	c	6.000	0
-1.91697675	-2.20665665	0.87602981	c	6.000	0
-4.12520511	-0.78754608	0.29547528	c	6.000	0
-4.19676904	1.86886134	0.15200047	c	6.000	0
-6.41867326	3.08368076	-0.45608101	c	6.000	0
-8.59801966	1.68870955	-0.93900610	c	6.000	0
-8.57671794	-0.93267433	-0.74833826	c	6.000	0
-6.37361575	-2.15950178	-0.09041330	c	6.000	0
1.52777702	0.55076381	-0.73376614	c	6.000	0
4.04653643	1.08538159	-0.84400746	c	6.000	0
8.86754138	1.94078793	-2.84426973	h	1.000	0
11.28524196	1.95199766	-0.49630591	h	1.000	0
8.49199967	3.78017572	-0.02486880	h	1.000	0
6.31729736	-3.85893532	2.64209560	h	1.000	0
1.75541929	-4.86147272	2.78676586	h	1.000	0
-2.27716318	-4.09231314	1.61158055	h	1.000	0
-2.54518315	2.97093930	0.63594539	h	1.000	0
-6.47537209	5.12813236	-0.52834005	h	1.000	0
-10.33636811	2.65882341	-1.42042374	h	1.000	0
-10.28722279	-2.00394376	-1.08670672	h	1.000	0
-6.33769948	-4.19998696	0.08710945	h	1.000	0
0.22793715	1.70654624	-1.80520068	h	1.000	0
4.70094914	2.67982052	-1.93960249	h	1.000	0

(4-Methoxyphenyl)(phenyl)methylum Product:



Total Energy = -655.94689752172 hartree

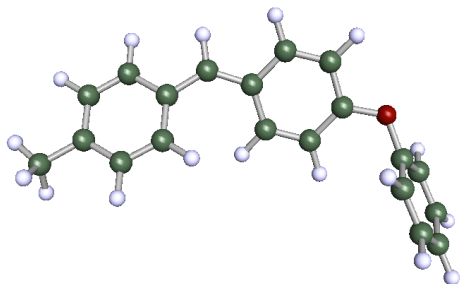
Enthalpy Correction = 0.287109 hartree

Entropy = 0.000189 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
9.43058889	2.03950260	-1.11357197	c	6.000	0
7.78310055	0.52896164	-2.58170207	o	8.000	0
5.52024591	-0.09724994	-1.56277182	c	6.000	0
3.93969679	-1.58965260	-3.04681538	c	6.000	0
1.59407590	-2.32312061	-2.15134842	c	6.000	0
0.74821171	-1.59381486	0.23437629	c	6.000	0
-1.83494425	-2.28118305	1.25386247	c	6.000	0
-2.90992643	-4.71996402	0.15485648	c	6.000	0

-3.67484824	-0.11468297	0.91292537	c	6.000	0
-4.22116183	0.83318181	-1.48314143	c	6.000	0
-5.92827649	2.79601546	-1.79420848	c	6.000	0
-7.11919582	3.85563054	0.29446539	c	6.000	0
-6.58621016	2.93125679	2.68877655	c	6.000	0
-4.87683383	0.95965821	2.98890935	c	6.000	0
2.35497630	-0.11106126	1.68963796	c	6.000	0
4.71721478	0.64260596	0.83087725	c	6.000	0
11.11515656	2.32758414	-2.25688214	h	1.000	0
9.95020756	1.08780137	0.64649549	h	1.000	0
8.57698069	3.87057068	-0.67485304	h	1.000	0
4.57940008	-2.17011282	-4.90460593	h	1.000	0
0.41560954	-3.49453379	-3.34884657	h	1.000	0
-1.61674358	-2.55642251	3.29220943	h	1.000	0
-4.67669005	-5.20156663	1.10557342	h	1.000	0
-3.31990793	-4.53358971	-1.85926043	h	1.000	0
-1.58602003	-6.28436737	0.40286459	h	1.000	0
-3.28923022	0.03585448	-3.12680870	h	1.000	0
-6.32906429	3.50810945	-3.67370326	h	1.000	0
-8.44978029	5.39449857	0.05265024	h	1.000	0
-7.49905686	3.74605106	4.33287948	h	1.000	0
-4.46713684	0.24459290	4.86751104	h	1.000	0
1.75354554	0.48163344	3.55968950	h	1.000	0
5.90601633	1.78781304	2.03719248	h	1.000	0

(4-Phenoxyphenyl)(*p*-tolyl)methylum (MAA* = 375.5 kJ/mol, E = 2.16):



Total Energy = -846.74865561626 hartree

Enthalpy Correction = 0.332062 hartree

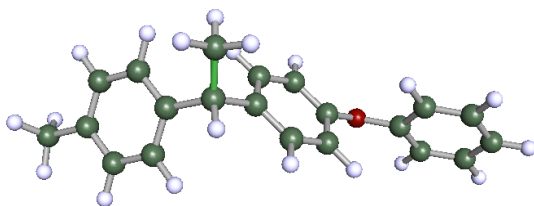
Entropy = 0.000215 hartree/K

LUMO Energy = -0.1395 hartree

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
12.02605186	2.68297407	-0.87278610	c	6.000	0
9.74301716	1.10964876	-0.40156207	c	6.000	0
7.40503515	2.26881330	0.07139915	c	6.000	0
5.27166348	0.86102795	0.49931118	c	6.000	0
5.39272153	-1.80611705	0.47664677	c	6.000	0
3.30823281	-3.42827991	0.85315735	c	6.000	0
0.71515590	-2.96526539	0.69098175	c	6.000	0
-0.38013456	-0.80139732	-0.44736368	c	6.000	0
-2.93924076	-0.46083590	-0.47153255	c	6.000	0
-4.50702769	-2.28625826	0.65108389	c	6.000	0
-7.01309607	-2.09983516	0.70940919	o	8.000	0
-8.19339448	0.13460087	-0.02060273	c	6.000	0
-9.65766882	0.09759309	-2.18201019	c	6.000	0

-10.94718782	2.27888971	-2.86211563	c	6.000	0
-10.75709947	4.44209894	-1.38994550	c	6.000	0
-9.27936509	4.42978934	0.77928747	c	6.000	0
-7.98672643	2.26177414	1.48666885	c	6.000	0
-3.48794935	-4.49809297	1.69989907	c	6.000	0
-0.93246402	-4.83775861	1.68322887	c	6.000	0
7.76905101	-2.95862385	0.10953213	c	6.000	0
9.88558680	-1.52636217	-0.36444004	c	6.000	0
12.37333033	3.94291313	0.72817989	h	1.000	0
13.69937105	1.52477520	-1.18167306	h	1.000	0
11.73499407	3.88956803	-2.52577242	h	1.000	0
7.29605909	4.31359876	0.13262351	h	1.000	0
3.52575668	1.81093627	0.97265919	h	1.000	0
3.80790102	-5.35989513	1.34776391	h	1.000	0
0.79924379	0.55109162	-1.42272055	h	1.000	0
-3.75712717	1.17006279	-1.39214540	h	1.000	0
-9.77939328	-1.61114528	-3.30249155	h	1.000	0
-12.10281581	2.28099839	-4.55250037	h	1.000	0
-11.76772199	6.13914364	-1.92935421	h	1.000	0
-9.13511175	6.11179629	1.93801538	h	1.000	0
-6.83894301	2.21509958	3.18193631	h	1.000	0
-4.75316606	-5.89426488	2.49596518	h	1.000	0
-0.12291925	-6.53608027	2.49229750	h	1.000	0
7.89779051	-5.00292595	0.15411086	h	1.000	0
11.68759067	-2.44405578	-0.68742061	h	1.000	0

(4-Phenoxyphenyl)(*p*-tolyl)methylum Product:



Total Energy = -886.82461636350 hartree

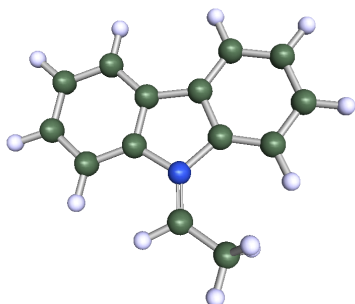
Enthalpy Correction = 0.371874 hartree

Entropy = 0.000231 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
-11.61246604	-4.10089678	-0.11050646	c	6.000	0
-9.46343836	-2.27826032	0.17589429	c	6.000	0
-7.91634611	-2.30694582	2.30518114	c	6.000	0
-5.93260508	-0.61367851	2.55941822	c	6.000	0
-5.41782053	1.17566185	0.70059234	c	6.000	0
-3.17969320	2.92823319	1.02987374	c	6.000	0
-3.40334721	5.40101123	-0.43386061	c	6.000	0
-0.74240919	1.57325742	0.38749361	c	6.000	0
1.16358796	1.30796748	2.17671319	c	6.000	0
3.41115593	0.07950819	1.61264137	c	6.000	0
3.77260929	-0.88578387	-0.79580233	c	6.000	0
5.88987537	-2.23938248	-1.44504859	o	8.000	0
8.22131666	-1.45626716	-0.63264405	c	6.000	0
9.98186937	-3.32875511	-0.11081596	c	6.000	0
12.41503244	-2.65334126	0.59238446	c	6.000	0
13.08852798	-0.12451908	0.78723130	c	6.000	0

11.30946020	1.73036885	0.25536348	c	6.000	0
8.87350908	1.08100626	-0.46377165	c	6.000	0
1.89874285	-0.64669269	-2.61436661	c	6.000	0
-0.34028999	0.56600638	-2.01059320	c	6.000	0
-6.96918425	1.21515616	-1.42317997	c	6.000	0
-8.95122958	-0.48356502	-1.67988046	c	6.000	0
-11.39452070	-5.24700232	-1.81573669	h	1.000	0
-13.41633669	-3.10639606	-0.27447955	h	1.000	0
-11.73022946	-5.37461389	1.50650218	h	1.000	0
-8.27460077	-3.67482054	3.79137439	h	1.000	0
-4.75603251	-0.68368084	4.23945569	h	1.000	0
-3.08293156	3.39654283	3.04203937	h	1.000	0
-1.82469065	6.64137532	0.04063798	h	1.000	0
-5.16322895	6.37667081	0.02888097	h	1.000	0
-3.35682321	5.08799628	-2.47329889	h	1.000	0
0.88770101	2.06251602	4.06345688	h	1.000	0
4.86733965	-0.12491239	3.03724333	h	1.000	0
9.42777288	-5.29439748	-0.26466396	h	1.000	0
13.78747391	-4.11871056	1.00008825	h	1.000	0
14.98773438	0.39835468	1.34600603	h	1.000	0
11.81895692	3.71029733	0.38754990	h	1.000	0
7.49295656	2.53065866	-0.89049379	h	1.000	0
2.20784942	-1.42560954	-4.48331287	h	1.000	0
-1.80195471	0.72127059	-3.43980567	h	1.000	0
-6.64545435	2.58933076	-2.90673479	h	1.000	0
-10.12783875	-0.40495858	-3.35905617	h	1.000	0

9-Ethylidene-9*H*-carbazol-9-ium (MAA* = 371.3 kJ/mol, E = 2.41):



Total Energy = -594.84488901472 hartree

Enthalpy Correction = 0.236633 hartree

Entropy = 0.000163 hartree/K

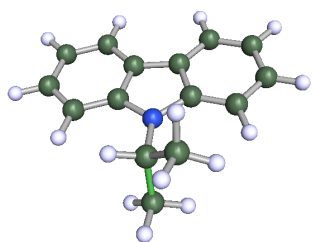
LUMO Energy = -0.1114 hartree

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
0.73847195	6.28525500	0.19780565	c	6.000	0
-0.99259337	4.21165829	-0.37839525	c	6.000	0
-0.51367532	1.82793540	-0.18249073	n	7.000	0
1.74830415	0.58328673	0.62083755	c	6.000	0
1.33416609	-2.02748193	0.50987628	c	6.000	0
3.23541026	-3.68368667	1.19455250	c	6.000	0
5.53500657	-2.69132854	1.98293816	c	6.000	0
5.91993730	-0.09569238	2.08230466	c	6.000	0
4.02677256	1.59567845	1.40065821	c	6.000	0
-1.22972103	-2.45171841	-0.37994416	c	6.000	0

-2.33008489	-0.09969241	-0.79223237	c	6.000	0
-4.76935604	0.20066457	-1.64871266	c	6.000	0
-6.13922429	-1.99437816	-2.10305818	c	6.000	0
-5.07793149	-4.36904725	-1.70502281	c	6.000	0
-2.61396574	-4.62569997	-0.83960786	c	6.000	0
2.43497853	6.16209870	-0.97943789	h	1.000	0
-0.19594937	8.08002104	-0.14528018	h	1.000	0
1.34514117	6.19717382	2.17359107	h	1.000	0
-2.88052536	4.65129447	-1.04055296	h	1.000	0
2.93924391	-5.70757573	1.11766057	h	1.000	0
7.04912350	-3.95697456	2.52719144	h	1.000	0
7.72532981	0.64267974	2.70035094	h	1.000	0
4.39108195	3.59645238	1.50002476	h	1.000	0
-5.62143455	2.03285399	-1.96840964	h	1.000	0
-8.06469895	-1.84291778	-2.77890474	h	1.000	0
-6.19573639	-6.04301922	-2.07797790	h	1.000	0
-1.79807095	-6.47783959	-0.53363152	h	1.000	0

9-Ethylidene-9*H*-carbazol-9-ium Product:

The CH₃-C-N-C Torsion Angle was constrained to 90°.



Total Energy = -634.91876861337 hartree

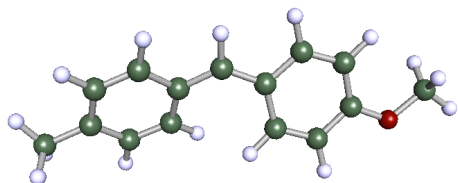
Enthalpy Correction = 0.276859 hartree

Entropy = 0.000182 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
-4.08111297	-2.32615981	3.30007128	c	6.000	0
-3.54979429	-1.46002025	0.61177486	c	6.000	0
-5.50310532	0.39635584	-0.37908131	c	6.000	0
-0.94407800	-0.58742944	0.34964603	n	7.000	0
0.96193921	-2.12393314	-0.55055623	c	6.000	0
3.20356657	-0.70031324	-0.82180829	c	6.000	0
5.39641844	-1.85171749	-1.70983133	c	6.000	0
5.33599845	-4.39652294	-2.31346124	c	6.000	0
3.10614729	-5.78919487	-2.03123853	c	6.000	0
0.90099167	-4.68706622	-1.14962159	c	6.000	0
2.60128865	1.82822912	-0.03082159	c	6.000	0
0.02208076	1.81494032	0.68608739	c	6.000	0
-1.10262795	3.99559023	1.64900211	c	6.000	0
0.34943834	6.16748327	1.81012401	c	6.000	0
2.88378910	6.20654410	1.06179176	c	6.000	0
4.02124153	4.03513534	0.15229297	c	6.000	0
-2.72147424	-3.76196182	3.88815906	h	1.000	0
-3.96643132	-0.74012775	4.61898030	h	1.000	0
-5.97672524	-3.13213048	3.42532216	h	1.000	0
-3.65506266	-3.11635725	-0.61471723	h	1.000	0
-5.87791100	1.93737841	0.93332158	h	1.000	0

-4.92456978	1.19198504	-2.19205242	h	1.000	0
-7.27856566	-0.61547487	-0.65833662	h	1.000	0
7.12501576	-0.77140750	-1.92463485	h	1.000	0
7.02617232	-5.32382620	-3.00475399	h	1.000	0
3.09934852	-7.78254950	-2.50469665	h	1.000	0
-0.79524466	-5.81077493	-0.92854317	h	1.000	0
-3.04063694	4.02292913	2.28727175	h	1.000	0
-0.50691897	7.87490055	2.55174690	h	1.000	0
3.96140389	7.94109269	1.21742026	h	1.000	0
5.99520133	4.04478149	-0.39953233	h	1.000	0

(4-Methoxyphenyl)(*p*-tolyl)methylum (MAA* = 366.7 kJ/mol, E = 1.48):



Total Energy = -655.15894225772 hartree

Enthalpy Correction = 0.276431 hartree

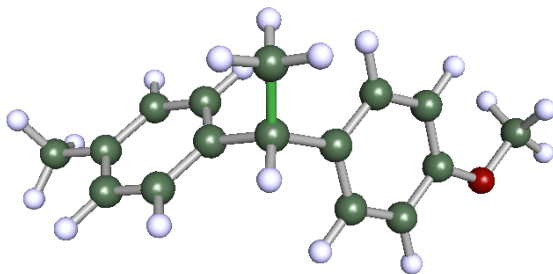
Entropy = 0.000188 hartree/K

LUMO Energy = -0.1366 hartree

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
11.14427282	1.58879426	-0.39978064	c	6.000	0
8.85968580	1.80270412	-1.82424004	o	8.000	0
6.72260549	1.00913090	-0.83346293	c	6.000	0
6.51823622	-0.06918790	1.58551823	c	6.000	0
4.19714185	-0.84365979	2.41435671	c	6.000	0
1.98322739	-0.51669715	0.93591585	c	6.000	0
-0.29422817	-1.27665413	2.01637150	c	6.000	0
-2.82407087	-0.86308889	1.25418685	c	6.000	0
-4.68286468	-2.43536119	2.34118184	c	6.000	0
-7.17906156	-2.22406066	1.65034947	c	6.000	0
-7.94349126	-0.38618170	-0.08579725	c	6.000	0
-10.63995200	-0.16480827	-0.85701583	c	6.000	0
-6.12075268	1.25593136	-1.08421524	c	6.000	0
-3.61533097	1.03254500	-0.44520076	c	6.000	0
2.26179594	0.50947583	-1.53314810	c	6.000	0
4.56854521	1.24889269	-2.39204485	c	6.000	0
12.61460248	2.37106714	-1.59929570	h	1.000	0
11.00605684	2.67514124	1.34688157	h	1.000	0
11.54934040	-0.38990369	0.01376032	h	1.000	0
8.16138571	-0.30474176	2.77484426	h	1.000	0
4.01849026	-1.68561629	4.27307806	h	1.000	0
-0.09805598	-2.38681172	3.73530835	h	1.000	0
-4.10969595	-3.85195659	3.70589245	h	1.000	0
-8.57548119	-3.47201534	2.47947383	h	1.000	0
-11.14821857	1.79273127	-1.25670497	h	1.000	0
-10.95377955	-1.24719366	-2.59400586	h	1.000	0
-11.90287865	-0.92188778	0.58423443	h	1.000	0
-6.70867432	2.75001199	-2.35623109	h	1.000	0
-2.27888167	2.40073124	-1.16322615	h	1.000	0
0.65714892	0.61032432	-2.79211428	h	1.000	0

4.81288275 1.99234513 -4.28253202 h 1.000 0

(4-Methoxyphenyl)(*p*-tolyl)methylum Product:



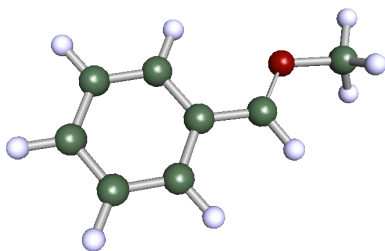
Total Energy = -695.23169711103 hartree

Enthalpy Correction = 0.316103 hartree

Entropy = 0.000203 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
10.32906886	1.91117934	-1.41285418	c	6.000	0
8.38101520	1.42813292	-3.18000024	o	8.000	0
6.24340407	0.31663696	-2.31548613	c	6.000	0
4.35396795	-0.12711645	-4.10247110	c	6.000	0
2.11451447	-1.25170350	-3.38218491	c	6.000	0
1.66953197	-1.97832107	-0.88325889	c	6.000	0
-0.85217426	-3.14207630	-0.19988383	c	6.000	0
-0.82111437	-4.63373342	2.26560449	c	6.000	0
-2.91086936	-1.15508093	-0.15083362	c	6.000	0
-5.06122340	-1.39799630	-1.63745898	c	6.000	0
-6.96678145	0.40682270	-1.56841142	c	6.000	0
-6.78749709	2.51131329	-0.00376068	c	6.000	0
-8.86358414	4.43305647	0.11799572	c	6.000	0
-4.62136813	2.75575286	1.47876469	c	6.000	0
-2.71894268	0.95976147	1.40507957	c	6.000	0
3.57078013	-1.53153702	0.86340432	c	6.000	0
5.84416491	-0.39361534	0.17930885	c	6.000	0
9.68465440	3.18632708	0.08153612	h	1.000	0
11.02215587	0.15783688	-0.56441207	h	1.000	0
11.84987494	2.80792299	-2.46682003	h	1.000	0
4.68064283	0.41899223	-6.05025298	h	1.000	0
0.66328016	-1.57749009	-4.79592721	h	1.000	0
-1.33568024	-4.45845299	-1.72092518	h	1.000	0
0.65001357	-6.08294335	2.23774634	h	1.000	0
-2.64288196	-5.55983692	2.54748594	h	1.000	0
-0.48858622	-3.40621958	3.89156712	h	1.000	0
-5.24879785	-3.02095465	-2.87900496	h	1.000	0
-8.62017840	0.17451533	-2.76096499	h	1.000	0
-8.11442550	6.32659423	0.45051184	h	1.000	0
-10.16926185	4.00919879	1.66537674	h	1.000	0
-9.96123050	4.46134668	-1.62791403	h	1.000	0
-4.41934759	4.39033610	2.70267027	h	1.000	0
-1.04452631	1.21887662	2.56159551	h	1.000	0
3.31644037	-2.07395637	2.82161800	h	1.000	0
7.27496160	-0.08356864	1.60629148	h	1.000	0

(*E*)-Benzylidene(methyl)oxonium (MAA* = 364.7 kJ/mol, E = 2.97):



Total Energy = -384.99888038822 hartree

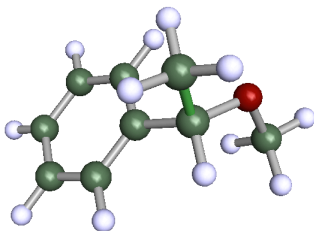
Enthalpy Correction = 0.161581 hartree

Entropy = 0.00014 hartree/K

LUMO Energy = -0.1271 hartree

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
6.48578005	-0.14089026	-0.93144270	c	6.000	0
3.77622474	-0.17769915	-1.37281096	o	8.000	0
2.30938309	0.04924145	0.50123898	c	6.000	0
-0.33747803	0.03400875	0.21251437	c	6.000	0
-1.79568041	0.30405257	2.41461922	c	6.000	0
-4.39607971	0.30698065	2.24027021	c	6.000	0
-5.53196116	0.04156762	-0.11397617	c	6.000	0
-4.09243479	-0.22904187	-2.30966943	c	6.000	0
-1.49896827	-0.23481846	-2.16442266	c	6.000	0
6.99027918	1.67440552	-0.10928235	h	1.000	0
7.34014099	-0.37962288	-2.77870729	h	1.000	0
6.96823156	-1.70057701	0.31761007	h	1.000	0
3.13768253	0.26172195	2.37675021	h	1.000	0
-0.86301219	0.50850514	4.22677989	h	1.000	0
-5.54314540	0.51439919	3.92093171	h	1.000	0
-7.57566089	0.04444103	-0.25093403	h	1.000	0
-5.02176155	-0.43406537	-4.12074697	h	1.000	0
-0.35153974	-0.44260887	-3.84580095	h	1.000	0

(*E*)-Benzylidene(methyl)oxonium Product:



Total Energy = -425.07146073614 hartree

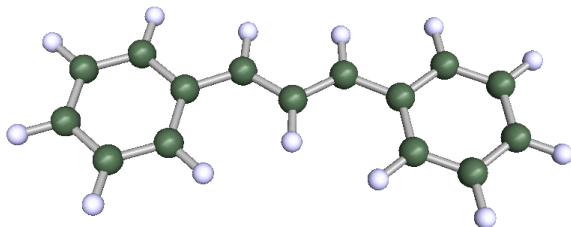
Enthalpy Correction = 0.200928 hartree

Entropy = 0.000152 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
-4.48641899	1.70116123	1.58958452	c	6.000	0
-3.94022649	0.76722526	-0.84369488	o	8.000	0

-2.16444356	-1.23502028	-0.82412508	c	6.000	0
-2.12771623	-2.35058861	-3.46004075	c	6.000	0
0.43444409	-0.36647609	-0.01737945	c	6.000	0
1.86670970	-1.81044677	1.64372019	c	6.000	0
4.28872438	-1.06067509	2.32548207	c	6.000	0
5.29475892	1.16050977	1.35959322	c	6.000	0
3.86686212	2.62381491	-0.28988250	c	6.000	0
1.45532173	1.86083855	-0.97633714	c	6.000	0
-2.81317719	2.53035510	2.48497817	h	1.000	0
-5.92645033	3.15889313	1.37999137	h	1.000	0
-5.21535060	0.19644168	2.81631780	h	1.000	0
-2.80589848	-2.68257329	0.52262931	h	1.000	0
-1.50815080	-0.93167909	-4.82625763	h	1.000	0
-0.82334934	-3.94593066	-3.54151361	h	1.000	0
-4.01226011	-3.00639397	-3.98502081	h	1.000	0
1.07609477	-3.53850269	2.41695881	h	1.000	0
5.38438295	-2.20621578	3.62412966	h	1.000	0
7.17987109	1.75687352	1.89639122	h	1.000	0
4.63809948	4.36672054	-1.04288365	h	1.000	0
0.33817287	3.01166863	-2.25264084	h	1.000	0

(*E*)-1,3-Diphenylallylium (MAA* = 357.9 kJ/mol, E = 2.7):



Total Energy = -578.76598352242 hartree

Enthalpy Correction = 0.248473 hartree

Entropy = 0.000173 hartree/K

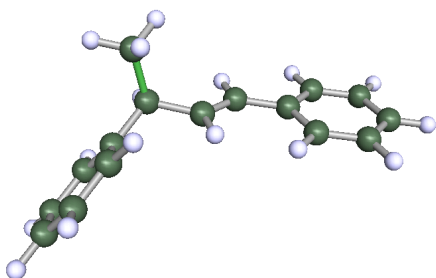
LUMO Energy = -0.1481 hartree

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
-3.41078833	3.32784802	0.00000000	c	6.000	0
-0.81346329	2.65737665	0.00000000	c	6.000	0
0.18689685	0.24971071	0.00000000	c	6.000	0
2.77876380	-0.02931791	0.00000000	c	6.000	0
4.15639104	-2.33128029	0.00000000	c	6.000	0
6.81289259	-2.19641960	0.00000000	c	6.000	0
8.24533950	-4.37377872	0.00000000	c	6.000	0
7.04752153	-6.71326225	0.00000000	c	6.000	0
4.41700025	-6.88171083	0.00000000	c	6.000	0
2.97481424	-4.71704129	0.00000000	c	6.000	0
-5.36568969	1.52002903	0.00000000	c	6.000	0
-7.84963529	2.29189081	0.00000000	c	6.000	0
-8.43140786	4.86298566	0.00000000	c	6.000	0
-6.52580882	6.67334617	0.00000000	c	6.000	0
-4.03238619	5.91441924	0.00000000	c	6.000	0
0.52170872	4.21944019	0.00000000	h	1.000	0
-1.03779449	-1.38877973	0.00000000	h	1.000	0
3.89971682	1.69306186	0.00000000	h	1.000	0
7.71555567	-0.35711062	0.00000000	h	1.000	0

10.28865293	-4.26373627	0.00000000	h	1.000	0
8.16919933	-8.42695844	0.00000000	h	1.000	0
3.51129044	-8.71696985	0.00000000	h	1.000	0
0.93391102	-4.85919779	0.00000000	h	1.000	0
-4.92548497	-0.47801887	0.00000000	h	1.000	0
-9.35415407	0.90463624	0.00000000	h	1.000	0
-10.39218620	5.45449275	0.00000000	h	1.000	0
-6.99777841	8.66442757	0.00000000	h	1.000	0
-2.52307713	7.29991756	0.00000000	h	1.000	0

(*E*)-1,3-Diphenylallylium Product:

The CH₃-CH-CH-C Torsion Angle was constrained to 270°.



Total Energy = -618.83420375687 hartree

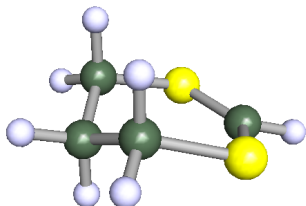
Enthalpy Correction = 0.287549 hartree

Entropy = 0.00019 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
-2.67856178	-4.62911266	-0.73327660	c	6.000	0
-2.47808052	-2.48569935	1.20551286	c	6.000	0
-4.25032312	-0.33077951	0.60672923	c	6.000	0
-4.07894179	0.98126669	-1.67194525	c	6.000	0
-5.70682696	2.96512462	-2.20610107	c	6.000	0
-7.54187470	3.67388353	-0.46620605	c	6.000	0
-7.73043216	2.38209655	1.80803134	c	6.000	0
-6.09328589	0.39800818	2.33461275	c	6.000	0
0.20591799	-1.59160038	1.42430607	c	6.000	0
1.87400548	-2.55400900	3.04831608	c	6.000	0
4.54342686	-1.87366780	3.28898660	c	6.000	0
6.00731154	-3.10182318	5.11151204	c	6.000	0
8.54793595	-2.53370136	5.42348333	c	6.000	0
9.68189217	-0.71499354	3.91357631	c	6.000	0
8.24900923	0.52549968	2.09089090	c	6.000	0
5.71562388	-0.04497574	1.77997495	c	6.000	0
-2.04898390	-4.01068627	-2.60035754	h	1.000	0
-1.49724622	-6.21762572	-0.15383729	h	1.000	0
-4.63284692	-5.27662170	-0.89307953	h	1.000	0
-3.03767573	-3.26281409	3.03941505	h	1.000	0
-2.65847500	0.45091421	-3.05244575	h	1.000	0
-5.54382937	3.96289890	-3.98868592	h	1.000	0
-8.81491512	5.22399092	-0.88293131	h	1.000	0
-9.15406953	2.91879703	3.18092766	h	1.000	0
-6.24739652	-0.60315674	4.11824771	h	1.000	0
0.79232845	-0.16300766	0.06760542	h	1.000	0

1.22651205	-3.99574466	4.36713782	h	1.000	0
5.12853044	-4.52466154	6.29887673	h	1.000	0
9.64193361	-3.51469587	6.85154211	h	1.000	0
11.66582863	-0.26292429	4.14984133	h	1.000	0
9.11875139	1.95002098	0.90200382	h	1.000	0
4.63833633	0.94601480	0.34718611	h	1.000	0

1,3-Dithian-2-ylum (MAA* = 357.6 kJ/mol, E = -2.14):



Total Energy = -952.47823997149 hartree

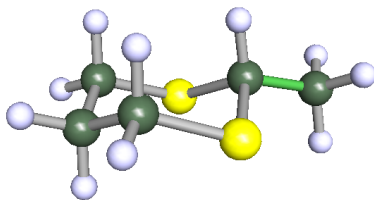
Enthalpy Correction = 0.1125 hartree

Entropy = 0.000123 hartree/K

LUMO Energy = -0.1120 hartree

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
3.61259874	-0.84836935	-0.51073779	c	6.000	0
1.71177880	-3.30325441	-0.82650210	s	16.000	0
-1.39142141	-2.15397081	-0.01276003	c	6.000	0
-1.79641094	0.61164049	-0.60898730	c	6.000	0
-0.18987188	2.36195773	0.97878339	c	6.000	0
3.15193774	2.11242970	0.36141945	s	16.000	0
5.56616328	-1.25976518	-1.00491363	h	1.000	0
-2.65065035	-3.35427191	-1.11774326	h	1.000	0
-1.68494821	-2.57321277	1.98408488	h	1.000	0
-3.77185490	1.04632853	-0.19616497	h	1.000	0
-1.49813259	0.97357550	-2.61801171	h	1.000	0
-0.60465222	4.33931375	0.57265302	h	1.000	0
-0.45453666	2.04759888	2.99887987	h	1.000	0

1,3-Dithian-2-ylum Product:



Total Energy = -992.54819860867 hartree

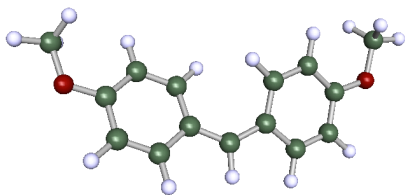
Enthalpy Correction = 0.152552 hartree

Entropy = 0.000137 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
5.07441534	-0.44133071	-0.62269262	c	6.000	0
2.33497399	-0.04263591	0.10173413	c	6.000	0
0.99326136	2.37642270	-1.90328757	s	16.000	0

-2.17439988	2.50359913	-0.63431937	c	6.000	0
-3.59058550	0.01513434	-0.77183023	c	6.000	0
-2.43993767	-2.04032636	0.86121112	c	6.000	0
0.67835803	-3.02212507	-0.12482414	s	16.000	0
6.12422723	1.32462312	-0.43169051	h	1.000	0
5.23259490	-1.09146795	-2.57527450	h	1.000	0
5.93730569	-1.85253535	0.61107216	h	1.000	0
2.19140874	0.60961267	2.05668650	h	1.000	0
-3.13132310	3.95273809	-1.74684212	h	1.000	0
-2.07371294	3.17830752	1.31739003	h	1.000	0
-3.70579537	-0.62377621	-2.73342643	h	1.000	0
-5.52516542	0.34546122	-0.11117850	h	1.000	0
-3.58062604	-3.75687012	0.78872268	h	1.000	0
-2.34499938	-1.43483110	2.83558328	h	1.000	0

Bis(4-methoxyphenyl)methylum (MAA* = 351.9 kJ/mol, E = 0):



Total Energy = -730.32963714660 hartree

Enthalpy Correction = 0.282807 hartree

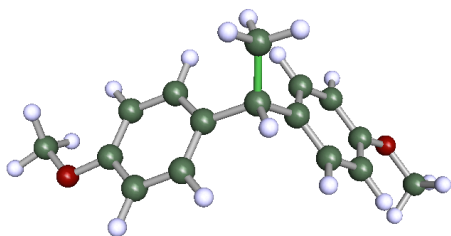
Entropy = 0.000193 hartree/K

LUMO Energy = -0.1316 hartree

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
10.45333570	2.17588733	1.64329526	c	6.000	0
9.74488459	0.01642884	0.19142664	o	8.000	0
7.32819136	-0.57213826	-0.02177400	c	6.000	0
6.77862520	-2.72670852	-1.47712555	c	6.000	0
4.32885231	-3.47011112	-1.78048123	c	6.000	0
2.30378507	-2.06519060	-0.72309201	c	6.000	0
-0.15668900	-2.91846641	-1.21879750	c	6.000	0
-2.50761942	-1.73426150	-0.90676176	c	6.000	0
-4.69369253	-3.28231875	-1.04170447	c	6.000	0
-7.05188096	-2.30705295	-0.67668341	c	6.000	0
-7.34385238	0.29719529	-0.23506982	c	6.000	0
-9.68697713	1.09573307	0.08715197	o	8.000	0
-10.13700445	3.71577020	0.54242648	c	6.000	0
-5.22066983	1.89549902	-0.21348018	c	6.000	0
-2.85948763	0.88948539	-0.54008104	c	6.000	0
2.91233701	0.04604849	0.79847045	c	6.000	0
5.36703921	0.78392128	1.15215555	c	6.000	0
9.60172365	3.88400750	0.86272023	h	1.000	0
9.89623419	1.93651420	3.61454987	h	1.000	0
12.49866281	2.28703514	1.50483103	h	1.000	0
8.32525181	-3.76907170	-2.31842664	h	1.000	0
3.89942834	-5.13523217	-2.89347743	h	1.000	0
-0.25880958	-4.82570352	-1.97897670	h	1.000	0
-4.46288212	-5.28727396	-1.39196668	h	1.000	0
-8.72015264	-3.49006957	-0.73662420	h	1.000	0
-9.16706257	4.32984230	2.25580621	h	1.000	0

-9.52391375	4.84569121	-1.07047392	h	1.000	0
-12.16777331	3.89256922	0.78654419	h	1.000	0
-5.43648458	3.91393169	0.01216683	h	1.000	0
-1.26361823	2.16105911	-0.63091612	h	1.000	0
1.44131651	1.04248188	1.80639855	h	1.000	0
5.77890236	2.37449786	2.36520254	h	1.000	0

Bis(4-methoxyphenyl)methylium Product:



Total Energy = -770.3966298367 hartree

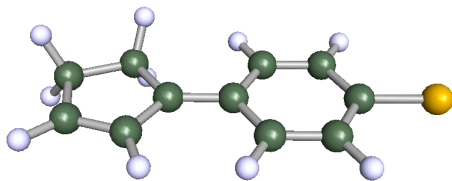
Enthalpy Correction = 0.322361 hartree

Entropy = 0.000208 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
-0.74813976	-5.48267099	-1.54754895	c	6.000	0
-0.11284164	-2.72281203	-2.08523399	c	6.000	0
-2.32758578	-0.96654347	-1.62928255	c	6.000	0
-3.78963436	-1.08127293	0.54816084	c	6.000	0
-5.76780966	0.59311146	0.97943912	c	6.000	0
-6.32118556	2.44228943	-0.80643625	c	6.000	0
-8.20447528	4.15961948	-0.56825024	o	8.000	0
-9.69826385	4.06550110	1.64749731	c	6.000	0
-4.88215272	2.57970558	-3.00798074	c	6.000	0
-2.92082034	0.89656078	-3.39630238	c	6.000	0
2.19934115	-1.82602061	-0.65518509	c	6.000	0
2.49725449	-2.24336139	1.93232893	c	6.000	0
4.58640396	-1.35519226	3.22181626	c	6.000	0
6.45964173	-0.00690725	1.94808981	c	6.000	0
8.44018221	0.79147290	3.35900109	o	8.000	0
10.36065751	2.18452242	2.12529883	c	6.000	0
6.20394712	0.42643508	-0.62988208	c	6.000	0
4.08513972	-0.48701730	-1.89061017	c	6.000	0
-2.35803430	-6.08509632	-2.69032811	h	1.000	0
-1.23234222	-5.79650429	0.43341929	h	1.000	0
0.86389156	-6.69048074	-1.99828616	h	1.000	0
0.34926128	-2.57102681	-4.09514464	h	1.000	0
-3.40419310	-2.50263249	1.97252782	h	1.000	0
-6.85625440	0.43280785	2.70250038	h	1.000	0
-11.07644954	5.58187172	1.47424933	h	1.000	0
-8.54954579	4.37224943	3.33889342	h	1.000	0
-10.68521923	2.25619029	1.80942565	h	1.000	0
-5.32843550	4.01481803	-4.40053409	h	1.000	0
-1.82028177	1.03210719	-5.12202570	h	1.000	0
1.07488398	-3.28334174	2.97811486	h	1.000	0
4.80109907	-1.69343395	5.23134144	h	1.000	0
11.74795324	2.65110573	3.56942340	h	1.000	0
11.26459152	1.06345589	0.64180298	h	1.000	0

9.61040364	3.92756613	1.30449956	h	1.000	0
7.62692005	1.45696883	-1.67521796	h	1.000	0
3.91209255	-0.13404477	-3.90412346	h	1.000	0

1-(4-Chlorophenyl)cyclopent-2-en-1-ylum (MAA* = 351.8 kJ/mol, E = 3.2):



Total Energy = -884.73051467320 hartree

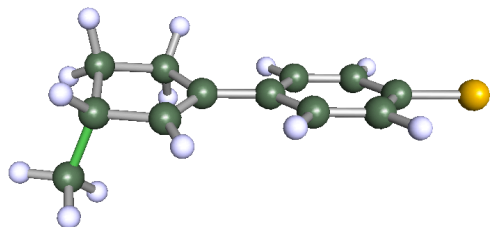
Enthalpy Correction = 0.189128 hartree

Entropy = 0.000157 hartree/K

LUMO Energy = -0.1384 hartree

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
9.58899744	0.58906564	-0.79208610	cl	17.000	0
6.37165814	0.32040729	-0.53378790	c	6.000	0
5.27371789	-2.06718896	-0.64415997	c	6.000	0
2.69148595	-2.27367577	-0.43518816	c	6.000	0
4.92706091	2.49701850	-0.21931392	c	6.000	0
2.34668351	2.27111218	-0.01282288	c	6.000	0
1.17542432	-0.11266253	-0.11545118	c	6.000	0
-1.49822381	-0.31930958	0.10339040	c	6.000	0
-3.23346956	1.85855893	0.43901681	c	6.000	0
-5.86178948	0.70054127	0.57782719	c	6.000	0
-5.40639276	-2.02156619	0.30939580	c	6.000	0
-2.90568314	-2.57638570	0.03982347	c	6.000	0
6.44115785	-3.72737219	-0.89044789	h	1.000	0
1.84047861	-4.13052181	-0.52129134	h	1.000	0
5.82984103	4.32977391	-0.14003069	h	1.000	0
1.22022368	3.96084584	0.23239272	h	1.000	0
-3.03172261	3.18721584	-1.13295095	h	1.000	0
-2.74041485	2.91735293	2.14579430	h	1.000	0
-6.84277065	1.09861345	2.35863110	h	1.000	0
-7.13585574	1.37209065	-0.91121297	h	1.000	0
-6.90543184	-3.41720405	0.32684370	h	1.000	0
-2.14497488	-4.45670963	-0.18437153	h	1.000	0

1-(4-Chlorophenyl)cyclopent-2-en-1-ylum Product:



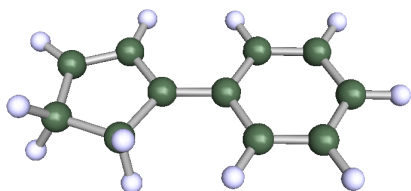
Total Energy = -924.79962187168 hartree

Enthalpy Correction = 0.230227 hartree

Entropy = 0.00017 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
-10.77192264	-0.62095034	0.72255638	cl	17.000	0
-7.51671313	-0.46475366	0.37895692	c	6.000	0
-6.07849386	-2.63219526	0.72451671	c	6.000	0
-3.48566486	-2.49965117	0.44408927	c	6.000	0
-6.39052451	1.81064791	-0.24473685	c	6.000	0
-3.78621430	1.90945350	-0.52366935	c	6.000	0
-2.27796232	-0.22942162	-0.17813067	c	6.000	0
0.46669932	-0.06759125	-0.46726560	c	6.000	0
2.17214782	-1.82329776	0.16924324	c	6.000	0
4.84187202	-0.96211212	-0.23271924	c	6.000	0
6.14753104	-0.39040979	2.27763581	c	6.000	0
4.48734016	1.38924161	-1.90925536	c	6.000	0
1.76327390	2.27016518	-1.45904253	c	6.000	0
-6.98412785	-4.40479701	1.19964770	h	1.000	0
-2.38331848	-4.20607970	0.69920753	h	1.000	0
-7.52935957	3.48936060	-0.51415872	h	1.000	0
-2.92044691	3.69916852	-1.01062389	h	1.000	0
1.73790704	-3.63415977	1.02668969	h	1.000	0
5.94999317	-2.40945161	-1.21442233	h	1.000	0
5.15126737	1.11082691	3.29058554	h	1.000	0
6.18906941	-2.05954111	3.49384433	h	1.000	0
8.09514921	0.22368304	1.96524745	h	1.000	0
5.88102941	2.85591905	-1.50478491	h	1.000	0
4.70742399	0.85564657	-3.89211110	h	1.000	0
1.65210754	3.79581144	-0.05965736	h	1.000	0
0.88193701	2.99448782	-3.18164267	h	1.000	0

1-Phenylcyclopent-2-en-1-ylum (MAA* = 351.3 kJ/mol, E = 2.89):



Total Energy = -425.26145697689 hartree

Enthalpy Correction = 0.197648 hartree

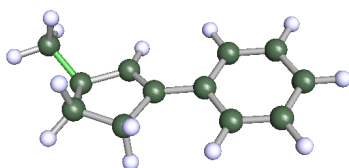
Entropy = 0.000146 hartree/K

LUMO Energy = -0.1366 hartree

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
1.22865874	0.09123348	-0.15930672	c	6.000	0
-1.42796239	0.33122618	0.21622123	c	6.000	0
-2.75821605	2.60563076	0.58990183	c	6.000	0
-5.26310456	2.08289135	0.88219381	c	6.000	0
-5.80167049	-0.63264593	0.72140561	c	6.000	0
-3.22345180	-1.82276514	0.27314256	c	6.000	0
2.31656679	-2.31003555	-0.50381293	c	6.000	0
4.88426868	-2.55079674	-0.86409511	c	6.000	0
6.40763020	-0.40573196	-0.88721509	c	6.000	0

5.36417508	1.98476907	-0.55087234	c	6.000	0
2.79734672	2.23898331	-0.18938961	c	6.000	0
-1.94215094	4.47511664	0.64165320	h	1.000	0
-6.71062040	3.49717553	1.19925153	h	1.000	0
-7.15809788	-1.01327068	-0.79728886	h	1.000	0
-6.72194517	-1.29255076	2.45610135	h	1.000	0
-2.69511810	-3.15898508	1.76013648	h	1.000	0
-3.13265365	-2.88111546	-1.50102823	h	1.000	0
1.13509194	-3.98032773	-0.48620639	h	1.000	0
5.71414677	-4.40243725	-1.12840381	h	1.000	0
8.42689349	-0.59971585	-1.17033489	h	1.000	0
6.56461264	3.64157295	-0.57278989	h	1.000	0
1.99560040	4.10177885	0.07073627	h	1.000	0

1-Phenylcyclopent-2-en-1-ylum Product:



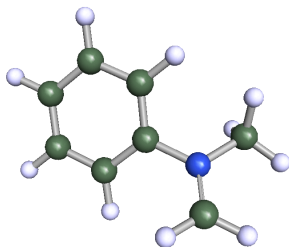
Total Energy = -465.33000413003 hartree

Enthalpy Correction = 0.238391 hartree

Entropy = 0.000159 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
6.57779242	-2.34025127	0.65247875	c	6.000	0
4.75040736	-0.26743885	-0.13404373	c	6.000	0
4.29466656	1.74611089	1.90917365	c	6.000	0
1.54524049	2.58614064	1.57840363	c	6.000	0
2.11953617	-1.16353325	-0.68965459	c	6.000	0
0.33901903	0.36803163	0.24949160	c	6.000	0
-2.40190376	0.10835188	-0.02333225	c	6.000	0
-4.00341959	2.10319398	0.63307710	c	6.000	0
-6.60574191	1.89495040	0.37012266	c	6.000	0
-7.66706173	-0.31866378	-0.54671315	c	6.000	0
-6.09879072	-2.32701437	-1.19697764	c	6.000	0
-3.50590108	-2.11716310	-0.93593171	c	6.000	0
6.81086835	-3.74601015	-0.84305898	h	1.000	0
8.44007894	-1.55433833	1.07958606	h	1.000	0
5.88973954	-3.30992143	2.34405084	h	1.000	0
5.50827894	0.63345431	-1.84890290	h	1.000	0
5.63868250	3.30764885	1.80883203	h	1.000	0
4.51376066	0.85492312	3.76350754	h	1.000	0
0.63019551	3.03745584	3.37540105	h	1.000	0
1.39758089	4.28427893	0.39744573	h	1.000	0
1.76183151	-2.83191477	-1.82637119	h	1.000	0
-3.20552860	3.84831362	1.34823306	h	1.000	0
-7.80618500	3.47286256	0.88804794	h	1.000	0
-9.69872298	-0.48777750	-0.74715895	h	1.000	0
-6.90862731	-4.07181795	-1.90372849	h	1.000	0
-2.31579619	-3.70987189	-1.42860616	h	1.000	0

N-Methyl-*N*-methylenebenzenaminium (MAA* = 333.6 kJ/mol, E = -5.17):



Total Energy = -365.15118495198 hartree

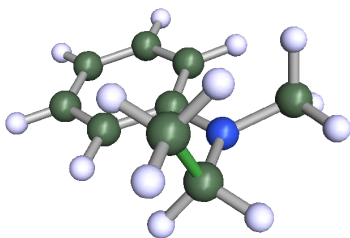
Enthalpy Correction = 0.17401 hartree

Entropy = 0.000137 hartree/K

LUMO Energy = -0.0941 hartree

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
-3.56176244	2.87927700	-0.04354779	c	6.000	0
-2.56804010	0.78560802	0.60401550	n	7.000	0
-4.00687200	-1.10731416	2.01311490	c	6.000	0
-0.00963303	0.17583815	-0.06259712	c	6.000	0
0.84803302	0.77339729	-2.46689699	c	6.000	0
3.32216277	0.20896255	-3.10766761	c	6.000	0
4.90427674	-0.94690991	-1.36356989	c	6.000	0
4.00932993	-1.55189813	1.02729239	c	6.000	0
1.53668649	-1.00556840	1.69305853	c	6.000	0
-5.52603719	3.23520846	0.39986127	h	1.000	0
-2.43080877	4.27674068	-1.01809256	h	1.000	0
-5.95175441	-0.47356850	2.17902057	h	1.000	0
-3.89864544	-2.89487584	1.00212941	h	1.000	0
-3.18331238	-1.31722072	3.88652091	h	1.000	0
-0.41682963	1.61118631	-3.84152549	h	1.000	0
4.00134311	0.65259397	-4.98655127	h	1.000	0
6.83600343	-1.39279452	-1.87430922	h	1.000	0
5.23995686	-2.45214535	2.39250463	h	1.000	0
0.85590304	-1.45651688	3.56723984	h	1.000	0

N-Methyl-*N*-methylenebenzenaminium Product:



Total Energy = -405.21125966199 hartree

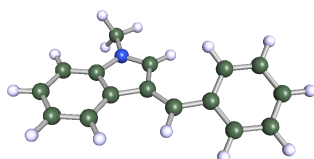
Enthalpy Correction = 0.213621 hartree

Entropy = 0.000152 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
2.99697006	-2.84127709	-1.21640520	c	6.000	0
1.72000151	-1.14415694	0.49439573	n	7.000	0
-0.79471791	-0.62656701	0.11653296	c	6.000	0

-2.22707107	-2.01274677	-1.64680056	c	6.000	0
-4.78606551	-1.55733217	-1.96707625	c	6.000	0
-6.02301478	0.29484143	-0.58157075	c	6.000	0
-4.62200537	1.70025399	1.13875748	c	6.000	0
-2.06513481	1.27133245	1.48490397	c	6.000	0
3.29851104	0.56806827	1.93591825	c	6.000	0
4.06727844	2.93914027	0.50395480	c	6.000	0
2.15070995	-4.72595529	-1.17242914	h	1.000	0
4.95961209	-3.02127659	-0.62543626	h	1.000	0
2.96938967	-2.17460146	-3.18122200	h	1.000	0
-1.33802039	-3.46433403	-2.77752432	h	1.000	0
-5.82121889	-2.67416708	-3.34014190	h	1.000	0
-8.02252100	0.64725575	-0.84520321	h	1.000	0
-5.52897575	3.17752256	2.23378020	h	1.000	0
-1.05366800	2.43123347	2.82944923	h	1.000	0
4.98167144	-0.48546592	2.49894989	h	1.000	0
2.33316481	1.06898693	3.69008236	h	1.000	0
2.41276804	4.03560529	-0.06405312	h	1.000	0
5.25906981	4.13898231	1.68819995	h	1.000	0
5.13326663	2.45465761	-1.19706211	h	1.000	0

(Z)-3-Benzylidene-1-methyl-3H-indol-1-ium (MAA* = 332.5 kJ/mol, E = -1.8):



Total Energy = -672.19849447361 hartree

Enthalpy Correction = 0.273333 hartree

Entropy = 0.000182 hartree/K

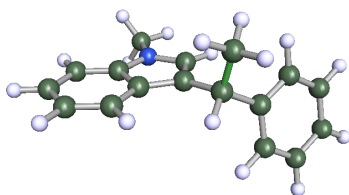
LUMO Energy = -0.1254 hartree

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
-4.92612957	4.58562346	-0.00386269	c	6.000	0
-3.51610118	2.24845637	0.12756749	n	7.000	0
-1.04929923	2.03511391	0.08237089	c	6.000	0
-0.34226114	-0.57073631	0.17368766	c	6.000	0
-2.72231460	-1.95512854	0.25890562	c	6.000	0
-4.64974507	-0.14939530	0.25982721	c	6.000	0
-7.18625272	-0.75389496	0.35658328	c	6.000	0
-7.77459602	-3.30940272	0.45492328	c	6.000	0
-5.88437172	-5.14762183	0.45872876	c	6.000	0
-3.34359002	-4.49806594	0.36958511	c	6.000	0
2.02335599	-1.58834731	0.06563634	c	6.000	0
4.43680127	-0.36219834	0.18355729	c	6.000	0
6.51398575	-1.66031564	-0.83672300	c	6.000	0
8.88169340	-0.56083222	-0.86989488	c	6.000	0
9.22711235	1.82234516	0.17684356	c	6.000	0
7.20378187	3.09499010	1.27535286	c	6.000	0
4.82842210	2.01888550	1.28634972	c	6.000	0
-6.08192384	4.77680452	1.69062475	h	1.000	0
-6.14315246	4.55415495	-1.66568483	h	1.000	0
-3.60725548	6.15428485	-0.12976408	h	1.000	0
0.12808832	3.68662930	-0.12184984	h	1.000	0
-8.64883339	0.67699713	0.35815090	h	1.000	0

-9.73807701	-3.88202000	0.53275862	h	1.000	0
-6.41220721	-7.12411244	0.53548361	h	1.000	0
-1.89859224	-5.94920237	0.38472230	h	1.000	0
2.10224672	-3.62738562	-0.18088412	h	1.000	0
6.23045976	-3.52480849	-1.63771549	h	1.000	0
10.46519071	-1.56489101	-1.69117492	h	1.000	0
11.08809443	2.67766984	0.17786815	h	1.000	0
7.49724933	4.92062610	2.15354063	h	1.000	0
3.29822091	2.97577786	2.24758784	h	1.000	0

(Z)-3-Benzylidene-1-methyl-3H-indol-1-ium Product:

The CH₃-C-C-C Torsion Angle was constrained to 90°.



Total Energy = -712.25760865963 hartree

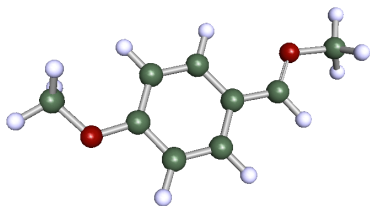
Enthalpy Correction = 0.312978 hartree

Entropy = 0.000199 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
0.94047656	-3.07972137	-4.85709755	c	6.000	0
1.54061821	-2.12326576	-2.19777993	c	6.000	0
3.09711346	-3.96229312	-0.66097538	c	6.000	0
2.75792111	-6.56631722	-0.82087334	c	6.000	0
4.15741657	-8.20219889	0.68227862	c	6.000	0
5.93060199	-7.25998777	2.36797837	c	6.000	0
6.29486896	-4.66511513	2.53657485	c	6.000	0
4.88820258	-3.04147650	1.03568313	c	6.000	0
-0.82921742	-1.39279849	-0.81579397	c	6.000	0
-2.32336751	-2.88520495	0.68040192	c	6.000	0
-4.42034162	-1.58077155	1.47225939	n	7.000	0
-6.36370064	-2.53394278	3.12161784	c	6.000	0
-4.32404241	0.80609275	0.49065103	c	6.000	0
-2.08919550	0.99710141	-0.97540391	c	6.000	0
-1.55536286	3.27695015	-2.20101429	c	6.000	0
-3.21624736	5.27638640	-1.93706729	c	6.000	0
-5.41365057	5.04937477	-0.46782908	c	6.000	0
-5.99750672	2.81905477	0.76503535	c	6.000	0
-0.27996411	-4.74177984	-4.79769709	h	1.000	0
2.66828943	-3.56899932	-5.87727621	h	1.000	0
-0.05284284	-1.61827612	-5.92293095	h	1.000	0
2.68069606	-0.40643167	-2.39543861	h	1.000	0
1.38834518	-7.34343898	-2.13057644	h	1.000	0
3.86109148	-10.22427417	0.52803068	h	1.000	0
7.02808811	-8.53631710	3.53598227	h	1.000	0
7.68388213	-3.90455424	3.83763438	h	1.000	0
5.18071528	-1.01559666	1.17822456	h	1.000	0
-2.04655054	-4.81657520	1.27925960	h	1.000	0
-5.96386851	-4.50522836	3.55088935	h	1.000	0
-8.21427366	-2.41759865	2.21431333	h	1.000	0

-6.42103746	-1.46790275	4.88923105	h	1.000	0
0.13630824	3.47970847	-3.34201061	h	1.000	0
-2.82179612	7.05335214	-2.87781194	h	1.000	0
-6.67766721	6.65271478	-0.29618304	h	1.000	0
-7.69587720	2.65244965	1.89862044	h	1.000	0

(*E*)-(4-Methoxybenzylidene)(methyl)oxonium (MAA* = 332.2 kJ/mol, E = 0.14):



Total Energy = -499.45945219773 hartree

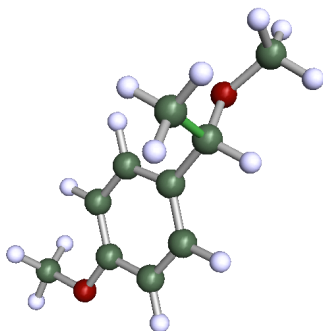
Enthalpy Correction = 0.197016 hartree

Entropy = 0.000159 hartree/K

LUMO Energy = -0.1154hartree

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
8.11829747	1.53236860	-0.19476379	c	6.000	0
5.42797121	1.36361572	0.26804950	o	8.000	0
4.09463132	0.07039734	-1.27226769	c	6.000	0
1.49362945	-0.20705937	-0.97268309	c	6.000	0
0.15677762	0.91267709	1.04575005	c	6.000	0
-2.39578020	0.58576657	1.26418437	c	6.000	0
-3.68645886	-0.88177443	-0.54608333	c	6.000	0
-6.14208209	-1.29810341	-0.48376346	o	8.000	0
-7.62195563	-0.22559708	1.50226308	c	6.000	0
-2.37377942	-2.00631556	-2.56686913	c	6.000	0
0.17406346	-1.67330407	-2.77456241	c	6.000	0
8.85961017	2.73026171	1.29468623	h	1.000	0
8.42834198	2.38255778	-2.04195997	h	1.000	0
8.93240572	-0.35373987	-0.09165194	h	1.000	0
5.04888363	-0.83226597	-2.85892479	h	1.000	0
1.16309396	2.03653562	2.42848577	h	1.000	0
-3.40271180	1.44946784	2.81663953	h	1.000	0
-7.51317718	1.83276571	1.45264897	h	1.000	0
-6.99355849	-0.93300819	3.33413093	h	1.000	0
-9.54911411	-0.83339363	1.14078472	h	1.000	0
-3.42325922	-3.12058059	-3.92367822	h	1.000	0
1.20417102	-2.53127183	-4.32341550	h	1.000	0

(*E*)-(4-Methoxybenzylidene)(methyl)oxonium Product:



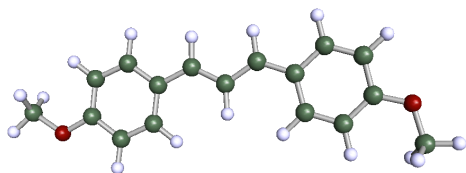
Total Energy = -539.51909961677 hartree

Enthalpy Correction = 0.236132 hartree

Entropy = 0.000172 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
-6.91246341	-1.78023694	2.11350665	c	6.000	0
-4.30497098	-1.30581706	1.87102091	o	8.000	0
-3.64263098	-0.03623388	-0.40247030	c	6.000	0
-4.53091959	2.69812978	-0.40627872	c	6.000	0
-0.82358358	-0.21539047	-0.70333801	c	6.000	0
0.24061822	-0.99849344	-2.97834784	c	6.000	0
2.83296306	-1.09831039	-3.29883968	c	6.000	0
4.43268076	-0.42171249	-1.31926073	c	6.000	0
6.94258327	-0.57773382	-1.78626103	o	8.000	0
8.62040444	0.09964829	0.18372559	c	6.000	0
3.39987258	0.35218203	0.97452503	c	6.000	0
0.79210934	0.45401007	1.25355197	c	6.000	0
-8.00686961	-0.04405822	2.38287526	h	1.000	0
-7.64775335	-2.77328982	0.44757515	h	1.000	0
-7.16178735	-2.97811333	3.77120233	h	1.000	0
-4.53326927	-1.03314951	-1.99349752	h	1.000	0
-3.69421302	3.72044524	1.18092661	h	1.000	0
-6.58551677	2.83199584	-0.27741447	h	1.000	0
-3.94483231	3.61973533	-2.15701817	h	1.000	0
-0.98201272	-1.54278711	-4.53266180	h	1.000	0
3.65200605	-1.71013753	-5.07416072	h	1.000	0
8.36070316	2.07308813	0.74239764	h	1.000	0
10.51733310	-0.15276935	-0.56846014	h	1.000	0
8.36830993	-1.11907763	1.83417113	h	1.000	0
4.59852973	0.88020485	2.54400037	h	1.000	0
0.01270932	1.05787142	3.04996634	h	1.000	0

(*E*)-1,3-Bis(4-methoxyphenyl)allylium (MAA* = 315.5 kJ/mol, E = -1.45):

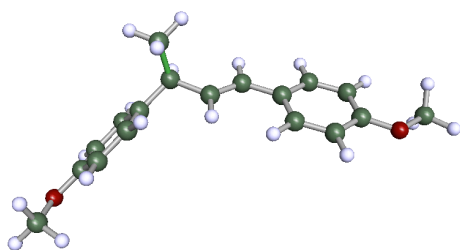


Total Energy = -807.68363941692 hartree
 Enthalpy Correction = 0.319035 hartree
 Entropy = 0.000209 hartree/K
 LUMO Energy = -0.1320 hartree

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
-11.77915526	-3.64500082	-2.13153169	c	6.000	0
-11.23565226	-1.37586796	-0.78747001	o	8.000	0
-8.84322125	-0.71076265	-0.44850891	c	6.000	0
-6.77653688	-2.10537895	-1.33830644	c	6.000	0
-4.37438488	-1.23571093	-0.87283873	c	6.000	0
-3.93907515	1.01798241	0.47406296	c	6.000	0
-1.41951695	1.79072641	0.88719585	c	6.000	0
-0.61272241	3.92232301	2.15831612	c	6.000	0
1.94457920	4.38503352	2.39407658	c	6.000	0
3.10714224	6.44720246	3.62517335	c	6.000	0
1.73262971	8.39042866	4.82124578	c	6.000	0
2.93685924	10.35729174	6.00414679	c	6.000	0
5.58990795	10.44202478	6.02877591	c	6.000	0
6.91690701	12.26198957	7.12869963	o	8.000	0
5.61216118	14.26320177	8.37152555	c	6.000	0
6.99729264	8.52924399	4.84478679	c	6.000	0
5.77383714	6.57864631	3.67139737	c	6.000	0
-6.05732421	2.39351768	1.35021133	c	6.000	0
-8.45328012	1.55014793	0.89954951	c	6.000	0
-13.82690616	-3.79398322	-2.16544690	h	1.000	0
-10.97435020	-5.27682365	-1.15900338	h	1.000	0
-11.05281684	-3.53962093	-4.05949339	h	1.000	0
-7.04733127	-3.84284492	-2.37734787	h	1.000	0
-2.76581358	-2.30548517	-1.55593450	h	1.000	0
0.03782696	0.56302396	0.11712597	h	1.000	0
-1.97551089	5.21838672	2.96621867	h	1.000	0
3.21558925	3.01217758	1.54254091	h	1.000	0
-0.31323152	8.35115167	4.82020514	h	1.000	0
1.83641961	11.82283697	6.90600281	h	1.000	0
4.43499526	15.30533701	7.03570991	h	1.000	0
7.07273961	15.49653650	9.12158217	h	1.000	0
4.45574345	13.53050055	9.91518523	h	1.000	0
9.04040487	8.63806066	4.88707263	h	1.000	0
6.85606763	5.09829194	2.75712823	h	1.000	0
-5.79568996	4.13532012	2.39147897	h	1.000	0
-10.08817287	2.58832358	1.56153776	h	1.000	0

(*E*)-1,3-Bis(4-methoxyphenyl)allylium Product:

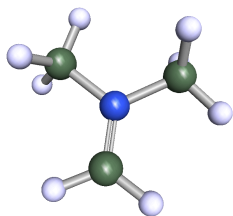
The CH₃-C-C-C Torsion Angle was constrained to 270°.



Total Energy = -847.73531040232 hartree
 Enthalpy Correction = 0.357995 hartree
 Entropy = 0.000227 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
2.05283840	-5.11160773	3.59556154	c	6.000	0
2.31573975	-4.35065090	0.81287810	c	6.000	0
4.43882935	-2.48951409	0.39997860	c	6.000	0
4.45504560	-0.13709541	1.56868377	c	6.000	0
6.39569029	1.58888083	1.18105668	c	6.000	0
8.39098055	0.96353858	-0.41531579	c	6.000	0
10.37121832	2.50573116	-0.91897388	o	8.000	0
10.40351359	4.90915775	0.25303977	c	6.000	0
8.40750692	-1.38701339	-1.60139514	c	6.000	0
6.45309953	-3.07505803	-1.19202596	c	6.000	0
-0.14930367	-3.36090499	-0.18864606	c	6.000	0
-1.91049800	-4.80697702	-1.26476372	c	6.000	0
-4.39636559	-4.01513629	-2.17057984	c	6.000	0
-5.33979372	-1.55629905	-1.88112261	c	6.000	0
-7.69237164	-0.89480788	-2.77796121	c	6.000	0
-9.20702077	-2.67846601	-4.00365571	c	6.000	0
-11.48346301	-1.85520463	-4.81778745	o	8.000	0
-13.07155577	-3.61403326	-6.06045367	c	6.000	0
-8.31831627	-5.13176659	-4.30617508	c	6.000	0
-5.94047471	-5.76435189	-3.39038935	c	6.000	0
0.60818087	-6.57034809	3.79946079	h	1.000	0
1.50001873	-3.49796679	4.76123106	h	1.000	0
3.84399859	-5.84319386	4.31771821	h	1.000	0
2.78218929	-6.06653095	-0.24685525	h	1.000	0
2.92108588	0.39306794	2.82244021	h	1.000	0
6.33046941	3.39990915	2.12731874	h	1.000	0
12.12219039	5.83708244	-0.38996486	h	1.000	0
8.76401264	6.03767766	-0.30631399	h	1.000	0
10.44567272	4.73776416	2.31285083	h	1.000	0
9.96666144	-1.86366263	-2.84227846	h	1.000	0
6.49344419	-4.89635197	-2.13497970	h	1.000	0
-0.50867813	-1.36092026	0.12673728	h	1.000	0
-1.48593321	-6.80215066	-1.54478917	h	1.000	0
-4.21630447	-0.13085264	-0.93130142	h	1.000	0
-8.40548551	1.01144723	-2.54303551	h	1.000	0
-14.78598292	-2.59021356	-6.55022174	h	1.000	0
-12.18421820	-4.33435986	-7.78256508	h	1.000	0
-13.54674966	-5.19721817	-4.81930543	h	1.000	0
-9.44575160	-6.55691032	-5.24229698	h	1.000	0
-5.26660619	-7.68545454	-3.63934647	h	1.000	0

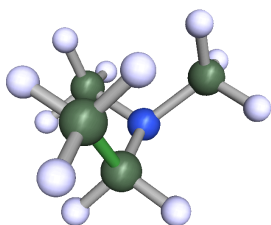
N-Methyl-*N*-methylenemethanaminium (MAA* = 295.0 kJ/mol, E = -6.69):



Total Energy = -173.56548862941 hartree
 Enthalpy Correction = 0.116798 hartree
 Entropy = 0.000107 hartree/K
 LUMO Energy = -0.0804 hartree

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
1.49175403	2.33970533	-0.09706876	c	6.000	0
0.21951911	0.31359820	-0.01583132	n	7.000	0
1.38107744	-2.15903920	-0.32879200	c	6.000	0
-2.52067213	0.34892239	0.40173238	c	6.000	0
0.53940672	4.13570170	0.14635241	h	1.000	0
3.51190936	2.25463559	-0.40854570	h	1.000	0
1.00743029	-3.26800823	1.36629021	h	1.000	0
3.40143936	-1.94302192	-0.62113296	h	1.000	0
0.50724810	-3.08257320	-1.94920001	h	1.000	0
-3.41698366	1.40879927	-1.11540733	h	1.000	0
-3.21054146	-1.58312667	0.40549101	h	1.000	0
-2.91158717	1.23440676	2.21611207	h	1.000	0

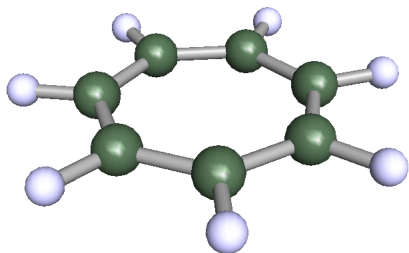
N-Methyl-*N*-methylenemethanaminium Product:



Total Energy = -213.61059106097 hartree
 Enthalpy Correction = 0.156702 hartree
 Entropy = 0.000124 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
-2.17906186	1.47804084	1.24884502	c	6.000	0
-0.96197623	-0.13190031	-0.59339911	n	7.000	0
-2.54998087	-2.24812578	-1.27797787	c	6.000	0
1.58347926	-0.87934998	0.13613929	c	6.000	0
1.83489761	-2.51769627	2.49478928	c	6.000	0
-2.64666251	0.50268500	3.03003721	h	1.000	0
-3.94274019	2.21400629	0.46492671	h	1.000	0
-0.95407853	3.07872707	1.69887165	h	1.000	0
-4.31407065	-1.55122709	-2.09625936	h	1.000	0
-1.59576112	-3.41097844	-2.69295370	h	1.000	0
-3.04856003	-3.47254161	0.33254881	h	1.000	0
2.68329240	0.85423940	0.39609702	h	1.000	0
2.41755734	-1.87810830	-1.47290412	h	1.000	0
0.84286915	-4.31633974	2.28921567	h	1.000	0
3.82760691	-2.93738150	2.83635611	h	1.000	0
1.09907849	-1.56563375	4.17205287	h	1.000	0

Cyclohepta-2,4,6-trien-1-ylum (MAA* = 291.9 kJ/mol, E = -3.72):



Total Energy = -270.52683931791 hartree

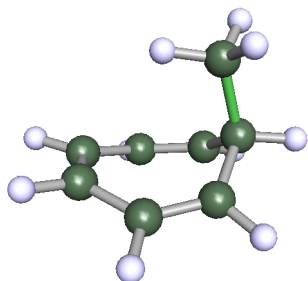
Enthalpy Correction = 0.126613 hartree

Entropy = 0.000119 hartree/K

LUMO Energy = -0.1182 hartree

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
-1.65258992	2.53025967	-0.01783135	c	6.000	0
0.94705299	2.86855797	-0.08934966	c	6.000	0
2.83361777	1.04684221	-0.09343380	c	6.000	0
2.58646204	-1.56321583	-0.02683770	c	6.000	0
0.39164279	-2.99625616	0.05959910	c	6.000	0
-2.09824462	-2.17299571	0.10134065	c	6.000	0
-3.00800853	0.28666487	0.06684873	c	6.000	0
-2.77297184	4.24613048	-0.02965930	h	1.000	0
1.58937431	4.81364483	-0.15011265	h	1.000	0
4.75505270	1.75670465	-0.15689268	h	1.000	0
4.34029609	-2.62325272	-0.04516087	h	1.000	0
0.65707173	-5.02797344	0.09967762	h	1.000	0
-3.52100445	-3.64631280	0.16967055	h	1.000	0
-5.04775106	0.48120198	0.11214136	h	1.000	0

Cyclohepta-2,4,6-trien-1-ylum Product:



Total Energy = -310.57018122791 hartree

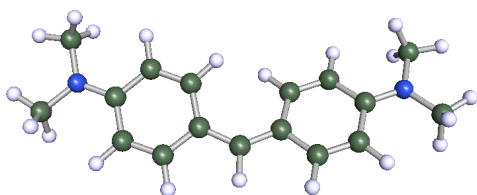
Enthalpy Correction = 0.164746 hartree

Entropy = 0.000132 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
-3.47865847	-0.30342970	0.94511364	h	1.000	0
-1.42602424	-0.09098205	0.97887469	c	6.000	0
-0.77376991	2.23524840	-0.51188099	c	6.000	0
1.59187990	3.04470459	-0.97708009	c	6.000	0
3.90074887	1.70141853	-0.49584469	c	6.000	0
4.16288135	-0.84574204	-0.42094207	c	6.000	0

2.17848647	-2.65607431	-0.80924179	c	6.000	0
-0.30501259	-2.31836380	-0.37819343	c	6.000	0
-0.61184022	0.07421852	3.74399235	c	6.000	0
-2.33849416	3.37437922	-1.19848107	h	1.000	0
1.80282786	4.88592665	-1.86566084	h	1.000	0
5.61470251	2.82915266	-0.42299488	h	1.000	0
6.07006493	-1.59504905	-0.29262466	h	1.000	0
2.76465613	-4.46446134	-1.59032668	h	1.000	0
-1.60143250	-3.78956097	-0.98836920	h	1.000	0
1.43176732	0.28894893	3.90879599	h	1.000	0
-1.51294701	1.69313955	4.65612695	h	1.000	0
-1.17009809	-1.63816682	4.75467596	h	1.000	0

Bis(4-(dimethylamino)phenyl)methylium (MAA* = 287.6 kJ/mol, E = -7.02):



Total Energy = -769.18852229257 hartree

Enthalpy Correction = 0.367588 hartree

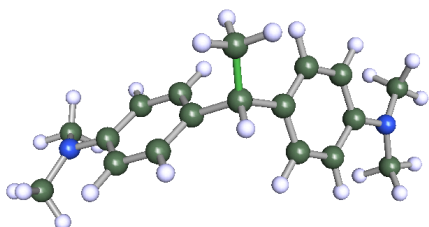
Entropy = 0.000221 hartree/K

LUMO Energy = -0.1110 hartree

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
-11.92847137	-0.43457495	-0.97953426	c	6.000	0
-9.83395001	1.02814810	0.00978595	n	7.000	0
-10.35405443	3.45141961	1.17777054	c	6.000	0
-7.47568337	0.13367936	-0.10957797	c	6.000	0
-5.41333591	1.50958196	0.93801610	c	6.000	0
-3.00119599	0.62781313	0.76571361	c	6.000	0
-2.43284714	-1.69653405	-0.44495802	c	6.000	0
-0.01871904	-2.73820727	-0.75478846	c	6.000	0
2.40850506	-1.72748474	-0.44361544	c	6.000	0
4.47604890	-3.43693432	-0.48125140	c	6.000	0
6.90847390	-2.67206955	-0.12049570	c	6.000	0
7.47563561	-0.07389939	0.25607872	c	6.000	0
9.84629472	0.71101294	0.63117114	n	7.000	0
10.39984809	3.37099965	0.98911489	c	6.000	0
11.92081940	-1.07804291	0.62961472	c	6.000	0
5.43117921	1.67419146	0.16612905	c	6.000	0
3.00749748	0.87128175	-0.16165719	c	6.000	0
-4.51902022	-3.11253338	-1.36196995	c	6.000	0
-6.94023821	-2.24481032	-1.23675743	c	6.000	0
-13.66281771	0.63265792	-0.72311765	h	1.000	0
-12.11459486	-2.23715087	0.01250806	h	1.000	0
-11.68484696	-0.81060372	-2.99568520	h	1.000	0
-9.27222932	4.95769577	0.27110327	h	1.000	0
-12.35206765	3.87173942	0.96878268	h	1.000	0
-9.89707665	3.42693073	3.19300203	h	1.000	0
-5.75712768	3.26182523	1.92909903	h	1.000	0
-1.52004708	1.69953757	1.67685073	h	1.000	0

-0.03108471	-4.70574938	-1.35281760	h	1.000	0
4.08856135	-5.42952320	-0.76653435	h	1.000	0
8.40617837	-4.05980826	-0.13358047	h	1.000	0
12.40540948	3.58421340	1.37006988	h	1.000	0
9.34636804	4.13810204	2.59012569	h	1.000	0
9.93426217	4.46795496	-0.69918029	h	1.000	0
11.66906707	-2.50726444	2.09915428	h	1.000	0
12.08620928	-2.02889631	-1.19721042	h	1.000	0
13.66878148	-0.06780184	0.99865990	h	1.000	0
5.79744112	3.67784154	0.31369216	h	1.000	0
1.54049889	2.28484552	-0.31131303	h	1.000	0
-4.15479836	-4.93271941	-2.23177615	h	1.000	0
-8.45287292	-3.38686378	-1.99631859	h	1.000	0

Bis(4-(dimethylamino)phenyl)methylium Product:



Total Energy = -809.23126420363 hartree

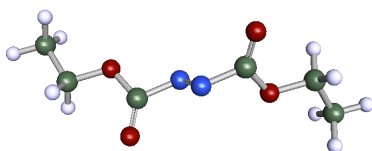
Enthalpy Correction = 0.406493 hartree

Entropy = 0.000233 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
9.97656085	-1.21618966	-3.74073749	c	6.000	0
8.88288199	-1.84946118	-1.32440618	n	7.000	0
9.25950841	-4.39822856	-0.42910058	c	6.000	0
6.77956818	-0.53962197	-0.52594320	c	6.000	0
5.32204649	-1.37602603	1.53586160	c	6.000	0
3.25978098	-0.00618145	2.36627386	c	6.000	0
2.50563860	2.24045297	1.21733802	c	6.000	0
0.18421367	3.60583745	2.18010358	c	6.000	0
-0.00694303	6.34026487	1.28828514	c	6.000	0
-2.20254184	2.16517731	1.54209030	c	6.000	0
-2.76130172	1.45493121	-0.92842312	c	6.000	0
-4.95842382	0.17626986	-1.53882060	c	6.000	0
-6.74483573	-0.45187302	0.32914488	c	6.000	0
-8.97160505	-1.66219035	-0.27069286	n	7.000	0
-9.22244848	-2.80289821	-2.73564876	c	6.000	0
-10.45198311	-2.74942514	1.74549570	c	6.000	0
-6.15876161	0.22397344	2.82773459	c	6.000	0
-3.94582621	1.51043757	3.39209553	c	6.000	0
3.92844387	3.05043470	-0.83406371	c	6.000	0
6.00372678	1.70454508	-1.70681225	c	6.000	0
8.65967217	-1.51263206	-5.32012881	h	1.000	0
10.59136250	0.75400834	-3.78343162	h	1.000	0
11.63636325	-2.39204327	-4.04964349	h	1.000	0
9.42050788	-4.44798976	1.62830205	h	1.000	0
7.72166590	-5.68032386	-0.98489811	h	1.000	0
11.02054094	-5.12193090	-1.20708506	h	1.000	0

5.80356704	-3.11002081	2.50614709	h	1.000	0
2.18419616	-0.72356496	3.96138139	h	1.000	0
0.31732965	3.63614061	4.24644274	h	1.000	0
-1.62454441	7.25777205	2.18170577	h	1.000	0
1.69558725	7.40687062	1.76854146	h	1.000	0
-0.28065922	6.44969948	-0.75596763	h	1.000	0
-1.42751977	1.88401285	-2.42786265	h	1.000	0
-5.27920755	-0.34503806	-3.48914023	h	1.000	0
-11.10363734	-3.61898959	-2.90178918	h	1.000	0
-7.82504617	-4.30303879	-3.07277914	h	1.000	0
-9.02037884	-1.39402583	-4.23049638	h	1.000	0
-12.15432738	-3.58336592	0.94632768	h	1.000	0
-11.04047416	-1.30444347	3.09717475	h	1.000	0
-9.42622236	-4.22540448	2.78801861	h	1.000	0
-7.43040165	-0.25539126	4.35439193	h	1.000	0
-3.56653122	2.00271929	5.34872968	h	1.000	0
3.42549167	4.77903762	-1.81284099	h	1.000	0
7.02496642	2.42771328	-3.32293200	h	1.000	0

Diethyl (E)-diazene-1,2-dicarboxylate (MAA* = 281.9 kJ/mol, E = -10.55):



Total Energy = -644.58901949964 hartree

Enthalpy Correction = 0.186167 hartree

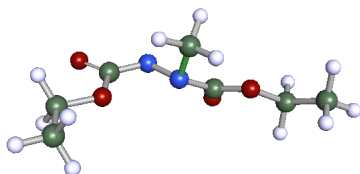
Entropy = 0.000186 hartree/K

LUMO Energy = -0.0985 hartree

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
4.41353304	-0.42894445	3.33920973	o	8.000	0
3.28298201	-2.18708378	2.46404783	c	6.000	0
4.16495531	-4.32983246	1.62760059	o	8.000	0
6.88638210	-4.67675019	1.78728479	c	6.000	0
7.46974624	-7.27480747	0.81199599	c	6.000	0
0.56441650	-2.17922068	2.40234606	n	7.000	0
-0.29518844	-1.77538696	0.28814150	n	7.000	0
-3.03295840	-1.77538350	0.26728378	c	6.000	0
-3.80070361	0.30943448	-0.80401572	o	8.000	0
-6.51506470	0.61219615	-1.06616585	c	6.000	0
-6.97568001	3.06083127	-2.42049400	c	6.000	0
-4.27325787	-3.52058659	1.00522291	o	8.000	0
7.43691621	-4.43480165	3.75890813	h	1.000	0
7.77421700	-3.19897997	0.65802394	h	1.000	0
6.86722056	-7.48168860	-1.14954744	h	1.000	0
9.50812803	-7.57829113	0.90088872	h	1.000	0
6.54671380	-8.72105241	1.95611214	h	1.000	0
-7.33746472	0.59694073	0.82424277	h	1.000	0
-7.22958829	-1.01105099	-2.11666730	h	1.000	0
-6.21579567	4.65391863	-1.35371965	h	1.000	0
-9.00930902	3.33300449	-2.63366245	h	1.000	0
-6.12267039	3.04012354	-4.29781252	h	1.000	0

Diethyl (E)-diazene-1,2-dicarboxylate Product:

The CH₃-N-N-C Torsion Angle was constrained to 270°. The O=C-N-N-C=O Torsion Angle was constrained to 141.75°.



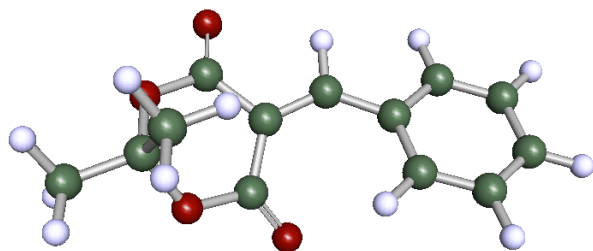
Total Energy = -684.63331789674 hartree

Enthalpy Correction = 0.226984 hartree

Entropy = 0.000192 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
-4.49281164	-2.01964540	0.03843142	o	8.000	0
-3.26562892	-0.16132580	0.60128739	c	6.000	0
-4.24470067	1.75995714	1.92966106	o	8.000	0
-6.86267517	1.53530976	2.58353098	c	6.000	0
-7.57749675	3.85528742	4.06298551	c	6.000	0
-0.80784846	0.29967039	-0.15149617	n	7.000	0
0.57022275	1.75707939	1.78036663	c	6.000	0
0.46630867	-2.02402864	-0.60386445	n	7.000	0
2.17735766	-1.88503909	-2.40887483	c	6.000	0
2.44701287	0.39502765	-3.61038566	o	8.000	0
4.35631356	0.52565861	-5.49647734	c	6.000	0
4.41684393	3.19640519	-6.48391688	c	6.000	0
3.55264535	-3.68787230	-3.03991133	o	8.000	0
-7.13278996	-0.18539772	3.69021768	h	1.000	0
-7.97342205	1.36346832	0.85201734	h	1.000	0
-6.45238776	4.00800756	5.78574031	h	1.000	0
-9.56759581	3.74217778	4.59610773	h	1.000	0
-7.30331561	5.56427711	2.93953164	h	1.000	0
0.70782501	0.68649151	3.54441091	h	1.000	0
-0.34336543	3.56295195	2.13099487	h	1.000	0
2.46374779	2.10974039	1.05514260	h	1.000	0
3.93807434	-0.81828013	-7.01066807	h	1.000	0
6.17888765	-0.00763726	-4.68177508	h	1.000	0
4.85827823	4.53100038	-4.97221318	h	1.000	0
2.59877489	3.72196775	-7.30898373	h	1.000	0
5.86427922	3.37121060	-7.94534680	h	1.000	0

5-Benzylidene-2,2-dimethyl-1,3-dioxane-4,6-dione (MAA* = 273.0 kJ/mol, E = -9.15):



Total Energy = -802.96472014913 hartree

Enthalpy Correction = 0.243144 hartree

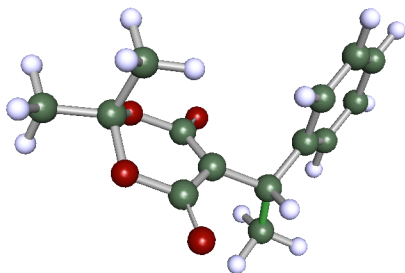
Entropy = 0.000191 hartree/K

LUMO Energy = -0.1005 hartree

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
-2.01880802	2.59784297	-5.27612547	o	8.000	0
-2.50767005	1.20371022	-3.54123716	c	6.000	0
-4.92867579	0.62025162	-3.08148646	o	8.000	0
-5.56396860	-0.55002200	-0.72994581	c	6.000	0
-8.16870770	-1.63526257	-1.05349840	c	6.000	0
-5.37813163	1.33176836	1.41025788	c	6.000	0
-3.91437829	-2.64472950	-0.30078729	o	8.000	0
-0.61706228	-0.00905739	-1.87734055	c	6.000	0
-1.41273170	-2.33600109	-0.57685041	c	6.000	0
-0.03240785	-4.02283833	0.08181150	o	8.000	0
1.72373165	1.02209758	-1.88881928	c	6.000	0
3.99493739	0.53889947	-0.45470273	c	6.000	0
4.08549989	-0.71742741	1.87414353	c	6.000	0
6.35995041	-1.00981481	3.12172127	c	6.000	0
8.58597720	-0.09128719	2.06462254	c	6.000	0
8.52445662	1.17921155	-0.22972214	c	6.000	0
6.24187302	1.52625958	-1.45554260	c	6.000	0
-8.18284154	-2.97080642	-2.62197139	h	1.000	0
-9.50527273	-0.11596513	-1.43477117	h	1.000	0
-8.72953861	-2.60318207	0.67547256	h	1.000	0
-5.89498489	0.40732726	3.17675612	h	1.000	0
-6.67887573	2.89065909	1.06375881	h	1.000	0
-3.46872335	2.08861527	1.59052666	h	1.000	0
1.91622859	2.56560304	-3.23198539	h	1.000	0
2.37525555	-1.43940279	2.72057787	h	1.000	0
6.40537303	-1.96175074	4.93405676	h	1.000	0
10.36505639	-0.34689267	3.04706976	h	1.000	0
10.24847067	1.92311015	-1.04584029	h	1.000	0
6.17596835	2.55908396	-3.22455056	h	1.000	0

5-Benzylidene-2,2-dimethyl-1,3-dioxane-4,6-dione Product:

The CH₃-CH-C-C(=O) Torsion Angle was constrained to 90°.



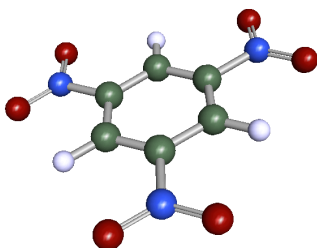
Total Energy = -843.00331700391 hartree

Enthalpy Correction = 0.282846 hartree

Entropy = 0.000201 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
-2.13596216	1.90292180	4.80595511	o	8.000	0
-2.46677238	1.13277766	2.63250799	c	6.000	0
-4.80593315	1.65430721	1.61394719	o	8.000	0
-5.02568343	1.52359980	-1.05432244	c	6.000	0
-3.71582032	3.75984441	-2.28795388	c	6.000	0
-7.81375745	1.45355941	-1.64056947	c	6.000	0
-3.99403160	-0.78137786	-1.94872128	o	8.000	0
-0.76965534	-0.25746110	1.14072943	c	6.000	0
-1.63057709	-1.44878307	-1.07363642	c	6.000	0
-0.54474990	-3.09305198	-2.30191918	o	8.000	0
1.78386628	-0.91539686	2.22015978	c	6.000	0
1.75627831	-3.43809978	3.61127596	c	6.000	0
3.87898333	-0.63225012	0.29376754	c	6.000	0
5.55154770	-2.56453919	-0.31446695	c	6.000	0
7.47647716	-2.19125835	-2.06457064	c	6.000	0
7.76856139	0.13313626	-3.23857028	c	6.000	0
6.11289417	2.08575807	-2.64276171	c	6.000	0
4.19784670	1.69695637	-0.90043505	c	6.000	0
-1.70453098	3.76743845	-1.84422545	h	1.000	0
-4.56088444	5.51466314	-1.61349464	h	1.000	0
-3.95166152	3.65259797	-4.33307637	h	1.000	0
-8.71626558	3.17655204	-0.96028104	h	1.000	0
-8.67951127	-0.17532666	-0.72090369	h	1.000	0
-8.09755170	1.31314590	-3.67679339	h	1.000	0
2.14498376	0.53831660	3.65182409	h	1.000	0
0.29408749	-3.39159199	5.06632607	h	1.000	0
1.32889782	-4.99167316	2.32029173	h	1.000	0
3.56404234	-3.83508438	4.53208523	h	1.000	0
5.35273617	-4.40098953	0.56837783	h	1.000	0
8.75191068	-3.73305126	-2.51165718	h	1.000	0
9.26992597	0.42710918	-4.60175840	h	1.000	0
6.32100422	3.91817828	-3.53840935	h	1.000	0
2.90493699	3.22464515	-0.44960927	h	1.000	0

1,3,5-Trinitrobenzene (MAA* = 271.8 kJ/mol, E = -13.19):



Total Energy = -845.22685615130 hartree

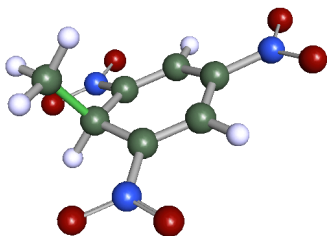
Enthalpy Correction = 0.122116 hartree

Entropy = 0.000175 hartree/K

LUMO Energy = -0.1183 hartree

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
4.20668172	-5.14659335	-0.92890011	o	8.000	0
4.44370425	-2.93939450	-0.37858016	n	7.000	0
2.14026222	-1.41603525	-0.18178511	c	6.000	0
-0.15991896	-2.56359421	-0.62948306	c	6.000	0
-2.29566024	-1.07797354	-0.42984651	c	6.000	0
-4.76609981	-2.23772383	-0.89510754	n	7.000	0
-6.61239090	-0.90027124	-0.71152483	o	8.000	0
-4.80516129	-4.45990796	-1.43479368	o	8.000	0
-2.19997898	1.45515336	0.18866510	c	6.000	0
0.15559583	2.49372180	0.61414285	c	6.000	0
0.32241104	5.17751010	1.27301204	n	7.000	0
2.40590950	6.04825223	1.63668610	o	8.000	0
-1.63326028	6.35509950	1.41184802	o	8.000	0
2.35991346	1.10779161	0.44336023	c	6.000	0
6.43858740	-1.89464592	0.02143039	o	8.000	0
-0.28451368	-4.54202233	-1.11670563	h	1.000	0
-3.89823313	2.57847624	0.33337784	h	1.000	0
4.18215185	1.96215730	0.78420404	h	1.000	0

1,3,5-Trinitrobenzene Product:



Total Energy = -885.26550198642 hartree

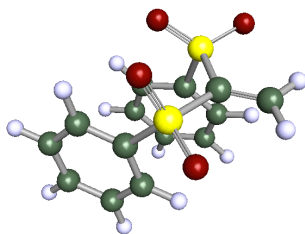
Enthalpy Correction = 0.162018 hartree

Entropy = 0.000184 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
-3.74544171	-1.69482467	0.45138823	c	6.000	0
-1.73381215	-0.40637338	-1.19815564	c	6.000	0
-1.07954269	2.16629754	-0.18872893	c	6.000	0

-2.82049157	4.14371450	-0.63705104	n	7.000	0
-4.68410210	3.66700487	-1.94120409	o	8.000	0
-2.44763514	6.25608419	0.25786151	o	8.000	0
1.01719228	2.67654709	1.19271709	c	6.000	0
2.88572059	0.81316015	1.48530602	c	6.000	0
5.02028458	1.31107480	2.96663820	n	7.000	0
5.17765201	3.35384227	4.07843185	o	8.000	0
6.68635858	-0.31112709	3.13314865	o	8.000	0
2.74403587	-1.44134510	0.09042310	c	6.000	0
0.64836156	-1.94856743	-1.29407270	c	6.000	0
0.65104745	-4.11330011	-2.86063311	n	7.000	0
-1.24447669	-4.52077702	-4.14282426	o	8.000	0
2.50472389	-5.51378896	-2.91862137	o	8.000	0
-4.20646636	-3.55686559	-0.30253529	h	1.000	0
-5.46827308	-0.56515369	0.49617848	h	1.000	0
-3.04504410	-1.91525039	2.38019085	h	1.000	0
-2.48595759	-0.20995459	-3.10903633	h	1.000	0
1.29170146	4.53102696	2.00110733	h	1.000	0
4.33416490	-2.72142435	0.05947146	h	1.000	0

(Ethene-1,1-diyl-disulfonyl)dibenzene (MAA* = 271.0 kJ/mol, E = -7.5):



Total Energy = -1637.11226542889 hartree

Enthalpy Correction = 0.256055 hartree

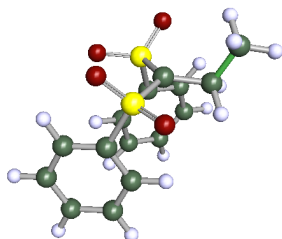
Entropy = 0.000214 hartree/K

LUMO Energy = -0.0786 hartree

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
-0.77969302	-6.01573822	2.77676696	c	6.000	0
-0.36043065	-4.66194261	0.71208884	c	6.000	0
-2.94816660	-3.36754474	-0.99245125	s	16.000	0
-2.35667860	-3.44164804	-3.64335427	o	8.000	0
-3.07203515	-0.20175329	-0.00498883	c	6.000	0
-2.70269793	1.69805367	-1.77037118	c	6.000	0
-2.86174822	4.19275768	-0.98606721	c	6.000	0
-3.36163208	4.75140179	1.52545717	c	6.000	0
-3.72263997	2.82474940	3.27569201	c	6.000	0
-3.58792350	0.32719859	2.51669252	c	6.000	0
-5.17292626	-4.64554743	-0.08316241	o	8.000	0
2.79008494	-4.29753055	-0.40977894	s	16.000	0
4.40515399	-5.09043886	1.63346173	o	8.000	0
3.16414346	-1.04492018	-0.88119956	c	6.000	0
3.26239309	0.53288234	1.21863725	c	6.000	0
3.58642563	3.09892287	0.84497070	c	6.000	0
3.82796202	4.05113971	-1.59178055	c	6.000	0
3.73141643	2.45213902	-3.66789800	c	6.000	0
3.38097160	-0.12126050	-3.32503214	c	6.000	0
2.98858948	-5.57459449	-2.80090140	o	8.000	0
0.78211291	-6.79754393	3.84578766	h	1.000	0

-2.69075222	-6.37810401	3.41694090	h	1.000	0
-2.29424909	1.22385545	-3.71642092	h	1.000	0
-2.57619813	5.69998030	-2.34090510	h	1.000	0
-3.46525616	6.70467582	2.13149731	h	1.000	0
-4.11173191	3.27073346	5.23509720	h	1.000	0
-3.87602559	-1.18445470	3.86742255	h	1.000	0
3.09164685	-0.23591046	3.10829424	h	1.000	0
3.65429147	4.35957467	2.45544712	h	1.000	0
4.08421829	6.06356292	-1.87161704	h	1.000	0
3.91472891	3.20767108	-5.56131815	h	1.000	0
3.27664600	-1.40036675	-4.91700721	h	1.000	0

(Ethene-1,1-diyldisulfonyl)dibenzene Product:



Total Energy = -1677.14969404506 hartree

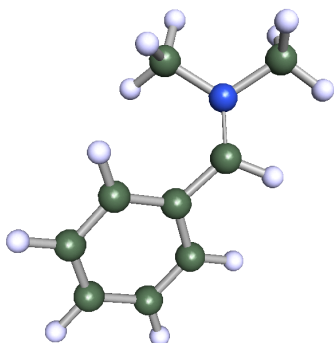
Enthalpy Correction = 0.296543 hartree

Entropy = 0.000228 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
1.34363294	8.42409116	-0.41214353	c	6.000	0
0.21955220	6.36233206	1.25050234	c	6.000	0
0.56220156	3.72559905	0.22313284	c	6.000	0
-1.81016249	2.29541041	-1.34144850	s	16.000	0
-0.97072585	0.88070215	-3.53562747	o	8.000	0
-3.25436814	0.02339586	0.66133891	c	6.000	0
-2.95843309	-2.53946621	0.19943586	c	6.000	0
-4.01960803	-4.27844605	1.85402894	c	6.000	0
-5.36706831	-3.45325332	3.94747635	c	6.000	0
-5.65927349	-0.88051632	4.39396224	c	6.000	0
-4.59746520	0.86347021	2.75805593	c	6.000	0
-3.72205789	4.21991690	-1.80180488	o	8.000	0
3.01858918	2.03798042	1.30334799	s	16.000	0
5.30605404	3.55911339	1.19958797	o	8.000	0
2.51748520	1.50800539	4.58358414	c	6.000	0
1.12025036	-0.57761475	5.35849314	c	6.000	0
0.63306142	-0.93297101	7.90645239	c	6.000	0
1.53055035	0.78584011	9.67662236	c	6.000	0
2.93537238	2.85999854	8.89492707	c	6.000	0
3.43815868	3.22497002	6.34721098	c	6.000	0
3.09903578	-0.43882128	0.12943798	o	8.000	0
3.36625936	8.11129836	-0.67930845	h	1.000	0
1.08048921	10.29342599	0.43295024	h	1.000	0
0.44279534	8.42101999	-2.26996812	h	1.000	0
1.05863461	6.47338112	3.14100047	h	1.000	0
-1.79723942	6.71566985	1.51335373	h	1.000	0
-1.88935336	-3.14946292	-1.43318256	h	1.000	0
-3.78881553	-6.28375854	1.50492833	h	1.000	0
-6.19015118	-4.81484481	5.23738624	h	1.000	0

-6.70598181	-0.23337601	6.03104584	h	1.000	0
-4.79955267	2.87127336	3.10773084	h	1.000	0
0.42687440	-1.91194213	3.97232184	h	1.000	0
-0.45424238	-2.56011968	8.51126238	h	1.000	0
1.14424003	0.50216195	11.66826252	h	1.000	0
3.65539053	4.19390072	10.27275086	h	1.000	0
4.56800702	4.81342571	5.72538555	h	1.000	0

N-Benzylidene-*N*-methaniminium (MAA* = 265.1 kJ/mol, E = -9.27):



Total Energy = -404.44857561165 hartree

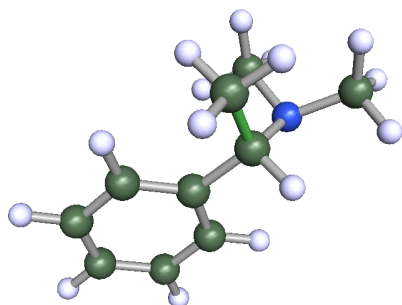
Enthalpy Correction = 0.204506 hartree

Entropy = 0.000147 hartree/K

LUMO Energy = -0.0942 hartree

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
-5.94489074	-0.39331037	-1.10309536	c	6.000	0
-3.42768290	-0.19339890	-0.00811293	n	7.000	0
-3.38451234	0.01295958	2.73226832	c	6.000	0
-1.46249752	-0.24694195	-1.43797139	c	6.000	0
1.16371198	0.01857190	-0.76404949	c	6.000	0
2.88191543	-1.08811140	-2.44886310	c	6.000	0
5.44849932	-0.97219880	-1.98417828	c	6.000	0
6.33179184	0.32082608	0.12246683	c	6.000	0
4.64766768	1.50207823	1.75624184	c	6.000	0
2.07457867	1.34969025	1.33548235	c	6.000	0
-7.03666190	1.26259648	-0.54272947	h	1.000	0
-5.81259069	-0.48617359	-3.15003839	h	1.000	0
-6.85714942	-2.08627305	-0.36411405	h	1.000	0
-5.00837357	-1.01466311	3.46336630	h	1.000	0
-3.53862469	1.99045564	3.29148728	h	1.000	0
-1.65572067	-0.80621573	3.47862562	h	1.000	0
-1.85523797	-0.57956938	-3.42372371	h	1.000	0
2.17836087	-2.05942091	-4.10986121	h	1.000	0
6.76238306	-1.86392129	-3.27529377	h	1.000	0
8.34531586	0.43801933	0.47791418	h	1.000	0
5.34728012	2.55752812	3.36424303	h	1.000	0
0.80243758	2.33747288	2.58993539	h	1.000	0

N-Benzylidene-*N*-methylmethanaminium Product:



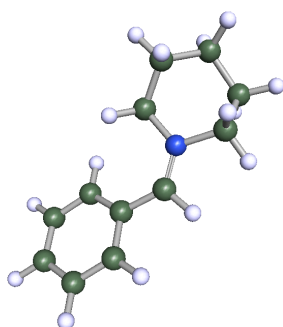
Total Energy = -444.48180844006 hartree

Enthalpy Correction = 0.242743 hartree

Entropy = 0.00016 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
-3.12503067	-1.04209236	-2.72230666	c	6.000	0
-3.29592035	0.06304200	-0.22932271	n	7.000	0
-5.86945670	0.09019924	0.67987389	c	6.000	0
-1.50966901	-1.00519444	1.59503615	c	6.000	0
-1.82423534	-3.82774646	2.08076825	c	6.000	0
1.15483152	-0.24568696	0.86342929	c	6.000	0
3.08450898	-1.97854279	0.45046089	c	6.000	0
5.49961288	-1.17609392	-0.21147950	c	6.000	0
6.01911513	1.37816827	-0.46201426	c	6.000	0
4.10418895	3.13083700	-0.04631541	c	6.000	0
1.70270600	2.31965320	0.60551629	c	6.000	0
-1.16777818	-1.01420814	-3.37506820	h	1.000	0
-3.80977306	-3.00739429	-2.80857230	h	1.000	0
-4.25988057	0.07076861	-4.04079298	h	1.000	0
-5.94587893	0.98286848	2.54008793	h	1.000	0
-6.72683529	-1.80323340	0.83461038	h	1.000	0
-7.04132999	1.19264529	-0.61577414	h	1.000	0
-1.92214032	-0.03042271	3.37821186	h	1.000	0
-3.76043921	-4.24266633	2.65694324	h	1.000	0
-1.40001705	-4.95964304	0.40808792	h	1.000	0
-0.57476377	-4.44674650	3.60165254	h	1.000	0
2.72320317	-3.98485159	0.63683554	h	1.000	0
6.97539589	-2.56167738	-0.53171105	h	1.000	0
7.90092934	2.00593618	-0.97446206	h	1.000	0
4.49088077	5.13544330	-0.22852258	h	1.000	0
0.20306898	3.68357418	0.90905908	h	1.000	0

1-Benzylidenepiperidin-1-ium (MAA* = 262.5 kJ/mol, E = -9.6):



Total Energy = -521.09582350882 hartree

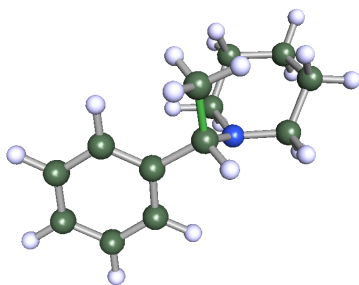
Enthalpy Correction = 0.272661 hartree

Entropy = 0.000163 hartree/K

LUMO Energy = -0.0940 hartree

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
-1.45211433	-0.53265352	-0.58318642	n	7.000	0
-1.64336195	0.39456634	2.02832126	c	6.000	0
-4.36933162	0.92948871	2.70584361	c	6.000	0
-5.99806578	-1.44869887	2.53959737	c	6.000	0
-5.15669057	-3.12485419	0.32920926	c	6.000	0
-3.79150110	-1.59004611	-1.66153480	c	6.000	0
0.55611262	-0.43076700	-1.94843435	c	6.000	0
3.04784985	0.48294695	-1.33652762	c	6.000	0
4.54830273	1.09514073	-3.43467590	c	6.000	0
6.96483129	2.02761857	-3.11334783	c	6.000	0
7.94400482	2.29269403	-0.69269490	c	6.000	0
6.50515312	1.61737897	1.39836632	c	6.000	0
4.06781833	0.72872245	1.09637755	c	6.000	0
-0.85763589	-1.05101246	3.27861504	h	1.000	0
-0.48536142	2.08971452	2.18240892	h	1.000	0
-4.39789409	1.71572294	4.61145344	h	1.000	0
-5.09361605	2.40226610	1.45194719	h	1.000	0
-5.86979594	-2.51569905	4.30111728	h	1.000	0
-7.97362741	-0.89926649	2.31137847	h	1.000	0
-3.89434435	-4.62496422	0.98060365	h	1.000	0
-6.76784873	-4.04924326	-0.56408791	h	1.000	0
-4.95464235	-0.00954514	-2.30620873	h	1.000	0
-3.27156978	-2.72280992	-3.29648243	h	1.000	0
0.30925296	-1.09457432	-3.87449691	h	1.000	0
3.78422097	0.84981603	-5.31962064	h	1.000	0
8.09428373	2.52491545	-4.74598066	h	1.000	0
9.84755798	3.00219649	-0.43259416	h	1.000	0
7.29295421	1.77851746	3.28056065	h	1.000	0
3.01505877	0.16242878	2.74891192	h	1.000	0

1-Benzylidenepiperidin-1-ium Product:



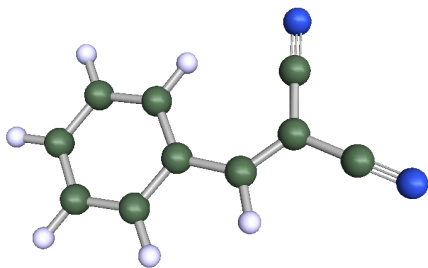
Total Energy = -561.12817880347 hartree

Enthalpy Correction = 0.310734 hartree

Entropy = 0.000175 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
1.61227330	-4.26983805	-2.98921287	c	6.000	0
1.01230394	-2.14345259	-1.13153675	c	6.000	0
3.28627878	-0.49123792	-0.54195297	c	6.000	0
3.08994251	1.24983234	1.42719194	c	6.000	0
5.09339112	2.80862898	2.06178743	c	6.000	0
7.34854936	2.66830404	0.71572191	c	6.000	0
7.56684528	0.95163362	-1.24898585	c	6.000	0
5.55026486	-0.62080540	-1.86598049	c	6.000	0
-1.12513555	-0.52833448	-1.74233430	n	7.000	0
-3.63388627	-1.52826553	-1.30660674	c	6.000	0
-4.86555823	-2.79763059	-3.58763909	c	6.000	0
-4.79565959	-1.03323777	-5.85814358	c	6.000	0
-2.10013240	-0.16846501	-6.36923589	c	6.000	0
-0.95745791	1.01582673	-3.99723719	c	6.000	0
3.16978531	-5.43012013	-2.28487773	h	1.000	0
-0.02860513	-5.49267644	-3.22447330	h	1.000	0
2.14518738	-3.54916669	-4.84736616	h	1.000	0
0.49323702	-3.05136849	0.65879187	h	1.000	0
1.32088873	1.37702849	2.45552394	h	1.000	0
4.90305222	4.13926116	3.60907077	h	1.000	0
8.91999929	3.88983928	1.20240303	h	1.000	0
9.31261769	0.82641818	-2.31540174	h	1.000	0
5.76659766	-1.95106644	-3.40663888	h	1.000	0
-4.86006015	0.05331266	-0.73852157	h	1.000	0
-3.55067148	-2.82577264	0.29873594	h	1.000	0
-3.88289843	-4.55950577	-4.04643175	h	1.000	0
-6.81520955	-3.29987373	-3.11264476	h	1.000	0
-5.59996539	-1.95049616	-7.52635313	h	1.000	0
-5.97557701	0.62667139	-5.45984512	h	1.000	0
-2.05789982	1.21711765	-7.90510929	h	1.000	0
-0.96189880	-1.78393369	-6.97952237	h	1.000	0
1.02147632	1.51546678	-4.30891007	h	1.000	0
-1.96870738	2.79598564	-3.63206393	h	1.000	0

2-(4-Methylbenzylidene)malononitrile (MAA* = 260.1 kJ/mol, E = -9.42):

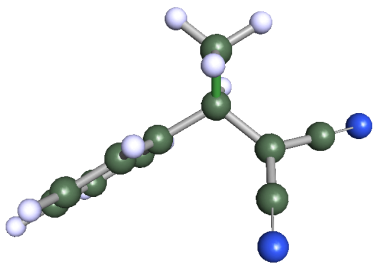


Total Energy = -493.74847882247 hartree
 Enthalpy Correction = 0.143647 hartree
 Entropy = 0.000157 hartree/K
 LUMO Energy = -0.1043 hartree

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
5.16321337	4.58687226	0.81149350	n	7.000	0
4.84209157	2.43570928	0.70303598	c	6.000	0
4.54004350	-0.22973899	0.57645473	c	6.000	0
6.81957159	-1.63854571	0.81609821	c	6.000	0
8.67007258	-2.76953871	1.01075423	n	7.000	0
2.32289156	-1.48457481	0.24688639	c	6.000	0
-0.21905279	-0.56758345	-0.04250928	c	6.000	0
-2.09149087	-2.40794708	-0.41716424	c	6.000	0
-4.59472459	-1.72728906	-0.72280654	c	6.000	0
-5.27045436	0.80711597	-0.65245184	c	6.000	0
-3.43644847	2.65418945	-0.27621659	c	6.000	0
-0.93244977	1.98559187	0.02600529	c	6.000	0
2.50339947	-3.52761048	0.18755931	h	1.000	0
-1.55112855	-4.38380425	-0.46747126	h	1.000	0
-6.01916687	-3.16852088	-1.01340105	h	1.000	0
-7.23089673	1.35076054	-0.88850084	h	1.000	0
-3.97041552	4.62950169	-0.21772776	h	1.000	0
0.45494488	3.45541236	0.31996174	h	1.000	0

2-(4-Methylbenzylidene)malononitrile Product:

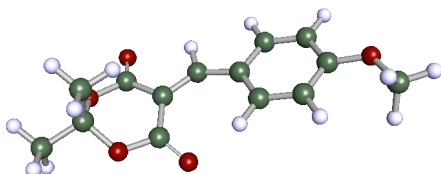
The CH₃-C-C-CN Torsion Angle was constrained to 90°.



Total Energy = -533.78081750262 hartree
 Enthalpy Correction = 0.183516 hartree
 Entropy = 0.000172 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
-2.67957051	-1.56497521	-3.16406904	c	6.000	0
-2.05300539	0.42707897	-1.17316259	c	6.000	0
-3.81812953	0.29486382	1.10287344	c	6.000	0
-6.02697100	1.69238414	1.11416482	c	6.000	0
-7.86526727	2.91832787	1.07778969	n	7.000	0
-3.44693682	-1.45871659	3.00880018	c	6.000	0
-3.08655471	-2.93479851	4.61054738	n	7.000	0
0.68237436	0.38898693	-0.35495007	c	6.000	0
1.97561884	-1.85990393	0.08834321	c	6.000	0
4.47513387	-1.84080342	0.89033794	c	6.000	0
5.72995252	0.43277964	1.25845388	c	6.000	0
4.46142081	2.68959110	0.82028007	c	6.000	0
1.96362230	2.65821230	0.02476770	c	6.000	0
-2.52144450	-3.47452753	-2.39539230	h	1.000	0
-1.41952374	-1.41750731	-4.79619494	h	1.000	0
-4.62198022	-1.31332216	-3.81418184	h	1.000	0
-2.37781072	2.28224736	-2.02750234	h	1.000	0
1.03104750	-3.65520748	-0.19282687	h	1.000	0
5.44716122	-3.61421888	1.22369141	h	1.000	0
7.68379199	0.44777993	1.87475116	h	1.000	0
5.42321820	4.47925302	1.09020154	h	1.000	0
0.98249448	4.42808693	-0.31491600	h	1.000	0

5-(4-Methoxybenzylidene)-2,2-dimethyl-1,3-dioxane-4,6-dione (MAA* = 257.9 kJ/mol, E = -10.28):



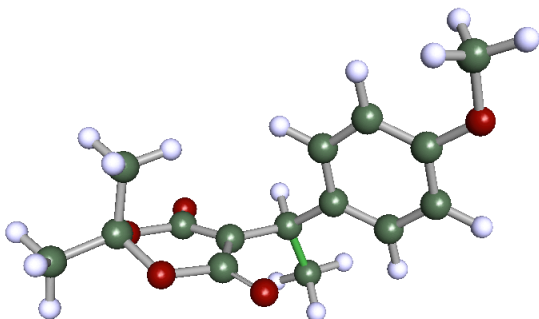
Total Energy = -917.42011011499 hartree
 Enthalpy Correction = 0.278533 hartree
 Entropy = 0.000209 hartree/K
 LUMO Energy = -0.0955 hartree

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
-5.07576325	-4.43358064	-2.52357989	o	8.000	0
-4.99627085	-2.54168244	-1.24851025	c	6.000	0
-7.16826678	-1.32729115	-0.75417959	o	8.000	0
-7.05235886	1.19102830	0.20792425	c	6.000	0
-9.62804481	1.77136214	1.25638056	c	6.000	0
-6.22785381	3.01001295	-1.83569100	c	6.000	0
-5.34383004	1.26829400	2.29394166	o	8.000	0
-2.69087027	-1.47397849	-0.10279962	c	6.000	0
-3.03892360	0.22652004	2.05260167	c	6.000	0
-1.50873163	0.63946190	3.69535243	o	8.000	0
-0.46869050	-2.35166828	-1.07055150	c	6.000	0
2.15477966	-1.79594973	-0.72731827	c	6.000	0
3.18430266	0.16555300	0.73331311	c	6.000	0
5.75388828	0.56893077	0.84022640	c	6.000	0
7.39756755	-1.01074130	-0.50013147	c	6.000	0
9.90843275	-0.77279257	-0.48783132	o	8.000	0

11.00540558	1.21328162	0.95242160	c	6.000	0
6.41759981	-2.97624609	-1.97329730	c	6.000	0
3.85380627	-3.33408855	-2.09199454	c	6.000	0
-10.11461073	0.40389994	2.71823206	h	1.000	0
-9.63280819	3.66646914	2.06202155	h	1.000	0
-11.02357155	1.68309674	-0.25571839	h	1.000	0
-4.35582741	2.53660921	-2.55899032	h	1.000	0
-7.57518672	2.94566709	-3.39269076	h	1.000	0
-6.18039133	4.92087051	-1.06897493	h	1.000	0
-0.78405452	-3.78062245	-2.51363283	h	1.000	0
1.95197465	1.38912807	1.80129209	h	1.000	0
6.47623273	2.10782299	1.97388888	h	1.000	0
10.55185598	1.00619023	2.95555868	h	1.000	0
13.03511582	1.04634637	0.68216958	h	1.000	0
10.36276191	3.05386237	0.27440702	h	1.000	0
7.70704742	-4.17599544	-3.01643329	h	1.000	0
3.10528379	-4.83977024	-3.26375471	h	1.000	0

5-(4-Methoxybenzylidene)-2,2-dimethyl-1,3-dioxane-4,6-dione Product:

The CH₃-C-C-C(=O) Torsion Angle was constrained to 90°.



Total Energy = -957.45177737785 hartree

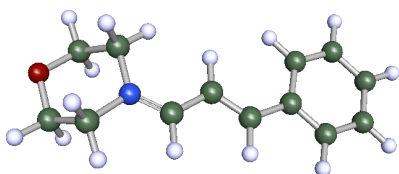
Enthalpy Correction = 0.317962 hartree

Entropy = 0.000222 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
-0.98449866	-2.39292604	-3.25370293	o	8.000	0
-2.43891022	-1.37953228	-1.75558170	c	6.000	0
-4.47571229	-2.84129041	-1.02727296	o	8.000	0
-5.77927972	-2.11441087	1.19614093	c	6.000	0
-4.22218820	-2.74248756	3.52418485	c	6.000	0
-8.27608698	-3.48831879	1.16903763	c	6.000	0
-6.34146994	0.50457790	1.11979700	o	8.000	0
-2.32317320	1.10056101	-0.80774966	c	6.000	0
-4.36888406	2.10738966	0.54833333	c	6.000	0
-4.64995604	4.31574494	1.23554745	o	8.000	0
-0.07456480	2.78245749	-1.31436488	c	6.000	0
-0.39813388	4.32438813	-3.72801304	c	6.000	0
2.42351527	1.41209883	-1.09434187	c	6.000	0
4.18038825	1.27391762	-3.04529033	c	6.000	0
6.46416195	0.02945197	-2.74632068	c	6.000	0
7.05755772	-1.12344784	-0.45870078	c	6.000	0
9.33284094	-2.30438530	-0.32541490	o	8.000	0
9.98018971	-3.48438301	1.98253489	c	6.000	0

5.33313381	-1.00189597	1.52403100	c	6.000	0
3.05879771	0.25924815	1.17846846	c	6.000	0
-2.42813377	-1.73159423	3.49888150	h	1.000	0
-5.26810167	-2.21471358	5.22023520	h	1.000	0
-3.84834499	-4.76886342	3.57791712	h	1.000	0
-7.95458226	-5.52323960	1.19130098	h	1.000	0
-9.37949420	-2.97038509	2.83054451	h	1.000	0
-9.33102327	-2.98664002	-0.52948916	h	1.000	0
-0.09473640	4.15829144	0.23728056	h	1.000	0
-0.48563630	3.10204029	-5.39176937	h	1.000	0
-2.16542772	5.38161139	-3.61873078	h	1.000	0
1.14618740	5.67261901	-3.99881159	h	1.000	0
3.76854187	2.13754661	-4.85553297	h	1.000	0
7.81441962	-0.06724141	-4.28545160	h	1.000	0
11.84559552	-4.30503129	1.70556774	h	1.000	0
10.05752194	-2.11609345	3.53108335	h	1.000	0
8.63744179	-4.98138862	2.46406675	h	1.000	0
5.73818131	-1.86961119	3.33100452	h	1.000	0
1.72842189	0.33620895	2.73880392	h	1.000	0

(*E*)-4-(3-Phenylallylidene)morpholin-4-ium (MAA* = 256.1 kJ/mol, E = -8.6):



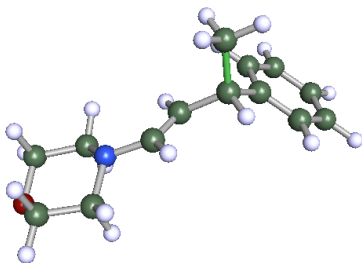
Total Energy = -634.33242128055 hartree
 Enthalpy Correction = 0.284378 hartree
 Entropy = 0.000179 hartree/K
 LUMO Energy = -0.1057 hartree

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
-3.86241711	0.11230916	1.92768176	n	7.000	0
-6.01130489	-1.12584933	3.13039891	c	6.000	0
-8.22499368	-1.16198633	1.30759808	c	6.000	0
-8.82817895	1.30379004	0.49324862	o	8.000	0
-6.76106299	2.41359811	-0.76915618	c	6.000	0
-4.47251993	2.61396467	0.95280390	c	6.000	0
-1.69166369	-1.00012049	1.72654701	c	6.000	0
0.52039199	-0.01666589	0.59740700	c	6.000	0
2.61615189	-1.48461666	0.58171269	c	6.000	0
5.05392224	-0.84996259	-0.45532618	c	6.000	0
5.55648299	1.46918735	-1.63379236	c	6.000	0
7.93169590	1.96933248	-2.58982513	c	6.000	0
9.84406721	0.17253824	-2.38930053	c	6.000	0
9.37302511	-2.13225289	-1.22769432	c	6.000	0
6.99395874	-2.63972098	-0.26811455	c	6.000	0
-5.47428132	-3.03411500	3.67968160	h	1.000	0
-6.50170955	-0.03922713	4.81692101	h	1.000	0
-7.77321708	-2.36351325	-0.32245275	h	1.000	0
-9.88179708	-1.92557436	2.26248240	h	1.000	0
-6.27201275	1.30549069	-2.45384542	h	1.000	0
-7.33138777	4.30305580	-1.35551875	h	1.000	0
-4.90181182	3.82342704	2.57034321	h	1.000	0

-2.87727040	3.40438739	-0.06773249	h	1.000	0
-1.59745526	-2.88487430	2.53354258	h	1.000	0
0.52542916	1.85680909	-0.21858943	h	1.000	0
2.47934489	-3.34806483	1.43708128	h	1.000	0
4.08596943	2.88369999	-1.80299641	h	1.000	0
8.30685384	3.76540172	-3.49838293	h	1.000	0
11.70494996	0.57656997	-3.14368273	h	1.000	0
10.85997836	-3.53096113	-1.07175894	h	1.000	0
6.61086255	-4.43605657	0.64149857	h	1.000	0

(E)-4-(3-Phenylallylidene)morpholin-4-ium Product:

The CH₃-CH-CH-CHN Torsion Angle was constrained to 270°.



Total Energy = -674.36181835520 hartree

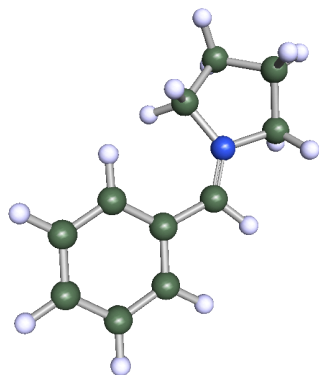
Enthalpy Correction = 0.322819 hartree

Entropy = 0.000194 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
-4.74414015	-0.92465662	-0.98654731	c	6.000	0
-2.72979904	-1.88954142	-2.82936374	c	6.000	0
-3.44941538	-4.41160275	-3.95436735	c	6.000	0
-3.81718091	-6.52737513	-2.42673320	c	6.000	0
-4.46593671	-8.84420577	-3.46756109	c	6.000	0
-4.76416125	-9.08962369	-6.06528989	c	6.000	0
-4.40596490	-6.99809556	-7.60589896	c	6.000	0
-3.75350688	-4.68314138	-6.55234961	c	6.000	0
-0.15999670	-1.99390161	-1.61435435	c	6.000	0
1.43793217	-0.03565912	-1.67345474	c	6.000	0
3.69764443	0.22866090	-0.39718867	n	7.000	0
4.65413065	-1.93234724	0.97170697	c	6.000	0
6.84598696	-1.15272381	2.63482886	c	6.000	0
8.76726257	0.07865238	1.24289607	o	8.000	0
7.78489637	2.26735745	0.05988341	c	6.000	0
5.66607932	1.59978247	-1.73265103	c	6.000	0
-6.59973042	-0.84769457	-1.89306081	h	1.000	0
-4.24778980	0.96838545	-0.33307837	h	1.000	0
-4.88734813	-2.15113813	0.66948828	h	1.000	0
-2.63464124	-0.53157920	-4.38987733	h	1.000	0
-3.59379699	-6.36779309	-0.39464767	h	1.000	0
-4.74143254	-10.46682047	-2.24619623	h	1.000	0
-5.27266526	-10.89946390	-6.87978529	h	1.000	0
-4.63378391	-7.16517385	-9.63585961	h	1.000	0
-3.47345061	-3.05516922	-7.76900061	h	1.000	0
0.27245317	-3.66654567	-0.50830780	h	1.000	0
0.96532523	1.61204985	-2.81174954	h	1.000	0

5.24991816	-3.43873410	-0.33849949	h	1.000	0
3.15828270	-2.69901563	2.17002423	h	1.000	0
6.16167057	0.11186439	4.13416608	h	1.000	0
7.69851573	-2.81409044	3.50740920	h	1.000	0
7.09431657	3.58852610	1.50658894	h	1.000	0
9.33826650	3.15348651	-0.96506700	h	1.000	0
4.86165737	3.32441478	-2.53333811	h	1.000	0
6.43013029	0.46140000	-3.29988679	h	1.000	0

1-Benzylidenepyrrolidin-1-ium (MAA* = 251.8 kJ/mol, E = -9.35):



Total Energy = -481.81775913484 hartree

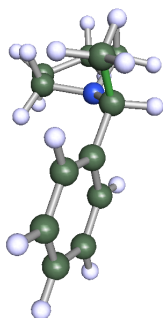
Enthalpy Correction = 0.242314 hartree

Entropy = 0.000155 hartree/K

LUMO Energy = -0.0962 hartree

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
2.16035080	-0.35744026	-0.39624763	n	7.000	0
2.34914680	2.20274201	0.66413461	c	6.000	0
5.08321848	2.94870454	0.20469794	c	6.000	0
6.47744323	0.43188548	0.29992145	c	6.000	0
4.69144743	-1.31928438	-1.09015480	c	6.000	0
0.15922403	-1.67929938	-0.76667996	c	6.000	0
-2.44644913	-1.11172381	-0.23588956	c	6.000	0
-3.34762578	0.94283756	1.17702380	c	6.000	0
-5.91511681	1.23866864	1.54444543	c	6.000	0
-7.61578021	-0.47790235	0.51186876	c	6.000	0
-6.74759619	-2.52706340	-0.87850325	c	6.000	0
-4.18232166	-2.85088269	-1.23385614	c	6.000	0
0.98077769	3.43579154	-0.25512957	h	1.000	0
1.92474293	2.09823388	2.68149817	h	1.000	0
5.27675068	3.80691311	-1.66254698	h	1.000	0
5.73697995	4.29974129	1.61195875	h	1.000	0
6.71547301	-0.19328928	2.25313260	h	1.000	0
8.32769283	0.49495702	-0.59809364	h	1.000	0
4.83546018	-3.30366959	-0.57118121	h	1.000	0
4.89335105	-1.13078040	-3.13590162	h	1.000	0
0.50179197	-3.50635275	-1.63797338	h	1.000	0
-2.07645151	2.28853777	2.03009747	h	1.000	0
-6.59935961	2.81975177	2.64940678	h	1.000	0
-9.62610611	-0.22119423	0.80688393	h	1.000	0
-8.06853680	-3.87409557	-1.67145278	h	1.000	0
-3.48850726	-4.45578650	-2.30145916	h	1.000	0

1-Benzylidenepyrrolidin-1-ium Product:



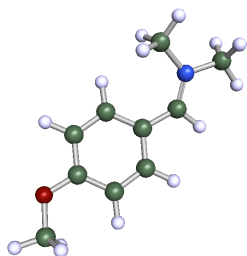
Total Energy = -521.84524231799 hartree

Enthalpy Correction = 0.280779 hartree

Entropy = 0.000171 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
1.68216610	-4.76214106	1.89791190	c	6.000	0
0.90986996	-1.99209810	1.70099781	c	6.000	0
2.86143922	-0.33929873	0.40150388	c	6.000	0
5.15235341	-1.25521088	-0.49954804	c	6.000	0
6.88320798	0.34862831	-1.66091193	c	6.000	0
6.34761404	2.89770583	-1.93072164	c	6.000	0
4.06219381	3.83615555	-1.03165627	c	6.000	0
2.34406586	2.22973847	0.11591086	c	6.000	0
-1.54517132	-1.54847406	0.54581176	n	7.000	0
-1.90699769	-2.46451878	-2.01080724	c	6.000	0
-4.68846549	-1.89000658	-2.51677422	c	6.000	0
-5.92388050	-1.91636642	0.12749465	c	6.000	0
-3.73161017	-2.42494610	1.93988978	c	6.000	0
0.20398361	-5.85256871	2.83469934	h	1.000	0
3.40263722	-4.95666235	3.01972657	h	1.000	0
2.02778048	-5.60885945	0.04778050	h	1.000	0
0.73301552	-1.27287328	3.63942524	h	1.000	0
5.61352210	-3.24028730	-0.31187877	h	1.000	0
8.65547357	-0.40867684	-2.35807319	h	1.000	0
7.69536717	4.14872503	-2.83455001	h	1.000	0
3.62283474	5.82847418	-1.22933916	h	1.000	0
0.54601785	2.94461455	0.78855076	h	1.000	0
-1.56908517	-4.51637366	-2.16386580	h	1.000	0
-0.62012973	-1.51716673	-3.31793227	h	1.000	0
-4.88722197	-0.03072375	-3.38713747	h	1.000	0
-5.52928135	-3.26979344	-3.79766821	h	1.000	0
-7.38976545	-3.35638236	0.29755016	h	1.000	0
-6.79603208	-0.09312782	0.53737430	h	1.000	0
-3.63246715	-4.46352916	2.36836105	h	1.000	0
-3.89740756	-1.41824079	3.73643056	h	1.000	0

N-(4-Methoxybenzylidene)-*N*-methylmethanaminium (MAA* = 251.3 kJ/mol, E = -10.69):



Total Energy = -518.90460684980 hartree

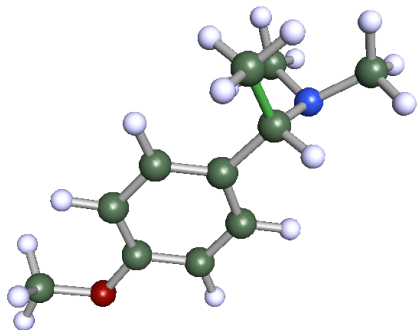
Enthalpy Correction = 0.239862 hartree

Entropy = 0.000167 hartree/K

LUMO Energy = -0.0866 hartree

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
-5.46522327	-2.23360994	-0.94620578	c	6.000	0
-5.04503047	0.47446346	-1.13092101	n	7.000	0
-7.29197268	1.96273864	-1.67911300	c	6.000	0
-2.88715875	1.57840980	-0.82933793	c	6.000	0
-0.43535275	0.53604504	-0.39452728	c	6.000	0
0.32820185	-1.98221697	-0.80690797	c	6.000	0
2.76555213	-2.71061685	-0.32154380	c	6.000	0
4.53274657	-0.97013214	0.61256941	c	6.000	0
6.84096686	-1.87096613	1.05031387	o	8.000	0
8.71829525	-0.19401399	1.99683412	c	6.000	0
3.82487940	1.54497592	0.99637509	c	6.000	0
1.38250520	2.26765397	0.46376870	c	6.000	0
-4.29425988	-3.02972103	0.54388045	h	1.000	0
-7.44507748	-2.53954011	-0.48897015	h	1.000	0
-5.04807191	-3.14889994	-2.74620609	h	1.000	0
-6.79888781	3.95191910	-1.81136672	h	1.000	0
-8.67317898	1.67018444	-0.17809275	h	1.000	0
-8.09383942	1.32212531	-3.46684968	h	1.000	0
-2.97569819	3.62677083	-0.89018853	h	1.000	0
-0.95387622	-3.36710709	-1.58010329	h	1.000	0
3.36774860	-4.63653276	-0.66251521	h	1.000	0
8.15066092	0.58347842	3.82246091	h	1.000	0
9.07453539	1.33641665	0.65907111	h	1.000	0
10.41690254	-1.32652260	2.22284321	h	1.000	0
5.16162219	2.92941696	1.68029302	h	1.000	0
0.84301092	4.22528101	0.73587519	h	1.000	0

N-(4-Methoxybenzylidene)-*N*-methylmethanaminium Product:



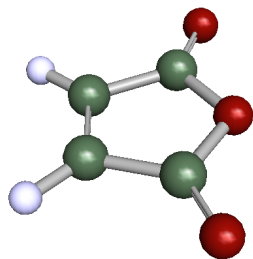
Total Energy = -558.93248478807 hartree

Enthalpy Correction = 0.278003 hartree

Entropy = 0.00018 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
-3.93483973	-1.91459286	3.13791199	c	6.000	0
-4.32386573	-0.38589732	0.90686063	n	7.000	0
-6.96138538	0.22766911	0.56351344	c	6.000	0
-2.66394842	1.82720302	0.75726955	c	6.000	0
-2.96584701	3.70755292	2.91958206	c	6.000	0
0.03334772	0.96154657	0.35453374	c	6.000	0
0.58652363	-0.52611300	-1.75531312	c	6.000	0
3.00435510	-1.37445211	-2.23206903	c	6.000	0
4.97079071	-0.75658445	-0.58272449	c	6.000	0
7.28427428	-1.66800220	-1.18858663	o	8.000	0
9.31612600	-1.07772415	0.44696071	c	6.000	0
4.46432434	0.71999495	1.52570954	c	6.000	0
2.00755293	1.56118472	1.96580514	c	6.000	0
-1.93201923	-2.36713774	3.34125001	h	1.000	0
-4.98033325	-3.68496794	2.94383212	h	1.000	0
-4.57590842	-0.99796287	4.89569420	h	1.000	0
-8.05062297	-1.51635235	0.36524229	h	1.000	0
-7.78838042	1.29900849	2.14875505	h	1.000	0
-7.20386603	1.34215901	-1.15787912	h	1.000	0
-3.23848767	2.80175356	-0.98063875	h	1.000	0
-1.81824444	5.38919772	2.58326428	h	1.000	0
-2.40075614	2.90520134	4.73514965	h	1.000	0
-4.93105837	4.31318825	3.07508568	h	1.000	0
-0.93202793	-1.03332124	-3.03535158	h	1.000	0
3.41620634	-2.52032896	-3.88033966	h	1.000	0
9.61819639	0.96432447	0.55877722	h	1.000	0
8.98893865	-1.82492542	2.34678737	h	1.000	0
10.98175745	-1.97201480	-0.36167386	h	1.000	0
5.94589658	1.22994749	2.83879020	h	1.000	0
1.66852215	2.71012480	3.62587248	h	1.000	0

Furan-2,5-dione (MAA* = 246.6 kJ/mol, E = -11.31):



Total Energy = -379.05559693714 hartree

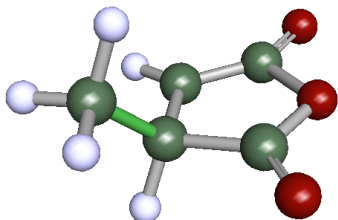
Enthalpy Correction = 0.062503 hartree

Entropy = 0.000115 hartree/K

LUMO Energy = -0.1100 hartree

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
-4.17039244	-2.05816569	-0.21977637	o	8.000	0
-2.10047868	-1.17975683	-0.11083190	c	6.000	0
-1.26235844	1.48199647	-0.05147045	c	6.000	0
1.24441982	1.49625233	0.07094228	c	6.000	0
0.01620588	-2.69568017	-0.01700436	o	8.000	0
2.11444349	-1.15580391	0.09597593	c	6.000	0
4.19491868	-2.01046037	0.19282272	o	8.000	0
-2.57116184	3.04630358	-0.10454759	h	1.000	0
2.53440354	3.07531459	0.14388973	h	1.000	0

Furan-2,5-dione Product:



Total Energy = -419.08081603180 hartree

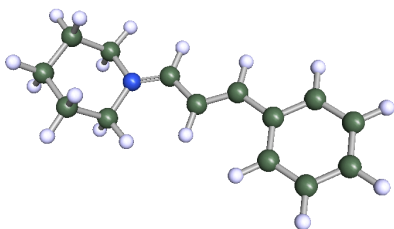
Enthalpy Correction = 0.101869 hartree

Entropy = 0.000135 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
5.95246277	-0.17217419	-0.68351152	o	8.000	0
3.67912357	0.03199465	-0.18879571	c	6.000	0
1.78440947	-1.38661756	0.80285493	c	6.000	0
-0.63592374	0.05322217	0.87955277	c	6.000	0
-2.85395126	-1.07624012	-0.58454132	c	6.000	0
0.14831825	2.56666346	-0.22962980	c	6.000	0
2.58273663	2.54969713	-0.82926227	o	8.000	0
-1.17473330	4.40368907	-0.58361085	o	8.000	0
2.03084468	-3.30871161	1.44567788	h	1.000	0
-1.29704273	0.45212616	2.81084391	h	1.000	0

-4.49180869	0.18007268	-0.53641443	h	1.000	0
-2.32742504	-1.41064842	-2.55335309	h	1.000	0
-3.39701062	-2.88307340	0.25018949	h	1.000	0

(*E*)-1-(3-Phenylallylidene)piperidin-1-ium (MAA* = 245.7 kJ/mol, E = -10.3):



Total Energy = -598.45342092170 hartree

Enthalpy Correction = 0.308659 hartree

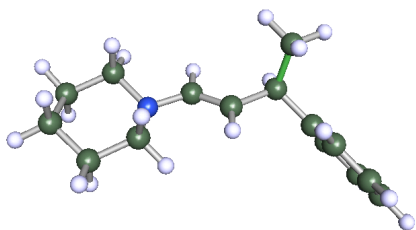
Entropy = 0.00018 hartree/K

LUMO Energy = -0.1031 hartree

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
3.51237506	-0.63437091	-1.23358932	n	7.000	0
5.70166665	-2.28598580	-1.57624815	c	6.000	0
7.55216769	-1.94633655	0.59212611	c	6.000	0
8.29827145	0.81311713	0.88319337	c	6.000	0
5.96343218	2.46661510	1.14708962	c	6.000	0
4.14444329	2.04504239	-1.03723127	c	6.000	0
1.25651576	-1.55998204	-1.06219054	c	6.000	0
-1.02455718	-0.20917641	-0.69886177	c	6.000	0
-3.20629094	-1.53679402	-0.58668917	c	6.000	0
-5.71794202	-0.53441834	-0.23853877	c	6.000	0
-6.20491470	2.05256630	0.05785799	c	6.000	0
-8.65104729	2.90183024	0.37949229	c	6.000	0
-10.65212437	1.19291990	0.41080158	c	6.000	0
-10.19754065	-1.37453965	0.12056726	c	6.000	0
-7.74730438	-2.23158898	-0.20070249	c	6.000	0
5.03000245	-4.22481561	-1.72263214	h	1.000	0
6.58553109	-1.75586067	-3.36868088	h	1.000	0
6.67853162	-2.63782866	2.33498045	h	1.000	0
9.20189087	-3.12861659	0.21840107	h	1.000	0
9.38059793	1.41250709	-0.77770443	h	1.000	0
9.52674472	1.05037086	2.52406766	h	1.000	0
4.98708680	2.04851165	2.92254057	h	1.000	0
6.46714515	4.46730963	1.17845066	h	1.000	0
5.02964375	2.57714845	-2.82784416	h	1.000	0
2.43002656	3.14971572	-0.81858580	h	1.000	0
1.13321177	-3.60268262	-1.22472132	h	1.000	0
-1.00853151	1.82669374	-0.52374339	h	1.000	0
-3.09068523	-3.57976566	-0.78078389	h	1.000	0
-4.66662809	3.40331413	0.03678201	h	1.000	0
-9.01239831	4.90440651	0.60750300	h	1.000	0
-12.56828518	1.87117155	0.66258923	h	1.000	0
-11.75298755	-2.70562213	0.14456496	h	1.000	0
-7.37804741	-4.23485574	-0.42860878	h	1.000	0

(E)-1-(3-Phenylallylidene)piperidin-1-ium Product:

The CH₃-CH-CH-CHN Torsion Angle was constrained to 270°.



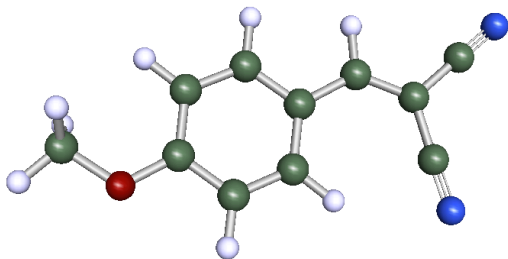
Total Energy = -638.47828307863 hartree

Enthalpy Correction = 0.346813 hartree

Entropy = 0.000196 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
-5.05212615	-0.71468982	-0.31142535	c	6.000	0
-3.22183331	-2.18967802	-2.00055031	c	6.000	0
-4.35944736	-2.77980203	-4.55033246	c	6.000	0
-4.54685919	-5.26436652	-5.39221158	c	6.000	0
-5.56225291	-5.82489183	-7.74765813	c	6.000	0
-6.41048126	-3.89482402	-9.30707226	c	6.000	0
-6.23469673	-1.40541952	-8.48955200	c	6.000	0
-5.22052166	-0.85804480	-6.13505402	c	6.000	0
-0.73067452	-0.83842218	-2.27708697	c	6.000	0
1.20180707	-1.23117057	-0.69179802	c	6.000	0
3.57956133	-0.16401624	-0.74124409	n	7.000	0
4.02271487	1.86417179	-2.52166802	c	6.000	0
6.82455420	2.41305095	-2.81220861	c	6.000	0
8.07757934	2.88046111	-0.27088318	c	6.000	0
7.56603523	0.66667694	1.48708532	c	6.000	0
4.74928657	0.20203571	1.72049121	c	6.000	0
-5.42906444	1.16537638	-1.08065049	h	1.000	0
-6.85507125	-1.70784855	-0.12572961	h	1.000	0
-4.23090222	-0.47580164	1.56626869	h	1.000	0
-2.86196143	-4.00240369	-1.06789338	h	1.000	0
-3.88430426	-6.78345516	-4.18293328	h	1.000	0
-5.69068516	-7.77556951	-8.36337593	h	1.000	0
-7.20456943	-4.32439495	-11.14623830	h	1.000	0
-6.89283890	0.11752953	-9.69294931	h	1.000	0
-5.09711800	1.09610410	-5.52595445	h	1.000	0
-0.61260727	0.58207606	-3.75234474	h	1.000	0
0.97865319	-2.60708315	0.82237810	h	1.000	0
3.23302696	1.30995472	-4.34562991	h	1.000	0
3.01507110	3.58997888	-1.91970757	h	1.000	0
7.72909032	0.79619122	-3.73623447	h	1.000	0
7.05732120	4.04075416	-4.06287716	h	1.000	0
10.10916267	3.17283920	-0.50662863	h	1.000	0
7.30992883	4.61323461	0.56888236	h	1.000	0
8.47593729	-1.03750448	0.74279662	h	1.000	0
8.34861646	1.01618022	3.36718749	h	1.000	0
4.37721733	-1.47925832	2.85952164	h	1.000	0
3.86915652	1.81774775	2.70287416	h	1.000	0

2-(4-Methoxybenzylidene)malononitrile (MAA* = 245.4 kJ/mol, E = -10.8):



Total Energy = -608.20435634771 hartree

Enthalpy Correction = 0.000176 hartree

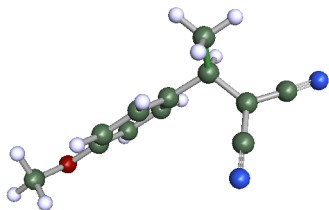
Entropy = 0.178895 hartree/K

LUMO Energy = -0.0968 hartree

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
-7.64754147	-0.98422101	1.17029983	c	6.000	0
-5.40416003	-2.46247208	1.08939122	o	8.000	0
-3.23102506	-1.32058551	0.52342492	c	6.000	0
-3.00126759	1.25559728	-0.00324654	c	6.000	0
-0.65223508	2.22962091	-0.56590682	c	6.000	0
1.52133802	0.70894254	-0.62650295	c	6.000	0
3.84230142	1.93683119	-1.23503034	c	6.000	0
6.24519457	1.01866262	-1.45351700	c	6.000	0
8.23623418	2.70225709	-2.09607584	c	6.000	0
9.85857966	4.06072300	-2.61746336	n	7.000	0
6.98907691	-1.53214775	-1.09530072	c	6.000	0
7.65486319	-3.58853006	-0.81808663	n	7.000	0
1.24195676	-1.88493960	-0.08798081	c	6.000	0
-1.08258381	-2.87546411	0.47399104	c	6.000	0
-8.03170503	-0.13336752	-0.67085793	h	1.000	0
-9.15920261	-2.28549982	1.66080658	h	1.000	0
-7.50273203	0.48932289	2.60896723	h	1.000	0
-4.62838387	2.48974148	0.02317834	h	1.000	0
-0.47502893	4.22966509	-0.97491754	h	1.000	0
3.67475496	3.95155486	-1.58801150	h	1.000	0
2.85488049	-3.13771928	-0.10821218	h	1.000	0
-1.30331465	-4.86797219	0.88805081	h	1.000	0

2-(4-Methoxybenzylidene)malononitrile Product:

The CH₃-C-C-CN Torsion Angle was constrained to 90°.



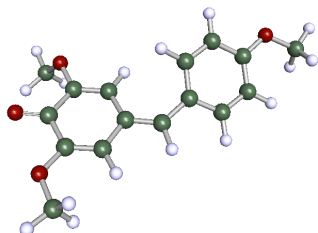
Total Energy = -648.23076547955 hartree

Enthalpy Correction = 0.218719 hartree

Entropy = 0.000192 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
4.77111567	1.97012534	-2.46777313	c	6.000	0
3.39475244	-0.54231985	-2.13227820	c	6.000	0
4.88261143	-2.38116638	-0.48061747	c	6.000	0
6.69427887	-3.92467244	-1.55954440	c	6.000	0
8.19909606	-5.21412665	-2.53848055	n	7.000	0
4.56808728	-2.45285355	2.11424776	c	6.000	0
4.27225484	-2.49969469	4.30220630	n	7.000	0
0.71405078	-0.25775564	-1.19445168	c	6.000	0
-1.14827714	-1.93145818	-2.02388700	c	6.000	0
-3.61036695	-1.77198522	-1.17323811	c	6.000	0
-4.28715437	0.09129947	0.56512856	c	6.000	0
-6.74159362	0.12160532	1.29664813	o	8.000	0
-7.48670326	1.99022951	3.05742493	c	6.000	0
-2.46328260	1.77459353	1.42202041	c	6.000	0
0.00545629	1.58128035	0.53414187	c	6.000	0
3.70869989	3.25219724	-3.69290360	h	1.000	0
6.62351089	1.64336576	-3.31754712	h	1.000	0
5.07676838	2.90909116	-0.65470234	h	1.000	0
3.26612752	-1.42840027	-3.99796965	h	1.000	0
-0.65173782	-3.39347265	-3.37518206	h	1.000	0
-5.04459313	-3.07241140	-1.84472224	h	1.000	0
-6.45625443	1.79448447	4.83908567	h	1.000	0
-7.19045706	3.89206961	2.30225387	h	1.000	0
-9.49385088	1.69461882	3.39325691	h	1.000	0
-2.93075642	3.24079393	2.76781260	h	1.000	0
1.38997317	2.92004135	1.23114225	h	1.000	0

2,6-Dimethoxy-4-(4-methoxybenzylidene)cyclohexa-2,5-dien-1-one (MAA* = 244.8 kJ/mol, E = -16.38):



Total Energy = -919.51448184073 hartree

Enthalpy Correction = 0.309964 hartree

Entropy = 0.000221 hartree/K

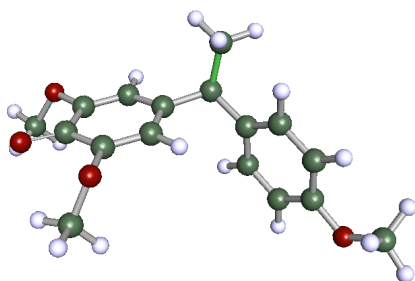
LUMO Energy = -0.0988 hartree

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
-9.10986279	1.54083425	1.65271886	o	8.000	0
-6.98503435	0.81191269	1.05146854	c	6.000	0
-6.55048328	-1.70545628	-0.02450195	c	6.000	0
-8.69584480	-3.02266718	-0.35499277	o	8.000	0
-8.46446011	-5.49243170	-1.35790880	c	6.000	0
-4.18937382	-2.53220175	-0.55727485	c	6.000	0
-4.73959103	2.40196097	1.33714222	c	6.000	0
-5.05117924	4.78030071	2.25355823	o	8.000	0
-6.33781358	6.47974249	0.60201660	c	6.000	0
-2.39667278	1.52793991	0.83203792	c	6.000	0
-2.00045725	-0.99620413	-0.06751081	c	6.000	0

0.32860117	-2.01257935	-0.56437113	c	6.000	0
2.82135735	-1.05820761	-0.04806635	c	6.000	0
3.42009029	0.64486786	1.90481748	c	6.000	0
5.85710269	1.46698585	2.26750048	c	6.000	0
7.80486765	0.62074867	0.69163273	c	6.000	0
10.11588337	1.54182523	1.17818146	o	8.000	0
12.16041051	0.70317802	-0.34289780	c	6.000	0
7.27276961	-1.12036638	-1.21522741	c	6.000	0
4.81994580	-1.95506792	-1.53740259	c	6.000	0
-7.33385211	-6.69331913	-0.11138388	h	1.000	0
-7.60185736	-5.45136338	-3.23634729	h	1.000	0
-10.37457455	-6.23992229	-1.49132348	h	1.000	0
-3.87578416	-4.40857791	-1.31042585	h	1.000	0
-6.50919644	8.26111588	1.61691116	h	1.000	0
-5.22961926	6.77084004	-1.11894733	h	1.000	0
-8.21214485	5.77109684	0.12008399	h	1.000	0
-0.81906669	2.81145044	1.03502361	h	1.000	0
0.30634709	-3.82753108	-1.52896420	h	1.000	0
1.97565659	1.25485255	3.21634974	h	1.000	0
6.31286839	2.75108076	3.79608028	h	1.000	0
12.42405017	-1.33781501	-0.16720614	h	1.000	0
11.85845546	1.19716647	-2.32531887	h	1.000	0
13.82673236	1.67604211	0.36400118	h	1.000	0
8.74940398	-1.83956031	-2.43068454	h	1.000	0
4.42232598	-3.32067033	-3.01331071	h	1.000	0

2,6-Dimethoxy-4-(4-methoxybenzylidene)cyclohexa-2,5-dien-1-one Product:

The CH₃-C-C=C Torsion Angle was constrained to 90°.



Total Energy = -959.54020663808 hartree

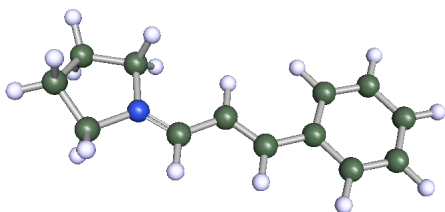
Enthalpy Correction = 0.34902 hartree

Entropy = 0.000236 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
-8.74908721	1.47295577	0.62307142	o	8.000	0
-6.57697631	0.67232654	-0.08737393	c	6.000	0
-6.20468319	-1.68105891	-1.35245589	c	6.000	0
-8.26915605	-3.19382938	-1.85468465	o	8.000	0
-9.45467326	-4.15805028	0.34841548	c	6.000	0
-3.87359933	-2.46932511	-2.24334019	c	6.000	0
-1.70724452	-1.01209597	-1.91964989	c	6.000	0
0.79239768	-1.84574443	-3.04061047	c	6.000	0
1.07568408	-0.87973687	-5.74427036	c	6.000	0
2.98959460	-1.17133641	-1.34554035	c	6.000	0
4.68018147	0.75988696	-1.86919957	c	6.000	0
6.64027642	1.38045022	-0.22120117	c	6.000	0

6.93250596	0.03617916	2.01232928	c	6.000	0
8.76947867	0.48101695	3.74228592	o	8.000	0
10.49010884	2.46397949	3.23695440	c	6.000	0
5.25597510	-1.92467487	2.56830354	c	6.000	0
3.32624643	-2.49933521	0.91235659	c	6.000	0
-1.96825274	1.25239921	-0.60708092	c	6.000	0
-4.29148101	2.05526352	0.28755061	c	6.000	0
-4.39703997	4.37780766	1.47169647	o	8.000	0
-5.14078554	4.23734619	4.04300061	c	6.000	0
-8.16795955	-5.42042354	1.36968376	h	1.000	0
-11.10239874	-5.23160938	-0.26961424	h	1.000	0
-10.04445418	-2.61321726	1.58281299	h	1.000	0
-3.77370283	-4.27148027	-3.22484406	h	1.000	0
0.73619267	-3.91534116	-3.13807306	h	1.000	0
1.01387757	1.18391984	-5.81240068	h	1.000	0
2.85281576	-1.50616368	-6.59350036	h	1.000	0
-0.48101647	-1.58486502	-6.90017839	h	1.000	0
4.50000465	1.83990890	-3.59947274	h	1.000	0
7.91191039	2.90547904	-0.70925025	h	1.000	0
9.51546570	4.28112656	3.08638064	h	1.000	0
11.54991225	2.11190209	1.49691173	h	1.000	0
11.79014608	2.51607871	4.82951176	h	1.000	0
5.50004561	-2.97559088	4.31055243	h	1.000	0
2.02865107	-4.01852028	1.37932096	h	1.000	0
-0.33494427	2.44283078	-0.25208209	h	1.000	0
-3.73040556	3.19802284	5.14892637	h	1.000	0
-6.97951932	3.31541682	4.21133432	h	1.000	0
-5.25896608	6.17083749	4.74818973	h	1.000	0

(*E*)-1-(3-Phenylallylidene)pyrrolidin-1-ium (MAA* = 242.1 kJ/mol, E = -9.80):



Total Energy = -559.16787269887 hartree

Enthalpy Correction = 0.277983 hartree

Entropy = 0.000175 hartree/K

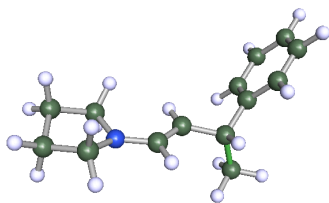
LUMO Energy = -0.1047 hartree

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
-4.22850072	-0.67576075	0.08407246	n	7.000	0
-6.60664758	-2.10890692	0.01311929	c	6.000	0
-8.57454807	-0.14426040	0.70663894	c	6.000	0
-7.52905886	2.24996678	-0.50987230	c	6.000	0
-4.70057545	2.06017601	-0.03512531	c	6.000	0
-2.03236079	-1.71303432	0.27887484	c	6.000	0
0.28526666	-0.38136854	0.37665896	c	6.000	0
2.45943880	-1.71069167	0.58200719	c	6.000	0
4.99014868	-0.70676335	0.71212230	c	6.000	0
5.51002659	1.89047211	0.65274272	c	6.000	0
7.97298109	2.74153957	0.78485406	c	6.000	0
9.95799979	1.02422231	0.97655577	c	6.000	0

9.47102133	-1.55312851	1.03661518	c	6.000	0
7.00400403	-2.41199530	0.90609043	c	6.000	0
-6.48948504	-3.71435718	1.29395790	h	1.000	0
-6.88496323	-2.79932692	-1.91383386	h	1.000	0
-8.67291941	0.06837239	2.75806719	h	1.000	0
-10.44223815	-0.65739101	0.01179877	h	1.000	0
-8.31321247	3.97718588	0.28741328	h	1.000	0
-7.90639643	2.24207440	-2.53894314	h	1.000	0
-3.54831384	2.90785587	-1.51664247	h	1.000	0
-4.16529840	2.88640920	1.77994798	h	1.000	0
-2.00066841	-3.76286449	0.37956345	h	1.000	0
0.27341442	1.66244251	0.28997460	h	1.000	0
2.31641000	-3.75982592	0.65795481	h	1.000	0
3.98350183	3.24651832	0.50407610	h	1.000	0
8.36030255	4.75166012	0.73899033	h	1.000	0
11.88745474	1.70371503	1.07920923	h	1.000	0
11.01441836	-2.89020914	1.18501476	h	1.000	0
6.60879797	-4.42272606	0.95240193	h	1.000	0

(*E*)-1-(3-Phenylallylidene)pyrrolidin-1-ium Product:

The CH₃-CH-CH-CHN Torsion Angle was constrained to 90°.



Total Energy = -599.19173807999 hartree

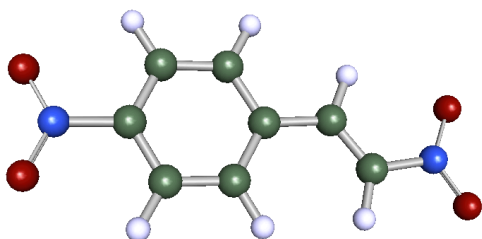
Enthalpy Correction = 0.316526 hartree

Entropy = 0.000191 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
12.45202646	-1.45546776	5.53792853	c	6.000	0
12.43419826	-1.33201945	2.64381222	c	6.000	0
14.20709544	-3.25768990	1.50592095	c	6.000	0
16.24416557	-2.50153195	0.02421739	c	6.000	0
17.87600618	-4.26245349	-1.03967097	c	6.000	0
17.49164827	-6.82446189	-0.63450863	c	6.000	0
15.46559779	-7.60577346	0.84296127	c	6.000	0
13.84490434	-5.83836553	1.90154540	c	6.000	0
9.80863571	-1.58617949	1.58167238	c	6.000	0
8.30929691	0.42250486	1.16603555	c	6.000	0
5.84710964	0.38811037	0.44002216	n	7.000	0
4.55727091	-1.93089826	-0.22703623	c	6.000	0
2.14618853	-1.04925085	-1.55648455	c	6.000	0
1.83063882	1.68845914	-0.69751194	c	6.000	0
4.54655222	2.59982439	-0.52045582	c	6.000	0
14.37113727	-1.25841288	6.28130310	h	1.000	0
11.28492530	0.06100443	6.31036356	h	1.000	0
11.68415391	-3.25221054	6.20964423	h	1.000	0
13.15197344	0.53706331	2.11421780	h	1.000	0
16.55597504	-0.50003293	-0.30259013	h	1.000	0
19.45095720	-3.62804497	-2.18774238	h	1.000	0

18.75966859	-8.20479502	-1.46178030	h	1.000	0
15.14757693	-9.60367746	1.17236751	h	1.000	0
12.27246022	-6.48054273	3.05056780	h	1.000	0
9.06964756	-3.48803402	1.35590385	h	1.000	0
9.06482747	2.31560647	1.44448669	h	1.000	0
4.16027148	-3.04879330	1.47415003	h	1.000	0
5.73406340	-3.10885373	-1.46563244	h	1.000	0
0.52235332	-2.23369972	-1.10304709	h	1.000	0
2.41636849	-1.10822595	-3.60336656	h	1.000	0
0.69477514	2.81597888	-1.99577984	h	1.000	0
0.94910569	1.76114230	1.17022503	h	1.000	0
5.25318572	3.15929815	-2.39525566	h	1.000	0
4.79318718	4.20253900	0.75788045	h	1.000	0

(*E*)-1-Nitro-4-(2-nitrovinyl)benzene (MAA* = 241.5 kJ/mol, E = -12.37):



Total Energy = -718.18810844336 hartree

Enthalpy Correction = 0.153386 hartree

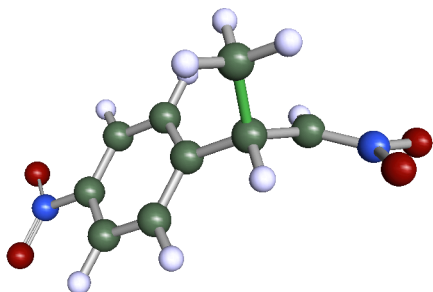
Entropy = 0.000172 hartree/K

LUMO Energy = -0.1225 hartree

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
8.33847135	-1.79243506	-1.50126134	o	8.000	0
7.55294892	-1.85348511	0.65794411	n	7.000	0
4.95021984	-1.28059511	1.17711361	c	6.000	0
3.37832521	-0.71973262	-0.70627269	c	6.000	0
0.71609271	-0.11682152	-0.43307794	c	6.000	0
-0.49419245	-0.00557291	1.91699437	c	6.000	0
-3.02863977	0.57231796	2.07132128	c	6.000	0
-4.35041288	1.03841714	-0.14506633	c	6.000	0
-7.03441068	1.64943122	0.01417001	n	7.000	0
-7.99622839	1.74378289	2.09533758	o	8.000	0
-8.17092573	2.03313017	-1.94172691	o	8.000	0
-3.21629250	0.94581635	-2.49909590	c	6.000	0
-0.67338167	0.36753856	-2.62660984	c	6.000	0
8.85822400	-2.38502769	2.48254007	o	8.000	0
4.51931108	-1.38201383	3.16710375	h	1.000	0
4.13582737	-0.71593300	-2.61173721	h	1.000	0
0.54193101	-0.36893691	3.64281014	h	1.000	0
-3.98066917	0.66376962	3.87602694	h	1.000	0
-4.30255060	1.32000312	-4.18774183	h	1.000	0
0.25635238	0.28634673	-4.44877187	h	1.000	0

(E)-1-Nitro-4-(2-nitrovinyl)benzene Product:

The CH₃-C-C-N Torsion Angle was constrained to 90°.



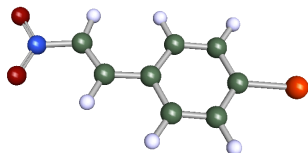
Total Energy = -758.21392049092 hartree

Enthalpy Correction = 0.192918 hartree

Entropy = 0.000184 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
-2.91178181	-2.07301654	3.96126556	c	6.000	0
-2.63347941	0.10771501	2.07185070	c	6.000	0
-4.64594497	0.08753480	0.09340235	c	6.000	0
-6.78878662	1.29613302	0.41024029	n	7.000	0
-7.25641351	2.52522286	2.43845462	o	8.000	0
-8.49289159	1.27359389	-1.32246303	o	8.000	0
-0.06748535	0.08485813	0.83588465	c	6.000	0
1.56925301	2.12989261	1.11742463	c	6.000	0
3.92509005	2.14482584	-0.01400795	c	6.000	0
4.63709547	0.07527141	-1.45163088	c	6.000	0
7.10222204	0.07096797	-2.65431050	n	7.000	0
8.47087521	1.89235058	-2.34301148	o	8.000	0
7.69205693	-1.75364449	-3.92309877	o	8.000	0
3.05848439	-1.99360436	-1.77348420	c	6.000	0
0.71808585	-1.97266674	-0.61953955	c	6.000	0
-2.78241536	-3.90054549	3.01031116	h	1.000	0
-1.44498229	-1.98989759	5.41489411	h	1.000	0
-4.75489639	-1.95179535	4.88035127	h	1.000	0
-2.82329689	1.87760490	3.11810104	h	1.000	0
-4.44303891	-0.91325125	-1.67376830	h	1.000	0
0.98700681	3.73877963	2.24364144	h	1.000	0
5.19506464	3.73001852	0.20765861	h	1.000	0
3.66496895	-3.58214447	-2.90617702	h	1.000	0
-0.51891468	-3.58662461	-0.86243320	h	1.000	0

(E)-1-Bromo-4-(2-nitrovinyl)benzene (MAA* = 230.4 kJ/mol, E = -13.37):



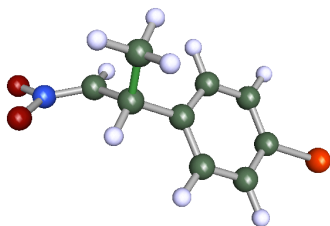
Total Energy = -3087.06022161445 hartree

Enthalpy Correction = 0.13918 hartree
 Entropy = 0.000166 hartree/K
 LUMO Energy = -0.1067 hartree

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
-8.93138389	0.16188046	-0.37153336	br	35.000	0
-5.37382509	-0.07420303	-0.34955947	c	6.000	0
-4.23185787	-2.30016534	-1.12110597	c	6.000	0
-1.62128208	-2.44676523	-1.09629957	c	6.000	0
-0.14688625	-0.40025204	-0.31276977	c	6.000	0
2.57252621	-0.68263149	-0.33646319	c	6.000	0
4.25047603	1.07464951	0.34211777	c	6.000	0
6.89880772	0.54845183	0.22477867	n	7.000	0
7.64465010	-1.50711822	-0.49742082	o	8.000	0
8.31127196	2.25503684	0.87930333	o	8.000	0
-1.35934694	1.82221565	0.45587492	c	6.000	0
-3.96115237	1.99430265	0.44161138	c	6.000	0
-5.35630631	-3.89541504	-1.73190470	h	1.000	0
-0.70505264	-4.17844931	-1.69560430	h	1.000	0
3.30433478	-2.49205193	-0.96655796	h	1.000	0
3.86387811	2.96160624	1.01006729	h	1.000	0
-0.27128069	3.44181335	1.07425615	h	1.000	0
-4.88757078	3.71709509	1.03881854	h	1.000	0

(E)-1-Bromo-4-(2-nitrovinyl)benzene Product:

The CH₃-C-C-N Torsion Angle was constrained to 270°.

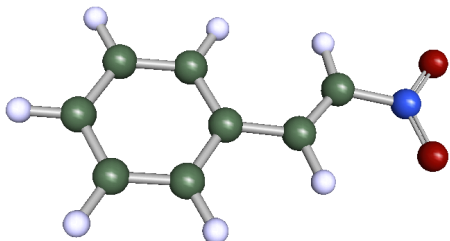


Total Energy = -3127.08190913370 hartree
 Enthalpy Correction = 0.178787 hartree
 Entropy = 0.000178 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
8.27624300	2.75076001	-2.76285816	br	35.000	0
5.17992796	1.43416326	-1.52615691	c	6.000	0
2.97426868	2.80280897	-1.87358868	c	6.000	0
0.72143257	1.82699423	-0.96006412	c	6.000	0
0.63433120	-0.49429704	0.28282673	c	6.000	0
-1.82456394	-1.54927143	1.27181829	c	6.000	0
-2.92574049	0.14770520	3.34916235	c	6.000	0
-3.64577665	-1.95948289	-0.84383254	c	6.000	0
-5.24783238	-3.85061904	-0.83305834	n	7.000	0
-6.78061487	-4.19423542	-2.69168836	o	8.000	0
-5.34959580	-5.41025363	1.01379573	o	8.000	0
2.88481504	-1.81568492	0.59838932	c	6.000	0
5.16522998	-0.87190624	-0.29360126	c	6.000	0
3.00775828	4.60549889	-2.84125210	h	1.000	0
-0.99779693	2.90946785	-1.23336419	h	1.000	0

-1.43685077	-3.39757196	2.10887297	h	1.000	0
-3.37408931	2.02231137	2.60842157	h	1.000	0
-1.59100588	0.37018431	4.91118062	h	1.000	0
-4.66296348	-0.69091370	4.08215136	h	1.000	0
-3.72458832	-0.74232020	-2.48027496	h	1.000	0
2.86749793	-3.62492199	1.56251808	h	1.000	0
6.89911382	-1.92573904	-0.02811659	h	1.000	0

(*E*)-(2-Nitrovinyl)benzene (MAA* = 227.7 kJ/mol, E = -13.85):



Total Energy = -513.79664615819 hartree

Enthalpy Correction = 0.14795 hartree

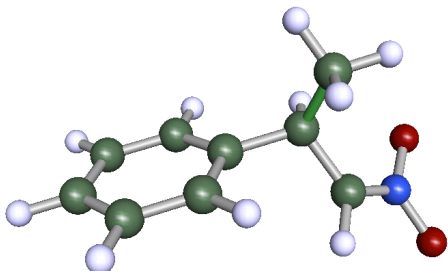
Entropy = 0.00015 hartree/K

LUMO Energy = -0.1043 hartree

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
8.25659958	2.41278734	0.00000000	o	8.000	0
6.82453397	0.59907711	0.00000000	n	7.000	0
4.18189210	1.15892341	0.00000000	c	6.000	0
2.48390469	-0.70829303	0.00000000	c	6.000	0
-0.23507695	-0.41478457	0.00000000	c	6.000	0
-1.72112400	-2.60050643	0.00000000	c	6.000	0
-4.33313757	-2.43791163	0.00000000	c	6.000	0
-5.49320376	-0.08591636	0.00000000	c	6.000	0
-4.03474400	2.10417562	0.00000000	c	6.000	0
-1.42939282	1.94765036	0.00000000	c	6.000	0
7.55191470	-1.58654475	0.00000000	o	8.000	0
3.81393157	3.16384000	0.00000000	h	1.000	0
3.20111227	-2.63018888	0.00000000	h	1.000	0
-0.80359032	-4.43318514	0.00000000	h	1.000	0
-5.46383092	-4.14486022	0.00000000	h	1.000	0
-7.53703908	0.04881068	0.00000000	h	1.000	0
-4.94393176	3.93912123	0.00000000	h	1.000	0
-0.31881770	3.66780527	0.00000000	h	1.000	0

(*E*)-(2-Nitrovinyl)benzene Product:

The CH₃-C-C-N Torsion Angle was constrained to 270°.



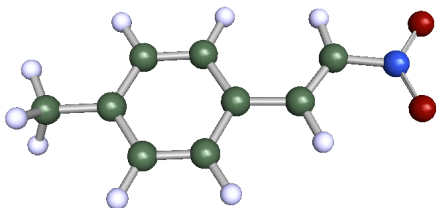
Total Energy = -553.81689700091 hartree

Enthalpy Correction = 0.187443 hartree

Entropy = 0.000163 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
-2.90006630	2.54817351	-1.82174600	c	6.000	0
-1.94364248	0.80046070	0.28432760	c	6.000	0
-3.43407124	-1.59042067	0.43737319	c	6.000	0
-5.44860105	-1.78413764	1.86729832	n	7.000	0
-6.26044013	0.08764624	3.17010779	o	8.000	0
-6.68409576	-3.87801392	2.00325892	o	8.000	0
0.83494054	0.22781778	-0.03115320	c	6.000	0
1.73079468	-1.06717621	-2.14500740	c	6.000	0
4.28418168	-1.59169710	-2.42328811	c	6.000	0
5.99926702	-0.81955485	-0.59046853	c	6.000	0
5.13372500	0.47638114	1.51870939	c	6.000	0
2.57311511	0.98986830	1.79018181	c	6.000	0
-4.89069022	2.99490264	-1.50765649	h	1.000	0
-2.72452664	1.64177455	-3.66865821	h	1.000	0
-1.82794128	4.31450085	-1.86256919	h	1.000	0
-2.19259126	1.78799225	2.08137345	h	1.000	0
-2.91884759	-3.27284009	-0.59710192	h	1.000	0
0.41718765	-1.67953959	-3.59599737	h	1.000	0
4.94003487	-2.60664147	-4.07872649	h	1.000	0
7.99564664	-1.22564755	-0.80782301	h	1.000	0
6.45404873	1.09113332	2.96075148	h	1.000	0
1.90928560	2.00211439	3.44627505	h	1.000	0

(*E*)-1-Methyl-4-(2-nitrovinyl)benzene (MAA* = 224.1 kJ/mol, E = -14.23):

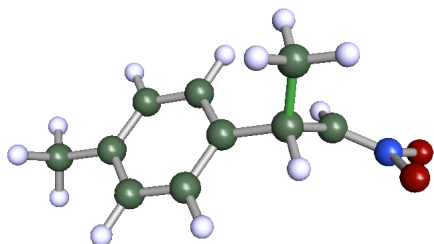


Total Energy = -553.08293076276 hartree
 Enthalpy Correction = 0.177077 hartree
 Entropy = 0.000163 hartree/K
 LUMO Energy = -0.1027 hartree

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
-6.97275718	0.74467398	-0.12006953	c	6.000	0
-4.17754490	0.39779543	0.08958361	c	6.000	0
-2.56785012	1.06827821	-1.89207326	c	6.000	0
0.01432795	0.74844238	-1.70558320	c	6.000	0
1.08372512	-0.26185912	0.49275906	c	6.000	0
3.76494202	-0.65189346	0.80958743	c	6.000	0
5.55913222	-0.15929127	-0.90105594	c	6.000	0
8.14979028	-0.64318077	-0.33686402	n	7.000	0
9.67458343	-0.16249399	-2.00824884	o	8.000	0
8.75873180	-1.49246685	1.71855736	o	8.000	0
-0.52724721	-0.93089615	2.48222603	c	6.000	0
-3.10909390	-0.60726978	2.28020434	c	6.000	0
-7.49808625	1.53695071	-1.94776890	h	1.000	0
-7.66657862	2.00720241	1.36115991	h	1.000	0
-7.95420648	-1.05818220	0.11506888	h	1.000	0
-3.36491689	1.85489774	-3.60864290	h	1.000	0
1.20482082	1.29072225	-3.28093510	h	1.000	0
4.37502914	-1.42415672	2.60987788	h	1.000	0
5.30007930	0.59904892	-2.77536832	h	1.000	0
0.27537249	-1.71504843	4.19771376	h	1.000	0
-4.32225303	-1.14127327	3.84388380	h	1.000	0

(*E*)-1-Methyl-4-(2-nitrovinyl)benzene Product:

The CH₃-C-C-N Torsion Angle was constrained to 90°.

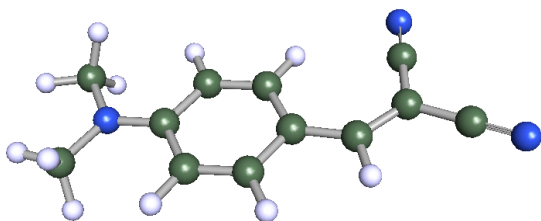


Total Energy = -593.10151614634 hartree
 Enthalpy Correction = 0.216595 hartree
 Entropy = 0.000177 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
-7.11065293	-1.87559048	-0.30329800	c	6.000	0
-4.41398659	-1.05076443	-0.03961936	c	6.000	0
-3.12679394	-1.33442965	2.23936559	c	6.000	0
-0.63611701	-0.55782508	2.49298314	c	6.000	0
0.66481357	0.53350621	0.48327127	c	6.000	0
3.38201782	1.35578506	0.77611693	c	6.000	0
3.68263628	4.20377564	0.33000851	c	6.000	0
5.05488732	-0.16148756	-0.91555621	c	6.000	0

7.35523881	-0.79932162	-0.25194932	n	7.000	0
8.29925049	-0.10711854	1.86700666	o	8.000	0
8.74836332	-2.15012194	-1.72386281	o	8.000	0
-0.62207364	0.82092950	-1.79375687	c	6.000	0
-3.11220006	0.03890013	-2.05000032	c	6.000	0
-8.36366561	-0.69640941	0.84271070	h	1.000	0
-7.74071768	-1.75065242	-2.26237086	h	1.000	0
-7.36228701	-3.82431896	0.33327054	h	1.000	0
-4.08772321	-2.18058265	3.84320541	h	1.000	0
0.32263162	-0.80674186	4.28987851	h	1.000	0
3.96307439	0.95951855	2.71830647	h	1.000	0
5.65066704	4.75224894	0.62526081	h	1.000	0
3.15403456	4.70804695	-1.60118975	h	1.000	0
2.49561847	5.28772702	1.62926264	h	1.000	0
4.44552063	-0.82860861	-2.74611505	h	1.000	0
0.32830201	1.66198129	-3.40553732	h	1.000	0
-4.06448428	0.27846038	-3.85147649	h	1.000	0

2-(4-(Dimethylamino)benzylidene)malononitrile (MAA* = 223.7 kJ/mol, E = -13.3):



Total Energy = -627.62938029164 hartree

Enthalpy Correction = 0.221332 hartree

Entropy = 0.000189 hartree/K

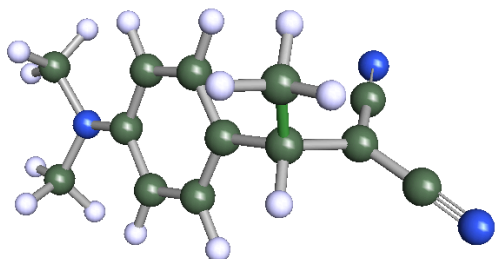
LUMO Energy = -0.0888 hartree

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
-6.80149358	0.14673451	1.22567550	c	6.000	0
-4.92867023	-0.43461082	-0.68282493	n	7.000	0
-5.76119578	-1.33281472	-3.13042882	c	6.000	0
-2.45969062	-0.13629935	-0.18906013	c	6.000	0
-1.61102813	0.74968166	2.19301576	c	6.000	0
0.91316402	1.03833375	2.66060995	c	6.000	0
2.77631064	0.47914275	0.83211576	c	6.000	0
5.32666957	0.84412508	1.53139745	c	6.000	0
7.54414014	0.47047631	0.22352991	c	6.000	0
9.87506153	1.00614963	1.42939713	c	6.000	0
11.77636180	1.44076955	2.40828023	n	7.000	0
7.74208874	-0.42978815	-2.28678949	c	6.000	0
7.95818330	-1.16230149	-4.33072446	n	7.000	0
1.91880580	-0.39925066	-1.53876412	c	6.000	0
-0.59634037	-0.69711690	-2.03948680	c	6.000	0
-8.66890254	-0.23826656	0.46429033	h	1.000	0
-6.53593918	-1.01354651	2.91515817	h	1.000	0
-6.72001976	2.13741660	1.77656566	h	1.000	0
-5.01346284	-3.21689232	-3.53422061	h	1.000	0
-7.81145923	-1.43720824	-3.13665163	h	1.000	0
-5.17038052	-0.05300448	-4.64196683	h	1.000	0
-2.95503138	1.20555602	3.66128114	h	1.000	0

1.51351962	1.71941907	4.49889038	h	1.000	0
5.59695902	1.54259689	3.44293719	h	1.000	0
3.25261575	-0.85559663	-3.01855605	h	1.000	0
-1.16026576	-1.37370496	-3.88223486	h	1.000	0

2-(4-(Dimethylamino)benzylidene)malononitrile Product:

The CH₃-CH-C-CN Torsion Angle was constrained to 90°.



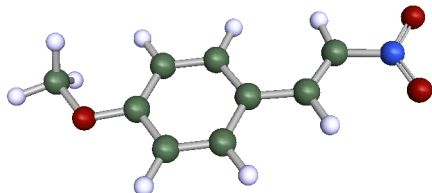
Total Energy = -667.64752317796 hartree

Enthalpy Correction = 0.260856 hartree

Entropy = 0.000204 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
5.43563711	-3.20846938	-2.04673476	c	6.000	0
4.89864212	-0.76162458	-0.61572734	c	6.000	0
6.33852808	-0.63968639	1.88320216	c	6.000	0
8.79279879	0.25572817	1.92845421	c	6.000	0
10.85826934	1.04347992	1.89670603	n	7.000	0
5.30808215	-1.56290101	4.10182558	c	6.000	0
4.40886514	-2.33866857	5.96378561	n	7.000	0
2.11741891	-0.25223163	-0.23476952	c	6.000	0
0.35696190	-2.15532700	0.18562675	c	6.000	0
-2.17954064	-1.63681955	0.58765312	c	6.000	0
-3.08379130	0.85745770	0.61389778	c	6.000	0
-5.58846150	1.39822886	1.08693277	n	7.000	0
-7.40680454	-0.63163635	0.97733831	c	6.000	0
-6.51350886	3.90413695	0.53549367	c	6.000	0
-1.31036309	2.78218119	0.15042461	c	6.000	0
1.21179318	2.21711338	-0.24463701	c	6.000	0
4.86332439	-4.86184115	-0.95018144	h	1.000	0
4.44022402	-3.25414365	-3.85783891	h	1.000	0
7.46038031	-3.37697661	-2.41131082	h	1.000	0
5.62627332	0.79797784	-1.76684882	h	1.000	0
0.95100684	-4.11613521	0.19162035	h	1.000	0
-3.46101750	-3.20170778	0.88253062	h	1.000	0
-9.26604327	0.11503702	1.44426999	h	1.000	0
-7.50883858	-1.51786842	-0.89954356	h	1.000	0
-6.96180085	-2.10270857	2.35486208	h	1.000	0
-5.49496036	5.32866231	1.62744415	h	1.000	0
-8.49739569	4.01314800	1.06990570	h	1.000	0
-6.34957347	4.39708848	-1.47640743	h	1.000	0
-1.89951007	4.73823355	0.08681948	h	1.000	0
2.52262965	3.75960597	-0.58756512	h	1.000	0

(*E*)-1-Methoxy-4-(2-nitrovinyl)benzene (MAA* = 218.5 kJ/mol, E = -14.7):



Total Energy = -628.25058434022 hartree

Enthalpy Correction = 0.183296 hartree

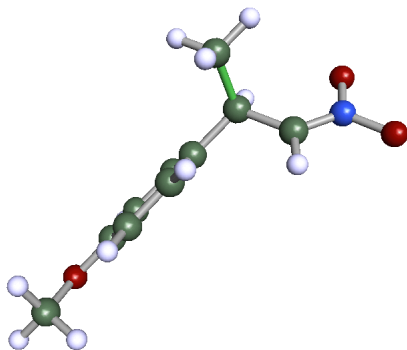
Entropy = 0.000168 hartree/K

LUMO Energy = -0.0999 hartree

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
-7.69337062	0.90800411	-0.69485253	c	6.000	0
-6.16686134	-1.24667183	-0.21289780	o	8.000	0
-3.65331092	-0.95947958	-0.18375864	c	6.000	0
-2.42518164	1.34614340	-0.59249289	c	6.000	0
0.17746405	1.45027275	-0.52566672	c	6.000	0
1.62949116	-0.71132915	-0.05636117	c	6.000	0
4.34506557	-0.69721308	0.02575300	c	6.000	0
5.85195338	1.31497942	-0.28985650	c	6.000	0
8.52117363	1.04846876	-0.16453668	n	7.000	0
9.76947955	2.97898851	-0.44838224	o	8.000	0
9.47771749	-1.02024290	0.20809348	o	8.000	0
0.35941506	-3.00478713	0.34822283	c	6.000	0
-2.23488928	-3.13751445	0.28910751	c	6.000	0
-9.63741616	0.24545550	-0.63536173	h	1.000	0
-7.28781495	1.69780594	-2.55946318	h	1.000	0
-7.40857426	2.35302333	0.75218645	h	1.000	0
-3.48927503	3.05055552	-0.96261795	h	1.000	0
1.08983728	3.25455473	-0.84999302	h	1.000	0
5.26121281	-2.49866716	0.37924165	h	1.000	0
5.27552102	3.23733216	-0.64620227	h	1.000	0
1.45048869	-4.70060526	0.71478212	h	1.000	0
-3.21212550	-4.90907361	0.60205609	h	1.000	0

(E)-1-Methoxy-4-(2-nitrovinyl)benzene Product:

The CH₃-C-C-N Torsion Angle was constrained to 270°.



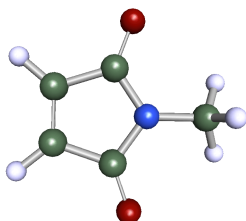
Total Energy = -668.26688620613 hartree

Enthalpy Correction = 0.222667 hartree

Entropy = 0.000182 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
8.20457486	0.91599333	1.42664795	c	6.000	0
6.42467774	2.49290385	0.20488301	o	8.000	0
4.02982617	1.61768994	-0.03745794	c	6.000	0
3.21806796	-0.73252172	0.82068424	c	6.000	0
0.71350233	-1.44441110	0.47697477	c	6.000	0
-1.02977815	0.13015781	-0.69950102	c	6.000	0
-3.75318164	-0.64995060	-1.05192139	c	6.000	0
-3.97125071	-2.99109924	-2.74714041	c	6.000	0
-5.00390668	-1.03608135	1.44757075	c	6.000	0
-7.38807280	-0.47667562	1.82014389	n	7.000	0
-8.41299141	-0.77774919	4.00933231	o	8.000	0
-8.78124428	0.38159424	0.03523345	o	8.000	0
-0.17322763	2.47277000	-1.54654366	c	6.000	0
2.31376000	3.21800664	-1.23128567	c	6.000	0
9.97848437	1.95596054	1.43945011	h	1.000	0
7.63406323	0.50857912	3.37167389	h	1.000	0
8.45894262	-0.86207275	0.40286122	h	1.000	0
4.50713982	-2.01747537	1.75197593	h	1.000	0
0.12551559	-3.28665784	1.16026313	h	1.000	0
-4.74424131	0.89967391	-1.99224885	h	1.000	0
-5.95917649	-3.47196677	-3.02754863	h	1.000	0
-3.10947042	-2.65053168	-4.59489976	h	1.000	0
-3.02943850	-4.61413517	-1.88514118	h	1.000	0
-4.00224636	-1.75953905	3.07289886	h	1.000	0
-1.48556109	3.74683400	-2.47517382	h	1.000	0
2.95781066	5.04459621	-1.90012955	h	1.000	0

1-Methyl-1*H*-pyrrole-2,5-dione (MAA* = 210.0 kJ/mol, E = -14.07):



Total Energy = -398.47961401177 hartree

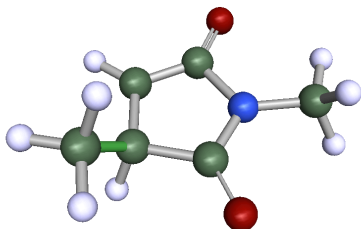
Enthalpy Correction = 0.105223 hartree

Entropy = 0.000131 hartree/K

LUMO Energy = -0.0965 hartree

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
-0.14757381	-0.00406514	-4.28812818	o	8.000	0
0.62362594	-0.01667760	-2.13851257	c	6.000	0
-0.87037191	0.02758531	0.00000000	n	7.000	0
-3.59313962	0.07138142	0.00000000	c	6.000	0
3.30177563	-0.07209436	-1.25418787	c	6.000	0
3.30177563	-0.07209436	1.25418787	c	6.000	0
0.62362594	-0.01667760	2.13851257	c	6.000	0
-0.14757381	-0.00406514	4.28812818	o	8.000	0
-4.24088035	1.06526011	1.68081182	h	1.000	0
-4.36704120	-1.84063998	0.00000000	h	1.000	0
-4.24088035	1.06526011	-1.68081182	h	1.000	0
4.87874664	-0.10421408	-2.54962786	h	1.000	0
4.87874664	-0.10421408	2.54962786	h	1.000	0

1-Methyl-1*H*-pyrrole-2,5-dione Product:



Total Energy = -438.49313383794 hartree

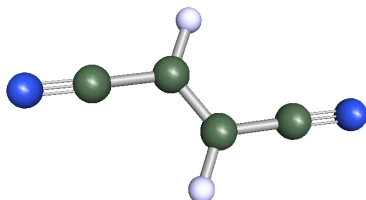
Enthalpy Correction = 0.144441 hartree

Entropy = 0.000143 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
0.11759397	-4.47038683	0.00923668	o	8.000	0
0.07986558	-2.29151558	-0.81376132	c	6.000	0
2.05727977	-1.07154968	-1.82002600	n	7.000	0
4.53314707	-2.13834852	-2.08451423	c	6.000	0
-2.17249997	-0.51666508	-0.85412018	c	6.000	0
-3.27784393	-0.21283372	1.79342472	c	6.000	0
-1.10801419	1.82239946	-2.03426786	c	6.000	0
1.39484982	1.49359932	-2.60033954	c	6.000	0

3.08545409	2.84902170	-3.57754151	o	8.000	0
5.33328536	-2.63812237	-0.24626211	h	1.000	0
4.49145411	-3.83803217	-3.25751038	h	1.000	0
5.72107512	-0.71661378	-2.98168403	h	1.000	0
-3.61358799	-1.43993418	-2.03774877	h	1.000	0
-1.87953170	0.62180615	3.06550947	h	1.000	0
-3.87051242	-2.03491903	2.56640307	h	1.000	0
-4.92084334	1.03567355	1.74396943	h	1.000	0
-2.16079641	3.53707835	-2.38829923	h	1.000	0

Fumaronitrile (MAA* = 204.4 kJ/mol, E = -15.71):



Total Energy = -262.87201845455 hartree

Enthalpy Correction = 0.056981 hartree

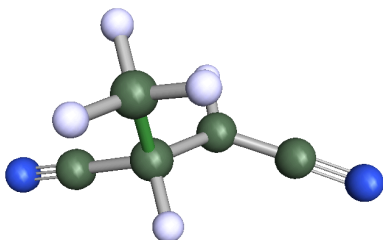
Entropy = 0.000117 hartree/K

LUMO Energy = -0.1016 hartree

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
5.59628751	0.62514342	0.00000000	n	7.000	0
3.51102919	0.00296501	0.00000000	c	6.000	0
0.95914372	-0.82328892	0.00000000	c	6.000	0
-0.95914372	0.82328892	0.00000000	c	6.000	0
-3.51102919	-0.00296501	0.00000000	c	6.000	0
-5.59628751	-0.62514342	0.00000000	n	7.000	0
0.65892705	-2.85012234	0.00000000	h	1.000	0
-0.65892705	2.85012234	0.00000000	h	1.000	0

Fumaronitrile Product:

The CH₃-CH-CH-CN Torsion Angle was constrained to 270°.



Total Energy = -302.88239217391 hartree

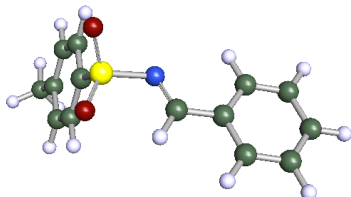
Enthalpy Correction = 0.09637 hartree

Entropy = 0.000133 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
-2.71645865	-0.72370239	-0.23087426	c	6.000	0
-0.18183007	0.68895138	-0.25409437	c	6.000	0
-0.37594923	2.97980801	1.28222085	c	6.000	0

-0.52703728	4.75628506	2.53415943	n	7.000	0
2.08644794	-0.81963488	0.58387525	c	6.000	0
3.43929532	-2.14710242	-1.17279928	c	6.000	0
4.65312257	-3.23501765	-2.69352215	n	7.000	0
-2.57471221	-2.33354851	-1.51093089	h	1.000	0
-4.28092049	0.48046261	-0.84273881	h	1.000	0
-3.12601061	-1.43133775	1.66369200	h	1.000	0
0.15383718	1.36649026	-2.18325468	h	1.000	0
2.08314337	-1.52628953	2.50934825	h	1.000	0

(E)-N-Benzylidene-4-methylbenzenesulfonamide (MAA* = 203.5 kJ/mol, E = -11.5):



Total Energy = -1144.03374841468 hartree

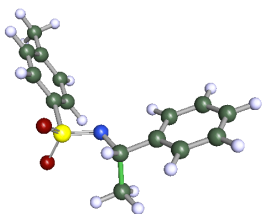
Enthalpy Correction = 0.259938 hartree

Entropy = 0.000204 hartree/K

LUMO Energy = -0.0862 hartree

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
-9.63146628	-2.29390878	-1.22038664	c	6.000	0
-7.41205381	-0.95712201	-0.09263360	c	6.000	0
-6.76891556	1.48294435	-0.84400987	c	6.000	0
-4.71851549	2.72625320	0.20676274	c	6.000	0
-3.29562295	1.50878473	2.04183983	c	6.000	0
-0.69742283	3.05259369	3.38271572	s	16.000	0
1.58417681	2.32695540	1.37497000	n	7.000	0
3.39739530	0.94775876	2.19374601	c	6.000	0
5.52092012	0.22311199	0.62453620	c	6.000	0
5.72395974	0.99393340	-1.89500082	c	6.000	0
7.78613601	0.25737802	-3.31419804	c	6.000	0
9.65848897	-1.24771628	-2.23701039	c	6.000	0
9.46860679	-2.01988257	0.26286004	c	6.000	0
7.40291558	-1.28600017	1.69296704	c	6.000	0
-0.24239327	2.01500085	5.86344068	o	8.000	0
-1.04708052	5.74139158	3.16682717	o	8.000	0
-3.89149809	-0.92792751	2.82464941	c	6.000	0
-5.94236449	-2.13885045	1.75398298	c	6.000	0
-10.57156428	-1.12846716	-2.63480355	h	1.000	0
-11.00740538	-2.78372250	0.24042993	h	1.000	0
-9.04271981	-4.06011257	-2.11546246	h	1.000	0
-7.89468529	2.43092880	-2.26953920	h	1.000	0
-4.23940336	4.62791307	-0.37689751	h	1.000	0
3.41117720	0.26178027	4.14303849	h	1.000	0
4.25653474	2.16705156	-2.70852476	h	1.000	0
7.95036579	0.85161826	-5.26676607	h	1.000	0
11.27415153	-1.81822980	-3.35977907	h	1.000	0
10.92802506	-3.19076393	1.09361189	h	1.000	0
7.23325528	-1.87657158	3.64861841	h	1.000	0
-2.77149338	-1.85133644	4.26714122	h	1.000	0
-6.42150412	-4.03478617	2.36711914	h	1.000	0

(E)-N-Benzylidene-4-methylbenzenesulfonamide Product:



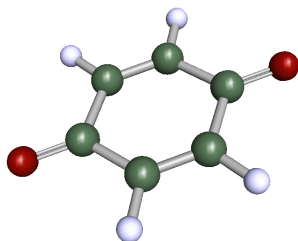
Total Energy = -1184.04520516903 hartree

Enthalpy Correction = 0.299578 hartree

Entropy = 0.000216 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
4.58950444	4.43173101	1.12073111	c	6.000	0
3.47478137	2.52315246	-0.75346941	c	6.000	0
0.97515563	1.67759163	-0.03184410	n	7.000	0
-1.27342822	3.40913507	-0.61790631	s	16.000	0
-3.85539729	1.35878838	-0.04846547	c	6.000	0
-5.63686577	0.93262343	-1.91600462	c	6.000	0
-7.69392283	-0.62752520	-1.42819640	c	6.000	0
-8.00495028	-1.77470091	0.91431217	c	6.000	0
-10.22598558	-3.44470770	1.45025619	c	6.000	0
-6.18664398	-1.31867315	2.77526898	c	6.000	0
-4.13633042	0.23304443	2.31138361	c	6.000	0
-1.66178303	5.55891540	1.10464875	o	8.000	0
-1.46680573	4.24530262	-3.26297471	o	8.000	0
5.23392584	0.27964212	-0.98143723	c	6.000	0
4.65162676	-2.04106203	0.10239642	c	6.000	0
6.32658030	-4.05801041	-0.05750577	c	6.000	0
8.60908634	-3.78515228	-1.32022222	c	6.000	0
9.20208276	-1.47680340	-2.42531203	c	6.000	0
7.52802090	0.53273585	-2.25109359	c	6.000	0
3.39699983	6.11162343	1.21294802	h	1.000	0
6.49881284	4.99765397	0.57169722	h	1.000	0
4.66763120	3.58727255	3.00452522	h	1.000	0
3.43853662	3.43825748	-2.62306905	h	1.000	0
-5.40697788	1.81507230	-3.74872008	h	1.000	0
-9.07931524	-0.95729809	-2.90392584	h	1.000	0
-9.61550860	-5.30099839	2.11933211	h	1.000	0
-11.38429555	-3.71202952	-0.23371030	h	1.000	0
-11.42138869	-2.63142609	2.92737263	h	1.000	0
-6.38877074	-2.19705704	4.61801031	h	1.000	0
-2.73429443	0.56726466	3.76497330	h	1.000	0
2.84969378	-2.24028634	1.05399692	h	1.000	0
5.84074564	-5.85470776	0.80228400	h	1.000	0
9.91323540	-5.35994403	-1.45508238	h	1.000	0
10.97175865	-1.24580049	-3.43370668	h	1.000	0
8.00448595	2.32637604	-3.12778620	h	1.000	0

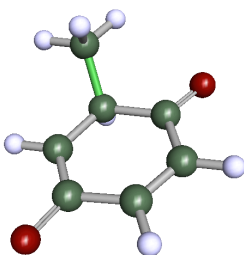
Benzoquinone (MAA* = 203.2 kJ/mol, E = -16.19):



Total Energy = -381.18839311061 hartree
 Enthalpy Correction = 0.085033 hartree
 Entropy = 0.000120 hartree/K
 LUMO Energy = -0.1306 hartree

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
-2.90992333	-4.06462808	0.01143718	o	8.000	0
-1.56918173	-2.19166115	0.00626558	c	6.000	0
1.20731926	-2.41409878	-0.04210492	c	6.000	0
2.67431077	-0.36524063	-0.04812043	c	6.000	0
-2.67432263	0.36524854	0.04807995	c	6.000	0
-1.20731314	2.41410055	0.04228403	c	6.000	0
1.56918093	2.19166218	-0.00625558	c	6.000	0
2.90993483	4.06462064	-0.01160548	o	8.000	0
1.97429890	-4.31373899	-0.07219723	h	1.000	0
4.71961740	-0.47978871	-0.08352314	h	1.000	0
-4.71963498	0.47978620	0.08316909	h	1.000	0
-1.97428629	4.31373823	0.07257097	h	1.000	0

Benzoquinone Product:

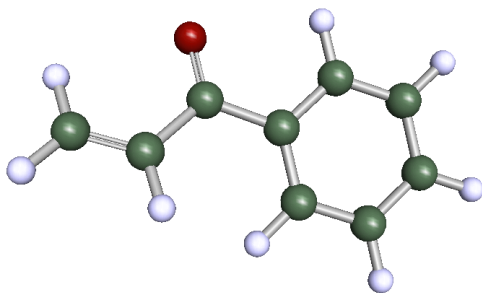


Total Energy = -421.20525519937 hartree
 Enthalpy Correction = 0.132267 hartree
 Entropy = 0.000139 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
-4.26326939	-3.97645116	-1.20278116	o	8.000	0
-2.74792044	-2.19503867	-0.52373334	c	6.000	0
-3.74579630	0.40806546	-0.52965913	c	6.000	0
-2.44117598	2.49194880	0.13383032	c	6.000	0
-0.27601204	-2.43084254	0.20695341	c	6.000	0
1.37528373	-0.27082104	0.95607542	c	6.000	0
3.80334796	-0.17715560	-0.63237321	c	6.000	0
0.16225688	2.31490409	0.94711530	c	6.000	0
1.36498677	4.19333576	1.61262400	o	8.000	0

-5.70434418	0.59341589	-1.12911105	h	1.000	0
-3.29180975	4.35854018	0.08601798	h	1.000	0
0.58586134	-4.29709498	0.23061324	h	1.000	0
1.98200225	-0.52322813	2.93295018	h	1.000	0
4.82508210	-1.96114615	-0.46552414	h	1.000	0
3.34242058	0.11517549	-2.62451999	h	1.000	0
5.02908647	1.35639261	0.00152218	h	1.000	0

1-Phenylprop-2-en-1-one (MAA* = 198.4 kJ/mol, E = -15.25):



Total Energy = -422.65372676021 hartree

Enthalpy Correction = 0.153814 hartree

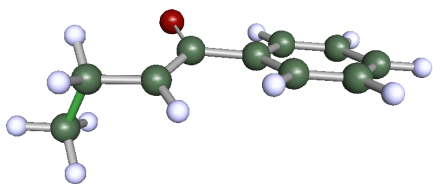
Entropy = 0.000145 hartree/K

LUMO Energy = -0.0828 hartree

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
6.79566055	0.04620597	-0.51731477	c	6.000	0
4.36572494	-0.59316259	-0.51751608	c	6.000	0
2.35854342	1.36003263	-0.47487495	c	6.000	0
-0.31070311	0.54300359	-0.16825157	c	6.000	0
-0.96856637	-1.86484371	0.68116816	c	6.000	0
-3.48854115	-2.51366180	0.99136504	c	6.000	0
-5.37150489	-0.77746524	0.42852442	c	6.000	0
-4.73323129	1.62433689	-0.42809224	c	6.000	0
-2.22029696	2.28214522	-0.70993244	c	6.000	0
2.87259602	3.59822747	-0.70637961	o	8.000	0
7.35833579	2.01673356	-0.46233344	h	1.000	0
8.27126531	-1.37245023	-0.56759055	h	1.000	0
3.81991109	-2.56391765	-0.57307689	h	1.000	0
0.47260218	-3.23997193	1.14604008	h	1.000	0
-3.98169547	-4.38092001	1.67221751	h	1.000	0
-7.34095242	-1.29310606	0.65700067	h	1.000	0
-6.20312705	2.97952673	-0.87284698	h	1.000	0
-1.69602058	4.14928717	-1.36518521	h	1.000	0

1-Phenylprop-2-en-1-one Product:

The CH₃-CH₂-CH-C Torsion Angle was constrained to 90°



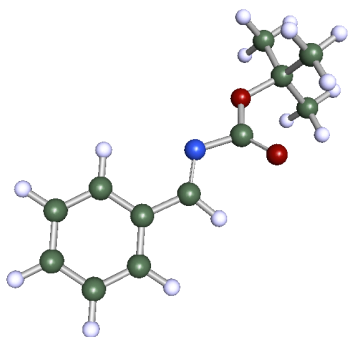
Total Energy = -462.66292995584 hartree

Enthalpy Correction = 0.193434 hartree

Entropy = 0.000158 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
0.26069733	-5.28930866	-1.85442930	o	8.000	0
0.77990086	-3.11473218	-0.89934918	c	6.000	0
-1.44344762	-1.54962694	-0.05720468	c	6.000	0
-3.83170316	-2.16255664	-0.99422653	c	6.000	0
-5.96307256	-0.79090648	-0.31548116	c	6.000	0
-5.75951245	1.22341686	1.35271785	c	6.000	0
-3.39876699	1.84039196	2.33113778	c	6.000	0
-1.27482546	0.47270161	1.63464843	c	6.000	0
3.16116778	-2.12866725	-0.64750701	c	6.000	0
5.45407730	-3.51408448	-1.54266518	c	6.000	0
6.17015074	-2.92951824	-4.28091760	c	6.000	0
-3.96928585	-3.75416667	-2.27571103	h	1.000	0
-7.79303808	-1.29976851	-1.08883640	h	1.000	0
-7.41978578	2.29249387	1.90051973	h	1.000	0
-3.21582142	3.39012635	3.66127243	h	1.000	0
0.53840684	0.96299693	2.45135238	h	1.000	0
3.40343279	-0.23015340	0.08627844	h	1.000	0
7.07966654	-3.09007395	-0.32716966	h	1.000	0
5.10207999	-5.54869307	-1.38449675	h	1.000	0
6.56843842	-0.91530721	-4.52477925	h	1.000	0
7.84466038	-3.98605619	-4.88620219	h	1.000	0
4.60866696	-3.41855788	-5.54217698	h	1.000	0

tert-Butyl (*E*)-benzylidenecarbamate (MAA* = 195.9 kJ/mol, E = -14.22):

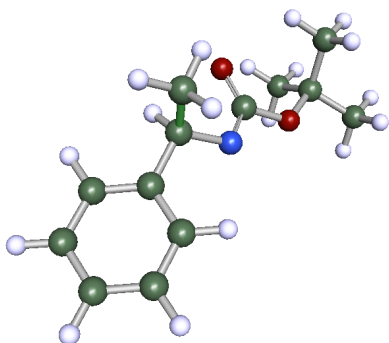


Total Energy = -671.03149647377 hartree

Enthalpy Correction = 0.265822 hartree
 Entropy = 0.000191 hartree/K
 LUMO Energy = -0.0804 hartree

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
-1.62997017	2.35431084	-2.09430934	o	8.000	0
-1.44670038	0.94115790	-0.30402674	c	6.000	0
-3.32878852	-0.26046045	0.82052307	o	8.000	0
-5.94266948	-0.04769968	-0.07861646	c	6.000	0
-7.37498460	-1.72651546	1.75025437	c	6.000	0
-6.14705579	-1.06474806	-2.75177570	c	6.000	0
-6.83723927	2.66842637	0.13718368	c	6.000	0
0.80064500	0.37529491	0.98232946	n	7.000	0
2.81923709	0.48819212	-0.33635473	c	6.000	0
5.31749342	0.05810744	0.71271038	c	6.000	0
7.40439417	0.26449738	-0.88687815	c	6.000	0
9.82320432	-0.10995440	0.04386702	c	6.000	0
10.16497427	-0.69936461	2.57694072	c	6.000	0
8.09032883	-0.91499301	4.18312212	c	6.000	0
5.67706573	-0.53977159	3.26101513	c	6.000	0
-9.37884468	-1.72564792	1.26533856	h	1.000	0
-7.16735478	-1.03727900	3.68370980	h	1.000	0
-6.67683343	-3.66541721	1.65566441	h	1.000	0
-5.14345177	0.12791329	-4.09442338	h	1.000	0
-8.13750200	-1.13037495	-3.29033879	h	1.000	0
-5.39057528	-2.98257886	-2.84984252	h	1.000	0
-5.85884011	3.89683574	-1.19095056	h	1.000	0
-6.54281464	3.37119389	2.05565824	h	1.000	0
-8.85922598	2.73722595	-0.26870897	h	1.000	0
2.73743282	0.92308947	-2.35746427	h	1.000	0
7.11621047	0.72620899	-2.86351657	h	1.000	0
11.43926560	0.05654507	-1.20220948	h	1.000	0
12.05475284	-0.99631372	3.30987874	h	1.000	0
8.37110098	-1.38055325	6.15763594	h	1.000	0
4.04674535	-0.70732719	4.48788937	h	1.000	0

tert-Butyl (*E*)-benzylidenecarbamate Product:

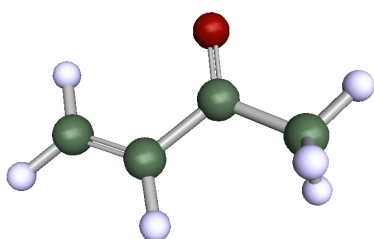


Total Energy = -711.03942511727 hartree
 Enthalpy Correction = 0.30513 hartree
 Entropy = 0.000204 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
-2.97728828	0.44466442	0.78311373	o	8.000	0

-1.32826079	-0.07994178	2.38406814	c	6.000	0
-2.00142202	-0.32310088	4.91443980	o	8.000	0
-4.58399505	-0.15884742	5.73328385	c	6.000	0
-6.18035640	-2.23680842	4.54614677	c	6.000	0
-5.68696058	2.45006986	5.22627380	c	6.000	0
-4.41168275	-0.58155790	8.57207222	c	6.000	0
1.10057332	-0.44288847	2.10457386	n	7.000	0
1.96800382	-0.22443568	-0.46902098	c	6.000	0
1.55851771	-2.69026507	-1.93310200	c	6.000	0
4.73149495	0.48669244	-0.57125188	c	6.000	0
6.42847936	-0.35767753	1.25356029	c	6.000	0
8.98049920	0.23104053	1.09671863	c	6.000	0
9.88316886	1.69009561	-0.89070029	c	6.000	0
8.20870297	2.54837628	-2.71992558	c	6.000	0
5.65989236	1.94427562	-2.55677052	c	6.000	0
-6.30284753	-1.98210404	2.50912524	h	1.000	0
-8.08150936	-2.20684793	5.35191500	h	1.000	0
-5.34365880	-4.08391998	4.94075087	h	1.000	0
-4.46464715	3.90078473	6.04405393	h	1.000	0
-7.54789738	2.60678166	6.10885776	h	1.000	0
-5.86192894	2.78751186	3.20577835	h	1.000	0
-6.29335456	-0.52031936	9.41735215	h	1.000	0
-3.56850834	-2.42110781	8.98091395	h	1.000	0
-3.25175648	0.88299023	9.45108860	h	1.000	0
0.91045249	1.25343725	-1.48072110	h	1.000	0
2.59529056	-4.22813873	-1.01967830	h	1.000	0
2.20630103	-2.53922052	-3.89045028	h	1.000	0
-0.45288586	-3.15361057	-1.93217445	h	1.000	0
5.70767218	-1.46563076	2.81702723	h	1.000	0
10.27288373	-0.44362776	2.53822843	h	1.000	0
11.87296897	2.16513930	-1.00614517	h	1.000	0
8.88628578	3.70471867	-4.27124910	h	1.000	0
4.36101991	2.62972482	-3.99072250	h	1.000	0

But-3-en-2-one (MAA* = 186.0 kJ/mol, E = -16.76):



Total Energy = -231.06503253699 hartree

Enthalpy Correction = 0.096493 hartree

Entropy = 0.000118 hartree/K

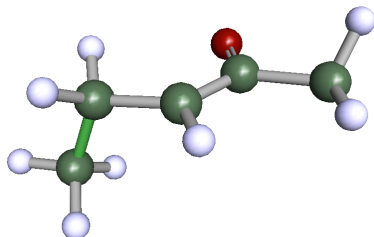
LUMO Energy = -0.0623 hartree

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
-3.57283416	2.92361005	0.05017362	c	6.000	0
-1.82979296	1.11660441	-0.00042512	c	6.000	0
0.90935638	1.69778598	0.17033982	c	6.000	0
2.65330057	-0.52411647	0.08501596	c	6.000	0
1.68571728	3.85485502	0.36749703	o	8.000	0

-5.57051448	2.49156314	-0.07531604	h	1.000	0
-3.02561066	4.89285863	0.21985044	h	1.000	0
-2.35732972	-0.85806276	-0.17017193	h	1.000	0
2.35299855	-1.57080128	-1.67284419	h	1.000	0
4.61553831	0.07605294	0.22448513	h	1.000	0
2.19441170	-1.82226726	1.62739109	h	1.000	0

But-3-en-2-one product:

The CH₃-CH₂-CH-C Torsion Angle was constrained to 90°.



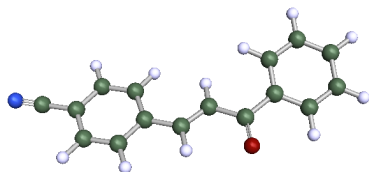
Total Energy = -271.06953423463 hartree

Enthalpy Correction = 0.136439 hartree

Entropy = 0.000132 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
4.15666455	-0.20465259	-0.02554535	o	8.000	0
2.62489817	1.52104382	0.75003786	c	6.000	0
3.85239744	3.87849844	1.82477669	c	6.000	0
0.04217583	1.39681516	0.66471747	c	6.000	0
-1.34227404	-0.88519614	-0.27021074	c	6.000	0
-1.95351270	-2.81830695	1.78888522	c	6.000	0
5.03852542	3.37339909	3.44530968	h	1.000	0
5.10799199	4.72456241	0.41237902	h	1.000	0
2.48154046	5.29956981	2.42846153	h	1.000	0
-1.04679217	2.96320405	1.42718487	h	1.000	0
-0.17649670	-1.81872708	-1.70699520	h	1.000	0
-3.10899602	-0.33644866	-1.20877057	h	1.000	0
-2.95262914	-4.46949096	1.03742352	h	1.000	0
-0.21163661	-3.47315369	2.68678951	h	1.000	0
-3.13801902	-1.97669247	3.26077686	h	1.000	0

(*E*)-4-(3-Oxo-3-phenylprop-1-en-1-yl)benzointrile (MAA* = 185.9 kJ/mol, E = -17.64):



Total Energy = -745.71603243125 hartree

Enthalpy Correction = 0.241057 hartree

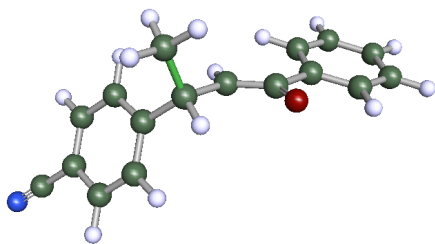
Entropy = 0.000197 hartree/K

LUMO Energy = -0.0971 hartree

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
-4.28117506	-2.13798769	0.79233434	o	8.000	0
-2.96600992	-3.49004691	-0.54482185	c	6.000	0
-4.10724411	-5.66248472	-1.91219529	c	6.000	0
-2.66307635	-7.58407689	-2.99584484	c	6.000	0
-3.83089973	-9.59210037	-4.20847007	c	6.000	0
-6.44642110	-9.68697495	-4.37369261	c	6.000	0
-7.90131211	-7.77660569	-3.30453614	c	6.000	0
-6.73861499	-5.78736170	-2.07252929	c	6.000	0
-0.24372564	-2.99396768	-0.86740076	c	6.000	0
0.87497663	-1.12651662	0.42255604	c	6.000	0
3.51608026	-0.38334219	0.28386399	c	6.000	0
5.26885600	-1.59159963	-1.28752347	c	6.000	0
7.75263772	-0.81522042	-1.35425172	c	6.000	0
8.53202260	1.20256123	0.16364068	c	6.000	0
11.09926640	2.00739982	0.09663184	c	6.000	0
13.17744617	2.65717933	0.04151064	n	7.000	0
6.81458702	2.42997851	1.74053354	c	6.000	0
4.33101715	1.63012211	1.78845318	c	6.000	0
-0.62191993	-7.55817827	-2.87214206	h	1.000	0
-2.69379166	-11.08540426	-5.02725054	h	1.000	0
-7.35566175	-11.25062421	-5.33545956	h	1.000	0
-9.94398288	-7.84643189	-3.43589317	h	1.000	0
-7.84889161	-4.29175743	-1.22385527	h	1.000	0
0.81032203	-4.14212464	-2.18879412	h	1.000	0
-0.29391145	-0.03670389	1.71303629	h	1.000	0
4.69031962	-3.15510899	-2.47361575	h	1.000	0
9.10007273	-1.75603253	-2.57290760	h	1.000	0
7.42810819	3.99160954	2.91123732	h	1.000	0
2.98761355	2.57695015	3.01107146	h	1.000	0

(E)-4-(3-Oxo-3-phenylprop-1-en-1-yl)benzointrile Product:

The CH₃-CH-CH-C Torsion Angle was constrained to 90°.



Total Energy = -785.71947767600 hartree

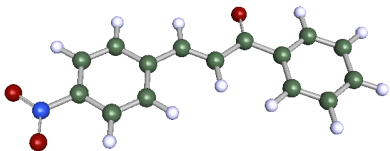
Enthalpy Correction = 0.279999 hartree

Entropy = 0.000211 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
3.81306595	0.88296708	-5.07589284	o	8.000	0
3.36727993	-0.33968100	-3.03061775	c	6.000	0
5.63605987	-1.06401567	-1.46828152	c	6.000	0
5.59575386	-2.87894472	0.45084729	c	6.000	0
7.75688549	-3.45735955	1.81481880	c	6.000	0
10.02553030	-2.23489865	1.29644734	c	6.000	0

10.10148906	-0.44040113	-0.61508865	c	6.000	0
7.93431917	0.12171471	-1.98319729	c	6.000	0
1.00891901	-0.97028115	-2.16179402	c	6.000	0
-1.32506685	-0.30335294	-3.63100261	c	6.000	0
-2.09916669	-2.37316921	-5.50435126	c	6.000	0
-3.44374509	0.37831451	-1.86027731	c	6.000	0
-4.21880345	2.88349736	-1.59258356	c	6.000	0
-6.12644565	3.55097624	0.06269963	c	6.000	0
-7.30542846	1.68267215	1.50424439	c	6.000	0
-9.27436368	2.34274693	3.21106549	c	6.000	0
-10.87133514	2.87751065	4.59537974	n	7.000	0
-6.55589012	-0.83801562	1.26644925	c	6.000	0
-4.65081888	-1.46361442	-0.40352163	c	6.000	0
3.86086071	-3.88367416	0.86861511	h	1.000	0
7.67565019	-4.88329438	3.28580678	h	1.000	0
11.71500403	-2.69096660	2.36268524	h	1.000	0
11.85936780	0.52302645	-1.04745782	h	1.000	0
7.97245084	1.50269498	-3.49480125	h	1.000	0
0.77521213	-1.99010096	-0.40216855	h	1.000	0
-0.87030368	1.38299811	-4.74149100	h	1.000	0
-2.49649962	-4.15361276	-4.53518948	h	1.000	0
-3.77831005	-1.83769595	-6.58909755	h	1.000	0
-0.54457218	-2.70295786	-6.82016653	h	1.000	0
-3.30550191	4.33909160	-2.70992268	h	1.000	0
-6.71241415	5.50396157	0.24357235	h	1.000	0
-7.47285174	-2.28472547	2.38760684	h	1.000	0
-4.08593935	-3.42523898	-0.57142970	h	1.000	0

(*E*)-3-(4-Nitrophenyl)-1-phenylprop-2-en-1-one (MAA* = 182.2 kJ/mol, E = -17.33):



Total Energy = -857.93043013105 hartree

Enthalpy Correction = 0.245884 hartree

Entropy = 0.000204 hartree/K

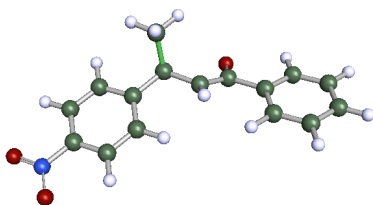
LUMO Energy = -0.1116 hartree

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
4.71238007	-1.13944381	-1.39828019	o	8.000	0
3.52893907	-0.47674299	-3.27015673	c	6.000	0
4.86086790	-0.08323302	-5.71313846	c	6.000	0
7.45702417	-0.55878649	-5.78668052	c	6.000	0
8.81049820	-0.22610881	-7.99532222	c	6.000	0
7.58583323	0.59262598	-10.17261273	c	6.000	0
5.00857118	1.07283520	-10.12348889	c	6.000	0
3.64915841	0.73664935	-7.90794394	c	6.000	0
0.77477055	-0.06000976	-3.14432329	c	6.000	0
-0.45108016	-0.38928132	-0.95601167	c	6.000	0
-3.14183306	-0.06428634	-0.50902466	c	6.000	0
-4.06243340	-0.48932682	1.93255721	c	6.000	0
-6.59872136	-0.21393853	2.48438901	c	6.000	0
-8.22046274	0.49530251	0.55785588	c	6.000	0

-10.89779450	0.79098883	1.11408002	n	7.000	0
-12.29622961	1.41256082	-0.59877937	o	8.000	0
-11.60706263	0.40252243	3.26343921	o	8.000	0
-7.37675365	0.93340621	-1.88744298	c	6.000	0
-4.84079213	0.65133938	-2.40814070	c	6.000	0
8.38500730	-1.19365888	-4.07685390	h	1.000	0
10.82328055	-0.60268369	-8.02831447	h	1.000	0
8.64494652	0.85559994	-11.90660778	h	1.000	0
4.05008984	1.71210091	-11.81633478	h	1.000	0
1.64337228	1.12858231	-7.92364955	h	1.000	0
-0.22079169	0.50590150	-4.83574007	h	1.000	0
0.66354693	-0.95979061	0.67219491	h	1.000	0
-2.76225780	-1.04402259	3.41392322	h	1.000	0
-7.31357377	-0.54149823	4.36932961	h	1.000	0
-8.69686949	1.48500263	-3.34514349	h	1.000	0
-4.18166143	0.99259296	-4.31388849	h	1.000	0

(*E*)-3-(4-Nitrophenyl)-1-phenylprop-2-en-1-one Product:

The CH₃-CH-CH-C Torsion Angle was constrained to 270°.



Total Energy = -897.93319285807 hartree

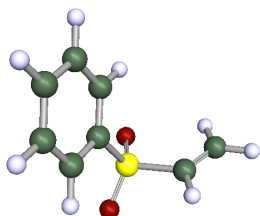
Enthalpy Correction = 0.284951 hartree

Entropy = 0.000216 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
-3.76547486	-2.81764174	-3.91787438	o	8.000	0
-3.46329605	-2.40828173	-1.54535027	c	6.000	0
-5.83655250	-2.24716553	0.01995130	c	6.000	0
-5.93317345	-1.24275237	2.46142196	c	6.000	0
-8.18267262	-1.15081843	3.80163468	c	6.000	0
-10.40577648	-2.06095872	2.73344068	c	6.000	0
-10.34519818	-3.04960624	0.30477100	c	6.000	0
-8.08797195	-3.12842279	-1.03168425	c	6.000	0
-1.17355691	-2.13767162	-0.36386615	c	6.000	0
1.23697610	-2.50863679	-1.78371222	c	6.000	0
2.11179926	-5.27874613	-1.66471086	c	6.000	0
3.36117555	-0.74124269	-1.07069769	c	6.000	0
5.64557791	-0.83274393	-2.40304291	c	6.000	0
7.62209344	0.77075380	-1.84063552	c	6.000	0
7.31942497	2.50538886	0.10528610	c	6.000	0
9.37905468	4.20347131	0.71395103	n	7.000	0
11.32404456	4.04208022	-0.50490667	o	8.000	0
9.07953225	5.72169864	2.41682933	o	8.000	0
5.08882638	2.65996731	1.46531011	c	6.000	0
3.12925736	1.03672299	0.86171802	c	6.000	0
-4.23377713	-0.48830360	3.32032008	h	1.000	0
-8.20692693	-0.34905260	5.68840347	h	1.000	0

-12.16510494	-1.98444833	3.78132734	h	1.000	0
-12.06591461	-3.75923800	-0.55602549	h	1.000	0
-8.01818291	-3.87793245	-2.93602795	h	1.000	0
-1.09178098	-1.98777082	1.67624893	h	1.000	0
0.80544839	-2.12804538	-3.77803944	h	1.000	0
3.80291815	-5.63375584	-2.79774503	h	1.000	0
0.59554449	-6.48646737	-2.36906709	h	1.000	0
2.51905168	-5.82050955	0.28807041	h	1.000	0
5.87251707	-2.17467669	-3.93320618	h	1.000	0
9.37380270	0.69944020	-2.89000807	h	1.000	0
4.89376634	4.03466081	2.96494144	h	1.000	0
1.37002999	1.17055456	1.89458706	h	1.000	0

(Vinylsulfonyl)benzene (MAA* = 180.8 kJ/mol, E = -18.36):



Total Energy = -857.81927743568 hartree

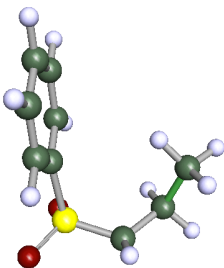
Enthalpy Correction = 0.155815 hartree

Entropy = 0.000155 hartree/K

LUMO Energy = -0.0593 hartree

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
5.81475772	-2.17795334	-0.90625046	c	6.000	0
4.33061183	-0.17781770	-1.10993898	c	6.000	0
2.68207379	0.98796762	1.51196715	s	16.000	0
3.32273905	-0.51206015	3.69838200	o	8.000	0
-0.51017459	0.44567759	0.75478300	c	6.000	0
-1.54517493	-1.92356968	1.21866562	c	6.000	0
-4.04992894	-2.35261640	0.59505137	c	6.000	0
-5.48544146	-0.43255863	-0.47963202	c	6.000	0
-4.42791371	1.92491118	-0.93393689	c	6.000	0
-1.92057839	2.37822847	-0.32119916	c	6.000	0
3.08968836	3.68645540	1.60870318	o	8.000	0
6.87256777	-2.85925366	-2.52242804	h	1.000	0
6.01533795	-3.17307515	0.87305721	h	1.000	0
4.04248700	0.89746829	-2.83047269	h	1.000	0
-0.40925395	-3.39947522	2.06771539	h	1.000	0
-4.88636828	-4.18678986	0.95205174	h	1.000	0
-7.44551722	-0.77845849	-0.96250807	h	1.000	0
-5.55594329	3.41807503	-1.76385406	h	1.000	0
-1.06993321	4.20930427	-0.65213519	h	1.000	0

(Vinylsulfonyl)benzene Product:



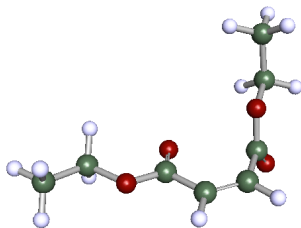
Total Energy = -897.82170964519 hartree

Enthalpy Correction = 0.195353 hartree

Entropy = 0.000168 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
-4.15085710	1.65238850	-1.39875521	c	6.000	0
-4.73985294	-1.00146185	-0.42513818	c	6.000	0
-2.94770208	-3.02744142	-1.31802032	c	6.000	0
-0.47392921	-3.74103517	0.42553669	s	16.000	0
-1.19212976	-4.20183413	3.05819735	o	8.000	0
1.70836224	-1.15985748	0.67482428	c	6.000	0
3.37077282	-0.67412212	-1.30629817	c	6.000	0
4.89271067	1.45570844	-1.25083651	c	6.000	0
4.75970366	3.12549609	0.77565340	c	6.000	0
3.10845214	2.63644268	2.75442836	c	6.000	0
1.58845442	0.49716859	2.71056621	c	6.000	0
1.00780558	-5.73291849	-0.79923072	o	8.000	0
-5.53231803	3.04011350	-0.72907165	h	1.000	0
-2.27431974	2.26077860	-0.78890511	h	1.000	0
-4.17540824	1.68477060	-3.46602141	h	1.000	0
-4.76254529	-0.99153739	1.64511085	h	1.000	0
-6.67822659	-1.48266328	-0.98745688	h	1.000	0
-2.42965060	-2.99797620	-3.31062502	h	1.000	0
3.46696852	-1.97396646	-2.88662106	h	1.000	0
6.19267084	1.81753368	-2.79349295	h	1.000	0
5.94825439	4.79372974	0.81359526	h	1.000	0
3.00683429	3.92180474	4.34759667	h	1.000	0
0.30595001	0.09887883	4.25496411	h	1.000	0

Diethyl maleate (MAA* = 176.6 kJ/mol, E = -19.49):



Total Energy = -612.55584166244 hartree

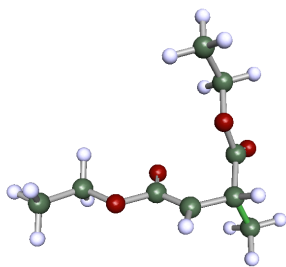
Enthalpy Correction = 0.210428 hartree

Entropy = 0.000183 hartree/K
 LUMO Energy = -0.0597 hartree

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
-5.21654594	0.33091200	-2.63879082	o	8.000	0
-4.09069350	1.91357409	-1.43958089	c	6.000	0
-2.60717342	3.97204271	-2.66037012	c	6.000	0
-0.11038080	3.99199581	-2.90551645	c	6.000	0
1.48419599	1.93257592	-1.90877588	c	6.000	0
3.92135172	2.50025809	-2.08933045	o	8.000	0
5.67211549	0.63080537	-1.16733270	c	6.000	0
8.29830527	1.65009077	-1.52746312	c	6.000	0
0.68582679	-0.02898676	-1.04410645	o	8.000	0
-4.15296886	2.13940687	1.04302381	o	8.000	0
-5.54860121	0.23416709	2.40514761	c	6.000	0
-5.34870245	0.83730265	5.17287004	c	6.000	0
-3.73481130	5.49429895	-3.44829142	h	1.000	0
0.83295683	5.53630520	-3.86136245	h	1.000	0
5.37096838	-1.11776176	-2.22101553	h	1.000	0
5.25025899	0.26835958	0.81971901	h	1.000	0
8.68633918	2.01077794	-3.52135643	h	1.000	0
8.56436487	3.40082066	-0.46914580	h	1.000	0
9.66419482	0.26424876	-0.84194366	h	1.000	0
-7.50302647	0.25830547	1.74603371	h	1.000	0
-4.73103538	-1.60527468	1.95226107	h	1.000	0
-3.38145273	0.81857504	5.79328087	h	1.000	0
-6.38451487	-0.58141966	6.25460754	h	1.000	0
-6.16023466	2.68818053	5.58739591	h	1.000	0

Diethyl maleate Product:

The CH₃-CH-CH-C Torsion Angle was constrained to 270°.

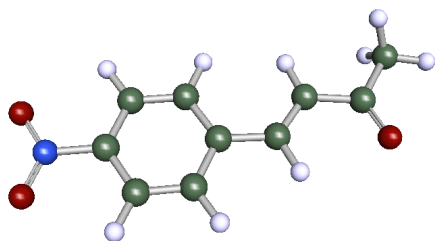


Total Energy = -652.55591872807 hartree
 Enthalpy Correction = 0.249229 hartree
 Entropy = 0.000196 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
1.14757077	2.66970492	-3.81812640	c	6.000	0
1.54720202	-0.15157440	-3.37045622	c	6.000	0
3.58401334	-0.55535464	-1.40466325	c	6.000	0
4.10614204	-2.99556420	-1.05784900	o	8.000	0
5.91804711	-3.57847807	0.85857140	c	6.000	0
6.06095838	-6.40985042	1.08446522	c	6.000	0
4.74868318	1.10432526	-0.33833022	o	8.000	0
-0.81892876	-1.59500017	-2.77379069	c	6.000	0
-1.60023056	-1.87172005	-0.31796259	c	6.000	0

-3.79569637	-3.33034618	-0.04348081	o	8.000	0
-4.63111454	-3.72787975	2.46291573	c	6.000	0
-6.98844858	-5.32888620	2.35993592	c	6.000	0
-0.58940824	-0.99622318	1.63671782	o	8.000	0
2.90307100	3.64527485	-4.31060445	h	1.000	0
-0.20257962	2.93036709	-5.35635849	h	1.000	0
0.37020655	3.55006766	-2.12090812	h	1.000	0
2.36247284	-0.95915237	-5.10263390	h	1.000	0
5.30774045	-2.70474127	2.62663505	h	1.000	0
7.74512136	-2.76351386	0.34171695	h	1.000	0
4.22652855	-7.19641636	1.60851469	h	1.000	0
6.66170973	-7.26587135	-0.69503066	h	1.000	0
7.42894599	-6.92216267	2.54210280	h	1.000	0
-1.84116343	-2.51429618	-4.29010211	h	1.000	0
-3.15319346	-4.66717351	3.56693637	h	1.000	0
-5.01650313	-1.91657306	3.38852601	h	1.000	0
-7.69030350	-5.68104656	4.26953883	h	1.000	0
-6.60542667	-7.15124425	1.46656083	h	1.000	0
-8.47844196	-4.38140175	1.28882751	h	1.000	0

(*E*)-4-(4-Nitrophenyl)but-3-en-2-one (MAA* = 174.7 kJ/mol, E = -19.36):



Total Energy = -666.34177297676 hartree

Enthalpy Correction = 0.188541 hartree

Entropy = 0.000178 hartree/K

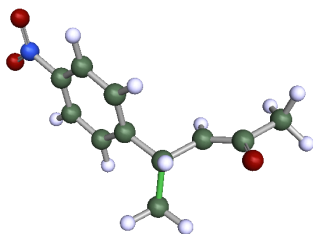
LUMO Energy = -0.1109 hartree

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
8.44216407	1.36075867	-1.25884079	c	6.000	0
6.56235852	-0.36245797	-0.04086198	c	6.000	0
3.87597783	0.30161196	-0.42243645	c	6.000	0
2.02848818	-1.12697337	0.54389457	c	6.000	0
-0.67612024	-0.69682915	0.30731127	c	6.000	0
-2.32693604	-2.46927592	1.36477133	c	6.000	0
-4.91477751	-2.17107473	1.19263815	c	6.000	0
-5.84420527	-0.06286913	-0.04699910	c	6.000	0
-8.56661759	0.27733155	-0.23784284	n	7.000	0
-9.92644472	-1.34891736	0.64551988	o	8.000	0
-9.35053571	2.17242941	-1.27225927	o	8.000	0
-4.26414754	1.74023264	-1.11237682	c	6.000	0
-1.68735600	1.41197304	-0.93163670	c	6.000	0
7.20421306	-2.20095432	1.19001884	o	8.000	0
10.36343533	0.73006100	-0.88569375	h	1.000	0
8.17673022	3.28543003	-0.55105400	h	1.000	0
8.09991918	1.42954233	-3.29683363	h	1.000	0
3.48452596	1.98479741	-1.52352508	h	1.000	0
2.58273849	-2.79235205	1.61233319	h	1.000	0

-1.56121553	-4.10349984	2.33242130	h	1.000	0
-6.19482742	-3.53996836	2.00500542	h	1.000	0
-5.05526138	3.36514647	-2.06431808	h	1.000	0
-0.45210588	2.81585770	-1.76058180	h	1.000	0

(*E*)-4-(4-Nitrophenyl)but-3-en-2-one Product:

The CH₃-CH-CH-C Torsion Angle was constrained to 270°.



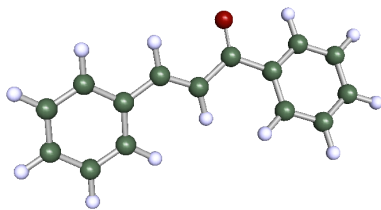
Total Energy = -706.34195236151 hartree

Enthalpy Correction = 0.22785 hartree

Entropy = 0.00019 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
-5.66753492	2.42486592	3.61550773	c	6.000	0
-3.69928070	1.65715711	1.67519111	c	6.000	0
-1.94576014	3.26565905	1.23689581	o	8.000	0
-3.93240009	-0.66195263	0.54833229	c	6.000	0
-2.09507085	-1.64157285	-1.39111591	c	6.000	0
-2.83773562	-0.93798368	-4.08978638	c	6.000	0
0.60869013	-1.02500484	-0.73493392	c	6.000	0
2.28956891	0.09657800	-2.42999621	c	6.000	0
4.78013387	0.53995744	-1.78331452	c	6.000	0
5.61865164	-0.16260030	0.59927587	c	6.000	0
8.21229309	0.28603984	1.28810779	n	7.000	0
9.62164043	1.24132519	-0.26891067	o	8.000	0
8.90897676	-0.30762252	3.40618860	o	8.000	0
4.00073601	-1.30559010	2.33148697	c	6.000	0
1.52800730	-1.72224412	1.64638902	c	6.000	0
-6.56902798	4.19527371	3.03465546	h	1.000	0
-4.74424370	2.79221266	5.43193927	h	1.000	0
-7.13070961	0.99619670	3.89673012	h	1.000	0
-5.50748498	-1.87410776	1.05388833	h	1.000	0
-2.17840914	-3.71746749	-1.28337357	h	1.000	0
-1.60526861	-1.80440729	-5.50905610	h	1.000	0
-4.76623738	-1.57567658	-4.44869773	h	1.000	0
-2.79258184	1.11174831	-4.34562787	h	1.000	0
1.64641773	0.65881063	-4.28754873	h	1.000	0
6.07007152	1.41990041	-3.10190464	h	1.000	0
4.69754946	-1.85227698	4.17329516	h	1.000	0
0.23146872	-2.57940720	2.98035311	h	1.000	0

(*E*)-Chalcone (MAA* = 174.3 kJ/mol, E = -19.39):



Total Energy = -653.53731237207 hartree

Enthalpy Correction = 0.240538 hartree

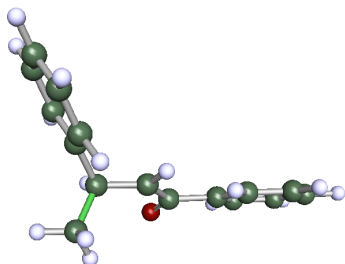
Entropy = 0.000182 hartree/K

LUMO Energy = -0.0906 hartree

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
2.20129883	-3.34845354	3.13705426	o	8.000	0
2.28583357	-1.66541869	1.54897401	c	6.000	0
4.77298297	-0.76957961	0.58734688	c	6.000	0
6.94130756	-1.41281789	1.94574622	c	6.000	0
9.30128864	-0.65013177	1.12061837	c	6.000	0
9.52872604	0.74421728	-1.09553078	c	6.000	0
7.38766735	1.37593318	-2.47191665	c	6.000	0
5.01881924	0.63708465	-1.62888394	c	6.000	0
-0.01800812	-0.46559096	0.57057064	c	6.000	0
-2.30360212	-1.32210099	1.25361413	c	6.000	0
-4.74498064	-0.33663787	0.48123163	c	6.000	0
-6.92404093	-1.55224182	1.35177004	c	6.000	0
-9.30382605	-0.70002874	0.66755637	c	6.000	0
-9.54215410	1.38934154	-0.89927763	c	6.000	0
-7.38984606	2.62167925	-1.77643643	c	6.000	0
-5.01578684	1.77099645	-1.09628297	c	6.000	0
6.73878514	-2.50968827	3.66220447	h	1.000	0
10.97144085	-1.14111572	2.19989924	h	1.000	0
11.37794782	1.33644532	-1.74851145	h	1.000	0
7.55998630	2.44870921	-4.20781151	h	1.000	0
3.37422432	1.13232086	-2.73994208	h	1.000	0
0.17457290	1.13546115	-0.68557346	h	1.000	0
-2.35545074	-2.93969579	2.52074500	h	1.000	0
-6.73190760	-3.18480316	2.57695670	h	1.000	0
-10.97287827	-1.66615698	1.35724233	h	1.000	0
-11.39961091	2.06320078	-1.43927044	h	1.000	0
-7.57322955	4.25585463	-2.99757577	h	1.000	0
-3.35955960	2.75321749	-1.79295791	h	1.000	0

(E)-Chalcone Product:

The CH₃-CH-CH-C Torsion Angle was constrained to 90°.



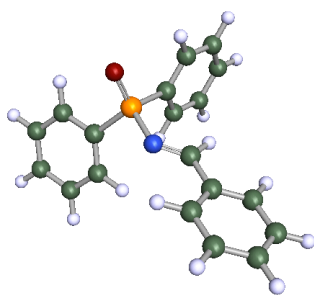
Total Energy = -693.53665373992 hartree

Enthalpy Correction = 0.279475 hartree

Entropy = 0.000195 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
2.28341190	-4.21098757	-3.64706499	o	8.000	0
2.41931751	-2.90632036	-1.60273174	c	6.000	0
5.03424765	-2.17039661	-0.74753801	c	6.000	0
7.02163308	-2.40884547	-2.46463104	c	6.000	0
9.47952055	-1.75941298	-1.81488389	c	6.000	0
10.01647949	-0.87458665	0.59506229	c	6.000	0
8.06342496	-0.65387828	2.34090820	c	6.000	0
5.61085291	-1.29316980	1.67710367	c	6.000	0
0.38666363	-2.10819351	-0.21268080	c	6.000	0
-2.27121442	-2.75698534	-0.96106549	c	6.000	0
-3.17133914	-5.24484790	0.22365567	c	6.000	0
-4.06575325	-0.61884024	-0.38255545	c	6.000	0
-5.23998574	0.72146635	-2.31960845	c	6.000	0
-6.86929395	2.71578760	-1.80503612	c	6.000	0
-7.35791727	3.40968212	0.67664666	c	6.000	0
-6.20294526	2.08868605	2.63145593	c	6.000	0
-4.58084443	0.09786784	2.10307986	c	6.000	0
6.58027363	-3.12373288	-4.33231580	h	1.000	0
10.98410961	-1.95101724	-3.19524151	h	1.000	0
11.93430978	-0.37633932	1.11743871	h	1.000	0
8.45903330	0.00954587	4.24027238	h	1.000	0
4.13019420	-1.13640472	3.08338945	h	1.000	0
0.65514442	-0.98729086	1.47935589	h	1.000	0
-2.26833195	-3.03488317	-3.01289651	h	1.000	0
-1.89395874	-6.76841746	-0.33112097	h	1.000	0
-3.16597134	-5.12852586	2.28639997	h	1.000	0
-5.08661323	-5.73382838	-0.38933275	h	1.000	0
-4.86744511	0.19153504	-4.26663447	h	1.000	0
-7.76015478	3.72795214	-3.34915796	h	1.000	0
-8.62784281	4.96436520	1.08717147	h	1.000	0
-6.56971721	2.61347531	4.57900320	h	1.000	0
-3.69338551	-0.91139506	3.65206700	h	1.000	0

(E)-N-Benzylidene-P,P-diphenylphosphinic amide (MAA* = 174.0 kJ/mol, E = -15.89):



Total Energy = -1204.27778414334 hartree

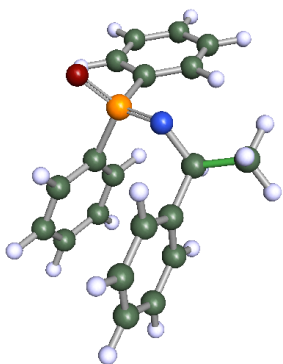
Enthalpy Correction = 0.322241 hartree

Entropy = 0.000228 hartree/K

LUMO Energy = -0.0764 hartree

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
-2.68990603	-1.13922337	-5.07409234	o	8.000	0
-1.98425007	-0.32402659	-2.47889554	p	15.000	0
1.13220156	0.16416072	-2.22521335	n	7.000	0
2.54694817	-0.95097255	-0.62785674	c	6.000	0
5.26687963	-0.55876477	-0.48984947	c	6.000	0
6.51953956	1.06905961	-2.14916672	c	6.000	0
9.10398093	1.38644592	-1.95718326	c	6.000	0
10.45762137	0.08954188	-0.10892216	c	6.000	0
9.22450438	-1.52767180	1.54833373	c	6.000	0
6.63295576	-1.85235218	1.35665594	c	6.000	0
-3.31878693	2.66709977	-1.58876728	c	6.000	0
-2.07936834	4.33472416	0.02770271	c	6.000	0
-3.22475344	6.59035634	0.71392252	c	6.000	0
-5.60556230	7.18875289	-0.21269240	c	6.000	0
-6.84460359	5.53527831	-1.83224438	c	6.000	0
-5.70656759	3.27809849	-2.51965454	c	6.000	0
-2.95579512	-2.58805156	-0.12900305	c	6.000	0
-3.29713972	-5.09392621	-0.86698739	c	6.000	0
-3.94287407	-6.91066512	0.90811697	c	6.000	0
-4.24622813	-6.23575664	3.42624100	c	6.000	0
-3.90888387	-3.74157634	4.17164674	c	6.000	0
-3.26611967	-1.92064797	2.40067471	c	6.000	0
1.78378986	-2.28708152	0.76304551	h	1.000	0
5.43889747	2.06583156	-3.57438181	h	1.000	0
10.08059469	2.64489648	-3.24413643	h	1.000	0
12.48509156	0.34579680	0.03504581	h	1.000	0
10.28167920	-2.53293487	2.98503785	h	1.000	0
5.64913801	-3.11248793	2.64062071	h	1.000	0
-0.21281035	3.88396362	0.73985204	h	1.000	0
-2.25291636	7.88578154	1.96764400	h	1.000	0
-6.49617015	8.95402729	0.32326893	h	1.000	0
-8.69823289	6.00822425	-2.56384421	h	1.000	0
-6.66336984	1.98856424	-3.79294470	h	1.000	0
-3.06783844	-5.60617366	-2.83675571	h	1.000	0
-4.21345393	-8.85540571	0.32538113	h	1.000	0
-4.75416537	-7.65647628	4.81206312	h	1.000	0
-4.15251002	-3.21219715	6.13495316	h	1.000	0
-3.02151593	0.02578832	2.99238489	h	1.000	0

(E)-N-Benzylidene-P,P-diphenylphosphinic amide Product:



Total Energy = -1244.27825046539 hartree

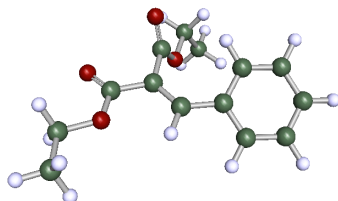
Enthalpy Correction = 0.361216 hartree

Entropy = 0.000237 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
3.84596182	-5.42407482	3.15270672	c	6.000	0
2.62187594	-3.35667232	1.55268121	c	6.000	0
1.29416927	-4.49274499	-0.54043379	n	7.000	0
-1.02471246	-3.14305147	-1.86034140	p	15.000	0
-3.91026178	-3.52218623	0.00885898	c	6.000	0
-3.85649940	-4.86462397	2.26774633	c	6.000	0
-6.04468812	-5.21321842	3.67948116	c	6.000	0
-8.31662717	-4.21037522	2.83756454	c	6.000	0
-8.39501827	-2.86112974	0.58241639	c	6.000	0
-6.20584951	-2.52208799	-0.81693328	c	6.000	0
-0.58719217	0.27879382	-1.84883459	c	6.000	0
0.94446251	1.34533717	-3.71050171	c	6.000	0
1.55639319	3.88996893	-3.64989741	c	6.000	0
0.64105296	5.41640096	-1.71869099	c	6.000	0
-0.88923080	4.38162752	0.14087279	c	6.000	0
-1.49481447	1.82858395	0.07448644	c	6.000	0
-1.59915351	-4.04395198	-4.49945297	o	8.000	0
4.63298246	-1.48331591	0.71871825	c	6.000	0
6.18577961	-2.01997151	-1.33557552	c	6.000	0
8.02827926	-0.32712515	-2.11010491	c	6.000	0
8.33796723	1.95674817	-0.84743739	c	6.000	0
6.79659420	2.51415506	1.19864747	c	6.000	0
4.96970927	0.79706059	1.97613703	c	6.000	0
4.90826448	-4.63269656	4.73930336	h	1.000	0
5.14047853	-6.53255949	1.98353426	h	1.000	0
2.39694262	-6.69683515	3.89380861	h	1.000	0
1.35495214	-2.29418665	2.82515397	h	1.000	0
-2.07233072	-5.65455494	2.89745860	h	1.000	0
-5.97589221	-6.26719250	5.43627068	h	1.000	0
-10.02805991	-4.47825726	3.93259131	h	1.000	0
-10.16949739	-2.07871278	-0.08145133	h	1.000	0
-6.27621253	-1.46890099	-2.57560612	h	1.000	0
1.68191885	0.15276591	-5.20593073	h	1.000	0
2.76429349	4.68683964	-5.10118616	h	1.000	0
1.12646256	7.40665601	-1.66281582	h	1.000	0
-1.60896084	5.56274857	1.65400032	h	1.000	0
-2.68454602	1.03649937	1.54350659	h	1.000	0

5.88003864	-3.76947424	-2.35703712	h	1.000	0
9.21648633	-0.77452065	-3.72078832	h	1.000	0
9.75668447	3.29869256	-1.46989310	h	1.000	0
6.99775497	4.30393140	2.17817299	h	1.000	0
3.74367494	1.25896763	3.55513295	h	1.000	0

Diethyl 2-benzylidenemalonate (MAA* = 169.9 kJ/mol, E = -20.55):



Total Energy = -843.43482106229 hartree

Enthalpy Correction = 0.296802 hartree

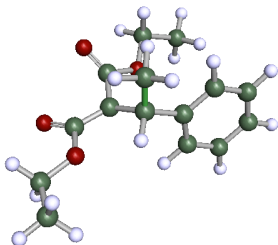
Entropy = 0.000223 hartree/K

LUMO Energy = -0.0775 hartree

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
-5.55435482	-3.22075618	0.91415096	o	8.000	0
-3.45797122	-3.34373672	1.83304010	c	6.000	0
-1.50917312	-1.39680809	1.38858193	c	6.000	0
-2.48186097	0.89137513	0.05356273	c	6.000	0
-1.59196699	1.05492452	-2.27544134	o	8.000	0
-2.29411416	3.27137967	-3.69919312	c	6.000	0
-0.96377714	3.13878892	-6.20419773	c	6.000	0
-3.90887306	2.39960857	0.99933226	o	8.000	0
0.91064253	-1.72507887	2.07073329	c	6.000	0
3.03380409	-0.01368559	1.72620224	c	6.000	0
5.45714435	-1.06524671	1.63785366	c	6.000	0
7.55793601	0.44312662	1.23935047	c	6.000	0
7.27517057	3.03848300	0.97769970	c	6.000	0
4.88487706	4.11606011	1.13446466	c	6.000	0
2.78156994	2.60803524	1.50355145	c	6.000	0
-2.68017743	-5.22944175	3.28517942	o	8.000	0
-4.44826948	-7.25868907	3.68954523	c	6.000	0
-3.18604249	-9.17814735	5.35988631	c	6.000	0
-4.34610155	3.28924108	-3.90715431	h	1.000	0
-1.73942142	4.93802430	-2.61500219	h	1.000	0
-1.45764007	4.79872594	-7.32500362	h	1.000	0
1.08328367	3.11105750	-5.95160601	h	1.000	0
-1.52831523	1.45521974	-7.25427137	h	1.000	0
1.36833536	-3.51676432	2.95972385	h	1.000	0
5.67645475	-3.09122839	1.85989880	h	1.000	0
9.41993533	-0.40466971	1.14750430	h	1.000	0
8.91714121	4.22624430	0.68073140	h	1.000	0
4.66282740	6.14636586	0.98342299	h	1.000	0
0.94617511	3.49433101	1.69273670	h	1.000	0
-4.96328030	-8.05093818	1.85525417	h	1.000	0
-6.14896722	-6.47945372	4.55850569	h	1.000	0
-4.48616905	-10.74428316	5.69586056	h	1.000	0
-1.48275947	-9.92781294	4.47002422	h	1.000	0
-2.67854340	-8.35450616	7.18202555	h	1.000	0

Diethyl 2-benzylidenemalonate Product:

The $\text{CH}_3\text{-CH-C-C(=O)}$ Torsion Angle was constrained to 270° . The CH-C-C=O Torsion Angle was constrained to 247.87° .



Total Energy = -883.43466728384 hartree

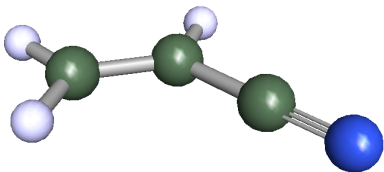
Enthalpy Correction = 0.334634 hartree

Entropy = 0.000225 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
3.18867554	-3.52568225	0.06889957	o	8.000	0
1.71261428	-2.13762723	-1.12584538	c	6.000	0
0.39632875	-0.02211933	-0.22589702	c	6.000	0
-1.05415463	1.66435804	-2.04375789	c	6.000	0
0.60669815	3.79388666	-3.05667369	c	6.000	0
-3.56996577	2.56604965	-1.01483786	c	6.000	0
-5.38455582	0.77388215	-0.34566136	c	6.000	0
-7.71634452	1.48137837	0.60438354	c	6.000	0
-8.29657182	4.02779598	0.91908700	c	6.000	0
-6.51978241	5.83075750	0.25142486	c	6.000	0
-4.18501670	5.10249954	-0.71541802	c	6.000	0
1.33113848	1.12106280	2.07456120	c	6.000	0
-0.57582026	2.07649169	3.50150940	o	8.000	0
0.08633911	3.81294711	5.44906796	c	6.000	0
-2.33588773	4.77750824	6.59482183	c	6.000	0
3.52270497	1.52167132	2.70394242	o	8.000	0
1.17554277	-2.74078577	-3.59855032	o	8.000	0
2.18453047	-5.04373669	-4.51526828	c	6.000	0
1.30669205	-5.36255059	-7.20716058	c	6.000	0
-1.51894276	0.44966920	-3.64781852	h	1.000	0
2.28999694	2.97937256	-3.92728654	h	1.000	0
-0.36992424	4.93598760	-4.47824630	h	1.000	0
1.23140576	5.05720495	-1.54348849	h	1.000	0
-4.91852295	-1.21397243	-0.55079459	h	1.000	0
-9.09189092	0.04671928	1.10940310	h	1.000	0
-10.11652249	4.59149439	1.67386408	h	1.000	0
-6.94177702	7.82371376	0.48591726	h	1.000	0
-2.82485770	6.54961282	-1.21278581	h	1.000	0
1.26524827	2.86630572	6.85796805	h	1.000	0
1.20403771	5.35192001	4.63765901	h	1.000	0
-1.91726139	6.16487285	8.06445724	h	1.000	0
-3.51442153	5.66753805	5.15397943	h	1.000	0
-3.41099146	3.23475219	7.44626359	h	1.000	0
4.24970627	-5.00604230	-4.40913825	h	1.000	0
1.54130669	-6.61655595	-3.33423980	h	1.000	0
1.96725355	-3.80069873	-8.38474035	h	1.000	0

-0.75455574	-5.42613682	-7.30635076	h	1.000	0
2.04931228	-7.12314457	-7.98843743	h	1.000	0

Acrylonitrile (MAA* = 167.2 kJ/mol, E = -19.05):



Total Energy = -170.69899164142 hartree

Enthalpy Correction = 0.056275 hartree

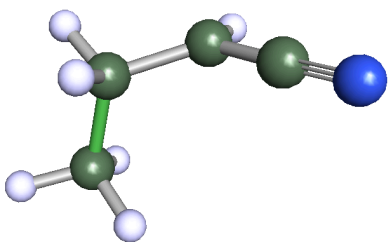
Entropy = 0.000103 hartree/K

LUMO Energy = -0.0544 hartree

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
-1.96000850	-0.28741046	0.00000000	c	6.000	0
0.26355478	0.88662273	0.00000000	c	6.000	0
2.58590807	-0.46725481	0.00000000	c	6.000	0
4.48837296	-1.52883955	0.00000000	n	7.000	0
-2.10252414	-2.32989844	0.00000000	h	1.000	0
-3.69577214	0.79641875	0.00000000	h	1.000	0
0.42046896	2.93036178	0.00000000	h	1.000	0

Acrylonitrile Product:

The CH₃-C-C-C Torsion Angle was constrained to 270°.



Total Energy = -210.69521770500 hartree

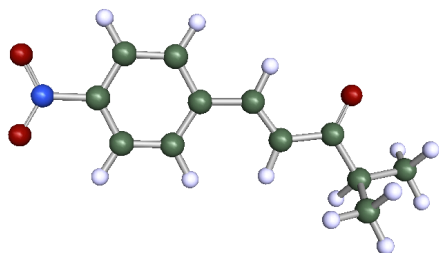
Enthalpy Correction = 0.095688 hartree

Entropy = 0.000119 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
-2.12529684	1.26438535	-0.65313027	c	6.000	0
-0.82530493	-0.90536099	0.74317812	c	6.000	0
1.74560903	-1.61329795	-0.25236837	c	6.000	0
2.02591799	-3.38887634	-2.09656332	c	6.000	0
2.25930754	-4.98579338	-3.64945736	n	7.000	0
-2.41597963	0.77767481	-2.64118945	h	1.000	0
-3.96813575	1.72519596	0.17436350	h	1.000	0
-0.95844441	2.97016313	-0.59303228	h	1.000	0
-0.69133049	-0.39218704	2.74968506	h	1.000	0
-2.06301908	-2.56621855	0.68231173	h	1.000	0

3.29855701 -0.29626969 0.01715778 h 1.000 0

(*E*)-4-Methyl-1-(4-nitrophenyl)pent-1-en-3-one (MAA* = 165.6 kJ/mol, E = -19.17):



Total Energy = -744.90363611370 hartree

Enthalpy Correction = 0.24817 hartree

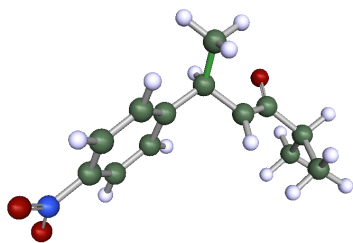
Entropy = 0.000199 hartree/K

LUMO Energy = -0.1108 hartree

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
-4.73727689	-2.69183633	2.09650393	o	8.000	0
-4.35319798	-1.01590150	0.56626868	c	6.000	0
-6.46951651	0.50563518	-0.59269672	c	6.000	0
-6.39126955	3.18234530	0.50849636	c	6.000	0
-9.02856239	-0.72271139	-0.21835608	c	6.000	0
-1.76970115	-0.31664313	-0.23795868	c	6.000	0
0.25643441	-1.46866761	0.73848558	c	6.000	0
2.88866263	-0.98097967	0.11456583	c	6.000	0
4.75003619	-2.42487744	1.31308398	c	6.000	0
7.28285144	-2.04895274	0.80487794	c	6.000	0
7.94380736	-0.19980420	-0.92399658	c	6.000	0
10.60574753	0.21927228	-1.47272412	n	7.000	0
12.15470886	-1.07721126	-0.37969525	o	8.000	0
11.15350021	1.84684801	-2.99827258	o	8.000	0
6.14970550	1.27038752	-2.15008658	c	6.000	0
3.63073193	0.87120837	-1.62414260	c	6.000	0
-6.04832288	0.64744555	-2.61821911	h	1.000	0
-6.76878735	3.13483715	2.53876073	h	1.000	0
-4.56404073	4.09496410	0.21371916	h	1.000	0
-7.83721133	4.34634502	-0.39125905	h	1.000	0
-9.48894643	-0.86049903	1.78870721	h	1.000	0
-9.07246425	-2.62652134	-1.01193241	h	1.000	0
-10.49302858	0.40076491	-1.14100734	h	1.000	0
-1.59947130	1.14922022	-1.65950432	h	1.000	0
-0.07571454	-2.92695373	2.14704196	h	1.000	0
4.19357673	-3.86188006	2.66178823	h	1.000	0
8.72470093	-3.16295958	1.72810729	h	1.000	0
6.73313635	2.69921007	-3.48838005	h	1.000	0
2.22991178	2.01791533	-2.57657727	h	1.000	0

(*E*)-4-Methyl-1-(4-nitrophenyl)pent-1-en-3-one Product:

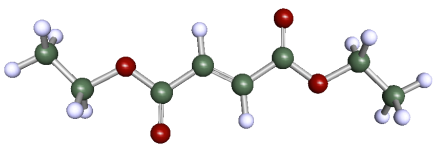
The CH₃-CH-CH-C Torsion Angle was constrained to 270°.



Total Energy = -784.90034890151 hartree
 Enthalpy Correction = 0.287193 hartree
 Entropy = 0.00021 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
-4.17335167	-5.04339570	0.22886197	o	8.000	0
-3.84484754	-2.85683861	1.23293304	c	6.000	0
-6.26911662	-1.48029015	1.99686087	c	6.000	0
-7.83207826	-0.93751240	-0.36426262	c	6.000	0
-5.93693273	0.91174531	3.54977181	c	6.000	0
-1.54229205	-1.73691992	1.59789347	c	6.000	0
0.85464834	-3.03470270	0.79799797	c	6.000	0
1.99875973	-4.69769693	2.85451329	c	6.000	0
2.64540567	-1.12260644	-0.29517735	c	6.000	0
4.96762104	-0.52283090	0.80001154	c	6.000	0
6.51977995	1.31422903	-0.22894331	c	6.000	0
5.74216595	2.56162380	-2.39435392	c	6.000	0
7.35114849	4.47947920	-3.47881719	n	7.000	0
9.38074373	4.91194442	-2.47642870	o	8.000	0
6.61602206	5.59276873	-5.35790270	o	8.000	0
3.44429239	2.00424411	-3.54924266	c	6.000	0
1.92362259	0.18310724	-2.48249995	c	6.000	0
-7.33160954	-2.84968135	3.14170670	h	1.000	0
-8.06280082	-2.65458928	-1.48343817	h	1.000	0
-9.70541310	-0.20745458	0.11924694	h	1.000	0
-6.87926936	0.47631645	-1.53790217	h	1.000	0
-4.84899553	0.56410198	5.27004017	h	1.000	0
-4.95703572	2.37254075	2.46390658	h	1.000	0
-7.77887068	1.67307372	4.10055255	h	1.000	0
-1.39528709	0.11886368	2.44714705	h	1.000	0
0.30391480	-4.29498914	-0.75890411	h	1.000	0
2.47173299	-3.59877302	4.54042875	h	1.000	0
3.70877572	-5.67929240	2.22105982	h	1.000	0
0.60492504	-6.11533853	3.40204718	h	1.000	0
5.58615454	-1.49815073	2.48817674	h	1.000	0
8.31368876	1.78063464	0.63205267	h	1.000	0
2.88433584	2.99477498	-5.24668409	h	1.000	0
0.10970031	-0.25256180	-3.32960271	h	1.000	0

Diethyl fumarate (MAA* = 165.0 kJ/mol, E = -17.79):



Total Energy = -612.56223352005 hartree

Enthalpy Correction = 0.21059 hartree

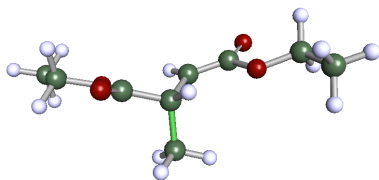
Entropy = 0.000184 hartree/K

LUMO Energy = -0.0866 hartree

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
4.21680667	2.52431209	0.15111784	o	8.000	0
3.59121730	0.41734785	0.77957549	c	6.000	0
0.94981698	-0.46398020	1.01991626	c	6.000	0
-0.97177304	1.07091885	0.52192371	c	6.000	0
-3.61330656	0.18983669	0.76158112	c	6.000	0
-5.22034026	2.02165176	0.17524742	o	8.000	0
-7.86936716	1.40978531	0.32888671	c	6.000	0
-9.33750943	3.72678417	-0.40620326	c	6.000	0
-4.23963905	-1.91273825	1.40368087	o	8.000	0
5.19892242	-1.41945952	1.34784115	o	8.000	0
7.84786168	-0.80818080	1.18974976	c	6.000	0
9.31717382	-3.13637266	1.88594945	c	6.000	0
0.63715176	-2.39882870	1.61394616	h	1.000	0
-0.65889839	3.00542204	-0.07313044	h	1.000	0
-8.24245633	-0.17692086	-0.93618501	h	1.000	0
-8.28552990	0.80977947	2.25862983	h	1.000	0
-8.89092260	4.30543919	-2.33523598	h	1.000	0
-8.93384460	5.29544977	0.87126163	h	1.000	0
-11.35564104	3.31112625	-0.30500976	h	1.000	0
8.25555371	-0.18199951	-0.73342761	h	1.000	0
8.22842812	0.76062136	2.47487670	h	1.000	0
8.90769573	-4.68609786	0.58738526	h	1.000	0
8.87749520	-3.74269299	3.80805828	h	1.000	0
11.33519663	-2.72047925	1.78331225	h	1.000	0

Diethyl fumarate Product:

The CH₃-CH-CH-C Torsion Angle was constrained to 270°.



Total Energy = -652.55594987667 hartree

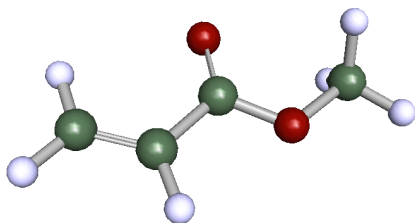
Enthalpy Correction = 0.249538 hartree

Entropy = 0.000204 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
-1.64245692	0.20900309	2.34492887	c	6.000	0
0.24127638	0.03186131	0.13138289	c	6.000	0
-1.24305919	0.33388155	-2.28027840	c	6.000	0
-2.19099082	-1.83002582	-3.13851031	o	8.000	0
-3.74050392	-1.69939114	-5.36034732	c	6.000	0
-4.58945356	-4.34124567	-5.97731898	c	6.000	0
-1.65725766	2.34426570	-3.30593207	o	8.000	0
1.88483099	-2.27098541	0.16894618	c	6.000	0

4.19332962	-2.37197759	1.35566597	c	6.000	0
4.96556549	-0.07779604	2.40441872	o	8.000	0
7.39227200	-0.03861975	3.52088177	c	6.000	0
7.83463948	2.58140674	4.55261426	c	6.000	0
5.65048675	-4.23930618	1.59097039	o	8.000	0
-2.90240587	-1.42826177	2.35863313	h	1.000	0
-2.79202451	1.92751599	2.25650191	h	1.000	0
-0.57776725	0.21990108	4.11101956	h	1.000	0
1.43021737	1.71655061	0.22781328	h	1.000	0
-5.33882197	-0.44841017	-4.98332687	h	1.000	0
-2.63302485	-0.87410437	-6.89432876	h	1.000	0
-2.97297332	-5.56970810	-6.34529622	h	1.000	0
-5.69107521	-5.14438943	-4.42828348	h	1.000	0
-5.77483968	-4.30673952	-7.66574412	h	1.000	0
1.13631478	-4.02849736	-0.56515629	h	1.000	0
7.51022962	-1.45042484	5.02891316	h	1.000	0
8.83617259	-0.52859364	2.12011887	h	1.000	0
6.41236564	3.06205031	5.97004889	h	1.000	0
9.69664602	2.69120661	5.43817999	h	1.000	0
7.75059043	3.99239418	3.04684597	h	1.000	0

Methyl acrylate (MAA* = 163.9 kJ/mol, E = -18.84):



Total Energy = -306.25588994252 hartree

Enthalpy Correction = 0.103368 hartree

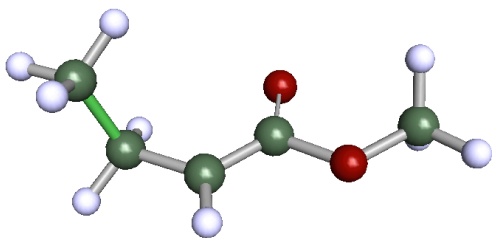
Entropy = 0.000125 hartree/K

LUMO Energy = -0.0520 hartree

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
4.70085040	0.38079333	0.17750918	c	6.000	0
2.39585550	1.22246603	-0.33998945	c	6.000	0
0.14471843	-0.34050745	0.17619658	c	6.000	0
-1.96470827	0.86677661	-0.48192688	o	8.000	0
-4.27552484	-0.46960736	-0.06836605	c	6.000	0
0.16004769	-2.44395862	1.07574056	o	8.000	0
6.35776274	1.52251320	-0.19890730	h	1.000	0
4.97957871	-1.47879998	0.99341788	h	1.000	0
2.07067260	3.07319496	-1.15484310	h	1.000	0
-4.29605833	-2.21821183	-1.15749176	h	1.000	0
-4.50394065	-0.90323616	1.93294146	h	1.000	0
-5.76925400	0.78857727	-0.70377664	h	1.000	0

Methyl acrylate Product:

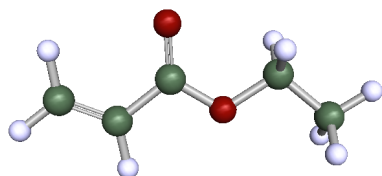
The CH₃-C-C-C Torsion Angle was constrained to 270°.



Total Energy = -346.24987539832 hartree
 Enthalpy Correction = 0.142397 hartree
 Entropy = 0.000143 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
1.37822955	0.93352293	2.28837166	o	8.000	0
1.32479402	0.50822392	-0.04850011	c	6.000	0
3.63226674	-0.10668258	-1.22500723	o	8.000	0
5.75562615	-0.17702803	0.37819875	c	6.000	0
-0.68870342	0.57658484	-1.67929199	c	6.000	0
-3.31975705	1.04061559	-0.75445646	c	6.000	0
-4.78629102	-1.34647393	-0.04307761	c	6.000	0
5.55328917	-1.59147184	1.87295654	h	1.000	0
7.36384839	-0.67594403	-0.81242531	h	1.000	0
6.11652639	1.65145196	1.27355237	h	1.000	0
-0.37837329	0.06808200	-3.64267713	h	1.000	0
-3.23723411	2.26705532	0.91431751	h	1.000	0
-4.41721297	2.08062502	-2.17584750	h	1.000	0
-6.69852754	-0.91850262	0.62999495	h	1.000	0
-4.95560361	-2.61506048	-1.66778809	h	1.000	0
-3.79320181	-2.37379526	1.44994265	h	1.000	0

Ethyl acrylate (MAA* = 161.0 kJ/mol, E = -19.07):



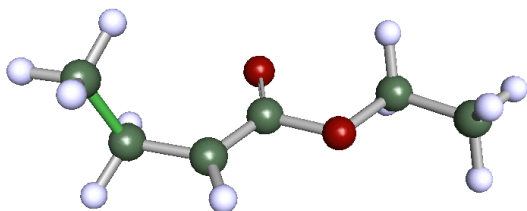
Total Energy = -345.54134835390 hartree
 Enthalpy Correction = 0.132991 hartree
 Entropy = 0.000136 hartree/K
 LUMO Energy = -0.0512 hartree

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
5.27779833	3.89834878	-1.25934534	c	6.000	0
3.77342558	1.95172055	-0.77287856	c	6.000	0
1.00365446	2.26898662	-0.65507467	c	6.000	0
-0.13702104	0.08517207	-0.15059461	o	8.000	0
-2.85058946	0.14053552	0.01333925	c	6.000	0
-3.73964400	-2.49565364	0.59002450	c	6.000	0
-0.12009037	4.23813371	-0.97059971	o	8.000	0
4.50024496	5.76751314	-1.58026360	h	1.000	0
7.31081451	3.67551365	-1.34863209	h	1.000	0
4.50408306	0.06649431	-0.44552866	h	1.000	0

-3.38945196	1.47585106	1.49158605	h	1.000	0
-3.59991112	0.83069079	-1.78093284	h	1.000	0
-3.17861986	-3.80920459	-0.89885544	h	1.000	0
-5.79866003	-2.50583899	0.72044834	h	1.000	0
-2.97334754	-3.15937869	2.38666507	h	1.000	0

Ethyl acrylate Product:

The CH₃-C-C-C Torsion Angle was constrained to 270°.



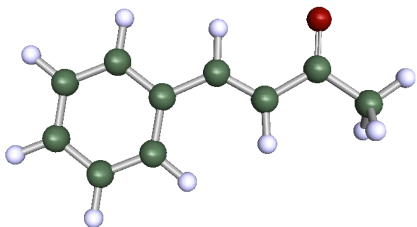
Total Energy = -385.53459186311 hartree

Enthalpy Correction = 0.172076 hartree

Entropy = 0.000153 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
-0.16604464	-2.71841153	-0.79067860	o	8.000	0
0.07176220	-0.66188667	0.37758242	c	6.000	0
2.32044924	0.70645428	0.00021015	o	8.000	0
4.06489833	-0.33925639	-1.72990345	c	6.000	0
6.31486330	1.40781892	-1.87093073	c	6.000	0
-1.56692475	0.47112345	2.03690608	c	6.000	0
-4.12069111	-0.61931965	2.56635991	c	6.000	0
-6.22209416	0.33294589	0.82400855	c	6.000	0
4.64517319	-2.22977076	-1.11808778	h	1.000	0
3.18935280	-0.55296912	-3.59443465	h	1.000	0
7.21974874	1.59594579	-0.02397345	h	1.000	0
7.70936275	0.66449740	-3.20022050	h	1.000	0
5.75036433	3.28826621	-2.51164031	h	1.000	0
-1.07136784	2.30974451	2.80108529	h	1.000	0
-4.68015763	-0.24243432	4.52887191	h	1.000	0
-4.01993734	-2.68173736	2.38642029	h	1.000	0
-8.05703632	-0.51819144	1.27303535	h	1.000	0
-6.42258063	2.38612815	0.97159389	h	1.000	0
-5.77131072	-0.10968147	-1.14384227	h	1.000	0

(*E*)-4-Phenylbut-3-en-2-one (MAA* = 156.0 kJ/mol, E = -23.01):



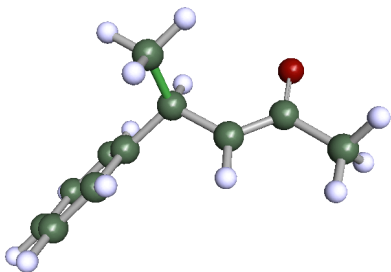
Total Energy = -461.94832585933 hartree

Enthalpy Correction = 0.183251 hartree
 Entropy = 0.000157 hartree/K
 LUMO Energy = -0.0787 hartree

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
7.57694891	1.39348885	0.41740065	c	6.000	0
5.59529801	-0.54744067	-0.14532423	c	6.000	0
2.95835731	0.30189226	0.10585718	c	6.000	0
1.02487111	-1.26212664	-0.37049769	c	6.000	0
-1.65728060	-0.69758629	-0.20787740	c	6.000	0
-2.58809923	1.66841739	0.52512800	c	6.000	0
-5.16142780	2.10140710	0.64766676	c	6.000	0
-6.85936727	0.18601485	0.04090612	c	6.000	0
-5.96476916	-2.16852847	-0.68901042	c	6.000	0
-3.38491701	-2.60379639	-0.81030085	c	6.000	0
6.15046233	-2.69868732	-0.77259699	o	8.000	0
9.46137003	0.60834880	0.16733478	h	1.000	0
7.32133985	3.02950537	-0.82053185	h	1.000	0
7.34792116	2.07725614	2.35530347	h	1.000	0
2.66154423	2.24481512	0.68708544	h	1.000	0
1.49918442	-3.17768704	-0.94859167	h	1.000	0
-1.29066563	3.17880627	1.00318061	h	1.000	0
-5.85679313	3.94134139	1.21905181	h	1.000	0
-8.87550277	0.53501069	0.13920402	h	1.000	0
-7.27758629	-3.66721899	-1.16380494	h	1.000	0
-2.68088848	-4.44323242	-1.37958278	h	1.000	0

(*E*)-4-Phenylbut-3-en-2-one Product:

The CH₃-CH-CH-C Torsion Angle was constrained to 270°.

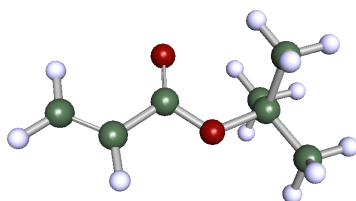


Total Energy = -501.94316924799 hartree
 Enthalpy Correction = 0.222555 hartree
 Entropy = 0.000168 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
6.87879747	2.12125816	-1.41820981	c	6.000	0
4.90105597	1.55551562	0.57772393	c	6.000	0
2.71306933	0.38757704	-0.15621844	c	6.000	0
0.66692279	-0.30196568	1.68912781	c	6.000	0
1.01336416	-2.95961615	2.79109412	c	6.000	0
-1.92199401	0.01929705	0.54174978	c	6.000	0
-2.72458341	-1.49904641	-1.46036975	c	6.000	0
-5.08658141	-1.17246804	-2.54951008	c	6.000	0
-6.71372334	0.68359534	-1.65103983	c	6.000	0

-5.94860388	2.20153560	0.34589332	c	6.000	0
-3.57810271	1.86513595	1.42460798	c	6.000	0
5.45111383	2.25000512	2.84213314	o	8.000	0
7.26676416	4.15438246	-1.46356836	h	1.000	0
8.65915544	1.18620412	-0.92563981	h	1.000	0
6.31383734	1.51250082	-3.30856415	h	1.000	0
2.46575429	-0.14673305	-2.12239976	h	1.000	0
0.81375900	1.02667739	3.27115004	h	1.000	0
0.94715072	-4.39306769	1.30301168	h	1.000	0
2.85834378	-3.08373269	3.70863207	h	1.000	0
-0.44849585	-3.41408957	4.18472362	h	1.000	0
-1.47632116	-2.95446124	-2.18794323	h	1.000	0
-5.66297849	-2.37194765	-4.10924771	h	1.000	0
-8.56084933	0.94019847	-2.50002514	h	1.000	0
-7.20103906	3.65399090	1.07048902	h	1.000	0
-2.99525770	3.06311270	2.98575225	h	1.000	0

tert-Butyl acrylate (MAA* = 152.154974 kJ/mol, E = -20.22):



Total Energy = -424.10728586192 hartree

Enthalpy Correction = 0.190966 hartree

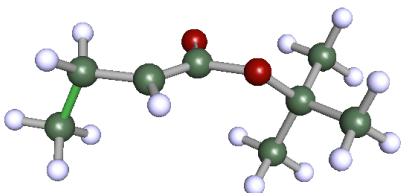
Entropy = 0.000154 hartree/K

LUMO Energy = -0.0489 hartree

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
6.98689533	1.59633299	0.05298140	c	6.000	0
4.84503586	0.87919596	1.14183503	c	6.000	0
2.48085611	0.64558066	-0.33768731	c	6.000	0
0.59681758	-0.08540533	1.15240500	o	8.000	0
-1.97543103	-0.47682076	0.20127418	c	6.000	0
-1.99038257	-2.58065524	-1.74871562	c	6.000	0
-3.40808754	-1.27508389	2.55201301	c	6.000	0
-3.02722920	1.98503333	-0.82942807	c	6.000	0
2.31071714	1.06501351	-2.58105322	o	8.000	0
7.04961609	2.02693058	-1.95035310	h	1.000	0
8.72067927	1.77082596	1.12769034	h	1.000	0
4.73666785	0.44018188	3.13932903	h	1.000	0
-0.99872618	-2.02947968	-3.46464522	h	1.000	0
-1.11395158	-4.28173771	-0.97550664	h	1.000	0
-3.94590623	-3.02797366	-2.23213028	h	1.000	0
-2.60368472	-3.00346379	3.34039407	h	1.000	0
-5.38279958	-1.62848355	2.07387079	h	1.000	0
-3.33608863	0.20693539	3.98623751	h	1.000	0
-5.02599720	1.72289838	-1.26948700	h	1.000	0
-2.87084063	3.47942671	0.58583234	h	1.000	0
-2.04816016	2.57074828	-2.54084417	h	1.000	0

tert-Butyl acrylate Product:

The CH₃-C-C-C Torsion Angle was constrained to 90°.



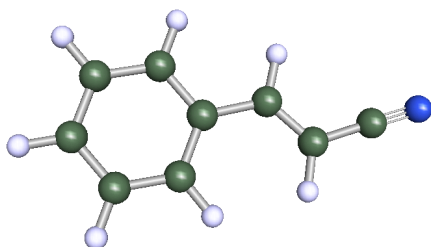
Total Energy = -464.09703849061 hartree

Enthalpy Correction = 0.229944 hartree

Entropy = 0.000171 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
1.11883146	-1.95976381	2.16562911	o	8.000	0
1.16388012	-0.06931391	0.71741598	c	6.000	0
-1.06651412	1.37877542	0.48202659	o	8.000	0
-3.40615229	0.09207839	0.01156844	c	6.000	0
-3.06463704	-1.93322345	-2.00106194	c	6.000	0
-5.16099709	2.15132308	-0.95709400	c	6.000	0
-4.48347443	-1.03370796	2.43417203	c	6.000	0
3.15856178	0.89911961	-0.60939161	c	6.000	0
5.70699586	-0.31996390	-0.55017027	c	6.000	0
6.10551770	-2.31260725	-2.60507926	c	6.000	0
-2.25438712	-1.11099405	-3.71238045	h	1.000	0
-1.80394660	-3.41647773	-1.32444571	h	1.000	0
-4.89000418	-2.77374965	-2.47589896	h	1.000	0
-4.42604867	2.95985357	-2.70855047	h	1.000	0
-5.33129086	3.66193433	0.44129393	h	1.000	0
-7.04419061	1.38793183	-1.32161408	h	1.000	0
-4.67746888	0.43882622	3.87083771	h	1.000	0
-6.35394944	-1.83799986	2.07785157	h	1.000	0
-3.22692565	-2.49446628	3.15379682	h	1.000	0
2.81307108	2.45714100	-1.89512597	h	1.000	0
7.20808808	1.10412064	-0.71541164	h	1.000	0
5.97202205	-1.22972743	1.29325304	h	1.000	0
7.98203522	-3.18445839	-2.50005409	h	1.000	0
4.68547459	-3.80278299	-2.42662614	h	1.000	0
5.89623848	-1.47685618	-4.48494713	h	1.000	0

Cinnamitrile (MAA* = 140.9 kJ/mol, E = -24.6):



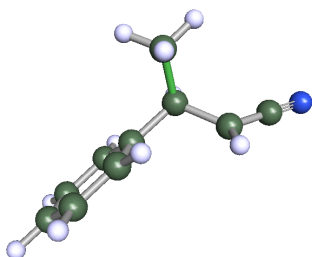
Total Energy = -401.58165588114 hartree

Enthalpy Correction = 0.142846 hartree
 Entropy = 0.000144 hartree/K
 LUMO Energy = -0.0767 hartree

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
9.38698374	-0.23346015	0.00000000	n	7.000	0
7.24112826	-0.63045241	0.00000000	c	6.000	0
4.62406624	-1.16861763	0.00000000	c	6.000	0
2.90028087	0.69339811	0.00000000	c	6.000	0
0.17366317	0.38338726	0.00000000	c	6.000	0
-1.00897371	-1.98228176	0.00000000	c	6.000	0
-3.61504560	-2.15597516	0.00000000	c	6.000	0
-5.08952483	0.02247726	0.00000000	c	6.000	0
-3.94066965	2.37935896	0.00000000	c	6.000	0
-1.32809870	2.55646239	0.00000000	c	6.000	0
4.12387666	-3.15514157	0.00000000	h	1.000	0
3.57012627	2.63375227	0.00000000	h	1.000	0
0.10929435	-3.69795418	0.00000000	h	1.000	0
-4.51107988	-3.99776674	0.00000000	h	1.000	0
-7.13257349	-0.12473877	0.00000000	h	1.000	0
-5.07951313	4.08127914	0.00000000	h	1.000	0
-0.42394055	4.39627299	0.00000000	h	1.000	0

Cinnamionitrile Product:

The CH₃-CH-CH-C Torsion Angle was constrained to 270°.

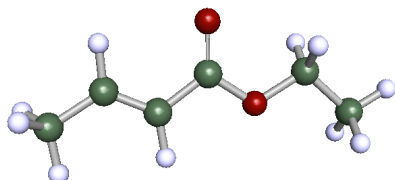


Total Energy = -441.56797330947 hartree
 Enthalpy Correction = 0.222555 hartree
 Entropy = 0.000168 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
2.87549946	-3.16965725	1.26301199	c	6.000	0
2.39776397	-0.36118160	0.72228463	c	6.000	0
3.89919954	0.64494790	-1.49072448	c	6.000	0
6.24198727	1.65428814	-1.15384363	c	6.000	0
8.24998354	2.59042887	-0.83135831	n	7.000	0
-0.39359772	0.13292923	0.37699418	c	6.000	0
-1.70409775	1.72496329	2.01160208	c	6.000	0
-4.26700564	2.19982917	1.68795164	c	6.000	0
-5.57496048	1.07688340	-0.28823236	c	6.000	0
-4.29392153	-0.52455748	-1.93073854	c	6.000	0
-1.73669792	-0.99124891	-1.59490657	c	6.000	0
4.87982485	-3.47457195	1.65535363	h	1.000	0
2.36964050	-4.32348488	-0.37527664	h	1.000	0
1.77845525	-3.84264640	2.88538204	h	1.000	0

2.97895933	0.69302073	2.40731334	h	1.000	0
3.39310209	0.01542541	-3.37717732	h	1.000	0
-0.69713856	2.61112967	3.56471493	h	1.000	0
-5.24372725	3.44819439	2.98802806	h	1.000	0
-7.57467723	1.44074251	-0.54727562	h	1.000	0
-5.29595805	-1.41587025	-3.48134632	h	1.000	0
-0.76602667	-2.24358243	-2.89676832	h	1.000	0

Ethyl (*E*)-but-2-enoate (MAA* = 140.6 kJ/mol, E = -23.59):



Total Energy = -384.83057081376 hartree

Enthalpy Correction = 0.162521 hartree

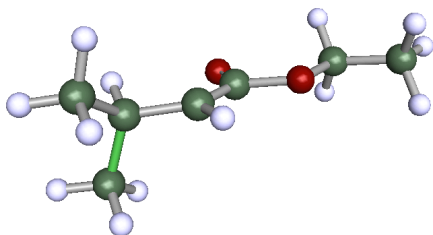
Entropy = 0.000148 hartree/K

LUMO Energy = -0.0424 hartree

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
-0.97499631	-2.89494580	-3.46966224	o	8.000	0
-0.12203477	-1.48802058	-1.87245990	c	6.000	0
-1.56839686	-0.00430453	-0.43565179	o	8.000	0
-4.24720309	-0.13213986	-0.86646199	c	6.000	0
-5.50217690	1.65660165	0.95039336	c	6.000	0
2.56425191	-1.17081034	-1.25035059	c	6.000	0
4.34384537	-2.47079163	-2.46818551	c	6.000	0
7.09355949	-2.28314869	-1.98279432	c	6.000	0
-4.62305888	0.37861627	-2.83050270	h	1.000	0
-4.86878821	-2.07914115	-0.58077581	h	1.000	0
-4.85628450	3.59264588	0.64800937	h	1.000	0
-5.10927836	1.12290656	2.90430350	h	1.000	0
-7.54427804	1.60222705	0.66167530	h	1.000	0
3.02715524	0.16386791	0.23466477	h	1.000	0
3.73951144	-3.77594769	-3.93762340	h	1.000	0
7.85335007	-4.13548771	-1.46218057	h	1.000	0
8.08481882	-1.71767869	-3.70832258	h	1.000	0
7.52810936	-0.93456015	-0.48645921	h	1.000	0

Ethyl (*E*)-but-2-enoate Product:

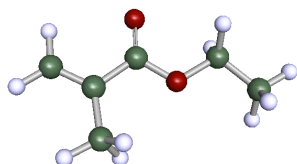
The CH₃-CH-CH-C Torsion Angle was constrained to 90°



Total Energy = -424.81632258057 hartree
 Enthalpy Correction = 0.201436 hartree
 Entropy = 0.000163 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
0.92220258	3.05674222	-1.12108808	o	8.000	0
0.87204814	0.83343208	-0.27701663	c	6.000	0
3.19762780	-0.44252935	-0.05759685	o	8.000	0
5.36643484	0.91486942	-0.81884348	c	6.000	0
7.63388318	-0.77622717	-0.44957695	c	6.000	0
-1.15876919	-0.57207083	0.50223522	c	6.000	0
-3.81270263	0.39977384	0.33702065	c	6.000	0
-5.42762158	-0.54752962	2.52883808	c	6.000	0
-5.09227026	-0.24601468	-2.17708704	c	6.000	0
5.19947598	1.48892150	-2.80127505	h	1.000	0
5.56116960	2.64989248	0.29413476	h	1.000	0
7.46528891	-2.49474479	-1.58243895	h	1.000	0
7.83227889	-1.32281296	1.53217999	h	1.000	0
9.35570005	0.20870983	-1.02313781	h	1.000	0
-0.84671094	-2.50307386	1.12745187	h	1.000	0
-3.72564245	2.46975641	0.45172345	h	1.000	0
-7.37001446	0.15487085	2.41195980	h	1.000	0
-5.51138462	-2.61654915	2.52078942	h	1.000	0
-4.63388825	0.03704408	4.34479634	h	1.000	0
-5.23397843	-2.29879751	-2.40521505	h	1.000	0
-7.00550642	0.54129036	-2.30249430	h	1.000	0
-3.98465331	0.48952598	-3.75767002	h	1.000	0

Ethyl 3-methylbut-2-enoate (MAA* = 139.2 kJ/mol, E = -22.77):



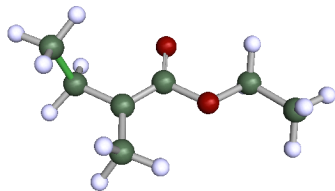
Total Energy = -384.82648007672 hartree
 Enthalpy Correction = 0.16241 hartree
 Entropy = 0.000147 hartree/K
 LUMO Energy = -0.0450 hartree

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
5.06750177	-1.79108461	-0.42867989	c	6.000	0
3.06450231	-0.30305452	-0.74703987	c	6.000	0
3.17063301	2.22906300	-1.99005056	c	6.000	0
0.58565008	-1.24701204	0.20139537	c	6.000	0
-1.26198492	0.40094188	-0.21309314	o	8.000	0
-3.74430931	-0.32101856	0.62360127	c	6.000	0
-5.53575892	1.77237142	-0.06814360	c	6.000	0
0.25374965	-3.26656046	1.22999730	o	8.000	0
6.92414491	-1.21690962	-1.07550563	h	1.000	0
4.88444529	-3.61330527	0.48641558	h	1.000	0
1.94128782	2.29252890	-3.64772402	h	1.000	0
2.52093015	3.71160835	-0.70826000	h	1.000	0
5.09799447	2.65839874	-2.57741155	h	1.000	0

-3.68134227	-0.63937686	2.66171010	h	1.000	0
-4.25173564	-2.10134500	-0.28820057	h	1.000	0
-5.57198822	2.06977159	-2.10926847	h	1.000	0
-4.99965185	3.53983683	0.85103551	h	1.000	0
-7.44059270	1.27266997	0.54813391	h	1.000	0

Ethyl 3-methylbut-2-enoate Product:

The CH₃-CH₂-C-C Torsion Angle was constrained to 270°.



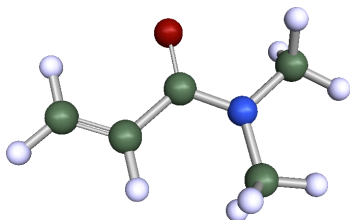
Total Energy = -424.81126600739 hartree

Enthalpy Correction = 0.201352 hartree

Entropy = 0.000164 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
2.21832748	-0.30639035	1.02922530	o	8.000	0
0.33384343	-1.61628008	1.69923180	c	6.000	0
0.71656366	-3.34220967	3.69167606	o	8.000	0
3.23268434	-3.63418953	4.52186437	c	6.000	0
3.24048836	-5.54292913	6.64177460	c	6.000	0
-2.06987441	-1.58602613	0.73417782	c	6.000	0
-4.19620073	-3.14375010	1.76346571	c	6.000	0
-2.71055405	0.33680577	-1.24628646	c	6.000	0
-3.71280988	2.83442399	-0.18935157	c	6.000	0
4.44045446	-4.27438193	2.96385803	h	1.000	0
3.99982761	-1.82311765	5.16582307	h	1.000	0
2.51911442	-7.36722707	5.99670024	h	1.000	0
2.06369365	-4.90144926	8.21332887	h	1.000	0
5.16257006	-5.81880184	7.34464226	h	1.000	0
-3.52618116	-4.52644609	3.13777174	h	1.000	0
-5.19425649	-4.18594014	0.26503358	h	1.000	0
-5.65917943	-2.00606612	2.71587800	h	1.000	0
-4.13094533	-0.44258411	-2.54935396	h	1.000	0
-1.02975443	0.74350882	-2.38445504	h	1.000	0
-5.38797866	2.52302618	0.98310209	h	1.000	0
-4.23254520	4.16855039	-1.68594884	h	1.000	0
-2.27505855	3.72802027	0.99595123	h	1.000	0

N,N-Dimethylacrylamide (MAA* = 138.3 kJ/mol, E = -23.54):



Total Energy = -325.67104839501 hartree

Enthalpy Correction = 0.229966 hartree

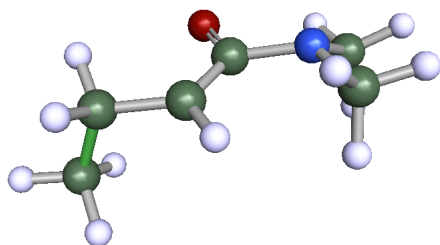
Entropy = 0.000171 hartree/K

LUMO Energy = -0.0426 hartree

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
5.19379439	-1.09573343	0.94635710	c	6.000	0
3.02506792	0.12090653	0.61256685	c	6.000	0
0.66944376	-1.29105282	0.02721973	c	6.000	0
-1.46242863	0.05857455	-0.28554242	n	7.000	0
-3.74657225	-1.34256900	-0.85746708	c	6.000	0
-1.57095537	2.79576943	-0.08278459	c	6.000	0
0.66175737	-3.61663156	-0.16656360	o	8.000	0
6.92357863	-0.08676810	1.37300213	h	1.000	0
5.27677096	-3.13832828	0.79726585	h	1.000	0
2.95851193	2.15962238	0.76474712	h	1.000	0
-5.31120067	-0.02505310	-1.04897077	h	1.000	0
-3.53752971	-2.40277663	-2.61668779	h	1.000	0
-4.17694108	-2.68998043	0.64595203	h	1.000	0
-1.02671186	3.44524855	1.79841397	h	1.000	0
-3.50692022	3.39365849	-0.42159698	h	1.000	0
-0.36966518	3.71511342	-1.48591157	h	1.000	0

N,N-dimethylacrylamide Product:

The CH₃-C-C-C Torsion Angle was constrained to 90°.



Total Energy = -365.65674560727 hartree

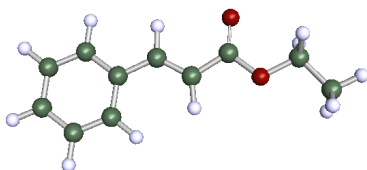
Enthalpy Correction = 0.184435 hartree

Entropy = 0.000151 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
0.37169513	3.83856567	-0.39395355	o	8.000	0

0.59664801	1.45172672	-0.10101853	c	6.000	0
3.09984785	0.58666507	0.44295992	n	7.000	0
5.06479543	1.80550162	-1.01037420	c	6.000	0
3.51906139	-2.08818540	0.69508996	c	6.000	0
-1.37118985	-0.24962001	-0.19428379	c	6.000	0
-4.02125221	0.62644474	-0.65428508	c	6.000	0
-4.77520455	0.72067935	-3.44254168	c	6.000	0
5.20246522	1.04351422	-2.94971711	h	1.000	0
6.89788514	1.53043485	-0.09685255	h	1.000	0
4.66490014	3.81754004	-1.13387307	h	1.000	0
5.46892205	-2.41238798	1.29442990	h	1.000	0
2.26542029	-2.88587971	2.12472695	h	1.000	0
3.21699195	-3.13805619	-1.08178802	h	1.000	0
-1.02835632	-2.26280342	-0.07063972	h	1.000	0
-5.37435908	-0.58838648	0.34696062	h	1.000	0
-4.24339621	2.52876431	0.13671811	h	1.000	0
-3.51576971	1.99616456	-4.47057812	h	1.000	0
-6.72193542	1.37879498	-3.70835104	h	1.000	0
-4.61483287	-1.15054773	-4.30909461	h	1.000	0

Ethyl cinnamate (MAA* = 134.0 kJ/mol, E = -24.52):



Total Energy = -576.42403160838 hartree

Enthalpy Correction 0.219618 hartree

Entropy = 0.000175 hartree/K

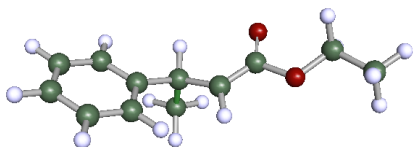
LUMO Energy = -0.0726 hartree

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
4.79038909	-0.67776038	-0.02523101	o	8.000	0
3.49585834	-1.76381380	1.52612589	c	6.000	0
4.46205449	-3.11759842	3.42110772	o	8.000	0
7.17197205	-3.24270295	3.56331192	c	6.000	0
7.85196209	-4.83037413	5.81989493	c	6.000	0
0.72582183	-1.78316775	1.59656262	c	6.000	0
-0.60262964	-0.52586422	-0.14825878	c	6.000	0
-3.33743007	-0.35010166	-0.34684497	c	6.000	0
-4.98297118	-1.53774660	1.34967962	c	6.000	0
-7.57010707	-1.30366977	1.07073538	c	6.000	0
-8.56839742	0.11846464	-0.90395594	c	6.000	0
-6.95958664	1.30558643	-2.60044405	c	6.000	0
-4.36570634	1.07134833	-2.32147812	c	6.000	0
7.91125338	-1.32267045	3.72490637	h	1.000	0
7.88549242	-4.05843781	1.80704961	h	1.000	0
7.12390101	-3.99508767	7.56026084	h	1.000	0
9.90573009	-4.95521364	5.97151859	h	1.000	0
7.09917916	-6.74233904	5.63508558	h	1.000	0
-0.14893834	-2.84855920	3.10965475	h	1.000	0
0.46169626	0.48532481	-1.58630913	h	1.000	0
-4.23593435	-2.65159094	2.89733823	h	1.000	0
-8.82403740	-2.23276467	2.39738860	h	1.000	0

-10.59813639	0.29693084	-1.11403625	h	1.000	0
-7.72529418	2.41533847	-4.14227622	h	1.000	0
-3.10400199	1.99820803	-3.64551563	h	1.000	0

Ethyl cinnamate Product:

The CH₃-CH-CH-C Torsion Angle was constrained to 90°.



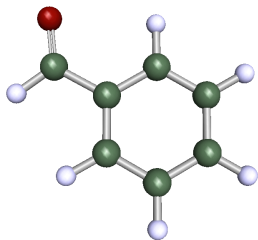
Total Energy = -616.40707426947 hartree

Enthalpy Correction = 0.25821 hartree

Entropy = 0.00019 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
4.59154822	-0.47284375	-0.36558781	o	8.000	0
3.26980839	-0.83173523	1.57573355	c	6.000	0
4.54446764	-1.16184113	3.88074827	o	8.000	0
7.17032968	-0.67062540	3.86035846	c	6.000	0
8.17251278	-1.15211401	6.48621728	c	6.000	0
0.68760348	-0.94077868	1.80363253	c	6.000	0
-0.96096687	-0.99285418	-0.49367619	c	6.000	0
-1.49908502	-3.69867849	-1.41848352	c	6.000	0
-3.43775390	0.41645403	-0.24841246	c	6.000	0
-4.61040268	1.37200198	-2.40893084	c	6.000	0
-6.91362790	2.61848350	-2.27944653	c	6.000	0
-8.11377434	2.92781670	0.03562118	c	6.000	0
-6.97705303	1.98334209	2.20223232	c	6.000	0
-4.66386610	0.74683570	2.05728770	c	6.000	0
8.11956064	-1.88259248	2.47880870	h	1.000	0
7.52856807	1.28957640	3.29200483	h	1.000	0
7.25592033	0.08086784	7.86631437	h	1.000	0
10.20479859	-0.79211880	6.54820887	h	1.000	0
7.84657619	-3.11203272	7.04965888	h	1.000	0
-0.09147358	-1.43256217	3.63398472	h	1.000	0
0.09910560	-0.06368717	-2.01246044	h	1.000	0
-2.62550408	-3.72226456	-3.15481993	h	1.000	0
0.28505951	-4.67342647	-1.77857620	h	1.000	0
-2.53110958	-4.75627489	0.02854327	h	1.000	0
-3.68846463	1.13979150	-4.22818545	h	1.000	0
-7.77149462	3.35764668	-3.98850198	h	1.000	0
-9.91234187	3.90303154	0.14842355	h	1.000	0
-7.89008672	2.21685039	4.02303240	h	1.000	0
-3.79423227	0.04515819	3.77293349	h	1.000	0

Benzaldehyde (MAA* = 123.9 kJ/mol, E = -19.5):



Total Energy = -345.31694700657 hartree

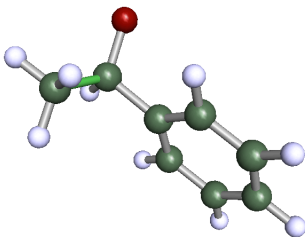
Enthalpy Correction = 0.118048 hartree

Entropy = 0.000126 hartree/K

LUMO Energy = -0.0708 hartree

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
5.90918969	1.26557531	0.00000000	o	8.000	0
4.38836696	-0.44893484	0.00000000	c	6.000	0
1.63567227	-0.13038791	0.00000000	c	6.000	0
0.53629470	2.26725455	0.00000000	c	6.000	0
-2.06505767	2.49970346	0.00000000	c	6.000	0
-3.57701993	0.34457467	0.00000000	c	6.000	0
-2.49167219	-2.04430018	0.00000000	c	6.000	0
0.11683939	-2.28084098	0.00000000	c	6.000	0
5.03653602	-2.43723953	0.00000000	h	1.000	0
1.74280361	3.92249218	0.00000000	h	1.000	0
-2.93107481	4.35556710	0.00000000	h	1.000	0
-5.61684654	0.53548777	0.00000000	h	1.000	0
-3.67706087	-3.71363047	0.00000000	h	1.000	0
0.99302936	-4.13532114	0.00000000	h	1.000	0

Benzaldehyde Product:



Total Energy = -385.29741668848 hartree

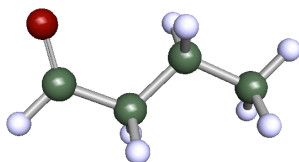
Enthalpy Correction = 0.157026 hartree

Entropy = 0.000138 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
3.16472462	1.98563446	3.44235987	o	8.000	0
2.92615613	0.16560879	1.65410913	c	6.000	0
4.70550671	0.57805901	-0.60586630	c	6.000	0
0.22050852	-0.07668120	0.68371514	c	6.000	0
-1.11735276	-2.33197562	0.86083083	c	6.000	0
-3.60175619	-2.51876783	0.01849366	c	6.000	0
-4.78773957	-0.43328032	-1.03743670	c	6.000	0

-3.47391644	1.83912595	-1.22378954	c	6.000	0
-1.00626307	2.01032433	-0.36018192	c	6.000	0
3.39729758	-1.76840400	2.37752859	h	1.000	0
6.65521885	0.66333255	0.07775927	h	1.000	0
4.26849508	2.37869647	-1.52773447	h	1.000	0
4.56744786	-0.93077184	-2.01867153	h	1.000	0
-0.19699233	-3.97188600	1.68753168	h	1.000	0
-4.61133274	-4.29533949	0.19297814	h	1.000	0
-6.72154856	-0.56796222	-1.70269217	h	1.000	0
-4.38743161	3.47937277	-2.04959083	h	1.000	0
-0.00102207	3.79491419	-0.46934284	h	1.000	0

Butyraldehyde (MAA* = 119.3 kJ/mol, E = -18.7):



Total Energy = -232.28643293859 hartree

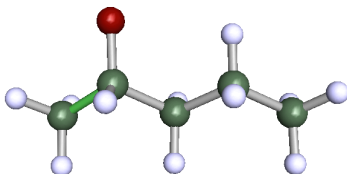
Enthalpy Correction = 0.120401 hartree

Entropy = 0.000122 hartree/K

LUMO Energy = -0.0267 hartree

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
-2.81024253	-0.83683159	-0.26233802	c	6.000	0
-0.91581017	1.23094797	-0.87616536	c	6.000	0
1.40433407	1.09648904	0.79471231	c	6.000	0
3.35524159	3.06731459	0.32873615	c	6.000	0
3.20613430	4.71736010	-1.24510882	o	8.000	0
-3.45145136	-0.69885206	1.69772008	h	1.000	0
-1.97408705	-2.70972554	-0.51665543	h	1.000	0
-4.47142295	-0.71457367	-1.48125632	h	1.000	0
-0.33600421	1.09477142	-2.85620356	h	1.000	0
-1.80055488	3.08725477	-0.66137170	h	1.000	0
2.36988876	-0.73488175	0.62587560	h	1.000	0
0.91033792	1.22930001	2.80820146	h	1.000	0
5.04460297	2.94770163	1.55947911	h	1.000	0

Butyraldehyde Product:



Total Energy = -272.26591890365 hartree

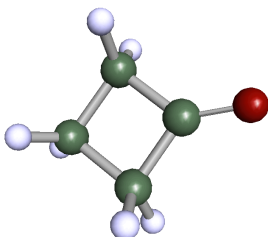
Enthalpy Correction = 0.159537 hartree

Entropy = 0.000132 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
--------------------	--	--	------	--------	--------

-2.94070407	-4.00997631	1.84043220	c	6.000	0
-1.38859285	-1.62755779	1.43632640	c	6.000	0
0.06290321	-1.60851443	-1.03333296	c	6.000	0
1.65170648	0.79744483	-1.39688445	c	6.000	0
2.92414900	0.69830160	-3.99966278	c	6.000	0
3.33578756	1.19429436	0.49421299	o	8.000	0
-1.73808462	-5.69265043	1.81353460	h	1.000	0
-3.93978047	-3.98137573	3.64966701	h	1.000	0
-4.35441931	-4.23984454	0.34777617	h	1.000	0
-2.63695422	0.02903237	1.49684389	h	1.000	0
-0.02973462	-1.37816711	2.97519738	h	1.000	0
-1.26115322	-1.83403655	-2.61924453	h	1.000	0
1.34929838	-3.24194521	-1.08721953	h	1.000	0
0.21274321	2.36163996	-1.53841478	h	1.000	0
4.00910407	2.43038089	-4.31586244	h	1.000	0
4.24545651	-0.89720861	-4.06472711	h	1.000	0
1.56742632	0.48412458	-5.55217833	h	1.000	0

Cyclobutanone (MAA* = 109.3 kJ/mol, E = -17.5):



Total Energy = -231.06477844932 hartree

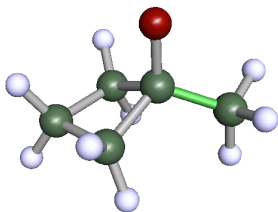
Enthalpy Correction = 0.097055 hartree

Entropy = 0.000114 hartree/K

LUMO Energy = -0.0250 hartree

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
3.02797663	3.22828325	0.00000000	o	8.000	0
1.47243576	1.57099330	0.00000000	c	6.000	0
0.12469657	0.13478879	-2.07896251	c	6.000	0
-1.28169828	-1.37171242	0.00000000	c	6.000	0
0.12469657	0.13478879	2.07896251	c	6.000	0
1.40336779	-0.94851160	-3.28499929	h	1.000	0
-1.04372729	1.34243802	-3.27866325	h	1.000	0
-3.32100811	-1.09803134	0.00000000	h	1.000	0
-0.86676102	-3.38692894	0.00000000	h	1.000	0
-1.04372729	1.34243802	3.27866325	h	1.000	0
1.40336779	-0.94851160	3.28499929	h	1.000	0

Cyclobutanone Product:



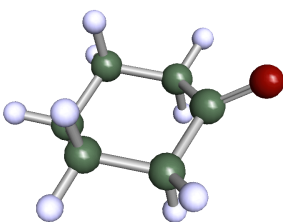
Total Energy = -271.03688800920 hartree

Enthalpy Correction = 0.13609 hartree

Entropy = 0.000122 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
-2.47749980	3.52099855	0.25268876	c	6.000	0
-1.15956596	0.95516860	0.20072309	c	6.000	0
-2.79283046	-0.98011479	0.50662606	o	8.000	0
1.24060410	0.77813221	1.95339537	c	6.000	0
2.68259330	-0.47475199	-0.23644875	c	6.000	0
0.70967696	0.58643022	-2.08669698	c	6.000	0
0.96435633	-0.32686640	3.67830093	h	1.000	0
2.03658343	2.62563941	2.44146152	h	1.000	0
4.65208240	0.08012741	-0.52146352	h	1.000	0
2.59373156	-2.53291103	-0.12690818	h	1.000	0
1.33166726	2.37043203	-2.93305819	h	1.000	0
0.01012991	-0.67034159	-3.57097849	h	1.000	0
-3.89558722	3.60110844	-1.25489473	h	1.000	0
-3.46319574	3.75477113	2.05909616	h	1.000	0
-1.17524246	5.11156586	0.00787620	h	1.000	0

Cyclohexanone (MAA* = 67.6 kJ/mol, E = -19.9):



Total Energy = -309.66427501086 hartree

Enthalpy Correction = 0.158985 hartree

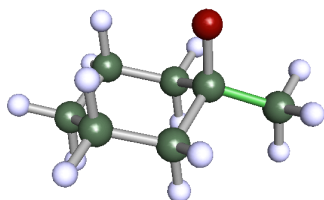
Entropy = 0.000126 hartree/K

LUMO Energy = -0.0187 hartree

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
4.78228934	1.78481393	0.00000000	o	8.000	0
2.83884704	0.55854517	0.00000000	c	6.000	0
1.55775577	-0.25001024	-2.39954797	c	6.000	0
-1.26235612	0.39470059	-2.36801996	c	6.000	0
-2.54214285	-0.61081785	0.00000000	c	6.000	0
-1.26235612	0.39470059	2.36801996	c	6.000	0
1.55775577	-0.25001024	2.39954797	c	6.000	0
2.53210075	0.59584535	-4.00757839	h	1.000	0

1.77394526	-2.30905534	-2.52849205	h	1.000	0
-2.15195687	-0.37100289	-4.06670443	h	1.000	0
-1.48753813	2.45157974	-2.45027626	h	1.000	0
-2.46505646	-2.68181359	0.00000000	h	1.000	0
-4.53981877	-0.08334362	0.00000000	h	1.000	0
-2.15195687	-0.37100289	4.06670443	h	1.000	0
-1.48753813	2.45157974	2.45027626	h	1.000	0
1.77394526	-2.30905534	2.52849205	h	1.000	0
2.53210075	0.59584535	4.00757839	h	1.000	0

Cyclohexanone product:



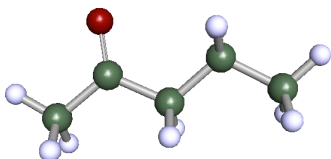
Total Energy = -349.63467347747 hartree

Enthalpy Correction = 0.197193 hartree

Entropy = 0.000134 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
1.62417422	-1.47265181	3.08780928	o	8.000	0
1.75359821	-0.65123589	0.65189010	c	6.000	0
4.43997027	-0.92852923	-0.40806808	c	6.000	0
-0.06051110	-2.15967768	-1.07859221	c	6.000	0
-2.79551283	-1.80249694	-0.28095459	c	6.000	0
-3.53660974	0.97719340	-0.35328923	c	6.000	0
-1.74269208	2.55877252	1.24792718	c	6.000	0
0.98284015	2.16250832	0.43548571	c	6.000	0
5.75695329	0.16437555	0.75657945	h	1.000	0
4.61397826	-0.28270220	-2.37011146	h	1.000	0
5.01274753	-2.91597182	-0.32375944	h	1.000	0
0.16811451	-1.57369523	-3.05915316	h	1.000	0
0.46995323	-4.16051703	-0.96527107	h	1.000	0
-2.98657391	-2.50128525	1.65896235	h	1.000	0
-4.06935107	-2.92071534	-1.47057148	h	1.000	0
-3.46547536	1.64833566	-2.31705891	h	1.000	0
-5.49018672	1.22461671	0.28640843	h	1.000	0
-1.90680080	1.96878911	3.22589077	h	1.000	0
-2.26338302	4.56070265	1.15311218	h	1.000	0
1.23211091	2.83794970	-1.51388893	h	1.000	0
2.26265603	3.26623480	1.63665311	h	1.000	0

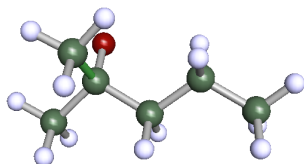
Pentan-2-one (MAA* = 89.0 kJ/mol, E = -22.3):



Total Energy = -271.57961568903 hartree
 Enthalpy Correction = 0.149911 hartree
 Entropy = 0.000135 hartree/K
 LUMO Energy = -0.0121 hartree

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
-4.57819273	1.61587850	2.02530822	c	6.000	0
-2.69596911	1.15982320	-0.04253411	c	6.000	0
-0.01027383	0.71960367	0.77043296	c	6.000	0
1.84782373	0.29040341	-1.36410342	c	6.000	0
4.51565525	-0.15003160	-0.40021328	c	6.000	0
-3.31565444	1.15076333	-2.25305911	o	8.000	0
-4.56604987	0.03061425	3.35030281	h	1.000	0
-6.46617543	1.86570520	1.24670742	h	1.000	0
-4.03577521	3.29573595	3.09968976	h	1.000	0
0.55358120	2.34058305	1.93485406	h	1.000	0
-0.02330987	-0.88975144	2.07927381	h	1.000	0
1.22737694	-1.32783977	-2.49095339	h	1.000	0
1.81453065	1.92164531	-2.63361875	h	1.000	0
4.59732436	-1.80751837	0.83201191	h	1.000	0
5.19083681	1.47207448	0.68864782	h	1.000	0
5.83354311	-0.45691966	-1.95909464	h	1.000	0

Pentan-2-one Product:

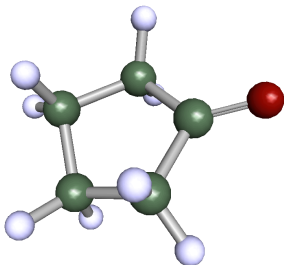


Total Energy = -311.54810271162 hartree
 Enthalpy Correction = 0.188691 hartree
 Entropy = 0.000142 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
-3.90303329	1.77708423	1.28634605	c	6.000	0
-1.88022182	-0.30667267	1.09676534	c	6.000	0
-1.43668100	-1.36760122	3.39877651	o	8.000	0
-2.85441844	-2.29187825	-0.80014294	c	6.000	0
0.52888308	0.95243967	0.00537036	c	6.000	0
2.77650589	-0.80838776	-0.24404370	c	6.000	0
5.22350683	0.55953838	-0.87100718	c	6.000	0
-5.65832680	0.96803964	2.02507604	h	1.000	0
-4.31610138	2.68475202	-0.53082072	h	1.000	0
-3.26348686	3.23276784	2.61092121	h	1.000	0
-1.49211953	-3.83553884	-0.97440206	h	1.000	0
-4.62465107	-3.09145892	-0.08790556	h	1.000	0
-3.20514893	-1.51538845	-2.68930489	h	1.000	0
0.12437358	1.83916964	-1.82959287	h	1.000	0
1.03944351	2.48832283	1.30705378	h	1.000	0
2.96015944	-1.83412266	1.54365398	h	1.000	0
2.40102487	-2.23183743	-1.69987935	h	1.000	0
5.06724624	1.59161210	-2.65748188	h	1.000	0

6.81509203	-0.74834782	-1.04364908	h	1.000	0
5.69795365	1.93750768	0.59667894	h	1.000	0

Cyclopentanone (MAA* = 88.9 kJ/mol, E = -21.0):



Total Energy = -270.37865937257 hartree

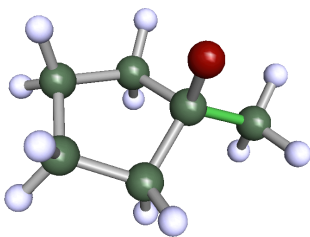
Enthalpy Correction = 0.128251 hartree

Entropy = 0.000116 hartree/K

LUMO Energy = -0.0202 hartree

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
0.00000000	0.00000000	4.81847390	o	8.000	0
0.00000000	0.00000000	2.52976651	c	6.000	0
2.28689974	-0.39034339	0.86830157	c	6.000	0
1.40747321	0.34150767	-1.77626745	c	6.000	0
-1.40747321	-0.34150767	-1.77626745	c	6.000	0
-2.28689974	0.39034339	0.86830157	c	6.000	0
2.73782579	-2.41256774	0.96209085	h	1.000	0
3.92239914	0.63612045	1.59060713	h	1.000	0
2.46040378	-0.61216319	-3.26859037	h	1.000	0
1.63206321	2.37865883	-2.05037673	h	1.000	0
-1.63206321	-2.37865883	-2.05037673	h	1.000	0
-2.46040378	0.61216319	-3.26859037	h	1.000	0
-2.73782579	2.41256774	0.96209085	h	1.000	0
-3.92239914	-0.63612045	1.59060713	h	1.000	0

Cyclopentanone Product:



Total Energy = -310.34489374945 hartree

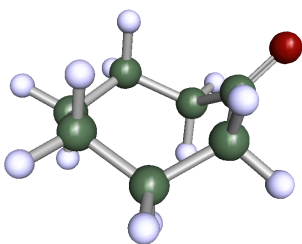
Enthalpy Correction = 0.167199 hartree

Entropy = 0.000131 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
1.62529798	0.47076726	-3.16966459	o	8.000	0
1.41729713	0.13657851	-0.62646747	c	6.000	0
4.00843460	0.07448709	0.66192355	c	6.000	0

-0.31653494	2.16129908	0.57607673	c	6.000	0
-2.97664108	1.39183489	-0.25933915	c	6.000	0
-2.86390424	-1.50915993	-0.62214635	c	6.000	0
-0.14114146	-2.25497935	0.00982175	c	6.000	0
5.14148697	-1.46502203	-0.13234984	h	1.000	0
5.01186017	1.84611682	0.28907143	h	1.000	0
3.89564249	-0.19080982	2.71332894	h	1.000	0
0.22266924	4.05049957	-0.06767390	h	1.000	0
-0.17126872	2.12336090	2.64491113	h	1.000	0
-3.45497335	2.30909130	-2.04497384	h	1.000	0
-4.42009213	1.94848058	1.11069769	h	1.000	0
-4.23983830	-2.49405297	0.56438226	h	1.000	0
-3.30026007	-1.99484441	-2.57928763	h	1.000	0
0.53482880	-3.87084484	-1.08924181	h	1.000	0
0.02713692	-2.73280265	2.02093110	h	1.000	0

Cycloheptanone (MAA* = 72.6 kJ/mol, E = -22.1):



Total Energy = -348.94031426878 hartree

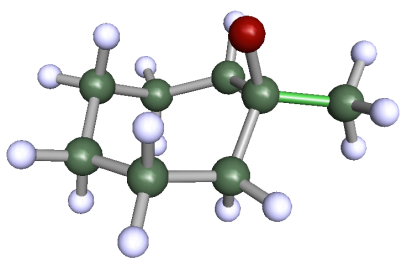
Enthalpy Correction = 0.188926 hartree

Entropy = 0.000135 hartree/K

LUMO Energy = -0.0189 hartree

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
-0.52443261	5.08905869	-1.71754066	o	8.000	0
-0.58089076	3.16627414	-0.45561573	c	6.000	0
1.66255154	2.38427235	1.08893032	c	6.000	0
3.11364374	0.21399077	-0.18254596	c	6.000	0
1.97155896	-2.39413356	0.19893088	c	6.000	0
-0.69989269	-2.75485550	-0.80781734	c	6.000	0
-2.69920118	-1.14952762	0.51380079	c	6.000	0
-2.92028482	1.54345968	-0.46350958	c	6.000	0
2.88457971	4.03408101	1.27780762	h	1.000	0
1.05400130	1.79282308	2.97565953	h	1.000	0
3.30448196	0.61754096	-2.20510385	h	1.000	0
5.03009326	0.21395252	0.58821168	h	1.000	0
3.21818882	-3.78227894	-0.69461976	h	1.000	0
1.97492651	-2.82846417	2.22613076	h	1.000	0
-1.20034801	-4.74840898	-0.58654426	h	1.000	0
-0.74353610	-2.37177797	-2.84555146	h	1.000	0
-2.33942911	-1.14503131	2.55230615	h	1.000	0
-4.55019833	-2.03455521	0.26915426	h	1.000	0
-3.64805021	1.56204907	-2.39914278	h	1.000	0
-4.30776197	2.59153101	0.66705940	h	1.000	0

Cycloheptanone product:



Total Energy = -388.90177012134 hartree

Enthalpy Correction = 0.188926 hartree

Entropy = 0.000135 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
1.88995551	-0.25921208	-3.26902602	o	8.000	0
2.19516734	-0.24586225	-0.71393170	c	6.000	0
5.02805215	-0.32184946	-0.03369123	c	6.000	0
0.99771676	-2.62455544	0.53259813	c	6.000	0
-1.81322757	-2.56889889	1.17994395	c	6.000	0
-3.52578131	-1.18156742	-0.68340732	c	6.000	0
-3.70043122	1.64457586	-0.15999873	c	6.000	0
-1.31386594	3.13780541	-0.74238389	c	6.000	0
1.10420417	2.20772149	0.49925742	c	6.000	0
5.84735796	-2.11849804	-0.65616791	h	1.000	0
5.38658293	-0.11598457	1.99871089	h	1.000	0
6.00005853	1.20730614	-1.03161763	h	1.000	0
2.02654260	-3.11535134	2.26721410	h	1.000	0
1.36564904	-4.14976144	-0.81952320	h	1.000	0
-2.46628571	-4.52426037	1.38658368	h	1.000	0
-2.07440909	-1.70291665	3.04618774	h	1.000	0
-2.82408232	-1.47982185	-2.60600005	h	1.000	0
-5.43199730	-1.98401224	-0.57566980	h	1.000	0
-4.20822100	1.90388710	1.83659842	h	1.000	0
-5.26440131	2.44895006	-1.25737579	h	1.000	0
-1.63920155	5.12021004	-0.23218002	h	1.000	0
-0.96252135	3.06640751	-2.77980269	h	1.000	0
2.53723292	3.69022638	0.26766623	h	1.000	0
0.84590574	1.96546204	2.54601545	h	1.000	0

Energies and Coordinates of Molecules with E* values Calculated at the PBE0(disp)/def2-TZVP COSMO (∞) level of theory.

Ammoniyalidynemethylum (MAA* = 1372.8 kJ/mol, E* = 110.7):



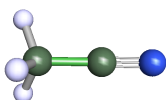
Total Energy = -92.19926715790 hartree

Enthalpy Correction = 0.008174 hartree

Entropy = 0.000075 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
0.00000000	0.00000000	1.10201057	c	6.000	0
0.00000000	0.00000000	-1.10201057	n	7.000	0

Ammoniyalidynemethylum Product:



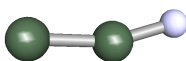
Total Energy = -132.65591304898 hartree

Enthalpy Correction = 0.05 hartree

Entropy = 0.000095 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
3.97948994	-0.02524300	0.02076553	n	7.000	0
1.80555292	-0.01155162	0.00929517	c	6.000	0
-0.92517085	0.00591296	-0.00481155	c	6.000	0
-1.62213826	-1.38084386	-1.36130381	h	1.000	0
-1.63256247	-0.46590161	1.87294112	h	1.000	0
-1.60517128	1.87762713	-0.53688646	h	1.000	0

Ethylum (MAA* = 1157.3 kJ/mol, E* = 87.4):



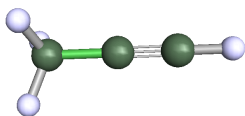
Total Energy = -76.17641274576 hartree

Enthalpy Correction = 0.015928 hartree

Entropy = 0.000081 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
2.22661290	-0.68531729	0.00058072	c	6.000	0
-0.03400970	0.49445529	-0.00146488	c	6.000	0
-2.07349430	0.81959864	-0.00116728	h	1.000	0

Ethylum Product:



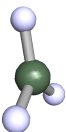
Total Energy = -116.55607039460 hartree

Enthalpy Correction = 0.06078 hartree

Entropy = 0.000094 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
0.00000000	0.00000000	-1.79924677	c	6.000	0
0.00000000	0.00000000	0.94208765	c	6.000	0
0.00000000	0.00000000	3.21500787	c	6.000	0
-0.96516509	-1.67171497	-2.53011081	h	1.000	0
-0.96516509	1.67171497	-2.53011081	h	1.000	0
1.93033017	0.00000000	-2.53011081	h	1.000	0
0.00000000	0.00000000	5.23136919	h	1.000	0

Methylum (MAA* = 670.1 kJ/mol, E* = 34.8):



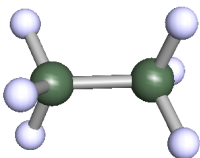
Total Energy = -39.56351567695 hartree

Enthalpy Correction 0.035423 hartree

Entropy = 0.000071 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	c	6.000	0
-1.02797367	1.78050263	0.00000000	h	1.000	0
-1.02797367	-1.78050263	0.00000000	h	1.000	0
2.05594735	0.00000000	0.00000000	h	1.000	0

Methylum Product:



Total Energy = -79.75380002333 hartree

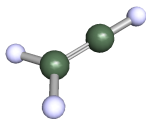
Enthalpy Correction = 0.078264 hartree

Entropy = 0.00009 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
-1.43527362	0.02028181	-0.03067898	c	6.000	0
1.43526354	-0.02029273	0.03066817	c	6.000	0
-2.23002227	-0.18340800	1.86492451	h	1.000	0

-2.14473570	1.79375978	-0.81633950	h	1.000	0
-2.18338182	-1.51785119	-1.18854365	h	1.000	0
2.18331691	1.51748698	1.18903065	h	1.000	0
2.23007046	0.18401880	-1.86484407	h	1.000	0
2.14476250	-1.79399544	0.81578286	h	1.000	0

Vinyl cation (MAA* = 631.4 kJ/mol, E* = 30.6):



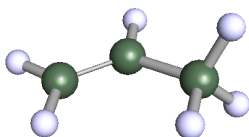
Total Energy = -77.62701087149 hartree

Enthalpy Correction = 0.040006 hartree

Entropy = 0.000085 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
0.00000000	0.00000000	1.43184446	c	6.000	0
0.00000000	0.00000000	-0.92701887	c	6.000	0
0.00000000	0.00000000	3.47470964	h	1.000	0
-1.78454251	0.00000000	-1.98954046	h	1.000	0
1.78454251	0.00000000	-1.98954046	h	1.000	0

Vinyl cation Product:



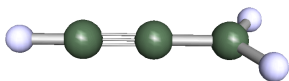
Total Energy = -117.80340555820 hartree

Enthalpy Correction 0.083968 hartree

Entropy = 0.000105 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
-4.23562385	-3.34189366	0.31741743	c	6.000	0
-1.99055928	-1.64577120	0.22530262	c	6.000	0
-4.35658880	-4.49455285	-1.39617711	h	1.000	0
-5.98541584	-2.24209682	0.40734464	h	1.000	0
-4.16811811	-4.60085652	1.95099824	h	1.000	0
-1.91719780	-0.32566438	-1.35173167	h	1.000	0
-0.11820056	-1.63691882	1.89586052	c	6.000	0
-0.11091655	-2.92016261	3.49914780	h	1.000	0
1.46807880	-0.35074475	1.72024758	h	1.000	0

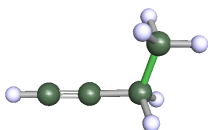
Prop-2-yn-1-ylum (MAA* = 568.0 kJ/mol, E* = 23.7):



Total Energy = -115.68392653716 hartree
 Enthalpy Correction = 0.048621 hartree
 Entropy = 0.000094 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
0.00000000	0.00000000	-2.02633352	c	6.000	0
0.00000000	0.00000000	0.50407207	c	6.000	0
0.00000000	0.00000000	2.81268369	c	6.000	0
1.77387421	0.00000000	-3.06673781	h	1.000	0
-1.77387421	0.00000000	-3.06673781	h	1.000	0
0.00000000	0.00000000	4.84293065	h	1.000	0

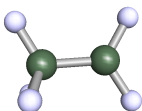
Prop-2-yn-1-ylum Product:



Total Energy = -155.83593078687 hartree
 Enthalpy Correction = 0.090876 hartree
 Entropy = 0.000109 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
4.33111070	-0.13528981	0.00000000	c	6.000	0
2.11397591	-0.64027594	0.00000000	c	6.000	0
-0.57597729	-1.20806230	0.00000000	c	6.000	0
-2.22375922	1.16058264	0.00000000	c	6.000	0
6.29867839	0.30600935	0.00000000	h	1.000	0
-1.00897217	-2.37018946	-1.65520807	h	1.000	0
-1.00897217	-2.37018946	1.65520807	h	1.000	0
-1.85636161	2.31199433	1.67126569	h	1.000	0
-1.85636161	2.31199433	-1.67126569	h	1.000	0
-4.21704576	0.63051771	0.00000000	h	1.000	0

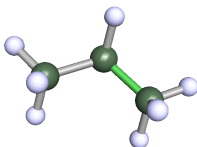
Ethyl cation (MAA* = 539.1 kJ/mol, E* = 20.6):



Total Energy = -78.89076821155 hartree
 Enthalpy Correction = 0.064305 hartree
 Entropy = 0.000089 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
1.51211596	0.03750064	0.00000000	c	6.000	0
-1.12344615	0.17740474	0.00000000	c	6.000	0
2.71696293	1.70301150	0.00000000	h	1.000	0
2.43484539	-1.79894576	0.00000000	h	1.000	0
-1.98204164	2.03426410	0.00000000	h	1.000	0
-1.77921824	-1.07661761	-1.55560516	h	1.000	0
-1.77921824	-1.07661761	1.55560516	h	1.000	0

Ethyl cation Product:



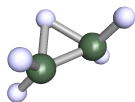
Total Energy = -119.03468196859 hartree

Enthalpy Correction = 0.108878 hartree

Entropy = 0.000102 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
0.00000000	2.38856802	-0.43043981	c	6.000	0
0.00000000	0.00000000	1.16284726	c	6.000	0
0.00000000	-2.38856802	-0.43043981	c	6.000	0
0.00000000	4.08787193	0.74341345	h	1.000	0
1.66818101	2.46467538	-1.65010934	h	1.000	0
-1.66818101	2.46467538	-1.65010934	h	1.000	0
1.65493827	0.00000000	2.40605137	h	1.000	0
-1.65493827	0.00000000	2.40605137	h	1.000	0
0.00000000	-4.08787193	0.74341345	h	1.000	0
1.66818101	-2.46467538	-1.65010934	h	1.000	0
-1.66818101	-2.46467538	-1.65010934	h	1.000	0

Ethyl cation (bridged) (MAA* = 518.4 kJ/mol, E* = 18.4):



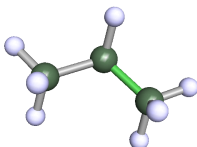
Total Energy = -78.90115337706 hartree

Enthalpy Correction = 0.066221 hartree

Entropy = 0.000087 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
0.00000000	1.29324185	-0.30007999	c	6.000	0
0.00000000	-1.29324185	-0.30007999	c	6.000	0
1.77001994	2.32795273	-0.30165845	h	1.000	0
-1.77001994	2.32795273	-0.30165845	h	1.000	0
1.77001994	-2.32795273	-0.30165845	h	1.000	0
0.00000000	0.00000000	1.80698651	h	1.000	0
-1.77001994	-2.32795273	-0.30165845	h	1.000	0

Ethyl cation (bridged) Product:



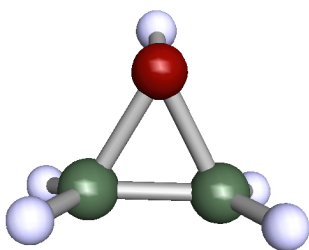
Total Energy = -119.03468196859 hartree

Enthalpy Correction = 0.108878 hartree

Entropy = 0.000102 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
0.00000000	2.38856802	-0.43043981	c	6.000	0
0.00000000	0.00000000	1.16284726	c	6.000	0
0.00000000	-2.38856802	-0.43043981	c	6.000	0
0.00000000	4.08787193	0.74341345	h	1.000	0
1.66818101	2.46467538	-1.65010934	h	1.000	0
-1.66818101	2.46467538	-1.65010934	h	1.000	0
1.65493827	0.00000000	2.40605137	h	1.000	0
-1.65493827	0.00000000	2.40605137	h	1.000	0
0.00000000	-4.08787193	0.74341345	h	1.000	0
1.66818101	-2.46467538	-1.65010934	h	1.000	0
-1.66818101	-2.46467538	-1.65010934	h	1.000	0

Protonated oxirane (MAA* = 497.7 kJ/mol, E* = 16.1):



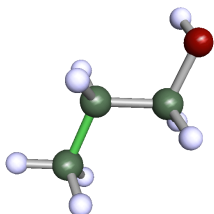
Total Energy = -154.09343855965 hartree

Enthalpy Correction = 0.075464 hartree

Entropy = 0.000096 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
-0.48075865	1.51327868	-1.05861502	o	8.000	0
1.47731957	-0.26017645	-0.04813829	c	6.000	0
-1.16916619	-0.91523069	0.21797508	c	6.000	0
-0.72440590	2.95202138	0.06681804	h	1.000	0
2.56140427	-1.02519972	-1.60079034	h	1.000	0
2.48651627	0.51837409	1.54872224	h	1.000	0
-2.04761353	-2.16612498	-1.13669148	h	1.000	0
-2.10329584	-0.61694230	2.01071976	h	1.000	0

Protonated oxirane Product:



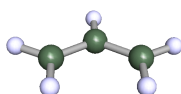
Total Energy = -194.21392029309 hartree

Enthalpy Correction = 0.112679 hartree

Entropy = 0.00011 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
4.40758345	-0.13534415	1.22934870	o	8.000	0
1.93173576	0.82095657	0.83794371	c	6.000	0
-0.06025134	-1.23122384	0.72930088	c	6.000	0
-2.67968931	-0.15753556	0.24814853	c	6.000	0
4.43309464	-0.98134807	2.83935369	h	1.000	0
1.99598032	1.84114380	-0.95833557	h	1.000	0
1.44578093	2.19572074	2.31473366	h	1.000	0
-0.04414508	-2.27591115	2.51837088	h	1.000	0
0.44882225	-2.57669820	-0.75751777	h	1.000	0
-3.22905736	1.16374735	1.73915885	h	1.000	0
-2.74656736	0.86045589	-1.54931391	h	1.000	0
-4.09942949	-1.65321961	0.17753044	h	1.000	0

Allylium (MAA* = 492.7 kJ/mol, E* = 15.6):



Total Energy = -116.96080936701 hartree

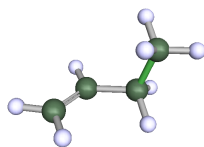
Enthalpy Correction = 0.074052 hartree

Entropy = 0.000096 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
-2.21951097	0.00000000	0.31437416	c	6.000	0
0.00000000	0.00000000	-1.02688603	c	6.000	0
-4.03970930	0.00000000	-0.62953453	h	1.000	0
-2.20195401	0.00000000	2.36544098	h	1.000	0
0.00000000	0.00000000	-3.07277340	h	1.000	0
2.21951097	0.00000000	0.31437416	c	6.000	0
2.20195401	0.00000000	2.36544098	h	1.000	0
4.03970930	0.00000000	-0.62953453	h	1.000	0

Allylium Product:

The CH₃-C-C-C Torsion Angle was constrained to 270°.



Total Energy = -157.08210258916 hartree

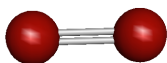
Enthalpy Correction = 0.114855 hartree

Entropy = 0.000113 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
-4.68556087	-3.04238164	0.66411584	c	6.000	0
-2.38097254	-2.10140697	0.34916275	c	6.000	0
-6.12106477	-2.88017939	-0.79000246	h	1.000	0
-5.21015853	-4.02815342	2.38828112	h	1.000	0
-1.94701539	-1.10791210	-1.40055746	h	1.000	0
-0.34789962	-2.12669715	2.31522049	c	6.000	0

-0.57459143	-3.79404345	3.51808879	h	1.000	0
1.50300559	-2.28012595	1.40710593	h	1.000	0
-0.41874398	0.23690042	3.96891167	c	6.000	0
1.11535809	0.21530761	5.35129555	h	1.000	0
-2.21065701	0.35124068	4.98709740	h	1.000	0
-0.22605625	1.95108719	2.83123048	h	1.000	0

Oxygen (singlet) (MAA* = 489.0 kJ/mol, E* =15.2):



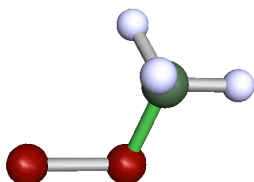
Total Energy = -150.12342893447 hartree

Enthalpy Correction = 0.007301 hartree

Entropy = 0.000075 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
0.00000000	0.00000000	1.12858925	o	8.000	0
0.00000000	0.00000000	-1.12858925	o	8.000	0

Oxygen (singlet) Product:



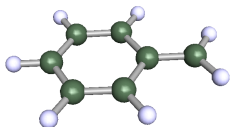
Total Energy = -190.23999654676 hartree

Enthalpy Correction = 0.046880 hartree

Entropy = 0.000099 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
0.22169382	-1.56318462	0.45215993	c	6.000	0
-0.15836558	1.02743598	0.31443783	o	8.000	0
-0.06494302	-2.47796225	-1.39372596	h	1.000	0
-1.06764027	-2.45393544	1.81992602	h	1.000	0
2.17694977	-1.87551014	1.06438444	h	1.000	0
-2.73920951	1.43575396	-0.49493545	o	8.000	0

Phenylmethylum (MAA* = 470.4 kJ/mol, E* =13.2):



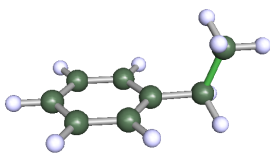
Total Energy = -270.51271181930 hartree

Enthalpy Correction = 0.12506 hartree

Entropy = 0.000117 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
0.00000000	0.00000000	4.27415291	c	6.000	0
0.00000000	0.00000000	1.69928793	c	6.000	0
2.33721956	0.00000000	0.34775767	c	6.000	0
2.31818498	0.00000000	-2.23584616	c	6.000	0
0.00000000	0.00000000	-3.51037132	c	6.000	0
-2.31818498	0.00000000	-2.23584616	c	6.000	0
-2.33721956	0.00000000	0.34775767	c	6.000	0
1.75666652	0.00000000	5.33017685	h	1.000	0
-1.75666652	0.00000000	5.33017685	h	1.000	0
4.09116475	0.00000000	1.40376897	h	1.000	0
4.06541603	0.00000000	-3.29778002	h	1.000	0
0.00000000	0.00000000	-5.55936328	h	1.000	0
-4.06541603	0.00000000	-3.29778002	h	1.000	0
-4.09116475	0.00000000	1.40376897	h	1.000	0

Phenylmethylum Product:



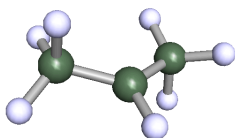
Total Energy = -310.62565146176 hartree

Enthalpy Correction = 0.165718 hartree

Entropy = 0.000133 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
-4.09601715	0.56074183	2.94375465	c	6.000	0
-3.10690686	1.02389881	0.27536969	c	6.000	0
-0.30621924	0.61240030	0.08463310	c	6.000	0
1.38212720	2.57161078	0.58117574	c	6.000	0
3.97393114	2.17753666	0.48706311	c	6.000	0
4.92516158	-0.19511829	-0.10870338	c	6.000	0
3.26354088	-2.16313030	-0.61193815	c	6.000	0
0.67326715	-1.75722387	-0.51468509	c	6.000	0
-6.13500434	0.87203565	3.03945086	h	1.000	0
-3.71256950	-1.37850604	3.54183875	h	1.000	0
-3.18764213	1.83171568	4.29490717	h	1.000	0
-4.07766285	-0.23652266	-1.04409981	h	1.000	0
-3.55713718	2.95877462	-0.29511479	h	1.000	0
0.65327533	4.43369416	1.04084612	h	1.000	0
5.25550955	3.72980631	0.87272035	h	1.000	0
6.94873769	-0.50609880	-0.18844013	h	1.000	0
3.98670226	-4.02045342	-1.08923382	h	1.000	0
-0.61369146	-3.30369088	-0.91711443	h	1.000	0

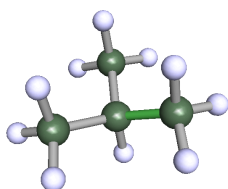
Propan-2-ylum (MAA* = 458.5 kJ/mol, E* = 11.9):



Total Energy = -118.20397115353 hartree
 Enthalpy Correction = 0.094845 hartree
 Entropy = 0.000103 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
2.40170703	0.16986633	0.07493960	c	6.000	0
-0.09764547	0.07745998	-0.91631245	c	6.000	0
-2.33713205	-0.21986043	0.54403810	c	6.000	0
2.58432675	-0.36986538	2.04885516	h	1.000	0
3.81558578	-0.63409420	-1.19221585	h	1.000	0
2.73758524	2.25008477	-0.06548506	h	1.000	0
-0.31345718	0.24709064	-2.95672700	h	1.000	0
-3.97384326	0.74525379	-0.25597923	h	1.000	0
-2.71979863	-2.25857818	0.14551979	h	1.000	0
-2.09732820	-0.00735733	2.57336695	h	1.000	0

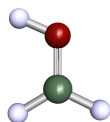
Propan-2-ylum Product:



Total Energy = -158.31738849101 hartree
 Enthalpy Correction = 0.138137 hartree
 Entropy = 0.000111 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
1.36855902	-2.37041376	0.12334826	c	6.000	0
0.00000000	0.00000000	-0.76273919	c	6.000	0
1.36855902	2.37041376	0.12334826	c	6.000	0
-2.73711804	0.00000000	0.12334826	c	6.000	0
3.32068613	-2.40693406	-0.55323321	h	1.000	0
1.41467185	-2.45028352	2.19104853	h	1.000	0
0.42412297	-4.07926558	-0.55323321	h	1.000	0
0.00000000	0.00000000	-2.83639523	h	1.000	0
1.41467185	2.45028352	2.19104853	h	1.000	0
3.32068613	2.40693406	-0.55323321	h	1.000	0
0.42412297	4.07926558	-0.55323321	h	1.000	0
-3.74480910	1.67233152	-0.55323321	h	1.000	0
-3.74480910	-1.67233152	-0.55323321	h	1.000	0
-2.82934370	0.00000000	2.19104853	h	1.000	0

Methyleneoxonium (MAA* = 446.9 kJ/mol, E* = 10.7):

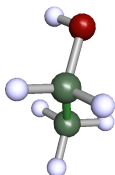


Total Energy = -114.82947809046 hartree
 Enthalpy Correction = 0.045448 hartree

Entropy = 0.000087 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
-0.76340845	-0.05378986	0.00000000	c	6.000	0
1.42417994	-0.88367673	0.00000000	o	8.000	0
-2.26491951	-1.45626109	0.00000000	h	1.000	0
-1.13132993	1.97068362	0.00000000	h	1.000	0
2.73547794	0.42304406	0.00000000	h	1.000	0

Methyleneoxonium Product:



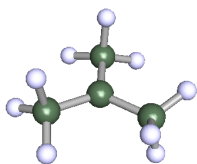
Total Energy = -154.93324444517 hartree

Enthalpy Correction = 0.085598 hartree

Entropy = 0.000102 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
-2.89900190	-0.82657714	-0.30454771	o	8.000	0
-0.87564972	0.91536889	-0.01002121	c	6.000	0
1.68701340	-0.32956595	-0.21618943	c	6.000	0
-2.77707626	-2.05665334	1.02985458	h	1.000	0
-1.04583991	1.90968260	1.80110794	h	1.000	0
-1.12010284	2.31401644	-1.50886363	h	1.000	0
1.94683102	-1.72916257	1.28270733	h	1.000	0
1.89682715	-1.27649881	-2.03896478	h	1.000	0
3.18699905	1.07938988	-0.03508308	h	1.000	0

2-Methylpropan-2-ylum (MAA* = 404.4 kJ/mol, E* = 6.1):



Total Energy = -157.50630163202 hartree

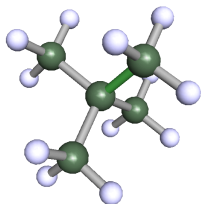
Enthalpy Correction = 0.124405 hartree

Entropy = 0.000115 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
-1.52103662	-3.96899178	0.34517876	c	6.000	0
-0.81203095	-1.33926260	0.08040480	c	6.000	0
-1.46201005	-5.61111884	-1.83725313	c	6.000	0
-2.21181008	-4.98682953	2.78892235	c	6.000	0
-3.02707464	-3.58981518	4.05867523	h	1.000	0
-3.31674046	-6.71854851	2.65270060	h	1.000	0
-0.36774685	-5.54317041	3.60463906	h	1.000	0
-0.22871126	-4.93793815	-3.34046053	h	1.000	0

-1.18523919	-7.59403713	-1.35847189	h	1.000	0
-3.42234844	-5.45198187	-2.55636363	h	1.000	0
1.26119845	-1.37499850	0.35204833	h	1.000	0
-1.60242487	-0.11661583	1.53092129	h	1.000	0
-1.10194637	-0.63355180	-1.83360458	h	1.000	0

2-Methylpropan-2-ylum Product:



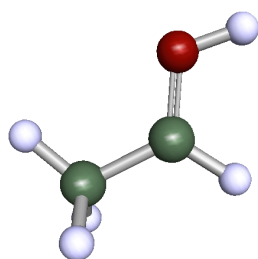
Total Energy = -197.60069206148 hartree

Enthalpy Correction = 0.167177 hartree

Entropy = 0.000116 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	c	6.000	0
1.66601954	-1.66601954	1.66601954	c	6.000	0
-1.66601954	1.66601954	1.66601954	c	6.000	0
-1.66601954	-1.66601954	-1.66601954	c	6.000	0
1.66601954	1.66601954	-1.66601954	c	6.000	0
2.88022673	-0.51465145	2.88022673	h	1.000	0
2.88022673	-2.88022673	0.51465145	h	1.000	0
0.51465145	-2.88022673	2.88022673	h	1.000	0
-0.51465145	-2.88022673	-2.88022673	h	1.000	0
-2.88022673	-0.51465145	-2.88022673	h	1.000	0
-2.88022673	-2.88022673	-0.51465145	h	1.000	0
-2.88022673	0.51465145	2.88022673	h	1.000	0
-0.51465145	2.88022673	2.88022673	h	1.000	0
-2.88022673	2.88022673	0.51465145	h	1.000	0
0.51465145	2.88022673	-2.88022673	h	1.000	0
2.88022673	0.51465145	-2.88022673	h	1.000	0
2.88022673	2.88022673	-0.51465145	h	1.000	0

Protonated acetaldehyde (MAA* = 386.1 kJ/mol, E* = 4.1):



Total Energy = -154.13816473682 hartree

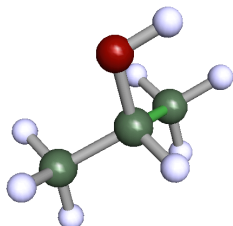
Enthalpy Correction = 0.073128 hartree

Entropy = 0.000097 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
--------------------	--	--	------	--------	--------

-1.76963169	-0.11130672	-0.15605044	c	6.000	0
0.92764404	-0.27116235	0.13868593	c	6.000	0
2.27745467	1.66916806	-0.05286989	o	8.000	0
-2.43291576	1.79384585	-0.53708468	h	1.000	0
-2.62435025	-0.90734494	1.55882119	h	1.000	0
-2.30140187	-1.43679164	-1.66166736	h	1.000	0
1.84683941	-2.07250731	0.53092033	h	1.000	0
4.07636143	1.33609905	0.17924492	h	1.000	0

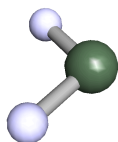
Protonated acetaldehyde Product:



Total Energy = -194.2192876 hartree
 Enthalpy Correction = 0.113789 hartree
 Entropy = 0.000112 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
-2.22423957	-0.87315394	-0.20699511	c	6.000	0
0.13228703	0.49676331	0.64214836	c	6.000	0
2.51462022	-0.62996874	-0.47792174	c	6.000	0
-0.15134808	3.07641872	-0.09357347	o	8.000	0
-3.90892830	-0.00501082	0.61006159	h	1.000	0
-2.38602510	-0.81247627	-2.26663441	h	1.000	0
-2.15828241	-2.84879301	0.38320972	h	1.000	0
0.25478644	0.40108113	2.71317901	h	1.000	0
2.74740059	-2.59019998	0.12844043	h	1.000	0
2.42725531	-0.58739248	-2.54214802	h	1.000	0
4.18376218	0.42597960	0.13025662	h	1.000	0
1.34859288	3.97208462	0.41331017	h	1.000	0

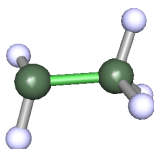
Carbene (MAA* = 382.6 kJ/mol, E* = 3.7):



Total Energy = -39.09547814511 hartree
 Enthalpy Correction = 0.020705 hartree
 Entropy = 0.000072 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
0.00000000	0.00000000	0.87206216	c	6.000	0
1.63238454	0.00000000	-0.43611619	h	1.000	0
-1.63238454	0.00000000	-0.43611619	h	1.000	0

Carbene product:



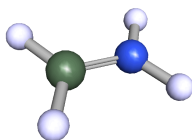
Total Energy = -79.17647002479 hartree

Enthalpy Correction = 0.063738 hartree

Entropy = 0.000091 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
-4.67907838	-2.97628114	0.28682367	c	6.000	0
-2.13226686	-1.61226731	0.17184540	c	6.000	0
-4.77800868	-4.05733272	2.07217339	h	1.000	0
-4.72197538	-4.43871414	-1.20519133	h	1.000	0
-0.41768393	-2.80417476	0.34702019	h	1.000	0
-1.96306864	-0.18129219	1.66642089	h	1.000	0
-1.90198224	-0.57258525	-1.61003224	h	1.000	0

Methaniminium (MAA* = 323.3 kJ/mol, E* = -2.7):



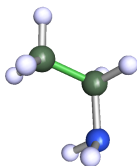
Total Energy = -95.01575813041 hartree

Enthalpy Correction = 0.059325 hartree

Entropy = 0.000085 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
0.00000000	0.00000000	1.19379788	c	6.000	0
0.00000000	0.00000000	-1.19342352	n	7.000	0
-1.78417348	0.00000000	2.19767394	h	1.000	0
1.78417348	0.00000000	2.19767394	h	1.000	0
-1.63272798	0.00000000	-2.19773611	h	1.000	0
1.63272798	0.00000000	-2.19773611	h	1.000	0

Methaniminium Product:



Total Energy = -135.07093869583 hartree

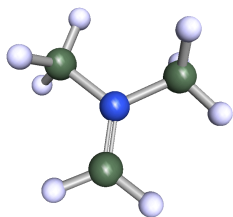
Enthalpy Correction = 0.098531 hartree

Entropy = 0.000102 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
--------------------	--	--	------	--------	--------

-2.79182384	-0.06599630	0.00000000	n	7.000	0
-0.34049662	1.19943734	0.00000000	c	6.000	0
1.93526134	-0.55133808	0.00000000	c	6.000	0
-2.91038046	-1.22088774	1.52701111	h	1.000	0
-2.91038046	-1.22088774	-1.52701111	h	1.000	0
-0.26382150	2.43730465	1.65529490	h	1.000	0
-0.26382150	2.43730465	-1.65529490	h	1.000	0
3.70332392	0.51968815	0.00000000	h	1.000	0
1.92399999	-1.76638758	1.67275268	h	1.000	0
1.92399999	-1.76638758	-1.67275268	h	1.000	0

N-Methyl-*N*-methylenemethanaminium (MAA* = 295.0 kJ/mol, E* = -5.7):



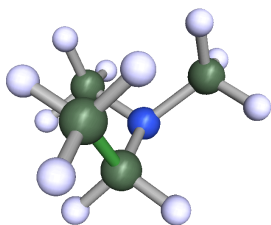
Total Energy = -173.56548862941 hartree

Enthalpy Correction = 0.116798 hartree

Entropy = 0.000107 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
1.49175403	2.33970533	-0.09706876	c	6.000	0
0.21951911	0.31359820	-0.01583132	n	7.000	0
1.38107744	-2.15903920	-0.32879200	c	6.000	0
-2.52067213	0.34892239	0.40173238	c	6.000	0
0.53940672	4.13570170	0.14635241	h	1.000	0
3.51190936	2.25463559	-0.40854570	h	1.000	0
1.00743029	-3.26800823	1.36629021	h	1.000	0
3.40143936	-1.94302192	-0.62113296	h	1.000	0
0.50724810	-3.08257320	-1.94920001	h	1.000	0
-3.41698366	1.40879927	-1.11540733	h	1.000	0
-3.21054146	-1.58312667	0.40549101	h	1.000	0
-2.91158717	1.23440676	2.21611207	h	1.000	0

N-Methyl-*N*-methylenemethanaminium Product:



Total Energy = -213.61059106097 hartree

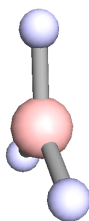
Enthalpy Correction = 0.156702 hartree

Entropy = 0.000124 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
-2.17906186	1.47804084	1.24884502	c	6.000	0

-0.96197623	-0.13190031	-0.59339911	n	7.000	0
-2.54998087	-2.24812578	-1.27797787	c	6.000	0
1.58347926	-0.87934998	0.13613929	c	6.000	0
1.83489761	-2.51769627	2.49478928	c	6.000	0
-2.64666251	0.50268500	3.03003721	h	1.000	0
-3.94274019	2.21400629	0.46492671	h	1.000	0
-0.95407853	3.07872707	1.69887165	h	1.000	0
-4.31407065	-1.55122709	-2.09625936	h	1.000	0
-1.59576112	-3.41097844	-2.69295370	h	1.000	0
-3.04856003	-3.47254161	0.33254881	h	1.000	0
2.68329240	0.85423940	0.39609702	h	1.000	0
2.41755734	-1.87810830	-1.47290412	h	1.000	0
0.84286915	-4.31633974	2.28921567	h	1.000	0
3.82760691	-2.93738150	2.83635611	h	1.000	0
1.09907849	-1.56563375	4.17205287	h	1.000	0

Borane (MAA* = 285.5 kJ/mol, E* = -6.8):



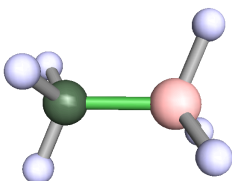
Total Energy = -26.56771537828 hartree

Enthalpy Correction = 0.029863 hartree

Entropy = 0.000072 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
0.00009345	-0.00002751	0.00001272	b	5.000	0
-1.70696989	-1.46881770	-0.12507469	h	1.000	0
-0.41516376	2.21665962	-0.03326875	h	1.000	0
2.12204021	-0.74781441	0.15833072	h	1.000	0

Borane Product:



Total Energy = -66.60635772771 hartree

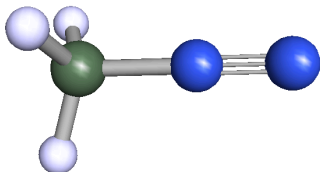
Enthalpy Correction = 0.06812 hartree

Entropy = 0.000093 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
-1.54902660	0.15688302	0.15550769	c	6.000	0
1.49864993	-0.15194751	-0.15062735	b	5.000	0
-2.41940893	1.12617902	-1.45972492	h	1.000	0
-2.07488847	1.25230670	1.83784574	h	1.000	0
-2.52271719	-1.66760152	0.32664369	h	1.000	0
2.05590383	-1.39426675	-2.05710584	h	1.000	0

2.44734225	-1.24718930	1.69007809	h	1.000	0
2.56414518	1.92563635	-0.34261709	h	1.000	0

Methanediazonium (MAA* = 273.0 kJ/mol, E* = -8.1):



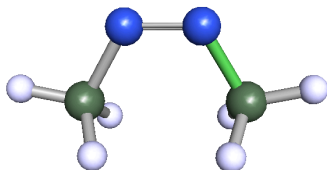
Total Energy = -149.08382944271 hartree

Enthalpy Correction = 0.050571 hartree

Entropy = 0.000092 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
-0.94322016	-0.01161607	0.00202460	c	6.000	0
1.73283004	0.02113486	-0.00332095	n	7.000	0
3.78551579	0.04669553	-0.00822470	n	7.000	0
-1.52085109	-0.03812983	1.97959321	h	1.000	0
-1.54789254	1.70256456	-0.96824647	h	1.000	0
-1.50638205	-1.72064905	-1.00182569	h	1.000	0

Methanediazonium Product:



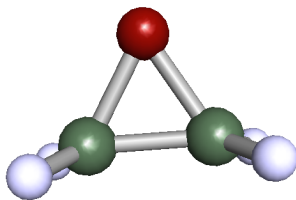
Total Energy = -189.12051895056 hartree

Enthalpy Correction = 0.091041 hartree

Entropy = 0.000111 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
2.45472454	-0.58800370	0.20732410	c	6.000	0
1.50375807	1.07675077	-1.77655415	n	7.000	0
-0.77539889	1.54498163	-1.89413979	n	7.000	0
-2.49549861	0.42828506	-0.04876705	c	6.000	0
2.02212708	0.17457583	2.08089518	h	1.000	0
1.59263305	-2.46311513	0.07193265	h	1.000	0
4.49126905	-0.75088071	-0.01370253	h	1.000	0
-2.42683889	-1.63734930	-0.13204081	h	1.000	0
-4.40030888	1.06950568	-0.47727576	h	1.000	0
-1.98930410	1.00143930	1.87312551	h	1.000	0

Oxirane (MAA* = 232.2 kJ/mol, E* = -12.5):



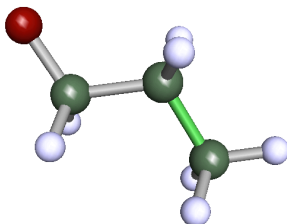
Total Energy = -153.68352130011 hartree

Enthalpy Correction = 0.061753 hartree

Entropy = 0.000092 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
1.37281215	0.10832964	-0.08744827	c	6.000	0
-1.37553309	-0.04903052	-0.09930207	c	6.000	0
0.02910907	-0.67048051	2.11399833	o	8.000	0
2.27634181	1.94554232	0.05513392	h	1.000	0
2.47023374	-1.36733686	-0.99823669	h	1.000	0
-2.48362422	1.67295676	0.03460599	h	1.000	0
-2.28933946	-1.63998083	-1.01875121	h	1.000	0

Oxirane Product:



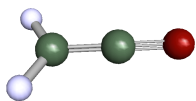
Total Energy = -193.70192526485 hartree

Enthalpy Correction = 0.098901 hartree

Entropy = 0.000109 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
4.56972748	-0.99366558	0.22354727	o	8.000	0
2.41784742	0.37652441	0.00043319	c	6.000	0
-0.03794741	-1.15263602	0.15621680	c	6.000	0
-2.39381010	0.46714215	-0.11443190	c	6.000	0
2.28711774	1.45578408	-1.82300155	h	1.000	0
2.22397497	1.89459992	1.47257470	h	1.000	0
-0.06242003	-2.15935949	1.96926131	h	1.000	0
0.00791210	-2.60651802	-1.32291447	h	1.000	0
-2.47703558	1.90684739	1.36972309	h	1.000	0
-4.13044985	-0.64552320	0.00001258	h	1.000	0
-2.40491674	1.45680436	-1.93142103	h	1.000	0

Ethenone (MAA* = 217.2 kJ/mol, E* = -14.1):



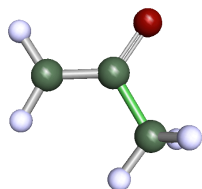
Total Energy = -152.49476330144 hartree

Enthalpy Correction = 0.036143 hartree

Entropy = 0.000092 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
0.00000000	0.00000000	3.63114891	o	8.000	0
0.00000000	0.00000000	1.43942377	c	6.000	0
0.00000000	0.00000000	-1.02545565	c	6.000	0
-1.78443034	0.00000000	-2.02258606	h	1.000	0
1.78443034	0.00000000	-2.02258606	h	1.000	0

Ethenone Product:



Total Energy = -192.51167061006 hartree

Enthalpy Correction = 0.076895 hartree

Entropy = 0.000107 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
-0.00528112	3.47693610	0.00000000	o	8.000	0
0.33864597	1.07782832	0.00000000	c	6.000	0
-2.04583591	-0.51947728	0.00000000	c	6.000	0
2.62836082	-0.13490990	0.00000000	c	6.000	0
-3.18911930	-0.05707703	-1.66129845	h	1.000	0
-3.18911930	-0.05707703	1.66129845	h	1.000	0
-1.66472700	-2.54756175	0.00000000	h	1.000	0
4.37818657	0.94108015	0.00000000	h	1.000	0
2.74888927	-2.17974158	0.00000000	h	1.000	0

Carbon dioxide (MAA* = 208.8 kJ/mol, E* = -15.1):



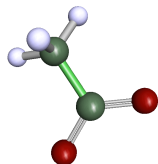
Total Energy = -188.47073285971 hartree

Enthalpy Correction = 0.015427 hartree

Entropy = 0.000081 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
0.00000000	0.00000000	-2.18520321	o	8.000	0
0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	c	6.000	0
0.00000000	0.00000000	2.18520321	o	8.000	0

Carbon dioxide Product:



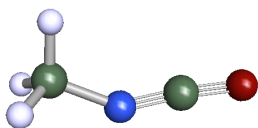
Total Energy = -228.47925678814 hartree

Enthalpy Correction = 0.054297 hartree

Entropy = 0.000107 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
2.74159096	-2.08131959	-0.09949829	o	8.000	0
1.64397437	0.01717983	0.01594357	c	6.000	0
-1.23617942	-0.00159141	-0.05889393	c	6.000	0
2.71477687	2.11992191	0.24260602	o	8.000	0
-1.93920558	-1.54812347	-1.22674654	h	1.000	0
-1.98503191	1.79463775	-0.73656608	h	1.000	0
-1.93992529	-0.30070502	1.86315526	h	1.000	0

Isocyanatomethane (MAA* = 189.3 kJ/mol, E* = -17.2):



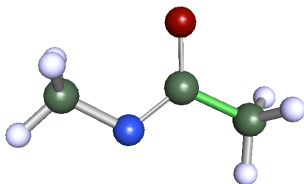
Total Energy = -207.84642111208 hartree

Enthalpy Correction = 0.05662 hartree

Entropy = 0.000108 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
5.15723405	0.32811103	0.21458391	o	8.000	0
2.98230115	-0.01374903	-0.10518279	c	6.000	0
0.85361661	-0.50553281	-0.59484374	n	7.000	0
-1.73932647	-0.03468046	0.01318225	c	6.000	0
-1.89840012	1.31392333	1.56256729	h	1.000	0
-2.70705682	0.71456497	-1.64407994	h	1.000	0
-2.64836840	-1.80263703	0.55377303	h	1.000	0

Isocyanatomethane Product:



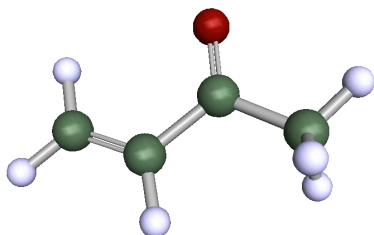
Total Energy = -207.84642111208 hartree

Enthalpy Correction = 0.095575 hartree

Entropy = 0.000118 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
0.68456045	-1.18145774	1.88321882	o	8.000	0
0.81634491	-0.18508556	-0.29619951	c	6.000	0
3.43854530	0.31574495	-1.33357255	c	6.000	0
-1.07975906	0.45890807	-1.74921476	n	7.000	0
-3.53038518	-0.06357581	-0.65855519	c	6.000	0
4.47033620	1.56307147	-0.04682007	h	1.000	0
3.38153325	1.17450876	-3.20567627	h	1.000	0
4.49880983	-1.45672823	-1.43229019	h	1.000	0
-5.01908743	0.52351748	-1.96867413	h	1.000	0
-3.84396157	0.93229609	1.14047051	h	1.000	0
-3.81693669	-2.08119947	-0.24179850	h	1.000	0

But-3-en-2-one (MAA* = 186.0 kJ/mol, E* = -17.5):



Total Energy = -231.06503253699 hartree

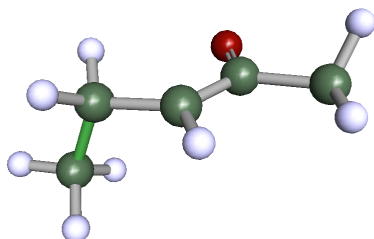
Enthalpy Correction = 0.096493 hartree

Entropy = 0.000118 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
-3.57283416	2.92361005	0.05017362	c	6.000	0
-1.82979296	1.11660441	-0.00042512	c	6.000	0
0.90935638	1.69778598	0.17033982	c	6.000	0
2.65330057	-0.52411647	0.08501596	c	6.000	0
1.68571728	3.85485502	0.36749703	o	8.000	0
-5.57051448	2.49156314	-0.07531604	h	1.000	0
-3.02561066	4.89285863	0.21985044	h	1.000	0
-2.35732972	-0.85806276	-0.17017193	h	1.000	0
2.35299855	-1.57080128	-1.67284419	h	1.000	0
4.61553831	0.07605294	0.22448513	h	1.000	0
2.19441170	-1.82226726	1.62739109	h	1.000	0

But-3-en-2-one product:

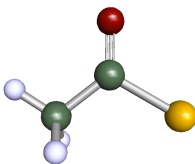
The CH₃-CH₂-CH-C Torsion Angle was constrained to 90°.



Total Energy = -271.06953423463 hartree
 Enthalpy Correction = 0.136439 hartree
 Entropy = 0.000132 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
4.15666455	-0.20465259	-0.02554535	o	8.000	0
2.62489817	1.52104382	0.75003786	c	6.000	0
3.85239744	3.87849844	1.82477669	c	6.000	0
0.04217583	1.39681516	0.66471747	c	6.000	0
-1.34227404	-0.88519614	-0.27021074	c	6.000	0
-1.95351270	-2.81830695	1.78888522	c	6.000	0
5.03852542	3.37339909	3.44530968	h	1.000	0
5.10799199	4.72456241	0.41237902	h	1.000	0
2.48154046	5.29956981	2.42846153	h	1.000	0
-1.04679217	2.96320405	1.42718487	h	1.000	0
-0.17649670	-1.81872708	-1.70699520	h	1.000	0
-3.10899602	-0.33644866	-1.20877057	h	1.000	0
-2.95262914	-4.46949096	1.03742352	h	1.000	0
-0.21163661	-3.47315369	2.68678951	h	1.000	0
-3.13801902	-1.97669247	3.26077686	h	1.000	0

Acetyl chloride (MAA* = 164.0 kJ/mol, E* = -19.9):

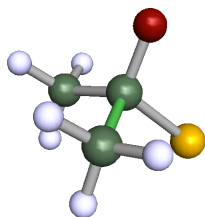


Total Energy = -613.21214664023 hartree
 Enthalpy Correction = 0.053002 hartree
 Entropy = 0.00011 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
0.89094006	0.25163184	-1.26928154	c	6.000	0
2.14395316	2.02268132	-1.80457325	o	8.000	0
-0.73241274	-0.13382251	0.97845929	c	6.000	0
0.83480396	-2.42845081	-3.37135501	cl	17.000	0
-2.67598459	-0.44976965	0.36262963	h	1.000	0
-0.11643324	-1.82727114	1.98219955	h	1.000	0
-0.61891323	1.51717884	2.19960221	h	1.000	0

Acetyl chloride Product:

The C-Cl bond length was fixed at 1.8 Angstroms.



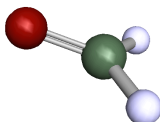
Total Energy = -653.20727912463 hartree

Enthalpy Correction = 0.09195 hartree

Entropy = 0.000124 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
-1.26294821	4.99099997	3.55041188	c	6.000	0
-0.74371639	2.81247575	2.50676866	o	8.000	0
0.54855064	5.69944502	5.70931614	c	6.000	0
-0.92848121	7.52801004	1.30943945	cl	17.000	0
-4.01119105	5.20539662	4.47054966	c	6.000	0
2.49146894	5.65087342	5.01441625	h	1.000	0
0.35111794	4.28252593	7.20225647	h	1.000	0
0.16637824	7.56450914	6.51081183	h	1.000	0
-4.46317913	7.06373472	5.25095263	h	1.000	0
-5.29018511	4.80578284	2.90068837	h	1.000	0
-4.30856141	3.77839150	5.93675996	h	1.000	0

Formaldehyde (MAA* = 161.0 kJ/mol, E* = -20.2):



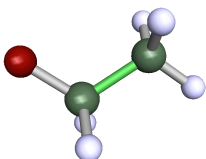
Total Energy = -114.42708201049 hartree

Enthalpy Correction = 0.030769 hartree

Entropy = 0.000083 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
0.00000000	0.00000000	-0.02024812	c	6.000	0
0.00000000	0.00000000	2.25403608	o	8.000	0
-1.77497720	0.00000000	-1.11681804	h	1.000	0
1.77497720	0.00000000	-1.11681804	h	1.000	0

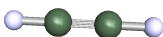
Formaldehyde Product:



Total Energy = -154.42122680407 hartree
 Enthalpy Correction = 0.070787 hartree
 Entropy = 0.0001 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
2.58198367	-2.24125332	0.00000000	o	8.000	0
1.44563811	0.05601624	0.00000000	c	6.000	0
-1.44652355	-0.04856548	0.00000000	c	6.000	0
1.98040326	1.25893148	-1.66156856	h	1.000	0
1.98040326	1.25893148	1.66156856	h	1.000	0
-2.29212733	1.84484025	0.00000000	h	1.000	0
-2.12530962	-1.06226589	-1.67254776	h	1.000	0
-2.12530962	-1.06226589	1.67254776	h	1.000	0

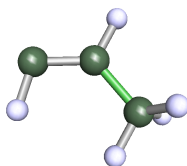
Ethyne (MAA* = 126.7 kJ/mol, E* = -23.9):



Total Energy = -77.26361121560 hartree
 Enthalpy Correction = 0.031074 hartree
 Entropy = 0.000076 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
0.00000000	0.00000000	-1.13329062	c	6.000	0
0.00000000	0.00000000	1.13329062	c	6.000	0
0.00000000	0.00000000	-3.15150770	h	1.000	0
0.00000000	0.00000000	3.15150770	h	1.000	0

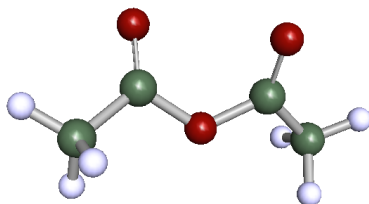
Ethyne Product:



Total Energy = -117.24249324763 hartree
 Enthalpy Correction = 0.070652 hartree
 Entropy = 0.000099 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
-3.28533569	0.33925038	-0.57876925	c	6.000	0
-0.86353185	1.11320958	-0.65113406	c	6.000	0
1.49699419	-0.40974090	-0.16234516	c	6.000	0
-3.30707387	-1.70782699	-0.08083085	h	1.000	0
-0.43584423	3.09533531	-1.11287635	h	1.000	0
1.02380845	-2.37391838	0.28049600	h	1.000	0
2.59930236	0.35496994	1.42023490	h	1.000	0
2.77168064	-0.41127893	-1.79901909	h	1.000	0

Acetic anhydride (MAA* = 124.2 kJ/mol, E* = -24.2):



Total Energy = -381.48286805730 hartree

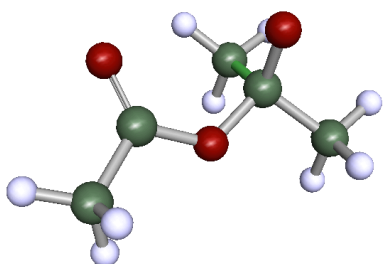
Enthalpy Correction = 0.105479 hartree

Entropy = 0.000134 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
-4.34660390	-1.05685680	-0.11965604	c	6.000	0
-2.30202808	0.78799088	0.42834503	c	6.000	0
0.01023941	-0.20016488	-0.23844134	o	8.000	0
2.22993549	0.62659573	0.83749589	c	6.000	0
4.39548343	0.10436237	-0.87168589	c	6.000	0
2.31658649	1.54366731	2.89942148	o	8.000	0
-2.54240688	2.87792749	1.24936249	o	8.000	0
-4.13872590	-2.67632096	1.14528631	h	1.000	0
-4.16520470	-1.75571079	-2.05110789	h	1.000	0
-6.18087351	-0.17573714	0.15991395	h	1.000	0
6.16099727	0.56489122	0.07139116	h	1.000	0
4.18707101	1.23790155	-2.58495777	h	1.000	0
4.37552988	-1.87854599	-1.43852502	h	1.000	0

Acetic anhydride Product:

The O-C(O)(CH₃)(CH₃) bond length was fixed at 1.395 Angstroms.



Total Energy = -421.46316815000 hartree

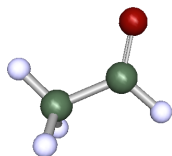
Enthalpy Correction = 0.144449 hartree

Entropy = 0.000147 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
4.06559404	0.90145643	4.11391715	c	6.000	0
1.61089019	-0.43287688	3.61855442	c	6.000	0
0.23258917	0.82111353	1.95642597	o	8.000	0
-2.26734266	0.22002481	1.37469273	c	6.000	0
-2.30842178	-2.37518045	0.03530366	c	6.000	0
-2.93726651	2.26129988	-0.59744601	c	6.000	0

-3.76507589	0.32063283	3.38147422	o	8.000	0
1.02069922	-2.39364559	4.64625831	o	8.000	0
4.95831253	1.45981402	2.34183984	h	1.000	0
3.68793647	2.62511961	5.18809258	h	1.000	0
5.32532203	-0.31053472	5.19605730	h	1.000	0
-1.88630432	-3.86378812	1.39242804	h	1.000	0
-0.95727369	-2.48005855	-1.52942508	h	1.000	0
-4.20301800	-2.68305203	-0.72362037	h	1.000	0
-4.86551784	1.94229680	-1.25690705	h	1.000	0
-1.66582721	2.25781189	-2.23025695	h	1.000	0
-2.84878376	4.11387088	0.31337056	h	1.000	0

Acetaldehyde (MAA* = 123.0 kJ/mol, E* = -24.3):



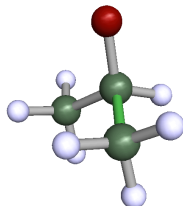
Total Energy = -153.72471860799 hartree

Enthalpy Correction = 0.060556 hartree

Entropy = 0.000099 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
-4.20573147	-3.95179949	0.30056586	c	6.000	0
-2.20116989	-2.00604225	0.05131543	c	6.000	0
-4.74622923	-4.10437266	2.29155493	h	1.000	0
-5.84563190	-3.50785096	-0.86152308	h	1.000	0
-3.41845343	-5.79016688	-0.22967687	h	1.000	0
-2.33719607	-0.15494918	-1.28212453	o	8.000	0
-0.48165598	-2.33682973	1.19733175	h	1.000	0

Acetaldehyde Product:



Total Energy = -193.70570377649 hartree

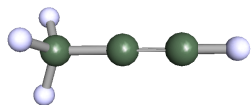
Enthalpy Correction = 0.100092 hartree

Entropy = 0.00011 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
0.42924075	0.19974008	-2.36126063	c	6.000	0
-1.11764951	-0.45152753	0.00000000	c	6.000	0
0.95502691	2.20264144	-2.45410270	h	1.000	0
2.16397668	-0.93344731	-2.39276601	h	1.000	0
-0.66318603	-0.26198406	-4.05572571	h	1.000	0
-2.73603010	0.92478077	0.00000000	h	1.000	0

-1.91684529	-2.88768712	0.00000000	o	8.000	0
0.42924075	0.19974008	2.36126063	c	6.000	0
-0.66318603	-0.26198406	4.05572571	h	1.000	0
2.16397668	-0.93344731	2.39276601	h	1.000	0
0.95502691	2.20264144	2.45410270	h	1.000	0

Propyne (MAA* = 105.6 kJ/mol, E* = -26.2):



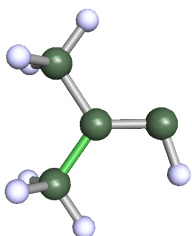
Total Energy = -116.55607312831 hartree

Enthalpy Correction = 0.060787 hartree

Entropy = 0.000094 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
3.21368729	-0.09671082	-0.00986831	c	6.000	0
0.94177163	-0.02857947	-0.00313052	c	6.000	0
-1.79834390	0.05417422	0.00540398	c	6.000	0
5.22916939	-0.15727988	-0.01594941	h	1.000	0
-2.53000106	-0.17035652	1.92240492	h	1.000	0
-2.57886778	-1.45797875	-1.16280060	h	1.000	0
-2.47741557	1.85673123	-0.73606004	h	1.000	0

Propyne Product:



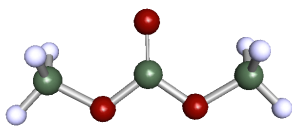
Total Energy = -156.52580356996 hartree

Enthalpy Correction = 0.09806 hartree

Entropy = 0.000113 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
2.93839854	-1.65164239	-0.61246308	c	6.000	0
0.80618453	-0.36046447	-0.08685165	c	6.000	0
0.74607486	1.78623954	1.78981744	c	6.000	0
-1.76085352	-0.84407434	-1.25047405	c	6.000	0
2.48406904	-3.12429340	-2.04184455	h	1.000	0
-0.58600397	1.41285623	3.33815939	h	1.000	0
2.61766682	2.09929245	2.60069444	h	1.000	0
0.10771300	3.55513447	0.90978453	h	1.000	0
-3.18051061	-1.30658674	0.19174073	h	1.000	0
-2.48442677	0.83487340	-2.23441727	h	1.000	0
-1.68831191	-2.40133476	-2.60414591	h	1.000	0

Dimethyl carbonate (MAA* = 94.2 kJ/mol, E* = -27.4):



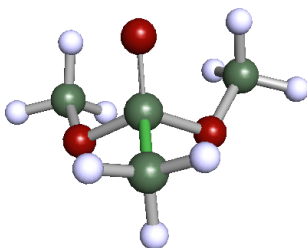
Total Energy = -343.38866970069 hartree

Enthalpy Correction = 0.103902 hartree

Entropy = 0.000126 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
-0.15973319	-1.06922408	1.32217266	o	8.000	0
-0.00176990	-0.00032575	-0.68510780	c	6.000	0
-1.91950097	0.63399149	-2.16109401	o	8.000	0
-4.36836784	-0.04530687	-1.23636797	c	6.000	0
2.11871339	0.73842913	-1.78838113	o	8.000	0
4.38874865	0.17759893	-0.42983124	c	6.000	0
-4.73686486	0.88379070	0.56445239	h	1.000	0
-5.69458260	0.60764672	-2.66185862	h	1.000	0
-4.50660175	-2.08787042	-1.01145447	h	1.000	0
5.91741770	0.91458574	-1.58620234	h	1.000	0
4.37055072	1.10419943	1.40911454	h	1.000	0
4.59199062	-1.85751502	-0.18670885	h	1.000	0

Dimethyl carbonate Product:



Total Energy = -383.35543256446 hartree

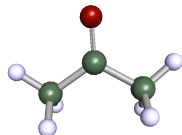
Enthalpy Correction = 0.141056 hartree

Entropy = 0.000139 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
-0.48670569	-2.67699988	3.43712417	o	8.000	0
0.07692638	-1.32913456	1.50105295	c	6.000	0
-1.79426432	0.65288468	0.92281656	o	8.000	0
-2.40746626	2.18193690	2.99647771	c	6.000	0
0.32812977	-2.72273150	-1.01204778	c	6.000	0
2.51171724	0.05181478	1.73307291	o	8.000	0
3.44303241	0.37878438	4.18922312	c	6.000	0
-4.19269483	3.13773736	2.58711959	h	1.000	0
-2.62908619	1.04495156	4.71139181	h	1.000	0
-0.96062310	3.62732015	3.34720662	h	1.000	0
0.87772859	-1.45396400	-2.54470243	h	1.000	0
-1.47653923	-3.60322099	-1.48748399	h	1.000	0
1.75750741	-4.19641673	-0.81506249	h	1.000	0

2.73936670	2.11757517	5.08022212	h	1.000	0
5.50497605	0.50001365	4.08118018	h	1.000	0
2.91148818	-1.21582837	5.39180240	h	1.000	0

Propan-2-one (MAA* = 93.1 kJ/mol, E* = -27.5):



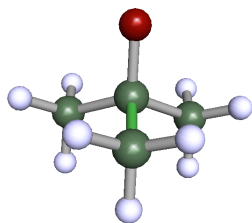
Total Energy = -193.01821589665 hartree

Enthalpy Correction = 0.090093 hartree

Entropy = 0.00011 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
-2.03652265	-1.29088722	0.28676364	c	6.000	0
0.00000000	0.00000000	-1.19866461	c	6.000	0
-3.52598872	-1.97000633	-0.95950653	h	1.000	0
-1.21673010	-2.88256279	1.32055587	h	1.000	0
-2.81896777	-0.00334236	1.69950058	h	1.000	0
0.00000000	0.00000000	-3.49553845	o	8.000	0
2.03652265	1.29088722	0.28676364	c	6.000	0
1.21673010	2.88256279	1.32055587	h	1.000	0
3.52598872	1.97000633	-0.95950653	h	1.000	0
2.81896777	0.00334236	1.69950058	h	1.000	0

Propan-2-one Product:



Total Energy = -232.98873477870 hartree

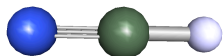
Enthalpy Correction = 0.129033 hartree

Entropy = 0.000116 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
-1.35962832	-2.35494532	-0.18869690	c	6.000	0
0.00000000	0.00000000	0.84496615	c	6.000	0
-1.41053822	-2.44312386	-2.25845856	h	1.000	0
-3.30578668	-2.37916478	0.51431583	h	1.000	0
-0.40752380	-4.05247763	0.51431583	h	1.000	0
-1.35962832	2.35494532	-0.18869690	c	6.000	0
2.71925663	0.00000000	-0.18869690	c	6.000	0
0.00000000	0.00000000	3.41822316	o	8.000	0
2.82107644	0.00000000	-2.25845856	h	1.000	0
3.71331047	-1.67331285	0.51431583	h	1.000	0
3.71331047	1.67331285	0.51431583	h	1.000	0
-3.30578668	2.37916478	0.51431583	h	1.000	0

-1.41053822	2.44312386	-2.25845856	h	1.000	0
-0.40752380	4.05247763	0.51431583	h	1.000	0

Hydrogen cyanide (MAA* = 81.6 kJ/mol, E* = -28.8):



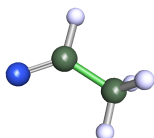
Total Energy = -93.35645307915 hartree

Enthalpy Correction = 0.020142 hartree

Entropy = 0.000077 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
0.00000000	0.00000000	2.11950366	n	7.000	0
0.00000000	0.00000000	-0.04533030	c	6.000	0
0.00000000	0.00000000	-2.07417336	h	1.000	0

Hydrogen cyanide Product:



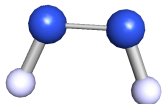
Total Energy = -133.31724583132 hartree

Enthalpy Correction = 0.058543 hartree

Entropy = 0.000099 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
3.08188376	-1.60988062	-1.05880220	n	7.000	0
1.65422725	-0.05525959	-0.01734416	c	6.000	0
-1.22702850	-0.01138907	-0.02242315	c	6.000	0
2.36007674	1.62122000	1.13222907	h	1.000	0
-1.93081827	1.75965575	-0.84028536	h	1.000	0
-1.96420266	-0.10005798	1.91395473	h	1.000	0
-1.97413833	-1.60428850	-1.10732892	h	1.000	0

Diazene (MAA* = 78.8 kJ/mol, E* = -29.1):



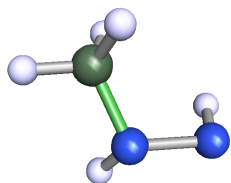
Total Energy = -110.56395684706 hartree

Enthalpy Correction = 0.032422 hartree

Entropy = 0.000083 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
-1.16242628	0.00000000	-0.90238875	n	7.000	0
1.16242628	0.00000000	-0.90238875	n	7.000	0
-1.90871059	0.00000000	0.90219218	h	1.000	0
1.90871059	0.00000000	0.90219218	h	1.000	0

Diazene Product:



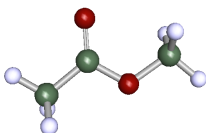
Total Energy = -150.52622771243 hartree

Enthalpy Correction = 0.071877 hartree

Entropy = 0.0001 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
2.84884268	-0.18835273	1.28007345	n	7.000	0
0.62692972	-1.42764364	0.32838621	n	7.000	0
-1.47603300	0.28175458	-0.00952958	c	6.000	0
3.16940668	1.29608961	0.05447287	h	1.000	0
0.97720710	-2.21769924	-1.39431256	h	1.000	0
-3.08664114	-0.69440337	-0.88110453	h	1.000	0
-0.99243968	1.92691056	-1.20798524	h	1.000	0
-2.06727235	1.02334423	1.82999938	h	1.000	0

Methyl acetate (MAA* = 78.4 kJ/mol, E* = -29.1):



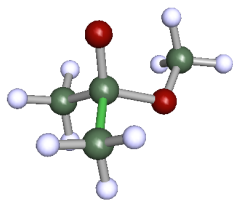
Total Energy = -268.20911119395 hartree

Enthalpy Correction = 0.097135 hartree

Entropy = 0.00012 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
-4.10279627	-3.56603515	0.66292240	c	6.000	0
-2.53097083	-1.43539387	-0.31142809	c	6.000	0
-5.94852355	-3.51690584	-0.26124448	h	1.000	0
-3.22466712	-5.37396294	0.20742782	h	1.000	0
-4.34936797	-3.38035813	2.69415610	h	1.000	0
-1.86710661	-1.78651932	-2.71427093	o	8.000	0
-1.92849825	0.41595109	0.88542896	o	8.000	0
-0.39693518	0.17847138	-3.84569833	c	6.000	0
-0.04373246	-0.43068629	-5.77539956	h	1.000	0
-1.44094491	1.95446521	-3.83424082	h	1.000	0
1.38144128	0.41893672	-2.83364805	h	1.000	0

Methyl acetate Product:



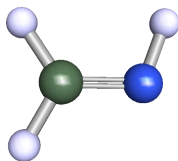
Total Energy = -308.17162486468 hartree

Enthalpy Correction = 0.134875 hartree

Entropy = 0.00013 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
-3.89497668	-3.96735962	0.06416515	c	6.000	0
-2.13513840	-1.68190012	0.42488148	c	6.000	0
-2.90598352	-5.77272547	0.25889631	h	1.000	0
-5.40473361	-3.88856553	1.47331987	h	1.000	0
-4.77234360	-3.88534295	-1.80337458	h	1.000	0
-0.79084925	-1.87200612	2.98203990	c	6.000	0
-3.27910249	0.49596473	0.05501275	o	8.000	0
0.04386349	-2.08051917	-1.36818319	o	8.000	0
-0.58603362	-1.65545412	-3.89659592	c	6.000	0
1.16287627	-1.38501105	-4.96593093	h	1.000	0
-1.61134989	-3.25261011	-4.74731616	h	1.000	0
-1.75973399	0.04106884	-4.08407413	h	1.000	0
0.28026596	-3.62807247	3.18998453	h	1.000	0
-2.19049165	-1.76997091	4.49818430	h	1.000	0
0.50188477	-0.27275032	3.17582930	h	1.000	0

Methanimine (MAA* = 74.6 kJ/mol, E* = -29.5):



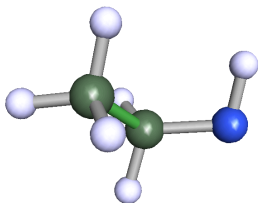
Total Energy = -94.56000533535 hartree

Enthalpy Correction = 0.04418 hartree

Entropy = 0.000087 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
1.53540932	-0.86921504	0.00000000	n	7.000	0
-0.73270488	-0.11993917	0.00000000	c	6.000	0
2.74580417	0.63267540	0.00000000	h	1.000	0
-1.29445893	1.86869696	0.00000000	h	1.000	0
-2.25404969	-1.51221815	0.00000000	h	1.000	0

Methanimine Product:



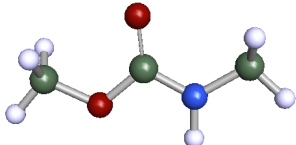
Total Energy = -134.52073162067 hartree

Enthalpy Correction = 0.082786 hartree

Entropy = 0.000101 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
2.93658321	0.80226763	0.83160991	n	7.000	0
0.93500989	-0.88145024	0.10182563	c	6.000	0
-1.70867640	0.28934534	-0.02232579	c	6.000	0
2.89774246	2.25050391	-0.44729810	h	1.000	0
0.84854745	-2.45684220	1.46611501	h	1.000	0
1.21342370	-1.84640688	-1.76074261	h	1.000	0
-3.17044039	-1.08720935	-0.54896620	h	1.000	0
-1.74079977	1.81184383	-1.42676856	h	1.000	0
-2.21139016	1.11794796	1.80655073	h	1.000	0

Methyl methylcarbamate (MAA* = 37.8 kJ/mol, E* = -33.5):



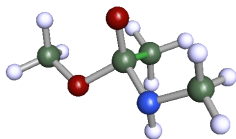
Total Energy = -323.53884685014 hartree

Enthalpy Correction = 0.116397 hartree

Entropy = 0.000131 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
-2.13490546	-2.29150169	-1.96301172	o	8.000	0
-0.78739989	-0.98400510	-0.62703378	c	6.000	0
-1.50301345	-0.07859976	1.63734364	o	8.000	0
-3.99453001	-0.74338267	2.41579437	c	6.000	0
1.56314877	-0.25484615	-1.21183818	n	7.000	0
2.77510430	-1.04809131	-3.51914957	c	6.000	0
-4.25437313	0.13685654	4.25476016	h	1.000	0
-5.39266809	-0.02398661	1.08361145	h	1.000	0
-4.18829998	-2.78879146	2.57685595	h	1.000	0
2.53550109	0.76340781	0.06397845	h	1.000	0
1.58547593	-0.62348059	-5.14946995	h	1.000	0
4.54639637	-0.02063416	-3.70896212	h	1.000	0
3.18009199	-3.07431701	-3.51512360	h	1.000	0

Methyl methylcarbamate Product:



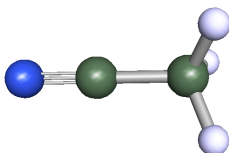
Total Energy = -363.48644164270 hartree

Enthalpy Correction = 0.154098 hartree

Entropy = 0.000139 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
-1.14512821	1.46415660	3.31235149	o	8.000	0
-0.14769064	0.79341058	1.17133775	c	6.000	0
-1.28592398	-1.55624522	0.08651957	o	8.000	0
-3.91184683	-1.42314838	-0.17154781	c	6.000	0
-0.37590074	2.82456491	-0.90793604	c	6.000	0
2.50405647	-0.07584851	1.41284107	n	7.000	0
4.14007049	1.76412362	2.60831350	c	6.000	0
-4.50195733	-0.31225267	-1.82662053	h	1.000	0
-4.63592414	-3.34444488	-0.40744719	h	1.000	0
-4.77619582	-0.58648700	1.51490693	h	1.000	0
0.34136292	2.16514823	-2.73234443	h	1.000	0
-2.34854388	3.38627563	-1.13555529	h	1.000	0
0.68791763	4.50364197	-0.34780885	h	1.000	0
3.17227118	-0.47069978	-0.34032948	h	1.000	0
3.39200090	2.20166622	4.47884177	h	1.000	0
6.03355395	0.96977535	2.83676219	h	1.000	0
4.33177914	3.56022920	1.57288271	h	1.000	0

Acetonitrile (MAA* = 37.3 kJ/mol, E* = -33.6):



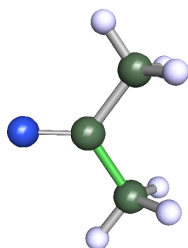
Total Energy = -132.65590935544 hartree

Enthalpy Correction 0.049993 hartree

Entropy = 0.000092 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
0.00000000	0.00000000	-0.92556463	c	6.000	0
0.00000000	0.00000000	1.80542455	c	6.000	0
-0.97039584	1.68077490	-1.61984751	h	1.000	0
-0.97039584	-1.68077490	-1.61984751	h	1.000	0
1.94079169	0.00000000	-1.61984751	h	1.000	0
0.00000000	0.00000000	3.97941974	n	7.000	0

Acetonitrile Product:



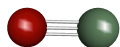
Total Energy = -172.60099299059 hartree

Enthalpy Correction 0.08598 hartree

Entropy = 0.000102 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
-0.06022756	3.39424988	-1.48825628	n	7.000	0
-0.02188199	1.22896918	-0.53963578	c	6.000	0
-2.38038574	-0.29002665	0.20975423	c	6.000	0
2.39046967	-0.28006321	0.03952227	c	6.000	0
-2.47632435	-2.09349552	-0.80946539	h	1.000	0
-4.07450329	0.80903213	-0.21193946	h	1.000	0
-2.36948189	-0.76122514	2.22944464	h	1.000	0
2.52913466	-0.74260685	2.05658016	h	1.000	0
4.04542072	0.82255484	-0.50915642	h	1.000	0
2.41777978	-2.08738866	-0.97684797	h	1.000	0

Carbon monoxide (MAA* = 32.8 kJ/mol, E* = -34.1):



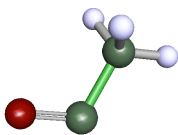
Total Energy = -113.23230291133 hartree

Enthalpy Correction = 0.008413 hartree

Entropy = 0.000075 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
0.00000000	0.00000000	1.06104216	o	8.000	0
0.00000000	0.00000000	-1.06104216	c	6.000	0

Carbon monoxide Product:



Total Energy = -153.17379906714 hartree

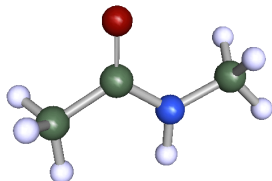
Enthalpy Correction = 0.045494 hartree

Entropy = 0.000095 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
3.50070988	0.51124731	0.00000000	o	8.000	0
1.85531663	-1.17637135	0.00000000	c	6.000	0
-0.84917387	-0.06860244	0.00000000	c	6.000	0

-1.09933620	1.13270241	-1.67489969	h	1.000	0
-1.09933620	1.13270241	1.67489969	h	1.000	0
-2.30818024	-1.53167833	0.00000000	h	1.000	0

N-Methylacetamide (MAA* = 28.5 kJ/mol, E* = -34.5):



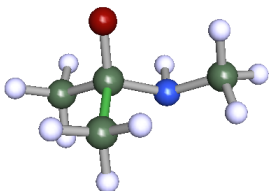
Total Energy = -248.35856689882 hartree

Enthalpy Correction = 0.110109 hartree

Entropy = 0.000121 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
-4.21263602	-4.22603218	0.03275306	c	6.000	0
-1.95380333	-2.59605499	0.58016056	c	6.000	0
-4.48817923	-5.52704205	1.60975775	h	1.000	0
-4.02856621	-5.30509788	-1.71144662	h	1.000	0
-5.88459058	-3.02364023	-0.08548912	h	1.000	0
-1.85231177	-1.24499748	2.47283165	o	8.000	0
-0.06251675	-2.69375485	-1.09471638	n	7.000	0
2.21682704	-1.22695211	-0.80252507	c	6.000	0
-0.24066778	-3.81834206	-2.61534987	h	1.000	0
1.80631642	0.79651206	-0.82038534	h	1.000	0
3.15960122	-1.67722793	0.97768738	h	1.000	0
3.48493872	-1.66512298	-2.36046321	h	1.000	0

N-Methylacetamide Product:



Total Energy = -288.30291234240 hartree

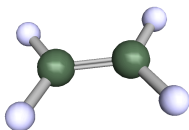
Enthalpy Correction = 0.148087 hartree

Entropy = 0.000129 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
-4.93011255	-4.15287734	0.19753738	c	6.000	0
-2.63565995	-2.37608679	0.35591366	c	6.000	0
-5.54958468	-4.28647101	-1.77318198	h	1.000	0
-6.48647302	-3.35886059	1.29994449	h	1.000	0
-4.52537675	-6.05946255	0.89209281	h	1.000	0
-1.72187103	-2.30437178	3.11706146	c	6.000	0
-3.19031766	-0.05112477	-0.50864300	o	8.000	0
-0.61621181	-3.70317111	-1.14796443	n	7.000	0
-0.08220291	-1.06007370	3.28679896	h	1.000	0
-1.21451256	-4.17194661	3.84867988	h	1.000	0

-3.22754062	-1.52053853	4.29519634	h	1.000	0
-1.38036159	-3.90334770	-2.89873117	h	1.000	0
1.65913276	-2.19982515	-1.44509979	c	6.000	0
2.83472005	-3.00056096	-2.94364559	h	1.000	0
1.24367000	-0.21869520	-1.91106972	h	1.000	0
2.78044248	-2.22331965	0.29135537	h	1.000	0

Ethene (MAA* = 28.3 kJ/mol, E* = -34.5):



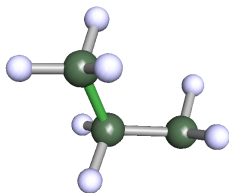
Total Energy = -78.51691383717 hartree

Enthalpy Correction = 0.055139 hartree

Entropy = 0.000083 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
-1.25196806	0.00000000	0.00000000	c	6.000	0
1.25196806	0.00000000	0.00000000	c	6.000	0
-2.32724003	-1.74679821	0.00000000	h	1.000	0
-2.32724003	1.74679821	0.00000000	h	1.000	0
2.32724003	-1.74679821	0.00000000	h	1.000	0
2.32724003	1.74679821	0.00000000	h	1.000	0

Ethene Product:



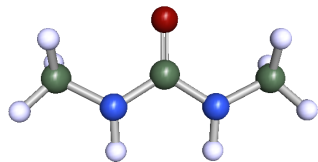
Total Energy = -118.45803494576 hartree

Enthalpy Correction = 0.093568 hartree

Entropy = 0.000103 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
2.76984228	0.02803723	-0.92665290	c	6.000	0
0.27238372	1.23749716	-0.15217370	c	6.000	0
-1.84330900	-0.57013822	0.64226459	c	6.000	0
2.37716619	-1.33182383	-2.46778293	h	1.000	0
3.42673028	-1.16779611	0.66024928	h	1.000	0
0.58320875	2.57000914	1.41449353	h	1.000	0
-0.45773451	2.41749863	-1.70246998	h	1.000	0
-3.59422860	0.40958822	1.17766326	h	1.000	0
-2.29268904	-1.87379155	-0.90129960	h	1.000	0
-1.24137008	-1.71908067	2.25570848	h	1.000	0

1,3-Dimethylurea (MAA* = -0.3 kJ/mol, E* = -37.6):



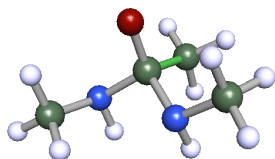
Total Energy = -303.68275738044 hartree

Enthalpy Correction = 0.129249 hartree

Entropy = 0.000133 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
-0.86658209	-2.19325184	0.23448710	n	7.000	0
-0.07853112	0.14671937	-0.46094905	c	6.000	0
-0.73832199	-4.28919550	-1.50028387	c	6.000	0
-1.03714488	-2.58381144	2.08693865	h	1.000	0
-0.06440073	1.91553837	1.39732539	n	7.000	0
0.50801274	0.65302900	-2.66021955	o	8.000	0
-0.27144034	1.34258359	3.19791581	h	1.000	0
0.98802255	4.39110059	0.96964328	c	6.000	0
0.48168035	5.60296381	2.55468945	h	1.000	0
3.05041477	4.35754423	0.79494014	h	1.000	0
0.20768012	5.20493110	-0.75438239	h	1.000	0
1.20794972	-4.86508072	-1.90500987	h	1.000	0
-1.64844461	-3.79685152	-3.28234643	h	1.000	0
-1.73889552	-5.88621611	-0.67274909	h	1.000	0

1,3-Dimethylurea Product:



Total Energy = -343.61628626878 hartree

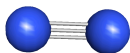
Enthalpy Correction = 0.166783 hartree

Entropy = 0.000139 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
-3.43326998	-3.65150211	0.22205269	c	6.000	0
-1.45548693	-1.62150020	-0.08355436	n	7.000	0
-3.07008581	-5.65810759	-1.86299089	c	6.000	0
-5.72874931	-2.67255084	0.23725337	o	8.000	0
-2.82516591	-4.98925039	2.63182525	n	7.000	0
-1.91009151	0.06209779	-2.18958195	c	6.000	0
0.24889049	-2.46857519	-0.32889303	h	1.000	0
-1.00454782	-5.59202111	2.55844211	h	1.000	0
-3.15514604	-3.42218759	4.85147845	c	6.000	0
-4.51034055	-7.12200325	-1.64954256	h	1.000	0
-1.20476181	-6.55823936	-1.79313958	h	1.000	0
-3.30039297	-4.78499765	-3.72027544	h	1.000	0
-0.48388621	1.56016950	-2.21900282	h	1.000	0
-3.76231364	0.93282962	-1.94121549	h	1.000	0

-1.89758733	-0.85128223	-4.06276380	h	1.000	0
-5.10819267	-2.75978791	4.89578332	h	1.000	0
-1.92727357	-1.74710559	4.89023699	h	1.000	0
-2.80289423	-4.53597171	6.55697965	h	1.000	0

Dinitrogen (MAA* = -140.1 kJ/mol, E* = -52.7):



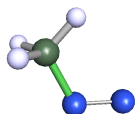
Total Energy = -109.44739867954 hartree

Enthalpy Correction = 0.008976 hartree

Entropy = 0.000073 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
0.00000000	0.00000000	1.02891949	n	7.000	0
0.00000000	0.00000000	-1.02891949	n	7.000	0

Dinitrogen Product:



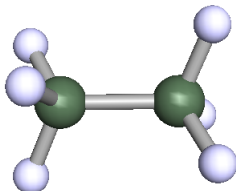
Total Energy = -149.32260913327 hartree

Enthalpy Correction = 0.04712 hartree

Entropy = 0.000098 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
3.41449903	-0.16585588	0.98614610	n	7.000	0
1.89307608	0.69171138	-0.53990772	n	7.000	0
-0.82525867	-0.01507771	-0.16199293	c	6.000	0
-1.94480668	1.71157173	0.08033222	h	1.000	0
-1.51699282	-0.97364666	-1.86376962	h	1.000	0
-1.02051695	-1.24870287	1.49919195	h	1.000	0

Ethane (MAA* = -296.5 kJ/mol, E* = -69.6):



Total Energy = -79.75380173493 hartree

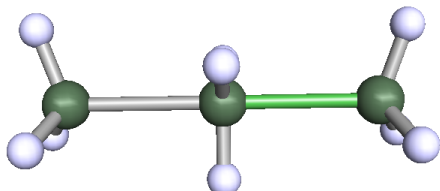
Enthalpy Correction = 0.078273 hartree

Entropy = 0.000091 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
-1.42786266	0.08572643	0.12290490	c	6.000	0
1.42786200	-0.08571380	-0.12293295	c	6.000	0

-2.34551863	-1.63044158	-0.56914590	h	1.000	0
-1.99761081	0.34714817	2.09088554	h	1.000	0
-2.18088190	1.67513664	-0.96017764	h	1.000	0
2.34556448	1.63012606	0.56986862	h	1.000	0
2.18074754	-1.67557852	0.95957955	h	1.000	0
1.99769998	-0.34640341	-2.09098213	h	1.000	0

Ethane Product (transition state):



Total Energy = -119.55913196280 hartree

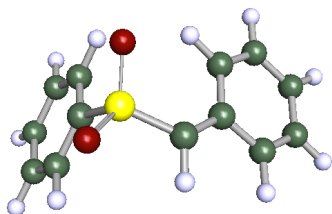
Enthalpy Correction = 0.106392 hartree

Entropy = 0.000117 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
0.00640883	-0.01669460	-0.00675837	c	6.000	0
1.58024489	1.25081301	-0.17120785	h	1.000	0
0.21632776	0.25336522	4.06929438	c	6.000	0
0.32343797	-2.01589669	0.10896262	h	1.000	0
-1.88390523	0.71454802	0.04102847	h	1.000	0
-0.20072061	-0.28192908	-4.08370920	c	6.000	0
-1.25716267	-0.91872689	4.95382867	h	1.000	0
2.07314165	-0.39866784	4.74324776	h	1.000	0
-0.05338185	2.22445328	4.67697103	h	1.000	0
1.57960228	-1.03223664	-4.85515267	h	1.000	0
-1.75156885	-1.54615175	-4.65333896	h	1.000	0
-0.54071911	1.59518738	-4.91365383	h	1.000	0

Energies and Coordinates of Molecules with Experimental Nu Values Calculated at the PBE0(dis)P/def2-TZVP COSMO (∞) level of theory.

Sulfonyl Carbanion ($MCA^* = 509.6$ kJ/mol, $N = 25.77$, $s_N = 0.56$):



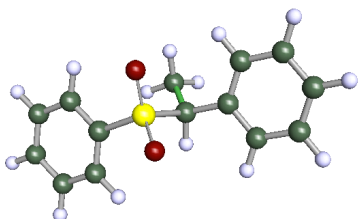
Total Energy = -1050.14803897502 hartree

Enthalpy Correction = 0.22223 hartree

Entropy = 0.000183 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
-2.20476705	-5.75323859	2.65381618	o	8.000	0
-0.79157511	-3.38506629	2.61333677	s	16.000	0
1.29120643	-3.49828987	0.27208682	c	6.000	0
3.05040489	-1.53185339	-0.34772778	c	6.000	0
3.76243626	0.46028373	1.27810628	c	6.000	0
5.49731401	2.27566901	0.53628550	c	6.000	0
6.61810751	2.20876464	-1.83930921	c	6.000	0
5.94682857	0.25882816	-3.47397528	c	6.000	0
4.20933788	-1.55537745	-2.75432975	c	6.000	0
-3.08744328	-1.01139873	1.95206617	c	6.000	0
-2.84665455	1.39796547	2.96794063	c	6.000	0
-4.55449071	3.27362000	2.28879209	c	6.000	0
-6.50053756	2.74427649	0.61389602	c	6.000	0
-6.74160699	0.32518487	-0.39002370	c	6.000	0
-5.03587889	-1.54751509	0.26623407	c	6.000	0
0.33759559	-2.58894235	4.99913576	o	8.000	0
0.67016723	-4.75389308	-1.22296526	h	1.000	0
2.95769486	0.55280918	3.15580066	h	1.000	0
5.98675476	3.77307703	1.85103785	h	1.000	0
7.97777477	3.63300784	-2.40277432	h	1.000	0
6.78461491	0.15611911	-5.34399772	h	1.000	0
3.70846534	-3.04788803	-4.07089894	h	1.000	0
-1.34879423	1.78912526	4.30423229	h	1.000	0
-4.36733922	5.15165527	3.08633812	h	1.000	0
-7.83719597	4.20733964	0.09556251	h	1.000	0
-8.26992528	-0.10098640	-1.68629147	h	1.000	0
-5.21249418	-3.43327644	-0.51286241	h	1.000	0

Sulfonyl Carbanion Product:



Total Energy = -1089.93136210722 hartree

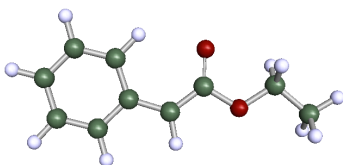
Enthalpy Correction = 0.266073 hartree

Entropy = 0.000196 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
0.20642287	2.14524993	-3.48456539	o	8.000	0
-0.64682433	-0.02322183	-2.05901490	s	16.000	0
0.96260012	0.00011377	0.95289272	c	6.000	0
-0.03331998	-2.08511310	2.65127185	c	6.000	0
3.75703626	-0.08071892	0.44279160	c	6.000	0
4.99062405	-2.34691373	-0.07800555	c	6.000	0
7.56904628	-2.37342823	-0.54992732	c	6.000	0
8.94312465	-0.13833011	-0.50652738	c	6.000	0
7.72471400	2.12802751	0.00675944	c	6.000	0
5.14512780	2.15370912	0.47028994	c	6.000	0
-3.85328310	0.43496080	-1.29283982	c	6.000	0

-4.68836734	2.86078118	-0.73178643	c	6.000	0
-7.20524970	3.22037395	-0.10745558	c	6.000	0
-8.85099319	1.17444881	-0.05380386	c	6.000	0
-7.99333442	-1.23924830	-0.62355108	c	6.000	0
-5.47679526	-1.62477272	-1.24237414	c	6.000	0
-0.37292389	-2.49631818	-3.18640195	o	8.000	0
0.47196387	1.85185343	1.72840016	h	1.000	0
0.23082932	-3.94459772	1.80592633	h	1.000	0
0.98949485	-2.02727229	4.44011782	h	1.000	0
-2.03867744	-1.82685242	3.04824746	h	1.000	0
3.93968878	-4.10267338	-0.12224229	h	1.000	0
8.50855728	-4.14937723	-0.94961106	h	1.000	0
10.95946903	-0.16397839	-0.86680009	h	1.000	0
8.78440406	3.88059440	0.04935778	h	1.000	0
4.19537689	3.92585866	0.86963660	h	1.000	0
-3.39438951	4.44545724	-0.80615268	h	1.000	0
-7.88552159	5.10161531	0.32711812	h	1.000	0
-10.81945594	1.46630127	0.43059370	h	1.000	0
-9.28464069	-2.82731541	-0.58681490	h	1.000	0
-4.77580910	-3.49262792	-1.69536167	h	1.000	0

2-Ethoxy-2-oxo-1-phenylethan-1-ide Anion (MCA* = 495.5 kJ/mol, N = 27.54, $s_N = 0.57$):



Total Energy = -537.86598583926 hartree

Enthalpy Correction = 0.199236 hartree

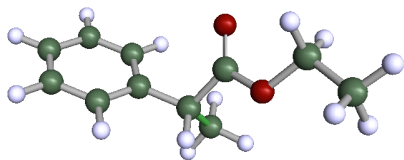
Entropy = 0.000165 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
-6.84768549	-5.45901892	1.20992054	c	6.000	0
-4.36486751	-6.20063226	0.87825489	c	6.000	0
-2.45005899	-4.48707362	0.13084507	c	6.000	0
-3.23751904	-1.95961347	-0.25721173	c	6.000	0
-5.73110582	-1.23485015	0.08097107	c	6.000	0
-7.57537092	-2.95867434	0.81647147	c	6.000	0
-8.24160513	-6.85124066	1.78497541	h	1.000	0
-3.85134502	-8.16294987	1.19849975	h	1.000	0
0.08213748	-5.37299165	-0.17754525	c	6.000	0
-1.83573554	-0.58552078	-0.82973863	h	1.000	0
-6.24631585	0.72657456	-0.23793636	h	1.000	0
-9.52148239	-2.37504699	1.07641118	h	1.000	0
0.43142605	-7.35968509	0.18595672	h	1.000	0
2.16001104	-3.92517872	-0.90538495	c	6.000	0
2.27827898	-1.63809832	-1.43417575	o	8.000	0
4.35852607	-5.35257331	-1.02145336	o	8.000	0
6.58273237	-4.05199026	-1.76063489	c	6.000	0
6.95968075	-2.49553295	-0.45138299	h	1.000	0
8.72988284	-5.92535530	-1.76024978	c	6.000	0
6.32575397	-3.22319151	-3.63862080	h	1.000	0
10.48131880	-4.98823212	-2.32215099	h	1.000	0
9.00414328	-6.73392196	0.11968117	h	1.000	0

8.36671891 -7.46553005 -3.08642017 h 1.000 0

2-Ethoxy-2-oxo-1-phenylethan-1-ide Anion Product:

The H₃C-C-C=O Torsion Angle was constrained to 90°.



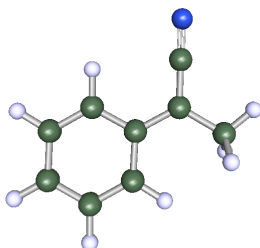
Total Energy = -577.64342207225 hartree

Enthalpy Correction = 0.243139 hartree

Entropy = 0.00018 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
1.90076660	1.12259751	3.23441854	c	6.000	0
0.67211932	0.15456471	0.85689019	c	6.000	0
-1.26837640	-1.62318303	0.92161665	c	6.000	0
-2.36305359	-2.48548639	-1.29844282	c	6.000	0
-1.53735238	-1.58081158	-3.62087082	c	6.000	0
0.39217014	0.19224800	-3.70534059	c	6.000	0
1.48592381	1.04791873	-1.47840914	c	6.000	0
-1.92695695	-2.35189074	2.71785727	h	1.000	0
-3.87066907	-3.87088635	-1.21529148	h	1.000	0
-2.39849985	-2.25317392	-5.35404130	h	1.000	0
1.04910449	0.91595985	-5.50619876	h	1.000	0
2.99404756	2.43621858	-1.55324539	h	1.000	0
3.55658979	-0.86190359	4.46385658	c	6.000	0
3.13158528	2.70148005	2.73535330	h	1.000	0
-0.00181067	2.05622070	5.20924025	c	6.000	0
-1.23052743	0.52715248	5.84411876	h	1.000	0
-1.17634227	3.54041708	4.39180432	h	1.000	0
0.97783295	2.82718328	6.85251644	h	1.000	0
5.54155024	0.18734674	5.58763436	o	8.000	0
3.12514443	-3.10255055	4.50526085	o	8.000	0
7.19246670	-1.48510701	6.96048901	c	6.000	0
9.25569947	0.09148254	8.11293701	c	6.000	0
6.08271610	-2.46965417	8.39432877	h	1.000	0
7.93952412	-2.88913111	5.64558629	h	1.000	0
8.47912626	1.48642055	9.41997318	h	1.000	0
10.54403498	-1.13194770	9.16177151	h	1.000	0
10.33737779	1.07491181	6.65698707	h	1.000	0

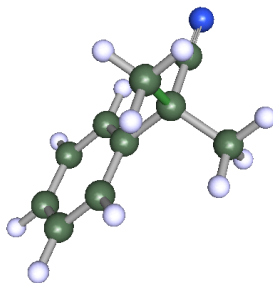
1-Cyano-1-phenylethan-1-ide Anion (MCA* = 489.6 kJ/mol, N = 28.95, s_N = 0.58):



Total Energy = -402.30789539742 hartree
 Enthalpy Correction = 0.152302 hartree
 Entropy = 0.000145 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
-4.02366029	-3.63594278	-0.32312419	c	6.000	0
-2.93226487	-1.89105954	-1.91634285	c	6.000	0
-2.98276402	-6.28004837	-0.27779942	c	6.000	0
-1.99277625	-0.41153314	-3.28038978	n	7.000	0
-1.40009220	-6.46438506	-1.58766933	h	1.000	0
-2.29162070	-6.82916312	1.60105362	h	1.000	0
-4.39710747	-7.69964261	-0.81923118	h	1.000	0
-6.10379421	-2.91856698	1.23690460	c	6.000	0
-7.13244591	-0.44267559	1.24656486	c	6.000	0
-9.14578328	0.20749541	2.77160345	c	6.000	0
-10.26612649	-1.55510938	4.38344007	c	6.000	0
-9.29266104	-3.99533257	4.41037140	c	6.000	0
-7.27184494	-4.67223841	2.88793321	c	6.000	0
-6.30679952	0.97717978	0.01620523	h	1.000	0
-9.86347211	2.12932565	2.70848571	h	1.000	0
-11.84732354	-1.03592059	5.57701797	h	1.000	0
-10.12303855	-5.41000838	5.64420109	h	1.000	0
-6.57313376	-6.59628443	2.96784894	h	1.000	0

1-Cyano-1-phenylethan-1-ide Anion Product:

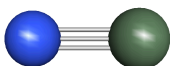


Total Energy = -442.08351838247 hartree
 Enthalpy Correction = 0.195448 hartree
 Entropy = 0.000156 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
-3.78310143	-4.04217608	0.35916874	c	6.000	0
-1.84558115	-2.06688521	0.31738716	c	6.000	0
-3.44586108	-5.63156198	-2.05098811	c	6.000	0
-3.30231691	-5.67604698	2.71485008	c	6.000	0
-1.40703194	-6.48525047	2.65327399	h	1.000	0
-4.66925763	-7.21722973	2.75950691	h	1.000	0
-3.50522611	-4.56197372	4.43673649	h	1.000	0
-4.80853505	-7.17708664	-2.04086386	h	1.000	0
-3.75614135	-4.48707075	-3.73645638	h	1.000	0
-1.54879310	-6.43564688	-2.12014420	h	1.000	0
-0.26716354	-0.57254063	0.28115338	n	7.000	0
-6.41348482	-2.86573746	0.45280948	c	6.000	0

-6.80366888	-0.26986796	0.51766101	c	6.000	0
-9.23528458	0.71829246	0.60641249	c	6.000	0
-11.30927894	-0.88037335	0.63102067	c	6.000	0
-10.93531671	-3.47827958	0.56735364	c	6.000	0
-8.50982249	-4.46077164	0.47957687	c	6.000	0
-5.20556573	1.01201655	0.49949132	h	1.000	0
-9.49819164	2.74937501	0.65625210	h	1.000	0
-13.20691362	-0.11249375	0.69955541	h	1.000	0
-12.54105941	-4.75013510	0.58598048	h	1.000	0
-8.26073559	-6.49346164	0.43220488	h	1.000	0

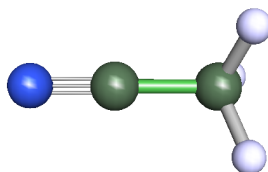
Cyanide Anion (MCA* = 480.4 kJ/mol, N = 16.27, $s_N = 0.70$):



Total Energy = -92.8879207095 hartree
 Enthalpy Correction = 0.008273 hartree
 Entropy = 0.000075 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
1.10291015	0.00000000	0.00000000	c	6.000	0
-1.10291015	0.00000000	0.00000000	n	7.000	0

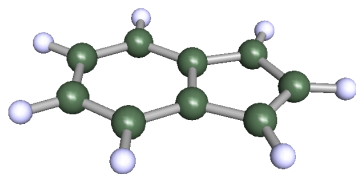
Cyanide Anion Product:



Total Energy = -132.6559133127 hartree
 Enthalpy Correction = 0.050008 hartree
 Entropy = 0.000095 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
3.97909847	-0.02327460	0.06115790	n	7.000	0
1.80539758	-0.01064140	0.02746605	c	6.000	0
-0.92507378	0.00550055	-0.01432033	c	6.000	0
-1.65035419	-0.22623424	1.90123616	h	1.000	0
-1.61122167	-1.54088339	-1.19197252	h	1.000	0
-1.59784641	1.79553308	-0.78356725	h	1.000	0

Indenyl Anion (MCA* = 479.3 kJ/mol, N = 24.16, $s_N = 0.68$):



Total Energy = -346.99576158974 hartree

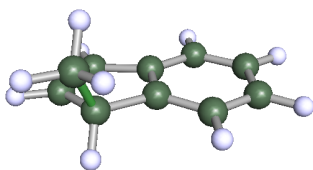
Enthalpy Correction = 0.135042 hartree

Entropy = 0.000125 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
0.54130896	-1.38705892	-0.12345354	c	6.000	0
-1.82265428	-2.60071724	-0.11103980	c	6.000	0
-4.01452373	-1.19635689	0.08267945	c	6.000	0
-3.91665654	1.46322833	0.27102508	c	6.000	0
-1.62709194	2.71672481	0.26479488	c	6.000	0
0.64195250	1.34725283	0.07018590	c	6.000	0
3.21655294	2.06499633	0.01383951	c	6.000	0
4.65317510	-0.15642571	-0.20774238	c	6.000	0
3.05696204	-2.27607883	-0.29399260	c	6.000	0
-1.93052841	-4.64831330	-0.25458307	h	1.000	0
-5.83555406	-2.14158953	0.09137949	h	1.000	0
-5.66360967	2.52827673	0.42252972	h	1.000	0
-1.58388831	4.76643414	0.41167398	h	1.000	0
3.94268110	3.97619597	0.12186176	h	1.000	0
6.70103288	-0.22527209	-0.29930397	h	1.000	0
3.64084142	-4.23129661	-0.45985441	h	1.000	0

Indenyl Anion Product:

The H₃C-CH-C-CH Torsion Angle was constrained to 77.5°.



Total Energy = -386.76741517957 hartree

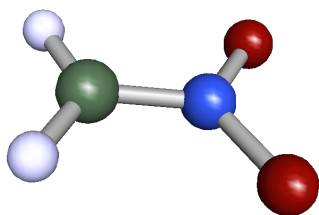
Enthalpy Correction = 0.178457 hartree

Entropy = 0.000137 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
-4.43140885	-1.27503598	1.11834523	c	6.000	0
-2.66733312	-0.24178671	-0.93959519	c	6.000	0
-2.99033656	2.58369770	-1.06429281	c	6.000	0
-0.88532550	3.78763542	-0.33167781	c	6.000	0
1.09478664	1.93317020	0.16676105	c	6.000	0
0.07937193	-0.48446470	-0.24657510	c	6.000	0
1.64485205	-2.57345019	-0.29866453	c	6.000	0
4.19705666	-2.27193159	0.28427488	c	6.000	0

5.17134032	0.10630192	0.83709504	c	6.000	0
3.63321811	2.23706457	0.75990490	c	6.000	0
-4.01111165	-0.37440280	2.92724383	h	1.000	0
-6.40326137	-0.89802802	0.64083707	h	1.000	0
-4.19880487	-3.31489969	1.33340832	h	1.000	0
-3.08734950	-1.16394696	-2.74391112	h	1.000	0
-4.77596488	3.46440260	-1.53933206	h	1.000	0
-0.64608646	5.81289271	-0.15606998	h	1.000	0
0.90476459	-4.43351985	-0.74579582	h	1.000	0
5.43828852	-3.90206089	0.28440293	h	1.000	0
7.16121401	0.30578456	1.28467551	h	1.000	0
4.41932664	4.10017505	1.09680336	h	1.000	0

Nitromethanide Anion (MCA* = 478.5 kJ/mol, N = 20.71, $s_N = 0.60$):



Total Energy = -244.38149919168 hartree

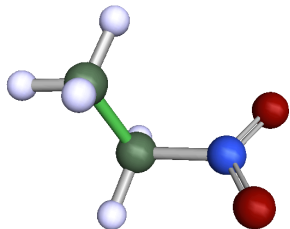
Enthalpy Correction = 0.041682 hartree

Entropy = 0.000099 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
0.00000000	0.00000000	-1.33844572	c	6.000	0
0.00000000	0.00000000	1.14481375	n	7.000	0
-2.06941365	0.00000000	2.39275371	o	8.000	0
2.06941365	0.00000000	2.39275371	o	8.000	0
-1.79753319	0.00000000	-2.29620958	h	1.000	0
1.79753319	0.00000000	-2.29620958	h	1.000	0

Nitromethanide Anion Product:

The C-C-N-O Torsion Angle was constrained to 90°.



Total Energy = -284.15168673478 hartree

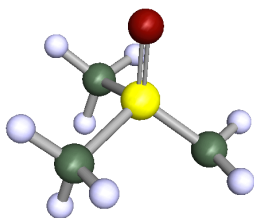
Enthalpy Correction = 0.085716 hartree

Entropy = 0.000117 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
--------------------	--	--	------	--------	--------

-2.09985009	0.48229247	0.25197293	c	6.000	0
0.25420830	-0.52837403	-1.02352231	c	6.000	0
2.47816464	-0.09365215	0.64971131	n	7.000	0
3.62751759	1.87520639	0.41625522	o	8.000	0
2.97914506	-1.70090794	2.20458965	o	8.000	0
-1.94578920	2.50915001	0.59289879	h	1.000	0
-3.70478843	0.15116795	-0.99735655	h	1.000	0
-2.45080871	-0.48867732	2.03611399	h	1.000	0
0.66454601	0.45439359	-2.78116214	h	1.000	0
0.15798308	-2.55909556	-1.32422609	h	1.000	0

Dimethyl Sulfoxonium Methylide (MCA* = 475.5 kJ/mol, N = 21.29, $s_N = 0.47$):



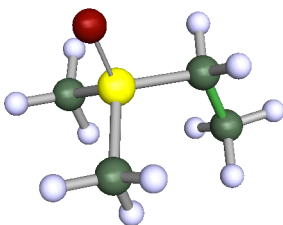
Total Energy = -592.20784086128 hartree

Enthalpy Correction = 0.11448 hartree

Entropy = 0.000124 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
0.75471186	-0.28316603	3.55476817	o	8.000	0
0.11301365	0.30789856	0.90855709	s	16.000	0
2.71420330	-0.67162228	-0.94225285	c	6.000	0
-0.67042383	3.10788452	-0.10025765	c	6.000	0
-2.38372206	-1.74036415	0.05820016	c	6.000	0
4.19741446	0.72987881	-0.65568231	h	1.000	0
3.33105174	-2.50476236	-0.23944873	h	1.000	0
2.17459181	-0.75937843	-2.92266982	h	1.000	0
0.88609048	4.44493782	-0.05833100	h	1.000	0
-2.48414094	3.74601236	0.61699195	h	1.000	0
-1.94313442	-3.61085705	0.79553255	h	1.000	0
-4.07971620	-1.00433694	0.96808454	h	1.000	0
-2.60993969	-1.76212484	-1.98349222	h	1.000	0

Dimethyl Sulfoxonium Methylide Product:



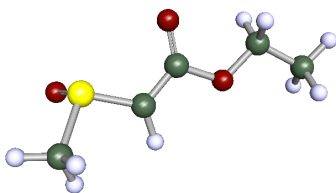
Total Energy = -631.97926121261 hartree

Enthalpy Correction = 0.158791 hartree

Entropy = 0.000135 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
-1.00829216	-2.40407956	-2.59096045	o	8.000	0
-1.01128733	-0.75307613	-0.41829150	s	16.000	0
-3.01002330	-1.83003971	1.97946044	c	6.000	0
2.03962572	-0.46559114	0.90075500	c	6.000	0
2.23149156	1.26057169	3.17451959	c	6.000	0
-2.04665102	2.29368271	-1.15809130	c	6.000	0
-2.31096040	-3.67748789	2.56303090	h	1.000	0
-4.89219239	-1.97972545	1.15560274	h	1.000	0
-2.99726215	-0.49121356	3.54291873	h	1.000	0
3.18655069	0.17384323	-0.69467298	h	1.000	0
2.55730937	-2.42014643	1.32685239	h	1.000	0
4.19752846	1.25177795	3.79102224	h	1.000	0
1.72622994	3.20376416	2.71615184	h	1.000	0
1.07778012	0.60135378	4.74804625	h	1.000	0
-0.73668734	3.05389837	-2.55428147	h	1.000	0
-2.08365440	3.44457378	0.54774306	h	1.000	0
-3.93727819	2.09616307	-1.95268801	h	1.000	0

Alpha Sulfinyl Enolate (MCA* = 475.0 kJ/mol, N = 20.61, $s_N = 0.64$):

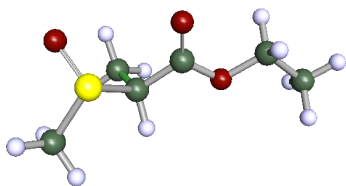


Total Energy = -819.51699449315 hartree
 Enthalpy Correction = 0.150593 hartree
 Entropy = 0.000161 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
5.57159352	4.10632206	-3.95927557	c	6.000	0
3.26440746	4.71204225	-1.55088032	s	16.000	0
1.77034596	1.87505675	-1.59534588	c	6.000	0
-0.76969795	1.77256955	-0.85517473	c	6.000	0
-1.70194783	-0.65036571	-0.89724748	o	8.000	0
-4.27624381	-0.95146745	-0.17400693	c	6.000	0
-4.91281396	-3.72074151	-0.36020181	c	6.000	0
-2.16986256	3.53585258	-0.22533573	o	8.000	0
4.86179221	5.08719474	0.81448708	o	8.000	0
6.85966367	5.71330792	-4.00731247	h	1.000	0
4.62644861	3.89679548	-5.77706496	h	1.000	0
6.60652627	2.38681962	-3.47790307	h	1.000	0
2.83724196	0.16382549	-1.95216570	h	1.000	0
-5.48484093	0.17559631	-1.41497040	h	1.000	0
-4.54278617	-0.25315055	1.75332954	h	1.000	0
-3.71155171	-4.84163277	0.88960154	h	1.000	0
-4.66901013	-4.40690946	-2.29194803	h	1.000	0
-6.87900089	-4.02436751	0.18957505	h	1.000	0

Alpha Sulfinyl Enolate Product:

The H₃C-CH-C=O Torsion Angle was constrained to 90°.



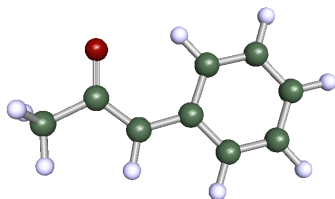
Total Energy = -859.28640128463 hartree

Enthalpy Correction = 0.193708 hartree

Entropy = 0.000174 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
-6.50994771	2.73212490	-0.13974113	c	6.000	0
-4.10614817	1.91936750	-2.36808447	s	16.000	0
-1.78455097	0.78684819	-0.05943658	c	6.000	0
-1.81066006	2.14708545	1.49114258	h	1.000	0
0.77569013	0.84134312	-1.31207570	c	6.000	0
2.58938329	1.28571281	0.34875669	o	8.000	0
5.14792855	1.25862851	-0.59865348	c	6.000	0
6.87736890	1.84859066	1.57438582	c	6.000	0
1.12586211	0.46873890	-3.53656326	o	8.000	0
-5.06582472	-0.31639312	-3.80571473	o	8.000	0
-7.00119171	1.10385664	1.02238838	h	1.000	0
-5.83977911	4.30072610	1.01720396	h	1.000	0
-8.13776725	3.33310167	-1.24932749	h	1.000	0
-2.39357826	-1.86203450	0.86922225	c	6.000	0
5.29458605	2.65852393	-2.10624913	h	1.000	0
5.51952472	-0.60499371	-1.40173671	h	1.000	0
6.47007084	3.71258088	2.35903821	h	1.000	0
8.82985039	1.83841452	0.90841107	h	1.000	0
6.69474721	0.44072451	3.07116556	h	1.000	0
-0.91426299	-2.49517026	2.15898746	h	1.000	0
-2.50920734	-3.17310897	-0.71573179	h	1.000	0
-4.18394138	-1.89227716	1.88669235	h	1.000	0

2-Oxo-1-phenylpropan-1-ide Anion (MCA* = 472.1 kJ/mol, N = 24.99, s_N = 0.60):



Total Energy = -423.39762231653 hartree

Enthalpy Correction = 0.163561 hartree

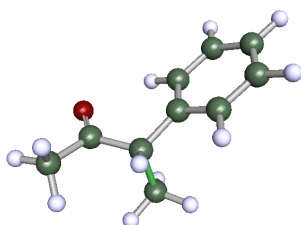
Entropy = 0.000145 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
--------------------	--	--	------	--------	--------

-4.98160643	-4.12140466	1.64516041	c	6.000	0
-2.32536347	-3.15572379	1.16239700	c	6.000	0
-5.13878546	-4.75349965	3.60892778	h	1.000	0
-6.44126921	-2.71000053	1.28290457	h	1.000	0
-5.34155263	-5.77353054	0.45308562	h	1.000	0
-0.54517431	-4.72084078	1.54812668	o	8.000	0
-2.08110670	-0.67149893	0.34944949	c	6.000	0
-3.81597182	0.39951085	0.11606985	h	1.000	0
0.21369425	0.66359569	-0.22763566	c	6.000	0
0.09172503	3.20275770	-1.04378048	c	6.000	0
2.23540430	4.58018275	-1.62449051	c	6.000	0
4.62490442	3.49487420	-1.41971050	c	6.000	0
4.79732620	0.99738603	-0.61976367	c	6.000	0
2.65640217	-0.39597747	-0.03560135	c	6.000	0
-1.75202003	4.09021403	-1.21668323	h	1.000	0
2.04544980	6.52677930	-2.24461653	h	1.000	0
6.30757216	4.57198542	-1.87306095	h	1.000	0
6.64164466	0.11327453	-0.44593788	h	1.000	0
2.80873090	-2.33808528	0.58515823	h	1.000	0

2-Oxo-1-phenylpropan-1-ide Anion Product:

The H₃C-C-C-O Torsion Angle was constrained to 270° and the H₃C-C-C=C Torsion Angle was constrained to 270°.



Total Energy = -463.16465848659 hartree

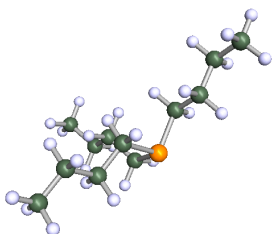
Enthalpy Correction = 0.206599 hartree

Entropy = 0.000162 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
-4.26286099	-4.11427229	1.88091040	c	6.000	0
-1.83422889	-2.67136626	2.06783831	c	6.000	0
-4.37994508	-5.54472505	3.35496886	h	1.000	0
-5.88965364	-2.84704056	1.97127440	h	1.000	0
-4.32422567	-5.03003711	0.02607052	h	1.000	0
-1.73188481	-0.26020446	0.52059711	c	6.000	0
-0.11079600	-3.39148838	3.39528870	o	8.000	0
-2.75133653	1.90775756	2.16707423	c	6.000	0
-3.08570741	-0.51015111	-1.02352610	h	1.000	0
-2.91658736	3.61734453	1.02754786	h	1.000	0
-4.61264360	1.45604440	2.93598075	h	1.000	0
-1.46501709	2.28705394	3.73569567	h	1.000	0
0.76623202	0.44173582	-0.65725448	c	6.000	0
0.71945509	1.62213639	-3.01358017	c	6.000	0
2.92406912	2.45634524	-4.15944650	c	6.000	0
5.23211375	2.13379970	-2.95383590	c	6.000	0

5.30094904	0.98717739	-0.59639962	c	6.000	0
3.08927598	0.16354916	0.55343305	c	6.000	0
-1.07731838	1.87713092	-3.97103053	h	1.000	0
2.83758715	3.35765288	-5.99768880	h	1.000	0
6.96222130	2.77744107	-3.84275624	h	1.000	0
7.09175886	0.73786614	0.36877948	h	1.000	0
3.16731805	-0.71121199	2.39767446	h	1.000	0

Tributylphosphine (MCA* = 464.2 kJ/mol, N = 15.49, $s_N = 0.69$):



Total Energy = -814.40896920002 hartree

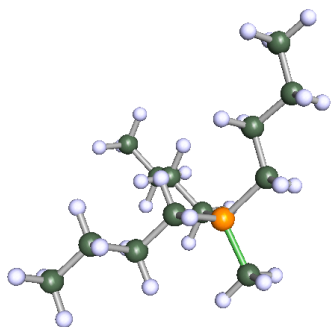
Enthalpy Correction = 0.390026 hartree

Entropy = 0.000222 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
7.62743838	-5.35714162	2.04091210	c	6.000	0
5.99604545	-3.01170861	2.31976307	c	6.000	0
4.10885813	-2.70522116	0.17326357	c	6.000	0
2.45157858	-0.37546240	0.46726863	c	6.000	0
0.27061243	0.10117725	-2.20770540	p	15.000	0
-1.76439037	2.63029232	-0.94496007	c	6.000	0
-0.48721217	5.20777771	-0.95170513	c	6.000	0
-2.20647437	7.30713695	-0.00416670	c	6.000	0
-0.92608915	9.87680631	0.00264954	c	6.000	0
-1.83121653	-2.67399981	-1.96859814	c	6.000	0
-2.89815442	-3.37137700	0.60652150	c	6.000	0
-4.62009437	-5.67164198	0.49924907	c	6.000	0
-5.66619954	-6.39651567	3.07247741	c	6.000	0
6.46493341	-7.06625539	2.00077028	h	1.000	0
8.96448706	-5.54124246	3.60382081	h	1.000	0
8.71355579	-5.29849716	0.28314423	h	1.000	0
7.19815489	-1.32733056	2.40923622	h	1.000	0
4.96830270	-3.08551453	4.11658268	h	1.000	0
2.92422490	-4.40219668	0.07504733	h	1.000	0
5.12767633	-2.61112428	-1.62896500	h	1.000	0
3.64193732	1.31410302	0.57018461	h	1.000	0
1.38589836	-0.46435481	2.24001761	h	1.000	0
-2.38932417	2.15539191	0.96996166	h	1.000	0
-3.45380045	2.68446731	-2.14129930	h	1.000	0
1.21510986	5.15270236	0.22686165	h	1.000	0
0.15353021	5.65857289	-2.86999465	h	1.000	0
-3.90528055	7.37361598	-1.18681883	h	1.000	0
-2.85070033	6.84269950	1.90869483	h	1.000	0
0.74596232	9.86716157	1.21830749	h	1.000	0
-2.19580157	11.35421533	0.68728123	h	1.000	0
-0.31197245	10.40351332	-1.89971521	h	1.000	0
-3.37218086	-2.31393764	-3.30586786	h	1.000	0
-0.77949639	-4.27624936	-2.75202252	h	1.000	0

-1.35332919	-3.75631607	1.92963773	h	1.000	0
-3.95303460	-1.77610980	1.39692237	h	1.000	0
-6.17986415	-5.29067633	-0.80922622	h	1.000	0
-3.56921283	-7.26667007	-0.30254591	h	1.000	0
-6.76587828	-4.84726946	3.88755260	h	1.000	0
-4.13913040	-6.84038445	4.39323072	h	1.000	0
-6.89749891	-8.04989679	2.95258052	h	1.000	0

Tributylphosphine Product:



Total Energy = -854.17448751176 hartree

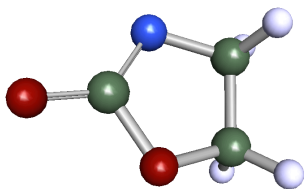
Enthalpy Correction = 0.432161 hartree

Entropy = 0.000231 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
-0.07505816	-0.27119828	5.73921106	c	6.000	0
-0.02655760	0.58573869	2.47310860	p	15.000	0
-1.85076510	-1.64221502	0.67572969	c	6.000	0
-0.90788827	-4.35595963	0.88294271	c	6.000	0
-2.41109454	-6.13019032	-0.80535477	c	6.000	0
-1.49923896	-8.84379179	-0.61843181	c	6.000	0
3.20974993	0.55628732	1.42190160	c	6.000	0
3.60356608	0.46728827	-1.43078518	c	6.000	0
6.39722349	0.41354368	-2.10159140	c	6.000	0
6.83170369	0.30580213	-4.93593419	c	6.000	0
-1.42834823	3.66961909	2.22048422	c	6.000	0
-1.49703913	4.83378041	-0.41141248	c	6.000	0
-2.97869804	7.29702089	-0.42871966	c	6.000	0
-3.04782474	8.50704487	-3.02954290	c	6.000	0
-2.02025485	-0.26252445	6.42104701	h	1.000	0
0.73832485	-2.14759143	5.98643207	h	1.000	0
1.03480828	1.09811567	6.80868571	h	1.000	0
-3.80293938	-1.47651676	1.33760704	h	1.000	0
-1.82587671	-1.00060223	-1.28988610	h	1.000	0
1.09318398	-4.45959555	0.36540588	h	1.000	0
-1.04381479	-4.99760491	2.84388607	h	1.000	0
-4.41201409	-6.01929515	-0.28852971	h	1.000	0
-2.27482801	-5.47407264	-2.76391197	h	1.000	0
-1.66678267	-9.55076312	1.31649258	h	1.000	0
-2.59896043	-10.08788350	-1.84417760	h	1.000	0
0.48527864	-8.99811983	-1.17480459	h	1.000	0
4.08396641	-1.08942346	2.32022824	h	1.000	0
4.10480312	2.22598623	2.25272310	h	1.000	0
2.68722258	-1.21197126	-2.21640480	h	1.000	0
2.71612889	2.09690119	-2.33648207	h	1.000	0

7.31519852	2.09127692	-1.31024883	h	1.000	0
7.27894207	-1.22231616	-1.18967216	h	1.000	0
6.00975808	1.95373648	-5.87395627	h	1.000	0
5.96418773	-1.38203505	-5.75434159	h	1.000	0
8.84629617	0.26230972	-5.38205891	h	1.000	0
-0.39413801	4.88266087	3.53889846	h	1.000	0
-3.34331132	3.45716268	2.97800141	h	1.000	0
-2.35112602	3.51740966	-1.75919756	h	1.000	0
0.42860348	5.19963928	-1.06525003	h	1.000	0
-2.13173853	8.60383355	0.93489748	h	1.000	0
-4.90626496	6.92971195	0.23023455	h	1.000	0
-3.93116080	7.24681115	-4.40903157	h	1.000	0
-1.13977716	8.93391693	-3.69895943	h	1.000	0
-4.11998417	10.27043169	-3.00558334	h	1.000	0

2-Oxooxazolidin-3-ide Anion (MCA* = 459.0 kJ/mol, N = 22.40, $s_N = 0.59$):



Total Energy = -321.85031011470 hartree

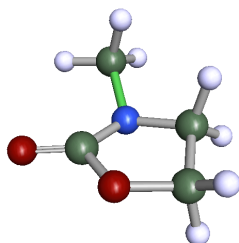
Enthalpy Correction = 0.080309 hartree

Entropy = 0.000113 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
-1.30911975	-0.48207565	1.88725861	c	6.000	0
1.43534783	0.42606537	1.95183860	c	6.000	0
2.11564699	0.70716755	-0.69023295	n	7.000	0
0.03387548	0.68270681	-2.01507820	c	6.000	0
-2.14464677	0.22510748	-0.56884347	o	8.000	0
-2.52207588	0.40068739	3.30226980	h	1.000	0
1.60279317	2.23336119	2.96584130	h	1.000	0
-1.44366541	-2.54055829	2.07774084	h	1.000	0
2.65579277	-0.92481337	2.93365633	h	1.000	0
-0.30911769	1.00973558	-4.31601281	o	8.000	0

2-Oxooxazolidin-3-ide Anion Product:

The H₃C-N-C=O Torsion Angle was constrained to 45°.



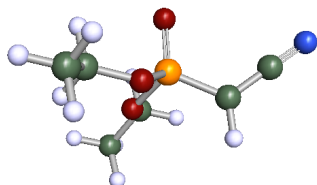
Total Energy = -361.6124737538 hartree

Enthalpy Correction = 0.122558 hartree

Entropy = 0.000127 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
1.77356077	-3.17346587	-0.01479958	o	8.000	0
0.29750255	-1.43108688	-0.15008162	c	6.000	0
0.79904595	1.08166006	0.22355516	n	7.000	0
-1.51401260	2.51231060	-0.21864938	c	6.000	0
-3.52215180	0.49648914	0.13053935	c	6.000	0
-2.20520364	-1.82334523	-0.37606528	o	8.000	0
3.04991285	2.13651131	-0.93943680	c	6.000	0
-1.70724636	4.06420862	1.12121197	h	1.000	0
-1.52389294	3.28276770	-2.14111917	h	1.000	0
-4.22399390	0.41667319	2.06820205	h	1.000	0
-5.09604557	0.65888947	-1.18034341	h	1.000	0
2.73923269	2.48020781	-2.95657091	h	1.000	0
3.52770289	3.91785630	-0.02219436	h	1.000	0
4.62026577	0.82822824	-0.69910157	h	1.000	0

Phosphinate Carbanion (MCA* = 464.2 kJ/mol, N = 15.49, $s_N = 0.69$):



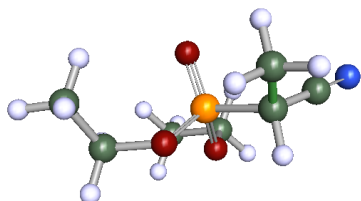
Total Energy = -856.78155556423 hartree

Enthalpy Correction = 0.186844 hartree

Entropy = 0.000183 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
2.61789754	1.97221946	4.64859079	o	8.000	0
0.90313679	1.68200757	2.44399781	p	15.000	0
-0.96162822	4.22226089	1.77220471	c	6.000	0
-0.63752717	6.49513695	2.99568333	c	6.000	0
-0.38481499	8.43462393	4.02742321	n	7.000	0
-0.82852614	-0.80892528	2.63859031	o	8.000	0
-2.44371441	-1.08666097	4.78729818	c	6.000	0
-4.03880163	-3.41570670	4.43244974	c	6.000	0
2.36944791	0.95840734	-0.10619844	o	8.000	0
3.90995437	-1.27363533	-0.18590668	c	6.000	0
5.48677668	-1.19631187	-2.55193699	c	6.000	0
-2.40991587	4.07522878	0.33187535	h	1.000	0
-1.27939188	-1.23659540	6.48898679	h	1.000	0
-3.62456159	0.60457942	4.96210171	h	1.000	0
-5.27726394	-3.66879437	6.06428546	h	1.000	0
-5.21294806	-3.24997139	2.74335209	h	1.000	0
-2.85350894	-5.09536806	4.24907600	h	1.000	0
5.10452228	-1.33082006	1.50022722	h	1.000	0
2.67842164	-2.93220229	-0.16367507	h	1.000	0
6.72449329	0.45516197	-2.55571065	h	1.000	0
4.28722024	-1.12576476	-4.23009144	h	1.000	0
6.66007504	-2.89091251	-2.66336123	h	1.000	0

Phosphinate Carbanion Product:



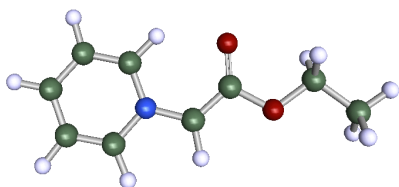
Total Energy = -896.54181616206 hartree

Enthalpy Correction = 0.229956 hartree

Entropy = 0.0002 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
2.84716579	0.34607909	1.67558698	o	8.000	0
0.13326368	0.32910869	2.27909272	p	15.000	0
-1.55893325	3.14608187	1.23793767	c	6.000	0
-1.26374110	3.58387647	-1.60790494	c	6.000	0
-0.65783301	5.27963691	2.70289063	c	6.000	0
0.08854767	6.96534090	3.85440014	n	7.000	0
-1.54369272	-1.75070869	0.98393701	o	8.000	0
-0.74999318	-4.37361510	1.02262088	c	6.000	0
0.53155191	-5.06116268	-1.41905518	c	6.000	0
-0.48355038	0.06749879	5.18665705	o	8.000	0
1.41428388	0.44232716	7.12175921	c	6.000	0
2.53008101	-2.04837020	7.91638313	c	6.000	0
-3.54758430	2.85388775	1.72823397	h	1.000	0
0.71915569	3.82871818	-2.10724992	h	1.000	0
-2.01689246	1.96182199	-2.62784705	h	1.000	0
-2.31092556	5.26426797	-2.17445561	h	1.000	0
0.48876041	-4.68988568	2.64477071	h	1.000	0
-2.47693785	-5.45603198	1.31426851	h	1.000	0
1.02952847	-7.06422838	-1.38674025	h	1.000	0
2.25509217	-3.95965027	-1.67857873	h	1.000	0
-0.72501943	-4.72808502	-3.02061775	h	1.000	0
0.42216986	1.36287093	8.67385871	h	1.000	0
2.86426522	1.72281205	6.40886129	h	1.000	0
3.55122789	-2.92847406	6.35406972	h	1.000	0
1.05736458	-3.33825837	8.56720287	h	1.000	0
3.85880872	-1.74035518	9.46592319	h	1.000	0

2-Ethoxy-2-oxo-1-(pyridin-1-ium-1-yl)ethan-1-ide (MCA* = 452.0 kJ/mol, N = 26.71, s_N = 0.37):



Total Energy = -554.35586833296 hartree

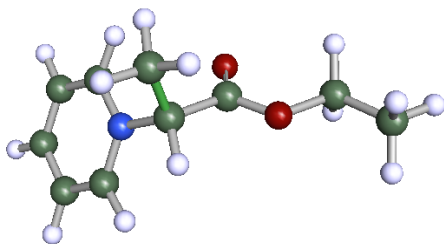
Enthalpy Correction = 0.201256 hartree

Entropy = 0.000165 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
-6.97858487	-5.21287504	1.18842961	c	6.000	0
-4.85584221	-6.53268240	0.52126977	c	6.000	0
-2.75411055	-5.36058747	-0.40969951	n	7.000	0
-2.81139464	-2.79810391	-0.66662997	c	6.000	0
-4.91807840	-1.42271699	-0.01170600	c	6.000	0
-7.05546851	-2.59972264	0.93295805	c	6.000	0
-8.57714231	-6.26315737	1.91308219	h	1.000	0
-4.72530251	-8.56282502	0.69240744	h	1.000	0
-0.69298648	-6.83260812	-1.03717826	c	6.000	0
-1.10367158	-1.97032221	-1.40932404	h	1.000	0
-4.84507212	0.60662935	-0.26022336	h	1.000	0
-8.71939098	-1.53133579	1.45200191	h	1.000	0
1.58146711	-5.89896270	-2.02089018	c	6.000	0
-0.93318725	-8.82948859	-0.72272595	h	1.000	0
2.17495536	-3.69120337	-2.50041912	o	8.000	0
3.24163221	-7.82637598	-2.44460892	o	8.000	0
5.64153323	-7.12890476	-3.45564654	c	6.000	0
7.15883701	-9.51154227	-3.80000594	c	6.000	0
5.37192690	-6.14504082	-5.25246597	h	1.000	0
6.58032698	-5.82156103	-2.15954230	h	1.000	0
6.21966247	-10.80359043	-5.10723912	h	1.000	0
7.43166334	-10.48143466	-1.99869814	h	1.000	0
9.01504998	-9.04533394	-4.57204855	h	1.000	0

2-Ethoxy-2-oxo-1-(pyridin-1-ium-1-yl)ethan-1-ide Product:

The H₃C-C-C-O Torsion Angle was constrained to 270°.



Total Energy = -594.11803290616 hartree

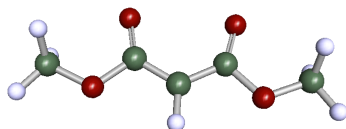
Enthalpy Correction = 0.245574 hartree

Entropy = 0.000177 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
-6.63187390	-4.27227250	-1.03801537	c	6.000	0
-4.12915444	-4.76844949	-0.56173861	c	6.000	0
-2.69304633	-3.09041727	0.68891287	n	7.000	0
-3.65343115	-0.88430412	1.49559222	c	6.000	0
-6.14650975	-0.29796340	1.06270011	c	6.000	0
-7.66239860	-2.00661517	-0.21883790	c	6.000	0
-7.74637968	-5.66103099	-2.03915853	h	1.000	0
-3.21030452	-6.49608311	-1.14738582	h	1.000	0
-0.00632219	-3.68363156	1.11047117	c	6.000	0
-2.38743193	0.37104820	2.48248486	h	1.000	0
-6.87534595	1.48743281	1.73662828	h	1.000	0
-9.63200034	-1.57927599	-0.57170185	h	1.000	0

1.61309190	-1.97972204	-0.55057794	c	6.000	0
0.25678360	-5.63480680	0.52015977	h	1.000	0
0.74600943	-3.39246550	3.86647082	c	6.000	0
-0.47761976	-4.55269278	5.04951170	h	1.000	0
0.64841776	-1.43241583	4.49218472	h	1.000	0
2.68762714	-4.04222605	4.09046187	h	1.000	0
3.71123505	-3.14661090	-1.18871672	o	8.000	0
1.06766369	0.16397689	-1.08684574	o	8.000	0
5.54423183	-1.68415143	-2.59931521	c	6.000	0
6.01648029	-0.01122379	-1.48984356	h	1.000	0
4.65627419	-1.07829938	-4.35888829	h	1.000	0
7.80122664	-3.34264914	-3.05346252	c	6.000	0
7.28416057	-5.01555169	-4.14365057	h	1.000	0
9.21050554	-2.28178031	-4.12317208	h	1.000	0
8.65285420	-3.93997792	-1.27237352	h	1.000	0

1,3-Dimethoxy-1,3-dioxopropan-2-ide Anion (MCA* = 446.7 kJ/mol, N = 18.24, $s_N = 0.64$):



Total Energy = -495.45727076687 hartree

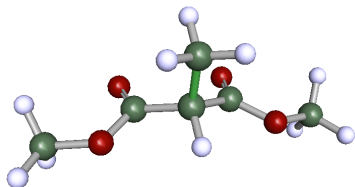
Enthalpy Correction = 0.131581 hartree

Entropy = 0.00015 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
0.00000000	0.00000000	-0.83067123	c	6.000	0
0.00000000	0.00000000	-2.87348433	h	1.000	0
1.36648924	-1.90637314	0.42622907	c	6.000	0
-1.36648924	1.90637314	0.42622907	c	6.000	0
2.51626943	-3.51480682	-1.26793502	o	8.000	0
1.63521384	-2.27897017	2.70556993	o	8.000	0
-1.63521384	2.27897017	2.70556993	o	8.000	0
-2.51626943	3.51480682	-1.26793502	o	8.000	0
3.95245753	-5.50041268	-0.18965175	c	6.000	0
-3.95245753	5.50041268	-0.18965175	c	6.000	0
4.71693993	-6.57250981	-1.77195860	h	1.000	0
2.77924942	-6.73090504	0.98074971	h	1.000	0
5.49981092	-4.77071495	0.96578542	h	1.000	0
-2.77924942	6.73090504	0.98074971	h	1.000	0
-5.49981092	4.77071495	0.96578542	h	1.000	0
-4.71693993	6.57250981	-1.77195860	h	1.000	0

1,3-Dimethoxy-1,3-dioxopropan-2-ide Anion Product:

The H₃C-C-C-O Torsion Angle was constrained to 270° and the other H₃C-C-C-O Torsion Angle was constrained to 90°.



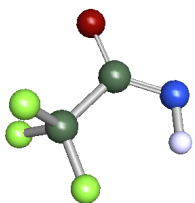
Total Energy = -535.21478698276 hartree

Enthalpy Correction = 0.175046 hartree

Entropy = 0.000168 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
-2.61811917	-3.44555945	0.91405835	c	6.000	0
-1.97843505	-0.69728388	1.61095122	c	6.000	0
-5.45064741	-3.73443894	0.72534552	c	6.000	0
-1.38198508	-5.20550294	2.78947265	c	6.000	0
-1.81717603	-3.83621168	-0.94367544	h	1.000	0
-2.77392032	0.58307873	0.20635217	h	1.000	0
0.06554644	-0.44273464	1.64801711	h	1.000	0
-2.74596277	-0.21713416	3.46375291	h	1.000	0
0.94451850	-5.76604900	2.01606340	o	8.000	0
-2.27676719	-5.96706970	4.73753435	o	8.000	0
-6.87671245	-4.30367438	2.40403834	o	8.000	0
-6.20230235	-3.18024546	-1.60958396	o	8.000	0
-8.87279434	-3.21764554	-2.03631623	c	6.000	0
2.41184038	-7.30335337	3.68885240	c	6.000	0
2.64717361	-6.35932408	5.50468515	h	1.000	0
4.22982743	-7.54848155	2.76579770	h	1.000	0
1.49643965	-9.12689384	3.97079493	h	1.000	0
-9.12754613	-2.69252723	-4.00518469	h	1.000	0
-9.62454772	-5.10433897	-1.69249827	h	1.000	0
-9.81285018	-1.86279367	-0.80167610	h	1.000	0

Trifluoroacetamide Anion (MCA* = 443.0 kJ/mol, N = 15.81, $s_N = 0.64$):



Total Energy = -506.18793316695 hartree

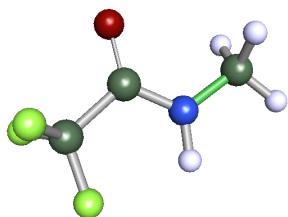
Enthalpy Correction = 0.045955hartree

Entropy = 0.000125 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
0.55551058	3.21911158	1.51770886	o	8.000	0

1.03977828	1.17731739	0.42167747	c	6.000	0
-1.35156088	-0.45677350	-0.01036819	c	6.000	0
-0.91725640	-2.67990743	-1.16192306	f	9.000	0
-3.05606272	0.77010571	-1.44070070	f	9.000	0
-2.50321596	-1.00175922	2.18747476	f	9.000	0
3.21474498	0.34608402	-0.34423681	n	7.000	0
3.01806213	-1.37417854	-1.16963231	h	1.000	0

Trifluoroacetamide Anion Product:



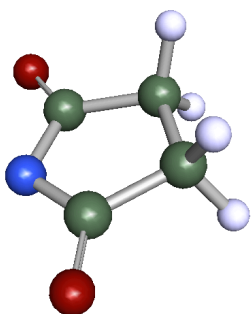
Total Energy = -545.94481306624 hartree

Enthalpy Correction = 0.089328 hartree

Entropy = 0.00014 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
-0.56338605	0.63962309	-3.18696503	o	8.000	0
-0.81377552	0.31857066	-0.91861359	c	6.000	0
-3.46829461	0.67039288	0.23010835	c	6.000	0
-5.08154617	-0.96308677	-0.80824830	f	9.000	0
-3.53007076	0.32523509	2.73240061	f	9.000	0
-4.31282787	2.99555175	-0.24515515	f	9.000	0
0.98280316	-0.31860366	0.69915613	n	7.000	0
3.56298886	-0.70963167	-0.11190882	c	6.000	0
0.55082083	-0.52174542	2.54099092	h	1.000	0
3.65327504	-2.19570395	-1.53892635	h	1.000	0
4.67940067	-1.26513075	1.52022008	h	1.000	0
4.34061241	1.02452874	-0.91305886	h	1.000	0

2,5-dioxopyrrolidin-1-ide Anion (MCA* = 438.1 kJ/mol, N = 16.03, $s_N = 0.66$):



Total Energy = -359.96706375353 hartree

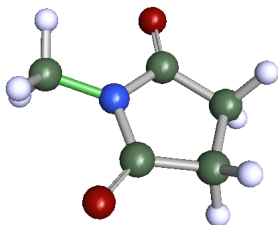
Enthalpy Correction = 0.086207 hartree

Entropy = 0.000118 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
--------------------	--	--	------	--------	--------

1.42005227	0.18366407	-1.22712345	c	6.000	0
2.06665041	0.25551356	1.57593570	c	6.000	0
0.00000000	0.00000000	3.05446231	n	7.000	0
-2.06665041	-0.25551356	1.57593570	c	6.000	0
-1.42005227	-0.18366407	-1.22712345	c	6.000	0
2.46442482	-1.35111665	-2.12915094	h	1.000	0
-4.24239733	-0.51993174	2.36502891	o	8.000	0
-2.03345018	-1.94528179	-2.11142843	h	1.000	0
2.03345018	1.94528179	-2.11142843	h	1.000	0
4.24239733	0.51993174	2.36502891	o	8.000	0
-2.46442482	1.35111665	-2.12915094	h	1.000	0

2,5-Dioxopyrrolidin-1-ide Anion Product:



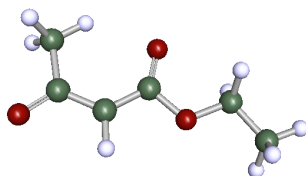
Total Energy = -399.72146724074 hartree

Enthalpy Correction = 0.129264 hartree

Entropy = 0.000134 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
-5.09945728	-3.25261724	1.67476005	c	6.000	0
-2.61027261	-2.53694400	1.40891803	n	7.000	0
-1.58105268	-3.25402250	-0.87284443	c	6.000	0
-3.56282609	-4.65085002	-2.35596929	c	6.000	0
-5.89218760	-4.64794699	-0.67098627	c	6.000	0
-6.36730584	-2.79685537	3.52414522	o	8.000	0
-1.23024331	-1.16515540	3.31789667	c	6.000	0
-2.85875556	-6.54243492	-2.77743060	h	1.000	0
-7.50624610	-3.67334157	-1.50465839	h	1.000	0
0.57123066	-2.79950173	-1.50249836	o	8.000	0
-3.84782720	-3.68129139	-4.15314206	h	1.000	0
-6.51838285	-6.53748772	-0.13381590	h	1.000	0
-1.94833413	-1.70308424	5.16841521	h	1.000	0
0.76284231	-1.64763213	3.16391210	h	1.000	0
-1.45956621	0.86896642	3.06511004	h	1.000	0

1-Ethoxy-1,3-dioxobutan-2-ide Anion (MCA* = 438.0 kJ/mol, N = 18.82, $s_N = 0.69$):



Total Energy = -459.55656995000 hartree

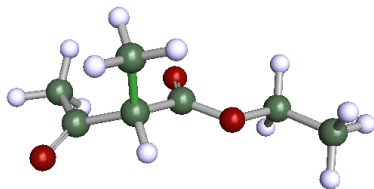
Enthalpy Correction 0.154934 hartree

Entropy 0.000155 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
-1.89394621	-4.21560835	1.37362234	c	6.000	0
-0.84850031	-1.78781255	0.92427986	c	6.000	0
-0.90738021	-5.78561478	0.49819003	h	1.000	0
-4.03518783	-4.83988682	2.80458325	c	6.000	0
1.25937801	-1.96486363	-0.57419526	o	8.000	0
-1.54209729	0.30980037	1.65556675	o	8.000	0
-4.76777374	-7.08848463	3.05441330	o	8.000	0
-5.58130517	-2.83812883	4.12736592	c	6.000	0
-4.85096149	-0.94090534	3.83478502	h	1.000	0
-5.62425223	-3.26755950	6.14877329	h	1.000	0
-7.52883044	-2.95178218	3.44452781	h	1.000	0
2.50377146	0.34630917	-1.16876759	c	6.000	0
1.19517987	1.60311654	-2.15881227	h	1.000	0
4.76151048	-0.27280273	-2.78900697	c	6.000	0
3.07431570	1.29471547	0.57657490	h	1.000	0
4.18385889	-1.20113200	-4.53985772	h	1.000	0
6.07162969	-1.51537347	-1.78842504	h	1.000	0
5.76429349	1.46356727	-3.27850516	h	1.000	0

1-Ethoxy-1,3-dioxobutan-2-ide Anion Product:

Both H₃C-CH-C(OEt)=O Torsion Angles were constrained to 270°.



Total Energy = -499.31073218683 hartree

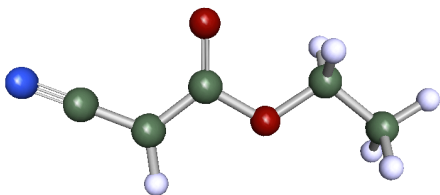
Enthalpy Correction = 0.19779 hartree

Entropy = 0.000171 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
1.14882890	-1.01499694	1.05579175	c	6.000	0
1.67192649	1.74584099	1.53581152	c	6.000	0
1.18168713	-2.43484044	3.59444108	c	6.000	0
-1.29147915	-1.66294409	-0.31178147	c	6.000	0
0.11820053	3.36183384	1.95858368	o	8.000	0
4.14431088	2.17375041	1.50316612	o	8.000	0
-3.65281482	-0.20481645	0.18841921	c	6.000	0
-1.27794189	-3.47880904	-1.71215642	o	8.000	0
-5.26475407	-1.22264305	-0.58514110	h	1.000	0
-3.90000996	0.14093053	2.20591898	h	1.000	0
-3.50130608	1.65240512	-0.70134032	h	1.000	0
4.94988087	4.70770888	2.09128898	c	6.000	0
4.12211481	5.99296465	0.70591642	h	1.000	0
7.78887294	4.74985124	2.01531439	c	6.000	0
4.22042441	5.20806121	3.95510755	h	1.000	0
2.68081953	-1.76019727	-0.10576376	h	1.000	0
0.93070011	-4.45264669	3.26209241	h	1.000	0
2.99174402	-2.14356077	4.53606314	h	1.000	0

-0.32264299	-1.77055078	4.83985854	h	1.000	0
8.58564926	3.44760793	3.40288574	h	1.000	0
8.45276741	6.65276315	2.45658956	h	1.000	0
8.48768059	4.23696713	0.14318213	h	1.000	0

1-cyano-2-ethoxy-2-oxoethan-1-ide Anion (MCA* = 434.5 kJ/mol, N = 19.62, $s_N = 0.67$):



Total Energy = -399.19289217608 hartree

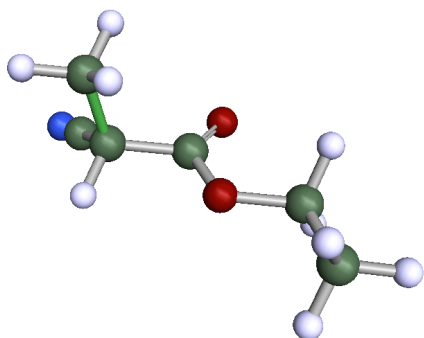
Enthalpy Correction = 0.114276 hartree

Entropy = 0.000142 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
-3.97829927	-3.54370850	0.75359501	c	6.000	0
-3.48131410	-1.30987309	-0.60259740	c	6.000	0
-6.11316502	-3.72596638	2.25161813	c	6.000	0
-2.70159575	-5.13549174	0.64824164	h	1.000	0
-7.90723456	-3.90447398	3.52301532	n	7.000	0
-4.76514834	0.63580191	-0.65622546	o	8.000	0
-1.29368407	-1.46704335	-1.96603726	o	8.000	0
-0.62552681	0.70684421	-3.40939558	c	6.000	0
-2.12001910	1.11400566	-4.77712206	h	1.000	0
1.84401670	0.15528366	-4.71444605	c	6.000	0
-0.46135316	2.34324953	-2.15853824	h	1.000	0
2.41426285	1.78659499	-5.84278582	h	1.000	0
1.66909326	-1.47192840	-5.97242183	h	1.000	0
3.33456507	-0.23441833	-3.34081848	h	1.000	0

1-Cyano-2-ethoxy-2-oxoethan-1-ide Anion Product:

The H₃C-C-C-O Torsion Angle was constrained to 270°.



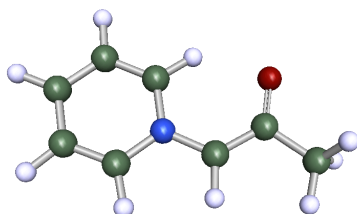
Total Energy = -438.94635329865 hartree

Enthalpy Correction = 0.157457 hartree

Entropy = 0.000157 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
1.56309375	-0.27035484	-0.73553922	c	6.000	0
1.18070739	-2.24284158	-1.21021494	h	1.000	0
1.85196951	1.28094826	-3.17201625	c	6.000	0
3.87164751	-0.19369531	0.75460480	c	6.000	0
5.72200584	-0.13732908	1.88982646	n	7.000	0
-0.63150564	0.76204417	0.80726849	c	6.000	0
-0.43294820	2.39562181	2.38053920	o	8.000	0
-2.77025861	-0.29321495	0.08978040	o	8.000	0
-5.05132835	0.65215718	1.25940458	c	6.000	0
0.11484213	1.14300130	-4.26879635	h	1.000	0
3.40832209	0.53668015	-4.29526754	h	1.000	0
2.22293719	3.25927801	-2.73259027	h	1.000	0
-5.16990208	2.67807549	0.89119537	h	1.000	0
-7.24153859	-0.76785582	0.14380205	c	6.000	0
-4.89535763	0.36419476	3.29541047	h	1.000	0
-8.99205332	-0.08649270	0.99654550	h	1.000	0
-7.08171649	-2.78997896	0.51863051	h	1.000	0
-7.35550111	-0.47221792	-1.89458231	h	1.000	0

2-Oxo-1-(pyridin-1-ium-1-yl)propan-1-ide (MCA* = 434.0 kJ/mol, N = 20.24, s_N = 0.60):



Total Energy = -439.88961917968 hartree

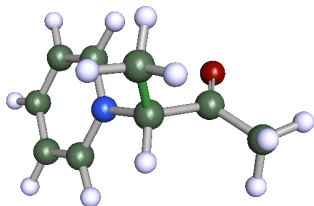
Enthalpy Correction = 0.165466 hartree

Entropy = 0.000145 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
-8.04317538	-4.16689427	1.17770117	c	6.000	0
-5.71581807	-5.35127597	1.46277086	c	6.000	0
-3.55560829	-4.18286825	0.64753677	c	6.000	0
-3.60527879	-1.85808937	-0.45314783	n	7.000	0
-5.87060996	-0.68025453	-0.74237428	c	6.000	0
-8.07685486	-1.80360272	0.05682049	c	6.000	0
-9.76775004	-5.06474003	1.81137214	h	1.000	0
-5.55509835	-7.19915600	2.32370504	h	1.000	0
-1.70805847	-5.03270879	0.83148239	h	1.000	0
-1.33073684	-0.78976663	-1.23549641	c	6.000	0
-5.75825630	1.15531161	-1.62872625	h	1.000	0
-9.82859786	-0.78422099	-0.21923076	h	1.000	0
-1.05418823	1.56548915	-2.36926863	c	6.000	0
0.28910827	-1.97248005	-0.87722338	h	1.000	0
1.62231195	2.29699026	-3.04086430	c	6.000	0
-2.79272590	3.11205807	-2.87555562	o	8.000	0
2.10444091	4.05800315	-2.07317139	h	1.000	0
3.00894645	0.85690629	-2.54101659	h	1.000	0
1.73393465	2.66032778	-5.07195465	h	1.000	0

2-Oxo-1-(pyridin-1-ium-1-yl)propan-1-ide Product:

The H₃C-C-C-O Torsion Angle was constrained to 270°.



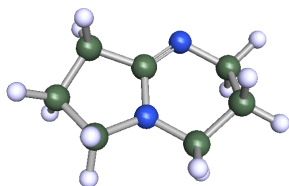
Total Energy = -479.64368057969 hartree

Enthalpy Correction = 0.208826 hartree

Entropy = 0.000158 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
-5.81672601	-5.15502296	0.25254566	c	6.000	0
-3.36210857	-5.93963372	-0.22766809	c	6.000	0
-1.43665508	-4.20412308	-0.12116740	c	6.000	0
-1.90899746	-1.77560833	0.45185495	n	7.000	0
-4.27185674	-0.97762913	0.91886867	c	6.000	0
-6.26614779	-2.64231193	0.83235466	c	6.000	0
-7.36262741	-6.49350807	0.18245901	h	1.000	0
-2.92328495	-7.88288688	-0.68014374	h	1.000	0
0.51494293	-4.69227223	-0.47465855	h	1.000	0
0.20032585	0.03312264	0.43428343	c	6.000	0
-4.51212307	0.99354132	1.37350334	h	1.000	0
-8.14832916	-1.95261056	1.22602699	h	1.000	0
0.25705672	1.65330524	2.80717109	c	6.000	0
0.00881729	1.73244792	-1.90697762	c	6.000	0
1.92081235	-1.09044325	0.32482301	h	1.000	0
0.29050736	0.44687128	4.47690265	h	1.000	0
-1.35749697	2.92814022	2.91105353	h	1.000	0
1.97083047	2.79621481	2.80156429	h	1.000	0
2.46508319	2.60773981	-2.95933510	c	6.000	0
-2.02768920	2.32977173	-2.73848320	o	8.000	0
3.74223759	3.20405140	-1.45132770	h	1.000	0
3.36756576	1.00236325	-3.90275002	h	1.000	0
2.17320059	4.13104837	-4.30842253	h	1.000	0

DBN (MCA* = 432.1 kJ/mol, N = 15.50, s_N = 0.76):



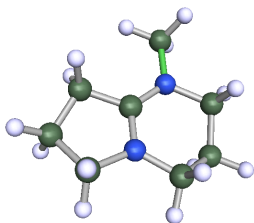
Total Energy = -383.18668000139 hartree

Enthalpy Correction = 0.197366 hartree

Entropy = 0.000136 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
-0.43798036	1.62088011	-0.22236909	c	6.000	0
1.37714638	3.15316001	-0.70916867	n	7.000	0
3.80711013	1.94687464	-1.17546260	c	6.000	0
4.18632635	-0.43548929	0.38931966	c	6.000	0
2.05515181	-2.28824502	-0.11472248	c	6.000	0
-0.31922525	-0.94019272	-0.13762497	n	7.000	0
-2.67764653	-2.11113370	0.60078104	c	6.000	0
-4.61437229	-0.04281215	0.06118569	c	6.000	0
-3.10413451	2.39524634	0.39175017	c	6.000	0
5.30800567	3.30692531	-0.76796430	h	1.000	0
3.97643436	1.47679478	-3.19273166	h	1.000	0
6.00070610	-1.31962730	-0.03938396	h	1.000	0
4.19469565	0.07509182	2.39366153	h	1.000	0
1.98172364	-3.73912444	1.35839589	h	1.000	0
2.33729189	-3.26341055	-1.92078119	h	1.000	0
-2.63770191	-2.63302045	2.61028491	h	1.000	0
-3.01686305	-3.83102848	-0.49195786	h	1.000	0
-6.25279366	-0.16097763	1.30198403	h	1.000	0
-5.27098018	-0.20546867	-1.88901772	h	1.000	0
-3.74132544	3.94793859	-0.80117503	h	1.000	0
-3.15156879	3.04761880	2.35499662	h	1.000	0

DBN Product:



Total Energy = -422.94141912647 hartree

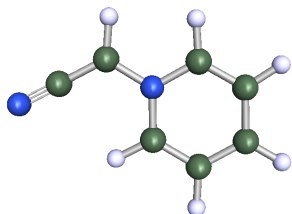
Enthalpy Correction = 0.241838 hartree

Entropy = 0.000148 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
-2.46559428	4.26389754	0.06575003	c	6.000	0
-1.84381576	1.60178406	-0.03967387	n	7.000	0
0.48616592	0.75690649	-0.01681223	c	6.000	0
2.82429782	2.32691664	0.13206207	c	6.000	0
4.89130941	0.36269989	0.61559681	c	6.000	0
3.77658704	-2.10327324	-0.37300189	c	6.000	0
1.06439976	-1.65840659	-0.20893835	n	7.000	0
-0.80269150	-3.62851625	-0.53643874	c	6.000	0
-3.26672134	-2.75376106	0.62827782	c	6.000	0
-3.96008142	-0.14723358	-0.32196450	c	6.000	0
-3.60642640	4.75964184	-1.58067730	h	1.000	0
-0.76382772	5.41046537	0.05824357	h	1.000	0
-3.55017602	4.66251627	1.77499797	h	1.000	0
3.06805233	3.29555567	-1.67929492	h	1.000	0
2.70413742	3.76301125	1.60146565	h	1.000	0
6.66234661	0.84499775	-0.31066046	h	1.000	0
5.23832444	0.20638606	2.64090551	h	1.000	0

4.29490643	-2.48223334	-2.33911053	h	1.000	0
4.28425221	-3.74421124	0.76529782	h	1.000	0
-0.10554247	-5.33196931	0.39102996	h	1.000	0
-1.02241652	-4.04345008	-2.55102217	h	1.000	0
-4.77307632	-4.07640430	0.15686912	h	1.000	0
-3.07803331	-2.71316237	2.68401022	h	1.000	0
-4.51667873	-0.19341131	-2.31294534	h	1.000	0
-5.53969760	0.62125385	0.75603377	h	1.000	0

Cyano(pyridin-1-ium-1-yl)methanide (MCA* = 431.9 kJ/mol, N = 25.94, $s_N = 0.42$):



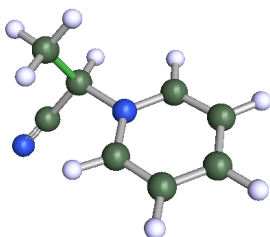
Total Energy = -379.51229500339 hartree

Enthalpy Correction = 0.124436 hartree

Entropy = 0.000134 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
-3.16593129	-2.59706353	0.00000000	c	6.000	0
-0.75388535	-3.63052890	0.00000000	c	6.000	0
1.33553779	-2.09903128	0.00000000	c	6.000	0
1.12731334	0.46744480	0.00000000	n	7.000	0
-1.22964570	1.49972670	0.00000000	c	6.000	0
-3.35805875	0.01669708	0.00000000	c	6.000	0
-4.82950083	-3.78439716	0.00000000	h	1.000	0
-0.46032439	-5.65477976	0.00000000	h	1.000	0
3.24243575	-2.82848224	0.00000000	h	1.000	0
3.28865011	1.92637663	0.00000000	c	6.000	0
-1.31262256	3.53992630	0.00000000	h	1.000	0
-5.17727126	0.95192708	0.00000000	h	1.000	0
5.07253316	0.94583906	0.00000000	h	1.000	0
3.15744288	4.52076403	0.00000000	c	6.000	0
3.06332709	6.72558119	0.00000000	n	7.000	0

Cyano(pyridin-1-ium-1-yl)methanide Product:



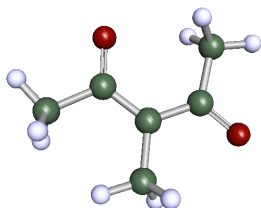
Total Energy = -419.26689392647 hartree

Enthalpy Correction = 0.168547 hartree

Entropy = 0.000145 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
-6.80285431	-5.41554578	-0.72825582	c	6.000	0
-4.40813780	-6.40431057	-1.10994102	c	6.000	0
-2.35797091	-4.80998940	-1.07700788	c	6.000	0
-2.67998398	-2.32804521	-0.67356834	n	7.000	0
-4.98164157	-1.32698065	-0.29067160	c	6.000	0
-7.08614867	-2.84096382	-0.31592956	c	6.000	0
-8.44116723	-6.64049714	-0.75460249	h	1.000	0
-4.10833096	-8.39779537	-1.44028591	h	1.000	0
-0.44122074	-5.45173361	-1.37118141	h	1.000	0
-0.42278296	-0.68435735	-0.52915326	c	6.000	0
-5.07380014	0.69095505	0.02203524	h	1.000	0
-8.92158825	-1.99647985	-0.01494042	h	1.000	0
-0.75767927	1.48391284	-2.20695388	c	6.000	0
1.15622242	-1.78945408	-1.26099115	h	1.000	0
0.10313528	0.12848920	2.17536976	c	6.000	0
0.38721378	-1.54931944	3.33493022	h	1.000	0
1.81676841	1.26859597	2.21219913	h	1.000	0
-1.45748209	1.23785640	2.93450237	h	1.000	0
-0.99210676	3.22028468	-3.48540137	n	7.000	0

3-Methyl-2,4-dioxopentan-3-ide Anion (MCA* = 429.0 kJ/mol, N = 18.38, $s_N = 0.72$):



Total Energy = -384.35933169195 hartree

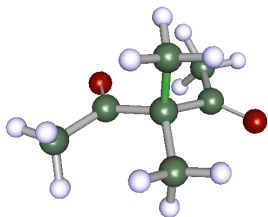
Enthalpy Correction = 0.148101 hartree

Entropy = 0.000146 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
-4.90977684	-4.57655854	-0.00818449	c	6.000	0
-4.42469986	-7.12076167	-1.18315473	c	6.000	0
-3.35335976	-2.59456795	-0.91984090	c	6.000	0
-1.71585153	-2.99349164	-2.59201702	o	8.000	0
-3.58013620	0.07635458	0.05765808	c	6.000	0
-2.18702976	1.24521436	-0.91572530	h	1.000	0
-3.27800821	0.15826719	2.09642484	h	1.000	0
-5.47668271	0.82718047	-0.25224934	h	1.000	0
-6.80023328	-4.22599692	1.85335099	c	6.000	0
-7.31156821	-2.17517695	2.92903071	o	8.000	0
-8.37249773	-6.49910351	2.64917349	c	6.000	0
-9.75495463	-5.87972642	4.04450894	h	1.000	0
-7.20057251	-7.98171370	3.48512442	h	1.000	0
-9.36798344	-7.34512756	1.04878527	h	1.000	0
-4.77670181	-7.10498390	-3.22539681	h	1.000	0
-2.44545380	-7.68802558	-0.96027298	h	1.000	0
-5.59268341	-8.60445734	-0.36557930	h	1.000	0

3-Methyl-2,4-dioxopentan-3-ide Anion Product:

Both H₃C-C-C-O Torsion Angles were constrained to 90°.



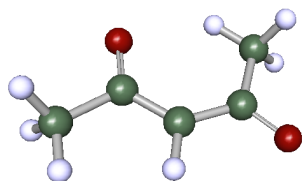
Total Energy = -424.11224080484 hartree

Enthalpy Correction = 0.189556 hartree

Entropy = 0.00015 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
-2.90808222	-4.36271405	0.54028041	c	6.000	0
-1.17894402	-2.27448423	-0.55135918	c	6.000	0
-5.08317488	-3.11035874	1.96547345	c	6.000	0
-6.40348815	-4.51056250	2.71039605	h	1.000	0
-6.11705265	-1.81840149	0.74073622	h	1.000	0
-4.33273155	-2.03185767	3.54778436	h	1.000	0
0.45053336	-3.06750222	-1.53554595	h	1.000	0
-0.51483906	-1.07261456	0.98682661	h	1.000	0
-2.23828017	-1.10415864	-1.87926576	h	1.000	0
-3.84945265	-5.88410026	-1.73207693	c	6.000	0
-2.72823354	-7.70851433	-2.54057671	o	8.000	0
-6.20180928	-4.96553386	-3.01980956	c	6.000	0
-6.44707863	-5.98547572	-4.78909449	h	1.000	0
-6.12658182	-2.93536382	-3.37837911	h	1.000	0
-7.83602764	-5.30077014	-1.80147659	h	1.000	0
-1.23448442	-5.81352448	2.42427648	c	6.000	0
-1.18633705	-5.10622940	4.60462822	o	8.000	0
0.47192644	-7.90658144	1.58978079	c	6.000	0
1.80509406	-8.31075587	3.10490586	h	1.000	0
1.46171423	-7.43384032	-0.15325449	h	1.000	0
-0.65272696	-9.58639607	1.17613650	h	1.000	0

2,4-Dioxopentan-3-ide Anion (MCA* = 429.2 kJ/mol, N = 17.64, s_N = 0.73):



Total Energy = -345.08413304655 hartree

Enthalpy Correction = 0.118913 hartree

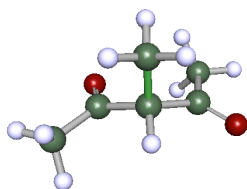
Entropy = 0.000137 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
-4.42450720	-3.05183327	0.62863512	c	6.000	0

-2.52193456	-1.18962553	0.42128237	c	6.000	0
-5.76326110	-3.88013796	2.78546221	c	6.000	0
-4.90995378	-3.96562595	-1.14397374	h	1.000	0
-1.50903862	-0.67081004	-1.65612544	o	8.000	0
-5.53368122	-3.11330813	5.01336126	o	8.000	0
-7.70687569	-5.94165442	2.34688931	c	6.000	0
-7.23498195	-7.57291521	3.52519130	h	1.000	0
-9.55853661	-5.26363746	2.96609731	h	1.000	0
-7.83421701	-6.54617858	0.38138021	h	1.000	0
-1.61942820	0.26316472	2.70324410	c	6.000	0
-2.60428026	-0.29376626	4.41820543	h	1.000	0
0.41302288	-0.04605544	2.92186949	h	1.000	0
-1.88998866	2.28226111	2.35193754	h	1.000	0

2,4-Dioxopentan-3-ide Anion Product:

Both H₃C-C-C-O Torsion Angles were constrained to 90°.



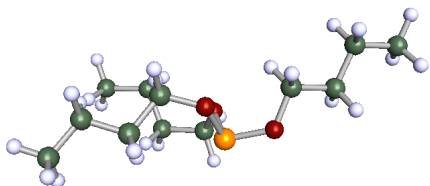
Total Energy = -384.83473898915 hartree

Enthalpy Correction = 0.161253 hartree

Entropy = 0.000152 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
-3.33715234	-3.89777846	0.55623070	c	6.000	0
-1.23054197	-1.96351647	0.32904599	c	6.000	0
-2.94038928	-5.33398065	-0.87396993	h	1.000	0
-6.03760621	-3.01248549	0.20280595	c	6.000	0
-3.12042583	-5.18522463	3.15778647	c	6.000	0
-1.56856853	0.65936107	1.30891504	c	6.000	0
0.76904354	-2.65798400	-0.55758077	o	8.000	0
-6.76917384	-0.94040127	0.84507634	o	8.000	0
-7.76243401	-4.90866976	-0.99294697	c	6.000	0
-3.44010228	-3.83270689	4.68189502	h	1.000	0
-4.51237401	-6.69677555	3.32774050	h	1.000	0
-1.24248854	-6.00567886	3.37211739	h	1.000	0
-2.43277184	0.64428357	3.18092716	h	1.000	0
0.25171348	1.61784802	1.34984699	h	1.000	0
-2.87793534	1.67891441	0.08046044	h	1.000	0
-9.72613894	-4.32880110	-0.79680790	h	1.000	0
-7.27919703	-5.04166016	-3.00052283	h	1.000	0
-7.47826660	-6.78737054	-0.18679690	h	1.000	0

Tributoxyphosphine (MCA* = 427.1 kJ/mol, N = 10.36, $s_N = 0.70$):



Total Energy = -1039.99750099577 hartree

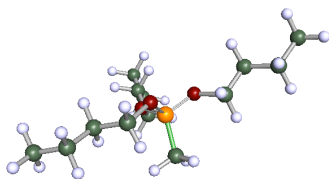
Enthalpy Correction = 0.408397 hartree

Entropy = 0.000252 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
9.95802792	-7.10113347	-2.65590191	c	6.000	0
8.21319729	-4.83743004	-2.92483132	c	6.000	0
7.01603429	-4.06481673	-0.42930198	c	6.000	0
5.26968032	-1.83349800	-0.73578452	c	6.000	0
4.24972097	-1.16334404	1.69246391	o	8.000	0
1.52008134	0.13674202	2.02817084	p	15.000	0
-0.35269917	-1.66103297	0.36999741	o	8.000	0
-2.24306057	-3.09685998	1.67194474	c	6.000	0
-4.82556158	-1.93246891	1.32117531	c	6.000	0
-5.70676498	-1.86500497	-1.41157318	c	6.000	0
-8.23690556	-0.54670792	-1.72001859	c	6.000	0
1.88332898	2.38386575	-0.05276228	o	8.000	0
-0.26142621	3.75442632	-0.94989800	c	6.000	0
-1.59018293	5.26256734	1.08460778	c	6.000	0
-3.81494044	6.73441103	0.02012319	c	6.000	0
-5.21035849	8.23636350	2.02858468	c	6.000	0
8.93218677	-8.74489095	-1.93632151	h	1.000	0
11.49718268	-6.69669851	-1.33735462	h	1.000	0
10.79796036	-7.62398856	-4.46797987	h	1.000	0
6.72127546	-5.26965954	-4.29389589	h	1.000	0
9.26820571	-3.23444655	-3.70301748	h	1.000	0
8.49261324	-3.58961366	0.94121412	h	1.000	0
5.94811704	-5.65350357	0.35914825	h	1.000	0
3.72569616	-2.29044068	-2.02931415	h	1.000	0
6.28148666	-0.19770016	-1.48963730	h	1.000	0
-2.17909314	-5.00720919	0.88953687	h	1.000	0
-1.77114895	-3.21830936	3.68352668	h	1.000	0
-4.80127158	-0.01290496	2.10317635	h	1.000	0
-6.17223804	-3.01248267	2.46554183	h	1.000	0
-5.83287929	-3.80417578	-2.12720717	h	1.000	0
-4.28039169	-0.91370344	-2.56784671	h	1.000	0
-9.70688297	-1.48776545	-0.61246562	h	1.000	0
-8.84491339	-0.52684303	-3.69279666	h	1.000	0
-8.13174814	1.41448630	-1.07390121	h	1.000	0
-1.57857903	2.43364883	-1.84390730	h	1.000	0
0.46029042	5.01373822	-2.41725659	h	1.000	0
-2.25809389	3.98992333	2.57710507	h	1.000	0
-0.23813496	6.55548737	1.97057316	h	1.000	0
-3.14234596	8.00965854	-1.46617310	h	1.000	0
-5.12528068	5.41922190	-0.89921236	h	1.000	0
-5.95226727	6.98979167	3.50074767	h	1.000	0

-3.95366608	9.60154532	2.93876467	h	1.000	0
-6.79905400	9.27777667	1.22086541	h	1.000	0

Tributoxyphosphine Product:



Total Energy = -1079.74723110683 hartree

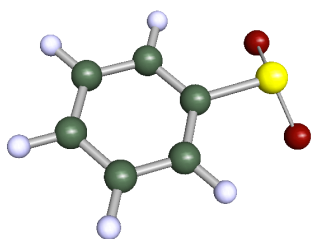
Enthalpy Correction = 0.450645 hartree

Entropy = 0.000267hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
-1.56613063	0.97884325	4.50807637	c	6.000	0
-1.18257317	0.30736967	1.26945104	p	15.000	0
-3.61729195	0.84495141	-0.24996641	o	8.000	0
-6.18733686	0.41101778	0.65160404	c	6.000	0
-6.79432228	-2.36078388	0.86546609	c	6.000	0
-9.54104440	-2.75343598	1.61949839	c	6.000	0
-10.20873120	-5.53361089	1.87134867	c	6.000	0
0.96034867	1.89717624	0.07215212	o	8.000	0
1.06369985	4.64534132	0.26071181	c	6.000	0
3.05393189	5.57814571	-1.53842144	c	6.000	0
3.31656006	8.43734950	-1.39943673	c	6.000	0
5.30705917	9.43162720	-3.21214891	c	6.000	0
-0.46139835	-2.48843416	0.81525794	o	8.000	0
1.80971737	-3.62107302	1.90570344	c	6.000	0
3.03351439	-5.27560067	-0.05234824	c	6.000	0
5.36884006	-6.57646530	1.00564800	c	6.000	0
6.65405600	-8.24924612	-0.94019047	c	6.000	0
-2.12244383	2.94798619	4.76106184	h	1.000	0
-3.00879006	-0.25623119	5.31067654	h	1.000	0
0.22309996	0.64444895	5.47837936	h	1.000	0
-7.36227556	1.34139676	-0.75711682	h	1.000	0
-6.41137612	1.40065302	2.44804608	h	1.000	0
-5.56166335	-3.25461274	2.26849754	h	1.000	0
-6.41546148	-3.28004540	-0.94770733	h	1.000	0
-10.76788144	-1.86393568	0.21008412	h	1.000	0
-9.90589457	-1.78307739	3.41115731	h	1.000	0
-12.18737100	-5.77935080	2.40393672	h	1.000	0
-9.04493839	-6.44717337	3.31398444	h	1.000	0
-9.90219534	-6.53265996	0.08884673	h	1.000	0
1.52559659	5.12379333	2.21341688	h	1.000	0
-0.79813791	5.39834254	-0.21284775	h	1.000	0
2.55199507	5.00379205	-3.46040793	h	1.000	0
4.85717273	4.67813578	-1.07335507	h	1.000	0
3.79814595	8.98722618	0.53692538	h	1.000	0
1.48976656	9.31505039	-1.82064456	h	1.000	0
7.15951220	8.61503984	-2.79759040	h	1.000	0
5.47598246	11.48443484	-3.08310286	h	1.000	0
4.83179188	8.95508061	-5.16578857	h	1.000	0
3.08904916	-2.12027229	2.51535965	h	1.000	0
1.19177734	-4.69578146	3.55177362	h	1.000	0

1.66503232	-6.68699052	-0.69483183	h	1.000	0
3.54609475	-4.12008152	-1.68954070	h	1.000	0
6.70236976	-5.14540627	1.68319985	h	1.000	0
4.83470509	-7.70736496	2.65500688	h	1.000	0
7.26239467	-7.14560096	-2.57785768	h	1.000	0
8.31884693	-9.17454951	-0.14538637	h	1.000	0
5.37052134	-9.72174465	-1.61500446	h	1.000	0

Phenylsulfinate Anion (MCA* = 422.6 kJ/mol, N = 20.11, $s_N = 0.59$):



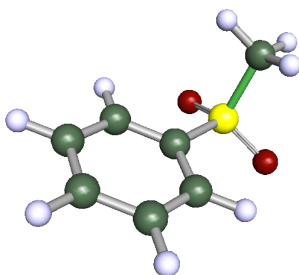
Total Energy = -780.02840037143 hartree

Enthalpy Correction = 0.107467 hartree

Entropy = 0.000138 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
5.79500819	-0.48010205	2.13855649	o	8.000	0
4.90124441	0.98025008	-0.13018292	s	16.000	0
1.51312769	0.50299807	-0.00269165	c	6.000	0
0.53992807	-1.73076129	0.97166547	c	6.000	0
-2.04872105	-2.16113628	0.92840679	c	6.000	0
-3.66179434	-0.36757668	-0.10859928	c	6.000	0
-2.68398898	1.86373742	-1.09057531	c	6.000	0
-0.09659006	2.29587293	-1.04522690	c	6.000	0
5.12717960	3.78417138	0.28022779	o	8.000	0
1.81988505	-3.10356608	1.79379471	h	1.000	0
-2.81063267	-3.89739723	1.70678940	h	1.000	0
-5.68208070	-0.70662273	-0.14899250	h	1.000	0
-3.94271101	3.27041928	-1.88907718	h	1.000	0
0.68531800	4.03969412	-1.78530313	h	1.000	0

Phenylsulfinate Anion Product:



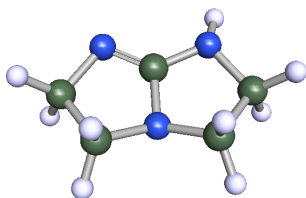
Total Energy = -819.77789232617 hartree

Enthalpy Correction = 0.14972 hartree

Entropy = 0.000148 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
-2.98114414	-4.29496443	-1.03121809	o	8.000	0
-3.02049682	-1.97796546	0.41547577	s	16.000	0
-4.91356922	0.22600521	-1.19777694	c	6.000	0
0.03420269	-0.65305790	0.36155159	c	6.000	0
1.65466855	-1.24944269	-1.61465570	c	6.000	0
4.04603801	-0.18068628	-1.65764782	c	6.000	0
4.78584801	1.46177401	0.25184054	c	6.000	0
3.14608929	2.04242812	2.21833081	c	6.000	0
0.75114926	0.98387673	2.28402995	c	6.000	0
-3.86114633	-2.09529888	3.01198060	o	8.000	0
-4.84999564	2.02054091	-0.19250159	h	1.000	0
-4.20816317	0.42654919	-3.12084826	h	1.000	0
-6.82742258	-0.54102716	-1.20003488	h	1.000	0
1.05653563	-2.54464369	-3.08179701	h	1.000	0
5.33508406	-0.63615259	-3.18136978	h	1.000	0
6.65793629	2.29127238	0.21107041	h	1.000	0
3.73469120	3.31648090	3.70873997	h	1.000	0
-0.54030509	1.40431164	3.81483044	h	1.000	0

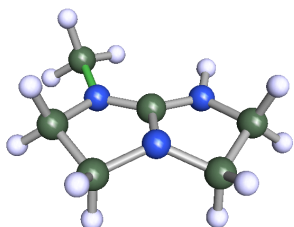
TBO (MCA* = 422.4 kJ/mol, N = 14.44, $s_N = 0.79$):



Total Energy = -359.93606119346 hartree
 Enthalpy Correction = 0.155942 hartree
 Entropy = 0.000125 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
0.43232433	0.81468551	-0.37557574	n	7.000	0
-1.71741340	2.27792815	0.48097603	c	6.000	0
-3.88989237	0.64674845	-0.51623460	c	6.000	0
-2.81868464	-1.88914246	-0.31158272	n	7.000	0
-0.25729108	-1.70151048	-0.38547869	c	6.000	0
1.51940705	-3.35294437	-0.28904667	n	7.000	0
3.84427945	-1.82027898	-0.17059072	c	6.000	0
2.97883463	0.84063981	0.63903445	c	6.000	0
-1.76638509	2.39683729	2.55489662	h	1.000	0
-1.73831576	4.18281717	-0.30024453	h	1.000	0
-4.32652473	1.13222074	-2.48063613	h	1.000	0
-5.60006921	0.83431780	0.61480067	h	1.000	0
-3.68737934	-3.37087787	-1.13030025	h	1.000	0
5.20418531	-2.63315361	1.15008300	h	1.000	0
4.75155718	-1.74550361	-2.03445316	h	1.000	0
2.94244033	1.03280247	2.70873746	h	1.000	0
4.12892736	2.35441397	-0.15438500	h	1.000	0

TBO Product:



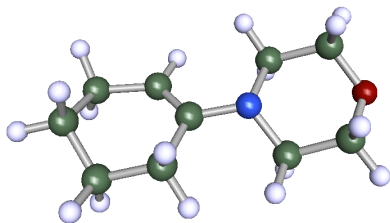
Total Energy = -399.68611640549 hartree

Enthalpy Correction = 0.200014 hartree

Entropy = 0.000139 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
3.83215794	2.86894342	0.99945679	c	6.000	0
2.26843736	0.77790387	0.23511595	n	7.000	0
-0.21638393	0.69240153	0.26119274	c	6.000	0
-1.15726877	-1.29210457	-1.00705494	n	7.000	0
0.88617261	-3.08643083	-1.42264201	c	6.000	0
3.18298928	-1.31864774	-1.33322086	c	6.000	0
-3.73112473	-1.72534903	-0.13789911	c	6.000	0
-4.45851786	0.93986765	0.74995291	c	6.000	0
-1.99095044	2.01699986	1.41726257	n	7.000	0
2.80088551	4.05619292	2.32719959	h	1.000	0
4.39624022	4.00526012	-0.63091041	h	1.000	0
5.51771237	2.14791241	1.93842416	h	1.000	0
0.94158727	-4.48401611	0.10446963	h	1.000	0
0.70191693	-4.05189590	-3.22796261	h	1.000	0
4.83242132	-2.19310501	-0.46825200	h	1.000	0
3.68884717	-0.61907556	-3.21141550	h	1.000	0
-3.74739090	-3.08101928	1.42749856	h	1.000	0
-4.94461953	-2.40959084	-1.64961440	h	1.000	0
-5.71164293	0.91734747	2.37900611	h	1.000	0
-5.32603255	2.03205194	-0.77152664	h	1.000	0
-1.76543633	3.80635368	2.02091944	h	1.000	0

4-(Cyclohex-1-en-1-yl)morpholine (MCA* = 419.9 kJ/mol, N = 11.40, $s_N = 0.83$):



Total Energy = -520.85810937721 hartree

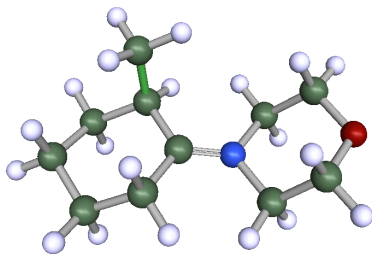
Enthalpy Correction = 0.27469 hartree

Entropy = 0.000161 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
-3.01646431	-5.60117681	1.00819788	c	6.000	0
-1.92538956	-3.07139066	0.29968588	c	6.000	0

-3.41181352	-1.16824082	-0.47973044	c	6.000	0
-6.24185551	-1.28756527	-0.54705873	c	6.000	0
-7.26862630	-3.51301396	0.94846118	c	6.000	0
-5.78821793	-5.87755378	0.29123382	c	6.000	0
-2.76528739	-5.86760387	3.04953679	h	1.000	0
-6.90149306	-1.41119228	-2.51275688	h	1.000	0
-7.07779635	-3.13019575	2.97609429	h	1.000	0
-5.93954290	-6.22062628	-1.74620803	h	1.000	0
-1.95140284	-7.12354092	0.10890426	h	1.000	0
-2.57101591	0.61343690	-1.03879196	h	1.000	0
-7.01950989	0.48657597	0.18488982	h	1.000	0
-9.28261256	-3.77224820	0.56569073	h	1.000	0
-6.57524489	-7.53800291	1.23561119	h	1.000	0
4.40570630	-0.17066395	1.32083134	c	6.000	0
1.74454630	-0.30925245	0.28836368	c	6.000	0
0.68328735	-2.79542761	0.70268367	n	7.000	0
2.34307396	-4.74066283	-0.31614205	c	6.000	0
4.98210346	-4.45942276	0.73704488	c	6.000	0
5.99169438	-2.03453608	0.24884630	o	8.000	0
4.36177330	-0.40405164	3.38500898	h	1.000	0
1.75939335	0.18772039	-1.73630595	h	1.000	0
2.41682029	-4.62823767	-2.39589390	h	1.000	0
4.95169521	-4.79875257	2.78682337	h	1.000	0
5.23869692	1.66322758	0.87983486	h	1.000	0
0.59293897	1.09389361	1.26954032	h	1.000	0
1.65545632	-6.61092437	0.19208186	h	1.000	0
6.24315709	-5.83137262	-0.14535671	h	1.000	0

4-(Cyclohex-1-en-1-yl)morpholine Product:



Total Energy = -560.60828044527 hartree

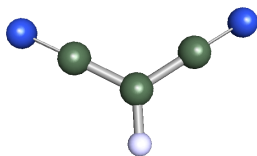
Enthalpy Correction = 0.318963 hartree

Entropy = 0.000172 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
-2.91001230	-5.10429310	1.28669400	c	6.000	0
-1.69496750	-2.83885733	0.14396603	c	6.000	0
-3.28943947	-0.50018293	0.01091464	c	6.000	0
-5.95918567	-1.10417402	-0.94825692	c	6.000	0
-7.21065690	-3.27477404	0.43933180	c	6.000	0
-5.56145242	-5.60755170	0.25407217	c	6.000	0
-3.05748995	-4.67681729	3.31243539	h	1.000	0
-5.83970529	-1.57026466	-2.96028442	h	1.000	0
-7.52151794	-2.78903843	2.42646146	h	1.000	0
-5.41410325	-6.21039613	-1.71911071	h	1.000	0
-1.75795488	-6.79282647	1.13561647	h	1.000	0
-7.07315627	0.62770593	-0.79997325	h	1.000	0

-9.06880071	-3.64649738	-0.38072299	h	1.000	0
-6.36400723	-7.18533090	1.31258132	h	1.000	0
4.26629074	-0.13936850	0.29385795	c	6.000	0
2.03892259	-0.60537596	-1.45585431	c	6.000	0
0.64244715	-2.83547980	-0.57595334	n	7.000	0
2.36725580	-5.00557664	-0.47973183	c	6.000	0
4.57558483	-4.39556604	1.24319955	c	6.000	0
5.89182873	-2.24081093	0.40139216	o	8.000	0
3.57593176	0.33124311	2.19473377	h	1.000	0
2.69931765	-1.01326958	-3.36639407	h	1.000	0
3.03672337	-5.31176157	-2.40672001	h	1.000	0
3.89616326	-4.11193774	3.18409984	h	1.000	0
5.35166300	1.45568540	-0.42624014	h	1.000	0
0.84851904	1.05902268	-1.50266351	h	1.000	0
1.41600257	-6.69852495	0.16357563	h	1.000	0
5.89304552	-5.97792627	1.22719134	h	1.000	0
-2.47313711	0.82397188	-1.33289615	h	1.000	0
-3.29906697	0.77101709	2.61557748	c	6.000	0
-4.13527718	-0.43540108	4.06210811	h	1.000	0
-4.40775131	2.50519005	2.50004031	h	1.000	0
-1.38883183	1.26597284	3.21888940	h	1.000	0

Dicyanomethanide Anion (MCA* = 417.1 kJ/mol, N = 19.36, $s_N = 0.67$):



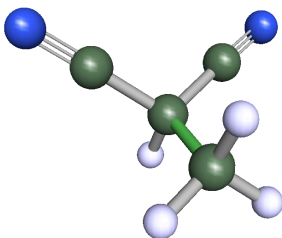
Total Energy = -224.35056165709 hartree

Enthalpy Correction = 0.037628 hartree

Entropy = 0.000108 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
0.00000000	0.00000000	-0.86577379	c	6.000	0
-2.27791730	0.00000000	0.41791198	c	6.000	0
2.27791730	0.00000000	0.41791198	c	6.000	0
0.00000000	0.00000000	-2.91079986	h	1.000	0
4.21667490	0.00000000	1.47062119	n	7.000	0
-4.21667490	0.00000000	1.47062119	n	7.000	0

Dicyanomethanide Anion Product:



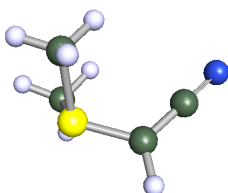
Total Energy = -264.09726084091 hartree

Enthalpy Correction = 0.080675 hartree

Entropy = 0.000123 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
0.85548072	0.21912799	0.00000000	c	6.000	0
2.12999486	1.85152432	0.00000000	h	1.000	0
1.43383963	-1.26203962	2.26055295	c	6.000	0
-1.89935628	1.13384756	0.00000000	c	6.000	0
-2.22445788	2.28233054	-1.67621885	h	1.000	0
-3.19440013	-0.46550726	0.00000000	h	1.000	0
-2.22445788	2.28233054	1.67621885	h	1.000	0
1.84350432	-2.39250155	4.06629440	n	7.000	0
1.43383963	-1.26203962	-2.26055295	c	6.000	0
1.84350432	-2.39250155	-4.06629440	n	7.000	0

Cyanomethyl Sulfonium Ylide (MCA* = 417.2 kJ/mol, N = 16.23, $s_N = 0.60$):



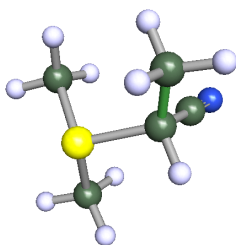
Total Energy = -609.23533451877 hartree

Enthalpy Correction = 0.110444 hartree

Entropy = 0.000135 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
-2.40830246	-1.60466434	1.01495583	c	6.000	0
-0.09344935	-1.11836333	-1.40953968	s	16.000	0
-0.71741323	2.14560696	-2.06675308	c	6.000	0
2.79060709	-1.33669391	-0.09159718	c	6.000	0
3.44536115	0.09083608	1.99173688	c	6.000	0
3.95843145	1.31491663	3.75157717	n	7.000	0
-4.27035510	-1.24790099	0.21004834	h	1.000	0
-2.03866306	-0.32835829	2.58926889	h	1.000	0
-2.24958121	-3.56667641	1.61173877	h	1.000	0
-2.66738725	2.31280403	-2.70866962	h	1.000	0
-0.41352632	3.26407534	-0.36356651	h	1.000	0
0.57929223	2.71677211	-3.55785003	h	1.000	0
4.08498608	-2.64235387	-0.97134976	h	1.000	0

Cyanomethyl Sulfonium Ylide Product:



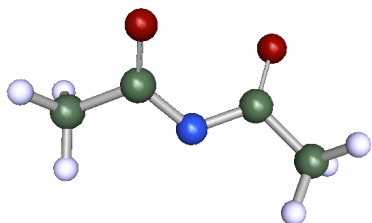
Total Energy = -648.98377600859 hartree

Enthalpy Correction = 0.153702 hartree

Entropy = 0.000145 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
3.97368505	1.04942371	-1.64139135	c	6.000	0
1.96563239	0.05005242	0.15734688	c	6.000	0
2.69451016	-2.28097311	1.40307832	c	6.000	0
3.25510326	-4.15349445	2.34805017	n	7.000	0
-1.01027512	-0.38284486	-1.52743247	s	16.000	0
-0.44197463	-3.08166883	-3.44288092	c	6.000	0
-3.04917002	-1.58695959	0.85233664	c	6.000	0
3.29295752	2.76967358	-2.54565231	h	1.000	0
5.66160479	1.49824862	-0.55036898	h	1.000	0
4.46861811	-0.34159077	-3.07520603	h	1.000	0
1.50076317	1.46159389	1.59347895	h	1.000	0
0.21361010	-4.65822693	-2.29318806	h	1.000	0
-2.24237603	-3.52235763	-4.34007472	h	1.000	0
0.93090248	-2.55449219	-4.88100580	h	1.000	0
-3.31621802	-0.08889273	2.23773931	h	1.000	0
-4.83567341	-2.00520205	-0.08195585	h	1.000	0
-2.24615300	-3.28181902	1.70047526	h	1.000	0

Diacetylamide Anion (MCA* = 413.5 kJ/mol, N = 16.05, $s_N = 0.70$):



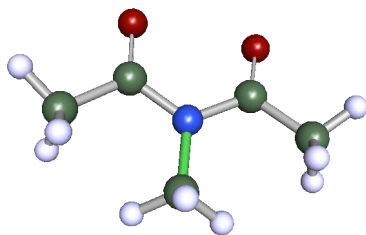
Total Energy = -361.14512948667 hartree

Enthalpy Correction = 0.107253 hartree

Entropy = 0.000139 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
-5.49890230	-3.03892677	-0.18454671	c	6.000	0
-2.84973185	-2.32492562	0.61494939	c	6.000	0
-6.55181769	-1.29892228	-0.56865208	h	1.000	0
-6.46854740	-4.04246105	1.33242327	h	1.000	0
-5.49908131	-4.16746736	-1.90660028	h	1.000	0
-1.15912381	-2.24519277	-1.28385599	n	7.000	0
-2.41681550	-1.96824255	2.88803237	o	8.000	0
0.92906518	-0.80753002	-1.18217836	c	6.000	0
1.25313382	1.11622077	0.11971003	o	8.000	0
2.99990872	-1.56353746	-3.00400971	c	6.000	0
2.58207005	-3.33248979	-3.96959467	h	1.000	0
3.25891744	-0.06944982	-4.40808719	h	1.000	0
4.77827394	-1.73947214	-1.96913909	h	1.000	0

Diacetylamide Anion Product:



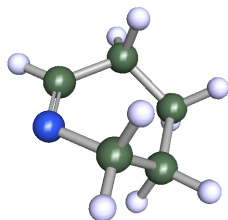
Total Energy = -400.89368192196 hartree

Enthalpy Correction = 0.150846 hartree

Entropy = 0.000145 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
-5.59569117	-3.08707952	-0.22101296	c	6.000	0
-3.04969584	-2.07317181	0.52231675	c	6.000	0
-6.65028608	-1.68910584	-1.31481690	h	1.000	0
-6.62741907	-3.49889080	1.50735817	h	1.000	0
-5.44403342	-4.79515120	-1.36561616	h	1.000	0
-1.31266289	-1.72981838	-1.43642501	n	7.000	0
-2.55788498	-1.62535498	2.71429318	o	8.000	0
1.18988396	-1.01128876	-0.97326332	c	6.000	0
-2.05971669	-2.36340907	-4.01730735	c	6.000	0
1.87460788	-0.12225718	1.02177413	o	8.000	0
3.02790920	-1.40913281	-3.10092260	c	6.000	0
-4.01730961	-1.83223044	-4.32334078	h	1.000	0
-0.93075885	-1.28755192	-5.34807920	h	1.000	0
-1.83374869	-4.37679046	-4.40837955	h	1.000	0
2.80193197	-3.24870843	-4.00188257	h	1.000	0
2.77870661	0.04115829	-4.55047222	h	1.000	0
4.92202216	-1.23367043	-2.32281323	h	1.000	0

Cyclic Imine (MCA* = 410.7 kJ/mol, N = 13.12, $s_N = 0.69$):



Total Energy = -250.48694412179 hartree

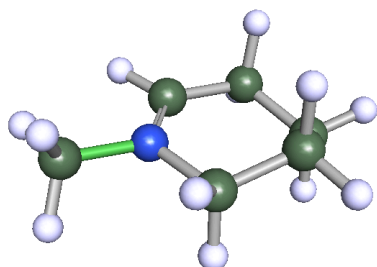
Enthalpy Correction = 0.141654 hartree

Entropy = 0.000120 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
-0.28689508	2.12899984	-0.83751129	c	6.000	0
2.24070044	0.75884967	-0.53682700	c	6.000	0
2.01669042	-1.43189576	1.31685669	c	6.000	0
0.14465268	-3.25734898	0.45378902	n	7.000	0
-1.95036121	-2.29904397	-0.21621917	c	6.000	0
-2.53592060	0.45530820	-0.05458576	c	6.000	0
-0.31235507	3.84383820	0.30955855	h	1.000	0
-0.52936541	2.72306532	-2.79823990	h	1.000	0

2.84895334	-0.02337276	-2.35130573	h	1.000	0
3.71791166	2.06024686	0.08338601	h	1.000	0
1.46677762	-0.71877260	3.18844774	h	1.000	0
3.82725358	-2.39359206	1.54449066	h	1.000	0
-3.41580521	-3.58066817	-0.89822455	h	1.000	0
-2.99935548	0.83354827	1.93226752	h	1.000	0
-4.23288168	0.90083794	-1.13588280	h	1.000	0

Cyclic Imine Product:



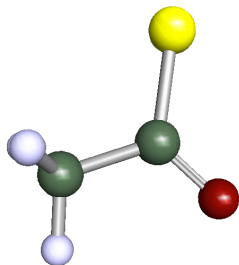
Total Energy = -290.23448105307 hartree

Enthalpy Correction = 0.185580 hartree

Entropy = 0.000127 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
4.55541746	-0.34043407	0.03553774	c	6.000	0
1.83157298	0.01910999	-0.02001043	n	7.000	0
0.83626764	2.09359017	-0.74803387	c	6.000	0
-1.89636983	2.59634184	-0.79184839	c	6.000	0
-3.46593930	0.58408797	0.51744276	c	6.000	0
-2.37634544	-2.00500516	-0.05766133	c	6.000	0
0.33264481	-2.16018241	0.82652435	c	6.000	0
5.49645188	1.40226255	-0.50844892	h	1.000	0
5.10612144	-0.87770061	1.94670868	h	1.000	0
5.05108696	-1.85883554	-1.26476763	h	1.000	0
2.12957467	3.55859061	-1.37265144	h	1.000	0
-2.17901329	4.48220168	0.00916460	h	1.000	0
-2.40033971	2.79310256	-2.79662774	h	1.000	0
-3.44581567	0.91006691	2.55792159	h	1.000	0
-5.42527137	0.71610835	-0.10514903	h	1.000	0
-3.44615541	-3.49543228	0.88183369	h	1.000	0
-2.45733522	-2.37294395	-2.09072543	h	1.000	0
0.47220697	-2.20876879	2.88725224	h	1.000	0
1.28124044	-3.83615982	0.09353856	h	1.000	0

Thioacetate Anion (MCA* = 410.7 kJ/mol, N = 13.12, $s_N = 0.69$):



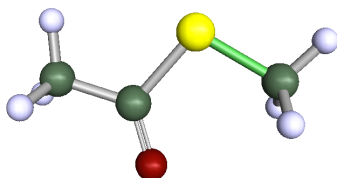
Total Energy = -551.35629296177 hartree

Enthalpy Correction = 0.052455 hartree

Entropy = 0.000111 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
2.55251695	-2.21435721	-0.73739515	o	8.000	0
1.55638691	-0.21953056	-0.07133668	c	6.000	0
-1.29794859	-0.04329557	-0.04356544	c	6.000	0
3.20584559	2.43610648	0.88421161	s	16.000	0
-1.93261950	1.64619030	-1.04035671	h	1.000	0
-2.13042586	-1.72532094	-0.89990311	h	1.000	0
-1.95375550	0.12020749	1.90834549	h	1.000	0

Thioacetate Anion Product:



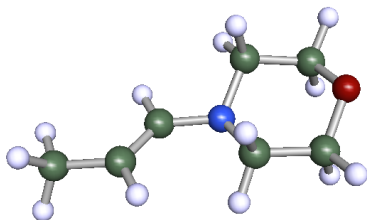
Total Energy = -591.09817101924 hartree

Enthalpy Correction = 0.093374 hartree

Entropy = 0.000126 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
0.63267121	-3.86739453	-0.95161533	o	8.000	0
1.03567073	-1.62226061	-0.77694653	c	6.000	0
2.97901561	-0.51439639	0.95678120	c	6.000	0
-0.62101278	0.64771643	-2.55101076	s	16.000	0
-2.70459830	-1.33634966	-4.33789804	c	6.000	0
2.53280324	-1.07860989	2.89161819	h	1.000	0
3.06099846	1.53974093	0.84084981	h	1.000	0
4.82220840	-1.30653462	0.47065933	h	1.000	0
-3.95481721	-2.37429739	-3.07585844	h	1.000	0
-1.61733267	-2.64535496	-5.49412179	h	1.000	0
-3.80909150	-0.08679964	-5.54493704	h	1.000	0

(E)-1-(N-morpholino)propene (MCA* = 409.5 kJ/mol, N = 12.06, $s_N = 0.80$):



Total Energy = -404.20991168493 hartree

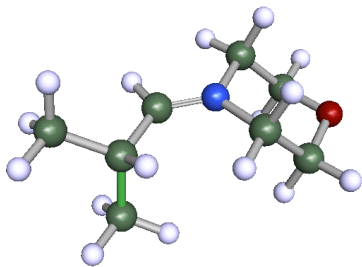
Enthalpy Correction = 0.206702 hartree

Entropy = 0.000145 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
6.78848558	0.18868431	-0.26508340	c	6.000	0
4.05569156	0.73735917	0.18085201	c	6.000	0
2.19523442	-0.63257004	-0.84536425	c	6.000	0
-0.38183612	-0.20150519	-0.71231766	n	7.000	0
-1.25891943	1.76892927	0.96293936	c	6.000	0
-4.03573683	2.27938415	0.51082606	c	6.000	0
-5.50881093	0.05966016	0.73599659	o	8.000	0
-4.68402531	-1.77460537	-1.02753673	c	6.000	0
-1.94572005	-2.45543814	-0.59652424	c	6.000	0
7.03167096	-1.49368846	-1.43779097	h	1.000	0
7.80095517	-0.12255165	1.51294236	h	1.000	0
7.74195391	1.76207843	-1.21542796	h	1.000	0
3.61331928	2.35345934	1.36526734	h	1.000	0
2.66854745	-2.27467111	-1.99104425	h	1.000	0
-0.94404085	1.24978263	2.95681046	h	1.000	0
-0.20244660	3.50341165	0.59329010	h	1.000	0
-4.74584171	3.62214617	1.90433393	h	1.000	0
-4.29122627	3.08841087	-1.38569430	h	1.000	0
-4.93277568	-1.04482217	-2.95668575	h	1.000	0
-5.88208603	-3.43400882	-0.78233319	h	1.000	0
-1.32356552	-3.78401989	-2.04940712	h	1.000	0
-1.75882699	-3.39542532	1.25281914	h	1.000	0

(E)-1-(N-morpholino)propene Product:

The H₃C-C-C-N Torsion Angles were constrained to 270°.



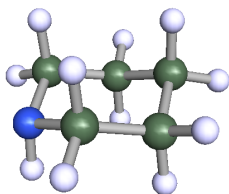
Total Energy = -443.95574673478 hartree

Enthalpy Correction = 0.250871 hartree

Entropy = 0.000157 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
-3.75610637	-0.86259722	-2.48954163	c	6.000	0
-3.41984453	-0.58746933	0.37855386	c	6.000	0
-5.77232523	0.50734924	1.62727049	c	6.000	0
-1.24527472	1.11013959	0.82477152	c	6.000	0
1.06862342	0.45962180	1.06210525	n	7.000	0
2.02782611	-2.12686712	0.91832390	c	6.000	0
4.00780324	-2.26070150	-1.15858636	c	6.000	0
5.96500103	-0.50633404	-0.74411607	o	8.000	0
5.01367408	1.98220554	-0.71521682	c	6.000	0
3.08817389	2.32258894	1.38235438	c	6.000	0
-5.40557628	-2.04572948	-2.85027082	h	1.000	0
-2.11215217	-1.74338644	-3.36968641	h	1.000	0
-4.06645677	0.97580688	-3.37539601	h	1.000	0
-3.03085687	-2.44833047	1.18209605	h	1.000	0
-6.23187230	2.35735861	0.83257729	h	1.000	0
-5.51701764	0.71241206	3.66337551	h	1.000	0
-7.36991059	-0.75249430	1.29721962	h	1.000	0
-1.60054364	3.13292296	0.90035578	h	1.000	0
0.49769715	-3.44205709	0.54587800	h	1.000	0
2.87762087	-2.56453423	2.74622801	h	1.000	0
4.84177538	-4.14272926	-1.16187663	h	1.000	0
3.11796488	-1.92069523	-3.00269284	h	1.000	0
6.59859962	3.25478207	-0.38861952	h	1.000	0
4.14906928	2.44163898	-2.54439228	h	1.000	0
2.27335732	4.21058459	1.34930885	h	1.000	0
3.95931976	1.97361735	3.21960074	h	1.000	0

Piperidine (equatorial l.p.) (MCA* = 402.3 kJ/mol, N = 17.35, s_N = 0.68):



Total Energy = -251.70878388335 hartree

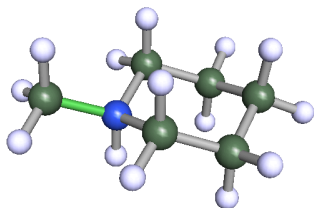
Enthalpy Correction = 0.166189 hartree

Entropy = 0.000118 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
1.64537859	-0.41304260	-2.28013917	c	6.000	0
2.97778153	0.37629013	0.00000000	n	7.000	0
1.64537859	-0.41304260	2.28013917	c	6.000	0
-1.10792711	0.42417019	2.36512759	c	6.000	0
-2.50292545	-0.43768623	0.00000000	c	6.000	0
-1.10792711	0.42417019	-2.36512759	c	6.000	0
1.72999375	-2.48336623	-2.37044247	h	1.000	0
3.10147067	2.29112283	0.00000000	h	1.000	0
1.72999375	-2.48336623	2.37044247	h	1.000	0
-1.17732236	2.49245340	2.49424961	h	1.000	0
-2.62269507	-2.50795015	0.00000000	h	1.000	0
-1.17732236	2.49245340	-2.49424961	h	1.000	0

2.67458110	0.30310390	-3.92265008	h	1.000	0
2.67458110	0.30310390	3.92265008	h	1.000	0
-2.01866802	-0.31893352	4.06761806	h	1.000	0
-4.44469422	0.27076551	0.00000000	h	1.000	0
-2.01866802	-0.31893352	-4.06761806	h	1.000	0

Piperidine (equatorial 1.p.) Product:



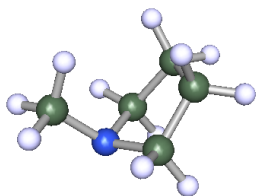
Total Energy = -291.45357013429 hartree

Enthalpy Correction = 0.211472 hartree

Entropy = 0.000128 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
2.25080488	-0.54598680	-2.35488161	c	6.000	0
3.66085091	0.30232777	0.00000000	c	6.000	0
2.25080488	-0.54598680	2.35488161	c	6.000	0
-0.45601808	0.36621422	2.33179641	c	6.000	0
-1.79111436	-0.49902905	0.00000000	n	7.000	0
-0.45601808	0.36621422	-2.33179641	c	6.000	0
2.27599617	-2.61135729	-2.49394489	h	1.000	0
3.82898612	2.36555463	0.00000000	h	1.000	0
2.27599617	-2.61135729	2.49394489	h	1.000	0
-0.56738728	2.42621617	2.32296625	h	1.000	0
-1.75834125	-2.42778071	0.00000000	h	1.000	0
-0.56738728	2.42621617	-2.32296625	h	1.000	0
3.14502141	0.18108251	-4.06610857	h	1.000	0
5.57473721	-0.46667683	0.00000000	h	1.000	0
3.14502141	0.18108251	4.06610857	h	1.000	0
-1.53049033	-0.34894961	3.93564390	h	1.000	0
-4.46607966	0.30338528	0.00000000	c	6.000	0
-1.53049033	-0.34894961	-3.93564390	h	1.000	0
-5.37845360	-0.43531740	1.68680259	h	1.000	0
-4.52688716	2.35916206	0.00000000	h	1.000	0
-5.37845360	-0.43531740	-1.68680259	h	1.000	0

1-Methylpyrrolidine (MCA* = 401.0 kJ/mol, N = 20.6, $s_N = 0.52$):



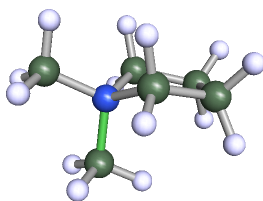
Total Energy = -251.69039579229 hartree

Enthalpy Correction = 0.165108 hartree

Entropy = 0.000122 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
-4.27028584	-5.54838345	-0.78722797	n	7.000	0
-0.51779666	-3.98778437	1.26783783	c	6.000	0
-2.63672104	-2.01541190	1.57510463	c	6.000	0
-1.51631762	-5.77231249	-0.80505402	c	6.000	0
-4.65033376	-2.84522654	-0.35679190	c	6.000	0
1.27948932	-3.13789835	0.72113717	h	1.000	0
-0.19898377	-5.00863934	3.03204584	h	1.000	0
-3.39676295	-2.04295342	3.49243080	h	1.000	0
-1.98821959	-0.09375707	1.20247810	h	1.000	0
-0.94621198	-7.73749546	-0.54748600	h	1.000	0
-0.82783022	-5.14858306	-2.65322448	h	1.000	0
-6.58441715	-2.47099647	0.25363322	h	1.000	0
-4.34824967	-1.85552387	-2.14815681	h	1.000	0
-5.39108221	-7.05581231	1.22107133	c	6.000	0
-4.68317772	-6.58892426	3.12093760	h	1.000	0
-7.43729429	-6.78607996	1.22276254	h	1.000	0
-5.00924517	-9.05431105	0.87535515	h	1.000	0

1-Methylpyrrolidine Product:



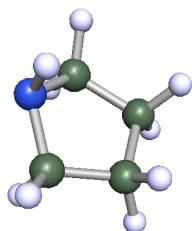
Total Energy = -291.43553898613 hartree

Enthalpy Correction = 0.21034 hartree

Entropy = 0.000129 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
-1.11396723	-0.12783380	0.00000000	n	7.000	0
0.35893399	0.84803437	2.21641394	c	6.000	0
3.11646370	0.56561254	1.45721086	c	6.000	0
3.11646370	0.56561254	-1.45721086	c	6.000	0
0.35893399	0.84803437	-2.21641394	c	6.000	0
-3.74425874	0.81435242	0.00000000	c	6.000	0
-0.17349145	2.82240927	2.45225283	h	1.000	0
3.90958653	-1.18626537	2.19329891	h	1.000	0
3.90958653	-1.18626537	-2.19329891	h	1.000	0
-0.17349145	2.82240927	-2.45225283	h	1.000	0
-1.12244704	-2.93395724	0.00000000	c	6.000	0
-0.19634619	-0.19853199	3.89727365	h	1.000	0
4.21831759	2.11683787	2.24000954	h	1.000	0
4.21831759	2.11683787	-2.24000954	h	1.000	0
-0.19634619	-0.19853199	-3.89727365	h	1.000	0
-4.69670520	0.11885200	-1.68475399	h	1.000	0
-3.71015100	2.86995462	0.00000000	h	1.000	0
-4.69670520	0.11885200	1.68475399	h	1.000	0
-2.09963065	-3.58548276	-1.68708316	h	1.000	0
0.81254691	-3.62340541	0.00000000	h	1.000	0
-2.09963065	-3.58548276	1.68708316	h	1.000	0

Pyrrolidine (MCA* = 399.3 kJ/mol, N = 18.64, $s_N = 0.60$):



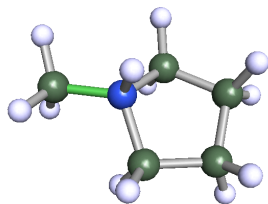
Total Energy = -212.42043590722 hartree

Enthalpy Correction = 0.136334 hartree

Entropy = 0.000114 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
-5.48489963	-5.14596512	-0.87004933	n	7.000	0
-1.96193492	-3.41792238	1.40897967	c	6.000	0
-4.12077981	-1.46238852	1.45413061	c	6.000	0
-2.73072430	-5.27101375	-0.68703514	c	6.000	0
-6.04051819	-2.46367886	-0.49230656	c	6.000	0
-0.12080071	-2.55984942	1.04751541	h	1.000	0
-1.84023733	-4.40582086	3.21754117	h	1.000	0
-4.97223051	-1.35408317	3.33023996	h	1.000	0
-3.46909410	0.43250122	0.96302703	h	1.000	0
-2.10974639	-7.20669909	-0.34083905	h	1.000	0
-1.93217031	-4.66430454	-2.49812886	h	1.000	0
-8.00233566	-2.20591811	0.08745282	h	1.000	0
-5.78649894	-1.48826128	-2.29950535	h	1.000	0
-6.21998775	-6.11943478	0.61168984	h	1.000	0

Pyrrolidine Product:



Total Energy = -252.16425167492 hartree

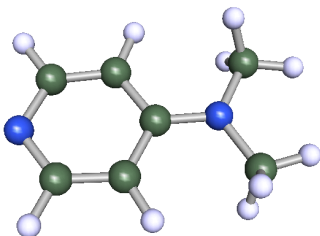
Enthalpy Correction = 0.181475 hartree

Entropy = 0.000123 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
-5.29186218	-4.05834492	2.30767018	c	6.000	0
-2.57798170	-3.31087036	2.18412086	n	7.000	0
-1.74152065	-4.13983375	-0.38473725	c	6.000	0
-4.04363793	-3.75259414	-2.08354970	c	6.000	0
-6.28739973	-3.32718898	-0.27449364	c	6.000	0
-6.18764649	-3.11119525	3.89701418	h	1.000	0
-2.50240419	-1.38605480	2.23678820	h	1.000	0
-1.23090848	-6.12607863	-0.20848679	h	1.000	0

-4.32209258	-5.41574894	-3.26315195	h	1.000	0
-6.85234861	-1.34453594	-0.27423601	h	1.000	0
-5.32137728	-6.09689299	2.61109751	h	1.000	0
-1.00839307	-4.29203287	4.26628424	c	6.000	0
-0.07636251	-3.05982720	-0.91795804	h	1.000	0
-3.78477457	-2.13482170	-3.32881716	h	1.000	0
-7.93646798	-4.45152534	-0.77369312	h	1.000	0
0.93000548	-3.66750171	3.98791293	h	1.000	0
-1.10620355	-6.34596651	4.23857927	h	1.000	0
-1.73652257	-3.56635591	6.04576767	h	1.000	0

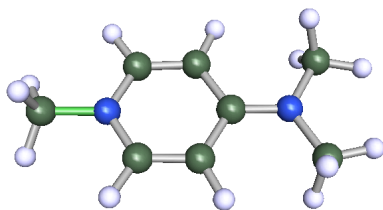
DMAP (MCA* = 397.4 kJ/mol, N = 14.80, $s_N = 0.67$):



Total Energy = -381.9689329 hartree
 Enthalpy Correction = 0.172471 hartree
 Entropy = 0.000142 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
-3.34406109	-1.92719648	-1.62688858	c	6.000	0
-2.08913203	-0.10817604	-0.02420119	n	7.000	0
-3.55414143	1.38898442	1.72660315	c	6.000	0
0.45725899	0.06298637	-0.03345294	c	6.000	0
1.97261716	-1.42743187	-1.64041461	c	6.000	0
4.56289265	-1.15817415	-1.57404312	c	6.000	0
5.81383739	0.43848022	-0.06925050	n	7.000	0
4.37249474	1.84195265	1.45770916	c	6.000	0
1.77148947	1.74298175	1.56350840	c	6.000	0
-2.81171405	-3.86980333	-1.14824040	h	1.000	0
-2.89921764	-1.60874217	-3.62107125	h	1.000	0
-5.37608685	-1.73812786	-1.38813275	h	1.000	0
-3.11185481	0.92206158	3.69463394	h	1.000	0
-3.22063430	3.41133579	1.45219816	h	1.000	0
-5.55128931	1.02308977	1.41048276	h	1.000	0
1.14730207	-2.78286327	-2.92732148	h	1.000	0
5.71136923	-2.31593215	-2.82335051	h	1.000	0
5.36533741	3.14596156	2.69619193	h	1.000	0
0.78353240	2.95861324	2.87503983	h	1.000	0

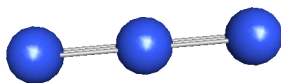
DMAP Product:



Total Energy = -421.7101611 hartree
Enthalpy Correction = 0.216336 hartree
Entropy = 0.000153 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
4.93104234	-2.34811083	-0.80928642	c	6.000	0
3.61696669	-0.03782699	-0.14184529	n	7.000	0
5.06351282	2.23379827	0.36513148	c	6.000	0
1.10576414	-0.00550272	0.01676170	c	6.000	0
-0.24565602	2.21402935	0.66889780	c	6.000	0
-2.81179345	2.17093436	0.81964816	c	6.000	0
-4.15791710	0.05956321	0.35632277	n	7.000	0
-6.89885653	0.05681409	0.64549643	c	6.000	0
-2.93424956	-2.08368960	-0.27528228	c	6.000	0
-0.37314661	-2.18837826	-0.46302026	c	6.000	0
6.94988187	-1.97869248	-0.83174323	h	1.000	0
4.36697181	-3.01064965	-2.68254147	h	1.000	0
4.55489297	-3.84137420	0.56741806	h	1.000	0
4.56420345	3.74323007	-0.95346216	h	1.000	0
7.05976073	1.81117779	0.14332867	h	1.000	0
4.74746014	2.90171464	2.29421656	h	1.000	0
0.70879945	3.97509279	1.05358636	h	1.000	0
-3.88782931	3.83549254	1.31713607	h	1.000	0
-7.60719901	1.95923096	0.32856382	h	1.000	0
-7.40312348	-0.56346244	2.54426978	h	1.000	0
-7.72178583	-1.21764141	-0.74141426	h	1.000	0
-4.10683352	-3.71995172	-0.62808424	h	1.000	0
0.47913400	-3.96579777	-0.98672325	h	1.000	0

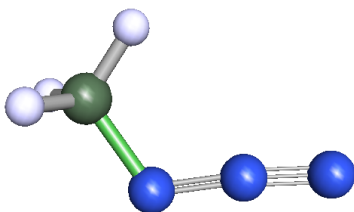
Azide Anion (MCA* = 394.2 kJ/mol, N = 20.50, $s_N = 0.59$):



Total Energy = -164.22162021667 hartree
Enthalpy Correction = 0.013693 hartree
Entropy = 0.000061 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
2.21069394	0.08162507	0.00000000	n	7.000	0
0.00001128	0.00004787	0.00000000	n	7.000	0
-2.21070522	-0.08167294	0.00000000	n	7.000	0

Azide Anion Product:



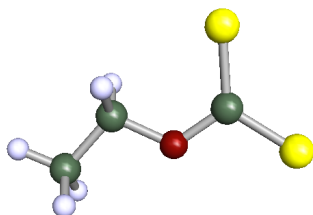
Total Energy = -203.94960169644 hartree

Enthalpy Correction = 0.056298 hartree

Entropy = 0.000108 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
4.65695085	0.66605825	-0.03792942	n	7.000	0
2.73376236	-0.25285960	0.03311832	n	7.000	0
0.77732473	-1.44175166	0.12651321	n	7.000	0
-1.58550524	0.00592887	-0.00696575	c	6.000	0
-1.23843092	2.03003761	-0.17989461	h	1.000	0
-2.67865355	-0.36003335	1.70114094	h	1.000	0
-2.66544823	-0.64738011	-1.63598270	h	1.000	0

Xanthate Anion (MCA* = 391.1 kJ/mol, N = 19.30, $s_N = 0.69$):



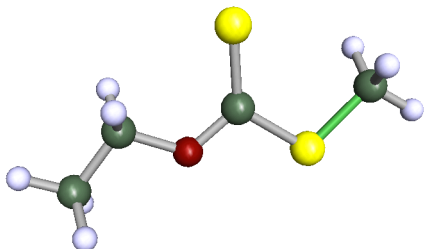
Total Energy = -988.69742284954 hartree

Enthalpy Correction = 0.086483 hartree

Entropy = 0.000133 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
2.88312796	3.12645161	4.72037243	s	16.000	0
3.49325355	0.68046905	2.77676515	c	6.000	0
1.68210506	-0.28388182	1.29437460	o	8.000	0
-0.82546175	0.73887767	1.33086824	c	6.000	0
-2.38367106	-0.78001002	-0.50198599	c	6.000	0
6.31660083	-0.79360702	2.46303378	s	16.000	0
-1.56645109	0.62515379	3.25447838	h	1.000	0
-0.74140576	2.73389386	0.80648269	h	1.000	0
-2.44869156	-2.76728891	0.04997954	h	1.000	0
-1.61803111	-0.64937899	-2.41386001	h	1.000	0
-4.31418815	-0.05150840	-0.52651942	h	1.000	0

Xanthate Anion Product:



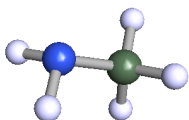
Total Energy = -1028.43209633714 hartree

Enthalpy Correction = 0.127392 hartree

Entropy = 0.000148 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
-0.15947768	3.24538155	-2.92764250	s	16.000	0
0.58552908	1.48180161	-0.48723520	c	6.000	0
2.93115923	2.11977888	1.73085464	s	16.000	0
4.21258749	5.05382149	0.65959333	c	6.000	0
-0.48102384	-0.67711255	0.15253942	o	8.000	0
-2.50543930	-1.67919504	-1.37279166	c	6.000	0
-3.32321462	-4.12603895	-0.18734345	c	6.000	0
2.77037126	6.52083655	0.67495658	h	1.000	0
5.70225590	5.51247691	2.00840783	h	1.000	0
5.00713584	4.84914913	-1.22695953	h	1.000	0
-4.02430765	-0.28385966	-1.42129486	h	1.000	0
-1.79597173	-1.93551040	-3.29294368	h	1.000	0
-1.77125145	-5.48407704	-0.14156621	h	1.000	0
-4.00896355	-3.82714041	1.73477539	h	1.000	0
-4.85778096	-4.93165733	-1.30622518	h	1.000	0

Methanamine (MCA* = 389.2 kJ/mol, $N = 15.19$, $s_N = 0.68$):



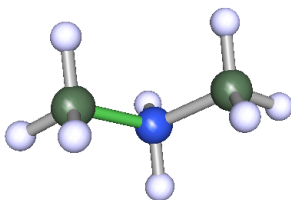
Total Energy = -95.78704451254 hartree

Enthalpy Correction = 0.068833 hartree

Entropy = 0.000091 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
-1.07537958	0.03053886	0.00000000	c	6.000	0
1.61956496	0.61375034	0.00000000	n	7.000	0
-1.96372443	0.87005968	-1.66358884	h	1.000	0
-1.51662883	-1.99682200	0.00000000	h	1.000	0
-1.96372443	0.87005968	1.66358884	h	1.000	0
2.45002723	-0.19395619	1.52556173	h	1.000	0
2.45002723	-0.19395619	-1.52556173	h	1.000	0

Methanamine Product:



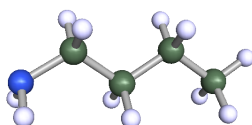
Total Energy = -135.52824241474 hartree

Enthalpy Correction = 0.115209 hartree

Entropy = 0.0001 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
0.00000000	-2.33642745	-0.43270688	c	6.000	0
0.00000000	0.00000000	1.10110823	n	7.000	0
0.00000000	2.33642745	-0.43270688	c	6.000	0
0.00000000	-3.95823508	0.82739164	h	1.000	0
-1.68688140	-2.33615153	-1.60696732	h	1.000	0
1.68688140	-2.33615153	-1.60696732	h	1.000	0
1.53352452	0.00000000	2.26671839	h	1.000	0
-1.53352452	0.00000000	2.26671839	h	1.000	0
0.00000000	3.95823508	0.82739164	h	1.000	0
-1.68688140	2.33615153	-1.60696732	h	1.000	0
1.68688140	2.33615153	-1.60696732	h	1.000	0

Butan-1-amine (MCA* = 389.0 kJ/mol, N = 15.27, $s_N = 0.63$):



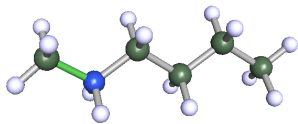
Total Energy = -213.63253619997 hartree

Enthalpy Correction = 0.158341 hartree

Entropy = 0.000126 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
-5.15639887	0.58328025	0.00000000	n	7.000	0
-2.56893147	1.53558579	0.00000000	c	6.000	0
-5.41683813	-0.54737764	1.52708195	h	1.000	0
-5.41683813	-0.54737764	-1.52708195	h	1.000	0
-0.51005890	-0.46986793	0.00000000	c	6.000	0
-2.33353636	2.75527359	-1.65615951	h	1.000	0
-2.33353636	2.75527359	1.65615951	h	1.000	0
-0.75450793	-1.68669443	1.66114205	h	1.000	0
-0.75450793	-1.68669443	-1.66114205	h	1.000	0
2.14061477	0.63680142	0.00000000	c	6.000	0
2.36589885	1.86041085	1.65613960	h	1.000	0
2.36589885	1.86041085	-1.65613960	h	1.000	0
4.19488002	-1.36900844	0.00000000	c	6.000	0
6.07983846	-0.52534584	0.00000000	h	1.000	0
4.04533113	-2.58102624	1.66788741	h	1.000	0
4.04533113	-2.58102624	-1.66788741	h	1.000	0

Butan-1-amine Product:



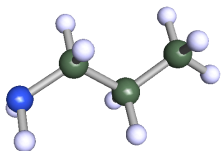
Total Energy = -253.37296769400 hartree

Enthalpy Correction = 0.204341 hartree

Entropy = 0.000136 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
-3.17898696	-3.18458440	0.17960933	n	7.000	0
-0.76753537	-1.78812286	-0.17175639	c	6.000	0
-4.86187311	-3.11377530	-2.04924458	c	6.000	0
-2.79013587	-5.01877573	0.62762946	h	1.000	0
-4.11040211	-2.46633574	1.70679003	h	1.000	0
-6.56642413	-4.17811549	-1.62350174	h	1.000	0
-5.32548156	-1.15307666	-2.45254811	h	1.000	0
-3.87129009	-3.95741233	-3.63953738	h	1.000	0
0.86217343	-1.94171445	2.16561466	c	6.000	0
0.16481304	-2.62344341	-1.80845465	h	1.000	0
-1.27283991	0.15801743	-0.62339662	h	1.000	0
-0.16972657	-1.15711828	3.78005245	h	1.000	0
1.25703983	-3.92685418	2.60208031	h	1.000	0
3.33500145	-0.51968009	1.81671739	c	6.000	0
2.92480630	1.45778060	1.36335626	h	1.000	0
5.00593545	-0.65445407	4.14563565	c	6.000	0
4.34350811	-1.29893202	0.18594457	h	1.000	0
6.76940901	0.37871881	3.85908018	h	1.000	0
4.05358604	0.15976780	5.78879513	h	1.000	0
5.48407454	-2.61248932	4.60098645	h	1.000	0

Propan-1-amine (MCA* = 388.6 kJ/mol, N = 15.11, s_N = 0.63):



Total Energy = -174.35186612957 hartree

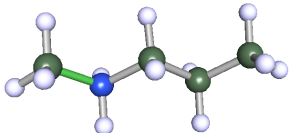
Enthalpy Correction = 0.128452 hartree

Entropy = 0.000114 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
-2.28143728	-1.17977449	-2.97457349	n	7.000	0
-1.50590981	-1.42058371	-0.34037519	c	6.000	0
-2.40533424	-2.92373911	-3.76285641	h	1.000	0
-0.91154518	-0.26749120	-3.95916755	h	1.000	0
0.99213832	-2.77488236	0.09861804	c	6.000	0
-3.00803690	-2.41108017	0.68462712	h	1.000	0
-1.40153849	0.47895744	0.47697782	h	1.000	0
1.67436098	-2.95525776	2.88184259	c	6.000	0
0.87801437	-4.67149673	-0.72653917	h	1.000	0
2.48426698	-1.77279437	-0.93181795	h	1.000	0

1.83496577	-1.07675776	3.72989890	h	1.000	0
3.47395372	-3.92766231	3.15909001	h	1.000	0
0.22908153	-3.99359179	3.93369868	h	1.000	0

Propan-1-amine Product:



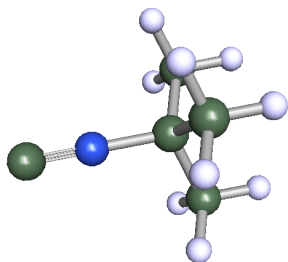
Total Energy = -214.09204543299 hartree

Enthalpy Correction = 0.174647 hartree

Entropy = 0.000125 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
-3.56514726	-3.52976442	1.14208845	n	7.000	0
-1.46134057	-1.73831148	0.63867158	c	6.000	0
-3.04813496	-5.29406159	0.56294917	h	1.000	0
-3.83679104	-3.66968612	3.04543796	h	1.000	0
-5.97218119	-2.82079613	-0.08698596	c	6.000	0
-5.67082563	-2.75377330	-2.11846302	h	1.000	0
-7.39124500	-4.23094292	0.37903397	h	1.000	0
-6.54146697	-0.97521845	0.61395508	h	1.000	0
-1.21842128	-1.67146099	-1.40675458	h	1.000	0
-2.09313008	0.11258810	1.28767755	h	1.000	0
0.93240969	-2.55813895	1.96142690	c	6.000	0
0.58337401	-2.67581345	3.99698233	h	1.000	0
1.45368906	-4.45470490	1.32157445	h	1.000	0
3.07565872	-0.72194151	1.43770798	c	6.000	0
2.60392126	1.17796028	2.09626893	h	1.000	0
4.79643279	-1.32070453	2.40247449	h	1.000	0
3.48333600	-0.61345508	-0.58396167	h	1.000	0

2-Isocyano-2-methylpropane (MCA* = 388.5 kJ/mol, N = 5.47, $s_N = 0.77$):



Total Energy = -250.46647213288 hartree

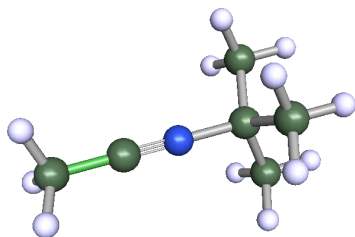
Enthalpy Correction = 0.138435 hartree

Entropy = 0.000124 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
0.00000000	0.00000000	0.34123000	c	6.000	0
0.00000000	0.00000000	3.05977103	n	7.000	0
1.37134581	-2.37524062	-0.54531518	c	6.000	0
1.37134581	2.37524062	-0.54531518	c	6.000	0

-2.74269162	0.00000000	-0.54531518	c	6.000	0
3.31829885	2.39156849	0.13342832	h	1.000	0
1.39088997	2.40909210	-2.60695372	h	1.000	0
0.41200964	4.06951535	0.13342832	h	1.000	0
0.41200964	-4.06951535	0.13342832	h	1.000	0
3.31829885	-2.39156849	0.13342832	h	1.000	0
1.39088997	-2.40909210	-2.60695372	h	1.000	0
-3.73030849	-1.67794686	0.13342832	h	1.000	0
-2.78177994	0.00000000	-2.60695372	h	1.000	0
-3.73030849	1.67794686	0.13342832	h	1.000	0
0.00000000	0.00000000	5.25390063	c	6.000	0

2-Isocyano-2-methylpropane Product:



Total Energy = -290.20106428905 hartree

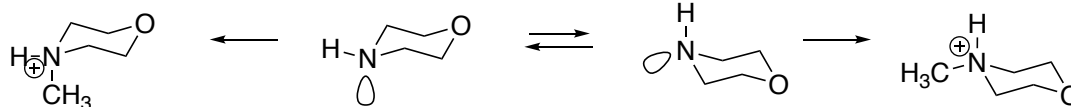
Enthalpy Correction = 0.180574 hartree

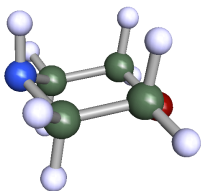
Entropy = 0.00014 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
0.00000000	0.00000000	-1.46418444	c	6.000	0
0.00000000	0.00000000	1.27464529	n	7.000	0
0.14902122	-2.74887834	-2.30453214	c	6.000	0
2.30608786	1.50349533	-2.30453214	c	6.000	0
-2.45510908	1.24538300	-2.30453214	c	6.000	0
-1.47517678	-3.81956640	-1.62275191	h	1.000	0
0.14965029	-2.78970187	-4.36472855	h	1.000	0
1.88191318	-3.63240246	-1.62463195	h	1.000	0
-2.49077783	1.26524998	-4.36472855	h	1.000	0
-2.57025314	3.18732377	-1.62275191	h	1.000	0
-4.08670940	0.18641660	-1.62463195	h	1.000	0
2.20479621	3.44598585	-1.62463195	h	1.000	0
4.04542992	0.63224263	-1.62275191	h	1.000	0
2.34112754	1.52445189	-4.36472855	h	1.000	0
0.00000000	0.00000000	3.42709227	c	6.000	0
0.00000000	0.00000000	6.12654799	c	6.000	0
-0.42262698	1.90539805	6.79478073	h	1.000	0
-1.43880963	-1.31870473	6.79478073	h	1.000	0
1.86143661	-0.58669332	6.79478073	h	1.000	0

Morpholine (equatorial l.p.) (MCA* = 388.4 kJ/mol, N = 15.65, $s_N = 0.74$):

~ +0.016 kcal/mol





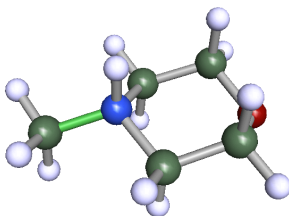
Total Energy = -287.59229345716 hartree

Enthalpy Correction = 0.142183 hartree

Entropy = 0.000116 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
2.79534518	0.59458407	0.00000000	o	8.000	0
1.55603943	-0.28000129	2.20930874	c	6.000	0
-1.17936400	0.56930454	2.26278831	c	6.000	0
-2.56389350	-0.17571139	0.00000000	n	7.000	0
-1.17936400	0.56930454	-2.26278831	c	6.000	0
1.55603943	-0.28000129	-2.20930874	c	6.000	0
1.64843091	-2.35748407	2.27726450	h	1.000	0
2.60589144	0.47405686	3.81848554	h	1.000	0
-1.24193284	2.63441961	2.40955725	h	1.000	0
-2.12213111	-0.20675193	3.92873058	h	1.000	0
-2.76359796	-2.08419390	0.00000000	h	1.000	0
-1.24193284	2.63441961	-2.40955725	h	1.000	0
-2.12213111	-0.20675193	-3.92873058	h	1.000	0
2.60589144	0.47405686	-3.81848554	h	1.000	0
1.64843091	-2.35748407	-2.27726450	h	1.000	0

Morpholine (equatorial l.p.) Product:



Total Energy = -327.33169346444 hartree

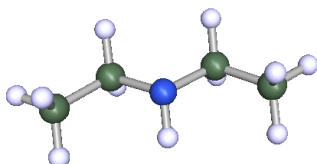
Enthalpy Correction = 0.187377 hartree

Entropy = 0.000126 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
-1.23298299	-5.71603939	0.64391953	c	6.000	0
-0.31292785	-3.31875509	-0.07236573	o	8.000	0
-1.81964903	-1.38959259	0.98383442	c	6.000	0
-4.52164357	-1.56912711	0.08336526	c	6.000	0
-5.58015866	-4.09646130	0.73545374	n	7.000	0
-3.90413949	-6.12240398	-0.27529512	c	6.000	0
-1.14774920	-5.92454709	2.70831531	h	1.000	0
-1.74856089	-1.48452963	3.05696873	h	1.000	0
-4.64215285	-1.38899175	-1.96573831	h	1.000	0
-5.58848802	-4.24930831	2.65924047	h	1.000	0
-4.01535139	-6.01106235	-2.32975532	h	1.000	0
-0.00917050	-7.13767932	-0.20444950	h	1.000	0

-1.03401248	0.41767363	0.38805564	h	1.000	0
-5.70292887	-0.13711619	0.97208286	h	1.000	0
-8.21387984	-4.38325321	-0.15137419	c	6.000	0
-4.64487283	-7.93456986	0.35904466	h	1.000	0
-8.90125085	-6.23298229	0.42228044	h	1.000	0
-9.35601625	-2.89882870	0.69448120	h	1.000	0
-8.22934597	-4.21794769	-2.20089643	h	1.000	0

Diethylamine (MCA* = 388.1 kJ/mol, N = 15.10, $s_N = 0.73$):



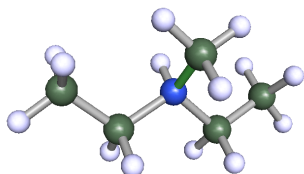
Total Energy = -213.62380749306 hartree

Enthalpy Correction = 0.157531 hartree

Entropy = 0.000126 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
-2.98893130	-4.12721058	0.45718760	n	7.000	0
-1.04833143	-2.19554332	0.27145590	c	6.000	0
-2.43414112	-5.42828678	1.75423581	h	1.000	0
-3.45110075	-5.40959766	-1.92458822	c	6.000	0
-0.51926731	-1.00722926	2.81923064	c	6.000	0
0.72197586	-2.95443215	-0.52824775	h	1.000	0
-1.71344416	-0.75109379	-1.05451352	h	1.000	0
0.92209207	0.46105014	2.65710760	h	1.000	0
0.16688275	-2.42095479	4.16288311	h	1.000	0
-2.23100523	-0.15847450	3.60247180	h	1.000	0
-5.36669195	-7.51185590	-1.61682850	c	6.000	0
-1.69316196	-6.17879875	-2.74183779	h	1.000	0
-4.15564685	-4.00751485	-3.27576930	h	1.000	0
-7.15447712	-6.77374846	-0.89390200	h	1.000	0
-4.68219800	-8.94381581	-0.29187925	h	1.000	0
-5.72764682	-8.44399347	-3.42254919	h	1.000	0

Diethylamine Product:



Total Energy = -253.36406072422 hartree

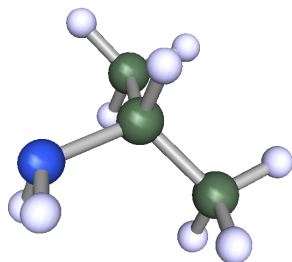
Enthalpy Correction = 0.203403 hartree

Entropy = 0.000135 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
-0.03652119	0.32317667	0.00000000	n	7.000	0
1.37347975	-0.47150464	2.31906228	c	6.000	0
-2.67186075	-0.61326925	0.00000000	c	6.000	0
-0.10120429	2.25151839	0.00000000	h	1.000	0
1.37347975	-0.47150464	-2.31906228	c	6.000	0

-3.63626695	0.08163652	1.67225083	h	1.000	0
-2.62433505	-2.66949553	0.00000000	h	1.000	0
-3.63626695	0.08163652	-1.67225083	h	1.000	0
1.39236407	-2.53238441	2.29888005	h	1.000	0
0.25412574	0.57282743	4.72313675	c	6.000	0
3.30367055	0.20004754	2.06963127	h	1.000	0
1.53001056	0.11155123	6.27472947	h	1.000	0
0.08300191	2.62821232	4.63552852	h	1.000	0
-1.58594741	-0.23913085	5.16582610	h	1.000	0
1.39236407	-2.53238441	-2.29888005	h	1.000	0
0.25412574	0.57282743	-4.72313675	c	6.000	0
3.30367055	0.20004754	-2.06963127	h	1.000	0
0.08300191	2.62821232	-4.63552852	h	1.000	0
-1.58594741	-0.23913085	-5.16582610	h	1.000	0
1.53001056	0.11155123	-6.27472947	h	1.000	0

Propan-2-amine (MCA* = 387.8 kJ/mol, N = 13.77, $s_N = 0.70$):



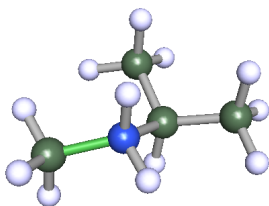
Total Energy = -174.35505046185 hartree

Enthalpy Correction = 0.127706 hartree

Entropy = 0.000113 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
-3.75910186	-3.10068074	0.32766861	n	7.000	0
-1.64499439	-1.33373267	0.07588199	c	6.000	0
-3.61928094	-4.43482744	-1.04716127	h	1.000	0
-3.59680621	-4.05530860	1.98350040	h	1.000	0
-1.84114993	0.00837669	-2.45112621	c	6.000	0
0.92702183	-2.58614925	0.39458037	c	6.000	0
-1.86875132	0.07562040	1.57854289	h	1.000	0
2.45858513	-1.20236659	0.28352101	h	1.000	0
1.22685155	-3.99550037	-1.09061277	h	1.000	0
1.05701839	-3.54140464	2.22205942	h	1.000	0
-1.66171560	-1.35116780	-4.00183276	h	1.000	0
-3.66186842	0.96191388	-2.63906915	h	1.000	0
-0.34000901	1.40898166	-2.66339426	h	1.000	0

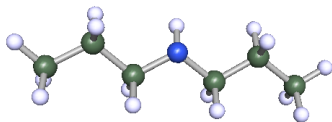
Propan-2-amine Product:



Total Energy = -214.09443817033 hartree
 Enthalpy Correction = 0.173421 hartree
 Entropy = 0.000124 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
-2.98321614	-4.05111063	0.95431343	n	7.000	0
-1.32424096	-1.79672717	0.48160202	c	6.000	0
-5.72264278	-3.52711326	1.12296467	c	6.000	0
-2.68175835	-5.32584754	-0.45933119	h	1.000	0
-2.39983613	-4.93027123	2.57024655	h	1.000	0
-6.09364089	-2.37836830	2.78203217	h	1.000	0
-6.71368959	-5.31959217	1.27904582	h	1.000	0
-6.30259569	-2.53955767	-0.58346586	h	1.000	0
-1.46985092	0.01640889	2.68341323	c	6.000	0
1.32919938	-2.73916340	-0.00711117	c	6.000	0
-2.09295764	-0.92411347	-1.22242877	h	1.000	0
2.54009484	-1.14112642	-0.48054932	h	1.000	0
1.37916908	-4.07033767	-1.58367230	h	1.000	0
2.10661734	-3.66015437	1.67069106	h	1.000	0
-3.36227757	0.78417221	2.94950559	h	1.000	0
-0.19858456	1.59643795	2.31839527	h	1.000	0
-0.86245881	-0.90096262	4.43230704	h	1.000	0

Dipropylamine (MCA* = 386.8 kJ/mol, N = 14.51, s_N = 0.80):

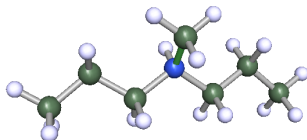


Total Energy = -292.18512025623 hartree
 Enthalpy Correction = 0.217288 hartree
 Entropy = 0.000149 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
-4.10072554	-3.64346695	0.69467340	n	7.000	0
-1.87353513	-2.05007048	0.84338167	c	6.000	0
-4.16174531	-4.44446873	-1.04788237	h	1.000	0
-4.11312835	-5.64159853	2.57322861	c	6.000	0
-0.11033906	-3.16382463	0.74365118	h	1.000	0
-1.85184728	-0.06418136	-1.22114310	c	6.000	0
-1.87005734	-1.12187743	2.69642829	h	1.000	0
0.45605624	1.63637624	-1.08419690	c	6.000	0
-1.91401382	-1.00836796	-3.06463877	h	1.000	0
-3.57999240	1.06481184	-1.07904385	h	1.000	0
0.43720170	3.05042604	-2.58790539	h	1.000	0
2.20003426	0.54294553	-1.26970658	h	1.000	0
0.53307280	2.63800610	0.72220946	h	1.000	0
-4.13336494	-4.76045464	4.44899308	h	1.000	0
-6.39952075	-7.34455459	2.29308032	c	6.000	0
-2.37809202	-6.80004390	2.48987999	h	1.000	0
-6.45571071	-9.43861991	4.25523018	c	6.000	0
-8.11154181	-6.19083092	2.43135322	h	1.000	0
-6.39602011	-8.16949435	0.39224104	h	1.000	0
-4.78175530	-10.64167846	4.10857140	h	1.000	0

-6.50290950	-8.66051480	6.16963588	h	1.000	0
-8.11718378	-10.64077864	4.02277273	h	1.000	0

Dipropylamine Product:



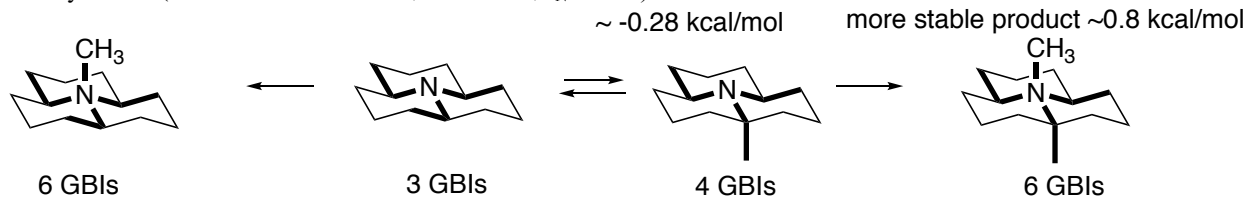
Total Energy = -331.92506382022 hartree

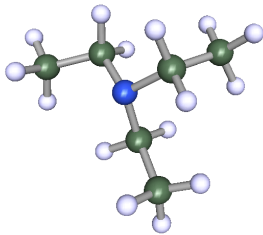
Enthalpy Correction = 0.263028 hartree

Entropy = 0.000157 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
-3.57939569	-2.98632277	1.45620927	n	7.000	0
-1.26282060	-1.40274769	1.77533615	c	6.000	0
-4.68204582	-2.12032864	0.12967762	h	1.000	0
-5.06826629	-3.15781591	3.82024281	c	6.000	0
-2.90566843	-5.53499194	0.44183107	c	6.000	0
-6.76301101	-4.26091216	3.47392411	h	1.000	0
-5.59833639	-1.27053011	4.42422158	h	1.000	0
-3.89991624	-4.06725926	5.24813696	h	1.000	0
-0.21661731	-1.56076952	0.00746894	h	1.000	0
-1.83782514	1.33804874	2.34440812	c	6.000	0
-0.15002861	-2.28459919	3.27124303	h	1.000	0
-2.75442886	1.52662894	4.18345317	h	1.000	0
0.58204226	2.88648710	2.32660572	c	6.000	0
-3.15205021	2.06804063	0.92260272	h	1.000	0
-1.83992550	-6.49455716	1.92376953	h	1.000	0
-1.64446945	-5.19877278	-1.15315684	h	1.000	0
-5.17816486	-7.05248809	-0.39575422	c	6.000	0
-6.38687681	-7.51048170	1.21285533	h	1.000	0
-6.30540169	-5.92069849	-1.71097274	h	1.000	0
-4.33600259	-9.48479460	-1.67076819	c	6.000	0
-3.17575238	-9.09315458	-3.33346861	h	1.000	0
-3.22732840	-10.65340626	-0.37820360	h	1.000	0
-5.97115585	-10.58509650	-2.27618352	h	1.000	0
0.17596317	4.86383636	2.74585752	h	1.000	0
1.91359732	2.19700134	3.74714160	h	1.000	0
1.51021311	2.79878342	0.48421473	h	1.000	0

Triethylamine (MCA* = 385.1 kJ/mol, N = 17.30, $s_N = 0.52$):

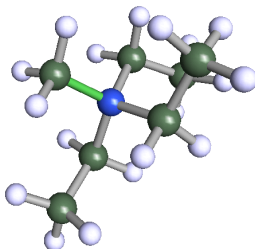




Total Energy = -292.17396505909 hartree
 Enthalpy Correction = 0.216385 hartree
 Entropy = 0.000146 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
-3.50431513	-3.76986049	0.67976344	n	7.000	0
-1.46322013	-1.98451409	0.19608679	c	6.000	0
-3.61573243	-4.53763653	3.31810219	c	6.000	0
-5.95466123	-2.93184339	-0.24110307	c	6.000	0
-1.26772684	-1.76635185	-1.84853670	h	1.000	0
0.28440617	-2.87678814	0.84940151	h	1.000	0
-1.70390372	0.61978458	1.40635121	c	6.000	0
-1.83693726	0.49585907	3.46269602	h	1.000	0
-3.36340425	1.63784514	0.71807932	h	1.000	0
-0.04115144	1.75582659	0.94887551	h	1.000	0
-4.54936573	-3.09484409	4.50097566	h	1.000	0
-4.91387429	-7.06506105	3.70648697	c	6.000	0
-1.67019513	-4.68108536	4.00166440	h	1.000	0
-3.99038284	-8.53125222	2.58292936	h	1.000	0
-4.81644104	-7.61013344	5.69599745	h	1.000	0
-6.90801441	-7.01110446	3.17942189	h	1.000	0
-6.01740140	-2.44966105	-3.06384587	c	6.000	0
-7.32055279	-4.41380489	0.20171178	h	1.000	0
-6.60847206	-1.22790230	0.77183168	h	1.000	0
-7.95871642	-2.09480867	-3.66888206	h	1.000	0
-5.30544537	-4.08969506	-4.09880531	h	1.000	0
-4.88991673	-0.80810850	-3.60458163	h	1.000	0

Triethylamine Product:

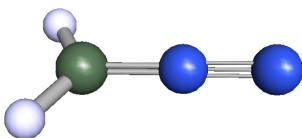


Total Energy = -331.91425904380 hartree
 Enthalpy Correction = 0.26194 hartree
 Entropy = 0.00015 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
-3.52412199	-3.61210512	0.29997886	n	7.000	0
-1.34676840	-1.89039578	0.71060623	c	6.000	0

-2.62724732	-6.31604598	0.32847789	c	6.000	0
-5.32247727	-3.22892874	2.47530644	c	6.000	0
-4.76425868	-3.05759889	-2.19740000	c	6.000	0
-2.04385257	0.01974129	0.99151028	h	1.000	0
-0.33444111	-2.50858857	2.39066306	h	1.000	0
-0.11047835	-1.94673495	-0.92681688	h	1.000	0
-0.56286341	-6.94561128	-1.53600900	c	6.000	0
-1.99412230	-6.66688582	2.25776406	h	1.000	0
-4.28849500	-7.47500819	-0.02673865	h	1.000	0
-0.14884160	-8.95417948	-1.31855871	h	1.000	0
-1.13149225	-6.64510061	-3.49264738	h	1.000	0
1.18066088	-5.91236136	-1.17006170	h	1.000	0
-7.73514190	-4.74258764	2.35260793	c	6.000	0
-4.24070347	-3.69440600	4.16595103	h	1.000	0
-5.72804421	-1.21319428	2.53293705	h	1.000	0
-8.87225671	-4.28716112	0.69544245	h	1.000	0
-7.41065732	-6.77516851	2.40616844	h	1.000	0
-8.84592974	-4.24973514	4.01860222	h	1.000	0
-3.29209818	-3.26419665	-3.61800997	h	1.000	0
-6.14687748	-4.55119945	-2.50179451	h	1.000	0
-5.97409619	-0.48324653	-2.39283734	c	6.000	0
-4.62648656	1.04736030	-2.10101747	h	1.000	0
-7.55412154	-0.24404037	-1.09313851	h	1.000	0
-6.71308331	-0.29874227	-4.30880866	h	1.000	0

Diazomethane (MCA* = 383.7 kJ/mol, N = 10.48, $s_N = 0.78$):



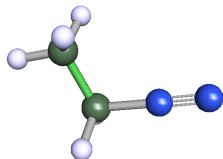
Total Energy = -148.63293772196 hartree

Enthalpy Correction = 0.036624 hartree

Entropy = 0.000092 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
0.00000000	0.00000000	-1.02021859	c	6.000	0
0.00000000	0.00000000	1.40591699	n	7.000	0
-1.80822793	0.00000000	-1.96381179	h	1.000	0
1.80822793	0.00000000	-1.96381179	h	1.000	0
0.00000000	0.00000000	3.54181071	n	7.000	0

Diazomethane product:



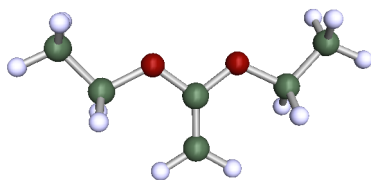
Total Energy = -188.36766329417 hartree

Enthalpy Correction = 0.080704 hartree

Entropy = 0.000108 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
-0.25071197	-1.15170623	0.00000000	c	6.000	0
2.46360235	-1.29772147	0.00000000	n	7.000	0
-1.09254285	1.58143295	0.00000000	c	6.000	0
-0.79915646	-2.20193812	-1.69053087	h	1.000	0
-0.79915646	-2.20193812	1.69053087	h	1.000	0
-0.44014820	2.55731630	1.68886518	h	1.000	0
-0.44014820	2.55731630	-1.68886518	h	1.000	0
-3.15171139	1.54183009	0.00000000	h	1.000	0
4.51595771	-1.38230719	0.00000000	n	7.000	0

1,1-Diethoxyethene (MCA* = 382.0 kJ/mol, N = 9.81 s_N = 0.81):



Total Energy = -386.00129785158 hartree

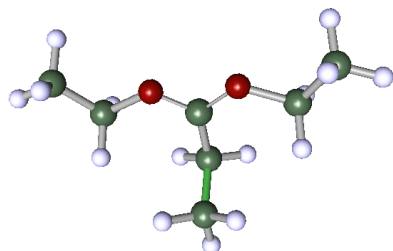
Enthalpy Correction = 0.185933 hartree

Entropy = 0.000148 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
0.00000000	0.00000000	-3.17632292	c	6.000	0
0.00000000	0.00000000	-0.64454929	c	6.000	0
0.00000000	1.75024297	-4.22072098	h	1.000	0
0.00000000	-1.75024297	-4.22072098	h	1.000	0
0.00000000	2.02935449	0.86773436	o	8.000	0
0.00000000	-2.02935449	0.86773436	o	8.000	0
0.00000000	-4.45639784	-0.30038921	c	6.000	0
0.00000000	4.45639784	-0.30038921	c	6.000	0
-1.67653215	-4.62911326	-1.50003381	h	1.000	0
1.67653215	-4.62911326	-1.50003381	h	1.000	0
0.00000000	-6.41646637	1.75904662	c	6.000	0
-1.67737298	-6.23702760	2.94686170	h	1.000	0
0.00000000	-8.29852599	0.91453478	h	1.000	0
1.67737298	-6.23702760	2.94686170	h	1.000	0
0.00000000	6.41646637	1.75904662	c	6.000	0
-1.67653215	4.62911326	-1.50003381	h	1.000	0
1.67653215	4.62911326	-1.50003381	h	1.000	0
-1.67737298	6.23702760	2.94686170	h	1.000	0
1.67737298	6.23702760	2.94686170	h	1.000	0
0.00000000	8.29852599	0.91453478	h	1.000	0

1,1-Diethoxyethene Product:

The H₃C-C-C-O Torsion Angle was constrained to 90°.



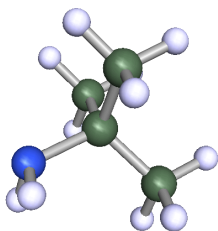
Total Energy = -425.73519952329 hartree

Enthalpy Correction = 0.229828 hartree

Entropy = 0.000164 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
-2.78402888	-1.92153295	0.44123311	c	6.000	0
-0.45129389	-0.43862735	0.06305575	c	6.000	0
1.02887858	0.21302716	1.84565758	o	8.000	0
0.27575850	0.39614752	-2.07435455	o	8.000	0
-1.10168498	-0.16740983	-4.41054948	c	6.000	0
0.58185612	-0.55367193	4.46961854	c	6.000	0
-0.96392029	-2.19810190	-4.71937469	h	1.000	0
-3.06676422	0.37715473	-4.13850420	h	1.000	0
0.13929990	1.32026256	-6.47491241	c	6.000	0
2.11811820	0.78371628	-6.68624075	h	1.000	0
-0.84061207	0.91427917	-8.24366757	h	1.000	0
0.01313458	3.34445438	-6.10782924	h	1.000	0
2.51569545	0.77428010	6.05431883	c	6.000	0
0.78318505	-2.60141580	4.54434946	h	1.000	0
-1.33722409	-0.00962352	4.97322906	h	1.000	0
4.42551296	0.24579663	5.48779433	h	1.000	0
2.30268001	2.82012726	5.92268617	h	1.000	0
2.23793590	0.21347714	8.01957202	h	1.000	0
-5.03880598	-0.15312035	0.90754553	c	6.000	0
-2.52183559	-3.18882522	2.04094662	h	1.000	0
-3.11577672	-3.07705143	-1.23015877	h	1.000	0
-5.35693980	1.11106196	-0.68718233	h	1.000	0
-4.76518727	0.99125826	2.59802596	h	1.000	0
-6.71963590	-1.31203565	1.16714797	h	1.000	0

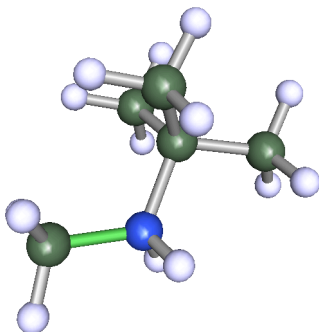
2-Methylpropan-2-amine (MCA* = 381.9 kJ/mol, N = 12.35, s_N = 0.72):



Total Energy = -213.63944394870 hartree
 Enthalpy Correction = 0.15657 hartree
 Entropy = 0.000122 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
-2.93192503	-2.99882790	0.07299539	n	7.000	0
-0.95831023	-1.04584283	0.07811910	c	6.000	0
-2.81040771	-4.01729355	1.69555892	h	1.000	0
-2.57584561	-4.24545380	-1.34230447	h	1.000	0
1.67920029	-2.19209188	0.35481579	c	6.000	0
-1.48467492	0.72649733	2.28312109	c	6.000	0
-1.13907060	0.38962547	-2.40919172	c	6.000	0
-1.41591753	-0.30085114	4.07618784	h	1.000	0
-0.07938757	2.23720175	2.36031507	h	1.000	0
-3.35602374	1.57852969	2.09541338	h	1.000	0
-0.82359821	-0.88185756	-4.00882581	h	1.000	0
0.28011080	1.88682128	-2.49632884	h	1.000	0
-3.00771123	1.24246682	-2.61747709	h	1.000	0
3.14143415	-0.73080888	0.35936245	h	1.000	0
1.82459366	-3.25166137	2.12370127	h	1.000	0
2.07121434	-3.48813917	-1.20701833	h	1.000	0

2-Methylpropan-2-amine Product:

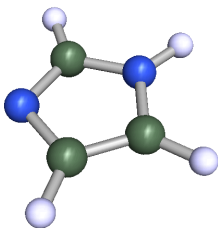


Total Energy = -253.37691578954 hartree
 Enthalpy Correction = 0.202302 hartree
 Entropy = 0.000132 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
-3.58668910	-3.75531486	0.10400407	n	7.000	0
-1.54485687	-1.73771523	0.15191220	c	6.000	0
-5.29711664	-2.86369083	0.09165775	h	1.000	0
-3.47718174	-4.66540493	-1.59329052	h	1.000	0
-3.58583269	-5.66426143	2.14497082	c	6.000	0
1.01174440	-3.02150145	-0.02918648	c	6.000	0
-2.04278273	-0.10148691	-2.15404400	c	6.000	0
-1.81601985	-0.22055219	2.56890175	c	6.000	0
-1.38443979	-1.34182503	4.24300359	h	1.000	0
-3.71750609	0.56302337	2.75147716	h	1.000	0
-0.48433023	1.35099935	2.50670138	h	1.000	0
-3.91095268	0.77344470	-2.05949076	h	1.000	0
-0.63484385	1.40012900	-2.23680387	h	1.000	0

-1.90953219	-1.20425661	-3.89494964	h	1.000	0
1.12305761	-4.23844315	-1.69361929	h	1.000	0
2.46141041	-1.56769449	-0.20718407	h	1.000	0
1.44316533	-4.13525922	1.65029842	h	1.000	0
-3.81354290	-4.72473501	3.95483741	h	1.000	0
-5.16535344	-6.93599160	1.81678930	h	1.000	0
-1.82423934	-6.71487488	2.09148445	h	1.000	0

Imidazole (MCA* = 382.4 kJ/mol, N = 11.47, $s_N = 0.79$):



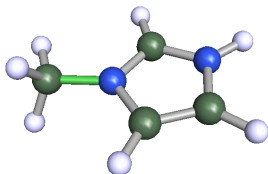
Total Energy = -226.065589971 hartree

Enthalpy Correction = 0.076994 hartree

Entropy = 0.000103 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
2.06103022	-1.10284264	0.02797651	c	6.000	0
1.29759304	1.36436919	0.01601897	c	6.000	0
-1.28210338	1.27639487	-0.01783531	n	7.000	0
-1.97855877	-1.17399162	-0.02508413	c	6.000	0
-0.00053418	-2.67783414	0.00214183	n	7.000	0
3.96839451	-1.82626740	0.05364953	h	1.000	0
2.32457422	3.12243836	0.02796739	h	1.000	0
-2.45647470	2.77402782	-0.03470819	h	1.000	0
-3.93392097	-1.75629444	-0.05012662	h	1.000	0

Imidazole Product:



Total Energy = -265.80056515596 hartree

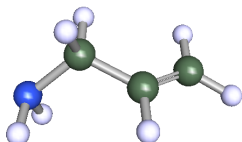
Enthalpy Correction = 0.120639 hartree

Entropy = 0.000115 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
-3.53216164	0.15049628	0.10574399	c	6.000	0
-0.79345988	0.03654294	0.02350675	n	7.000	0
0.56979137	-2.05702099	-0.13719874	c	6.000	0
2.98788256	-1.40501629	-0.16444465	n	7.000	0
3.19644688	1.16725976	-0.01830396	c	6.000	0
0.80539604	2.08113677	0.10070796	c	6.000	0
-4.21760367	1.24073664	-1.49848805	h	1.000	0
-4.27451712	-1.76236028	0.01190807	h	1.000	0

-4.12513496	1.03970367	1.86348070	h	1.000	0
-0.15936916	-3.95500481	-0.23010903	h	1.000	0
4.43726388	-2.63860737	-0.27757520	h	1.000	0
4.99573230	2.11433641	-0.01124874	h	1.000	0
0.10973339	3.98779727	0.23202092	h	1.000	0

Prop-2-en-1-amine (MCA* = 382.0 kJ/mol, N = 14.37, $s_N = 0.66$):



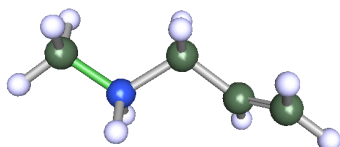
Total Energy = -173.1189699738 hartree

Enthalpy Correction = 0.104499 hartree

Entropy = 0.00011 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
-4.55527782	-3.70037531	0.63522837	n	7.000	0
-2.35030762	-2.10986485	0.13550183	c	6.000	0
-4.42061556	-4.45259237	2.39384057	h	1.000	0
-4.54557635	-5.19089462	-0.57118164	h	1.000	0
-2.32779600	-0.60569579	1.55751990	h	1.000	0
0.11688172	-3.49160984	0.18101591	c	6.000	0
-2.59305286	-1.19405550	-1.70225733	h	1.000	0
0.56824932	-4.45948717	1.94181161	h	1.000	0
1.70646824	-3.63400241	-1.75448929	c	6.000	0
1.29824468	-2.69435510	-3.53443863	h	1.000	0
3.46445373	-4.68154003	-1.63383772	h	1.000	0

Prop-2-en-1-amine Product:



Total Energy = -212.85594323595 hartree

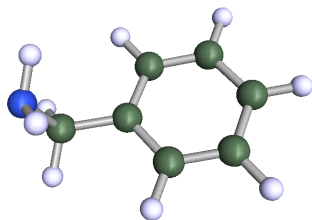
Enthalpy Correction = 0.150304 hartree

Entropy = 0.000122 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
-4.83609934	-3.15587332	0.74404769	n	7.000	0
-2.55062558	-1.53457822	0.42990947	c	6.000	0
-4.28898040	-4.97855887	1.05206861	h	1.000	0
-5.77476707	-2.61884963	2.34001606	h	1.000	0
-6.57621103	-3.06705716	-1.44044110	c	6.000	0
-5.56461813	-3.72062690	-3.10525126	h	1.000	0
-7.20115619	-1.12650747	-1.69590791	h	1.000	0
-8.17982493	-4.28976299	-1.05103062	h	1.000	0
-3.21502060	0.39405150	0.15473999	h	1.000	0
-1.62445284	-2.18093614	-1.29581982	h	1.000	0
-0.85302614	-1.74590019	2.66267357	c	6.000	0
-0.28135025	0.20320836	4.12686139	c	6.000	0

-0.04980754	-3.60056265	3.03328923	h	1.000	0
-1.05838776	2.06893964	3.77398183	h	1.000	0
0.99799817	0.00077046	5.71338175	h	1.000	0

Phenylmethanamine (MCA* = 379.3 kJ/mol, N = 14.29, $s_N = 0.67$):



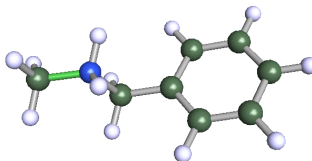
Total Energy = -326.66053877550 hartree

Enthalpy Correction = 0.155413 hartree

Entropy = 0.000132 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
-4.11421857	-5.78951109	0.87519368	c	6.000	0
-1.77278948	-6.89813830	0.45635009	c	6.000	0
0.29574259	-5.38565357	-0.11475919	c	6.000	0
0.01953016	-2.78162492	-0.25841462	c	6.000	0
-2.31726822	-1.64651484	0.16986463	c	6.000	0
-4.37925080	-3.18322419	0.73011320	c	6.000	0
-5.74075242	-6.95889473	1.30733642	h	1.000	0
-1.56224152	-8.93332400	0.56366882	h	1.000	0
2.12679854	-6.23916940	-0.45948248	h	1.000	0
1.64058490	-1.60944102	-0.71618809	h	1.000	0
-2.58147645	1.18699010	0.13025015	c	6.000	0
-6.21592709	-2.32620101	1.05058436	h	1.000	0
-2.01367888	2.42695168	2.53605752	n	7.000	0
-1.32356327	1.97805166	-1.30557488	h	1.000	0
-4.51088616	1.69062951	-0.40910319	h	1.000	0
-3.14950676	1.70748140	3.90388008	h	1.000	0
-0.22408407	1.98914172	3.06778028	h	1.000	0

Phenylmethanamine Product:



Total Energy = -366.39713615756 hartree

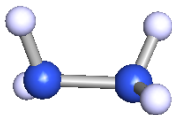
Enthalpy Correction = 0.201245 hartree

Entropy = 0.000142 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
-5.65778900	-5.16185624	0.35167636	c	6.000	0
-3.60265625	-5.98521086	1.76115896	c	6.000	0
-1.47665000	-4.46879002	1.98622171	c	6.000	0
-1.39126077	-2.12173670	0.80130356	c	6.000	0

-3.45734128	-1.30500326	-0.60652959	c	6.000	0
-5.58481975	-2.82018416	-0.83068124	c	6.000	0
-7.32291319	-6.34267246	0.18319250	h	1.000	0
-3.65928954	-7.80655779	2.69589693	h	1.000	0
0.12233910	-5.10422424	3.10196783	h	1.000	0
0.92398124	-0.51346780	0.99551557	c	6.000	0
-3.40497327	0.53114292	-1.51805383	h	1.000	0
-7.19079934	-2.16775782	-1.92132706	h	1.000	0
2.75427522	-1.13879604	-1.06253687	n	7.000	0
0.48803373	1.48824673	0.79928783	h	1.000	0
1.92181369	-0.81093506	2.77079133	h	1.000	0
3.19959210	-3.01200404	-0.96412704	h	1.000	0
5.09437777	0.38696762	-0.97957618	c	6.000	0
1.88913174	-0.90571880	-2.76981703	h	1.000	0
6.31127561	-0.19544332	-2.52818775	h	1.000	0
6.02193739	0.05670593	0.82417523	h	1.000	0
4.58565890	2.36833343	-1.17373621	h	1.000	0

Hydrazine (MCA* = 378.0 kJ/mol, N = 16.45, $s_N = 0.56$):



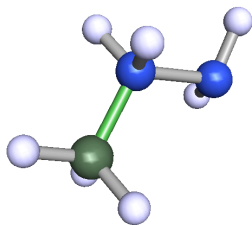
Total Energy = -111.79998111841 hartree

Enthalpy Correction = 0.058386 hartree

Entropy = 0.00009 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
1.29946999	0.31982885	-0.49633586	n	7.000	0
-1.32108161	-0.31445711	-0.43946494	n	7.000	0
2.27356200	-1.28997830	-0.84337209	h	1.000	0
1.89186584	0.95982064	1.21352905	h	1.000	0
-1.83420683	-0.97408110	1.28852687	h	1.000	0
-2.30960939	1.29886703	-0.72288303	h	1.000	0

Hydrazine Product:



Total Energy = -151.5353465796 hartree

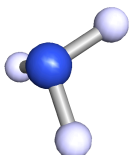
Enthalpy Correction = 0.103787 hartree

Entropy = 0.000101 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
-2.43318156	0.44650977	-1.18740234	n	7.000	0
-0.24930660	-0.94864216	-0.44709690	n	7.000	0
1.84415880	0.74946859	0.26271291	c	6.000	0

-3.78299624	-0.83565977	-1.65375507	h	1.000	0
-1.96676824	1.37862702	-2.79969858	h	1.000	0
-0.73913744	-2.02072896	1.07767314	h	1.000	0
0.34460712	-2.18054586	-1.81250352	h	1.000	0
1.19241401	1.96375547	1.78447489	h	1.000	0
3.42636621	-0.41179185	0.87067806	h	1.000	0
2.36384395	1.85900774	-1.38715723	h	1.000	0

Ammonia (MCA* = 375.6 kJ/mol, N = 11.39, $s_N = 0.69$):



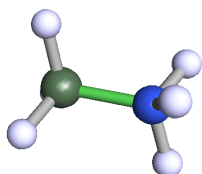
Total Energy = -56.52300480668 hartree

Enthalpy Correction = 0.038344 hartree

Entropy = 0.000073 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
0.00000000	0.00000000	-0.55420265	n	7.000	0
-0.88452007	1.53203371	0.18448474	h	1.000	0
-0.88452007	-1.53203371	0.18448474	h	1.000	0
1.76904015	0.00000000	0.18448474	h	1.000	0

Ammonia Product:



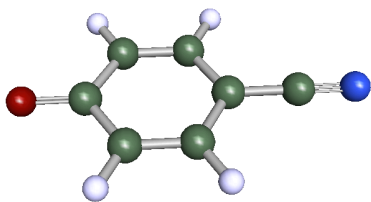
Total Energy = -96.25779423342 hartree

Enthalpy Correction = 0.08527 hartree

Entropy = 0.000088 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
0.00000000	0.00000000	-1.37610166	n	7.000	0
0.00000000	0.00000000	1.41774334	c	6.000	0
-0.89512833	1.55040775	-2.08448543	h	1.000	0
-0.89512833	-1.55040775	-2.08448543	h	1.000	0
1.79025667	0.00000000	-2.08448543	h	1.000	0
-1.94654710	0.00000000	2.07083608	h	1.000	0
0.97327355	-1.68575924	2.07083608	h	1.000	0
0.97327355	1.68575924	2.07083608	h	1.000	0

Cyanophenolate Anion (MCA* = 373.8 kJ/mol, N = 19.58, $s_N = 0.59$):



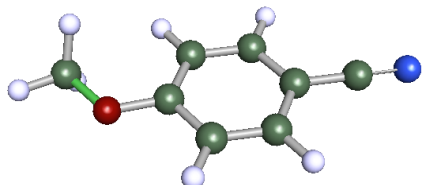
Total Energy = -398.96250640945 hartree

Enthalpy Correction = 0.099065 hartree

Entropy = 0.000131 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
-5.67502290	0.69706109	0.23325453	o	8.000	0
-3.30298219	0.40570547	0.13550059	c	6.000	0
-1.58110835	2.49980219	0.17487326	c	6.000	0
0.98741138	2.18022276	0.06968340	c	6.000	0
2.05181057	-0.25219161	-0.08363198	c	6.000	0
4.69179248	-0.57628264	-0.19220232	c	6.000	0
6.86394313	-0.84257292	-0.28195988	n	7.000	0
0.42217398	-2.35366533	-0.12704476	c	6.000	0
-2.14724791	-2.04174269	-0.02243054	c	6.000	0
-2.37756666	4.38653748	0.29293873	h	1.000	0
2.22656659	3.81371545	0.10410548	h	1.000	0
1.22302701	-4.23773032	-0.24524297	h	1.000	0
-3.38279711	-3.67885893	-0.05784355	h	1.000	0

Cyanophenolate Anion Product:



Total Energy = -438.69388543137 hartree

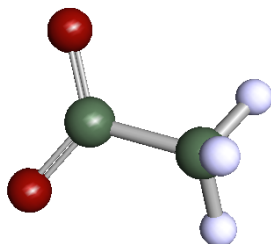
Enthalpy Correction = 0.142391 hartree

Entropy = 0.000143 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
-5.48487649	0.91994821	0.83510612	c	6.000	0
-3.92402119	-0.34897923	-0.94168163	o	8.000	0
-1.41709638	-0.29251511	-0.59252967	c	6.000	0
0.03260391	-1.56703959	-2.39930284	c	6.000	0
2.62280426	-1.61469190	-2.20323616	c	6.000	0
3.81733436	-0.38338829	-0.18798282	c	6.000	0
6.49287975	-0.42496860	0.02041201	c	6.000	0
8.66693178	-0.45929889	0.18663546	n	7.000	0
2.37090886	0.88522218	1.61183121	c	6.000	0
-0.23392124	0.93640819	1.41888802	c	6.000	0
-5.25534875	0.11875853	2.72487652	h	1.000	0
-7.41602625	0.63203138	0.19528452	h	1.000	0

-5.06296809	2.94100488	0.87742923	h	1.000	0
-0.91883122	-2.50958490	-3.94732958	h	1.000	0
3.73981338	-2.60208011	-3.60510077	h	1.000	0
3.29003609	1.83813526	3.17249956	h	1.000	0
-1.32022278	1.93103799	2.83420081	h	1.000	0

Acetate anion (MCA* = 372.0 kJ/mol, N = 16.90, $s_N = 0.75$):



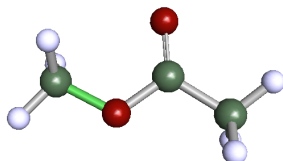
Total Energy = -228.47917530035 hartree

Enthalpy Correction = 0.054282 hartree

Entropy = 0.000107 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
-4.30454205	-3.91677153	0.36233227	c	6.000	0
-2.17577320	-1.98378346	0.17754259	c	6.000	0
-5.97497300	-3.14806080	-0.58458351	h	1.000	0
-3.80202102	-5.68691148	-0.56527492	h	1.000	0
-4.81395556	-4.26827255	2.32899286	h	1.000	0
-2.17064823	-0.23103689	1.77482076	o	8.000	0
-0.61036959	-2.24586730	-1.58275706	o	8.000	0

Acetate anion Product:



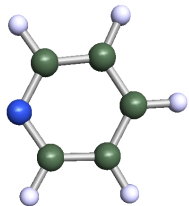
Total Energy = -268.20909584522 hartree

Enthalpy Correction = 0.097125 hartree

Entropy = 0.00012 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
-4.25380648	-4.72608012	0.47998497	c	6.000	0
-1.96040684	-3.31609701	-0.36342625	c	6.000	0
-3.72944011	-6.38631357	1.57996375	h	1.000	0
-5.38028765	-5.26482945	-1.15222462	h	1.000	0
-5.37695363	-3.49167593	1.69740527	h	1.000	0
-0.23018365	-3.16109231	1.45832609	o	8.000	0
-1.67682150	-2.37736078	-2.42791845	o	8.000	0
2.01155214	-1.77685042	0.85804464	c	6.000	0
1.54730174	0.17614624	0.39442333	h	1.000	0
2.98895381	-2.64802620	-0.73231954	h	1.000	0
3.18161595	-1.85267948	2.54453872	h	1.000	0

Pyridine (MCA* = 371.6 kJ/mol, N = 12.90, $s_N = 0.67$):



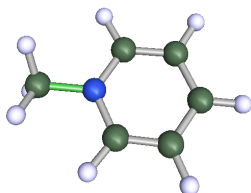
Total Energy = -248.09291778524 hartree

Enthalpy Correction 0.094839 hartree

Entropy = 0.000107 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
-2.25211260	0.00000000	-0.90516394	c	6.000	0
-2.15191543	0.00000000	1.71396712	c	6.000	0
0.00000000	0.00000000	3.02159127	n	7.000	0
2.15191543	0.00000000	1.71396712	c	6.000	0
2.25211260	0.00000000	-0.90516394	c	6.000	0
0.00000000	0.00000000	-2.24318683	c	6.000	0
-4.06059986	0.00000000	-1.86438390	h	1.000	0
-3.88646898	0.00000000	2.81190435	h	1.000	0
3.88646898	0.00000000	2.81190435	h	1.000	0
4.06059986	0.00000000	-1.86438390	h	1.000	0
0.00000000	0.00000000	-4.29154950	h	1.000	0

Pyridine Product:



Total Energy = -287.82291499180 hartree

Enthalpy Correction 0.138517 hartree

Entropy = 0.000122 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
-5.45618159	-5.20546487	0.36068716	c	6.000	0
-3.01643216	-6.10080409	0.33455340	c	6.000	0
-1.05480500	-4.49829302	0.31758427	n	7.000	0
-1.41241592	-1.98904787	0.32538518	c	6.000	0
-3.81169807	-0.99474313	0.35202639	c	6.000	0
-5.86791142	-2.61909495	0.37004752	c	6.000	0
-7.00421010	-6.53870375	0.36799813	h	1.000	0
-2.56309997	-8.09230624	0.32435391	h	1.000	0
1.52662512	-5.49398602	0.36687115	c	6.000	0
0.27145522	-0.83264539	0.30759340	h	1.000	0
-4.04746529	1.03477375	0.35295989	h	1.000	0
-7.77365552	-1.87492336	0.38626736	h	1.000	0
2.19240352	-5.53263359	2.31429286	h	1.000	0
2.73211321	-4.27544257	-0.76474511	h	1.000	0

1.52182340 -7.39327707 -0.41203554 h 1.000 0

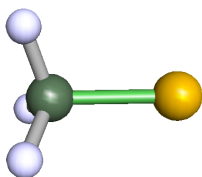
Chloride Anion (MCA* = 364.2 kJ/mol, N = 17.20, $s_N = 0.60$):



Total Energy = -460.23988439252 hartree

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
-3.51185959	-3.38131867	0.35233660	cl	17.000	0

Chloride Anion Product:



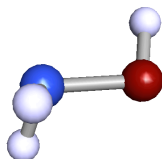
Total Energy = -499.9415452311 hartree

Enthalpy Correction = 0.041394 hartree

Entropy = 0.000093 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
-0.29236569	-0.01353351	0.00218921	c	6.000	0
3.07788818	0.14245110	-0.02315910	cl	17.000	0
-0.89465075	-1.04722430	-1.66639687	h	1.000	0
-0.87198097	-0.98820077	1.71375503	h	1.000	0
-1.01889077	1.90650748	-0.02638827	h	1.000	0

Hydroxylamine (MCA* = 358.2 kJ/mol, N = 12.80, $s_N = 0.63$):



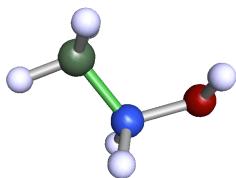
Total Energy = -131.64273302654 hartree

Enthalpy Correction = 0.045029 hartree

Entropy = 0.000089 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
-0.77376021	0.07314351	-0.58277507	n	7.000	0
1.48284766	-0.12291510	0.87722240	o	8.000	0
-1.69415766	1.59311097	0.14586813	h	1.000	0
-1.81963260	-1.45399128	-0.07032190	h	1.000	0
2.80470281	-0.08934811	-0.36999356	h	1.000	0

Hydroxylamine Product:



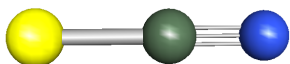
Total Energy = -171.36999328277 hartree

Enthalpy Correction = 0.090171 hartree

Entropy = 0.000101 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
-2.78650613	0.46958188	0.83631081	o	8.000	0
-0.74840131	-0.93850718	-0.02848154	n	7.000	0
1.66251837	0.44450726	0.04265100	c	6.000	0
-2.96902395	1.85990928	-0.34278724	h	1.000	0
-1.12344390	-1.60601322	-1.80387073	h	1.000	0
-0.68511258	-2.47417842	1.13809714	h	1.000	0
1.53367285	2.03648170	-1.24981066	h	1.000	0
3.13392244	-0.85849980	-0.56451862	h	1.000	0
1.98237420	1.06671850	1.97240986	h	1.000	0

NCS Anion (MCA* = 342.9 kJ/mol, N = 17.94, $s_N = 0.60$):



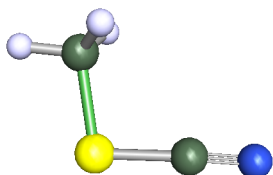
Total Energy = -491.0072761493 hartree

Enthalpy Correction = 0.01195 hartree

Entropy = 0.000067 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
2.80769106	0.05899980	0.00000000	s	16.000	0
-0.29725173	-0.00619909	0.00000000	c	6.000	0
-2.51043934	-0.05280072	0.00000000	n	7.000	0

NCS Anion product:



Total Energy = -530.71482718926 hartree

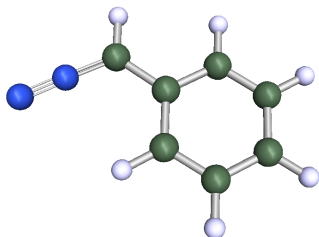
Enthalpy Correction = 0.053047 hartree

Entropy = 0.000112 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
4.96917849	0.86441213	0.58625694	n	7.000	0
3.20080255	-0.08257478	-0.28362955	c	6.000	0

0.70960277	-1.51757635	-1.61283214	s	16.000	0
-1.83188392	-0.00511624	0.10786125	c	6.000	0
-1.82711046	2.01756213	-0.25264060	h	1.000	0
-1.67640612	-0.42215393	2.11361162	h	1.000	0
-3.54418331	-0.85455296	-0.65862752	h	1.000	0

(Diazomethyl)benzene (MCA* = 342.9 kJ/mol, N = 9.35, $s_N = 0.83$):



Total Energy = -379.51336561991 hartree

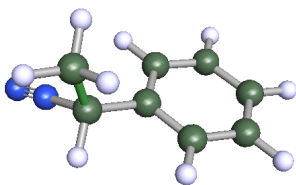
Enthalpy Correction = 0.123804 hartree

Entropy = 0.000134 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
3.70009650	1.40585663	0.00000000	c	6.000	0
4.01028677	3.82571238	0.00000000	n	7.000	0
5.41808806	0.29971053	0.00000000	h	1.000	0
1.19666933	0.30215774	0.00000000	c	6.000	0
-1.01152400	1.75890321	0.00000000	c	6.000	0
-3.36106517	0.60643203	0.00000000	c	6.000	0
-3.56827218	-2.01161446	0.00000000	c	6.000	0
-1.38471505	-3.46998391	0.00000000	c	6.000	0
0.97279407	-2.33375393	0.00000000	c	6.000	0
-0.89709617	3.80575243	0.00000000	h	1.000	0
-5.04889741	1.76827360	0.00000000	h	1.000	0
-5.41126898	-2.90431973	0.00000000	h	1.000	0
-1.51604429	-5.51498424	0.00000000	h	1.000	0
2.66696718	-3.48719755	0.00000000	h	1.000	0
4.23398135	5.94905526	0.00000000	n	7.000	0

(Diazomethyl)benzene Product:

The H₃C-C-C-C Torsion Angle was constrained to 270°.



Total Energy = -419.23175303261 hartree

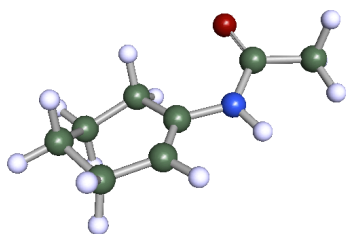
Enthalpy Correction = 0.166489 hartree

Entropy = 0.000148 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
-0.24447654	0.16504354	-0.74686809	c	6.000	0

0.59722389	2.77397101	-0.97703260	n	7.000	0
1.22623858	4.72191722	-1.16201025	n	7.000	0
-2.70111010	-0.12898703	-2.20755598	c	6.000	0
1.29754196	-0.84817240	-1.68225380	h	1.000	0
-4.20851298	0.96114361	-1.32712892	h	1.000	0
-2.46509689	0.41748562	-4.17724852	h	1.000	0
-3.17449362	-2.13156118	-2.11628914	h	1.000	0
-0.36874716	-0.51758240	2.01817028	c	6.000	0
0.10703006	-3.02372589	2.64141801	c	6.000	0
-0.07036920	-3.78876271	5.13978957	c	6.000	0
-0.68013231	-2.05186165	7.00977706	c	6.000	0
-1.12292991	0.45391168	6.37895097	c	6.000	0
-0.97131938	1.22830996	3.87917964	c	6.000	0
0.61220379	-4.37159751	1.18303949	h	1.000	0
0.29113282	-5.74427742	5.62615644	h	1.000	0
-0.79942645	-2.65141847	8.96394586	h	1.000	0
-1.58795160	1.81899990	7.83193260	h	1.000	0
-1.34032329	3.18996014	3.41434413	h	1.000	0

N-Acetyl Enamine (MCA* = 341.3 kJ/mol, N = 5.64, $s_N = 0.79$):



Total Energy = -442.34610461775 hartree

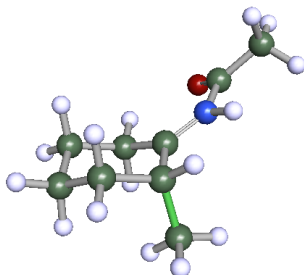
Enthalpy Correction = 0.213268 hartree

Entropy = 0.000155 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
4.20611268	1.57413897	2.64696307	o	8.000	0
4.58328590	0.01389503	0.97611554	c	6.000	0
7.19040502	-0.99612949	0.46402956	c	6.000	0
2.75049454	-0.92395076	-0.53797528	n	7.000	0
0.15065667	-0.34595616	-0.54749823	c	6.000	0
-1.45682628	-2.04408126	-1.49921680	c	6.000	0
-4.24196396	-1.62782977	-1.70626682	c	6.000	0
-5.11096101	0.67376921	-0.21902481	c	6.000	0
-3.30139190	2.86470576	-0.62885392	c	6.000	0
-0.66997689	2.21924150	0.33766910	c	6.000	0
7.23952228	-2.44753635	-0.99571551	h	1.000	0
7.95620070	-1.76337291	2.21815770	h	1.000	0
8.39812646	0.57529019	-0.11136503	h	1.000	0
3.27166265	-2.34711429	-1.69235303	h	1.000	0
-0.71322167	-3.83277852	-2.18694645	h	1.000	0
-5.23719219	-3.32312919	-1.05852828	h	1.000	0
-4.75715594	-1.41399941	-3.70620164	h	1.000	0
-5.16507678	0.21060500	1.79920196	h	1.000	0
-7.03254266	1.19277473	-0.77099755	h	1.000	0
-3.20467219	3.29754269	-2.65217598	h	1.000	0
-3.98214849	4.56811435	0.32024990	h	1.000	0

-0.61990635	2.29544851	2.40263866	h	1.000	0
0.70420602	3.62179114	-0.30255628	h	1.000	0

N-Acetyl Enamine Product:



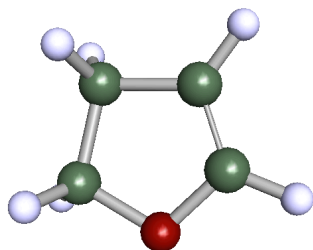
Total Energy = -482.06495701084 hartree

Enthalpy Correction = 0.256157 hartree

Entropy = 0.000166 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
5.64708497	-1.97308678	0.47571896	o	8.000	0
5.03540433	0.09877516	-0.17904584	c	6.000	0
6.66800833	2.03721583	-1.37528073	c	6.000	0
2.48236916	1.00917615	0.18217162	n	7.000	0
0.42696036	-0.20354857	0.77974736	c	6.000	0
-1.89609768	1.33700672	1.14047650	c	6.000	0
-1.54630776	3.22909804	0.38865523	h	1.000	0
-4.13749028	0.14821028	-0.26521205	c	6.000	0
-4.43931564	-2.64460560	0.32022426	c	6.000	0
-2.01949104	-4.05700306	-0.27766333	c	6.000	0
0.27343977	-2.96042806	1.12832237	c	6.000	0
6.70281835	3.73734218	-0.20104039	h	1.000	0
8.56854758	1.29496880	-1.59967152	h	1.000	0
5.88234202	2.56995808	-3.21027673	h	1.000	0
2.28501855	2.89665388	-0.10610099	h	1.000	0
-2.38226209	1.59038963	3.99330086	c	6.000	0
-5.83169281	1.21327939	0.23997389	h	1.000	0
-3.84769231	0.39558196	-2.29738144	h	1.000	0
-5.99273541	-3.41716260	-0.79911524	h	1.000	0
-4.94578877	-2.92085645	2.30573551	h	1.000	0
-1.64237700	-3.97789700	-2.30898740	h	1.000	0
-2.16474302	-6.04833814	0.23598669	h	1.000	0
0.01222159	-3.24791176	3.16846098	h	1.000	0
2.01792101	-3.89712008	0.60556360	h	1.000	0
-3.99455868	2.84870535	4.25091107	h	1.000	0
-2.82239073	-0.22209358	4.86615319	h	1.000	0
-0.75476313	2.40757249	4.95977315	h	1.000	0

2,3-Dihydrofuran (MCA* = 339.2 kJ/mol, N = 4.37, s_N = 0.90):



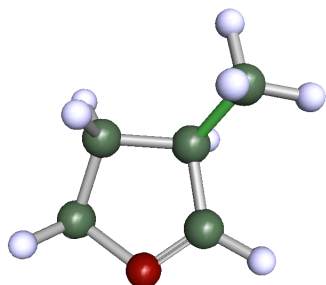
Total Energy = -231.05480491438 hartree

Enthalpy Correction = 0.09789 hartree

Entropy = 0.000105 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
0.65289345	-0.00307137	2.73062551	o	8.000	0
2.51083863	-0.00182334	0.95463139	c	6.000	0
1.71850576	0.00001638	-1.42297926	c	6.000	0
-1.12304077	-0.00054939	-1.44760205	c	6.000	0
-1.73774483	0.00167424	1.39246284	c	6.000	0
4.41342264	-0.00274940	1.70387141	h	1.000	0
2.91724034	0.00086481	-3.07415827	h	1.000	0
-2.78387846	-1.67310156	1.98454675	h	1.000	0
-2.77615952	1.68189787	1.98297826	h	1.000	0
-1.89544181	-1.66372005	-2.40094477	h	1.000	0
-1.89663859	1.66056339	-2.40343193	h	1.000	0

2,3-Dihydrofuran Product:



Total Energy = -270.77261262116 hartree

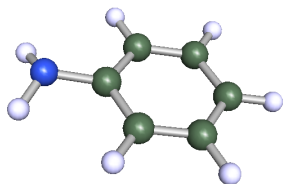
Enthalpy Correction = 0.141716 hartree

Entropy = 0.00012 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
3.69738792	1.85322603	1.48950766	o	8.000	0
2.71806543	-0.00145769	0.41086037	c	6.000	0
1.91935233	0.41863102	-2.19802976	c	6.000	0
3.22785727	2.93190878	-2.81733620	c	6.000	0
3.75032759	4.07424671	-0.24892061	c	6.000	0
2.50719607	-1.71759637	1.52346894	h	1.000	0
2.27104206	5.31402736	0.46154524	h	1.000	0
5.59909134	4.92494487	0.00789739	h	1.000	0
2.04510898	4.15918341	-3.96538041	h	1.000	0
4.98708189	2.56240900	-3.82631427	h	1.000	0

2.39139326	-1.77901644	-3.98797403	c	6.000	0
-0.14276498	0.68906239	-2.00399668	h	1.000	0
1.64646169	-1.29983890	-5.84716190	h	1.000	0
1.44849491	-3.48838829	-3.32879381	h	1.000	0
4.41169339	-2.14844238	-4.16371032	h	1.000	0

Aniline (MCA* = 334.7 kJ/mol, N = 12.64, $s_N = 0.68$):



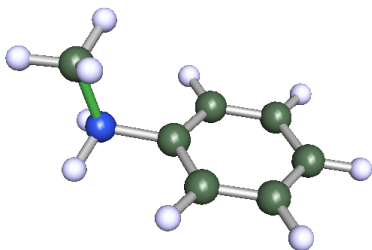
Total Energy = -287.39043085590 hartree

Enthalpy Correction = 0.124848 hartree

Entropy = 0.000119 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
-3.56532457	0.07932049	0.00000000	c	6.000	0
-2.22952539	0.02851803	-2.26162668	c	6.000	0
0.38689961	-0.07444455	-2.27042191	c	6.000	0
1.73877925	-0.14097193	0.00000000	c	6.000	0
0.38689961	-0.07444455	2.27042191	c	6.000	0
-2.22952539	0.02851803	2.26162668	c	6.000	0
-5.61114758	0.16493167	0.00000000	h	1.000	0
-3.23486632	0.07825470	-4.04743802	h	1.000	0
1.40911150	-0.11371871	-4.04852847	h	1.000	0
4.34031845	-0.38392556	0.00000000	n	7.000	0
1.40911150	-0.11371871	4.04852847	h	1.000	0
-3.23486632	0.07825470	4.04743802	h	1.000	0
5.21747450	0.22143068	1.57966628	h	1.000	0
5.21747450	0.22143068	-1.57966628	h	1.000	0

Aniline Product:



Total Energy = -327.10896743476 hartree

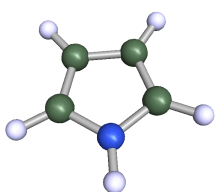
Enthalpy Correction = 0.170232 hartree

Entropy = 0.000131 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
-1.96865468	-1.61459462	0.00600914	c	6.000	0
0.42440657	-2.62888308	-0.35366091	c	6.000	0
2.52612584	-1.06357584	-0.38493710	c	6.000	0
2.17359199	1.50265763	-0.05510596	c	6.000	0

-0.18745803	2.55567236	0.30588289	c	6.000	0
-2.27487160	0.97006940	0.33275984	c	6.000	0
-3.60468803	-2.84520168	0.02466789	h	1.000	0
0.66309169	-4.64445336	-0.61794281	h	1.000	0
4.40370482	-1.83217166	-0.67036193	h	1.000	0
4.38521192	3.15370483	-0.01684463	n	7.000	0
-0.40146530	4.57840512	0.55243356	h	1.000	0
-4.14190049	1.76367441	0.60387082	h	1.000	0
5.58571717	3.36624306	2.51819489	c	6.000	0
3.88710455	4.91217444	-0.63306022	h	1.000	0
5.69021729	2.51930490	-1.28796603	h	1.000	0
7.19677979	4.63150970	2.36473909	h	1.000	0
4.19168469	4.11657783	3.82691837	h	1.000	0
6.18688884	1.49193239	3.10406728	h	1.000	0

Pyrrole (MCA* = 334.1 kJ/mol, N = 4.63, $s_N = 1.00$):



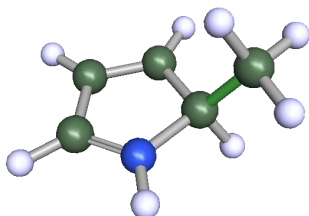
Total Energy = -210.01722458643 hartree

Enthalpy Correction = 0.088315 hartree

Entropy = 0.000104 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
0.60072253	2.17466321	0.02733999	c	6.000	0
2.20890120	0.13317228	-0.01238921	c	6.000	0
0.76916042	-1.99932875	-0.03358843	n	7.000	0
-1.72850211	-1.38167640	-0.00861186	c	6.000	0
-1.90331222	1.21133699	0.02975509	c	6.000	0
1.16181002	4.13631577	0.05185765	h	1.000	0
4.24451272	0.03024942	-0.02722785	h	1.000	0
1.45151774	-3.77315966	-0.06379605	h	1.000	0
-3.17024062	-2.82253937	-0.01989729	h	1.000	0
-3.63456966	2.29096652	0.05655796	h	1.000	0

Pyrrole product



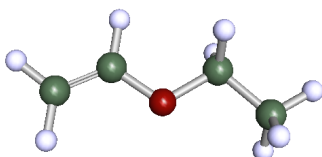
Total Energy = -249.73281904305 hartree

Enthalpy Correction = 0.130961 hartree

Entropy = 0.000116 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
-3.25729639	-0.20280134	-0.86486851	c	6.000	0
-0.95609403	0.11776074	0.83469709	c	6.000	0
0.76739424	-2.00478740	0.68450139	n	7.000	0
3.02331630	-1.28092699	0.08728357	c	6.000	0
3.08886778	1.40509165	-0.24245603	c	6.000	0
0.73091728	2.25682383	0.19656291	c	6.000	0
-2.68010467	-0.40753621	-2.83222050	h	1.000	0
-4.33031232	-1.86370207	-0.28846262	h	1.000	0
-4.46082806	1.45721713	-0.68231495	h	1.000	0
-1.57459829	0.29366434	2.80936783	h	1.000	0
0.25862993	-3.81500122	1.01945761	h	1.000	0
4.56100553	-2.61616726	-0.09802151	h	1.000	0
4.75203077	2.47014155	-0.74585043	h	1.000	0
0.07707193	4.19022326	0.12232413	h	1.000	0

Ethoxyethene (MCA* = 328.6 kJ/mol, N = 3.92, $s_N = 0.90$):



Total Energy = -232.25503968478 hartree

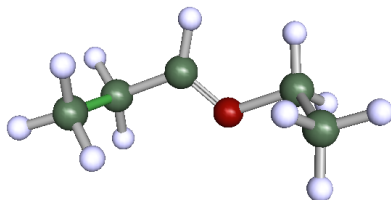
Enthalpy Correction = 0.120522 hartree

Entropy = 0.000123 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
-3.31222147	-2.71965594	0.53369004	c	6.000	0
-1.22747802	-1.38209165	0.11885682	c	6.000	0
-4.94419890	-2.42943967	-0.66133463	h	1.000	0
-3.42480949	-4.09685407	2.04610708	h	1.000	0
-1.10828429	0.00039275	-1.39961476	h	1.000	0
0.87082865	-1.62837228	1.54063750	o	8.000	0
2.97081838	-0.11648063	0.76687447	c	6.000	0
2.40091824	1.87322088	0.74785050	h	1.000	0
5.10531605	-0.54951846	2.59283281	c	6.000	0
3.51754132	-0.65351353	-1.15586841	h	1.000	0
4.55649126	-0.00634483	4.50667920	h	1.000	0
6.73433915	0.58765097	2.03636194	h	1.000	0
5.67178991	-2.53383844	2.60433016	h	1.000	0

Ethoxyethene Product:

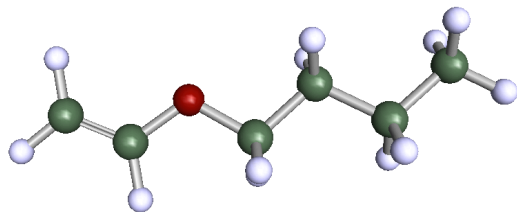
The H₃C-C-C-O Torsion Angle was constrained to 90°.



Total Energy = -271.96902894592 hartree
 Enthalpy Correction = 0.163963 hartree
 Entropy = 0.000136 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
-3.59002127	-2.59112629	0.29512688	c	6.000	0
-1.25048474	-1.22839441	-0.16523227	c	6.000	0
-1.25584913	0.65949060	-1.00287214	h	1.000	0
0.80725667	-2.13401282	0.53745137	o	8.000	0
3.16571988	-0.67056630	0.27301406	c	6.000	0
2.70061227	1.06115219	-0.74067343	h	1.000	0
4.21929312	-0.21821411	2.86148783	c	6.000	0
4.36314355	-1.87927370	-0.88111544	h	1.000	0
2.95100904	0.94982663	3.99180090	h	1.000	0
6.01123525	0.78207999	2.65142742	h	1.000	0
4.57742328	-1.99663414	3.83882469	h	1.000	0
-4.94675804	-2.09480516	-1.17430700	h	1.000	0
-3.24249848	-4.62153935	0.31521114	h	1.000	0
-4.58137211	-1.71508883	2.89908970	c	6.000	0
-4.85264551	0.32697833	2.96131025	h	1.000	0
-6.40024404	-2.62661417	3.21546472	h	1.000	0
-3.27938221	-2.27330164	4.39395699	h	1.000	0

1-(Vinylxy)butane (MCA* = 327.6 kJ/mol, N = 3.76, $s_N = 0.91$):



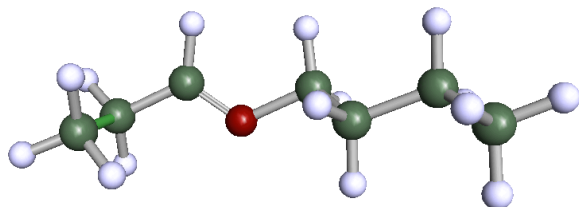
Total Energy = -310.81622657949 hartree
 Enthalpy Correction = 0.180278 hartree
 Entropy = 0.000146 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
-5.03043008	-2.81419199	1.64391217	c	6.000	0
-2.96187811	-3.83911478	0.65556914	c	6.000	0
-6.85973485	-3.58775302	1.16340274	h	1.000	0
-4.93584639	-1.21343912	2.91883171	h	1.000	0
-3.05108929	-5.44878886	-0.62199941	h	1.000	0
-0.62208726	-2.95850793	1.14210858	o	8.000	0
1.39416836	-4.38991637	0.06377361	c	6.000	0
1.38365616	-6.29722746	0.87183846	h	1.000	0
1.09877476	-4.55110471	-1.98036937	h	1.000	0
3.85404522	-3.07053078	0.62588979	c	6.000	0
3.79287500	-1.16081900	-0.17002608	h	1.000	0
4.05832765	-2.86651093	2.67568032	h	1.000	0
6.10811522	-4.49885401	-0.43871632	c	6.000	0
6.14671137	-6.40882431	0.35918830	h	1.000	0
8.59896554	-3.17866995	0.10148945	c	6.000	0
5.87184284	-4.72699530	-2.48308945	h	1.000	0
8.62955766	-1.28720755	-0.73059386	h	1.000	0
8.90259149	-2.97417100	2.13571350	h	1.000	0

10.19425103 -4.23593556 -0.67258247 h 1.000 0

1-(Vinylloxy)butane Product :

The H₃C-C-C-O Torsion Angle was constrained to 90°.



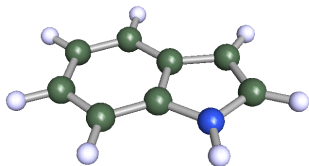
Total Energy = -350.53021421396 hartree

Enthalpy Correction = 0.223788 hartree

Entropy = 0.000158 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
-5.21182658	-2.87282223	1.29278034	c	6.000	0
-2.97667224	-4.17860016	0.37656565	c	6.000	0
-2.90924212	-4.98981545	-1.52140458	h	1.000	0
-1.02539372	-4.25419800	1.69502020	o	8.000	0
1.32071023	-5.36397441	0.69634648	c	6.000	0
1.76317144	-6.87066174	2.02564015	h	1.000	0
0.89479019	-6.14714933	-1.16228765	h	1.000	0
3.31164516	-3.33948361	0.63493658	c	6.000	0
2.70499049	-1.81611924	-0.62595556	h	1.000	0
3.52738626	-2.54006035	2.52886915	h	1.000	0
5.82153616	-4.41926157	-0.26854769	c	6.000	0
6.37879046	-5.98123576	0.96901090	h	1.000	0
7.88847892	-2.42877985	-0.30964277	c	6.000	0
5.58259585	-5.22083862	-2.16103089	h	1.000	0
7.38854342	-0.86697961	-1.56631456	h	1.000	0
8.19925611	-1.64705151	1.57749879	h	1.000	0
9.67335549	-3.22753559	-0.96840422	h	1.000	0
-5.28599473	-2.93918618	3.35055658	h	1.000	0
-6.88197678	-3.75579943	0.47013163	h	1.000	0
-5.00120037	-0.10461398	0.38379070	c	6.000	0
-4.82908931	0.01087544	-1.66687312	h	1.000	0
-6.72167110	0.87308919	0.95192010	h	1.000	0
-3.38144443	0.82197685	1.25507271	h	1.000	0

Indole (MCA* = 327.5 kJ/mol, N = 5.55, s_N = 1.09):



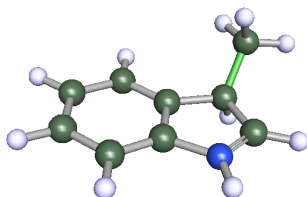
Total Energy = -363.54829048296 hartree

Enthalpy Correction = 0.138153 hartree

Entropy = 0.000125 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
0.53605265	-1.29984672	-0.02632984	c	6.000	0
-1.73051759	-2.63468281	0.05218148	c	6.000	0
-3.94321316	-1.24901092	0.14155522	c	6.000	0
-3.90650864	1.40492803	0.15298273	c	6.000	0
-1.65568160	2.72498516	0.07487953	c	6.000	0
0.61939364	1.37797358	-0.01674789	c	6.000	0
3.22840310	2.07464290	-0.11102974	c	6.000	0
4.58546646	-0.12314910	-0.17229443	c	6.000	0
2.97571180	-2.14508478	-0.12163901	n	7.000	0
-1.75815276	-4.68332558	0.04356876	h	1.000	0
-5.74137253	-2.22921190	0.20446764	h	1.000	0
-5.68003078	2.42863683	0.22479185	h	1.000	0
-1.64961361	4.77495599	0.08457473	h	1.000	0
4.00271254	3.96145682	-0.13108739	h	1.000	0
6.60267522	-0.41622603	-0.24923663	h	1.000	0
3.51467525	-3.96704149	-0.15063698	h	1.000	0

Indole Product:



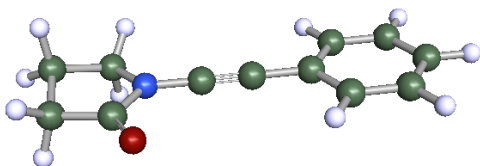
Total Energy = -403.26150808094 hartree

Enthalpy Correction = 0.18096 hartree

Entropy = 0.000137 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
4.41620544	-1.99945156	0.11435170	c	6.000	0
2.58505767	-0.03690151	1.19144813	c	6.000	0
3.00308597	2.54023601	0.18779665	c	6.000	0
0.95028776	3.45119120	-0.74413290	n	7.000	0
-1.08106785	1.73353612	-0.55334117	c	6.000	0
-0.16093949	-0.43433591	0.61334074	c	6.000	0
-1.77337083	-2.44573379	1.01689516	c	6.000	0
-4.27372747	-2.20365540	0.23599376	c	6.000	0
-5.14608034	-0.00566214	-0.92156225	c	6.000	0
-3.54516191	2.03159424	-1.34535462	c	6.000	0
3.99731977	-3.83674428	0.94460705	h	1.000	0
4.21771677	-2.13310941	-1.93202351	h	1.000	0
6.36009028	-1.49749332	0.57452393	h	1.000	0
2.88851720	0.08342500	3.24592769	h	1.000	0
4.74518710	3.61002172	0.19155936	h	1.000	0
0.81007436	5.19875315	-1.51829894	h	1.000	0
-1.12241264	-4.16629525	1.91539715	h	1.000	0
-5.57182834	-3.75858385	0.53415651	h	1.000	0
-7.10404678	0.11943789	-1.50484175	h	1.000	0
-4.19490669	3.74977108	-2.24644268	h	1.000	0

Ynamide (MCA* = 325.8 kJ/mol, N = 3.12, $s_N = 0.85$):



Total Energy = -593.39032246876 hartree

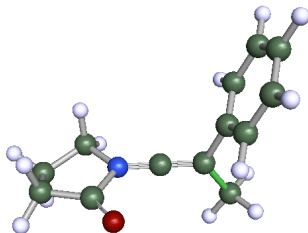
Enthalpy Correction = 0.216025 hartree

Entropy = 0.000174 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
-3.80123022	0.56823038	4.55488430	o	8.000	0
-4.81982856	0.29192325	2.52042938	c	6.000	0
-3.54760220	0.08575972	0.25447705	n	7.000	0
-1.03510966	0.03713031	0.07047292	c	6.000	0
1.23511176	-0.00051323	-0.13512613	c	6.000	0
3.90800651	-0.04012783	-0.37459373	c	6.000	0
5.45006770	0.17995148	1.76425140	c	6.000	0
8.05535597	0.14328041	1.51904932	c	6.000	0
9.16374749	-0.11489388	-0.84690288	c	6.000	0
7.64430762	-0.33634792	-2.97673663	c	6.000	0
5.03726618	-0.29925287	-2.75335160	c	6.000	0
-5.22793239	-0.36276730	-1.90367553	c	6.000	0
-7.79466969	0.47223139	-0.88805438	c	6.000	0
-7.59528412	0.05288758	1.95357097	c	6.000	0
4.58706620	0.37930577	3.61041041	h	1.000	0
9.22878735	0.31674290	3.18913768	h	1.000	0
11.20336904	-0.14325630	-1.03060157	h	1.000	0
8.49573067	-0.53917823	-4.82898162	h	1.000	0
3.85446184	-0.47050838	-4.41602074	h	1.000	0
-4.59537522	0.73513033	-3.52572341	h	1.000	0
-5.18969692	-2.36886334	-2.39522688	h	1.000	0
-9.33291935	-0.58198665	-1.75650329	h	1.000	0
-8.07748749	2.47609156	-1.28451308	h	1.000	0
-8.68040127	1.37923778	3.09412217	h	1.000	0
-8.16574121	-1.86020693	2.49987705	h	1.000	0

Ynamide Product:

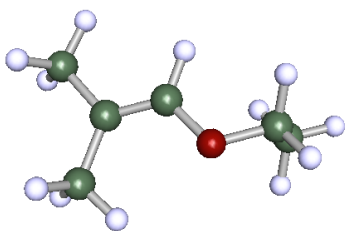
The HC-C-C-C Torsion Angle was constrained to 270°.



Total Energy = -633.10071941345 hartree
 Enthalpy Correction = 0.257232 hartree
 Entropy = 0.000188 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
-3.80036158	-1.62142242	3.76643362	o	8.000	0
-4.62362444	-0.41631609	2.07599943	c	6.000	0
-7.01993192	0.99838817	1.68434794	c	6.000	0
-7.25766061	1.33847824	-1.16337401	c	6.000	0
-4.54560867	1.58545135	-2.08744908	c	6.000	0
-3.13408795	-0.04735162	-0.31122955	n	7.000	0
-1.01612384	-1.03652657	-0.63436248	c	6.000	0
1.18415783	-2.06150583	-0.81139054	c	6.000	0
1.62512844	-4.63525640	-1.88933017	c	6.000	0
3.34286098	-0.49417878	0.11480062	c	6.000	0
4.58774042	1.12113882	-1.54175642	c	6.000	0
6.64253783	2.50747501	-0.69074814	c	6.000	0
7.44027159	2.28616086	1.79894364	c	6.000	0
6.18325486	0.67759382	3.44742350	c	6.000	0
4.12600589	-0.71504573	2.61356382	c	6.000	0
-6.78245273	2.81634957	2.65140504	h	1.000	0
-8.58032255	0.00576825	2.58580789	h	1.000	0
-8.35863441	2.99935877	-1.66641717	h	1.000	0
-8.14333363	-0.31998082	-2.00642483	h	1.000	0
-4.23338608	0.93370725	-4.00931520	h	1.000	0
-3.81881950	3.50103026	-1.86714934	h	1.000	0
2.89118218	-4.46140811	-3.51082642	h	1.000	0
-0.12597834	-5.54385054	-2.46892070	h	1.000	0
2.57058997	-5.78647704	-0.45986326	h	1.000	0
3.95319491	1.28920608	-3.48186819	h	1.000	0
7.61549067	3.76943534	-1.97678399	h	1.000	0
9.04285223	3.37711619	2.45937169	h	1.000	0
6.79790171	0.50960407	5.39338327	h	1.000	0
3.13285067	-1.96920631	3.89241705	h	1.000	0

1-Ethoxy-2-methylprop-1-ene (MCA* = 320.1 kJ/mol, N = 4.23, $s_N = 1.00$):



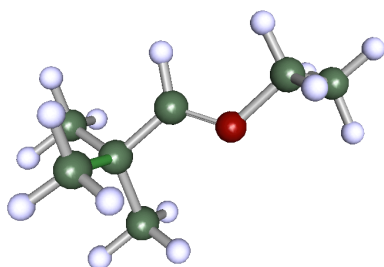
Total Energy = -310.82336714506 hartree
 Enthalpy Correction = 0.179689 hartree
 Entropy = 0.000144 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
-3.95433745	-4.55571355	0.47027696	c	6.000	0
-1.90016934	-3.12642437	0.20136241	c	6.000	0
-5.70988449	-4.94097923	-1.70954249	c	6.000	0
-4.63889425	-5.80283542	2.90876261	c	6.000	0
-1.42402978	-2.25004352	-1.59967229	h	1.000	0

-0.30669316	-2.56913518	2.13973966	o	8.000	0
-5.04468198	-3.97743151	-3.40864480	h	1.000	0
-7.60742479	-4.23486145	-1.27246624	h	1.000	0
-5.91555988	-6.95490075	-2.14473363	h	1.000	0
-6.41076330	-5.03708793	3.65852739	h	1.000	0
-4.94678432	-7.83005816	2.62496534	h	1.000	0
-3.17351424	-5.55480867	4.33438254	h	1.000	0
2.18759699	-1.90350053	1.37913227	c	6.000	0
3.70862471	-4.17304944	0.55442672	c	6.000	0
3.04236324	-1.00360127	3.02535467	h	1.000	0
2.08218681	-0.49522849	-0.13840531	h	1.000	0
2.85149029	-5.08121012	-1.08985364	h	1.000	0
5.62174912	-3.58946572	0.04286359	h	1.000	0
3.83497177	-5.55959453	2.07856008	h	1.000	0

1-Ethoxy-2-methylprop-1-ene Product:

The H₃C-C-C-O Torsion Angle was constrained to 90°.



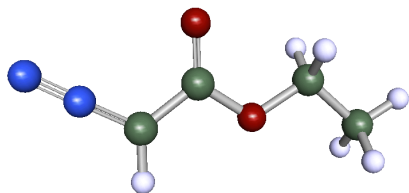
Total Energy = -350.53393040777 hartree

Enthalpy Correction = 0.222333 hartree

Entropy = 0.000155 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
-4.27828092	-5.08761017	0.54600143	c	6.000	0
-1.87015164	-3.79771454	0.10037407	c	6.000	0
-1.18230158	-3.51250338	-1.82760955	h	1.000	0
-0.64494048	-2.84573421	1.87186331	o	8.000	0
1.68826184	-1.40293090	1.36791597	c	6.000	0
3.85987712	-2.78101020	2.54905586	c	6.000	0
1.32483147	0.42348653	2.23993403	h	1.000	0
1.85214441	-1.20235164	-0.67537313	h	1.000	0
4.14078729	-4.62439580	1.66924995	h	1.000	0
5.56153511	-1.65197578	2.25742303	h	1.000	0
3.57609077	-3.01777472	4.57627804	h	1.000	0
-4.71445281	-7.04400690	-1.52729146	c	6.000	0
-4.45482667	-6.22769978	3.18246967	c	6.000	0
-6.19144566	-2.87638154	0.27307903	c	6.000	0
-3.05435857	-7.72159411	3.43106822	h	1.000	0
-4.17545463	-4.80547583	4.64683981	h	1.000	0
-6.33052122	-7.04773526	3.42288539	h	1.000	0
-6.60947881	-7.82627583	-1.31326154	h	1.000	0
-4.57094082	-6.19796918	-3.40384367	h	1.000	0
-3.35282529	-8.58673273	-1.38718177	h	1.000	0
-5.94529988	-1.49844384	1.78439753	h	1.000	0
-6.03197628	-1.92800593	-1.55221864	h	1.000	0
-8.07437121	-3.70891289	0.40757927	h	1.000	0

Ethyl 2-diazoacetate Anion (MCA* = 310.8 kJ/mol, N = 4.91, $s_N = 0.95$):



Total Energy = -415.66276991176 hartree

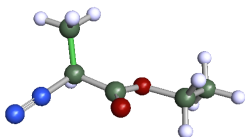
Enthalpy Correction = 0.114949 hartree

Entropy = 0.000143 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
-4.13100518	-4.30277137	0.80957115	c	6.000	0
-2.81142675	-2.39895977	-0.01224650	n	7.000	0
-3.92062499	-6.07612942	-0.17440985	h	1.000	0
-5.74454165	-3.85467080	2.96187670	c	6.000	0
-1.69122748	-0.74189094	-0.69229215	n	7.000	0
-6.97523684	-5.95981051	3.59954348	o	8.000	0
-5.96685246	-1.84669059	4.05716724	o	8.000	0
-8.64763810	-5.77384779	5.73520097	c	6.000	0
-9.83945328	-8.32464083	6.11710674	c	6.000	0
-7.55100000	-5.18580696	7.38141267	h	1.000	0
-10.05746767	-4.31912150	5.34440899	h	1.000	0
-11.12234620	-8.24137857	7.73077956	h	1.000	0
-10.92380711	-8.89110265	4.45573629	h	1.000	0
-8.40888965	-9.76087042	6.49965235	h	1.000	0

Ethyl 2-diazoacetate Product Anion:

The H₃C-C-C-O Torsion Angle was constrained to 90°.



Total Energy = -455.36877342914 hartree

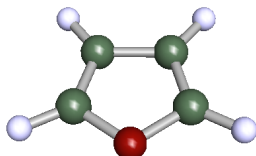
Enthalpy Correction = 0.157491 hartree

Entropy = 0.000157 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
-3.37361440	-3.99433218	0.84075140	c	6.000	0
-1.38206957	-2.70515115	2.18660984	n	7.000	0
-2.17258649	-4.92200110	-1.63780061	c	6.000	0
-5.53720156	-2.15540586	0.39525273	c	6.000	0
-3.88757124	-5.55951920	2.08520467	h	1.000	0
0.11690624	-1.72428232	3.19055311	n	7.000	0
-7.01345161	-3.21779863	-0.57062222	h	1.000	0
-4.92842106	-0.58531854	-0.78612307	h	1.000	0
-6.26898243	-1.46974267	2.19028127	h	1.000	0
-0.43843944	-3.86010977	-2.63687731	o	8.000	0

-3.43223319	-6.88161638	-2.43333205	o	8.000	0
-2.68870875	-7.90480694	-4.87884397	c	6.000	0
-2.87800378	-6.39476746	-6.26866694	h	1.000	0
-4.38415867	-10.10736961	-5.43110574	c	6.000	0
-0.70633873	-8.45063208	-4.74389641	h	1.000	0
-6.35796190	-9.51924546	-5.52981953	h	1.000	0
-4.18631142	-11.57408876	-3.99515526	h	1.000	0
-3.85330117	-10.90985336	-7.25579254	h	1.000	0

Furan (MCA* = 302.4 kJ/mol, N = 1.33, s_N = 1.29):



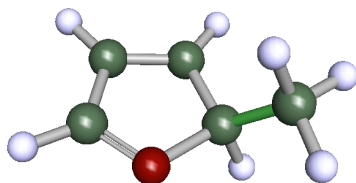
Total Energy = -229.85701027883 hartree

Enthalpy Correction = 0.075257 hartree

Entropy = 0.000103 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
-1.30247653	1.38135389	0.08836589	c	6.000	0
-2.05142220	-1.06214262	-0.02446042	c	6.000	0
-0.05280758	-2.58196637	-0.53026051	o	8.000	0
2.00786893	-1.07566341	-0.74259497	c	6.000	0
1.35854270	1.37259458	-0.38251534	c	6.000	0
-2.49136717	2.99534892	0.46013134	h	1.000	0
-3.85015054	-1.99138430	0.20073164	h	1.000	0
3.76866106	-2.01658191	-1.14734874	h	1.000	0
2.61315132	2.97844123	-0.44310287	h	1.000	0

Furan Product:



Total Energy = -269.55979531645 hartree

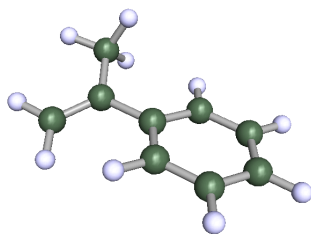
Enthalpy Correction = 0.117462 hartree

Entropy = 0.000116 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
-3.21112181	-0.78299032	-0.40258111	c	6.000	0
-0.72053801	-0.48720922	0.97072733	c	6.000	0
1.11255214	-2.27279834	-0.03855594	o	8.000	0
3.07149384	-1.03735836	-0.72827018	c	6.000	0
2.87936018	1.58899141	-0.33233218	c	6.000	0
0.57241207	1.95186492	0.70811839	c	6.000	0

-2.98808383	-0.36727513	-2.40711226	h	1.000	0
-3.90919475	-2.70269757	-0.15451666	h	1.000	0
-4.56496895	0.53408785	0.41826786	h	1.000	0
-0.91938957	-0.98975281	2.97251881	h	1.000	0
4.62560342	-2.11712087	-1.51329221	h	1.000	0
4.31637188	2.96000202	-0.78644423	h	1.000	0
-0.26449661	3.72225642	1.29347239	h	1.000	0

Prop-1-en-2-ylbenzene (MCA* = 301.3 kJ/mol, N = 2.35, s_N = 1.00):



Total Energy = -348.68095674614 hartree

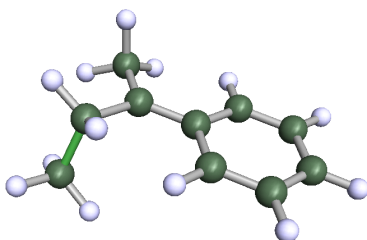
Enthalpy Correction = 0.171299 hartree

Entropy = 0.000138 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
-5.13661821	-12.33535065	9.85664481	c	6.000	0
-2.73658779	-13.38918815	9.95129948	c	6.000	0
-0.67226801	-11.91746817	10.61531088	c	6.000	0
-1.03171096	-9.37648740	11.17595999	c	6.000	0
-3.42832752	-8.33063809	11.08695240	c	6.000	0
-5.53546994	-9.79383625	10.44866704	c	6.000	0
-6.71992193	-13.52263897	9.33390207	h	1.000	0
-2.48305269	-15.37133566	9.49768693	h	1.000	0
1.20517425	-12.73470917	10.67790062	h	1.000	0
0.57062142	-8.19691278	11.66570882	h	1.000	0
-3.66359618	-6.33493092	11.48166398	h	1.000	0
-8.10633700	-8.69543636	10.37970047	c	6.000	0
-10.04339633	-9.99047835	8.76826930	c	6.000	0
-8.71174537	-6.64484468	11.72089910	c	6.000	0
-7.37463366	-5.71510871	12.96255616	h	1.000	0
-10.59843294	-5.85106571	11.62600274	h	1.000	0
-11.78895422	-8.89828690	8.71304388	h	1.000	0
-9.35722167	-10.25033448	6.83628761	h	1.000	0
-10.49586406	-11.86970317	9.50172533	h	1.000	0

Prop-1-en-2-ylbenzene Product:

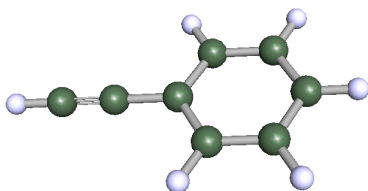
The H₃C-C-C-C Torsion Angle was constrained to 90°.



Total Energy = -388.38341646863 hartree
 Enthalpy Correction = 0.213926 hartree
 Entropy = 0.000152 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isoto
-4.96557449	-5.45933999	2.06291003	c	6.000	0
-3.23179601	-6.60772143	0.44876244	c	6.000	0
-1.93208831	-5.20444670	-1.36098991	c	6.000	0
-2.37207035	-2.65438711	-1.57287288	c	6.000	0
-4.11369741	-1.43489441	0.05251908	c	6.000	0
-5.39424342	-2.90392131	1.88510959	c	6.000	0
-5.96341952	-6.57362028	3.45808034	h	1.000	0
-2.88849728	-8.62121017	0.60280786	h	1.000	0
-0.58973059	-6.12216938	-2.60167630	h	1.000	0
-1.36415035	-1.58717315	-2.99324909	h	1.000	0
-4.55271051	1.18954998	-0.15099066	c	6.000	0
-6.73462224	-2.03006263	3.15409423	h	1.000	0
-6.31343838	2.54750570	1.49948769	c	6.000	0
-3.23711526	2.76929888	-2.03158320	c	6.000	0
-8.08413337	2.71198206	0.41852558	h	1.000	0
-6.73484599	1.63711316	3.28797540	h	1.000	0
-5.67044718	4.48411362	1.79971736	h	1.000	0
-0.77382328	3.77559778	-0.84023185	c	6.000	0
-4.44261085	4.37506406	-2.50651727	h	1.000	0
-2.80309792	1.74262160	-3.75953082	h	1.000	0
0.11662078	5.05686085	-2.18495386	h	1.000	0
-1.15057923	4.81171143	0.90158258	h	1.000	0
0.52795243	2.23379691	-0.42253141	h	1.000	0

Ethynylbenzene (MCA* = 295.4 kJ/mol, N = -0.04, s_N = 0.77):

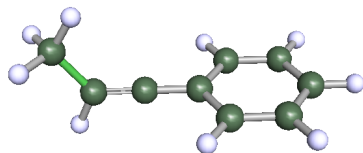


Total Energy = -308.14592005916 hartree
 Enthalpy Correction = 0.117739 hartree
 Entropy 0.000123 = hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
0.00000000	0.00000000	-3.90476067	c	6.000	0
-2.27177560	0.00000000	-2.59016248	c	6.000	0
-2.28229729	0.00000000	0.02702601	c	6.000	0
0.00000000	0.00000000	1.36034361	c	6.000	0
2.28229729	0.00000000	0.02702601	c	6.000	0
2.27177560	0.00000000	-2.59016248	c	6.000	0
0.00000000	0.00000000	-5.95299167	h	1.000	0
-4.04861973	0.00000000	-3.60903478	h	1.000	0
-4.05204225	0.00000000	1.05674470	h	1.000	0
0.00000000	0.00000000	4.05329341	c	6.000	0
4.05204225	0.00000000	1.05674470	h	1.000	0

4.04861973	0.00000000	-3.60903478	h	1.000	0
0.00000000	0.00000000	6.32928014	c	6.000	0
0.00000000	0.00000000	8.34616309	h	1.000	0

Ethynylbenzene Product:



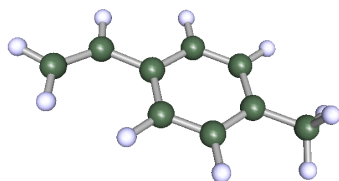
Total Energy = -347.84484729939 hartree

Enthalpy Correction = 0.159954 hartree

Entropy 0.00014 = hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
-5.65149079	0.33221725	0.00000000	c	6.000	0
-4.37346707	0.37140437	-2.30901239	c	6.000	0
-1.78375905	0.44926283	-2.33391086	c	6.000	0
-0.45049111	0.48808920	0.00000000	c	6.000	0
-1.78375905	0.44926283	2.33391086	c	6.000	0
-4.37346707	0.37140437	2.30901239	c	6.000	0
-7.69902700	0.27031467	0.00000000	h	1.000	0
-5.42632152	0.34021782	-4.06185152	h	1.000	0
-0.72741477	0.48027278	-4.08550730	h	1.000	0
2.11291130	0.54810283	0.00000000	c	6.000	0
-0.72741477	0.48027278	4.08550730	h	1.000	0
-5.42632152	0.34021782	4.06185152	h	1.000	0
4.52718042	0.61751868	0.00000000	c	6.000	0
6.26531235	-1.61925669	0.00000000	c	6.000	0
5.35672027	2.51041634	0.00000000	h	1.000	0
7.47015284	-1.52067291	1.67083214	h	1.000	0
7.47015284	-1.52067291	-1.67083214	h	1.000	0
5.22229749	-3.38979009	0.00000000	h	1.000	0

1-Methyl-4-vinylbenzene (MCA* = 292.5 kJ/mol, N = 1.70, s_N = 1.06):



Total Energy = -348.68214301934 hartree

Enthalpy Correction = 0.170998 hartree

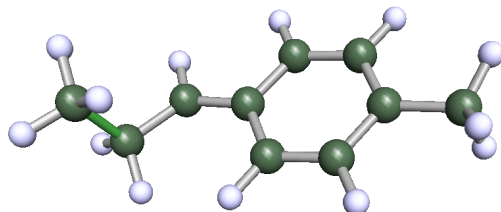
Entropy = 0.000141 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
-4.61303871	-5.71165978	0.87442472	c	6.000	0
-2.17932720	-6.64588485	0.71194835	c	6.000	0
-0.11681488	-5.04700034	0.31462535	c	6.000	0
-0.59151659	-2.47237379	0.07427805	c	6.000	0

-3.03089114	-1.52817096	0.23772428	c	6.000	0
-5.09166857	-3.12273186	0.64169473	c	6.000	0
-6.16186947	-7.01754073	1.18080695	h	1.000	0
-1.86314042	-8.66469720	0.89267256	h	1.000	0
2.51688521	-6.07369949	0.19721188	c	6.000	0
0.97076895	-1.18350134	-0.24943994	h	1.000	0
-3.35239310	0.48840963	0.04191118	h	1.000	0
-7.62813067	-2.02974979	0.79283818	c	6.000	0
3.28249219	-6.34323248	2.10018011	h	1.000	0
3.77862000	-4.78638636	-0.80372087	h	1.000	0
2.56435222	-7.90830802	-0.74581094	h	1.000	0
-9.79507385	-3.26265901	1.14729938	c	6.000	0
-7.69130156	0.01541127	0.58767651	h	1.000	0
-9.88345430	-5.29929481	1.36520330	h	1.000	0
-11.57200492	-2.24843358	1.22917892	h	1.000	0

1-Methyl-4-vinylbenzene Product:

The H₃C-C-C-C Torsion Angle was constrained to 90°.



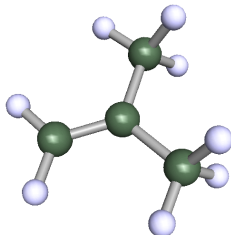
Total Energy = -388.38136434686 hartree

Enthalpy Correction = 0.213707 hartree

Entropy = 0.000155 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
-4.95743284	-6.58144945	0.71363618	c	6.000	0
-2.53278465	-7.46848279	0.82580841	c	6.000	0
-0.49318138	-5.85261493	0.31276270	c	6.000	0
-0.95461580	-3.30903578	-0.32709238	c	6.000	0
-3.36239744	-2.39427047	-0.44160321	c	6.000	0
-5.44213988	-4.01890608	0.06866223	c	6.000	0
-6.54378794	-7.81816956	1.10147001	h	1.000	0
-2.16888407	-9.42457300	1.30655698	h	1.000	0
2.13901641	-6.78821594	0.49183268	c	6.000	0
0.63277023	-2.07904063	-0.72538450	h	1.000	0
-3.69028458	-0.43274662	-0.92153747	h	1.000	0
-7.92144956	-3.22124157	-0.06766253	c	6.000	0
3.34782038	-5.89646515	-0.92018278	h	1.000	0
2.23686572	-8.83737780	0.31851971	h	1.000	0
2.90154731	-6.27434330	2.34975509	h	1.000	0
-9.35437296	-4.63934438	0.33757558	h	1.000	0
-8.83397615	-0.75092812	-0.89665032	c	6.000	0
-10.62269041	-0.33080868	0.04016553	h	1.000	0
-9.28537251	-0.89082655	-3.78000598	c	6.000	0
-7.48652591	0.75425752	-0.49435680	h	1.000	0
-7.50886447	-1.19904381	-4.77718406	h	1.000	0
-10.10184450	0.89890001	-4.39233404	h	1.000	0
-10.59062621	-2.41119581	-4.26389323	h	1.000	0

2-Methylprop-1-ene (MCA* = 289.5 kJ/mol, N = 1.11, $s_N = 0.98$):



Total Energy = -157.09027283334 hartree

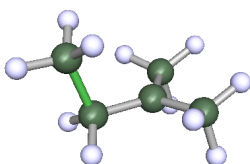
Enthalpy Correction = 0.114178 hartree

Entropy = 0.000109 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
0.00000000	0.00000000	-2.92361943	c	6.000	0
0.00000000	0.00000000	-0.40695235	c	6.000	0
0.00000000	-1.75189602	-3.99018869	h	1.000	0
0.00000000	1.75189602	-3.99018869	h	1.000	0
0.00000000	-2.39191957	1.09982271	c	6.000	0
0.00000000	2.39191957	1.09982271	c	6.000	0
0.00000000	4.06219864	-0.10821107	h	1.000	0
-1.65790579	2.47116383	2.33617244	h	1.000	0
1.65790579	2.47116383	2.33617244	h	1.000	0
0.00000000	-4.06219864	-0.10821107	h	1.000	0
-1.65790579	-2.47116383	2.33617244	h	1.000	0
1.65790579	-2.47116383	2.33617244	h	1.000	0

2-Methylprop-1-ene Product:

The H₃C-C-C-C Torsion Angle was constrained to 90°.



Total Energy = -196.78550865550 hartree

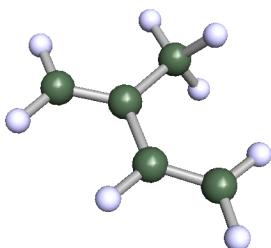
Enthalpy Correction = 0.155265 hartree

Entropy = 0.000127 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
-3.72657314	-4.09347214	0.29303961	c	6.000	0
-1.86744540	-2.08524264	0.15449492	c	6.000	0
-5.52097123	-3.53287095	-0.54883505	h	1.000	0
-3.97162077	-4.76765660	2.22411783	h	1.000	0
-2.55428125	-6.25868885	-1.32068025	c	6.000	0
-2.05464180	-0.19904206	-1.81953385	c	6.000	0
0.13801248	-1.96121051	2.01220445	c	6.000	0
0.43583680	-3.73959192	3.00449020	h	1.000	0
-0.62116833	-0.62189740	3.42813098	h	1.000	0
1.87469234	-1.12633263	1.29149034	h	1.000	0
-3.12323717	-0.85533668	-3.45311403	h	1.000	0

-3.23263039	1.28587071	-0.93544582	h	1.000	0
-0.25809512	0.66907982	-2.31587680	h	1.000	0
-2.28543811	-5.67635299	-3.27721083	h	1.000	0
-0.75695026	-6.89020283	-0.54000726	h	1.000	0
-3.89322871	-7.82219955	-1.26634511	h	1.000	0

Isoprene (MCA* = 287.0 kJ/mol, N = 1.10, $s_N = 0.98$):



Total Energy = -195.14409287956 hartree

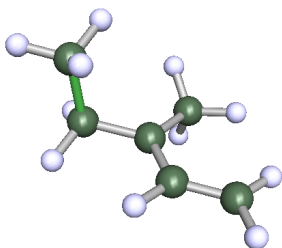
Enthalpy Correction = 0.120559 hartree

Entropy = 0.000117 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
-3.30614637	-2.84312284	-2.05844833	c	6.000	0
-3.57110302	-1.72520821	0.19390459	c	6.000	0
-1.80712806	-4.20149410	-2.39554263	h	1.000	0
-4.57431468	-2.43071902	-3.61472861	h	1.000	0
-1.81259197	-2.34438815	2.23023983	c	6.000	0
-5.62492316	0.15197576	0.69704607	c	6.000	0
-1.86662567	-1.37123784	4.55444396	c	6.000	0
-0.35926596	-3.71891516	1.75565102	h	1.000	0
-3.27469199	0.00471687	5.12497277	h	1.000	0
-0.48955145	-1.93007640	5.96400926	h	1.000	0
-6.79035015	0.43615830	-0.97784198	h	1.000	0
-4.83672518	1.97679262	1.26467959	h	1.000	0
-6.84316456	-0.47989372	2.24327338	h	1.000	0

Isoprene Product:

The H₃C-C-C-C Torsion Angle was constrained to 90°.



Total Energy = -234.84014495087 hartree

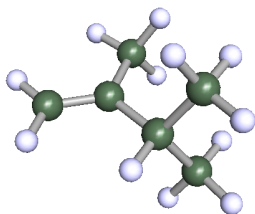
Enthalpy Correction = 0.162813 hartree

Entropy = 0.000133 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
-3.33959205	-3.78808090	0.29400307	c	6.000	0
-1.53345754	-1.69902143	0.11945707	c	6.000	0
-5.59460270	-2.83532256	1.89998046	c	6.000	0
-4.03131416	-4.31378533	-1.57533086	h	1.000	0
-2.49060358	-5.41579923	1.23062250	h	1.000	0
0.32268559	-1.48070568	2.03209783	c	6.000	0
-1.80212476	0.06049608	-1.98451618	c	6.000	0
0.38749059	-2.95596855	3.45307836	h	1.000	0
1.99182724	0.44179049	2.12842711	c	6.000	0
1.99939860	1.96402943	0.75974063	h	1.000	0
3.40561925	0.51618062	3.60839897	h	1.000	0
-3.79897641	0.35413710	-2.42077260	h	1.000	0
-0.81955363	1.84945430	-1.77506989	h	1.000	0
-1.02700505	-0.93068836	-3.64245229	h	1.000	0
-4.99177647	-2.31742501	3.80061945	h	1.000	0
-6.95892513	-4.37295186	2.03135907	h	1.000	0
-6.50240122	-1.21169148	1.01514461	h	1.000	0

2,3-Dimethylbut-1-ene (MCA* = 285.1 kJ/mol, N = 0.65, $s_N = 1.00$):

The rotamer with slight $A_{1,2}$ strain leads to a lower energy product when it is held in a reactant-like conformation.



Total Energy = -235.65096097167 hartree

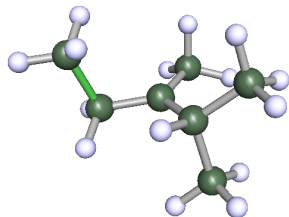
Enthalpy Correction = 0.173752 hartree

Entropy = 0.000134 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
-3.57504886	-4.16697067	-0.44242881	c	6.000	0
-2.25112776	-2.09322210	0.08811179	c	6.000	0
-5.16354986	-4.09636189	-1.73831333	h	1.000	0
-3.13329063	-5.98779330	0.38267449	h	1.000	0
-2.92545990	0.40087892	-1.07201609	c	6.000	0
-0.02128678	-2.07027629	1.86916945	c	6.000	0
-3.22004525	1.83111702	0.39399614	h	1.000	0
-4.64050157	0.26184213	-2.20712540	h	1.000	0
-1.40866807	1.10518403	-2.28715338	h	1.000	0
2.42376244	-1.43674810	0.46065445	c	6.000	0
-0.37043393	-0.52357975	3.21028097	h	1.000	0
0.30981830	-4.48871633	3.38083655	c	6.000	0
-1.39752648	-4.96998961	4.43685089	h	1.000	0
1.85863020	-4.27071260	4.72829411	h	1.000	0
0.77320170	-6.08376569	2.15045542	h	1.000	0
2.84781105	-2.90313436	-0.93342071	h	1.000	0
4.00534351	-1.33537043	1.78453924	h	1.000	0
2.31060372	0.37214182	-0.52310420	h	1.000	0

2,3-Dimethylbut-1-ene Product:

The H₃C-C-C-C Torsion Angle was constrained to 270°.



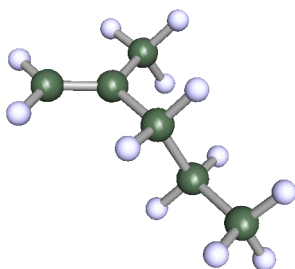
Total Energy = -275.34664068668 hartree

Enthalpy Correction = 0.215457 hartree

Entropy = 0.000147 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
-3.78919813	-3.81051508	-0.14835463	c	6.000	0
-2.12777082	-1.66262127	0.27384902	c	6.000	0
-2.85729703	-5.57548675	0.37224615	h	1.000	0
-6.03975448	-3.40263313	1.69815496	c	6.000	0
-4.48745095	-3.88435897	-2.08210429	h	1.000	0
-2.45049290	0.63121606	-1.18985560	c	6.000	0
-0.18807967	-1.84490041	2.21457757	c	6.000	0
-3.37988103	0.31933952	-2.99606216	h	1.000	0
-3.70890812	1.82549955	-0.02621192	h	1.000	0
-0.70961102	1.71855200	-1.36715580	h	1.000	0
-0.69583552	-3.34133814	3.54363757	h	1.000	0
2.08903038	-2.86845903	0.63231487	c	6.000	0
0.51245635	0.57606398	3.57987416	c	6.000	0
1.25676693	2.00391922	2.29214684	h	1.000	0
-1.11514083	1.36489290	4.57033433	h	1.000	0
1.97576108	0.15366378	4.96765871	h	1.000	0
1.65137913	-4.63488159	-0.33138607	h	1.000	0
2.71971487	-1.46946393	-0.74165640	h	1.000	0
3.60186116	-3.21124912	1.98961271	h	1.000	0
-5.40010760	-3.32300133	3.65443026	h	1.000	0
-7.07719447	-1.68224067	1.24633080	h	1.000	0
-7.29611541	-5.01838809	1.47532977	h	1.000	0

2-Methylpent-1-ene (MCA* = 285.1 kJ/mol, N = 0.84, s_N = 1.06):



Total Energy = -235.65081485367 hartree

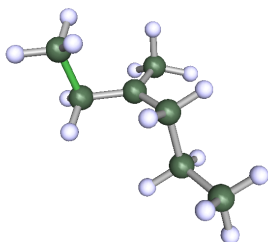
Enthalpy Correction = 0.174052 hartree

Entropy = 0.000135 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
-4.03173615	-3.68464895	0.06674995	c	6.000	0
-2.36533121	-1.80174717	0.17954906	c	6.000	0
-3.81260908	-5.37006579	1.21559204	h	1.000	0
-5.66414060	-3.59698666	-1.17275708	h	1.000	0
-0.10939405	-1.91811060	1.89392809	c	6.000	0
-2.64939454	0.53627623	-1.38728222	c	6.000	0
-2.65206429	2.22088705	-0.18519778	h	1.000	0
-1.06587290	0.75403780	-2.69887374	h	1.000	0
-4.39459053	0.50548209	-2.48396540	h	1.000	0
2.42246969	-1.94620103	0.50909197	c	6.000	0
-0.14260594	-0.27340938	3.15983757	h	1.000	0
-0.24453433	-3.60031722	3.08963006	h	1.000	0
2.60969193	-0.23991303	-0.64351804	h	1.000	0
2.45394615	-3.54805966	-0.80249699	h	1.000	0
4.64248702	-2.12383503	2.31941082	c	6.000	0
6.44153035	-2.14417069	1.30659318	h	1.000	0
4.66687892	-0.51615623	3.61925529	h	1.000	0
4.53587505	-3.84668121	3.45654704	h	1.000	0

2-Methylpent-1-ene Product:

The H₃C-C-C-C Torsion Angle was constrained to 90°.



Total Energy = -275.34639497341 hartree

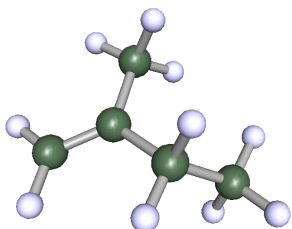
Enthalpy Correction = 0.215954 hartree

Entropy = 0.000149 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
-0.94718038	-4.15100623	-2.03119113	c	6.000	0
-0.76440415	-1.51566704	-1.30889940	c	6.000	0
-3.16786200	-5.59477014	-1.35700994	c	6.000	0
1.05656610	-5.34094635	-3.48832227	c	6.000	0
2.89687722	-4.51063652	-3.08672189	h	1.000	0
1.07956692	-7.37839606	-3.16892659	h	1.000	0
0.37431516	-4.86678991	-6.30720553	c	6.000	0
0.40051323	-2.85606509	-6.74635446	h	1.000	0
1.80429325	-5.82143358	-7.43967435	h	1.000	0
-1.47442311	-5.64555250	-6.77429427	h	1.000	0
-2.02815005	-1.01414152	0.23678356	h	1.000	0
1.17094693	-0.87907556	-1.01778231	h	1.000	0
-1.48483692	-0.49584485	-2.98601801	h	1.000	0

-4.84101020	-4.40312914	-1.18341027	h	1.000	0
-3.48755349	-7.17053960	-2.64607173	h	1.000	0
-2.54618818	-6.70037371	1.31861632	c	6.000	0
-4.75132915	-8.29430724	2.22419840	c	6.000	0
-0.82915279	-7.83859653	1.20592356	h	1.000	0
-2.18614219	-5.14937184	2.63008405	h	1.000	0
-6.47355426	-7.16731583	2.36510297	h	1.000	0
-5.10496945	-9.87031345	0.94101994	h	1.000	0
-4.32292126	-9.06154754	4.09147745	h	1.000	0

2-Methylbut-1-ene (MCA* = 283.3 kJ/mol, N = 1.00, s_N = 1.00):



Total Energy = -196.36978715249 hartree

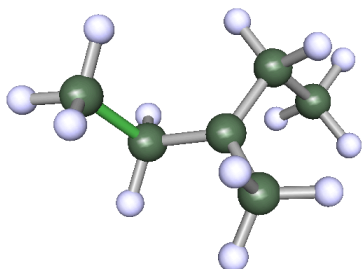
Enthalpy Correction = 0.144291 hartree

Entropy = 0.000123 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
-4.07418272	-3.56519090	0.43433533	c	6.000	0
-2.15097944	-1.95980429	0.19087145	c	6.000	0
-5.39664669	-3.42204303	1.99615708	h	1.000	0
-4.38078141	-5.07286031	-0.92276076	h	1.000	0
-1.70185861	0.12434192	2.04992096	c	6.000	0
-0.31476665	-2.16035731	-1.96433581	c	6.000	0
-3.05079013	0.05413075	3.60731537	h	1.000	0
-1.85562849	1.97727303	1.14568258	h	1.000	0
0.21255543	0.00554770	2.82714132	h	1.000	0
-0.73717611	-3.86188186	-3.05715482	h	1.000	0
-0.32353588	0.13411780	-3.70958904	c	6.000	0
1.59328301	-2.39913500	-1.18883675	h	1.000	0
1.00496505	-0.13630753	-5.26595550	h	1.000	0
0.22496748	1.85515571	-2.71137979	h	1.000	0
-2.20100307	0.43719648	-4.51620323	h	1.000	0

2-Methylbut-1-ene Product:

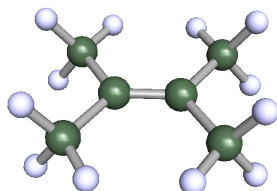
The H₃C-C-C-C Torsion Angle was constrained to 90°.



Total Energy = -236.06459334766 hartree
 Enthalpy Correction = 0.186099 hartree
 Entropy = 0.000137 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
-4.61982586	-3.05337641	-2.88241936	c	6.000	0
-2.36517827	-1.83891115	-1.88883900	c	6.000	0
-5.81092471	-1.73648116	-3.92303568	h	1.000	0
-3.64190372	-5.13330572	-4.71608823	c	6.000	0
-5.67888857	-3.97752998	-1.37306028	h	1.000	0
-1.20569311	-2.80353379	0.39929050	c	6.000	0
-1.22521631	0.27376715	-3.20455345	c	6.000	0
-2.57754465	1.41560338	-4.25416391	h	1.000	0
0.01139537	-0.64677568	-4.61787875	h	1.000	0
0.02876108	1.38563229	-2.00908080	h	1.000	0
0.82849307	-2.47571106	0.42586312	h	1.000	0
-2.44699612	-1.20951895	2.54070492	c	6.000	0
-1.65454178	-4.79021876	0.70831230	h	1.000	0
-1.64354661	-1.88132350	4.31370484	h	1.000	0
-2.02187503	0.79378389	2.32857710	h	1.000	0
-4.48848301	-1.47546791	2.58956262	h	1.000	0
-2.40562794	-6.46774810	-3.74976692	h	1.000	0
-2.64072067	-4.30329059	-6.31173697	h	1.000	0
-5.29638643	-6.14243503	-5.41088795	h	1.000	0

2,3-Dimethylbut-2-ene (MCA* = 281.0 kJ/mol, N = -1.00, s_N = 1.40):



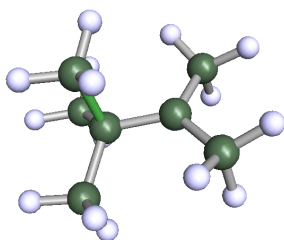
Total Energy = -235.65414457329 hartree
 Enthalpy Correction = 0.173323 hartree
 Entropy = 0.000133 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
0.00000000	0.00000000	-1.26710270	c	6.000	0
0.00000000	0.00000000	1.26710270	c	6.000	0
-2.34535218	-0.00264491	-2.86211111	c	6.000	0
2.34535218	0.00264491	-2.86211111	c	6.000	0
-2.34535218	0.00264491	2.86211111	c	6.000	0
2.34535218	-0.00264491	2.86211111	c	6.000	0
2.34725293	-1.64739118	4.12085592	h	1.000	0
2.37321180	1.66375922	4.09180432	h	1.000	0
4.09774532	-0.02637701	1.78961543	h	1.000	0
-2.34725293	1.64739118	4.12085592	h	1.000	0
-2.37321180	-1.66375922	4.09180432	h	1.000	0
-4.09774532	0.02637701	1.78961543	h	1.000	0
2.37321180	-1.66375922	-4.09180432	h	1.000	0
4.09774532	0.02637701	-1.78961543	h	1.000	0
2.34725293	1.64739118	-4.12085592	h	1.000	0

-4.09774532	-0.02637701	-1.78961543	h	1.000	0
-2.34725293	-1.64739118	-4.12085592	h	1.000	0
-2.37321180	1.66375922	-4.09180432	h	1.000	0

2,3-Dimethylbut-2-ene Product:

The H₃C-C-C-C Torsion Angle was constrained to 90°.



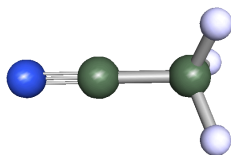
Total Energy = -275.34788768247 hartree

Enthalpy Correction = 0.214044 hartree

Entropy = 0.000144 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
-4.42327056	-4.59422889	0.35087133	c	6.000	0
-2.60346662	-2.52232133	0.17720212	c	6.000	0
-4.45782159	-6.36101083	-1.92349636	c	6.000	0
-4.30542098	-6.09602451	2.80668318	c	6.000	0
-6.90117462	-2.94624281	0.33896545	c	6.000	0
-1.59831849	-1.33334946	2.43906649	c	6.000	0
-1.72209663	-1.62040610	-2.26165453	c	6.000	0
-0.93529841	0.58404740	2.11393461	h	1.000	0
0.07117108	-2.50218441	2.90275906	h	1.000	0
-2.83696869	-1.47306602	4.07406893	h	1.000	0
-1.03593054	0.31518615	-2.20597582	h	1.000	0
-3.05323849	-1.94159656	-3.79565617	h	1.000	0
-0.08837168	-2.85533465	-2.67842986	h	1.000	0
-7.00616441	-1.68654751	1.96425478	h	1.000	0
-8.43783712	-4.31855708	0.45852145	h	1.000	0
-7.10894755	-1.86483084	-1.40111165	h	1.000	0
-5.81924308	-7.49483307	2.78885829	h	1.000	0
-2.50564595	-7.09156019	2.96321763	h	1.000	0
-4.56103457	-4.92267973	4.47853603	h	1.000	0
-5.95562888	-7.74907172	-1.64746645	h	1.000	0
-2.66486821	-7.36758913	-2.09013416	h	1.000	0
-4.83367482	-5.38181086	-3.69488591	h	1.000	0

Acetonitrile (MCA* = 280.2 kJ/mol, N = 2.23, s_N = 0.84):



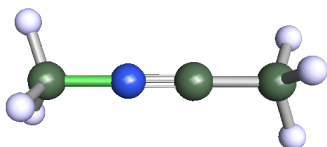
Total Energy = -132.65590935544 hartree

Enthalpy Correction = 0.049993 hartree

Entropy = 0.000092 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
0.00000000	0.00000000	-0.92556463	c	6.000	0
0.00000000	0.00000000	1.80542455	c	6.000	0
-0.97039584	1.68077490	-1.61984751	h	1.000	0
-0.97039584	-1.68077490	-1.61984751	h	1.000	0
1.94079169	0.00000000	-1.61984751	h	1.000	0
0.00000000	0.00000000	3.97941974	n	7.000	0

Acetonitrile Product:



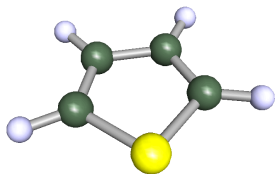
Total Energy = -172.34953865565 hartree

Enthalpy Correction = 0.092416 hartree

Entropy = 0.000108 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
0.00000000	0.00000000	-3.75607275	c	6.000	0
0.00000000	0.00000000	-1.05613364	c	6.000	0
0.04329996	1.95120530	-4.42439624	h	1.000	0
1.66814338	-1.01310151	-4.42439624	h	1.000	0
-1.71144334	-0.93810378	-4.42439624	h	1.000	0
0.00000000	0.00000000	1.09281778	n	7.000	0
0.00000000	0.00000000	3.76243343	c	6.000	0
1.16061555	1.57046688	4.41088325	h	1.000	0
-1.94037199	0.21988911	4.41088325	h	1.000	0
0.77975644	-1.79035599	4.41088325	h	1.000	0

Thiophene (MCA* = 277.5 kJ/mol, N = -1.01, s_N = 1.1):



Total Energy = -552.76708970944 hartree

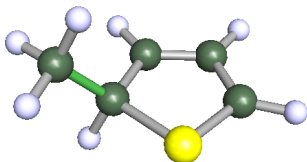
Enthalpy Correction = 0.072287 hartree

Entropy = 0.000108 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
-1.35370062	-1.30383835	-0.09579999	c	6.000	0
-2.31815572	1.08626368	0.00797071	c	6.000	0
0.03170526	3.29136701	0.17170762	s	16.000	0
2.33864634	1.03645202	0.10247747	c	6.000	0
1.32825677	-1.33251852	-0.04152047	c	6.000	0
-2.51743507	-2.98237213	-0.20693863	h	1.000	0

-4.27477835	1.66591776	-0.00254713	h	1.000	0
4.30600453	1.57427103	0.17105991	h	1.000	0
2.45945686	-3.03554250	-0.10640949	h	1.000	0

Thiophene Product:



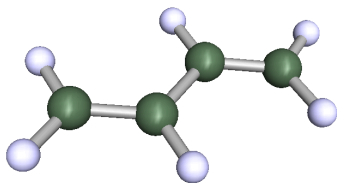
Total Energy = -592.46005517397 hartree

Enthalpy Correction = 0.114174 hartree

Entropy = 0.000121 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
-3.39794874	-0.43442171	0.80929265	c	6.000	0
-1.07759219	-0.03425238	-0.85972092	c	6.000	0
0.69159021	-2.90087094	-1.39944992	s	16.000	0
3.37649230	-1.57329436	-0.52845286	c	6.000	0
3.17842372	0.97295798	0.23187818	c	6.000	0
0.76647474	1.81787954	0.06800080	c	6.000	0
-4.40594835	1.35523733	0.96569926	h	1.000	0
-2.84559939	-1.06608365	2.68957741	h	1.000	0
-4.65352016	-1.82663313	-0.04003838	h	1.000	0
-1.69582334	0.56218757	-2.75700169	h	1.000	0
5.11694953	-2.65186856	-0.58533633	h	1.000	0
4.78731419	2.06630949	0.85366152	h	1.000	0
0.15918750	3.71285283	0.55189028	h	1.000	0

Buta-1,3-diene (MCA* = 260.5 kJ/mol, N = -0.87, $s_N = 1.00$):



Total Energy = -155.85824429786 hartree

Enthalpy Correction = 0.09103 hartree

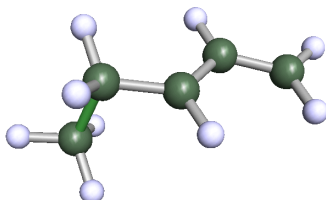
Entropy = 0.000105 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
-0.52016365	3.43646160	0.00000000	c	6.000	0
-0.98022722	0.95797734	0.00000000	c	6.000	0
1.40004999	4.16092056	0.00000000	h	1.000	0
-2.04125821	4.80792966	0.00000000	h	1.000	0
0.98022722	-0.95797734	0.00000000	c	6.000	0
-2.92304146	0.28315058	0.00000000	h	1.000	0
2.92304146	-0.28315058	0.00000000	h	1.000	0

0.52016365	-3.43646160	0.00000000	c	6.000	0
-1.40004999	-4.16092056	0.00000000	h	1.000	0
2.04125821	-4.80792966	0.00000000	h	1.000	0

Buta-1,3-diene Product:

The H₃C-C-C-C Torsion Angle was constrained to 270°.



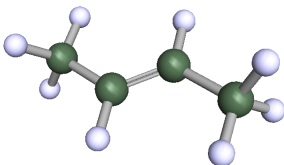
Total Energy = -195.54436524111 hartree

Enthalpy Correction = 0.133743 hartree

Entropy = 0.000122 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
-3.00300032	-5.28375529	0.41533835	c	6.000	0
-2.86009158	-3.69178951	-1.59011201	c	6.000	0
-1.37934365	-5.57778776	1.63303907	h	1.000	0
-4.72394872	-6.30573746	0.85339248	h	1.000	0
-0.57280576	-2.47135984	-2.04188223	c	6.000	0
-4.46107821	-3.38620847	-2.83119501	h	1.000	0
-0.17385998	-0.60763363	-3.99705495	c	6.000	0
0.96513009	-2.84035110	-0.72647744	h	1.000	0
1.79516987	-0.56914770	-4.60057270	h	1.000	0
-1.44367007	-0.88288478	-5.59611039	h	1.000	0
-0.80904505	1.96880009	-2.71111041	c	6.000	0
-0.43812314	3.43671420	-4.10820227	h	1.000	0
-2.78963344	2.04085826	-2.15490647	h	1.000	0
0.37750007	2.29735392	-1.06030095	h	1.000	0

(*E*)-But-2-ene (MCA* = 248.7 kJ/mol, N = -2.45, s_N = 1.10):



Total Energy = -157.08866598469 hartree

Enthalpy Correction = 0.114462 hartree

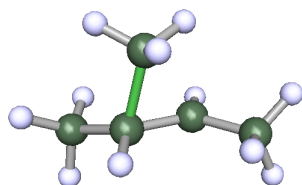
Entropy = 0.00011 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
-0.87802973	-0.89657656	0.00000000	c	6.000	0
0.87802973	0.89657656	0.00000000	c	6.000	0
-3.65944125	-0.44238482	0.00000000	c	6.000	0
-0.27251407	-2.86611513	0.00000000	h	1.000	0
0.27251407	2.86611513	0.00000000	h	1.000	0

3.65944125	0.44238482	0.00000000	c	6.000	0
4.55469624	1.29872881	-1.65736701	h	1.000	0
4.09350882	-1.57537953	0.00000000	h	1.000	0
4.55469624	1.29872881	1.65736701	h	1.000	0
-4.09350882	1.57537953	0.00000000	h	1.000	0
-4.55469624	-1.29872881	-1.65736701	h	1.000	0
-4.55469624	-1.29872881	1.65736701	h	1.000	0

(*E*)-But-2-ene Product:

The H₃C-C-C-C Torsion Angle was constrained to 90°.



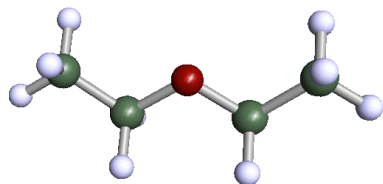
Total Energy = -196.77043809027 hartree

Enthalpy Correction = 0.156129 hartree

Entropy = 0.000123 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
-4.13478563	-4.90750903	-0.21244991	c	6.000	0
-2.70505878	-2.77074351	0.41390279	c	6.000	0
-4.92484372	-4.24963767	2.74487942	c	6.000	0
-6.29347350	-4.76192321	-2.03519440	c	6.000	0
-3.15261232	-6.70725346	-0.12045971	h	1.000	0
-0.16336916	-2.83248594	1.53905100	c	6.000	0
-3.48333314	-0.93470259	-0.08026442	h	1.000	0
1.13196024	-2.29337689	0.01213152	h	1.000	0
0.35984104	-4.70793694	2.20495936	h	1.000	0
0.04484796	-1.42421744	3.02733535	h	1.000	0
-7.22986944	-2.92733837	-1.94783322	h	1.000	0
-5.56534415	-5.03980815	-3.94530682	h	1.000	0
-7.66906695	-6.24518593	-1.64666073	h	1.000	0
-3.93583750	-5.55737594	3.96869914	h	1.000	0
-6.96274004	-4.50997366	2.63733764	h	1.000	0
-4.71270689	-2.32198157	3.49592509	h	1.000	0

Ethoxyethane (MCA* = 246.8 kJ/mol, N = -5.10, s_N = 0.80):



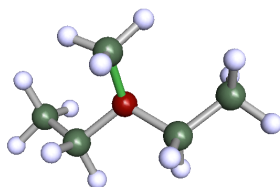
Total Energy = -233.48281342807 hartree

Enthalpy Correction = 0.144524 hartree

Entropy = 0.000124 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
0.00000000	0.00000000	-0.62063906	o	8.000	0
2.18268290	-0.39900439	0.86106663	c	6.000	0
-2.18268290	0.39900439	0.86106663	c	6.000	0
1.89619573	-2.04430323	2.09798754	h	1.000	0
2.50415316	1.24595222	2.08924685	h	1.000	0
4.41344601	-0.81480803	-0.85978487	c	6.000	0
4.72011754	0.82849388	-2.07127196	h	1.000	0
6.12052540	-1.12376715	0.25798228	h	1.000	0
4.11456612	-2.46819150	-2.05916685	h	1.000	0
-2.50415316	-1.24595222	2.08924685	h	1.000	0
-4.41344601	0.81480803	-0.85978487	c	6.000	0
-1.89619573	2.04430323	2.09798754	h	1.000	0
-4.72011754	-0.82849388	-2.07127196	h	1.000	0
-4.11456612	2.46819150	-2.05916685	h	1.000	0
-6.12052540	1.12376715	0.25798228	h	1.000	0

Ethoxyethane Product:



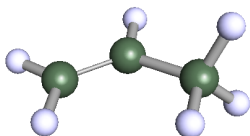
Total Energy = -273.16321241006 hartree

Enthalpy Correction = 0.188554 hartree

Entropy = 0.000136 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
-0.12382414	0.01174955	-0.13683534	o	8.000	0
1.71747982	2.11711004	-0.40012991	c	6.000	0
0.55118812	-2.19572959	-1.63701555	c	6.000	0
-0.72256858	-0.58560808	2.53884806	c	6.000	0
1.32255660	3.45057767	-2.86323922	c	6.000	0
1.31344808	3.33750159	1.20110128	h	1.000	0
3.59069594	1.28347440	-0.19164967	h	1.000	0
1.77196860	2.27621934	-4.49433959	h	1.000	0
-0.60933896	4.14900193	-3.02166236	h	1.000	0
2.60260512	5.06928680	-2.89033634	h	1.000	0
-2.91098408	-2.36962676	2.70912800	c	6.000	0
1.01064120	-1.32808900	3.37345364	h	1.000	0
-1.17169894	1.24888497	3.34635042	h	1.000	0
-3.44674648	-2.46729508	4.69951444	h	1.000	0
-4.52998934	-1.66614539	1.64438883	h	1.000	0
-2.44246734	-4.27840721	2.09599966	h	1.000	0
2.11637886	-3.16570269	-0.71594574	h	1.000	0
1.07931873	-1.51138155	-3.49443325	h	1.000	0
-1.11866637	-3.37582026	-1.76319873	h	1.000	0

Prop-1-ene (MCA* = 246.6 kJ/mol, N = -2.41, $s_N = 1.00$):



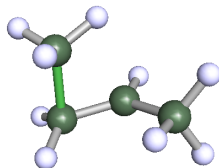
Total Energy = -117.80340555362 hartree

Enthalpy Correction = 0.084805 hartree

Entropy = 0.0001 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
-4.23566687	-3.34190294	0.31738208	c	6.000	0
-1.99055772	-1.64582243	0.22533824	c	6.000	0
-4.35659107	-4.49454118	-1.39618073	h	1.000	0
-5.98540700	-2.24209071	0.40734823	h	1.000	0
-4.16809709	-4.60085802	1.95100906	h	1.000	0
-1.91720228	-0.32565915	-1.35174247	h	1.000	0
-0.11820065	-1.63687129	1.89584430	c	6.000	0
-0.11090841	-2.92014813	3.49913979	h	1.000	0
1.46808910	-0.35076775	1.72027151	h	1.000	0

Prop-1-ene Product:



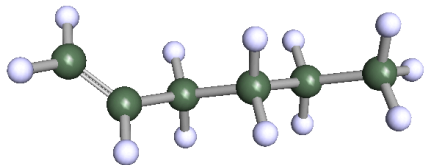
Total Energy = -157.48492731413 hartree

Enthalpy Correction = 0.126716 hartree

Entropy = 0.000112 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
-2.70939807	0.20650879	1.18289114	c	6.000	0
-2.00615135	-2.09336523	-0.18304103	c	6.000	0
-1.76026275	1.88516876	0.46607380	h	1.000	0
-4.74842977	0.41282240	0.83593630	h	1.000	0
-2.47866985	0.00006348	3.21835776	h	1.000	0
-2.60982527	-3.89462733	0.59648109	h	1.000	0
-0.64904124	-2.12839517	-2.46806227	c	6.000	0
-0.52099515	-0.38449240	-3.53337171	h	1.000	0
-0.71447768	-3.84203013	-3.58154688	h	1.000	0
1.63323314	-2.24278509	-0.45319493	c	6.000	0
1.16855147	-2.80550843	1.50244418	h	1.000	0
2.51042739	-0.39387109	-0.37059076	h	1.000	0
2.82942298	-3.77266969	-1.12768906	h	1.000	0

Hex-1-ene (MCA* = 244.6 kJ/mol, N = -2.77, $s_N = 1.41$):



Total Energy = -235.64564341762 hartree

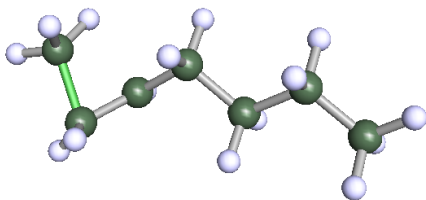
Enthalpy Correction = 0.174533 hartree

Entropy = 0.000135 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
3.18671566	0.14744741	-2.28206859	c	6.000	0
2.38977822	-0.46372110	-4.07330458	h	1.000	0
5.22862703	0.28579121	-2.16641720	h	1.000	0
1.71821485	0.70318122	-0.32474529	c	6.000	0
-1.09602820	0.54906412	-0.30523958	c	6.000	0
2.59531678	1.30158526	1.44003286	h	1.000	0
-1.87468037	2.43087327	0.09171058	h	1.000	0
-1.77979488	-0.00242580	-2.17886150	h	1.000	0
-2.09776650	-1.28361502	1.68260316	c	6.000	0
-1.36981674	-3.18256221	1.28615060	h	1.000	0
-4.96651793	-1.35888333	1.79176874	c	6.000	0
-1.35298397	-0.75059329	3.54174676	h	1.000	0
-5.67858320	0.54668469	2.18300574	h	1.000	0
-5.70347670	-1.88044236	-0.07240316	h	1.000	0
-5.95940589	-3.18742749	3.76928282	c	6.000	0
-5.29317439	-2.67011237	5.65657494	h	1.000	0
-8.02371429	-3.20890951	3.81302488	h	1.000	0
-5.31630482	-5.11433126	3.38573641	h	1.000	0

Hex-1-ene Product:

The H₃C-C-C-C Torsion Angle was constrained to 90°.



Total Energy = -275.32675995269 hartree

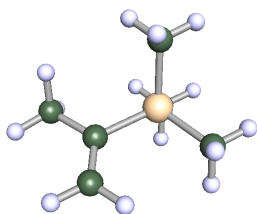
Enthalpy Correction = 0.216814 hartree

Entropy = 0.000147 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
3.32643870	-0.57758445	-2.34835310	c	6.000	0
1.83728905	0.66150074	-0.52747869	c	6.000	0
-0.93722450	0.73845700	-0.55971040	c	6.000	0
2.80397528	1.56735384	1.04245996	h	1.000	0

-1.61050444	2.62448754	-0.06544548	h	1.000	0
-1.67082155	0.19446723	-2.40911536	h	1.000	0
-1.85348592	-1.15155740	1.45748292	c	6.000	0
-1.16483774	-3.04472335	0.99164426	h	1.000	0
-4.72345850	-1.17128192	1.61905160	c	6.000	0
-1.05362308	-0.64730315	3.29674885	h	1.000	0
-5.38730631	0.73451537	2.07509532	h	1.000	0
-5.50266841	-1.64086366	-0.23926508	h	1.000	0
-5.67705396	-3.03704359	3.57901423	c	6.000	0
-4.95502271	-2.57335372	5.45880556	h	1.000	0
-7.73899921	-3.02584792	3.67208939	h	1.000	0
-5.07362482	-4.96105204	3.12749015	h	1.000	0
2.40776283	-1.93566013	-3.57569952	h	1.000	0
5.26773371	-0.99895165	-1.86343724	h	1.000	0
3.09032139	2.19535755	-3.58253591	c	6.000	0
2.50612963	3.76448310	-2.33402923	h	1.000	0
1.74726142	2.10234984	-5.12563177	h	1.000	0
5.01895856	2.68597106	-4.09985038	h	1.000	0

2-(Trimethylsilyl)propene (MCA* = 239.5 kJ/mol, N = -1.46, s_N = 1.05):



Total Energy = -526.27638002233 hartree

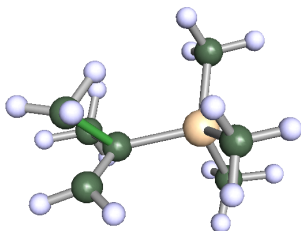
Enthalpy Correction = 0.193767 hartree

Entropy = 0.000159 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
-3.98990325	-1.70372765	-0.66838892	c	6.000	0
-2.29716186	-0.47397382	0.73790852	c	6.000	0
1.09597242	-0.19316026	-0.30027003	si	14.000	0
3.16987515	-1.64587100	2.18039164	c	6.000	0
1.57692401	-1.84535639	-3.39029986	c	6.000	0
1.90329711	3.24261499	-0.63024384	c	6.000	0
-3.04250358	0.73016776	3.19648215	c	6.000	0
-3.49045510	-2.58813644	-2.45112474	h	1.000	0
-5.95783137	-1.87598797	-0.08717811	h	1.000	0
2.92281434	-0.70642320	4.00402341	h	1.000	0
5.15935629	-1.47976843	1.64496818	h	1.000	0
2.73416562	-3.65072637	2.42562097	h	1.000	0
3.55234175	-1.67108848	-3.97354509	h	1.000	0
0.40062572	-1.02586300	-4.87773635	h	1.000	0
1.13197596	-3.85750338	-3.24713085	h	1.000	0
0.71114378	4.14706419	-2.05501539	h	1.000	0
3.87614523	3.46680926	-1.20484589	h	1.000	0
1.64477558	4.24758894	1.15637055	h	1.000	0
-2.65361011	2.76225965	3.17924826	h	1.000	0
-1.95192039	-0.05416316	4.77025412	h	1.000	0
-5.05015183	0.46000416	3.60415012	h	1.000	0

2-(Trimethylsilyl)propene Product:

The H-CH₂-C-CH₃ Torsion Angle was constrained to 90°.



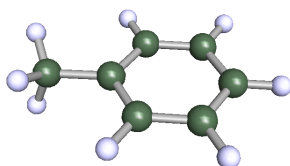
Total Energy = -565.95576434157 hartree

Enthalpy Correction = 0.235632 hartree

Entropy = 0.000169 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
3.28116342	-0.33210280	-1.97522723	c	6.000	0
1.58679170	-0.89461691	-0.01786813	c	6.000	0
-1.89824750	0.16833083	-0.23024058	si	14.000	0
-2.08769931	2.86394662	-2.47862883	c	6.000	0
-2.92445916	1.06164856	3.01110066	c	6.000	0
-3.53422033	-2.70776895	-1.42932577	c	6.000	0
3.84638825	1.80567185	0.27227258	c	6.000	0
2.31295847	-2.74164232	1.96837846	c	6.000	0
5.14525014	-1.18480995	-2.02776369	h	1.000	0
2.63078569	0.58267654	-3.68422216	h	1.000	0
-0.95687307	4.47511839	-1.85415210	h	1.000	0
-1.49116603	2.32952705	-4.38102398	h	1.000	0
-4.05408423	3.49014526	-2.59047681	h	1.000	0
-2.79274384	-0.53267096	4.31525101	h	1.000	0
-4.89753691	1.67250632	2.95175244	h	1.000	0
-1.80442297	2.62454775	3.76572444	h	1.000	0
-5.54026098	-2.28376285	-1.68906744	h	1.000	0
-3.37952766	-4.27778524	-0.09835223	h	1.000	0
-2.76165380	-3.30269043	-3.24877048	h	1.000	0
3.90061044	3.54278008	-0.82588655	h	1.000	0
2.45970287	2.19976264	1.77131910	h	1.000	0
5.60946721	1.26380731	1.15728978	h	1.000	0
1.62589483	-2.20435823	3.83436002	h	1.000	0
1.36949608	-4.51326004	1.45472937	h	1.000	0
4.34200479	-3.10266243	2.02339157	h	1.000	0

Toluene (MCA* = 218.6 kJ/mol, N = -4.36, s_N = 1.77):

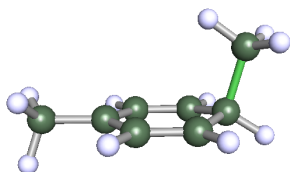


Total Energy = -271.34484117648 hartree
 Enthalpy Correction = 0.135629 hartree
 Entropy = 0.000123 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
-0.74720889	-2.12570052	-0.16019211	c	6.000	0
1.57785034	-3.00330845	0.67845744	c	6.000	0
3.49013294	-1.30850219	1.27871140	c	6.000	0
3.05107603	1.26667474	1.03569178	c	6.000	0
0.72126277	2.13401549	0.19591943	c	6.000	0
-1.21097094	0.45445172	-0.42083734	c	6.000	0
-2.23259050	-3.46498406	-0.61706136	h	1.000	0
1.89530194	-5.01908378	0.87049016	h	1.000	0
4.52585519	2.60912296	1.50848801	h	1.000	0
0.39275979	4.15143513	0.02014928	h	1.000	0
-3.70489711	1.39163420	-1.38140342	c	6.000	0
5.30561684	-1.99021743	1.93938344	h	1.000	0
-4.09196129	3.30603128	-0.71907730	h	1.000	0
-3.72300867	1.43500169	-3.44934738	h	1.000	0
-5.24921665	0.16342963	-0.77937175	h	1.000	0

Toluene Product:

Both H₃C-CH-CH-CH bond angles were constrained to 100° and 260° respectively.

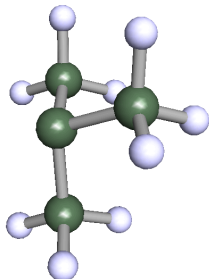


Total Energy = -311.01515269409 hartree
 Enthalpy Correction = 0.17701 hartree
 Entropy = 0.000135 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
5.52549627	-0.40380286	0.07421567	c	6.000	0
2.75328481	-0.24879261	-0.13629261	c	6.000	0
1.60610904	2.07009432	-0.79775254	c	6.000	0
-0.94501460	2.23823923	-0.96395096	c	6.000	0
-2.58727123	0.14421792	-0.22031928	c	6.000	0
-3.55809229	0.84836548	2.51547926	c	6.000	0
-1.29356417	-2.27820427	0.07818046	c	6.000	0
1.26026480	-2.42829872	0.24117029	c	6.000	0
6.32839940	1.35253881	0.79309734	h	1.000	0
6.12897130	-2.00889889	1.21145148	h	1.000	0
6.28328119	-0.66723409	-1.84129443	h	1.000	0
2.79126700	3.69397392	-1.18077907	h	1.000	0
-1.83500020	4.02184572	-1.44156677	h	1.000	0
-4.27305050	-0.00000883	-1.40692051	h	1.000	0
-4.82934067	-0.63200043	3.16774778	h	1.000	0
-4.57947204	2.63148412	2.41554579	h	1.000	0
-1.96284785	1.02363917	3.80315663	h	1.000	0
-2.44925813	-3.94092366	0.39561620	h	1.000	0
2.18227449	-4.20970094	0.64622316	h	1.000	0

Energies and Coordinates of Molecules with Nu^* values Calculated at the PBE0(disp)/def2-TZVP COSMO (∞) level of theory.

2-Methylpropan-2-ide Anion (MCA* = 718.3 kJ/mol):



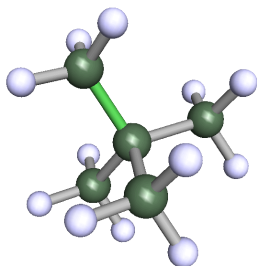
Total Energy = -157.73494885670 hartree

Enthalpy Correction = 0.121918 hartree

Entropy = 0.000108 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
0.00000000	0.00000000	-1.18296004	c	6.000	0
1.32881419	2.30157369	-0.14862951	c	6.000	0
1.32881419	-2.30157369	-0.14862951	c	6.000	0
-2.65762838	0.00000000	-0.14862951	c	6.000	0
3.31914361	2.41305242	-0.72209102	h	1.000	0
1.33250591	2.30796794	1.97823742	h	1.000	0
0.43019289	4.08098890	-0.72209102	h	1.000	0
3.31914361	-2.41305242	-0.72209102	h	1.000	0
1.33250591	-2.30796794	1.97823742	h	1.000	0
0.43019289	-4.08098890	-0.72209102	h	1.000	0
-3.74933651	1.66793648	-0.72209102	h	1.000	0
-3.74933651	-1.66793648	-0.72209102	h	1.000	0
-2.66501182	0.00000000	1.97823742	h	1.000	0

2-Methylpropan-2-ide Anion Product:



Total Energy = -197.60069491045 hartree

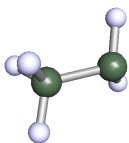
Enthalpy Correction = 0.167212 hartree

Entropy = 0.000116 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	c	6.000	0
1.66539033	-1.66539033	1.66539033	c	6.000	0
-1.66539033	1.66539033	1.66539033	c	6.000	0
1.66539033	1.66539033	-1.66539033	c	6.000	0

-1.66539033	-1.66539033	-1.66539033	c	6.000	0
0.51521396	-2.88018124	2.88018124	h	1.000	0
2.88018124	-0.51521396	2.88018124	h	1.000	0
2.88018124	-2.88018124	0.51521396	h	1.000	0
2.88018124	0.51521396	-2.88018124	h	1.000	0
2.88018124	2.88018124	-0.51521396	h	1.000	0
0.51521396	2.88018124	-2.88018124	h	1.000	0
-0.51521396	-2.88018124	-2.88018124	h	1.000	0
-2.88018124	-0.51521396	-2.88018124	h	1.000	0
-2.88018124	-2.88018124	-0.51521396	h	1.000	0
-2.88018124	2.88018124	0.51521396	h	1.000	0
-2.88018124	0.51521396	2.88018124	h	1.000	0
-0.51521396	2.88018124	2.88018124	h	1.000	0

Ethanide Anion (MCA* = 701.2 kJ/mol):



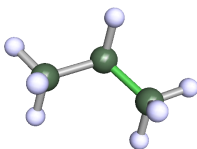
Total Energy = -79.17650626097 hartree

Enthalpy Correction = 0.063779 hartree

Entropy = 0.000091 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
1.69010960	-0.72200058	0.00000000	c	6.000	0
-1.11600943	-0.02556321	0.00000000	c	6.000	0
2.60177286	0.18030226	-1.64939905	h	1.000	0
2.60177286	0.18030226	1.64939905	h	1.000	0
-2.09889957	-0.81264775	1.65038445	h	1.000	0
-1.57827929	2.01846822	0.00000000	h	1.000	0
-2.09889957	-0.81264775	-1.65038445	h	1.000	0

Ethanide Anion Product:



Total Energy = -119.03468196859 hartree

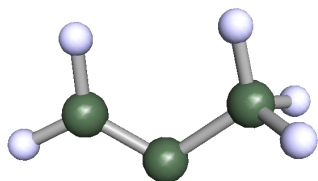
Enthalpy Correction = 0.108878 hartree

Entropy = 0.000102 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
0.00000000	2.38856802	-0.43043981	c	6.000	0
0.00000000	0.00000000	1.16284726	c	6.000	0
0.00000000	-2.38856802	-0.43043981	c	6.000	0
0.00000000	4.08787193	0.74341345	h	1.000	0
1.66818101	2.46467538	-1.65010934	h	1.000	0
-1.66818101	2.46467538	-1.65010934	h	1.000	0
1.65493827	0.00000000	2.40605137	h	1.000	0

-1.65493827	0.00000000	2.40605137	h	1.000	0
0.00000000	-4.08787193	0.74341345	h	1.000	0
1.66818101	-2.46467538	-1.65010934	h	1.000	0
-1.66818101	-2.46467538	-1.65010934	h	1.000	0

Prop-1-en-2-ide Anion (MCA* = 678.9 kJ/mol):



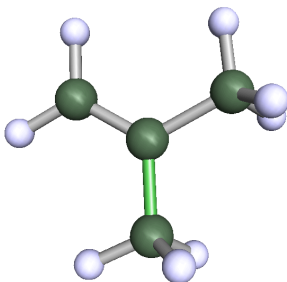
Total Energy = -117.24145763984 hartree

Enthalpy Correction = 0.070224 hartree

Entropy = 0.000099 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
-3.36203203	-0.04599491	0.06190429	c	6.000	0
-1.59350563	-1.86030810	0.21620699	c	6.000	0
-3.41988990	1.36100921	-1.48557390	h	1.000	0
-4.87588491	0.17953621	1.44987833	h	1.000	0
0.31968539	-1.83020248	-1.89827354	c	6.000	0
0.01999810	-0.30549485	-3.30468663	h	1.000	0
2.24943041	-1.62625600	-1.16378209	h	1.000	0
0.32863014	-3.63099468	-2.92896555	h	1.000	0

Prop-1-en-2-ide Anion Product:



Total Energy = -157.09027338588 hartree

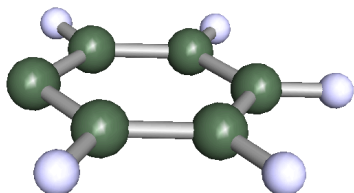
Enthalpy Correction = 0.114189 hartree

Entropy = 0.000109 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
0.00000000	0.00000000	-2.92401812	c	6.000	0
0.00000000	0.00000000	-0.40734656	c	6.000	0
0.00000000	-1.75198920	-3.99042837	h	1.000	0
0.00000000	1.75198920	-3.99042837	h	1.000	0
0.00000000	-2.39242156	1.09864863	c	6.000	0
0.00000000	2.39242156	1.09864863	c	6.000	0
-1.65774620	2.47298001	2.33512114	h	1.000	0
1.65774620	2.47298001	2.33512114	h	1.000	0
0.00000000	4.06214656	-0.11029979	h	1.000	0

1.65774620	-2.47298001	2.33512114	h	1.000	0
0.00000000	-4.06214656	-0.11029979	h	1.000	0
-1.65774620	-2.47298001	2.33512114	h	1.000	0

Benzen-1-ide Anion (MCA* = 672.5 kJ/mol):



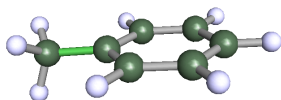
Total Energy = -231.50113225040 hartree

Enthalpy Correction = 0.092571 hartree

Entropy = 0.000107 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
0.00000000	0.00000000	-2.23199554	c	6.000	0
-2.25496724	0.00000000	-0.88813608	c	6.000	0
-2.22199254	0.00000000	1.74914030	c	6.000	0
0.00000000	0.00000000	3.22724030	c	6.000	0
2.22199254	0.00000000	1.74914030	c	6.000	0
2.25496724	0.00000000	-0.88813608	c	6.000	0
0.00000000	0.00000000	-4.28344160	h	1.000	0
-4.04376544	0.00000000	-1.90267898	h	1.000	0
-4.06249524	0.00000000	2.68518856	h	1.000	0
4.06249524	0.00000000	2.68518856	h	1.000	0
4.04376544	0.00000000	-1.90267898	h	1.000	0

Benzen-1-ide Anion Product:



Total Energy = -271.34484117648 hartree

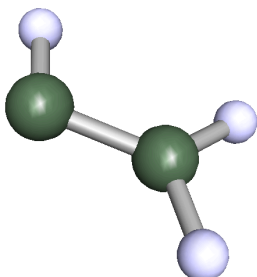
Enthalpy Correction = 0.135629 hartree

Entropy = 0.000123 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
-0.74720889	-2.12570052	-0.16019211	c	6.000	0
1.57785034	-3.00330845	0.67845744	c	6.000	0
3.49013294	-1.30850219	1.27871140	c	6.000	0
3.05107603	1.26667474	1.03569178	c	6.000	0
0.72126277	2.13401549	0.19591943	c	6.000	0
-1.21097094	0.45445172	-0.42083734	c	6.000	0
-2.23259050	-3.46498406	-0.61706136	h	1.000	0
1.89530194	-5.01908378	0.87049016	h	1.000	0
4.52585519	2.60912296	1.50848801	h	1.000	0
0.39275979	4.15143513	0.02014928	h	1.000	0
-3.70489711	1.39163420	-1.38140342	c	6.000	0
5.30561684	-1.99021743	1.93938344	h	1.000	0
-4.09196129	3.30603128	-0.71907730	h	1.000	0

-3.72300867	1.43500169	-3.44934738	h	1.000	0
-5.24921665	0.16342963	-0.77937175	h	1.000	0

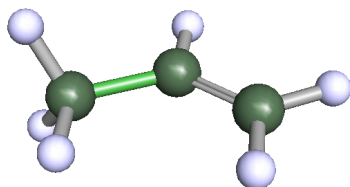
Ethenide Anion (MCA* = 668.6 kJ/mol):



Total Energy = -77.95937463089 hartree
 Enthalpy Correction = 0.040802 hartree
 Entropy = 0.000087 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
-0.79245383	0.01144018	0.00000000	c	6.000	0
1.45206321	1.21348361	0.00000000	c	6.000	0
-1.05908093	-2.05160558	0.00000000	h	1.000	0
-2.58959862	1.04354429	0.00000000	h	1.000	0
2.98907018	-0.21686249	0.00000000	h	1.000	0

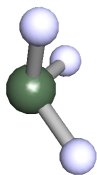
Ethenide Anion Product:



Total Energy = -117.80341211793 hartree
 Enthalpy Correction = 0.084813 hartree
 Entropy = 0.0001 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
-2.57943047	0.46907536	0.00000000	c	6.000	0
-0.48054082	-0.90618780	0.00000000	c	6.000	0
-4.43337749	-0.40524905	0.00000000	h	1.000	0
-2.51167008	2.52144874	0.00000000	h	1.000	0
-0.64080519	-2.95777585	0.00000000	h	1.000	0
2.13655669	0.13192690	0.00000000	c	6.000	0
3.18767106	-0.52428634	1.65660408	h	1.000	0
2.13392524	2.19533437	0.00000000	h	1.000	0
3.18767106	-0.52428634	-1.65660408	h	1.000	0

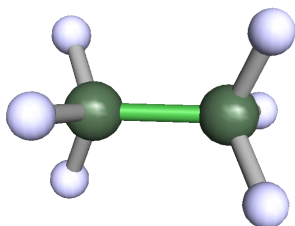
Methanide Anion (MCA* = 665.5 kJ/mol):



Total Energy = -39.90909816942 hartree
Enthalpy Correction = 0.033249 hartree
Entropy = 0.000074 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
0.00000000	0.00000000	0.60369755	c	6.000	0
-0.96200051	-1.66623376	-0.20072885	h	1.000	0
-0.96200051	1.66623376	-0.20072885	h	1.000	0
1.92400102	0.00000000	-0.20072885	h	1.000	0

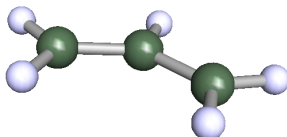
Methanide Anion Product:



Total Energy = -79.75379462066 hartree
Enthalpy Correction = 0.079099 hartree
Entropy = 0.000087 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
0.00000000	0.00000000	-1.43605736	c	6.000	0
0.00000000	0.00000000	1.43605736	c	6.000	0
1.66642460	-0.96211069	-2.18669270	h	1.000	0
0.00000000	1.92422138	-2.18669270	h	1.000	0
-1.66642460	-0.96211069	-2.18669270	h	1.000	0
1.66642460	0.96211069	2.18669270	h	1.000	0
-1.66642460	0.96211069	2.18669270	h	1.000	0
0.00000000	-1.92422138	2.18669270	h	1.000	0

Prop-2-en-1-ide Anion (MCA* = 599.7 kJ/mol):



Total Energy = -117.26411619283 hartree

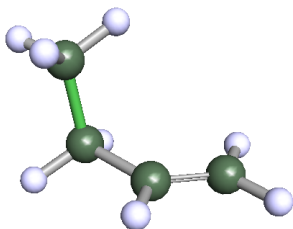
Enthalpy Correction = 0.06977 hartree

Entropy = 0.000097 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
2.38824794	0.00000000	0.30939821	c	6.000	0
0.00000000	0.00000000	-0.77220155	c	6.000	0
4.07564098	0.00000000	-0.85265593	h	1.000	0
2.63852147	0.00000000	2.35087345	h	1.000	0
0.00000000	0.00000000	-2.84297289	h	1.000	0
-2.38824794	0.00000000	0.30939821	c	6.000	0
-4.07564098	0.00000000	-0.85265593	h	1.000	0
-2.63852147	0.00000000	2.35087345	h	1.000	0

Prop-2-en-1-ide Anion Product:

The H₃C-C-C-C Torsion Angle was constrained to 270°.



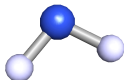
Total Energy = -157.08210869810 hartree

Enthalpy Correction = 0.114867 hartree

Entropy = 0.000113 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
-3.84602233	-2.50048859	0.56816514	c	6.000	0
-1.66340139	-1.27226448	0.41434873	c	6.000	0
-5.31369692	-2.26578829	-0.84337261	h	1.000	0
-4.23236428	-3.80262838	2.10927167	h	1.000	0
-1.36808993	0.03205106	-1.15049966	h	1.000	0
0.39103892	-1.39073992	2.35463454	c	6.000	0
2.23319825	-1.19031523	1.43773138	h	1.000	0
0.08904368	0.65211168	4.37052750	c	6.000	0
0.36698136	-3.24545907	3.27008410	h	1.000	0
-1.69004851	0.40476022	5.38769406	h	1.000	0
0.07974307	2.53858351	3.52727005	h	1.000	0
1.63591781	0.57295632	5.73629169	h	1.000	0

Amide Anion (MCA* = 577.1 kJ/mol):



Total Energy = -55.97780776431 hartree

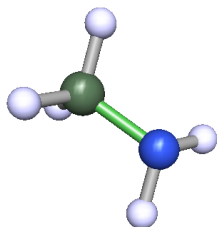
Enthalpy Correction = 0.023018 hartree

Entropy = 0.000072 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
0.00000000	0.00000000	0.80946622	n	7.000	0

-1.50335249	0.00000000	-0.40472449	h	1.000	0
1.50335249	0.00000000	-0.40472449	h	1.000	0

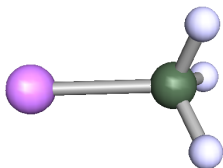
Amide Anion Product:



Total Energy = -95.78704451254 hartree
 Enthalpy Correction = 0.068833 hartree
 Entropy = 0.000091 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
-1.07537958	0.03053886	0.00000000	c	6.000	0
1.61956496	0.61375034	0.00000000	n	7.000	0
-1.96372443	0.87005968	-1.66358884	h	1.000	0
-1.51662883	-1.99682200	0.00000000	h	1.000	0
-1.96372443	0.87005968	1.66358884	h	1.000	0
2.45002723	-0.19395619	1.52556173	h	1.000	0
2.45002723	-0.19395619	-1.52556173	h	1.000	0

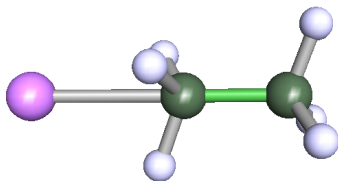
Methyl lithium (MCA* = 567.7 kJ/mol):



Total Energy = -47.3755795353 hartree
 Enthalpy Correction = 0.036359 hartree
 Entropy = 0.000091 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
3.62697886	-0.03792947	0.04543359	li	3.000	0
-0.28922976	0.00280810	-0.00445023	c	6.000	0
-1.11370558	-1.40301699	-1.30324614	h	1.000	0
-1.08604702	1.83586080	-0.59406124	h	1.000	0
-1.13799650	-0.39772244	1.85632402	h	1.000	0

Methyl Lithium Product:



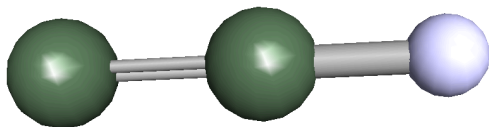
Total Energy = -87.18086544411 hartree

Enthalpy Correction = 0.082119 hartree

Entropy = 0.000111 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
0.03628285	-0.37184834	-0.00023221	c	6.000	0
0.01641866	2.49776986	-0.03089640	c	6.000	0
0.04897454	-4.59804212	0.06814107	li	3.000	0
1.97386043	-1.06440857	-0.26794937	h	1.000	0
-1.16308553	-1.09992963	-1.52783501	h	1.000	0
0.08649342	-0.37111794	0.03559421	q	0.000	0
-0.68722117	-1.05763731	1.81933656	h	1.000	0
-1.89618918	3.22114344	0.23795131	h	1.000	0
1.20409018	3.25694776	1.47440920	h	1.000	0
0.72466859	3.21782370	-1.82888128	h	1.000	0

Ethynide Anion (MCA* = 552.5 kJ/mol):



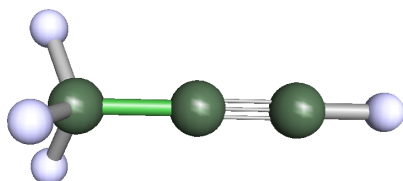
Total Energy = -76.75921537101 hartree

Enthalpy Correction = 0.018846 hartree

Entropy = 0.000077 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
0.00000000	0.00000000	-0.10155021	c	6.000	0
0.00000000	0.00000000	2.22852203	c	6.000	0
0.00000000	0.00000000	-2.12697182	h	1.000	0

Ethynide Anion Product:



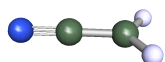
Total Energy = -116.55607369016 hartree

Enthalpy Correction = 0.060789 hartree

Entropy = 0.000093 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
0.00000000	0.00000000	-3.21516951	c	6.000	0
0.00000000	0.00000000	-0.94229940	c	6.000	0
0.00000000	0.00000000	-5.23149425	h	1.000	0
0.00000000	0.00000000	1.79879953	c	6.000	0
-0.96519182	1.67176127	2.52981090	h	1.000	0
-0.96519182	-1.67176127	2.52981090	h	1.000	0
1.93038364	0.00000000	2.52981090	h	1.000	0

Vinylideneamide Anion (MCA* = 540.5 kJ/mol):



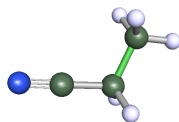
Total Energy = -132.14015391495 hartree

Enthalpy Correction = 0.035514 hartree

Entropy = 0.000093 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
0.00000000	0.00000000	-1.06518685	c	6.000	0
0.00000000	0.00000000	1.51055000	c	6.000	0
0.00000000	0.00000000	3.74389585	n	7.000	0
-1.76685152	0.00000000	-2.09461742	h	1.000	0
1.76685152	0.00000000	-2.09461742	h	1.000	0

Vinylideneamide Anion Product:



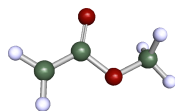
Total Energy = -171.93549447553 hartree

Enthalpy Correction = 0.080183 hartree

Entropy = 0.000108 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
4.65277056	1.60215958	0.00000000	n	7.000	0
2.83500390	0.40828423	0.00000000	c	6.000	0
0.51859699	-1.06106314	0.00000000	c	6.000	0
-1.83461621	0.60590896	0.00000000	c	6.000	0
0.55810294	-2.28843159	-1.66137531	h	1.000	0
0.55810294	-2.28843159	1.66137531	h	1.000	0
-1.88880574	1.80659675	1.67423934	h	1.000	0
-1.88880574	1.80659675	-1.67423934	h	1.000	0
-3.51052216	-0.59224819	0.00000000	h	1.000	0

1-Methoxyethen-1-olate Anion (MCA* = 539.3 kJ/mol):



Total Energy = -267.69340478302 hartree

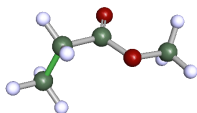
Enthalpy Correction = 0.08289 hartree

Entropy = 0.000117 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
-3.52895770	-3.63326992	0.48910054	c	6.000	0
-5.37129618	-3.92809327	2.29834352	c	6.000	0
-1.94629842	-1.88909135	0.22982297	o	8.000	0
-3.47139257	-5.59977540	-1.28205632	o	8.000	0
-6.61468912	-5.55170944	2.28696786	h	1.000	0
-5.57329542	-2.51378100	3.76205113	h	1.000	0
-1.62815081	-5.38125417	-3.19524881	c	6.000	0
-1.84103941	-7.04696389	-4.39081189	h	1.000	0
-1.90069597	-3.68203718	-4.33947386	h	1.000	0
0.28723427	-5.33738336	-2.42114306	h	1.000	0

1-Methoxyethen-1-olate Anion Product:

The H₃C-C-C-O Torsion Angle was constrained to 90°.



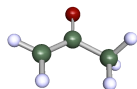
Total Energy = -307.48845355331 hartree

Enthalpy Correction = 0.127431 hartree

Entropy = 0.000131 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
-4.47953232	-3.27192202	0.16572862	c	6.000	0
-4.55688839	-1.05348004	-0.38285893	o	8.000	0
-4.26055332	-4.08853340	2.53606922	o	8.000	0
-4.52411257	-5.40374551	-1.69779892	c	6.000	0
-4.06993403	-2.18406830	4.44379219	c	6.000	0
-2.40935616	-1.00825018	4.12028969	h	1.000	0
-5.75840413	-1.00376652	4.45027458	h	1.000	0
-3.89634786	-3.19326673	6.22442027	h	1.000	0
-5.61794427	-4.78272015	-3.33061025	h	1.000	0
-5.46278992	-7.03244839	-0.85086204	h	1.000	0
-1.84061310	-6.10476776	-2.49812459	c	6.000	0
-0.88004141	-4.49082538	-3.35258662	h	1.000	0
-0.72777356	-6.74537528	-0.88312558	h	1.000	0
-1.89673408	-7.62865889	-3.88546428	h	1.000	0

Prop-1-en-2-olate Anion (MCA* = 518.7 kJ/mol):



Total Energy = -192.51161272845 hartree

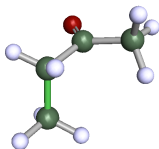
Enthalpy Correction = 0.076888 hartree

Entropy = 0.000107 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
-1.73630585	-0.99617896	0.66641856	c	6.000	0
0.50106889	0.80018347	0.62178672	c	6.000	0
-1.86856105	-2.17206960	-1.02429150	h	1.000	0
-1.60281209	-2.22656391	2.32453011	h	1.000	0
-3.48904468	0.08554105	0.86337476	h	1.000	0
2.05865780	0.76723599	-1.44879592	c	6.000	0
0.74268674	2.22345251	2.56806223	o	8.000	0
1.71177222	-0.50162885	-3.01870597	h	1.000	0
3.68014926	2.02384996	-1.55518924	h	1.000	0

Prop-1-en-2-olate Anion Product:

The H₃C-C-C-O Torsion Angle was constrained to 90°.



Total Energy = -232.29720459052 hartree

Enthalpy Correction = 0.120421 hartree

Entropy = 0.000123 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
1.64162262	-3.34193481	0.72129081	c	6.000	0
-0.06888251	-1.09735430	0.90868736	c	6.000	0
3.55112680	-2.76252933	0.18912092	h	1.000	0
0.94930283	-4.56188087	-0.80001289	h	1.000	0
1.67430300	-4.39729835	2.48698270	h	1.000	0
-1.49869086	-0.80785865	2.68333484	o	8.000	0
0.09436866	0.82624006	-1.17908290	c	6.000	0
2.10254291	2.80647022	-0.54918032	c	6.000	0
-1.75031553	1.72989855	-1.37372569	h	1.000	0
0.56859280	-0.10983748	-2.95774510	h	1.000	0
1.63955238	3.78561740	1.20724927	h	1.000	0
2.21483835	4.20699247	-2.05830499	h	1.000	0
3.96837337	1.94878406	-0.33954176	h	1.000	0

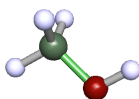
Hydroxide Anion (MCA* = 487.9 kJ/mol):



Total Energy = -75.87582711746 hartree
 Enthalpy Correction = 0.012078 hartree
 Entropy = 0.000066 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
0.00000000	0.00000000	-0.90764766	o	8.000	0
0.00000000	0.00000000	0.90764766	h	1.000	0

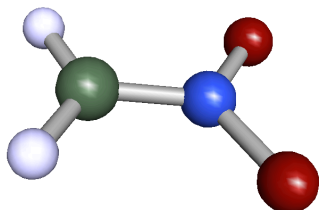
Hydroxide Anion Product:



Total Energy = -115.64758950633 hartree
 Enthalpy Correction = 0.055895 hartree
 Entropy = 0.00009 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
1.73895799	-1.06773376	-0.33295109	o	8.000	0
-0.68057301	0.03964971	-0.03596230	c	6.000	0
2.97778344	0.11097902	0.28159142	h	1.000	0
-2.06632598	-1.31879943	-0.72995839	h	1.000	0
-0.86797472	1.78572970	-1.13126043	h	1.000	0
-1.10186772	0.45017476	1.94854080	h	1.000	0

Nitromethanide Anion (MCA* = 478.5 kJ/mol):

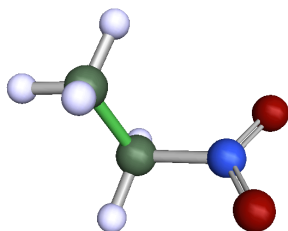


Total Energy = -244.38149919168 hartree
 Enthalpy Correction = 0.041682 hartree
 Entropy = 0.000099 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
0.00000000	0.00000000	-1.33844572	c	6.000	0
0.00000000	0.00000000	1.14481375	n	7.000	0
-2.06941365	0.00000000	2.39275371	o	8.000	0
2.06941365	0.00000000	2.39275371	o	8.000	0
-1.79753319	0.00000000	-2.29620958	h	1.000	0
1.79753319	0.00000000	-2.29620958	h	1.000	0

Nitromethanide Anion Product:

The C-C-N-O Torsion Angle was constrained to 90°.



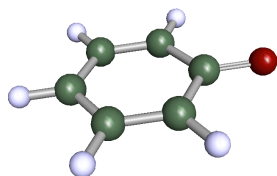
Total Energy = -284.15168673478 hartree

Enthalpy Correction = 0.085716 hartree

Entropy = 0.000117 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
-2.09985009	0.48229247	0.25197293	c	6.000	0
0.25420830	-0.52837403	-1.02352231	c	6.000	0
2.47816464	-0.09365215	0.64971131	n	7.000	0
3.62751759	1.87520639	0.41625522	o	8.000	0
2.97914506	-1.70090794	2.20458965	o	8.000	0
-1.94578920	2.50915001	0.59289879	h	1.000	0
-3.70478843	0.15116795	-0.99735655	h	1.000	0
-2.45080871	-0.48867732	2.03611399	h	1.000	0
0.66454601	0.45439359	-2.78116214	h	1.000	0
0.15798308	-2.55909556	-1.32422609	h	1.000	0

Phenoxide (MCA* = 408.8 kJ/mol):



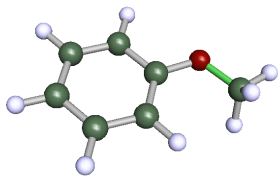
Total Energy = -306.76761861163 hartree

Enthalpy Correction = 0.098469 hartree

Entropy = 0.000117 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
4.70885683	2.01844714	0.31535160	o	8.000	0
2.48701659	1.06601644	0.16514702	c	6.000	0
0.26183129	2.58433388	0.04887372	c	6.000	0
-2.13251711	1.54177449	-0.10919132	c	6.000	0
-2.48925235	-1.06694327	-0.16379058	c	6.000	0
-0.35694725	-2.60890039	-0.05627291	c	6.000	0
2.04914699	-1.59376870	0.10210112	c	6.000	0
0.49658332	4.62488665	0.08859365	h	1.000	0
-3.76242749	2.78917000	-0.19132945	h	1.000	0
-4.36857942	-1.87232173	-0.28727306	h	1.000	0
-0.57992876	-4.65063055	-0.09664132	h	1.000	0
3.68621736	-2.83206396	0.18443152	h	1.000	0

Phenoxide Product:



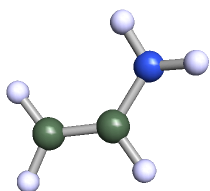
Total Energy = -346.51076781999 hartree

Enthalpy Correction = 0.141135 hartree

Entropy = 0.000132 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
5.05017649	-0.24637577	0.19824270	c	6.000	0
3.13797378	1.57267525	-0.23847224	o	8.000	0
0.70497021	0.79211663	-0.14592683	c	6.000	0
-0.03266861	-1.68249956	0.35766259	c	6.000	0
-2.59167099	-2.28272112	0.41004089	c	6.000	0
-4.41529709	-0.45701598	-0.03122063	c	6.000	0
-3.65960088	2.01170817	-0.53418053	c	6.000	0
-1.12337969	2.63957278	-0.59278860	c	6.000	0
6.83861782	0.75518217	0.03791318	h	1.000	0
4.88740191	-1.06397583	2.08968276	h	1.000	0
4.98062061	-1.75815160	-1.21024000	h	1.000	0
1.35351896	-3.14345570	0.70823737	h	1.000	0
-3.14832016	-4.21507077	0.80424142	h	1.000	0
-6.40351311	-0.94401090	0.01397597	h	1.000	0
-5.06166784	3.46469997	-0.88432027	h	1.000	0
-0.51716140	4.55732225	-0.98284777	h	1.000	0

Ethenamine (MCA* = 400.2 kJ/mol):



Total Energy = -133.85005102927 hartree

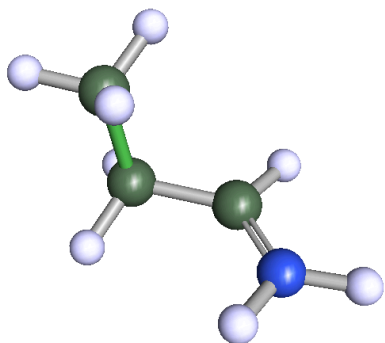
Enthalpy Correction = 0.074266 hartree

Entropy = 0.000098 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
-3.40608459	-3.65891706	0.45120471	n	7.000	0
-1.55469335	-1.86071023	0.14639832	c	6.000	0
-3.15923644	-5.29950859	-0.48914547	h	1.000	0
-4.03128566	-3.91598861	2.23037891	h	1.000	0
-1.62963030	-0.36224418	1.54966655	h	1.000	0
0.16162765	-1.75691170	-1.70687377	c	6.000	0
0.29569298	-3.21760251	-3.14113590	h	1.000	0
1.45154162	-0.17504744	-1.81876898	h	1.000	0

Ethenamine Product:

The C-C-C-N Torsion Angle was constrained to 90°.



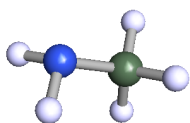
Total Energy = -173.59218026353 hartree

Enthalpy Correction = 0.118881 hartree

Entropy = 0.000112 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
0.56194123	-0.03206290	-2.89609349	c	6.000	0
-1.21371335	-0.21951370	-3.92460981	h	1.000	0
1.77571687	-1.64120376	-3.33744617	h	1.000	0
1.79449640	2.33032868	-3.67098851	c	6.000	0
0.66540186	3.98329999	-4.12614258	h	1.000	0
4.18267582	2.62584203	-3.69092243	n	7.000	0
4.97894181	4.30873328	-4.13079472	h	1.000	0
5.37898118	1.18169477	-3.29634746	h	1.000	0
0.05572448	0.06726884	-0.03837221	c	6.000	0
1.82521724	0.16389963	1.01295221	h	1.000	0
-1.10460939	1.69601518	0.46504122	h	1.000	0
-0.95172448	-1.64298643	0.51104978	h	1.000	0

Methanamine (MCA* = 389.2 kJ/mol):



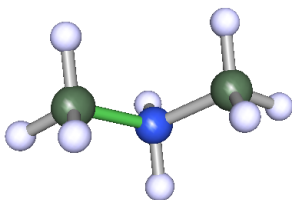
Total Energy = -95.78704451254 hartree

Enthalpy Correction = 0.068833 hartree

Entropy = 0.000091 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
-1.07537958	0.03053886	0.00000000	c	6.000	0
1.61956496	0.61375034	0.00000000	n	7.000	0
-1.96372443	0.87005968	-1.66358884	h	1.000	0
-1.51662883	-1.99682200	0.00000000	h	1.000	0
-1.96372443	0.87005968	1.66358884	h	1.000	0
2.45002723	-0.19395619	1.52556173	h	1.000	0
2.45002723	-0.19395619	-1.52556173	h	1.000	0

Methanamine Product:



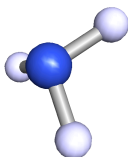
Total Energy = -135.52824241474 hartree

Enthalpy Correction = 0.115209 hartree

Entropy = 0.0001 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
0.00000000	-2.33642745	-0.43270688	c	6.000	0
0.00000000	0.00000000	1.10110823	n	7.000	0
0.00000000	2.33642745	-0.43270688	c	6.000	0
0.00000000	-3.95823508	0.82739164	h	1.000	0
-1.68688140	-2.33615153	-1.60696732	h	1.000	0
1.68688140	-2.33615153	-1.60696732	h	1.000	0
1.53352452	0.00000000	2.26671839	h	1.000	0
-1.53352452	0.00000000	2.26671839	h	1.000	0
0.00000000	3.95823508	0.82739164	h	1.000	0
-1.68688140	2.33615153	-1.60696732	h	1.000	0
1.68688140	2.33615153	-1.60696732	h	1.000	0

Ammonia (MCA* = 375.6 kJ/mol):



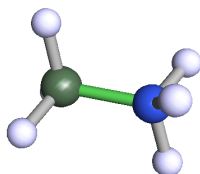
Total Energy = -56.52300480668 hartree

Enthalpy Correction = 0.038344 hartree

Entropy = 0.000073 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
0.00000000	0.00000000	-0.55420265	n	7.000	0
-0.88452007	1.53203371	0.18448474	h	1.000	0
-0.88452007	-1.53203371	0.18448474	h	1.000	0
1.76904015	0.00000000	0.18448474	h	1.000	0

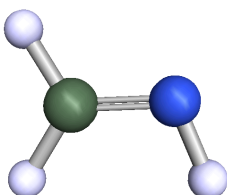
Ammonia Product:



Total Energy = -96.25779423342 hartree
 Enthalpy Correction = 0.08527 hartree
 Entropy = 0.000088 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
0.00000000	0.00000000	-1.37610166	n	7.000	0
0.00000000	0.00000000	1.41774334	c	6.000	0
-0.89512833	1.55040775	-2.08448543	h	1.000	0
-0.89512833	-1.55040775	-2.08448543	h	1.000	0
1.79025667	0.00000000	-2.08448543	h	1.000	0
-1.94654710	0.00000000	2.07083608	h	1.000	0
0.97327355	-1.68575924	2.07083608	h	1.000	0
0.97327355	1.68575924	2.07083608	h	1.000	0

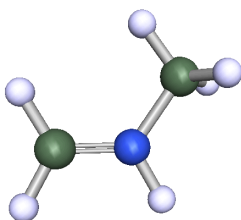
Methanimine (MCA* = 374.4 kJ/mol):



Total Energy = -94.56000459072 hartree
 Enthalpy Correction = 0.044182 hartree
 Entropy = 0.000087 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
-0.74160284	-0.03176542	0.00000000	c	6.000	0
1.32620659	1.16407073	0.00000000	n	7.000	0
-0.88666961	-2.09347907	0.00000000	h	1.000	0
-2.51507564	1.02102309	0.00000000	h	1.000	0
2.81714149	-0.05984933	0.00000000	h	1.000	0

Methanimine Product:

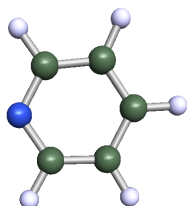


Total Energy = -134.29252258899 hartree
 Enthalpy Correction = 0.088711 hartree
 Entropy = 0.0001 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
-2.85208057	-3.63882471	0.33588506	c	6.000	0
-1.71936169	-1.73242575	-0.55514603	n	7.000	0
-1.89884447	-5.44927800	0.34808487	h	1.000	0
-4.75241911	-3.43237700	1.07151112	h	1.000	0

-2.73541785	0.80429834	-0.70257729	c	6.000	0
0.06163491	-1.97187073	-1.23345988	h	1.000	0
-4.63937704	0.81982324	0.06717656	h	1.000	0
-1.50640452	2.06127442	0.36969851	h	1.000	0
-2.74316915	1.38856230	-2.67702767	h	1.000	0

Pyridine (MCA* = 371.6 kJ/mol):



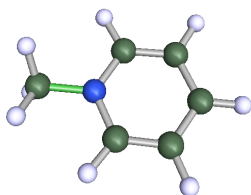
Total Energy = -248.09291778524 hartree

Enthalpy Correction = 0.094839 hartree

Entropy = 0.000107 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
-2.25211260	0.00000000	-0.90516394	c	6.000	0
-2.15191543	0.00000000	1.71396712	c	6.000	0
0.00000000	0.00000000	3.02159127	n	7.000	0
2.15191543	0.00000000	1.71396712	c	6.000	0
2.25211260	0.00000000	-0.90516394	c	6.000	0
0.00000000	0.00000000	-2.24318683	c	6.000	0
-4.06059986	0.00000000	-1.86438390	h	1.000	0
-3.88646898	0.00000000	2.81190435	h	1.000	0
3.88646898	0.00000000	2.81190435	h	1.000	0
4.06059986	0.00000000	-1.86438390	h	1.000	0
0.00000000	0.00000000	-4.29154950	h	1.000	0

Pyridine Product:



Total Energy = -287.82291499180 hartree

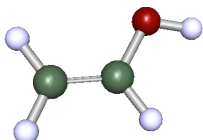
Enthalpy Correction = 0.138517 hartree

Entropy = 0.000122 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
-5.45618159	-5.20546487	0.36068716	c	6.000	0
-3.01643216	-6.10080409	0.33455340	c	6.000	0
-1.05480500	-4.49829302	0.31758427	n	7.000	0
-1.41241592	-1.98904787	0.32538518	c	6.000	0
-3.81169807	-0.99474313	0.35202639	c	6.000	0
-5.86791142	-2.61909495	0.37004752	c	6.000	0
-7.00421010	-6.53870375	0.36799813	h	1.000	0

-2.56309997	-8.09230624	0.32435391	h	1.000	0
1.52662512	-5.49398602	0.36687115	c	6.000	0
0.27145522	-0.83264539	0.30759340	h	1.000	0
-4.04746529	1.03477375	0.35295989	h	1.000	0
-7.77365552	-1.87492336	0.38626736	h	1.000	0
2.19240352	-5.53263359	2.31429286	h	1.000	0
2.73211321	-4.27544257	-0.76474511	h	1.000	0
1.52182340	-7.39327707	-0.41203554	h	1.000	0

Ethanol (MCA* = 313.5 kJ/mol):



Total Energy = -153.70792739458 hartree

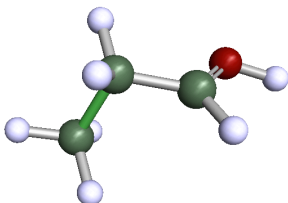
Enthalpy Correction = 0.06155 hartree

Entropy = 0.000097 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
-1.67442150	1.02212943	0.00000000	c	6.000	0
0.64452730	0.06467868	0.00000000	c	6.000	0
-1.92472244	3.05027298	0.00000000	h	1.000	0
-3.33395969	-0.17966397	0.00000000	h	1.000	0
2.31586130	1.25750683	0.00000000	h	1.000	0
1.08995083	-2.45621540	0.00000000	o	8.000	0
2.88276421	-2.75870855	0.00000000	h	1.000	0

Ethanol Product:

The C-C-C-O Torsion Angle was constrained to 90°.



Total Energy = -193.41603655462 hartree

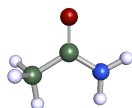
Enthalpy Correction = 0.105161 hartree

Entropy = 0.000111 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
0.80990755	-0.07261959	-2.66899855	c	6.000	0
2.05205112	2.30346287	-3.19839625	c	6.000	0
1.07729317	4.10558897	-2.97905292	h	1.000	0
4.35454988	2.33296767	-3.77264185	o	8.000	0
5.04223741	4.03271225	-3.96759871	h	1.000	0
1.11401148	-0.52914416	0.20879871	c	6.000	0
1.70081586	-1.60392404	-3.72061103	h	1.000	0

-1.18888706	0.09227352	-3.13860530	h	1.000	0
3.09932453	-0.77131305	0.69574787	h	1.000	0
0.08493616	-2.25324393	0.66325702	h	1.000	0
0.32343577	1.02107908	1.31171309	h	1.000	0

Acetamide (O attack) (MCA* = 281.4 kJ/mol):



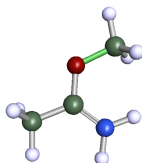
Total Energy = -209.08745076041 hartree

Enthalpy Correction = 0.080398 hartree

Entropy = 0.000109 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
2.45547314	0.62368808	-0.23987145	n	7.000	0
0.33539241	0.18801319	1.07202562	c	6.000	0
-1.95325527	-0.54380488	-0.44109614	c	6.000	0
0.25325149	0.36415843	3.38782670	o	8.000	0
4.05280460	1.10316744	0.67775245	h	1.000	0
2.50822279	0.47559365	-2.13199514	h	1.000	0
-1.62572040	-0.51191865	-2.47316655	h	1.000	0
-2.53159902	-2.44245613	0.12244099	h	1.000	0
-3.49456973	0.74355887	0.02608352	h	1.000	0

Acetamide (O attack) Product:



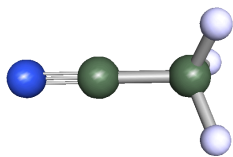
Total Energy = -248.78409217573 hartree

Enthalpy Correction = 0.123882 hartree

Entropy = 0.00012 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
-3.32490220	-1.81738397	-0.40579239	n	7.000	0
-1.18678784	-0.65704905	-0.14340384	c	6.000	0
-0.77967638	1.91381570	-1.13183083	c	6.000	0
0.71843684	-1.66749629	0.99417484	o	8.000	0
0.49673988	-4.17459747	2.02467632	c	6.000	0
-3.64159474	-3.57868518	0.25725807	h	1.000	0
-4.76770701	-0.95892317	-1.30891615	h	1.000	0
-0.25357249	3.14909322	0.43387800	h	1.000	0
-2.46421753	2.63370844	-2.06072196	h	1.000	0
0.79637865	1.86932420	-2.46168813	h	1.000	0
0.10142775	-5.51707553	0.51237044	h	1.000	0
2.32028650	-4.57656404	2.87009403	h	1.000	0
-0.97776342	-4.20882554	3.46409912	h	1.000	0

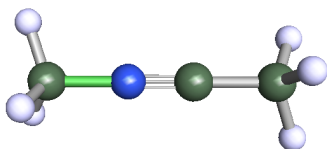
Acetonitrile (MCA* = 280.2 kJ/mol):



Total Energy = -132.65590935544 hartree
 Enthalpy Correction = 0.049993 hartree
 Entropy = 0.000092 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
0.00000000	0.00000000	-0.92556463	c	6.000	0
0.00000000	0.00000000	1.80542455	c	6.000	0
-0.97039584	1.68077490	-1.61984751	h	1.000	0
-0.97039584	-1.68077490	-1.61984751	h	1.000	0
1.94079169	0.00000000	-1.61984751	h	1.000	0
0.00000000	0.00000000	3.97941974	n	7.000	0

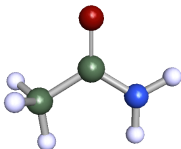
Acetonitrile Product:



Total Energy = -172.34953865565 hartree
 Enthalpy Correction = 0.092416 hartree
 Entropy = 0.000108 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
0.00000000	0.00000000	-3.75607275	c	6.000	0
0.00000000	0.00000000	-1.05613364	c	6.000	0
0.04329996	1.95120530	-4.42439624	h	1.000	0
1.66814338	-1.01310151	-4.42439624	h	1.000	0
-1.71144334	-0.93810378	-4.42439624	h	1.000	0
0.00000000	0.00000000	1.09281778	n	7.000	0
0.00000000	0.00000000	3.76243343	c	6.000	0
1.16061555	1.57046688	4.41088325	h	1.000	0
-1.94037199	0.21988911	4.41088325	h	1.000	0
0.77975644	-1.79035599	4.41088325	h	1.000	0

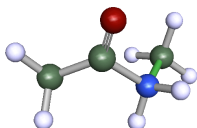
Acetamide (N attack) (MCA* = 265.9 kJ/mol):



Total Energy = -209.08745076041 hartree
 Enthalpy Correction = 0.080398 hartree
 Entropy = 0.000109 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
2.45547314	0.62368808	-0.23987145	n	7.000	0
0.33539241	0.18801319	1.07202562	c	6.000	0
-1.95325527	-0.54380488	-0.44109614	c	6.000	0
0.25325149	0.36415843	3.38782670	o	8.000	0
4.05280460	1.10316744	0.67775245	h	1.000	0
2.50822279	0.47559365	-2.13199514	h	1.000	0
-1.62572040	-0.51191865	-2.47316655	h	1.000	0
-2.53159902	-2.44245613	0.12244099	h	1.000	0
-3.49456973	0.74355887	0.02608352	h	1.000	0

Acetamide (N attack) Product:



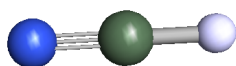
Total Energy = -248.77855737885 hartree

Enthalpy Correction = 0.12455 hartree

Entropy = 0.000121 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
0.60006884	-0.15015921	3.74400152	o	8.000	0
1.03008157	0.04758924	1.55392807	c	6.000	0
3.18646852	-0.90125787	0.06843074	c	6.000	0
-0.90451655	1.44192361	-0.00674671	n	7.000	0
-2.98083924	-0.26926232	-0.83793875	c	6.000	0
4.40610044	-2.04545665	1.25896259	h	1.000	0
4.23482952	0.71213338	-0.68965229	h	1.000	0
2.51005573	-2.00118513	-1.54414496	h	1.000	0
-0.07622527	2.26856672	-1.53994833	h	1.000	0
-1.62829714	2.86058821	1.08463893	h	1.000	0
-2.18163321	-1.75625140	-2.00920471	h	1.000	0
-4.32256894	0.84634729	-1.91897350	h	1.000	0
-3.87352427	-1.05357587	0.83664742	h	1.000	0

Hydrogen Cyanide (MCA* = 256.5 kJ/mol):



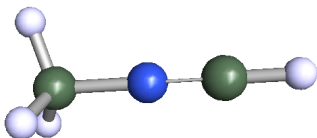
Total Energy = -93.35645307915 hartree

Enthalpy Correction = 0.020142 hartree

Entropy = 0.000077 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
0.00000000	0.00000000	2.11950366	n	7.000	0
0.00000000	0.00000000	-0.04533030	c	6.000	0
0.00000000	0.00000000	-2.07417336	h	1.000	0

Hydrogen Cyanide Product:



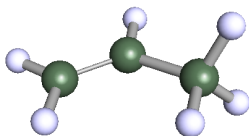
Total Energy = -133.04084291172 hartree

Enthalpy Correction = 0.062342 hartree

Entropy = 0.000093 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
0.00000000	0.00000000	-3.03205844	c	6.000	0
0.00000000	0.00000000	-0.89482067	n	7.000	0
0.00000000	0.00000000	-5.06847121	h	1.000	0
0.00000000	0.00000000	1.77191498	c	6.000	0
0.97868406	-1.69513052	2.40744170	h	1.000	0
0.97868406	1.69513052	2.40744170	h	1.000	0
-1.95736812	0.00000000	2.40744170	h	1.000	0

Prop-1-ene (MCA* = 246.6 kJ/mol):



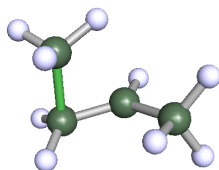
Total Energy = -117.80340555362 hartree

Enthalpy Correction = 0.084805 hartree

Entropy = 0.0001 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
-4.23566687	-3.34190294	0.31738208	c	6.000	0
-1.99055772	-1.64582243	0.22533824	c	6.000	0
-4.35659107	-4.49454118	-1.39618073	h	1.000	0
-5.98540700	-2.24209071	0.40734823	h	1.000	0
-4.16809709	-4.60085802	1.95100906	h	1.000	0
-1.91720228	-0.32565915	-1.35174247	h	1.000	0
-0.11820065	-1.63687129	1.89584430	c	6.000	0
-0.11090841	-2.92014813	3.49913979	h	1.000	0
1.46808910	-0.35076775	1.72027151	h	1.000	0

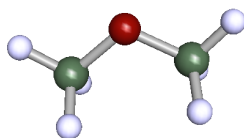
Prop-1-ene Product:



Total Energy = -157.48492731413 hartree
 Enthalpy Correction = 0.126716 hartree
 Entropy = 0.000112 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
-2.70939807	0.20650879	1.18289114	c	6.000	0
-2.00615135	-2.09336523	-0.18304103	c	6.000	0
-1.76026275	1.88516876	0.46607380	h	1.000	0
-4.74842977	0.41282240	0.83593630	h	1.000	0
-2.47866985	0.00006348	3.21835776	h	1.000	0
-2.60982527	-3.89462733	0.59648109	h	1.000	0
-0.64904124	-2.12839517	-2.46806227	c	6.000	0
-0.52099515	-0.38449240	-3.53337171	h	1.000	0
-0.71447768	-3.84203013	-3.58154688	h	1.000	0
1.63323314	-2.24278509	-0.45319493	c	6.000	0
1.16855147	-2.80550843	1.50244418	h	1.000	0
2.51042739	-0.39387109	-0.37059076	h	1.000	0
2.82942298	-3.77266969	-1.12768906	h	1.000	0

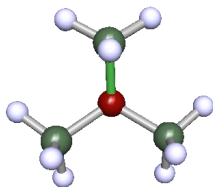
Methoxymethane (MCA* = 235.1 kJ/mol):



Total Energy = -154.91171346282 hartree
 Enthalpy Correction = 0.085259 hartree
 Entropy = 0.0001 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
0.00000000	-2.19982639	0.08790807	c	6.000	0
0.00000000	0.00000000	1.58000301	o	8.000	0
1.68307408	-2.28475451	-1.12265972	h	1.000	0
-1.68307408	-2.28475451	-1.12265972	h	1.000	0
0.00000000	-3.82270210	1.35717096	h	1.000	0
0.00000000	2.19982639	0.08790807	c	6.000	0
1.68307408	2.28475451	-1.12265972	h	1.000	0
0.00000000	3.82270210	1.35717096	h	1.000	0
-1.68307408	2.28475451	-1.12265972	h	1.000	0

Methoxymethane product:

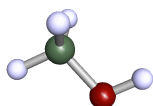


Total Energy = -194.59236563923 hartree
 Enthalpy Correction = 0.129781 hartree

Entropy = 0.000109 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
0.00000000	0.00000000	-0.78131259	o	8.000	0
1.32969945	-2.30310701	-0.04174179	c	6.000	0
1.32969945	2.30310701	-0.04174179	c	6.000	0
-2.65939890	0.00000000	-0.04174179	c	6.000	0
1.38687256	-2.40213374	2.01342607	h	1.000	0
3.20797987	-2.17490349	-0.85612444	h	1.000	0
0.27953174	-3.86564381	-0.85612444	h	1.000	0
3.20797987	2.17490349	-0.85612444	h	1.000	0
0.27953174	3.86564381	-0.85612444	h	1.000	0
1.38687256	2.40213374	2.01342607	h	1.000	0
-3.48751161	1.69074032	-0.85612444	h	1.000	0
-2.77374512	0.00000000	2.01342607	h	1.000	0
-3.48751161	-1.69074032	-0.85612444	h	1.000	0

Methanol (MCA* = 234.8 kJ/mol):



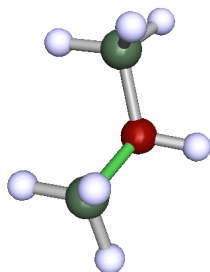
Total Energy = -115.64758950633 hartree

Enthalpy Correction = 0.055895 hartree

Entropy = 0.00009 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
1.73895799	-1.06773376	-0.33295109	o	8.000	0
-0.68057301	0.03964971	-0.03596230	c	6.000	0
2.97778344	0.11097902	0.28159142	h	1.000	0
-2.06632598	-1.31879943	-0.72995839	h	1.000	0
-0.86797472	1.78572970	-1.13126043	h	1.000	0
-1.10186772	0.45017476	1.94854080	h	1.000	0

Methanol Product:



Total Energy = -155.32672815194 hartree

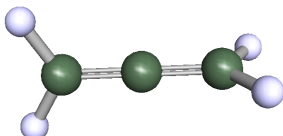
Enthalpy Correction = 0.100223 hartree

Entropy = 0.000103 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
-0.02621568	-0.26279889	-2.33444408	c	6.000	0

-0.57948793	1.10949469	0.00000000	o	8.000	0
-0.02621568	-0.26279889	2.33444408	c	6.000	0
-0.44365950	1.03047486	-3.86920818	h	1.000	0
-1.29373514	-1.87483675	-2.35971458	h	1.000	0
1.94858994	-0.83212462	-2.32107691	h	1.000	0
0.20973853	2.76980845	0.00000000	h	1.000	0
1.94858994	-0.83212462	2.32107691	h	1.000	0
-1.29373514	-1.87483675	2.35971458	h	1.000	0
-0.44365950	1.03047486	3.86920818	h	1.000	0

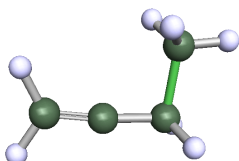
Propa-1,2-diene (MCA* = 234.2 kJ/mol):



Total Energy = -116.55664034976 hartree
 Enthalpy Correction = 0.059985 hartree
 Entropy = 0.000092 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
0.00000000	0.00000000	-2.45813215	c	6.000	0
0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	c	6.000	0
0.00000000	0.00000000	2.45813215	c	6.000	0
-1.24199272	1.24199272	-3.51913540	h	1.000	0
1.24199272	-1.24199272	-3.51913540	h	1.000	0
-1.24199272	-1.24199272	3.51913540	h	1.000	0
1.24199272	1.24199272	3.51913540	h	1.000	0

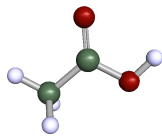
Propa-1,2-diene Product:



Total Energy = -156.22987316791 hartree
 Enthalpy Correction = 0.101016 hartree
 Entropy = 0.000113 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
-1.80442857	2.43604877	1.65505403	c	6.000	0
0.26686247	1.46262326	0.95680001	c	6.000	0
2.65452187	0.58140324	0.32393176	c	6.000	0
-3.57094514	1.56001091	1.04715701	h	1.000	0
-1.87532338	4.11803753	2.84080837	h	1.000	0
3.07127872	-1.27607914	1.11364094	h	1.000	0
4.24639919	2.65745579	1.79584021	c	6.000	0
3.06230697	0.71561149	-1.69150541	h	1.000	0
3.90585224	2.56384015	3.81986046	h	1.000	0
6.19677925	2.13183281	1.39190033	h	1.000	0
3.87367033	4.54356671	1.07043433	h	1.000	0

Acetic acid (carbonyl anti lone pair) (MCA* = 231.6 kJ/mol):



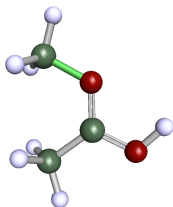
Total Energy = -228.94712944124 hartree

Enthalpy Correction = 0.067638 hartree

Entropy = 0.000107 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
2.89103092	-0.61753735	-0.08931205	o	8.000	0
1.02677870	1.08368894	-0.10339694	c	6.000	0
-1.51691893	-0.12309113	0.01111534	c	6.000	0
1.42783939	3.33047508	-0.21136438	o	8.000	0
4.48941329	0.27325782	-0.18456640	h	1.000	0
-2.97450325	1.31568976	0.16353496	h	1.000	0
-1.61257339	-1.41314061	1.61686854	h	1.000	0
-1.81335652	-1.24082010	-1.69891447	h	1.000	0

Acetic acid (carbonyl anti lone pair) Product:



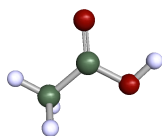
Total Energy = -268.62444893590 hartree

Enthalpy Correction = 0.110755 hartree

Entropy = 0.000118 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
3.54285718	-1.07489595	-1.53133151	o	8.000	0
1.43525533	-0.34217737	-0.61483757	c	6.000	0
1.01665098	2.36878822	-0.27408096	c	6.000	0
-0.16248925	-2.04290973	-0.05991298	o	8.000	0
-2.60351333	-1.36600030	0.99234382	c	6.000	0
3.63783507	-2.90902452	-1.68577053	h	1.000	0
0.62663972	2.74753428	1.71903983	h	1.000	0
2.66154279	3.42482922	-0.89610228	h	1.000	0
-0.65460869	2.93565608	-1.34839153	h	1.000	0
-3.62581957	-0.21072575	-0.36597153	h	1.000	0
-2.32081549	-0.37533913	2.77114558	h	1.000	0
-3.55353475	-3.15573505	1.29386965	h	1.000	0

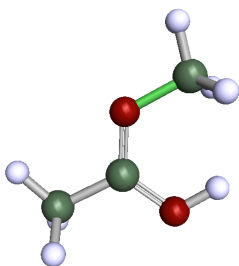
Acetic acid (carbonyl syn lone pair) (MCA* = 223.5 kJ/mol):



Total Energy = -228.94712944124 hartree
 Enthalpy Correction = 0.067638 hartree
 Entropy = 0.000107 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
2.89103092	-0.61753735	-0.08931205	o	8.000	0
1.02677870	1.08368894	-0.10339694	c	6.000	0
-1.51691893	-0.12309113	0.01111534	c	6.000	0
1.42783939	3.33047508	-0.21136438	o	8.000	0
4.48941329	0.27325782	-0.18456640	h	1.000	0
-2.97450325	1.31568976	0.16353496	h	1.000	0
-1.61257339	-1.41314061	1.61686854	h	1.000	0
-1.81335652	-1.24082010	-1.69891447	h	1.000	0

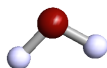
Acetic acid (carbonyl syn lone pair) Product:



Total Energy = -268.62114549455 hartree
 Enthalpy Correction = 0.110542 hartree
 Entropy = 0.000118 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
3.81588419	-0.97398926	-1.08712807	o	8.000	0
1.52363363	-0.37673158	-0.62172433	c	6.000	0
0.91971933	2.30809055	-0.33734387	c	6.000	0
-0.23630415	-1.98614128	-0.37858442	o	8.000	0
0.28951528	-4.66654771	-0.61254126	c	6.000	0
4.13371415	-2.78025990	-1.23463022	h	1.000	0
1.86287329	2.99378011	1.36921942	h	1.000	0
1.69819267	3.34500073	-1.94019220	h	1.000	0
-1.10810584	2.57932433	-0.18614100	h	1.000	0
1.61720397	-5.22898408	0.85693160	h	1.000	0
1.00417792	-5.05672415	-2.50350555	h	1.000	0
-1.51992102	-5.58399968	-0.33015128	h	1.000	0

Water (MCA* = 221.4 kJ/mol):

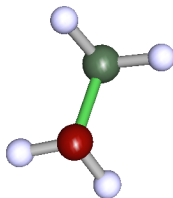


Total Energy = -76.39029062986 hartree
 Enthalpy Correction = 0.025157 hartree
 Entropy = 0.000072 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
0.00000000	0.00000000	-0.74387058	o	8.000	0

1.43549637	0.00000000	0.37192627	h	1.000	0
-1.43549637	0.00000000	0.37192627	h	1.000	0

Water Product:



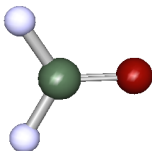
Total Energy = -116.06339310746 hartree

Enthalpy Correction = 0.070347 hartree

Entropy = 0.000091 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
-4.09639497	-4.37796856	0.24751063	o	8.000	0
-2.21233805	-2.33266240	0.18799761	c	6.000	0
-5.04426150	-4.41788581	1.82326936	h	1.000	0
-3.34518441	-6.03631244	-0.01582821	h	1.000	0
-1.36695311	-2.42223899	-1.67640022	h	1.000	0
-3.27577961	-0.60127460	0.45276894	h	1.000	0
-0.84457009	-2.64865051	1.68497964	h	1.000	0

Formaldehyde (MCA* = 216.4 kJ/mol):



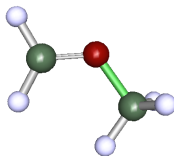
Total Energy = -114.42708201049 hartree

Enthalpy Correction = 0.030769 hartree

Entropy = 0.000083 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
0.00000000	0.00000000	-0.02024812	c	6.000	0
0.00000000	0.00000000	2.25403608	o	8.000	0
-1.77497720	0.00000000	-1.11681804	h	1.000	0
1.77497720	0.00000000	-1.11681804	h	1.000	0

Formaldehyde Product:



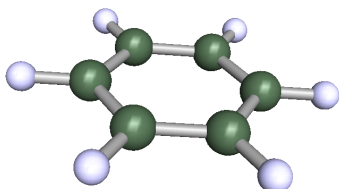
Total Energy = -154.09767278059 hartree

Enthalpy Correction = 0.074747 hartree

Entropy = 0.0001 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
-2.36623646	0.64459709	0.00000000	c	6.000	0
-0.15537381	1.37361171	0.00000000	o	8.000	0
-3.80937727	2.10742681	0.00000000	h	1.000	0
-2.82302610	-1.36477777	0.00000000	h	1.000	0
1.93604948	-0.42376996	0.00000000	c	6.000	0
3.01594479	-0.00013475	1.69378732	h	1.000	0
1.18607457	-2.33681838	0.00000000	h	1.000	0
3.01594479	-0.00013475	-1.69378732	h	1.000	0

Benzene (MCA* = 199.2 kJ/mol):



Total Energy = -232.05992848067 hartree

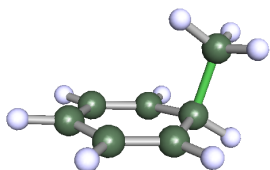
Enthalpy Correction = 0.106511 hartree

Entropy = 0.000102 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
-2.27335799	1.31252385	0.00000000	c	6.000	0
-2.27335799	-1.31252385	0.00000000	c	6.000	0
0.00000000	-2.62504769	0.00000000	c	6.000	0
2.27335799	-1.31252385	0.00000000	c	6.000	0
2.27335799	1.31252385	0.00000000	c	6.000	0
0.00000000	2.62504769	0.00000000	c	6.000	0
-4.04810320	2.33717348	0.00000000	h	1.000	0
-4.04810320	-2.33717348	0.00000000	h	1.000	0
0.00000000	-4.67434695	0.00000000	h	1.000	0
4.04810320	-2.33717348	0.00000000	h	1.000	0
4.04810320	2.33717348	0.00000000	h	1.000	0
0.00000000	4.67434695	0.00000000	h	1.000	0

Benzene Product:

The CH₃-CH-CH-CH Torsion Angles were constrained to 98° and 262°.



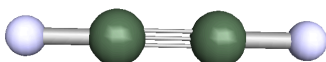
Total Energy = -271.72052183158 hartree

Enthalpy Correction = 0.148232 hartree

Entropy = 0.000123 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
2.61814161	-0.90080023	2.18541990	c	6.000	0
1.26506294	-0.07217481	-0.38050843	c	6.000	0
-0.48980627	-2.13342981	-0.88680022	c	6.000	0
-2.97785505	-1.95500336	-0.24220878	c	6.000	0
-3.89788542	0.34902675	0.67956169	c	6.000	0
-2.38244918	2.50958413	0.88247391	c	6.000	0
0.10792360	2.34791128	0.24282568	c	6.000	0
3.56815717	-2.69517317	1.85952545	h	1.000	0
1.22508470	-1.09137249	3.68573813	h	1.000	0
4.00328838	0.53826111	2.67288825	h	1.000	0
2.78121780	0.07721859	-1.77375607	h	1.000	0
0.28638946	-3.89956069	-1.57797690	h	1.000	0
-4.24107914	-3.54814593	-0.45409579	h	1.000	0
-5.86584641	0.47046433	1.23970501	h	1.000	0
-3.19857265	4.27371494	1.51566484	h	1.000	0
1.33708630	3.97918002	0.40773858	h	1.000	0

Ethyne (MCA* = 196.3 kJ/mol):



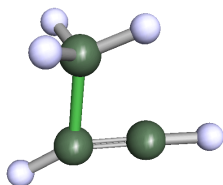
Total Energy = -77.26361121560 hartree

Enthalpy Correction = 0.031074 hartree

Entropy = 0.000076 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
0.00000000	0.00000000	-1.13329062	c	6.000	0
0.00000000	0.00000000	1.13329062	c	6.000	0
0.00000000	0.00000000	-3.15150770	h	1.000	0
0.00000000	0.00000000	3.15150770	h	1.000	0

Ethyne Product:



Total Energy = -116.92113891844 hartree

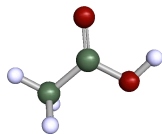
Enthalpy Correction = 0.071418 hartree

Entropy = 0.000099 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
1.95521420	-0.94398277	0.00000000	c	6.000	0
1.32556841	1.30268886	0.00000000	c	6.000	0
-1.41031761	0.02353034	0.00000000	c	6.000	0
2.55064368	-2.88628512	0.00000000	h	1.000	0

1.65644934	3.30763151	0.00000000	h	1.000	0
-2.28764350	0.63004932	-1.75642588	h	1.000	0
-1.50227101	-2.06368147	0.00000000	h	1.000	0
-2.28764350	0.63004932	1.75642588	h	1.000	0

Acetic acid (OH attack) (MCA* = 156.9 kJ/mol):



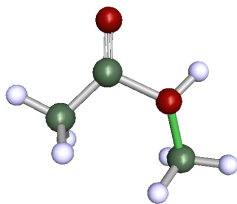
Total Energy = -228.94712944124 hartree

Enthalpy Correction = 0.067638 hartree

Entropy = 0.000107 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
2.89103092	-0.61753735	-0.08931205	o	8.000	0
1.02677870	1.08368894	-0.10339694	c	6.000	0
-1.51691893	-0.12309113	0.01111534	c	6.000	0
1.42783939	3.33047508	-0.21136438	o	8.000	0
4.48941329	0.27325782	-0.18456640	h	1.000	0
-2.97450325	1.31568976	0.16353496	h	1.000	0
-1.61257339	-1.41314061	1.61686854	h	1.000	0
-1.81335652	-1.24082010	-1.69891447	h	1.000	0

Acetic acid (OH attack) Product:



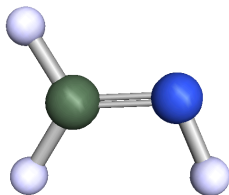
Total Energy = -268.59405416894 hartree

Enthalpy Correction = 0.109709 hartree

Entropy = 0.000121 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
3.00500639	0.52351718	-0.80352185	o	8.000	0
1.17728029	0.96345025	0.36531216	c	6.000	0
0.54172179	2.83932783	2.30319456	c	6.000	0
-0.95798186	-0.76912633	-0.14955623	o	8.000	0
-3.63707680	-0.25827130	0.37346092	c	6.000	0
-1.00519738	4.03846056	1.64666109	h	1.000	0
2.21002474	3.98055234	2.66397141	h	1.000	0
-0.06320404	1.88764083	4.03127897	h	1.000	0
-0.63504443	-1.78743391	-1.65140785	h	1.000	0
-4.22139043	1.36516005	-0.73714733	h	1.000	0
-3.79108553	0.05480349	2.39232941	h	1.000	0
-4.62235973	-1.96805304	-0.18163581	h	1.000	0

Methanimine (pi bond) (MCA* = 144.2 kJ/mol):



Total Energy = -94.56000459072 hartree

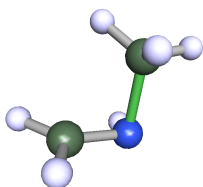
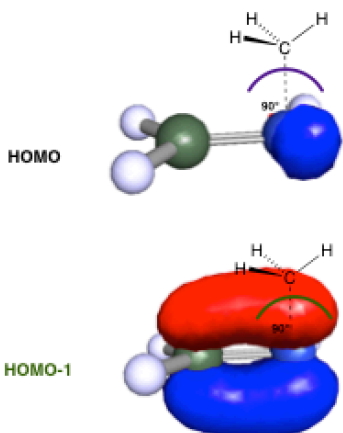
Enthalpy Correction = 0.044182 hartree

Entropy = 0.000087 hartree/K

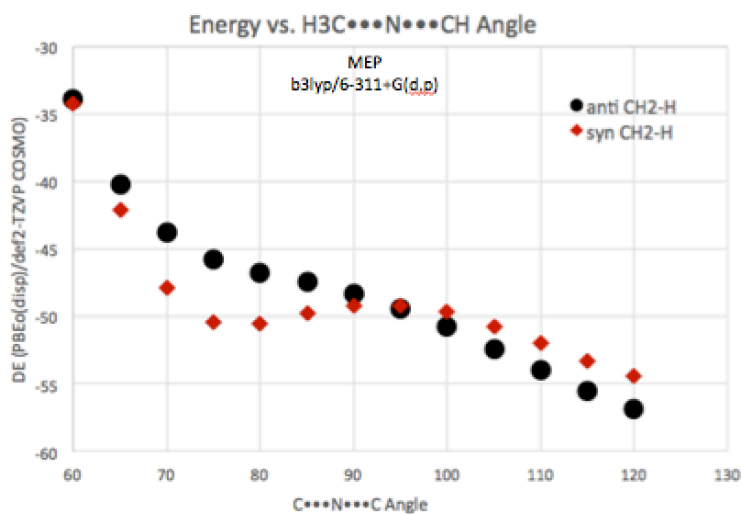
atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
-0.74160284	-0.03176542	0.00000000	c	6.000	0
1.32620659	1.16407073	0.00000000	n	7.000	0
-0.88666961	-2.09347907	0.00000000	h	1.000	0
-2.51507564	1.02102309	0.00000000	h	1.000	0
2.81714149	-0.05984933	0.00000000	h	1.000	0

Methanimine (pi bond) Product:

The H-CH₂-N-C torsion angle was constrained to 180° (anti, black curve) to prevent backbonding (red curve) of the H₂C-H bond into π*_{NC}. For the anti mode of addition there are increasing contributions from the lone pair (HOMO) when the H₃C-N-C attack angle is greater than 90°. The H₃C-N-C angle was constrained to 90° for nucleophilic addition of π_{NC} (HOMO-1)



Total Energy = -134.20045968995 hartree

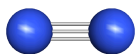


Enthalpy Correction = 0.083429 hartree

Entropy = 0.000097 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
1.84653645	0.45873660	0.08465368	c	6.000	0
0.09432546	-1.28850980	-0.19669776	n	7.000	0
-2.02777596	0.81271730	-0.02961725	c	6.000	0
2.56579415	1.03845658	1.92930934	h	1.000	0
2.59990496	1.35412185	-1.60720019	h	1.000	0
-0.14303642	-2.29735506	1.43010192	h	1.000	0
-1.88039481	2.10623074	-1.62216259	h	1.000	0
-3.72779267	-0.32982168	-0.23673703	h	1.000	0
-1.99765358	1.78067577	1.78214388	h	1.000	0

Nitrogen Gas (MCA* = 141.5 kJ/mol):



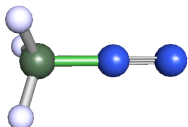
Total Energy = -109.44739913466 hartree

Enthalpy Correction = 0.003305 hartree

Entropy = 0.000077 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
1.02891756	0.00000000	0.00000000	n	7.000	0
-1.02891756	0.00000000	0.00000000	n	7.000	0

Nitrogen Gas Product:



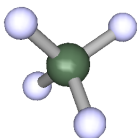
Total Energy = -149.08385934175 hartree

Enthalpy Correction = 0.042259 hartree

Entropy = 0.000096 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
3.78484175	-0.02606047	-0.08399346	n	7.000	0
1.73254522	-0.01199227	-0.03880229	n	7.000	0
-0.94297624	0.00653126	0.02104965	c	6.000	0
-1.56641641	-1.34595109	-1.40296108	h	1.000	0
-1.48625854	-0.55619130	1.92724279	h	1.000	0
-1.52173577	1.93366388	-0.42253561	h	1.000	0

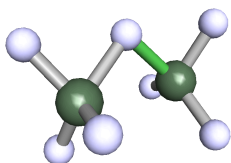
Methane (C-H) (MCA* = 109.9 kJ/mol):



Total Energy = -40.47590085673 hartree
 Enthalpy Correction = 0.048492 hartree
 Entropy = 0.000071 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	c	6.000	0
1.18953632	-1.18953632	1.18953632	h	1.000	0
-1.18953632	1.18953632	1.18953632	h	1.000	0
-1.18953632	-1.18953632	-1.18953632	h	1.000	0
1.18953632	1.18953632	-1.18953632	h	1.000	0

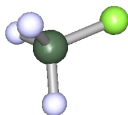
Methane (C-H) Product:



Total Energy = -80.09938754097 hartree
 Enthalpy Correction = 0.088906 hartree
 Entropy = 0.000098 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
-2.56728011	-3.06940324	0.04350838	c	6.000	0
-0.75234859	-1.62357899	0.31669696	h	1.000	0
-1.86569251	-4.93313483	-0.41390090	h	1.000	0
-4.36734532	-2.56578191	-0.78146590	h	1.000	0
-2.66220673	-2.76072082	2.09280287	h	1.000	0
-0.76404380	-0.94560057	-1.91741470	c	6.000	0
-0.69970423	-2.20863113	-3.52211273	h	1.000	0
1.17738985	-0.43526848	-1.39128931	h	1.000	0
-1.95172797	0.70383747	-2.12317144	h	1.000	0

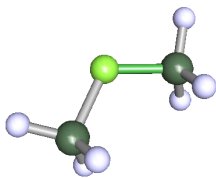
Fluoromethane (MCA* = 92.5 kJ/mol):



Total Energy = -139.65950807059 hartree
 Enthalpy Correction = 0.043239 hartree
 Entropy = 0.000085 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
0.00000000	0.00000000	-0.13246875	c	6.000	0
0.00000000	0.00000000	2.49808070	f	9.000	0
0.97686084	-1.69197261	-0.78830062	h	1.000	0
0.97686084	1.69197261	-0.78830062	h	1.000	0
-1.95372169	0.00000000	-0.78830062	h	1.000	0

Fluoromethane Product:



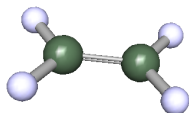
Total Energy = -179.28098740789 hartree

Enthalpy Correction = 0.085603 hartree

Entropy = 0.000103 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
0.00000000	-2.42320560	-0.00703970	c	6.000	0
0.00000000	0.00000000	1.47096891	f	9.000	0
1.72765499	-2.35996552	-1.10682394	h	1.000	0
0.00000000	-3.82133513	1.48791014	h	1.000	0
-1.72765499	-2.35996552	-1.10682394	h	1.000	0
0.00000000	2.42320560	-0.00703970	c	6.000	0
0.00000000	3.82133513	1.48791014	h	1.000	0
-1.72765499	2.35996552	-1.10682394	h	1.000	0
1.72765499	2.35996552	-1.10682394	h	1.000	0

Ethene (C-H) (MCA* = 78.2 kJ/mol):



Total Energy = -78.51691383717 hartree

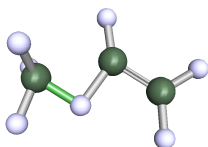
Enthalpy Correction = 0.055139 hartree

Entropy = 0.000083 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
-1.25196806	0.00000000	0.00000000	c	6.000	0
1.25196806	0.00000000	0.00000000	c	6.000	0
-2.32724003	-1.74679821	0.00000000	h	1.000	0
-2.32724003	1.74679821	0.00000000	h	1.000	0
2.32724003	-1.74679821	0.00000000	h	1.000	0
2.32724003	1.74679821	0.00000000	h	1.000	0

Ethene (C-H) Product:

The CH₃-H-C-C Torsion Angle was constrained to 180°.



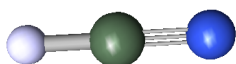
Total Energy = -118.12830310565 hartree

Enthalpy Correction = 0.093455 hartree

Entropy = 0.000103 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
-0.59355498	-0.49576853	0.07345544	c	6.000	0
-2.19975291	-2.38112427	0.26890314	c	6.000	0
-2.31363628	1.09544754	-0.49709438	h	1.000	0
1.42310823	-0.49564374	0.33898344	h	1.000	0
-4.21781873	-2.21857537	-0.03198345	h	1.000	0
-1.43475859	-4.21677335	0.76587355	h	1.000	0
-0.87655235	2.80469642	-0.67759561	c	6.000	0
-0.11210582	3.55951639	1.06259588	h	1.000	0
0.33643875	2.82652945	-2.32394895	h	1.000	0
-2.69024893	3.73484460	-1.11936985	h	1.000	0

Hydrogen Cyanide (pi) (MCA* = 74.5 kJ/mol):



Total Energy = -93.35645307915 hartree

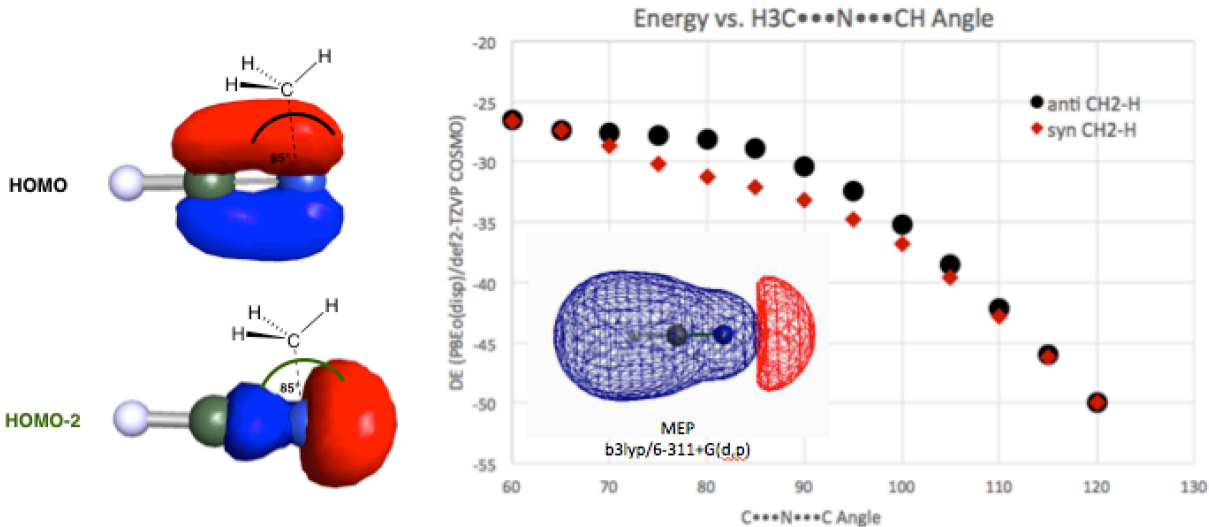
Enthalpy Correction = 0.020142 hartree

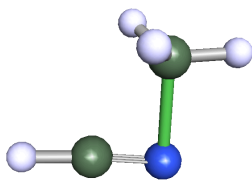
Entropy = 0.000077 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
0.00000000	0.00000000	2.11950366	n	7.000	0
0.00000000	0.00000000	-0.04533030	c	6.000	0
0.00000000	0.00000000	-2.07417336	h	1.000	0

Hydrogen Cyanide (pi) Product:

The H-CH₂-N-C torsion angle was constrained to 180° (anti, black curve) to prevent backbonding (red curve) of the H₂C-H bond into π*_{NC}. For the anti mode of addition, there are increasing contributions from both the lone pair (HOMO-2) and Coulombic effects beyond a H₃C-N-C angle of 85°. The C-N-C bond angle was constrained to 85°.





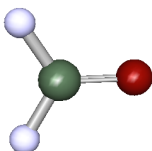
Total Energy = -132.96604309925 hartree

Enthalpy Correction = 0.057742 hartree

Entropy = 0.000096 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
-0.54215590	-0.00025859	-1.80130616	c	6.000	0
1.32223077	-0.00006707	-0.62960189	n	7.000	0
-0.64068252	-0.00002063	1.96132150	c	6.000	0
-2.20444126	0.00041573	-3.00013275	h	1.000	0
0.90068532	0.00016226	3.31615298	h	1.000	0
-1.71588203	-1.74307211	1.99524650	h	1.000	0
-1.71615021	1.74283770	1.99496660	h	1.000	0

Formaldehyde (pi) (MCA* = 68.7 kJ/mol):



Total Energy = -114.42708201049 hartree

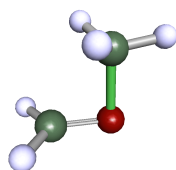
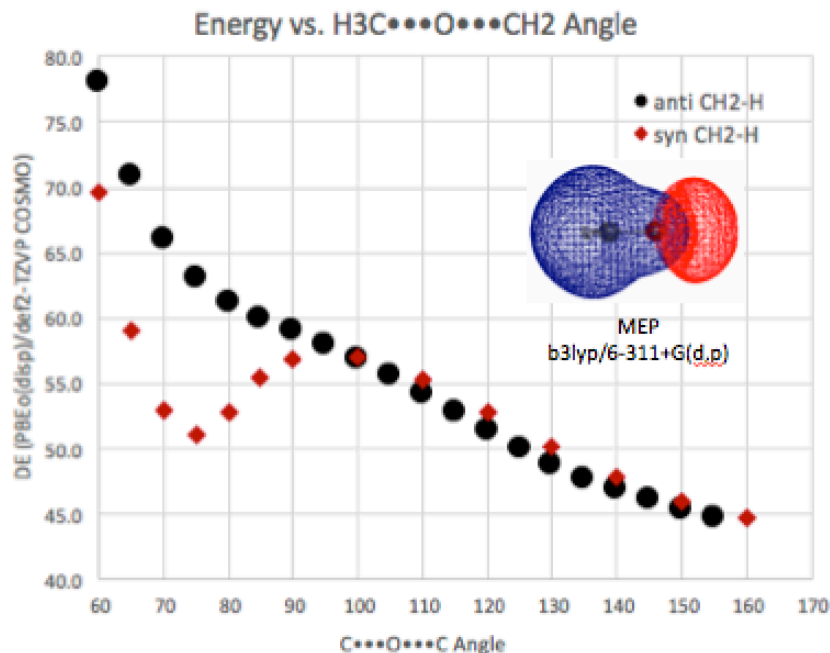
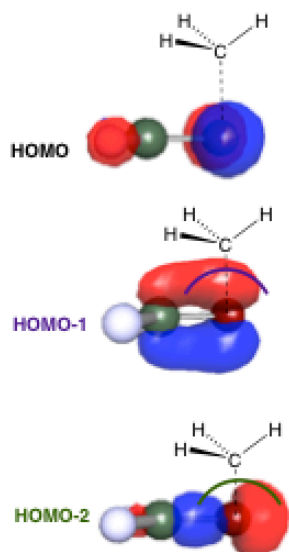
Enthalpy Correction = 0.030769 hartree

Entropy = 0.000083 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
0.00000000	0.00000000	-0.02024812	c	6.000	0
0.00000000	0.00000000	2.25403608	o	8.000	0
-1.77497720	0.00000000	-1.11681804	h	1.000	0
1.77497720	0.00000000	-1.11681804	h	1.000	0

Formaldehyde (pi) Product:

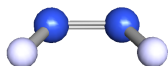
The H-CH₂-O-C torsion angle was constrained to 180° (anti, black curve) to prevent backbonding (red curve) of the H₂C-H bond into π^*_{OC} . For the anti mode of addition, there are increasing contributions from both the lone pair (HOMO-2) and Coulombic effects beyond a H₃C-O-C angle of 90°. The C-O-C bond angle was constrained to 90°. We predict no net contribution from the HOMO, which is orthogonal to H₃C+.



Total Energy = -154.03681576924 hartree
 Enthalpy Correction = 0.068657 hartree
 Entropy = 0.000095 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
1.49226406	0.21818450	-0.47851382	c	6.000	0
0.66663995	0.03233532	1.76423685	o	8.000	0
-2.07290791	-0.26566314	0.73103334	c	6.000	0
1.62762606	2.07920746	-1.37418557	h	1.000	0
2.06565078	-1.48330351	-1.50810619	h	1.000	0
-3.06666453	-0.45517754	2.52141765	h	1.000	0
-2.19821792	-1.98823560	-0.38674755	h	1.000	0
-2.62170628	1.45392034	-0.25648762	h	1.000	0

Diazene (pi) (MCA* = 74.1 kJ/mol):

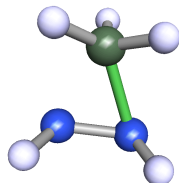


Total Energy = -110.56395684706 hartree
 Enthalpy Correction = 0.032422 hartree
 Entropy = 0.000083 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
-1.16242628	0.00000000	-0.90238875	n	7.000	0

1.16242628	0.00000000	-0.90238875	n	7.000	0
-1.90871059	0.00000000	0.90219218	h	1.000	0
1.90871059	0.00000000	0.90219218	h	1.000	0

Diazene (pi) Product:



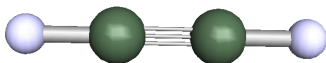
Total Energy = -150.17555330380 hartree

Enthalpy Correction = 0.071913 hartree

Entropy = 0.000101 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
-1.49664070	-0.98553226	0.77545628	c	6.000	0
0.52252101	0.92330076	-0.57264649	n	7.000	0
1.46104855	-1.29955776	-0.06340602	n	7.000	0
-2.23758326	0.68025374	1.81406239	h	1.000	0
-2.70181637	-1.81793552	-0.63825263	h	1.000	0
-1.04267030	-2.15091555	2.46069311	h	1.000	0
1.11470028	2.29915011	0.67422727	h	1.000	0
2.63013154	-1.28917730	1.49638426	h	1.000	0

Ethyne (C-H sigma) (MCA* = 38.6 kJ/mol):



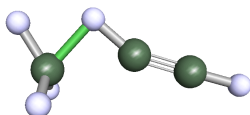
Total Energy = -77.26361121560 hartree

Enthalpy Correction = 0.031074 hartree

Entropy = 0.000076 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
0.00000000	0.00000000	-1.13329062	c	6.000	0
0.00000000	0.00000000	1.13329062	c	6.000	0
0.00000000	0.00000000	-3.15150770	h	1.000	0
0.00000000	0.00000000	3.15150770	h	1.000	0

Ethyne (C-H sigma) product

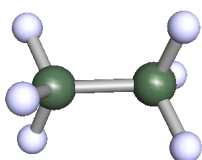


The CH₃-H-C Bond Angle was constrained to 92°.

Total Energy = -116.85705563013 hartree
 Enthalpy Correction = 0.067692 hartree
 Entropy = 0.0001 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
-3.62420001	4.60634370	-0.67979379	c	6.000	0
-4.38685292	2.47159202	-0.79515822	c	6.000	0
-2.90562083	6.49740491	-0.56765442	h	1.000	0
-4.24622842	0.40397503	-0.70584796	h	1.000	0
-6.75766499	0.11784571	-1.27519619	c	6.000	0
-8.04927155	0.66328720	0.22017186	h	1.000	0
-6.00398356	-1.79471180	-1.04564072	h	1.000	0
-7.25797702	0.56331761	-3.21251312	h	1.000	0

Ethane (C-C sigma) (MCA* = 20.1 kJ/mol):

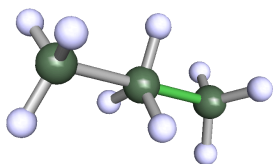


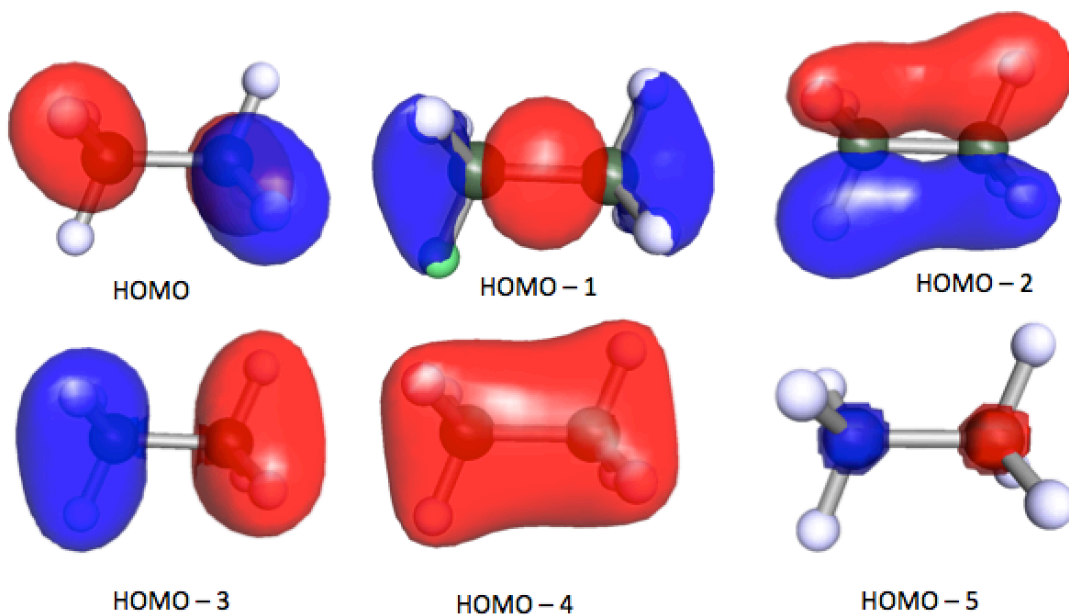
Total Energy = -79.75380002333 hartree
 Enthalpy Correction = 0.078264 hartree
 Entropy = 0.00009 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
-1.43527362	0.02028181	-0.03067898	c	6.000	0
1.43526354	-0.02029273	0.03066817	c	6.000	0
-2.23002227	-0.18340800	1.86492451	h	1.000	0
-2.14473570	1.79375978	-0.81633950	h	1.000	0
-2.18338182	-1.51785119	-1.18854365	h	1.000	0
2.18331691	1.51748698	1.18903065	h	1.000	0
2.23007046	0.18401880	-1.86484407	h	1.000	0
2.14476250	-1.79399544	0.81578286	h	1.000	0

Ethane (C-C sigma) Product:

H_3C^+ will have optimal overlap with the CC sigma bond of ethane by adding at a 180° orientation. There are other higher energy orbitals that will also have some interaction. This means the energy will be a higher bound of a CC sigma bond. The C-C-C bond angle was constrained to 180° .





Total Energy = -119.34766955001 hartree
 Enthalpy Correction = 0.116699 hartree
 Entropy = 0.000095 hartree/K

atomic coordinates			atom	charge	isotop
2.63686438	-0.26497276	0.88199025	c	6.000	0
0.04522625	0.26241684	-0.90814658	c	6.000	0
-2.54641189	0.78980660	-2.69828331	c	6.000	0
3.67608943	1.49962525	0.88975506	h	1.000	0
1.93609766	-0.78655945	2.73420038	h	1.000	0
3.65115107	-1.78395227	-0.04406817	h	1.000	0
-0.54379611	1.75756848	0.38464295	h	1.000	0
1.25109123	0.70888912	-2.52073863	h	1.000	0
-0.57046729	-1.67970817	-0.58797737	h	1.000	0
-4.14899370	0.45799447	-1.46727881	h	1.000	0
-2.43624896	-0.54990603	-4.24360935	h	1.000	0
-2.40647964	2.73627362	-3.31956439	h	1.000	0