# **UC** Irvine

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# Title

Self-Compassion Predicts Intolerance of Uncertainty: A New Construct to Prepare Students for Clinical Uncertainty

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emergency physicians by 2030.

**Objectives:** To survey graduating EM residents on their perceptions of the EM job market and its effect on their desire to pursue fellowship training. Methods: We surveyed senior residents (PGY2 and above) at three- and four-year EM residency programs in the greater NYC area. Paper surveys were mailed out to each of the programs with a return envelope; a virtual link to complete the survey was also made available. Surveys were distributed from August 2021 to November 2021 to 22 EM residency programs (695 residents). Participation was voluntary and anonymous. The only demographic information gathered was program name and PGY level.

**Results:** A total of 412 senior residents from the 22 EM residency programs completed the survey. Of the 412 seniors, 183 were PGY2s, 174 were PGY3s, and 55 were PGY4s and 5s (we included responses from residents in combined EM/IM programs). Survey questions and results are summarized in Table 1. Compared to colleagues in previous years, graduating EM residents anticipated broadening their job search. 58% of those considering fellowship after residency stated that their interest in fellowship has increased due to anticipated challenges in the job market (difficulty securing a full-time attending position).

**Conclusions:** The majority of senior residents expressed concern about the current and future EM job market. How and where EM graduates apply for jobs may be impacted as a result. These data may prove valuable to residency programs, institutions, physician groups, and EM-bound medical students.

Question		Response	
		Yes	No
Are you planning on starting to look for a job		231(56%)	181(44%)
earlier than your colleagues have in previous years?			
Do you anticipate having a more difficult time than your		325(79%)	87(21%)
colleagues from previous years finding a job when you graduate	?		
Do you anticipate needing to apply for a job in a different region	1	262(64%)	150(36%)
than you were interested in initially?			
Do you anticipate needing to apply for a job at more institutions		357(87%)	55(13%)
than your colleagues from previous years?			
In your opinion, will the job openings for ED academic jobs be impacted?		365(89%)	47(11%)
In your opinion, will the job openings for ED non-academic/community		357(87%)	55(13%)
jobs be impacted?			
Do you anticipate making less money on your initial EM contract		304(74%)	108(26%)
than what you perceived would have been your salary?			
Are you considering a fellowship after residency?		245(59%)	167(41%)
If yes to above question, has your interest in a fellowship	Increased	Decreased	No Impact
changed due to the anticipated post-graduation job market?	141(58%)	6(2%)	98(40%)

Data are reported as number of responses (%).

#### 5 Self-Compassion Predicts Intolerance of Uncertainty: A New Construct to Prepare Students for Clinical Uncertainty

Maria Poluch, Dimitrios Papanagnou, Jordan Feingold-Link, Jared Kilpatrick, Deborah Ziring, Nethra Ankam

Learning Objectives: Managing uncertainty represents

a significant source of stress for clinicians and trainees. Selfcompassion is a strategy to help individuals cope with stress. The objective of this study is to determine the relationship between intolerance of uncertainty and self-compassion in medical students.

**Background:** For clinicians, higher scores on the Intolerance of Uncertainty Scale (IUS) have been linked with failure to comply with evidence-based guidelines and higher likelihood of burnout. In contrast, higher self-compassion scores are correlated with decreased stress and burnout. A negative correlation between self-compassion and intolerance of uncertainty has been demonstrated in college students and general population. This relationship has not been examined in medical students and provides a possible curricular aim for addressing stress as they transition to clinical learning environments during clerkships.

**Objectives:** The goal of our study is to determine if there is a correlation between intolerance of uncertainty and self-compassion in medical students.

**Methods:** Third-year medical students (n=273) completed the IUS short version and the Self-Compassion Short Form (SCSF) through an online survey. Data was deidentified and a linear regression analysis was conducted to predict IUS based on SCSF. Pearson correlation was also calculated.

**Results:** Response rate was 95% (259/273). IUS and SCSF scores were treated as continuous variables and analyzed parametrically. Mean scores for IUS and SCSF in medical students did not differ from previously reported means (p=0.14 and p=0.43 respectively). A significant regression equation was found (F(1,256) = 48.372, p<0.0001) with an R2 of 0.159. Pearson correlation was calculated at r = 0.399 (moderate effect size).

**Conclusion:** A significant negative correlation was found between intolerance of uncertainty and self-compassion (p<0.0001). While findings suggest that self-compassion predicts intolerance of uncertainty, future studies should examine its implications on the role of curriculum in preparing learners for clinical uncertainty.



#### The Impact of On Shift Evidence Based Medicine Activity on Patient Care

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**Learning Objectives:** This project seeks to describe how on shift EBM activity by EM residents impacts clinical patient care.

**Background:** Evidence Based Medicine (EBM) skills allow EM providers to obtain and apply new information